

**VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL
UNIVERSITY**

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT

on

**Artificial Intelligence
(22CS5PCAIN)**

Submitted by

Varun S (1BM21CS238)

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

BENGALURU-560019

Nov-2023 to Feb-2024

**B. M. S. College of Engineering,
Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019**
(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)
Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "**Artificial Intelligence**" carried out by **Varun S (1BM21CS238)**, who is bonafide student of **B.M.S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the academic semester June-2023 to Sep-2023. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **Artificial Intelligence (22CS5PCAIN)** work prescribed for the said degree.

Sandhya A Kulkarni
Assistant Professor
Department of CSE
BMSCE, Bengaluru

Dr. Jyothi S Nayak
Professor and Head
Department of CSE
BMSCE, Bengaluru

Index Sheet

Sl. No.	Title	Page No.
1.	Tic Tac Toe	4-10
2.	8 Puzzle Breadth First Search Algorithm	11-14
3.	8 Puzzle Iterative Deepening Search Algorithm	15-17
4.	8 Puzzle A* Search Algorithm	18-21
5.	Vacuum Cleaner	22-27
6.	Knowledge Base Entailment	28-29
7.	Knowledge Base Resolution	30-33
8.	Unification	34-37
9.	FOL to CNF	38-39
10.	Forward reasoning	40-43

Course Outcome

CO1	Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.
CO2	Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.
CO3	Design a reasoning system for a given requirement.
CO4	Conduct practical experiments for demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing.

INDEX

Name VARUN.S

Sub. IBM21CS238

Std.: V sem

Div. D

Roll No.

Telephone No.

E-mail ID.

Blood Group.

Birth Day.

Sr.No.	Title	Date	Page No./Sign./Remarks
1.	8-puzzle	6/12	
2.	Tic - Tac - Toe	6/12	STK 6/12
3.	Vacuum Cleaner Agent	6/12	
4.	8-puzzle using iterative depth first search	13/12	STK 13/12
5.	8-puzzle using Best-first search and A* algorithm		
6.	Create knowledgebase using propositional logic and prove query entails knowledge base or not.	20/12	STK 20/12
7.	Create knowledgebase using propositional logic and prove using query	27/12	STK 27/12
8.	Implement unification in first order logic	10/01/2024	STK 10/01/2024
9.	Convert first Order Logic to CNF	17/01/2024	STK 17/01/2024
10.	Create a knowledgebase consisting of FOL statements and prove query using forward reasoning	24/01/2024	

8-puzzle

```
import heapq
```

```
class PuzzleState
```

```
def __init__(self, board, goal, moves=0):  
    self.board = board  
    self.goal = goal  
    self.moves = moves  
    self.priority = self.calculate_priority()
```

```
def __lt__(self, other):
```

```
    return self.priority < other.priority
```

```
def calculate_priority(self):
```

```
: return self.moves + self.manhattan_distance
```

```
def manhattan_distance(self):
```

```
    distance = 0
```

```
    for i in range(3):
```

```
        for j in range(3):
```

```
            value = self.board[i][j]
```

```
            if value != 0:
```

```
                goal_row, goal_col =
```

```
                divmod(self.goal_index[i], 3)
```

```
                distance += abs(i - goal_row)
```

```
                abs(j - goal_col)
```

```
return dis
```

```
return distance
```

2,0,F,A,(8,1,8,0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7)

2,0,F,A,(0,8,1,8,5,1,2,3,4,6,7,0)

(2,0,F,A,8,1,8,0,1,2)

(2,0,F,A,0,1,8,8,1,2)

ANSWER (2,0,F,A,(8,1,8,0,1,2))

```

def get_possible_moves(state):
    moves = []
    row, col = next((i, j) for i in range(3)
                    for j in range(3))
    if (state.board[i][j] == 0):
        for i, j in ((row-1, col), (row+1, col),
                      (row, col-1), (row, col+1)):
            if (0 <= i <= 3 and 0 <= j <= 3):
                new_board = [row][col]
                moves.append(puzzlestate(new_board[:],
                                          new_board[i][j]))
    return moves

```

```

def solve_puzzle(initial, goal):
    initial_state = PuzzleState(initial, goal)
    heap = [initial_state]
    visited = set()
    while (heap):
        current_state = heapq.heappop(heap)
        if (current_state.board == goal):
            return current_state.moves
        visited.add(tuple(map(tuple,
                               current_state.board)))
        for move in get_possible_moves(current_state):
            if tuple(map(tuple, move.board)) not in visited:
                heapq.heappush(heap, move)
    return None

```

Output: # succ: 2,0,3,1,8,4,7,6,5
target: 1,2,3,8,0,4,7,6,5

[2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5] success

Lab Program - 2

Tic-Tac-Toe

```
def print_board(board):
    for row in board:
        print(" ".join(row))
        print("-" * 9)

def check_winner(board_player):
    for i in range(3):
        if all(board[i][j] == player for j in range(3)) or
            all(board[i][j] == player for j in range(3)):
            return True
        if all(board[i][j] == player for j in range(3)) or
            all(board[i][2-i] == player for i in range(3)):
            return True
    return False
```

```
def get_move():
    while True:
        try:
            move = int(input("Enter your move(1-9)"))
            if 1 <= move <= 9:
                return move
        else:
            print("invalid move")
    except ValueError:
        print("Invalid")
```

```
def Tic-Tac-Toe:  
    board = [[ " " for _ in range(3) ]  
             for _ in range(3)]  
    current_player = "X"  
    while True:  
        print_board(board)  
        move = get_move()  
        row, col = (move - 1) // 3, (move - 1) % 3  
  
        if board[row][col] == " ":  
            board[row][col] = current_player  
  
            if check_winner(board, current_player):  
                print_board(board)  
                print("Player 1 wins")  
            else:  
                print("Invalid move")  
        else:  
            print("Cell already occupied")
```

Output

enter your move (1-9)

