

① Print the element in i^{th} row, j^{th} col!

print(A[i][j])

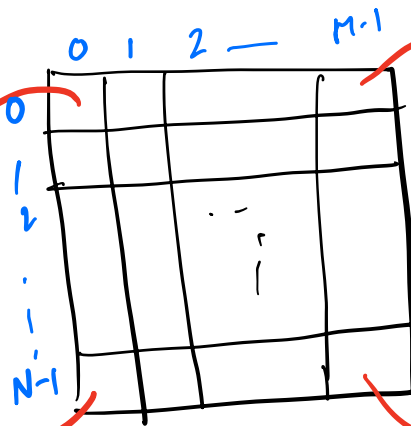
② Assigning x to i^{th} row, j^{th} col!

A[i][j] = x

O(1)

int A[N][M];

TL(0,0)



TR(0, M-1)

BL(N-1, 0)

BR(N-1, M-1)

Q Given a 2D array!
Find the sum of elements of the 2nd row!

2nd row
 $(2,0), (2,1), (2,2) \dots (2, M-1)$
 $| \quad + \quad | \quad + \quad | \quad + \quad \dots + \quad |$

	j →			
	0	1	2	... M-1
0				
1				
2	3	5	2	7

17

sum = 0
 for (j = 0; j < M; j++)
 sum += A[2][j];

CONVENTION
 i: row idx
 j: col idx

return sum;

TL: $O(M)$

SC: $O(1)$

Q Given a 2D array.
Find the sum of every row!

```

f(i=0; i < N; i++) {
    sum=0;
    f(j=0; j < M; j++) {
        sum += A[i][j];
    }
}

```

```

    print(sum);
}

```

0	2	5	7	→ 14
1	3	8	2	→ 13
2	7	6	9	→ 19
3	2	2	2	→ 6

$TC = O(NM)$

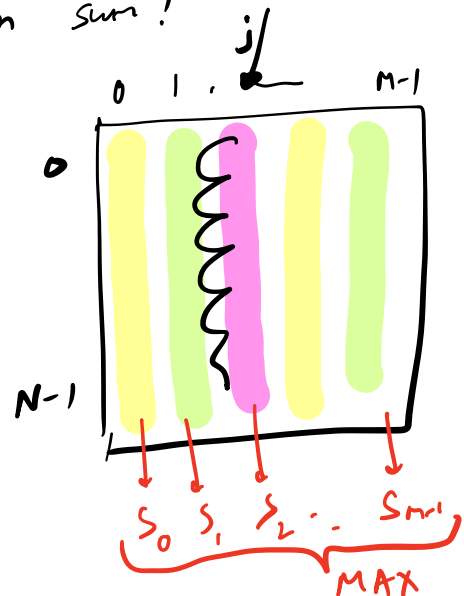
$SC = O(1)$

Q Given a matrix $A[N][M]$.
Find the MAX column sum!

```

ANS = -∞
f(j=0; j < M; j++) {
    sum=0;
    f(i=0; i < N; i++) {
        sum += A[i][j];
    }
    ANS = MAX(ANS, sum);
}
return ANS;

