CYBER CLOAK

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Abstract:

Cyber Cloak (CC), is a comprehensive security solution designed to deliver stealth, insight, and protection in the digital world. Recognizing the critical need for anonymity, visibility, and robust security, it combines three powerful features: IP ghosting, port scanning, and vulnerability These capabilities empower scanning. users unprecedented control over their online presence, network awareness, and threat mitigation efforts. The IP Ghosting Tool ensures anonymous browsing by concealing IP addresses and locations, safeguarding users from tracking and surveillance. The Port Scanner helps identify open ports and detect potential security risks, optimizing network configurations for enhanced performance and security.

Keywords:

Networking, IP protection and VPN

1. INTRODUCTION

In today's digital age, the need for comprehensive cybersecurity measures has never been more pressing. As online threats become increasingly sophisticated, individuals and organizations face growing risks related to data privacy, unauthorized access, and system vulnerabilities. The Cyber Cloak (CC) emerges as a state-of-the-art solution to address these concerns, offering an advanced security platform designed to deliver stealth, insight, and robust protection in the digital realm. By combining innovative techniques and essential features, CC provides users with a powerful toolkit to secure their online presence effectively.

One of the core components of CC is its IP Ghosting Tool, which ensures anonymous browsing by masking users' IP addresses and physical locations. This feature is crucial in maintaining user privacy, protecting against tracking and surveillance efforts by malicious actors or intrusive organizations. As the demand for digital anonymity continues to rise, IP ghosting serves as a vital measure for safeguarding personal information, enabling users to navigate the internet without fear of being monitored or having their data collected without consent.

In addition to enhancing anonymity, CC equips users with valuable network awareness through its Port Scanner feature. This tool identifies open and accessible ports within a network, offering insights into potential security risks

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associated with unmonitored or poorly configured ports. By actively scanning for open ports, users can detect weaknesses that may be exploited by attackers and take proactive measures to strengthen their network's defenses. The Port Scanner not only helps in optimizing security but also improves network performance by identifying and addressing configuration issues.

Lastly, the system incorporates a Vulnerability Scanner, which thoroughly analyzes networks and systems for known vulnerabilities and potential security gaps. This feature empowers users to stay ahead of threats by continually assessing their security posture and implementing timely updates or patches. Through the combination of IP Ghosting, Port Scanning, and Vulnerability Scanning, the Cyber Cloak offers a holistic approach to digital security, delivering an unparalleled level of control over online privacy, network awareness, and risk management.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

Augmented reality (AR) is a technology that overlays digital information onto the real world, providing users with a more immersive and interactive experience. AR has been widely used in various fields, including education, entertainment, marketing, and healthcare. In recent years, there has been growing interest in the use of AR for navigation and wayfinding in indoor environments.

Another study by Azuma et al. (2001) proposed an AR-based navigation system that used a head-mounted display to overlay digital information onto the real environment. The system was

evaluated in a museum setting and showed that AR-based navigation can enhance the user experience and provide more accurate and efficient navigation.

3. PROPOSED METHOD

To implement the Cyber Cloak (CC) effectively, the development process can be structured into several key phases, focusing on the workflow to build, integrate, and refine the three core features: IP ghosting, port scanning, and vulnerability scanning. The proposed development process will follow a systematic approach with distinct stages for planning, design, development, testing, and

deployment, ensuring a comprehensive and secure solution.

3.1 Planning and Requirements Analysis

- Gather detailed requirements for IP ghosting, port scanning, and vulnerability scanning based on industry standards and user needs.
- Conduct a feasibility analysis to determine the resources, technologies, and tools needed for implementation.
- Identify key security and performance metrics for each feature, ensuring that the system provides anonymity, efficient network scanning, and accurate vulnerability detection.

3.2 System Design

- Design a modular architecture that allows for individual development and integration of IP ghosting, port scanning, and vulnerability scanning.
- Develop detailed designs for each module, including data flow diagrams, API specifications, and interface designs for user interaction.
- Choose appropriate programming languages and framework (Python for network tools) and integrate libraries for network programming and encryption.
- Design the system to ensure security compliance, including secure data handling and encryption standards.

3.3. Development and Integration

- IP Ghosting Development: Implement the IP Ghosting module to anonymize user connections by using techniques like VPN integration, proxy servers, or dynamic IP address allocation. Incorporate encryption mechanisms to secure transmitted data.
- Port Scanner Development: Develop a port scanning tool that can efficiently scan local and remote network ports, identify open ports, and flag potential risks based on port states. Optimize scanning algorithms for speed and accuracy.
- Vulnerability Scanner Development: Create the vulnerability scanning module to detect common network and system vulnerabilities by referencing a database of known vulnerabilities (e.g., CVE database).

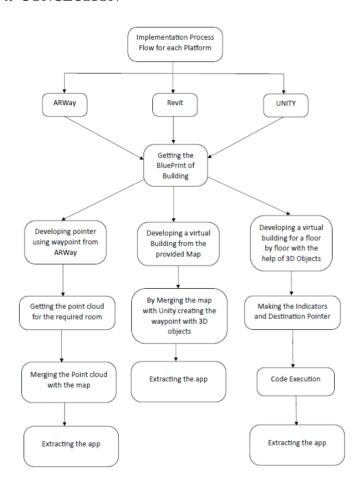
3.4 Testing and Quality Assurance

- Conduct unit testing for each module to verify that individual features work as expected.
- Perform integration testing to ensure that all modules interact correctly without causing conflicts.
- Execute security testing, including penetration testing and code reviews, to identify any vulnerabilities within the CC.
- Test the system's performance under different network conditions to ensure robust functionality.
- Incorporate user feedback by conducting beta testing and refining the system based on real-world usage.