X | | X | | X | |

| | O | X | | O | X |

| | O | | | O | | X |

Player 1 wins

X | | X | | X | |

O | | O | | O | X |

| | O | | | O | | X |

Player 2 wins

Vacuum Cleaner agent

```
def vacuum_world():
```

```
    goal_state = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
```

```
    cost = 0
```

```
    location_input = input("Enter location")
```

```
    status_input = input("Enter status of " + location_input)
```

```
    status_input_complement = input("Enter status of other room")
```

```
    if location_input == 'A':
```

```
        print("Vacuum in location A")
```

```
        if status_input == '1':
```

```
            print("Location A is dirty.")
```

```
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
```

```
            cost += 1
```

```
            print("cost for cleaning A" + str(cost))
```

```
            print("Location A has been cleaned")
```

```
    if status_input_complement == '1':
```

~~```
 print("Loc. B is dirty")
```~~~~```
        print("Moving right to loc B")
```~~~~```
 cost += 1
```~~~~```
        print("cost for moving right" + str(cost))
```~~

```
        goal_state['B'] = '0'
```

```
        cost += 1
```

```
        print("cost for suck" + str(cost))
```

```
        print("Location B has been cleaned")
```

```
if status-input == 'D':  
    print("Loc A is already cleaned")  
    if status-input-complement == '1':  
        print("Loc B is Dirty")  
        print("Moving right to location B")  
        cost += 1  
        goal-state['B'] = 'D'  
        cost += 1  
        print("cost for suck" + str(cost))  
        print("Loc B has been cleaned")  
    else  
        print("No action" + str(cost))  
        print(cost)  
        print("Location B is already cleaned")  
  
else  
    print("Vacuum is placed in Loc B")  
    if status-input == '1':  
        print("Location B is dirty")  
        goal-state['B'] = 'D'  
        cost += 1  
        print("cost for cleaning" + str(cost))  
        print("Loc B has been cleaned")  
    if status-input-complement == '1'  
        print("Loc A is dirty")  
        print("Moving Left to LocA")  
        cost += 1  
        print("cost for moving LEFT" +  
              str(cost))  
        print("Loc A has been cleaned")
```

else :

```
    print(cost)
    print("Loc B is already cleaned")
    if status.input-complement='1':
        print("Location A is dirty")
        print("Moving left to Loc A")
        cost += 1
        print("Cost for moving left "+str(cost))
```

goal-state['A'] = '0'

cost += 1

```
    print("Cost = "+str(cost)+" Loc A cleaned")
```

else:

```
    print("No action "+str(cost))
```

```
    print("Location A is already clean.")
```

print ("Goal-state :")

~~print ("goal-state")~~

~~print ("performance measurement : "+str(cost))~~

vacuum-world()

Output:

Enter loc of vacuum A

Enter state of A: 1

Enter state of other room: 0

Initial ('A': '0', 'B': '1')

loc A is dirty

cost for cleaning A: 1

Loc B is already clean

Goal state:

{'A': '0', 'B': '1'}

performance measurement = 1

Week-4

Week-4
A puzzle problem with iterative deepening search

```
def iterative_deepening_search(src, target):  
    depth_limit = 0;  
    while True:
```

if result not None:

```
print ("Success");
```

return ~~for~~^{as} ~~to~~ⁱⁿ ~~the~~^{the}

depth_limit += 1

if depth_limit > 30:

```
print("Solution not found within limit")
```

- $\text{src} == \text{target}$

print-state(src)

return src

if depth_limit == 0;

return None

visited-states: ~~append~~(src)

~~to possess~~ means to have

poss. moves: to-do = possible_moves (src,

-for moves in poss-moves-to-do:

if move not in visited - state

print-state (move)

result: depth-limited search

~~n-limited-search~~
(more, target, depth-limit-1,
visited-state)

```

if result is not None:
    return result
return None

```

```

def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
    b = state_index[0]
    d = []
    if b not in [0, 1, 2]:
        d.append('u')
    if b not in [6, 7, 8]:
        d.append('d')
    if b not in [0, 3, 6]:
        d.append('l')
    if b not in [2, 5, 8]:
        d.append('r')

```

pos-moves-it-cam = []

for i in d:

pos-moves-it-cam.append (gen(state, i, b))
 return [move-it-cam for move-it-cam in
 pos-moves-it-cam if move-it-cam
 not in visited-states]

def gen(state, m, b):

temp = state.copy()

if m == 'd':
 temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]

elif m == 'u':
 temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]

elif m == 'r':
 temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]

return temp

(5)

```
def print_state(state):
    print(f"\{state[0]\} {state[1]\} {state[2]\}
          \{state[3]\} {state[4]\} {state[5]\}
          \{state[6]\} {state[7]\} {state[8]\}\n")
```

src = [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]

target = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]

iterative-deepening-search(src, target)

Output:

| | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 0 2 3 | 1 2 3 | 0 2 3 |
| 1 4 5 | 4 0 5 | 1 4 5 |
| 6 7 8 | 6 7 8 | 6 7 8 |

| | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2 0 3 | 1 2 3 | 1 2 3 | 1 0 3 |
| 1 4 5 | 6 4 5 | 6 4 5 | 4 2 5 |
| 6 7 8 | 0 7 8 | 7 0 8 | 6 7 8 |

| | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 1 0 3 | 1 2 3 | 1 2 3 |
| 4 2 5 | 4 7 5 | 4 5 0 |
| 6 7 8 | 6 0 8 | 6 7 8 |

~~(*)~~ ~~8~~ ~~8~~ success
solution found

Week-5

8 puzzle using best first search.

input queue as Q

```
import goal = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 0]]  
def isgoal(state):  
    return state == goal.
```

```
def heuristicvalue(state):
```

cnt = 0

```
for i in range(len(goal)):
```

```
    for j in range(len(goal[i])):
```

```
        if goal[i][j] != state[i][j]:
```

cnt += 1

```
return cnt
```

```
def getcoordinates(currentstate):
```

```
for i in range(len(goal)):
```

```
    for j in range(len(goal[i])):
```

```
        if currentstate[i][j] == 0:
```

```
            return (i, j)
```

```
def isvalid(i, j) → bool:
```

```
return 0 ≤ i ≤ 3 and 0 ≤ j ≤ 3
```

```
def BFS(state, goal) → int:
```

visited = set()

```
pq = Q.PriorityQueue()
```

```
pq.put((HeuristicValue(state), 0, state))
```

```
while not pq.empty():
```

```
    moves, current_state = pq.get()
```

if current state == goal:
 return moves

if tuple(map(tuple, currentstate)):
 i, j = coordinates[0], coordinates[1]
 return moves.

if tuple(map(tuple, currentstate)) in visited:
 continue.

for dx, dy in [(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)]:

 new_i, new_j = i + dx, j + dy

 if isvalid(new_i, new_j):

 new_state[row[i]] for row in
 currentstate)

 new_state[i][j], new_state[new_i][new_j]

=

 new_state[new_i][new_j], new_state[i][j]

state = [1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]

state = [1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 0, 8]

moves = BFS(state, goal)

if moves == -1:

 print("No way to reach given state")

else

 print("Reached in " + str(moves) + " moves")

Output:

Reached in 1 moves.

