

SOP, CORS

No preflight request when performing fetch with 'x-www-form-urlencoded':

```
//CLIENT
const submitButton = document.getElementById("submitReq");
submitButton.addEventListener("click",()=>{
  fetch("http://localhost:5000/test", {
    method: "POST",
    credentials: 'include',
    headers:{
      'Content-Type':'application/x-www-form-urlencoded'
    },
    body: JSON.stringify({"name":"ivory"})
  })
  .then(res =>{
    if(res.status==200){
      return res.json();
    }else{
      return;
    }
  })
  .then((data) =>{
    console.log("data from backend: ",data);
  })
  .catch(err =>{
    console.log("error occured: ",err);
    return;
  })
});

//SERVER
const express = require("express");
const app = express();
const cors = require('cors');
const port = 5000;
// parse requests of content-type - application/json
```

```

app.use(express.json());
// parse requests of content-type - application/x-www-form-urlencoded
app.use(express.urlencoded({ extended: true }));
let corsOptions = {
  origin: 'http://localhost:6000',
  credentials: true, // ***** DO NOT set credentials attr to true for
all the paths
}
app.use(cors(corsOptions));
app.post('/test', (req, res) => {
  console.log("req is: ", req.body);
  console.log(JSON.stringify(req.headers))
  // res.cookie('appACookie', 'app-A', {httpOnly: true, secure: true });
  res.status(200).send({message: "Here! have your response"});
})
app.listen(port, () =>{
  console.log(`listening on port: ${port}`);
});

```

Setting the credentials to be included in the request to make sure it triggers a preflight request.

As you can see in the server side code that the CORS is set to allow only origin "http://localhost:6000".

Client side Origin is "http://localhost:8000".

Backend running on "http://localhost:5000"

Request goes to the server and you can see that the server returns 200 response. But we still see an error in the browser.

localhost:8000

HTML FORM 1

First name:
John

Last name:
Doe

Submit form

Perform fetch request with x-www-form-urlencoded

Network

Filter

Request Name: test

Request URL: http://localhost:5000/test

Request Method: POST

Status Code: 200 OK

Response Headers

Access-Control-Allow-Credentials: true

Access-Control-Allow-Origin: http://localhost:6000

Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8

Date: Fri, 03 Nov 2023 05:34:35 GMT

Etag: W/"26-FREHoP8Op/o0fsRm7VKkwd3rwzg"

Keep-Alive: timeout=5

Vary: Origin

X-Powered-By: Express

Request Headers

Accept: */*

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: en-GB,en-US;q=0.9,en;q=0.8

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Cookie: jenkins-timestamper-offset=25200000; appACookie=app-A

Host: localhost:5000

Origin: http://localhost:8000

Referer: http://localhost:8000/

Sec-Ch-Ua: "Chromium";v="118", "Google Chrome";v="118", "Not=A?Brand"

Server received the request:

```
listening on port: 5000
req is: { "name": "ivory": "" }
{"host": "localhost:5000", "connection": "keep-alive", "content-length": "16", "sec-ch-ua": "\"Chromium\";v=\"118\", \"Google Chrome\";v=\"118\", \"Not=A?Brand\";v=\"99\"", "sec-ch-ua-platform": "\"Windows\"", "sec-ch-ua-mobile": "?0", "user-agent": "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/118.0.0.0 Safari/537.36", "content-type": "application/x-www-form-urlencoded", "accept": "*/*", "origin": "http://localhost:8000", "sec-fetch-site": "same-site", "sec-fetch-mode": "cors", "sec-fetch-dest": "empty", "referer": "http://localhost:8000/", "accept-encoding": "gzip, deflate, br", "accept-language": "en-GB,en-US;q=0.9,en;q=0.8", "cookie": "jenkins-timestamper-offset=25200000; appACookie=app-A"}
```

Browser CORS error: it says the fetch failed. Request reached the server though. That should be enough for my CSRF attack.

The screenshot shows a web browser at `localhost:8000`. On the left, there is a form titled "HTML FORM 1" with two input fields: "First name:" (containing "John") and "Last name:" (containing "Doe"). Below the inputs are two buttons: "Submit form" and "Perform fetch request with x-www-form-urlencoded". A green arrow points to the second button. On the right, the browser's developer console is open, showing two error messages. The first is a CORS error: "Access to fetch at 'http://localhost:5000/test' from origin 'http://localhost:8000' has been blocked by CORS policy: The 'Access-Control-Allow-Origin' header has a value 'http://localhost:6000' that is not equal to the supplied origin. Have the server send the header with a valid value, or, if an opaque response serves your needs, set the request's mode to 'no-cors' to fetch the resource with CORS disabled." The second error is a "TypeError: Failed to fetch" at `index.js:25`.