```



$TC = O(NM)$

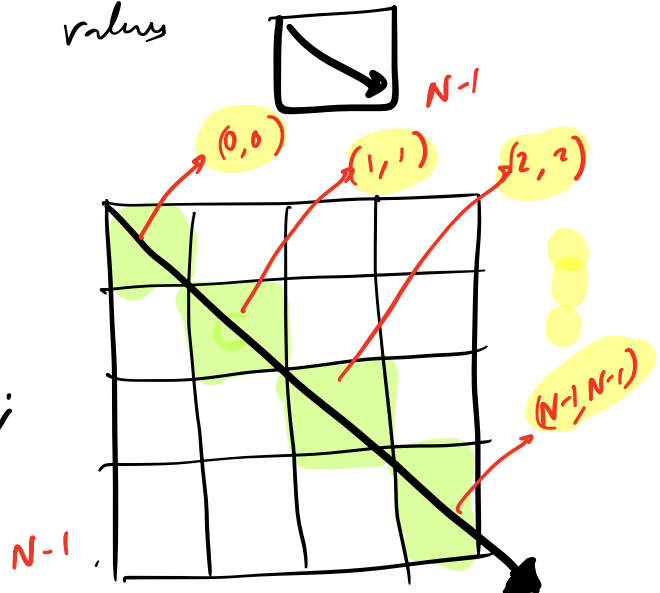
$SC = O(1)$

Q Given a 2D array of size $N \times N$
 print the diagonal values
 $(i == j)$

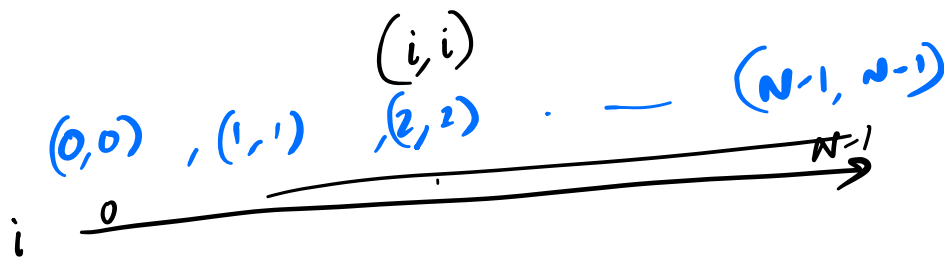
```

for (i = 0 → N-1) {
    for (j = 0 → N-1) {
        if (i == j) {
            print(A[i][j]);
        }
    }
}

```



$TC = O(N^2)$



```

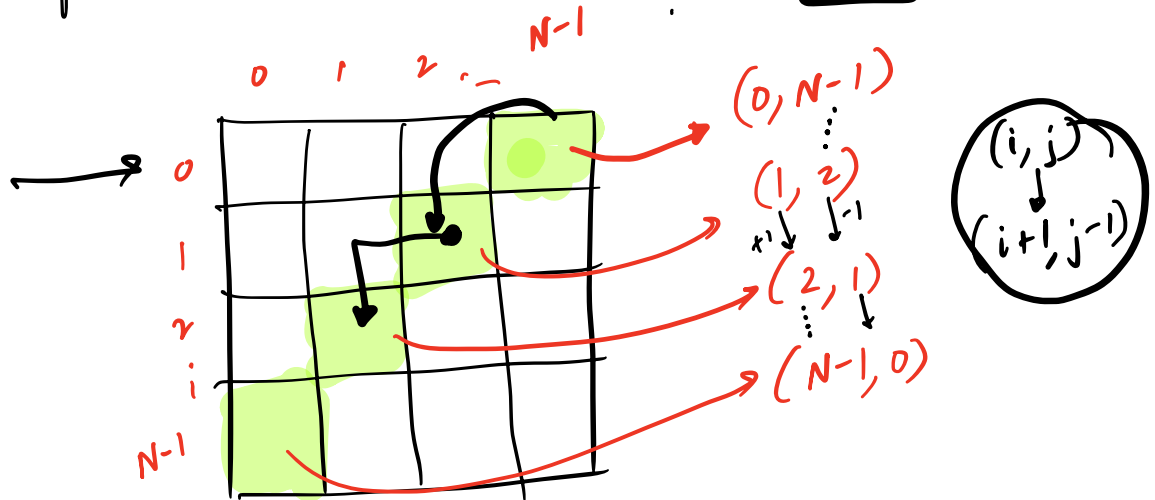
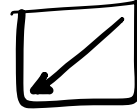
for (i = 0 → N-1) {
    print(A[i][i]);
}

```

$TC = O(N)$

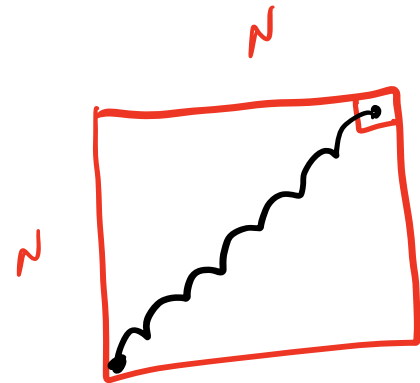
$SC = O(1)$

Q Given a 2D array of size $N \times N$
 print the diagonal values



```

i = 0    j = N-1
while (i < N && j >= 0) {
    print(A[i][j]);
    i++;
    j--;
}
    
```