A* algorithm

```
import queue as Q
goal = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 0]]
def isgoal(state):
    return state == goal

def Heuristic Value(state):
    cnt = 0
    for i in range(len(goal)):
        for j in range(len(goal[i])):
            if goal[i][j] != state[i][j]:
                cnt += 1
    return cnt

def getCoordinates(currentstate):
    for i in range(len(goal)):
        for j in range(len(goal[i])):
            if currentstate[i][j] == 0:
                return (i, j)

def isValid(i, j) → bool:
    return 0 ≤ i ≤ 3 and 0 ≤ j ≤ 3

# def A_star((state, goal) → int:
#     visited = set()
#     pq = Q.PriorityQueue()
#     pq.print((Heuristic value(state), 0, state))
#
#     while not pq.empty():
#         moves, currentState = pq.get()
#         if currentState == goal
#             return moves
```

for dx, dy in [(0,1) (0,-1) (1,0) (-1,0)]
new-i, new-j = i+dx, j+dy
if isValid (new-i, new-j):
 new-state = [row[i] for row in
 currentstate]

 new-state[i][j], new-state[new-i][new-j]
= new-state[new-i][new-j], new-state[i][j]

if tuple(map(tuple, new-state)) not in visited:
 pq.print ((Heuristicvalues(new-state)
 + moves, moves + 1,
 new-state))

if new-state == goal:
 print (new-state)

return -1

states = [[1,2,3], [4,0,5], [6,7,8]]

moves = A-star (state, goal)

if moves == -1;

 print ("No way to reach")
else:

 print ("Reach in " + str(moves) + " moves")

Output:

Reach in 1 moves

13/11/23

Week-#6

Code: Create knowledgebase using propositional logic and show query entails knowledge base

def evaluate-first(premise, conclusion):

models = [

```
{
    'p': False, 'q': False, 'r': False },
    {'p': False, 'q': False, 'r': True },
    {'p': False, 'q': True, 'r': False },
    {'p': False, 'q': True, 'r': True },
    {'p': True, 'q': False, 'r': False },
    {'p': True, 'q': False, 'r': True },
    {'p': True, 'q': True, 'r': False },
    {'p': True, 'q': True, 'r': True }
]
```

entails = True

for model in models:

if evaluate-expression(premise, model) == evaluate-expression(conclusion, model):

entails = True

break

return entails

def evaluate-second(premise, conclusion):

models = [

```
{'p': p, 'q': q, 'r': r}
```

for p in [True, False]

for q in [True, False]

for r in [True, False]

]

entails = all (evaluate-expression(premise, model))
for model in models if
if evaluate-expression(conclusion, model)
and evaluate-expression(premise, model)
return entails

```
def evaluate-expression(expression, model):  
    if isinstance(expression, str):  
        return model.get(expression, str)  
    elif isinstance(expression, tuple):  
        op = expression[0]  
        if op == 'not':  
            return not evaluate-expression(expression[1], model)  
        elif op == 'and':  
            return evaluate-expression(expression[1], model) and  
                evaluate-expression(expression[2], model)  
        elif op == 'if':  
            return (not evaluate-expression(expression[2], model)) or  
                evaluate-expression(expression[1], model)  
        elif op == 'or':  
            return evaluate-expression(expression[1], model) or  
                evaluate-expression(expression[2], model)
```

first-premise = ('and', ('or', 'p', 'q'), ('or', ('not', 'g'), 'p'))

first-conclusion = ('and', 'p', 'g')

second-premise = ('and', ('or', ('not', 'q'), ('not', 'p'), 'g'), ('and', ('not', 'q'), 'p'), 'q'))

second-conclusion = 'g'

result-first = evaluate-first(first-premise,
first-conclusion)

result-second = evaluate-second(second-premise,
second-conclusion)

If result-first

print("For the first input: The
knowledge base entails query")

else

print("For first input: knowledge base
does not entail query")

~~Output:~~

For first input: knowledge base does
not entail query

For second input: knowledge base entails
query.

27-12-2023

Week-7

Week-7
Create knowledgebase using propositional logic
import re prove propositional logic using
query

```
import ...  
def main(rules, goal):
```

```
rules = rules.split(',')
```

steps = resolve (rules, goal)

```
print('In step |t| clause |t| Derivation |t|')
```

```
print ('-' * 30)
```

i = 1

for step in steps:

```
print(f'{i}, {t}, {step}, {steps[step]}, {t'})  
(+=)
```

L+ = 1

def negate(term):

return f'~(term)' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

def reverse(clause):

if $\text{den}(\text{clause}) > 2$:

$t = \text{split-terms}(\text{clause})$

return f'[{t[1]}] ∨ {t[0]}

return ''

def split-terms(rule):

$$\exp = 'N * [PQRS]'$$

~~terms = re.findall(exp, rule)~~

return terms

split-terms ('NPVR')

('NP', 'R')

def contradiction(goal, clause):

contradiction (goal, cause):
contradictions = $\{f' \{goal\}\} \vee \{\negate(goal)\}$
 $f' \{\negate(goal)\} \vee \{goal\}$

return clause in contradictions,

or

reverse (clause) in contradictions

```

def resolve(rules, goal):
    temp = rules.copy()
    temp += [negate(goal)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given'
    steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion'
    i = 0
    while i < len(temp):
        n = len(temp)
        j = (i + 1) % n
        clauses = []
        while j != i:
            terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
            terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
            for c in terms1:
                if negate(c) in terms2:
                    t1 = [t for t in terms1 if t != c]
                    t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                    gen = t1 + t2
                    if len(gen) == 2:
                        if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                            clauses += [f'{gen[0]} \vee {gen[1]}']
        else:
            if contradiction:
                (goal, f'{gen[0]} \vee {gen[1]}' )

```

continued.

