

# LINUX ASSIGNMENT - 7

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## 1. What is bash shell script ?

**Ans:** a bash shell script is a text file that contains a series of commands written for the bash interpreter

It is used to automate tasks like file handling ,running programs, systems administration

Example : echo "this is my first Bash script"

## 2. Write a simple shell script to print "hello world"

**Ans:** echo "hello world"

## 3. What is the purpose of comments (#)in a shell script ?

**Ans:** comments are used to add notes or explanation in shell script

They are ignored by the shell during execution

## 4. How do you declare variables (int,float,double,string,boolean and char) in a shell script ?

**Ans:** in bash, all variables are stored as strings by default (there's no strict type like int,float,etc..)

Examples :

- intvar=10 #integer
- floatvar=3.14 #float
- doublevar=12.3456 #double
- stringvar="hello" #string
- boolvar=true #boolean
- charvar='A' #char

Echo \$intvar \$floatvar \$doublevar \$stringvar \$boolvar \$charvar

## 5. Write a shell script to display the current date and time of the system

**Ans:** echo "current date and time: \$(date)"

## 6. Explain the difference between a constant and a variable in bash script

**Ans:**

FEATURE	VARIABLE	CONSTANT
• Definition	value can change during execution	value remains fixed
• Declaration	name=value	readonly name=value
• Example	count=0 then count=20	readonly pi=3.14

Example :

count=10

readonly pi=3.14

count=20 # valid

pi=4.0 # error – cannot modify readonly variable

**7. Write a shell script to read two integer numbers from the user and compute the sum**

**Ans:** echo "Enter first number:"  
read a  
echo "Enter second number:"  
read b  
sum=\$((a + b))  
echo "Sum = \$sum"

**8. What is the use of source command in shell scripting ?**

**Ans:** the source command runs a script in the current shell environment instead of starting a new one

It's used to reload variables, functions, or configurations without closing the shell

Example : source [myscript.sh](#)

This loads all the variables and functions from [myscript.sh](#) into the current shell

**9. How can you debug a shell script ? give two methods**

- **Ans:** method 1:  
add -x option while running  
Bash -x [script.sh](#)  
( this shows each command before execution )
- Method 2:  
Add set -x and set +x inside script  
Set -x  
echo "Debugging mode on"  
Set +x  
echo "Debugging mode off"

**10. Write a bash script to create and delete a file**

**Ans:**  
echo "Enter file name:"  
read filename  
  
# Create file  
touch \$filename  
echo "File '\$filename' created successfully."  
  
# Delete file  
rm \$filename  
echo "File '\$filename' deleted successfully."