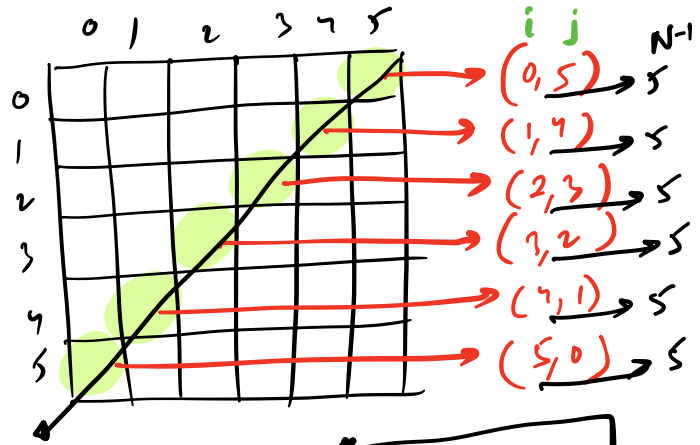


$T.C = O(N)$

$S.C = O(1)$

$N=6$

```
f(i=0 → N-1) {
    j = N-1-i;
    print(A[i][j]);
}
```



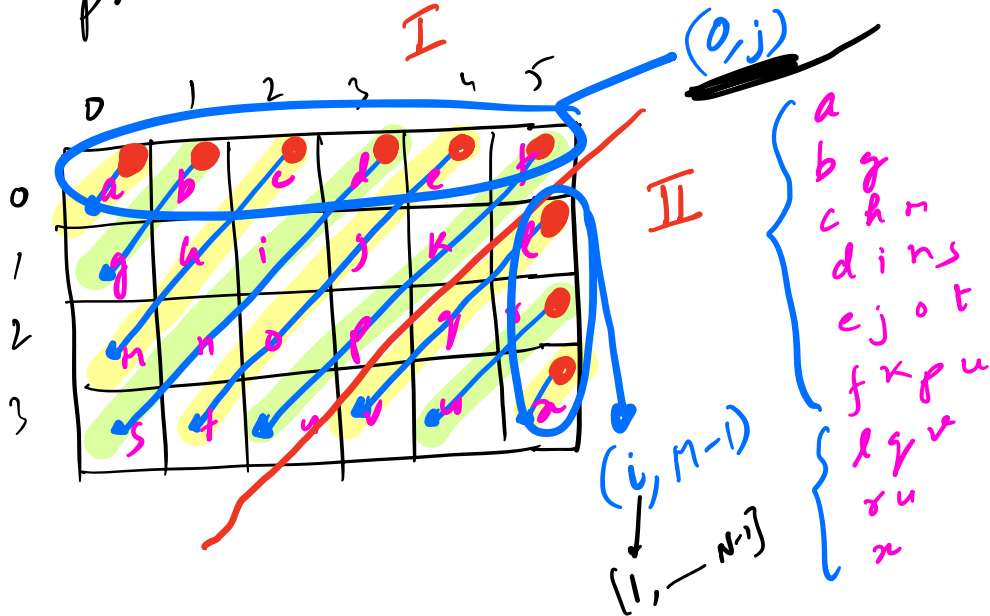
$i+j = N-1$
 $j = N-1-i$

$i+j = N-1$

$TC = O(N)$

$SL = O(1)$

Q Given a 2D array $A[N][M]$
 print ALL the diagonals (R→L, T→B)



```

for (j = 0; j < M; j++) {
    I = 0, J = j;
    while (I < N & J >= 0) {
        print(A[I][J]);
        I++;
        J--;
    }
}

```

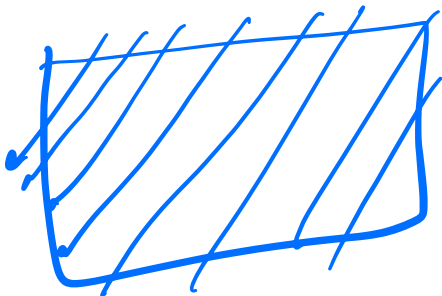
I

```

for (i = 1 → N-1) {
    I = i, J = N-1;
    while (I < N & J >= 0) {
        print(A[I][J]);
        I++;
        J--;
    }
}

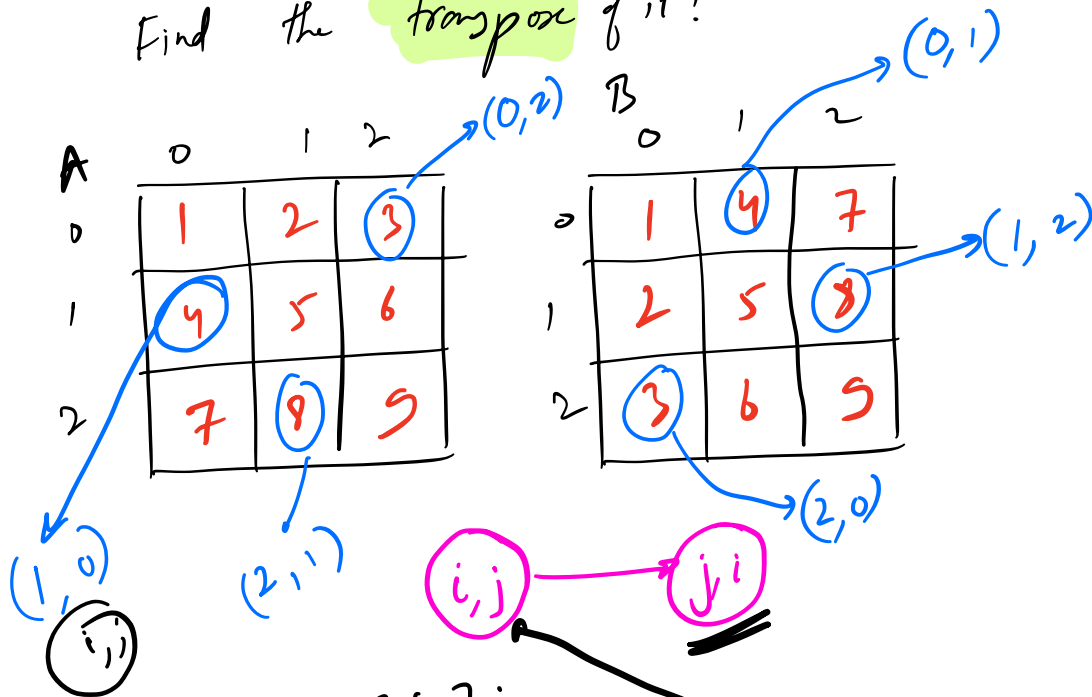
```