→ $\text{temp.append}(\{\text{f}' \& \text{gen}[0]\}, \vee \{\text{gen}[1]\})$
 $\text{steps}[''] = \text{f}'' \text{Resolved} \{ \text{temp}[i] \} \text{ and } \text{temp}[j]$
 to $\text{temp}[-1]$, which is in turn
 null. A contradiction is
 found when $\neg \text{negate(goal)}$ is
 assumed as true. Hence
 $\{\text{goal}\}$ is true."

return steps

elif $\text{len}(\text{gen}) == 1$:

$\text{clauses} += [\text{f}' \& \text{gen}[0]]$

else:

if contradiction(goal, $\{\text{f}' \& \text{terms}[0]\} \vee \{\text{terms}[2]\}$)

$\text{temp.append}(\{\text{f}' \& \text{terms}[0]\}, \vee \{\text{terms}[0]\})$

$\text{steps}[''] = \text{f}'' \text{Resolved} \{ \text{temp}[i] \} \text{ and }$

$\{\text{temp}[j]\}$ to $\text{temp}[-1]$,

which is in turn null,

A contradiction is found

when $\neg \text{negate(goal)}$ is

assumed as true. Hence

$\{\text{goal}\}$ is true."

return steps

$j = (j+1) \mod n$

$i += 1$

return steps

rules = 'RVNP RVNQ NRVP NRVQ'

goal = 'R'

main(rules, goal)

rules = 'PNQ & PVR NQVR'

goal = 'R'

main(rules, goal)

rules = 'PvQ PvR PvR N PvR RvS RvNQ NsvNQ'

main(rules, 'R')

Output:

| Step | Clause | Derivation |
|------|--------|--|
| 1. | RVNP | Given. |
| 2. | RVNQ | Given. |
| 3. | NRVP | Given. |
| 4. | NRVQ | Given. |
| 5. | NR | Negated Conclusion |
| 6. | | Resolved RVNP and RVN.
NRVP to RVNR, which
is in turn null |

A contradiction is found when NR is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

| Step | Clause | Derivation |
|------|--------|---|
| 1. | PVQ | Given. |
| 2. | NPVR | Given. |
| 3. | NQVR | Given. |
| 4. | NR | Negated Conclusion |
| 5. | QVR | Res. from PVQ and NPVR |
| 6. | PVR | Res. from PVQ and NQVR |
| 7. | NP | Res. from NPVR and NR |
| 8. | NQ | Res. from NQVR and NR |
| 9. | Q | Res. from NR and QVR |
| 10. | P | Res. from NR and PVR |
| 11. | R | Res. from QVR and NQ |
| 12. | | Res. from R and NR to
RVNR, which is in
turn null |

A contradiction is found when NR is assumed as true. Hence R is true.

Week-8

Implement unification in first order logic.

Code:

```

def unify(expr1, expr2):
    func1, args1 = expr1.split('(')
    func2, args2 = expr2.split('(', 1)

    if func1 != func2:
        print("Expressions cannot be unified by different functions")
        return None

    args1 = args1.rstrip(')').split(',')
    args2 = args2.rstrip(')').split(',')
    substitution = {}

    for a1, a2 in zip(args1, args2):
        if a1.islower() and a2.islower() and a1 == a2:
            substitution[a1] = a2
        elif a1.islower():
            substitution[a1] = a2
        elif a2.islower():
            substitution[a2] = a1
        else:
            print("Incompatible arguments")
            return None

    return substitution

def apply_substitution(expr, substitution):
    for key, value in substitution.items():
        expr = expr.replace(key, value)
    return expr

```

```
if --name-- == "main":  
    expr1 = input("Enter first expression")  
    expr2 = input("Enter Second expression")
```

substitution = unify(expr1, expr2)

if substitution:

```
    print("The substitutions are:")  
    for key, value in substitution.items():  
        print(f'{key}: {value}')
```

```
expr1_result = apply-substitution(expr1, substitution)  
expr2_result = apply-substitution(expr2, substitution)
```

```
print("Unified expression 1: ", expr1_result)  
print("Unified expression 2: ", expr2_result)
```

Output:

Enter the first expression : knows(John, x)

Enter the second expression: knows(y, mother(y))

The substitutions are:

y : John

x : mother(y)

Unified expression 1: knows(John, mother(y))

Unified expression 2: knows(John, mother(John))

9/10/24

Week-9

First Order Logic to CNF:

Code:

```
def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-zA-Z]+\\([A-Za-z]+\\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
def SKolemization(statement):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = f'{chr(c)}' for c in
    range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)
    matches = re.findall('(\exists)', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, '')
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
            attribute = getAttributes(predicate)
            if ''.join(attribute).islower():
                statement = statement.replace(
                    match[1], SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
    return statement
```

import re

```
def fol_to_cnf(fol):
    statement = fol.replace("=>", "-")
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for i, s in enumerate(statements):
        if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
            statements[i] += ']'
```

for s in statements:

statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))

while '-' in statement:

i = statement.index('-')

br = statement.index('C') if 'C' in statement
else 0

new_statement = 'v' + statement[br:i]
+ 'l' + statement[i+1:]

statement = statement[:br] +
new_statement if br > 0
else new_statement

return Skolemization(statement)

print(fol_to_cnf("bird(x) -> v fly(x)"))

print(fol_to_cnf("Ex [bird(x) -> v fly(x)]"))

~~Output:~~

v bird(x) | v fly(x)

[v bird(A) | v fly(A)]

ST
1/1/24

Week-10

Create a knowledgebase consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

#Code :

```
import re
def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and
           x.isalpha()
```

```
def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return matches
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '([a-zA-Z]+)\([^\)]+\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)
```

class Fact:

```
def __init__(self, expression):
```

```
    self.expression = expression
```

```
    predicate, params = self.splitExpression
                           (expression)
```

```
    self.predicate = predicate
```

```
    self.params = params
```

```
    self.result = any(self.getConstants())
```

```
def splitExpression(self, expression):
    predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
    params = getAttributes(expression)[0].
        strip('()').split(',')
    return [predicate, params]
```

```
def getResult(self):
    return self.result
```

```
def getConstants(self):
    return [v if None if isVariable(c) else c
            for c in self.params]
```

```
def getVariables(self):
    return [v if isVariable(v) else None for
            v in self.params]
```

```
def substitute(self, constants):
    c = constants.copy()
    f = f"{{self.predicate}}({{', '.join
        ([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p)
            else p for p in self.params])}})"
    return Fact(f)
```

