Day 9 Morning Assignment

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- 1. Write a C# program to read input from user and print
 - a. factorial of a number
 - b. factors of a number
 - c. check if it prime or not

```
Code:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace FactorialFactorPrime
    * Author : Varun Sai Kumar Chegoni.
       * Purpose : Write a C# program to read input from user and print
Factorial, Factors, IsprimeorNot
   class Factorial
       private int input;
       public void ReadInput()
           Console.WriteLine("Enter any Number : ");
           input = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
       public void PrintFactorial()
           int fact = 1;
           for(int i =1 ; i <= input; i++)</pre>
               fact = fact * i;
           Console.WriteLine(fact);
       }
       public void PrintFactors()
           for(int i =1 ; i <= input;i++)</pre>
               if(input % i == 0)
                   Console.WriteLine(i);
       public bool IsPrimeorNot()
           int count = 0;
           for (int i =1 ; i <= input;i++)</pre>
               if (input % i == 0)
                   count++;
           if (count == 2)
               return true;
           else
               return false;
   internal class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
```

```
Factorial obj = new Factorial();
    obj.ReadInput();
    Console.WriteLine("Factorial of the Entered Number");
    obj.PrintFactorial();
    Console.WriteLine("Factors of the Entered Number");
    obj.PrintFactors();
    if (obj.IsPrimeorNot())
        Console.WriteLine("Entered Number is Prime Number");
    else
        Console.WriteLine("Entered Number is not a Prime Number");
    Console.ReadLine();
}
```

Output:

```
D:\NB_Training\Training_Assignments\DotNET_Assignments\Day9_Morning(03 Feb)\FactorialFactorPrime\Fac
Enter any Number :
7
Factorial of the Entered Number
5040
Factors of the Entered Number
1
7
Entered Number is Prime Number
```

- 2. Write C# program to read two numbers from use and print
 - a. sum of two numbers
 - b. difference of two numbers
 - c. product of two numbers
 - d. division of two numbers.

Code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace MathsBasicOperations
                                           **********
       * Author : Varun Sai Kumar Chegoni.
       * Purpose : Write C# program to read two numbers from use and print Addition,
Differece, Product, Division.
                           *************************************
   public class MathsOperations
       private int a;
       private int b;
       public void ReadInput()
           Console.WriteLine("Enter First Number");
           a = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
           Console.WriteLine("Enter Second Number");
           b = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
       public int AddNumbers()
           return a + b;
       public int DiffNumbers()
           return a - b;
       public int ProdNumbers()
           return a * b;
       public int DivNumbers()
           return a / b;
   }
   internal class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
           MathsOperations mo = new MathsOperations();
           mo.ReadInput();
           Console.WriteLine("Addition : ");
           Console.WriteLine(mo.AddNumbers());
           Console.WriteLine("Difference : ");
           Console.WriteLine(mo.DiffNumbers());
           Console.WriteLine("Product : ");
           Console.WriteLine(mo.ProdNumbers());
```

```
Console.WriteLine("Division: ");
Console.WriteLine(mo.DivNumbers());

Console.ReadLine();
}

Output:

D:\NB_Training\Training_Assignments\DotNET_Assignments\Day9_Morning(03 Feb)\MathsBasicOperation
Enter First Number
40
Enter Second Number
20
Addition:
60
Difference:
20
Product:
300
```

Division :

3. Create an employee class with below variables id, name, salary, company write methods to read data and print data.

```
Code:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace EmpClassansMethod
   * Author : Varun Sai Kumar Chegoni.
       * Purpose : Create an employee class with variables id, name, salary, company
and read and print method
                      class Employee
       public int id;
       public string name;
       public int salary;
       public static string company = "NationsBenefits";
       public void ReadData()
          Console.WriteLine("Enter Employee ID : ");
           id = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
          Console.WriteLine("Enter Employee Name : ");
           name = Console.ReadLine();
           Console.WriteLine("Enter Employee Salary : ");
           salary = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
       public void PrintData()
          Console.WriteLine($"ID : {id}, Name : {name}, Salary : {salary}, Company
: {company}");
   }
   internal class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
           Console.WriteLine("Employee 1");
           Employee emp1 = new Employee();
           emp1.ReadData();
           emp1.PrintData();
           Console.WriteLine("Employee 2");
           Employee emp2 = new Employee();
           emp2.ReadData();
           emp2.PrintData();
          Console.ReadLine();
   }
}
Output:
```

```
D:\NB_Training\Training_Assignments\DotNET_Assignments\Day9_Morning(03 Feb)\EmpClassansMethod\EmpClassar
Enter Employee ID :
1234
Enter Employee Name :
Varun
Enter Employee Salary :
30000
ID : 1234, Name : Varun, Salary : 30000, Company : NationsBenefits
Employee 2
Enter Employee ID :
5678
Enter Employee Name :
Akash
Enter Employee Salary :
20000
ID : 5678, Name : Akash, Salary : 20000, Company : NationsBenefits
```

4. Research and find the difference between normal variable and static variable.

Answer:

Key	Static Variable	Normal Variable
Access	A static variable can be accessed by static members as well as non-static member functions.	A normal variable can not be accessed by static member functions.
Sharing	A static variable acts as a global variable and is shared among all the objects of the class.	A normal variables are specific to instance object in which they are created.
Memory allocation	Static variables occupies less space and memory allocation happens once.	A normal variable may occupy more space. Memory allocation may happen at run time.
Keyword	A static variable is declared using static keyword.	A normal variable is not required to have any special keyword.

5. Write 5 points discussed about constructor

Answer:

- 1. A constructor id used to initialize class variables by default C# will have one constructor which will initialize default values.
- 2. When created User defined constructor the default constructor will be gone. If need default constructor, then create a default constructor along with user defined constructor.
- 3. Constructor name should be same as class name.
- 4. If using same variables as class variables for constructor then with should differentiate the constructor variable by using this key word
- 5. For constructor we should not write any return type.

6. Create Employee class with two constructors as discussed in the class.

```
Code:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace EmpClassansMethod
   /*******
                        **********************************
       * Author : Varun Sai Kumar Chegoni.
       * Purpose : Create an employee class with variables id, name, salary, company
with two constructors.s
                       class Employee
       public int id;
       public string name;
       public int salary;
       public static string company = "NationsBenefits";
       public Employee (int eid, string ename, int esalary)
           id = eid;
           name = ename;
           salary = esalary;
       public Employee()
           this.id = 456;
           this.name = "Akash";
           this.salary = 20000;
       public void ReadData()
           Console.WriteLine("Enter Employee ID : ");
           id = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
           Console.WriteLine("Enter Employee Name : ");
           name = Console.ReadLine();
           Console.WriteLine("Enter Employee Salary : ");
           salary = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
       public void PrintData()
           Console.WriteLine($"ID : {id}, Name : {name}, Salary : {salary}, Company
: {company}");
   }
   internal class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
           Console.WriteLine("Employee 1");
           Employee emp1 = new Employee(1, "Varun", 30000);
           emp1.PrintData();
           Console.WriteLine("Employee 2");
           Employee emp2 = new Employee();
           emp2.PrintData();
           Console.ReadLine();
```

```
}
Output:
    D:\NB_Training\Training_Assignments\DotNET_Assignments\Day9_Morning(03 Feb)\EmployeeConstructor\Employe
  Employee 1
ID : 1, Name : Varun, Salary : 30000, Company : NationsBenefits
  Employee 2
ID : 456, Name : Akash, Salary : 20000, Company : NationsBenefits
```