II



TC = $O(NM)$
 SC = $O(1)$

Q Given a square matrix $A \rightarrow N \times N$
Find the transpose of it!



I

```
int B[N][N];
```

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
```

```
    for (j = 0; j < N; j++) {
```

```
        B[j][i] = A[i][j];
```

```
    }
```

```
    copy B[i][j] → A[i][j]
```

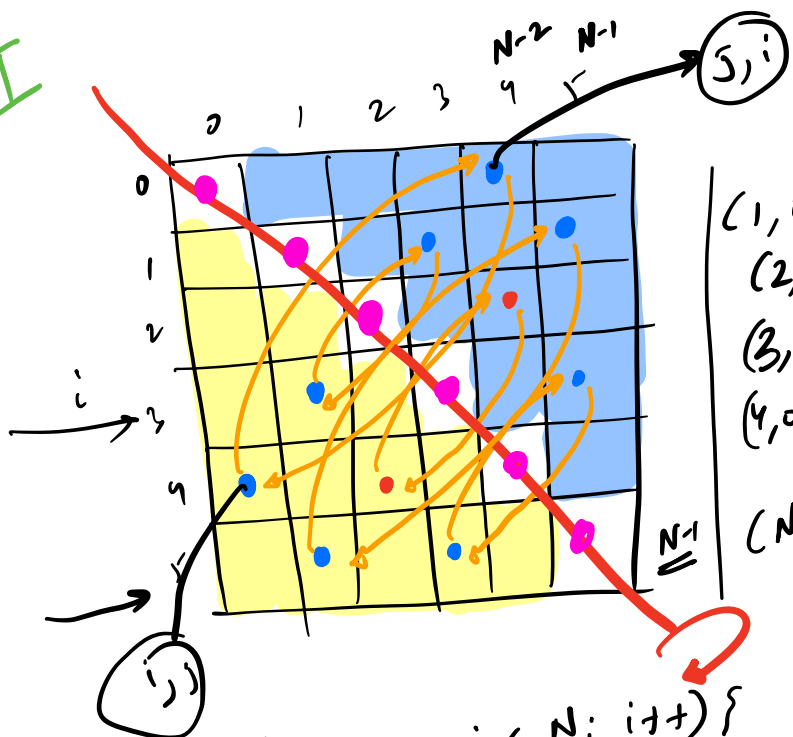
```
    set A[i][j]
```

$TC = O(N^2)$

$S = O(N^2)$

$O(1)$

II



$(1, 0)$
 $(2, 0), (2, 1)$
 $(3, 0), (3, 1), (3, 2)$
 $(4, 0) \dots (4, 3)$
 $(N-1, 0), (N-1, 1) \dots (N-1, N-2)$

$i=2$

$i=3$

$j: [0 \dots i-1]$

```

for (i = 1; i < N; i++) {
    for (j = 0; j < i; j++) {
        swap(A[i][j], A[j][i]);
    }
}