Class Implication:

```
def __init__(self, expression):
    self.expression = expression
    l = expression.split("=>")
    self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
    self.rhs = Fact(l[1])
```

```

def evaluate(self, facts):
    constants = {}
    new_lhs = []
    for fact in facts:
        for val in self.lhs:
            if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                for i, v in enumerate(val.getVars()):
                    if v:
                        constants[v] = fact.getConstants()
                new_lhs.append(fact)
    predicate, attributes =
        getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0]
    str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression))

```

```

for key in constants:
    if constants[key]:
        attributes = attributes.replace(key,
                                         constants[key])
expr =
expr = f'{predicate}{attributes}'
return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and
all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs])
else None

```

Class KB:

```

def __init__(self):
    self.facts = set()
    self.implications = set()

```

```

def tell(self, e):
    if '=' in e:
        self.implications.add(implications(e))

```

else:

```
    self.facts.add(Fact(e))
for i in self.implications:
    res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
    if res:
        self факт.add(res)
```

def query(self, e)

```
facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
i = 1
```

print(f'Querying {e}')

for f in facts:

if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:

print(f'\t{i}. {f}'')

i += 1

def display(self):

print("All facts:")

for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):

print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}'')

Kb = KB()

Kb. tell('king(x) & greedy(x) => evil(x)')

Kb. tell(king(John))

Kb. tell(greedy(John))

Kb. tell(king(Richard))

Kb. tell(king(Sushanth))

Kb. tell(greedy(Sushanth))

Kb. query('evil(x)')

Kb. display()

P.T.O.

Output:

Querying $\text{evil}(x)$:

1. $\text{evil}(\text{sushanth})$
2. $\text{evil}(\text{John})$

All facts:

1. $\text{evil}(\text{sushanth})$
2. $\text{greedy}(\text{sushanth})$
3. $\text{Ring}(\text{John})$
4. $\text{evil}(\text{John})$
5. $\text{Ring}(\text{Richard})$
6. $\text{Ring}(\text{sushanth})$
7. $\text{greedy}(\text{John})$

1.TIC-TAC-TOE

```
def printBoard(board):
    print(board[1] + '|' + board[2] + '|' + board[3])
    print('+-+-+')
    print(board[4] + '|' + board[5] + '|' + board[6])
    print('+-+-+')
    print(board[7] + '|' + board[8] + '|' + board[9])
    print("\n")
def spaceIsFree(position):
    if board[position] == ' ':
        return True
    else:
        return False
def insertLetter(letter, position):
    if spaceIsFree(position):
        board[position] = letter
        printBoard(board)
        if (checkDraw()):
            print("Draw!")
            exit()
        if checkForWin():
            if letter == 'X':
                print("Bot wins!")
                exit()
            else:
                print("Player wins!")
                exit()
        return
    else:
        print("Position already filled")
```

```

print("Can't insert there!")

position = int(input("Please enter new position: "))

insertLetter(letter, position)

return

def checkForWin():

    if (board[1] == board[2] and board[1] == board[3] and board[1] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[4] == board[5] and board[4] == board[6] and board[4] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[7] == board[8] and board[7] == board[9] and board[7] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[1] == board[4] and board[1] == board[7] and board[1] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[2] == board[5] and board[2] == board[8] and board[2] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[3] == board[6] and board[3] == board[9] and board[3] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[1] == board[5] and board[1] == board[9] and board[1] != ' '):

        return True

    elif (board[7] == board[5] and board[7] == board[3] and board[7] != ' '):

        return True

    else:

        return False

def checkWhichMarkWon(mark):

    if board[1] == board[2] and board[1] == board[3] and board[1] == mark:

        return True

    elif (board[4] == board[5] and board[4] == board[6] and board[4] == mark):

        return True

    elif (board[7] == board[8] and board[7] == board[9] and board[7] == mark):

        return True

```

```

        elif (board[1] == board[4] and board[1] == board[7] and board[1] == mark):
            return True

        elif (board[2] == board[5] and board[2] == board[8] and board[2] == mark):
            return True

        elif (board[3] == board[6] and board[3] == board[9] and board[3] == mark):
            return True

        elif (board[1] == board[5] and board[1] == board[9] and board[1] == mark):
            return True

        elif (board[7] == board[5] and board[7] == board[3] and board[7] == mark):
            return True

        else:
            return False

    def checkDraw():
        for key in board.keys():
            if (board[key] == ' '):
                return False
        return True

    def playerMove():
        position = int(input("Enter the position for 'O': "))
        insertLetter(player, position)
        return

    def compMove():
        bestScore = -800
        bestMove = 0

        for key in board.keys():
            if (board[key] == ' '):
                board[key] = bot
                score = minimax(board, 0, False)
                board[key] = ' '
                if (score > bestScore):

```

```
bestScore = score
bestMove = key
insertLetter(bot, bestMove)
return

def minimax(board, depth, isMaximizing):
    if (checkWhichMarkWon(bot)):
        return 1
    elif (checkWhichMarkWon(player)):
        return -1
    elif (checkDraw()):
        return 0
    if (isMaximizing):
        bestScore = -800
        for key in board.keys():
            if (board[key] == ' '):
                board[key] = bot
                score = minimax(board, depth + 1, False)
                board[key] = ''
                if (score > bestScore):
                    bestScore = score
        return bestScore
    else:
        bestScore = 800
        for key in board.keys():
            if (board[key] == ' '):
                board[key] = player
                score = minimax(board, depth + 1, True)
                board[key] = ''
                if (score < bestScore):
                    bestScore = score
    return bestScore
```

```
return bestScore

board = {1: '', 2: '', 3: '',
4: '', 5: '', 6: '',
7: '', 8: '', 9: ''}

printBoard(board)

print("Computer goes first! Good luck.")

print("Positions are as follow:")

print("1, 2, 3 ")

print("4, 5, 6 ")

print("7, 8, 9 ")

print("\n")

player = 'O'

bot = 'X'

global firstComputerMove

firstComputerMove = True

while not checkForWin():

    compMove()

    playerMove()
```

