

Algebraic solution

$$x_T = L_1 C_1 + L_2 C_2 + L_3 C_{123}$$

$$y_T = L_1 S_1 + L_2 S_2 + L_3 S_{123}$$

$$\theta_T = \theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3$$

$$C_{123} = C_{\theta_T}$$

$$S_{123} = S_{\theta_T}$$

$$x_T - L_3 \cos(\theta_T) = A = L_1 C_1 + L_2 C_2$$

$$y_T - L_3 \sin(\theta_T) = B = L_1 S_1 + L_2 S_2$$

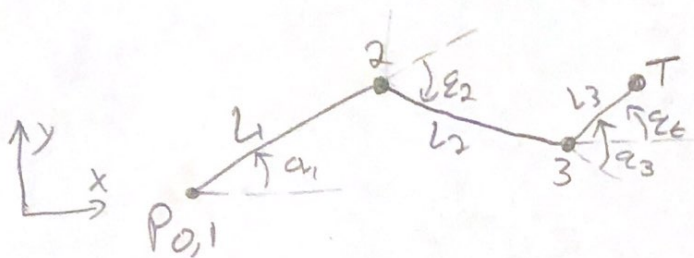
$$A^2 + B^2 = L_1^2 + L_2^2 + \underbrace{2L_1 L_2 C_1 C_2 + 2L_1 L_2 S_1 S_2}_{2L_1 L_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) = 2L_1 L_2 \cos \theta_2}$$

$$\theta_2 = \pm \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{A^2 + B^2 - L_1^2 - L_2^2}{2L_1 L_2} \right)$$

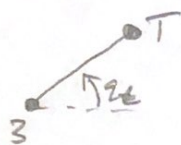
$$\begin{bmatrix} p_{3x} \\ p_{3y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_1 & -\sin \theta_1 \\ \sin \theta_1 & \cos \theta_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L_1 + L_2 \cos \theta_2 & -L_2 \sin \theta_2 \\ L_1 + L_2 \cos \theta_2 & L_2 \sin \theta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve for θ_1

$$\theta_3 = \theta_T - \theta_2 - \theta_1$$



Geometric solution

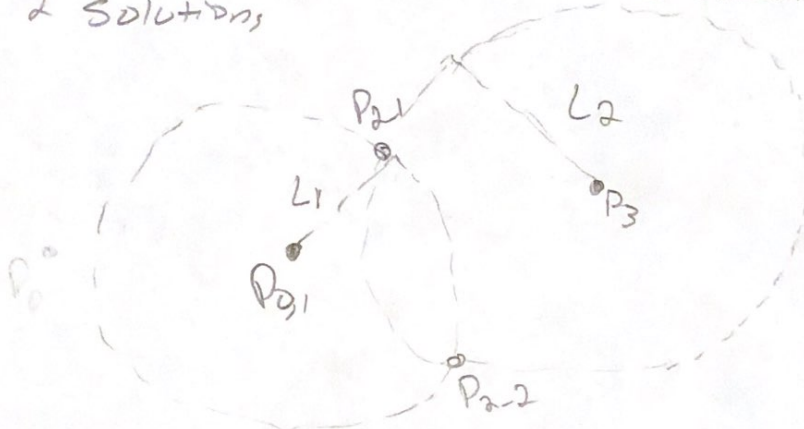


From a known ϵ_t & T:

$$P_{3x} = T_x - \cos(\epsilon_t)$$

$$P_{3y} = T_y - \sin(\epsilon_t)$$

Once P_3 is known & P_0 is known: P_2 can only have 2 solutions,



We know P_2 will be L_2 away from P_3 & P_2 will be L_1 away from $P_{0,1}$ so the intersection of 2 circles can be found.

Once 2 solutions for P_2 are found, the vector from P_2 to P_1 is found & the vector from P_3 to P_2 is found. This is then input into subproblem 0, which computes the \angle between 2 vectors. ϵ_2 has 2 solutions $\pm \epsilon_2$.

$$\epsilon_3 \text{ is then } \epsilon_t - \epsilon_1 - \epsilon_2 = \epsilon_3$$

Iterative solution

To Find the solution iteratively
we need forward kinematics & the
Jacobian.

The algo will keep trying to find a solution
until one of 2 conditions is met

- 1) The linear & angular error is sufficiently
small, it will stop when it is a decent time.
- 2) Max iterations are reached.

- This is to ensure the simulation
does not go to infinite time.

The control system looks like this?