3.5 Deployment and Maintenance

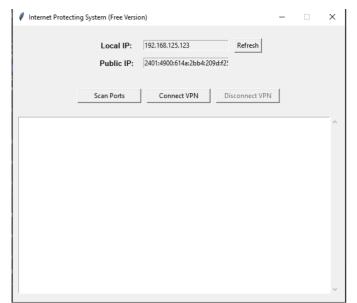
- Deploy the system in a controlled environment for initial rollout, followed by a full-scale deployment.
- Provide user documentation and technical support for installation and troubleshooting.
- Establish a process for regular updates to the vulnerability database and software patches.
- Monitor system performance and security postdeployment, addressing any issues promptly.
- Plan for future enhancements based on evolving security needs and technological advancements.

4. CONCLUSION

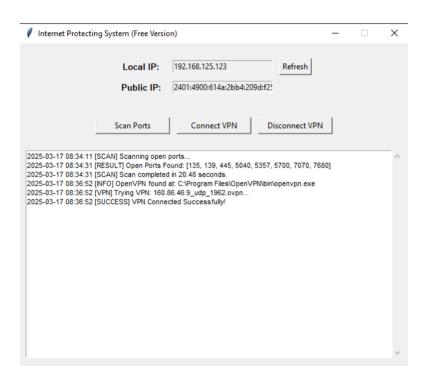


The Cyber Cloak (CC) offers a powerful and comprehensive approach to digital security by combining IP ghosting, port scanning, and vulnerability scanning into a unified solution. These features work together to address key aspects of online safety, providing users with anonymity, network visibility, and proactive threat mitigation. By concealing IP addresses and locations, the IP Ghosting Tool ensures private and anonymous browsing, protecting users from tracking and surveillance. Meanwhile, the Port Scanner and Vulnerability Scanner help users identify open ports and detect potential security weaknesses, allowing for optimized network configurations and timely responses to emerging threats.

Application output:

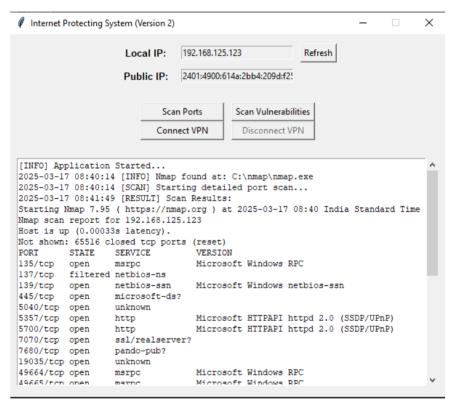






```
2025-03-17 08:37:05 C:\WINDOWS\system32\route.exe ADD 160.86.46.9 MASK 255.255.255.255 192.168.125.51
2025-03-17 08:37:05 ERROR: route addition failed using CreateIpForwardEntry: Access is denied. [status=5 if_index=14]
2025-03-17 08:37:05 Route addition fallback to route.exe
2025-03-17 08:37:05 env_block: add PATH=C:\WINDOWS\System32;C:\WINDOWS\C:\WINDOWS\System32\Wbem
2025-03-17 08:37:05 ERROR: Windows route add command failed [adaptive]: returned error code 1
2025-03-17 08:37:05 C:\WINDOWS\system32\route.exe ADD 0.0.0.0 MASK 128.0.0.0 10.211.1.222
2025-03-17 08:37:05 ERROR: route addition failed using CreateIpForwardEntry: Access is denied.
                                                                                                       [status=5 if_index=10]
2025-03-17 08:37:05 Route addition fallback to route.exe
2025-03-17 08:37:05 env_block: add PATH=C:\WINDOWS\System32;C:\WINDOWS;C:\WINDOWS\System32\Wbem
2025-03-17 08:37:05 ERROR: Windows route add command failed [adaptive]: returned error code 1
2025-03-17 08:37:05 C:\WINDOW5\system32\route.exe ADD 128.0.0.0 MASK 128.0.0.0 10.211.1.222
2025-03-17 08:37:05 ERROR: route addition failed using CreateIpForwardEntry: Access is denied.
                                                                                                       [status=5 if_index=10]
2025-03-17 08:37:05 Route addition fallback to route.exe
2025-03-17 08:37:05 env_block: add PATH=C:\WINDOWS\System32;C:\WINDOWS\System32\Wbem 2025-03-17 08:37:05 ERROR: Windows route add command failed [adaptive]: returned error code 1
2025-03-17 08:37:05 Initialization Sequence Completed
```

```
vpn_log.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View
 135/tcp
137/tcp
139/tcp
                                      netbios-ssn Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn microsoft-ds?
                     open
 445/tcp
                     open
 445/tcp open
5040/tcp open
5357/tcp open
5700/tcp open
6646/tcp open
49664/tcp open
                                       http
                                                                    Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
                                        tcpwrapped
                                                                    Microsoft Windows RPC
                                       msrpc
                                                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
                                       msrpc
msrpc
msrpc
msrpc
 49665/tcp open
49665/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
496667/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49667/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49670/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49670/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
 Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ . Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 118.45 seconds
 2025-03-08 12:16:53 [INFO] Nmap found at: C:\nmap\nmap.exe
2025-03-08 12:16:53 [SCAN] Starting vulnerability check...
2025-03-08 12:19:42 [RESULT] Vulnerability Scan Results:
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-03-08 12:16 India Standard Time
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Ln 1, Col 1 100% Windows (CRLF) UTF-8
```



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