OUTPUT

```
| |
+-+-
| |
+-+-
| |

Computer goes first! Good luck.
Positions are as follow:
1, 2, 3
4, 5, 6
7, 8, 9

X| |
+-+-
| |
+-+-
| |

Enter the position for 'O': 7
X| |
+-+-
| |
+-+-
O| |

X|X|
+-+-
| |
+-+-
O| |
```

```
Enter the position for 'O': 3
```

```
X|X|O  
-+-+  
| |  
-+-+  
O| |
```

```
X|X|O  
-+-+  
|X|  
-+-+  
O| |
```

```
Enter the position for 'O': 8
```

```
X|X|O  
-+-+  
|X|  
-+-+  
O|O|
```

```
X|X|O  
-+-+  
|X|  
-+-+  
O|O|X
```

```
Bot wins!
```

2. 8 Puzzle

(bfs)

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import os

def bfs(src,target):
    queue = []
    queue.append(src)

    exp = []

    while len(queue) > 0:
        source = queue.pop(0)
        exp.append(source)

        print(source)

        if source==target:
            print("success")
            return

    poss_moves_to_do = []
    poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source,exp)

    for move in poss_moves_to_do:

        if move not in exp and move not in queue:
            queue.append(move)
```

```

def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
    #index of empty spot
    b = state.index(-1)

    #directions array
    d = []
    #Add all the possible directions

    if b not in [-1,1,2]:
        d.append('u')
    if b not in [6,7,8]:
        d.append('d')
    if b not in [-1,3,6]:
        d.append('l')
    if b not in [2,5,8]:
        d.append('r')

    # If direction is possible then add state to move
    pos_moves_it_can = []

    # for all possible directions find the state if that move is played
    ### Jump to gen function to generate all possible moves in the given
    directions

    for i in d:
        pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state,i,b))

    return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can
not in visited_states]

def gen(state, m, b):

```

```

temp = state.copy()

if m=='d':
    temp[b+3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+3]

if m=='u':
    temp[b-3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-3]

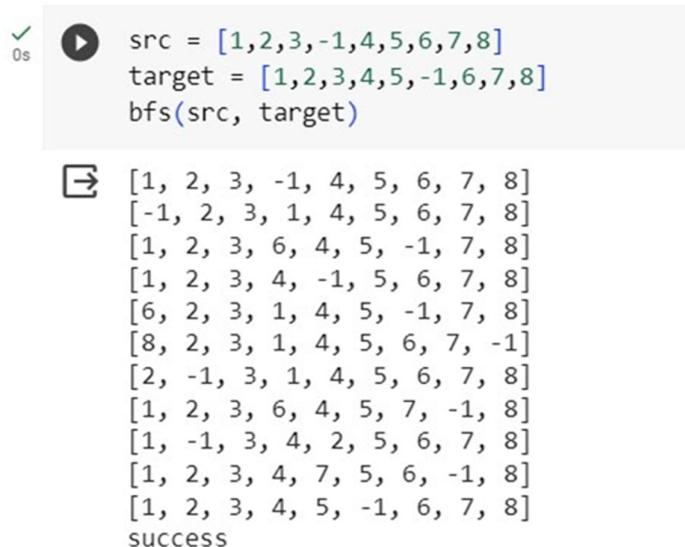
if m=='l':
    temp[b-1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-1]

if m=='r':
    temp[b+1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+1]

# return new state with tested move to later check if "src == target"
return temp

```

OUTPUT



```

✓ 0s ➜ src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
    target = [1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]
    bfs(src, target)

[→] [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [-1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 4, -1, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [6, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
     [8, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, -1]
     [2, -1, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 7, -1, 8]
     [1, -1, 3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 5, 6, -1, 8]
     [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 6, 7, 8]
success

```

✓ 0s ⏴ src = [2,-1,3,1,8,4,7,6,5]
target = [1,2,3,8,-1,4,7,6,5]
bfs(src, target)

➡ [2, -1, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[-1, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, -1, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, -1, 5]
[2, 8, 3, -1, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, -1, 7, 6, 5]
[7, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, -1, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, -1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[5, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, -1]
[2, 3, 4, 1, 8, -1, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, -1, 7, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 5, -1]
[-1, 8, 3, 2, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 7, 1, 4, -1, 6, 5]
[2, 8, -1, 1, 4, 3, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 6, -1]
[7, 2, 3, -1, 8, 4, 1, 6, 5]
[7, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 6, -1, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 4, -1, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 8, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
success

3. Implement Iterative deepening search algorithm

```
def dfs(src,target,limit,visited_states):  
    if src == target:  
        return True  
    if limit <= 0:  
        return False  
    visited_states.append(src)  
    moves = possible_moves(src,visited_states)  
    for move in moves:  
        if dfs(move, target, limit-1, visited_states):  
            return True  
    return False  
  
def possible_moves(state,visited_states):  
    b = state.index(-1)  
    d = []  
    if b not in [0,1,2]:  
        d += 'u'  
    if b not in [6,7,8]:  
        d += 'd'  
    if b not in [2,5,8]:  
        d += 'r'  
    if b not in [0,3,6]:  
        d += 'l'  
    pos_moves = []  
    for move in d:  
        pos_moves.append(gen(state,move,b))  
    return [move for move in pos_moves if move not in visited_states]
```

```

def gen(state, move, blank):
    temp = state.copy()
    if move == 'u':
        temp[blank-3], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank-3]
    if move == 'd':
        temp[blank+3], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank+3]
    if move == 'r':
        temp[blank+1], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank+1]
    if move == 'l':
        temp[blank-1], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank-1]
    return temp

```

```

def iddfs(src,target,depth):
    for i in range(depth):
        visited_states = []
        if dfs(src,target,i+1,visited_states):
            return True
    return False

```

```

src = []
target=[]
n = int(input("Enter number of elements : "))
print("Enter source elements")
for i in range(0, n):
    ele = int(input())
    src.append(ele)
print("Enter target elements")
for i in range(0, n):
    ele = int(input())
    target.append(ele)

```