Content-Type 'application/json' in fetch request:

Change content type in the request to 'application/json':

```
headers:{  
  'Content-Type':'application/json'  
},
```

You see that a pre flight request was sent to the server.

The screenshot shows the same web browser at `localhost:8000`. The form on the left now has a button labeled "Perform fetch request with application/json", with a green arrow pointing to it. The browser's developer console is open to the "Network" tab. It shows two requests: a "test" request with a status of "CORS error" and a "test" request with a status of "204". The "test" request with status "204" is a "preflight" request, as indicated by the "Type" column. The "Status" and "Type" columns for the "test" request are circled in green.

Response from header shows that only origin allowed is 'http://localhost:6000'

Network tab - Headers

test

General

Request URL: `http://localhost:5000/test`

Request Method: `OPTIONS`

Status Code: `204 No Content`

Remote Address: `[::1]:5000`

Referrer Policy: `strict-origin-when-cross-origin`

Response Headers

Access-Control-Allow-Credentials: `true`

Access-Control-Allow-Headers: `content-type`

Access-Control-Allow-Methods: `GET,HEAD,PUT,PATCH,POST,DELETE`

Access-Control-Allow-Origin: `http://localhost:6000`

Connection: `keep-alive`

Content-Length: `0`

Date: `Fri, 03 Nov 2023 05:57:09 GMT`

Keep-Alive: `timeout=5`

Vary: `Origin, Access-Control-Request-Headers`

X-Powered-By: `Express`

Request Headers

Accept: `*/*`

Accept-Encoding: `gzip, deflate, br`

Accept-Language: `en-GB,en-US;q=0.9,en;q=0.8`

Access-Control-Request-Headers: `content-type`

Access-Control-Request-Method: `POST`

Connection: `keep-alive`

Host: `localhost:5000`

Origin: `http://localhost:8000`

Referer: `http://localhost:8000/`

Sec-Fetch-Dest: `empty`

You will also see an error in the browser console:

HTML FORM 1

First name:

John

Last name:

Doe

Submit form

Perform fetch request with `application/json`

Browser Console

Access to fetch at '`http://localhost:5000/test`' from origin '`http://localhost:8000`' has been blocked by CORS policy: Response to preflight request doesn't pass access control check: The 'Access-Control-Allow-Origin' header has a value '`http://localhost:6000`' that is not equal to the supplied origin. Have the server send the header with a valid value, or, if an opaque response serves your needs, set the request's mode to 'no-cors' to fetch the resource with CORS disabled.

POST `http://localhost:5000/test` net::ERR_FAILED

error occurred: `TypeError: Failed to fetch`

at `HTMLButtonElement.<anonymous>` (`index.js:4:5`)

The server did not receive any request:

```
listening on port: 5000
[]
```

Set 'mode' to 'no-cors' in request with 'application/json' content type:

```
mode: 'no-cors'
```