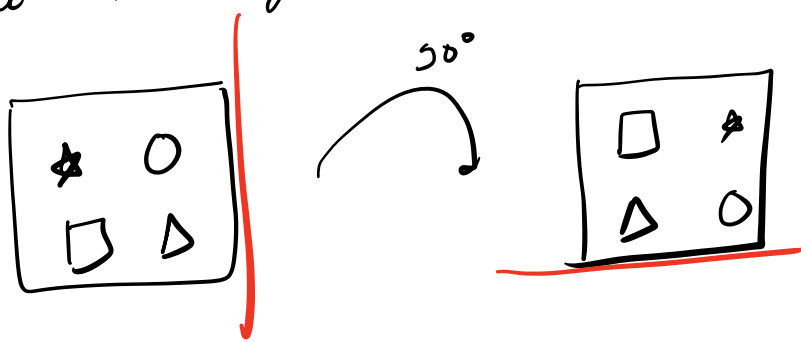
```

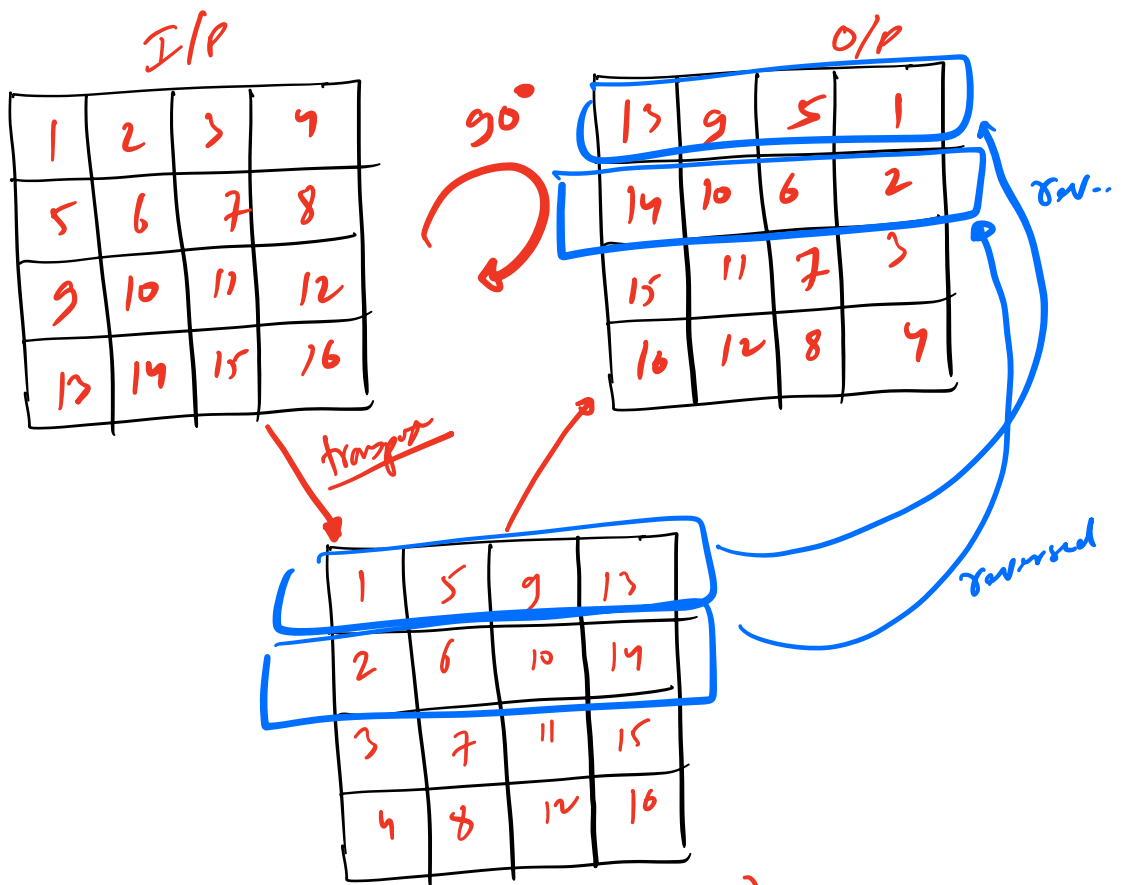
$TC = O(N^2)$

$SC = O(1)$

INPLACE

Q Given a square matrix $\rightarrow N \times N$
 Rotate it by 90° clockwise!





STEPS:

1. find transpose!
2. Reverse every row!

$\rightarrow O(N^2)$

$\rightarrow N^2$

$TC = O(N^2)$

$SC = O(1)$

