#lab2

#sollutions by Goian Tudor

#exercise 3

eq1 := diff(x(t), t\$2) + x(t) = 0

$$eq1 := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = 0$$
 (1)

dsolve(eq1, x(t))

$$x(t) = C1 \sin(t) + C2 \cos(t)$$
 (2)

#exercise 7

 $eq2 := 4 \cdot diff(x(t), t\$2) + 8 \cdot diff(x(t), t) + 5 \cdot x(t) = 0;$

$$eq2 := 4 \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + 8 \frac{d}{dt} x(t) + 5 x(t) = 0$$
 (3)

ic := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0.5;

$$ic := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0.5$$
 (4)

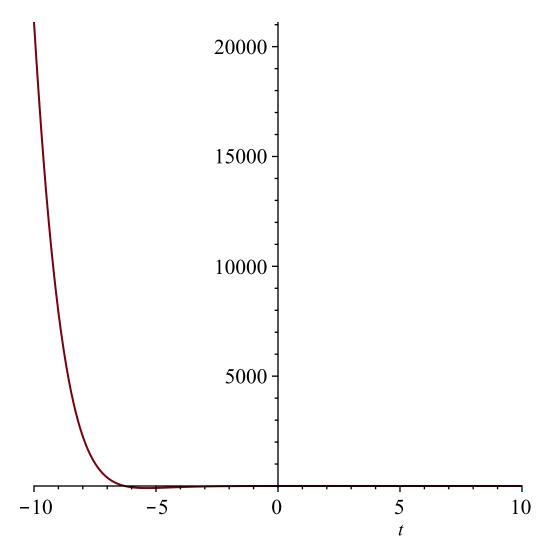
 $sol1 := dsolve(\{eq2, ic\}, x(t));$

$$sol1 := x(t) = e^{-t} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$$
 (5)

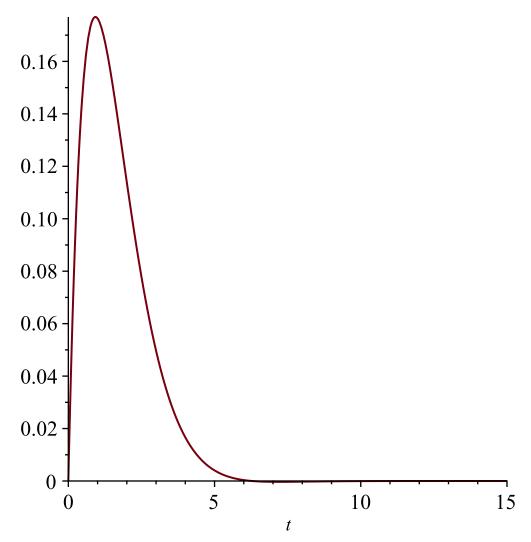
exprsol1 := rhs(sol1)

$$exprsol1 := e^{-t} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$$
 (6)

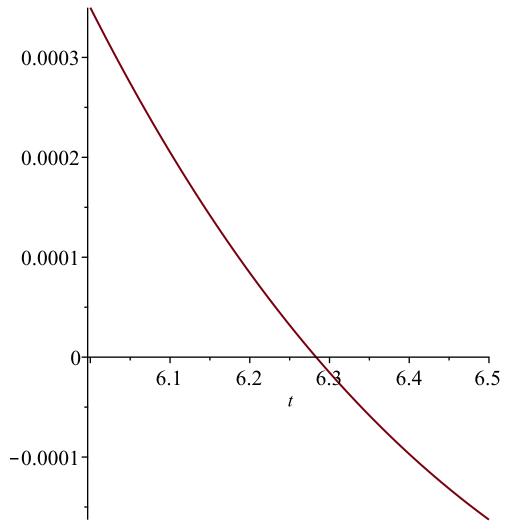
plot(exprsol1, t = -10..10)



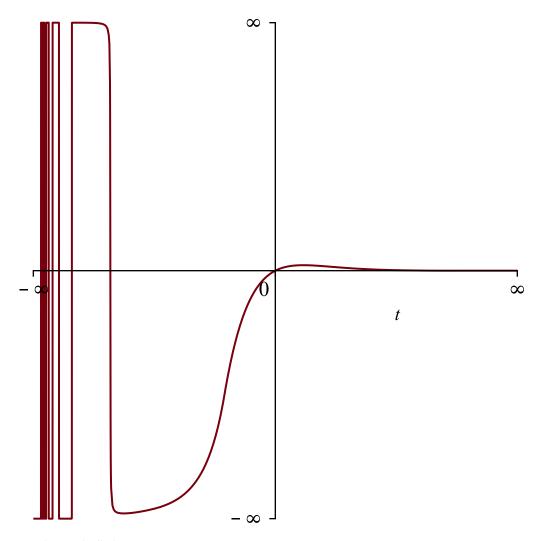
plot(exprsol1, t=0..15);



plot(exprsol1, t = 6..6.5);



plot(exprsol1, t =- infinity..infinity)



limit(exprsol1, t = infinity);