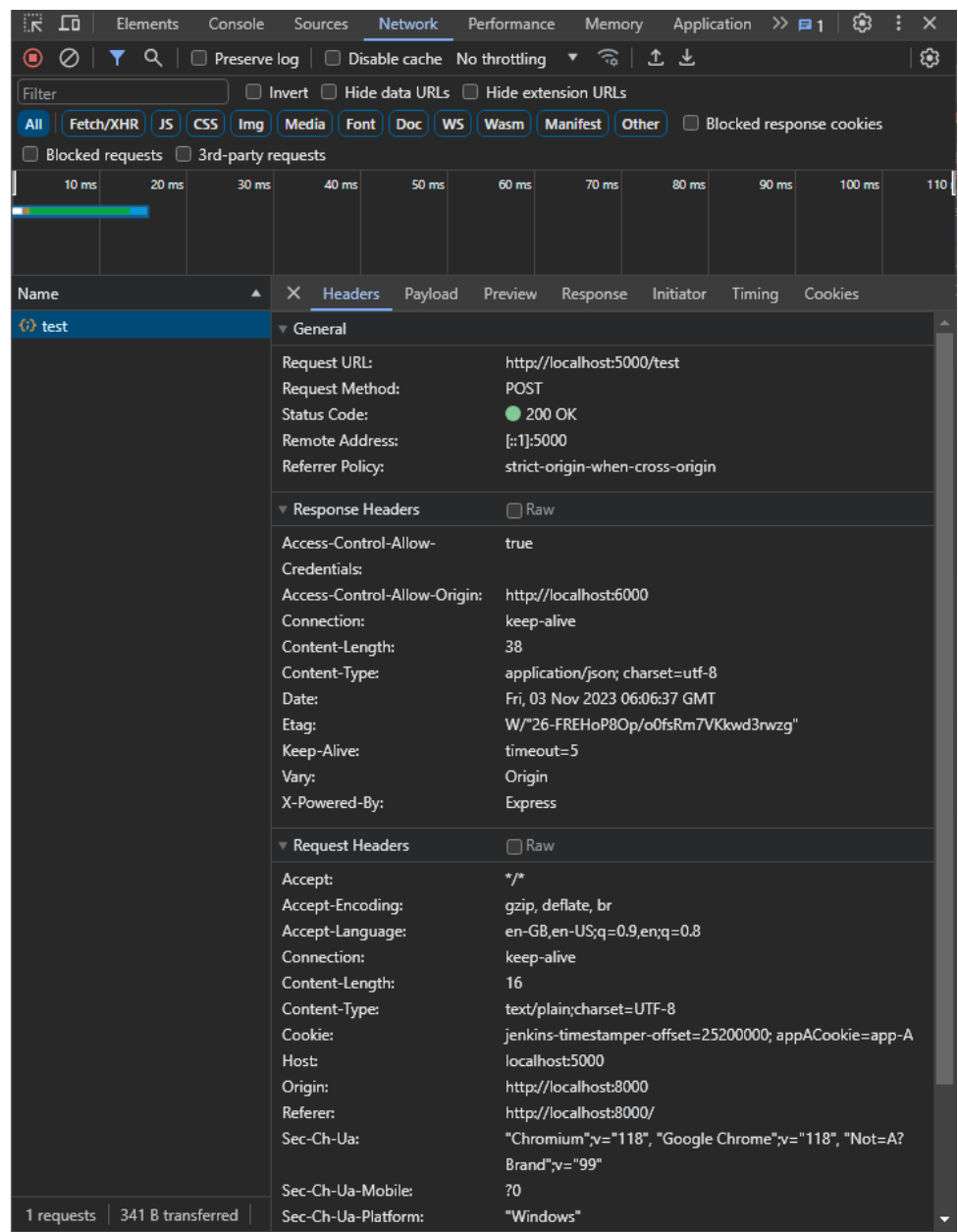
No preflight request is sent.

server returns 200 status code.

HTML FORM 1

First name:

Last name:



No data returned by the server though:

HTML FORM 1

First name:

Last name:

The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Network tab. A request named 'test' is selected. The 'Response' tab is active, displaying the message: 'Failed to load response data: No data found for resource with given identifier'. The timeline shows the request was initiated at approximately 10ms and failed shortly after.

Hence no data written to console from out javascript console.log statement:

HTML FORM 1

First name:

Last name:

The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Console. The message 'data from backend: undefined' is logged. The source is identified as 'index.js:22'.

In the server also there is no data that was received:

```
listening on port: 5000
req is: {}
{"host":"localhost:5000","connection":"keep-alive","content-length":"16","sec-ch-ua":"Chromium\\v=\\118\\", "\\Google Chrome\\v=\\118\\", "\\Not=A?Brand\\v=\\99\\", "sec-ch-ua-platform":"\\Windows\\", "sec-ch-ua-mobile":"?0", "user-agent":"Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/118.0.0.0 Safari/537.36", "content-type":"text/plain; charset=UTF-8", "accept":"*/*", "origin":"http://localhost:8000/", "sec-fetch-site":"same-site", "sec-fetch-mode":"no-cors", "sec-fetch-dest":"empty", "referer":"http://localhost:8000/", "accept-encoding":"gzip, deflate, br", "accept-language":"en-GB, en-US; q=0.9, en; q=0.8", "cookie":"jenkins-timestamper-offset=25200000; appCookie=app-A"}
```

What's going on????

TODO: build a cors proxy to bypass preflight requests and allow credentials to be sent.