

Aim:

Write a program to **search** the given element from a list of elements with **binary search** technique using **recursion**.

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:

Enter value of n :

For example, if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter value of n : 5

Next, the program should print the following messages one by one on the console as:

Enter 5 elements :

if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter 5 elements : 33 55 22 44 11

then the program should **print** the result as:

After sorting the elements are : 11 22 33 44 55

Next, the program should print the message on the console as:

Enter key element :

if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter key element : 11

then the program should **print** the result as:

The given key element 11 is found at position : 0

Similarly, if the key element is given as **18** for the above example then the program should print the output as:

The given key element 18 is not found

Note: Write the functions **read()**, **bubbleSort()**, **display()** and **binarySearch()** in **BinarySearch.c**

Source Code:

BinarySearch.c

```
#include<stdio.h>

void read(int a[20],int n){
    int i;
    printf("Enter %d elements : ",n);
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++){
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    }
}
```

```
void bubblesort(int a[20], int n) {
    int i,j,temp;
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for(j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++) {
            if(a[j]>a[j+1]) {
                temp = a[j];
                a[j] = a[j+1];
                a[j+1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}

void display(int a[20], int n) {
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d ", a[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int binarysearch(int a[20],int low, int high, int key) {
    int mid;
    if(low <= high) {
        mid = (low + high) / 2;
        if(a[mid] == key)
            return mid;
        else if(key < a[mid])
            binarysearch(a,low,mid-1,key);
        else if(key > a[mid])
            binarysearch(a,mid+1,high,key);
    }else {
        return -1;
    }
}

void main() {
    int a[20],n,key,flag;
    printf("Enter value of n : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    read(a,n);
    bubblesort(a,n);
    printf("After sorting the elements are : ");
    display(a,n);
    printf("Enter key element : ");
    scanf("%d",&key);
    flag = binarysearch(a,0,n-1,key);
    if(flag == -1) {
        printf("The given key element %d is not found\n",key);
    } else {
        printf("The given key element %d is found at position : %d\n",key,flag);
    }
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output
Enter value of n : 5
Enter 5 elements : 33 55 22 44 11
After sorting the elements are : 11 22 33 44 55 11
Enter key element : 11
The given key element 11 is found at position : 0

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter value of n : 4
Enter 4 elements : 23 9 45 18
After sorting the elements are : 9 18 23 45 24
Enter key element : 24
The given key element 24 is not found