#exercise 11

$$eq11 := diff(x(t), t\$2) + x(t) = 0;$$

$$eq11 := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = 0$$
 (8)

bc111 := x(0) = 0;

$$bc111 := x(0) = 0$$
 (9)

bc112 := x(1) = 0;

$$bc112 := x(1) = 0$$
 (10)

 $dsolve(\{eq1, bc1, bc2\}, x(t))$

$$x(t) = 0 ag{11}$$

#exercise 15

$$eq15 := diff(x(t), t) + x(t) = -t^2 + 3 \cdot t - 7;$$

$$eq15 := \frac{d}{dt} x(t) + x(t) = -t^2 + 3 t - 7$$
 (12)

dsolve(eq15);

$$x(t) = -t^2 + 5 t - 12 + e^{-t} CI$$
 (13)

#exercise 19

$$eq19 := diff(x(t), t) + x(t) = \frac{2}{\text{sqrt}(Pi)} e^{-t^2 - t};$$

$$eq19 := \frac{d}{dt} x(t) + x(t) = \frac{2 e^{-t^2 - t}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$
 (14)

dsolve(eq19);

$$x(t) = \left(\int \frac{2 e^{-t(t+1)} e^t}{\sqrt{\pi}} dt + CI \right) e^{-t}$$
 (15)

 $int(e^{t^2},t);$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-\ln(e)} t)}{2\sqrt{-\ln(e)}}$$
 (16)

$$int\left(\frac{2}{\operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{Pi})}e^{-t^2},t\right);$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\ln(e)}\ t\right)}{\sqrt{\ln(e)}}\tag{17}$$

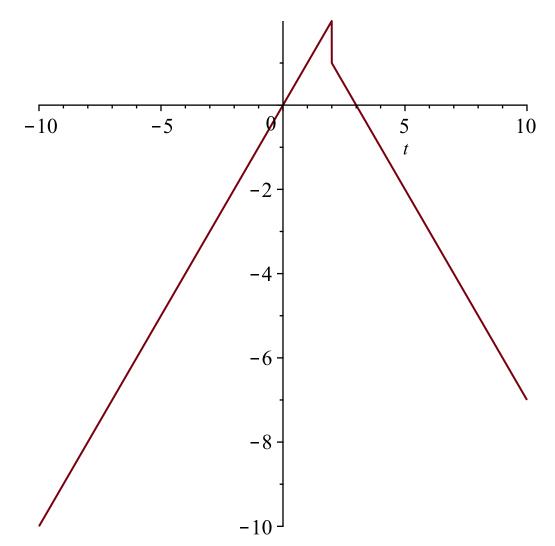
#erf is the error function

#exercise 23

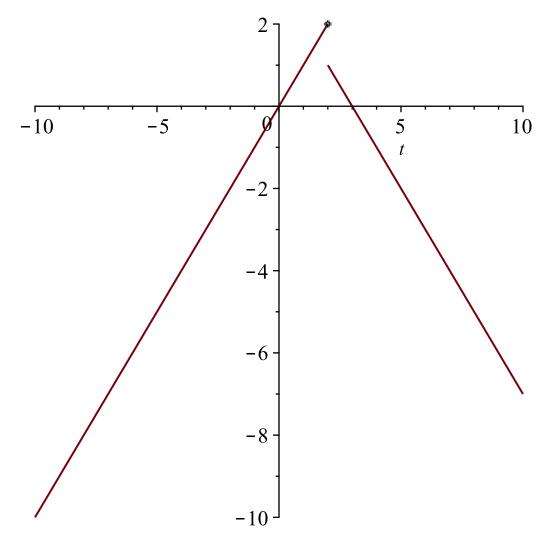
 $fc23 := piecewise(t \le 2, t, t > 2, 3 - t);$

