

UNIX and Shell Programming
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme]
(Effective from the Academic Year 2021-22)

SEMESTER – V

Subject Code	21BCA55(A)	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture Hours	42	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 02			
Course Objectives:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To provide introduction to UNIX Operating System and its File System To gain an understanding of important aspects related to the SHELL and the process To develop the ability to formulate regular expressions and use them for pattern matching. To provide a comprehensive introduction to SHELL programming, services and utilities. 			
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Levels: L1 – Remembering, L2 – Understanding, L3 – Applying, L4 – Analyzing, L5 – Evaluating, and L6 – Creating			
Module 1			Teaching Hours
Unix Components/Architecture. Features of Unix. The UNIX Environment and UNIX Structure, Posix and Single Unix specification. General features of Unix commands/ command structure. Command arguments and options. Basic Unix commands such as echo, printf, ls, who, date, passwd, cal, Combining commands. Meaning of Internal and external commands. The type command: knowing the type of a command and locating it. The root login. Becoming the super user: su command. Naming files. Basic file types/categories. Organization of files. Hidden files. Standard directories. Parent child relationship. The home directory and the HOME variable. Reaching required files- the PATH variable, manipulating the PATH, Relative and absolute pathnames. Directory commands – pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir commands. The dot (.) and double dots (..) notations to represent present and parent directories and their usage in relative path names. File related commands – cat, mv, rm, cp, wc and od commands.			10
			L1,L2, L3,L4, L5
Module 2			
File attributes and permissions: The ls command with options. Changing file permissions: the relative and absolute permissions changing methods. Recursively changing file permissions. Directory permissions. The shells interpretive cycle: Wild cards. Removing the special meanings of wild cards. Three standard files and redirection Connecting commands: Pipe. Basic and Extended regular expressions. The grep, egrep. Typical examples involving different regular expressions. Shell programming: Ordinary and environment variables. The .profile. Read and readonly commands. Command line arguments. exit and exit status of a command. Logical operators for conditional execution. The test command and its shortcut. The if, while, for and case control statements. Simple shell program examples.			08
			L1,L2, L3,L4, L5

Module 3		
UNIX File APIs: General File APIs, File and Record Locking, Directory File APIs, Device File APIs, FIFO File APIs UNIX Processes and Process Control: Process Control: Introduction, Process Identifiers, fork, vfork, exit, wait, waitpid, wait3, wait4 Functions, Race Conditions, exec Functions	08	L1,L2, L3,L4, L5,L6
Module 4		
Changing User IDs and Group IDs, Interpreter Files, system Function, Process Accounting, User Identification, Process Times, I/O Redirection. Overview of IPC Methods: Pipes, popen, pclose Functions, Coprocesses, FIFOs, System V IPC, Message Queues, Semaphores..	08	L1,L2, L3,L4, L5,L6
Module 5		
Signals and Daemon Processes: Signals: The UNIX Kernel Support for Signals, signal, Signal Mask, sigaction, The SIGCHLD Signal and the waitpid Function, The sigsetjmp and siglongjmp Functions, Kill, Alarm, Interval Timers, POSIX.lb Timers. Daemon Processes: Introduction, Daemon Characteristics, Coding Rules, Error Logging, Client-Server Model.	08	L1,L2 L3,L4, L5
Course Outcomes		
On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to CO1 : Understand the basic concepts of UNIX Architecture and basic Commands. CO2: Understand different types of Files, File system and basic file system commands. CO3: Illustrate Shell Programming and to write Shell Scripts CO4: Categorize, compare and make use of Unix System Calls. CO5: Build an application/service over a Unix system.		
Question Paper Pattern		
The Question Paper will have Ten Questions. There will be two questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.		
Text Books: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sumitabha Das., Unix Concepts and Applications., 4thEdition., Tata McGraw Hill 2. W. Richard Stevens: Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005 3. Unix System Programming Using C++ - Terrence Chan, PHI, 1999 		
Reference Books: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. M.G. Venkatesh Murthy: UNIX & Shell Programming, Pearson Education 2. Richard Blum , Christine Bresnahan : Linux Command Line and Shell Scripting Bible, 2ndEdition, Wiley,2014. 		