

LAB ASSIGNMENT - 1

Aim: To install and study Ubuntu OS.

To perform: Install VMware or Virtual Box and Ubuntu over Windows OS.

Study of Ubuntu OS:

Many distributions are built on top of the open-source Linux operating system kernel. Canonical Ltd. created and maintains Ubuntu, one of the most well-liked and approachable Linux distributions.

Brief history of Ubuntu:

In October 2004, Mark Shuttleworth and his group published Ubuntu. It was created as an easier-to-use version of Debian to make Linux more user-friendly for regular users.

Ubuntu comes in a variety of variants to meet different purposes:

- Ubuntu Desktop is made for both home and business use.
- Ubuntu Server is designed for server environments.
- Ubuntu Core is made for embedded systems and the Internet of Things (IoT).
- Ubuntu Studio is designed for creating multimedia.

Features of Ubuntu:

Ubuntu offers several powerful features that makes it a great choice for users. Some of which are :-

- a) Open Source: Ubuntu is less expensive than proprietary operating systems like Windows since it is totally free to download.
- b) User-Friendly Interface: Ubuntu offers customers a simple GNOME desktop environment that is easy to use.
- c) Security & Stability: It is less susceptible to malware and virus attacks. Integrated firewall and security updates makes it more secure system.
- d) Frequent upgrades & Long-Term Support (LTS): To guarantee long-term usage and dependability, LTS versions receive security and maintenance upgrades for five years.
- e) Software Management: Snap & Flatpak are supported for simple software installation, and the Advanced Package Tool (APT) is used for package management.

Difference Between Ubuntu and Windows OS:

<u>Feature</u>	<u>Windows</u>	<u>Ubuntu</u>
1. Operating System	A closed-source operating system developed by Microsoft.	An open-source operating system based on the Linux kernel.
2. User Interface	GUI (Graphical User Interface) with a familiar Windows desktop experience.	GUI with various desktop environments (e.g., GNOME, Unity)
3. Software	Large selection of commercial and proprietary software available.	Vast collection of free and open-source software available.
4. Compatibility	Widely supported by software developers and hardware manufacturers.	Growing support, but some software and hardware may not be compatible.
5. Updates	Regular updates and patches released by Microsoft.	Frequent updates and patches through the Ubuntu package manager.
6. Customization	Limited customization options for appearance and functionality	High level of customization through various themes and extensions
7. Gaming	Extensive support for mainstream games and popular gaming platforms.	Growing support, with some popular games and platforms available
8. System Resources	Typically requires more system resources (RAM, CPU).	Generally lighter and more efficient, suitable for older hardware.
9. Support	Extensive documentation, user forums, and paid technical support options.	Active community support, forums, and official documentation.
10. Cost	Commercial licenses with different editions and price points.	Free to use and distribute, although commercial support is available.