$$fc23 := \begin{cases} t & t \le 2\\ 3 - t & 2 < t \end{cases} \tag{18}$$

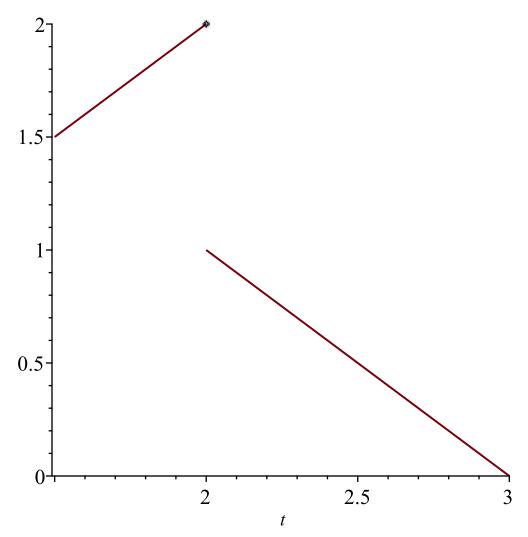
plot(*fc23*);



plot(fc23, discont = true);



plot(fc23, t = 1.5 ...3, discont = true);



#execise 27 ec27 := $diff(x(t), t$2) - 4 \cdot x(t) = \exp(alpha \cdot t);$

$$ec27 := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) - 4 x(t) = e^{\alpha t}$$
 (19)

ic27 := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0

$$ic27 := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0$$
 (20)

 $sol27 := dsolve(\{ec27, ic27\}, x(t));$

$$sol27 := x(t) = -\frac{e^{2t}}{4(\alpha - 2)} + \frac{e^{-2t}}{4(\alpha + 2)} + \frac{e^{\alpha t}}{\alpha^2 - 4}$$
 (21)

#why is unapply useful?

exprsol27 := unapply(rhs(sol27), t, alpha);

$$exprsol27 := (t, \alpha) \mapsto -\frac{e^{2t}}{4(\alpha - 2)} + \frac{e^{-2t}}{4(\alpha + 2)} + \frac{e^{\alpha t}}{\alpha^2 - 4}$$
 (22)

limit(exprsol27(t, alpha), alpha=2);

$$\frac{4 t (e^{t})^{4} - (e^{t})^{4} + 1}{16 (e^{t})^{2}}$$
 (23)

#!!this exercise gives me an error and I don't really understand how should I solve it #exercise 31

$$eq31 := piecewise \left(t = \left[0, \frac{\text{Pi}}{2} \right], t, t = \left[\frac{\text{Pi}}{2}, \text{Pi} \right], \text{Pi}, t = [\text{Pi}, \text{infinity}], 0 \right);$$

$$eq31 := 0$$
(24)

ic311 := diff(x(t), t\$2) + x(t) = eq1;

$$ic311 := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = 0\right)$$
 (25)

ic312 := x(0) = 5;

$$ic312 := x(0) = 5$$
 (26)

ic313 := D(x)(0) = 0

$$ic313 := D(x)(0) = 0$$
 (27)

 $sol := dsolve(\{eq31, ic311, ic312, ic313\}, x(t))$

Error, (in dsolve) invalid input: `PDEtools/NumerDenom` expects its 1st argument, ee, to be of type algebraic, but received diff (diff(x(t), t), t)+x(t) = 0

plot([*sol*);

Error, unable to match delimiters

plot([sol);

#exercise 35

eq351 := diff(x(t), t) + x(t) - 3y(t) = 0;

$$eq351 := \frac{d}{dt} x(t) + x(t) - 3 y(t) = 0$$
 (28)

 $eq352 := diff(y(t), t) + 3 \cdot x(t) + y(t) = 0;$

$$eq352 := \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + 3 x(t) + y(t) = 0$$
 (29)

ic351 := x(0) = 1;

$$ic351 := x(0) = 1$$
 (30)

ic352 := v(0) = 1;

$$ic352 := y(0) = 1 \tag{31}$$

 $sol35 := dsolve(\{eq351, eq352, ic351, ic352\}, \{x(t), y(t)\})$

$$sol35 := \left\{ x(t) = e^{-t} \left(\cos(3t) + \sin(3t) \right), y(t) = e^{-t} \left(\cos(3t) - \sin(3t) \right) \right\}$$
 (32)

exprsol35x := rhs(sol35[1]);

$$exprsol35x := e^{-t} \left(\cos(3\ t) + \sin(3\ t)\right) \tag{33}$$

exprsol35y := rhs(sol35[2]);

$$exprsol35y := e^{-t} \left(\cos(3 t) - \sin(3 t)\right)$$
(34)

plot([exprsol35x, exprsol35y, t = 0..1000])

