PySpark + Spark SQL Task Sheet

Goal: Cover all major PySpark + Spark SQL topics **Data:** Customers and Orders (prepared below)

□ Step 1: Data Preparation

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
from pyspark.sql.functions import expr
spark =
SparkSession.builder.appName("PracticeProject").enableHiveSupport().getOrCreate()
# Customers Data
customers_data = [
    (101, 'Ali', 'ali@gmail.com', 'Mumbai', '2022-05-10'),
    (102, 'Neha', 'neha@yahoo.com', 'Delhi', '2023-01-15'),
    (103, 'Ravi', 'ravi@hotmail.com', 'Bangalore', '2021-11-01'),
   (104, 'Sneha', 'sneha@outlook.com', 'Hyderabad', '2020-07-22'),
    (105, 'Amit', 'amit@gmail.com', 'Chennai', '2023-03-10'),
]
orders data = \Gamma
    (1, 101, 'Laptop', 'Electronics', 2, 50000.0, '2024-01-10'),
   (2, 101, 'Mouse', 'Electronics', 1, 1200.0, '2024-01-15'),
   (3, 102, 'Tablet', 'Electronics', 1, 20000.0, '2024-02-01'),
   (4, 103, 'Bookshelf', 'Furniture', 1, 3500.0, '2024-02-10'),
   (5, 104, 'Mixer', 'Appliances', 1, 5000.0, '2024-02-15'),
   (6, 105, 'Notebook', 'Stationery', 5, 500.0, '2024-03-01'),
   (7, 102, 'Phone', 'Electronics', 1, 30000.0, '2024-03-02'),
]
customers_df = spark.createDataFrame(customers_data, ["CustomerID", "Name", "Email",
"City", "SignupDate"])
orders_df = spark.createDataFrame(orders_data, ["OrderID", "CustomerID", "Product",
"Category", "Quantity", "Price", "OrderDate"])
# Write as tables
customers_df.write.mode("overwrite").saveAsTable("sales.customers")
orders_df.write.mode("overwrite").saveAsTable("sales.orders")
```

Tasks to Assign

SECTION A: PySpark DataFrame Tasks

- Add a column TotalAmount = Price * Quantity to the orders_df.
- 2. Filter all orders with TotalAmount > 10000.
- 3. Standardize the City field in customers_df (e.g., lowercase).

- 4. Extract year from OrderDate and add a new column OrderYear.
- 5. Fill null values in any column of your choice with defaults.
- 6. Use when/otherwise to categorize orders:

<5000 : "Low"</p>

• 5000-20000: "Medium"

• >20000 : "High"

SECTION B: Spark SQL Tasks

- 7. Run a SQL query to list all orders made by "Ali".
- 8. Get total spending by each customer using SQL.
- 9. Find out which category made the highest total revenue.
- 10. Create a view customer_orders showing CustomerName, Product, TotalAmount .
- 11. Query the view for products ordered after Feb 2024.

SECTION C: Advanced Practice

12. Create a Global Temp View from customers_df , then query it using:

```
SELECT * FROM global_temp.customers WHERE City = 'Mumbai';
```

- 13. Save the transformed orders_df (with TotalAmount) to a Parquet file.
- 14. Read back the Parquet file and count how many orders are in it.

□ SECTION D: UDF + Built-in Function Tasks

- 15. Write a UDF that masks emails like: ali@gmail.com \rightarrow a***@gmail.com .
- 16. Use concat_ws() to create a full label like: 'Ali from Mumbai'.
- 17. Use regexp_replace() to remove special characters from product names.
- 18. Use to_date() and datediff() to calculate customer age in days (from SignupDate to today).