```
depth=8  
iddfs(src, target,depth)
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter number of elements : 9  
Enter source elements  
1  
2  
3  
-1  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
Enter target elements  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
-1  
6  
7  
8  
True
```

4. 8 Puzzle A* Search Algorithm

```
class Node:  
    def __init__(self, data, level, fval):  
        # Initialize the node with the data ,level of the node and the calculated fvalue  
        self.data = data  
        self.level = level  
        self.fval = fval  
  
    def generate_child(self):  
        # Generate child nodes from the given node by moving the blank space  
        # either in the four direction {up,down,left,right}  
        x, y = self.find(self.data, '_')  
        # val_list contains position values for moving the blank space in either of  
        # the 4 direction [up,down,left,right] respectively.  
        val_list = [[x, y - 1], [x, y + 1], [x - 1, y], [x + 1, y]]  
        children = []  
        for i in val_list:  
            child = self.shuffle(self.data, x, y, i[0], i[1])  
            if child is not None:  
                child_node = Node(child, self.level + 1, 0)  
                children.append(child_node)  
        return children  
  
    def shuffle(self, puz, x1, y1, x2, y2):  
        # Move the blank space in the given direction and if the position value are out  
        # of limits the return None  
        if x2 >= 0 and x2 < len(self.data) and y2 >= 0 and y2 < len(self.data):  
            temp_puz = []  
            temp_puz = self.copy(puz)  
            temp = temp_puz[x2][y2]
```

```

temp_puz[x2][y2] = temp_puz[x1][y1]
temp_puz[x1][y1] = temp
return temp_puz

else:
    return None

def copy(self, root):
    # copy function to create a similar matrix of the given node
    temp = []
    for i in root:
        t = []
        for j in i:
            t.append(j)
        temp.append(t)
    return temp

def find(self, puz, x):
    # Specifically used to find the position of the blank space
    for i in range(0, len(self.data)):
        for j in range(0, len(self.data)):
            if puz[i][j] == x:
                return i, j

class Puzzle:
    def __init__(self, size):
        # Initialize the puzzle size by the the specified size,open and closed lists to empty
        self.n = size
        self.open = []
        self.closed = []

```

```

def accept(self):
    # Accepts the puzzle from the user
    puz = []
    for i in range(0, self.n):
        temp = input().split(" ")
        puz.append(temp)
    return puz

def f(self, start, goal):
    # Heuristic function to calculate Heuristic value f(x) = h(x) + g(x)
    return self.h(start.data, goal) + start.level

def h(self, start, goal):
    # Calculates the difference between the given puzzles
    temp = 0
    for i in range(0, self.n):
        for j in range(0, self.n):
            if start[i][j] != goal[i][j] and start[i][j] != '_':
                temp += 1
    return temp

def process(self):
    # Accept Start and Goal Puzzle state
    print("enter the start state matrix \n")
    start = self.accept()
    print("enter the goal state matrix \n")
    goal = self.accept()
    start = Node(start, 0, 0)
    start.fval = self.f(start, goal)

```

```

# put the start node in the open list
self.open.append(start)
print("\n\n")
while True:
    cur = self.open[0]
    print("=====\n")
    for i in cur.data:
        for j in i:
            print(j, end=" ")
        print("")
    # if the difference between current and goal node is 0 we have reached the goal node
    if (self.h(cur.data, goal) == 0):
        break
    for i in cur.generate_child():
        i.fval = self.f(i, goal)
        self.open.append(i)
    self.closed.append(cur)
    del self.open[0]
    # sort the open list based on f value
    self.open.sort(key=lambda x: x.fval, reverse=False)
puz = Puzzle(3)
puz.process()

```

OUTPUT

```
▶ enter the start state matrix
⇒ 1 2 3
   - 4 6
   7 5 8
enter the goal state matrix

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 -

=====
1 2 3
- 4 6
7 5 8
=====

1 2 3
4 - 6
7 5 8
=====

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 - 8
=====

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 -
```

5.Vacuum cleaner

```
def vacuum_world():

    # initializing goal_state
    # 0 indicates Clean and 1 indicates Dirty
    goal_state = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
    cost = 0

    location_input = input("Enter Location of Vacuum") #user_input of location vacuum is placed
    status_input = input("Enter status of " + location_input) #user_input if location is dirty or clean
    status_input_complement = input("Enter status of other room")
    print("Initial Location Condition" + str(goal_state))

    if location_input == 'A':
        # Location A is Dirty.
        print("Vacuum is placed in Location A")
        if status_input == '1':
            print("Location A is Dirty.")
            # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1           #cost for suck
            print("Cost for CLEANING A " + str(cost))
            print("Location A has been Cleaned.")

        if status_input_complement == '1':
            # if B is Dirty
            print("Location B is Dirty.")
            print("Moving right to the Location B. ")
            cost += 1           #cost for moving right
            print("COST for moving RIGHT" + str(cost))
            # suck the dirt and mark it as clean

    
```

```

goal_state['B'] = '0'

cost += 1           #cost for suck
print("COST for SUCK " + str(cost))
print("Location B has been Cleaned. ")

else:

    print("No action" + str(cost))

    # suck and mark clean
    print("Location B is already clean.")

if status_input == '0':

    print("Location A is already clean ")

    if status_input_complement == '1':# if B is Dirty

        print("Location B is Dirty.")

        print("Moving RIGHT to the Location B. ")

        cost += 1           #cost for moving right
        print("COST for moving RIGHT " + str(cost))

        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean

        goal_state['B'] = '0'

        cost += 1           #cost for suck
        print("Cost for SUCK" + str(cost))

        print("Location B has been Cleaned. ")

    else:

        print("No action " + str(cost))

        print(cost)

        # suck and mark clean
        print("Location B is already clean.")

else:

    print("Vacuum is placed in location B")

    # Location B is Dirty.

```

```

if status_input == '1':
    print("Location B is Dirty.")

    # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
    goal_state['B'] = '0'
    cost += 1 # cost for suck

    print("COST for CLEANING " + str(cost))
    print("Location B has been Cleaned.")


if status_input_complement == '1':
    # if A is Dirty
    print("Location A is Dirty.")

    print("Moving LEFT to the Location A. ")
    cost += 1 # cost for moving right

    print("COST for moving LEFT" + str(cost))

    # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
    goal_state['A'] = '0'
    cost += 1 # cost for suck

    print("COST for SUCK " + str(cost))
    print("Location A has been Cleaned.")


else:
    print(cost)
    # suck and mark clean
    print("Location B is already clean.")


if status_input_complement == '1': # if A is Dirty
    print("Location A is Dirty.")

    print("Moving LEFT to the Location A. ")
    cost += 1 # cost for moving right

    print("COST for moving LEFT " + str(cost))

```

```

# suck the dirt and mark it as clean
goal_state['A'] = '0'
cost += 1 # cost for suck
print("Cost for SUCK " + str(cost))
print("Location A has been Cleaned. ")

else:
    print("No action " + str(cost))
    # suck and mark clean
    print("Location A is already clean.")

# done cleaning
print("GOAL STATE: ")
print(goal_state)
print("Performance Measurement: " + str(cost))

vacuum_world()

```

OUTPUT

→ Enter Location of VacuumA
Enter status of A1
Enter status of other room1
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in Location A
Location A is Dirty.
Cost for CLEANING A 1
Location A has been Cleaned.
Location B is Dirty.
Moving right to the Location B.
COST for moving RIGHT2
COST for SUCK 3
Location B has been Cleaned.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 3

```
vacuum_world()
```

```
→ Enter Location of VacuumA
Enter status of A0
Enter status of other room0
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in Location A
Location A is already clean
No action 0
0
Location B is already clean.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 0
```

```
→ Enter Location of VacuumB
Enter status of B0
Enter status of other room1
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in location B
0
Location B is already clean.
Location A is Dirty.
Moving LEFT to the Location A.
COST for moving LEFT 1
Cost for SUCK 2
Location A has been Cleaned.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 2
```

6. Knowledge Base Entailment

```
def tell(kb, rule):
    kb.append(rule)

combinations = [(True, True, True), (True, True, False),
                 (True, False, True), (True, False, False),
                 (False, True, True), (False, True, False),
                 (False, False, True), (False, False, False)]

def ask(kb, q):
    for c in combinations:
        s = all(rule(c) for rule in kb)
        f = q(c)
        print(s, f)
        if s != f and s != False:
            return 'Does not entail'
    return 'Entails'

kb = []

# Get user input for Rule 1
rule_str = input("Enter Rule 1 as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x[0] or x[1] and (x[0] and x[1]): ")
r1 = eval(rule_str)
tell(kb, r1)

# Get user input for Rule 2
#rule_str = input("Enter Rule 2 as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: (x[0] or x[1]) and x[2]): ")
```

```

#r2 = eval(rule_str)
#tell(kb, r2)

# Get user input for Query
query_str = input("Enter Query as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x[0] and x[1] and (x[0] or x[1]): ")
q = eval(query_str)

# Ask KB Query
result = ask(kb, q)
print(result)

```

OUTPUT

```

Enter Rule 1 as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x[0] or x[1] and (x[0] and x[1]): lambda x: (x[0] or x[1]) and ( not x[2] or x[0])
Enter Query as a lambda function (e.g., lambda x: x[0] and x[1] and (x[0] or x[1]): lambda x: (x[0] and x[2]))
True True
True False
Does not entail

```

7. Knowledge Base Resolution

```
import re

def main(rules, goal):
    rules = rules.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(rules, goal)
    print('\nStep\tClause\tDerivation\t')
    print('-' * 30)
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print(f'{i}.|{step}|{steps[step]}\t')
        i += 1

def negate(term):
    return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

def reverse(clause):
    if len(clause) > 2:
        t = split_terms(clause)
        return f'{t[1]} v {t[0]}'
    return ""

def split_terms(rule):
    exp = '(~*[PQRS])'
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
    return terms

def contradiction(goal, clause):
    contradictions = [ f'{goal} v {negate(goal)}', f'{negate(goal)} v {goal}' ]
    return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions
```

```

def resolve(rules, goal):
    temp = rules.copy()
    temp += [negate(goal)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given.'
    steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
    i = 0
    while i < len(temp):
        n = len(temp)
        j = (i + 1) % n
        clauses = []
        while j != i:
            terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
            terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
            for c in terms1:
                if negate(c) in terms2:
                    t1 = [t for t in terms1 if t != c]
                    t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                    gen = t1 + t2
                    if len(gen) == 2:
                        if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                            clauses += [f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}']
                        else:
                            if contradiction(goal, f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}'):
                                temp.append(f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}')
                                steps[""] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null.\nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence, {goal} is true."
                    return steps

```

```

elif len(gen) == 1:
    clauses += [f'{gen[0]}']
else:
    if contradiction(goal,f'{terms1[0]} v {terms2[0]}' ):
        temp.append(f'{terms1[0]} v {terms2[0]}')
        steps[""] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null.\nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence, {goal} is true."
return steps

```

for clause in clauses:

```
if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
```

```
    temp.append(clause)
```

```
    steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.'
```

```
j = (j + 1) % n
```

```
i += 1
```

```
return steps
```

```
rules = 'Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ' #(P^Q)<=>R : (Rv~P)v(Rv~Q)^(~RvP)^(~RvQ)
```

```
goal = 'R'
```

```
main(rules, goal)
```

```
rules = 'PvQ ~PvR ~QvR' #P=vQ, P=>Q : ~PvQ, Q=>R, ~QvR
```

```
goal = 'R'
```

```
main(rules, goal)
```

```
OUTPUT
```

| Step | Clause | Derivation |
|------|--------|--|
| 1. | Rv~P | Given. |
| 2. | Rv~Q | Given. |
| 3. | ~RvP | Given. |
| 4. | ~RvQ | Given. |
| 5. | ~R | Negated conclusion. |
| 6. | | Resolved Rv~P and ~RvP to Rv~R, which is in turn null. |

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

| Step | Clause | Derivation |
|------|--------|---|
| 1. | PvQ | Given. |
| 2. | ~PvR | Given. |
| 3. | ~QvR | Given. |
| 4. | ~R | Negated conclusion. |
| 5. | QvR | Resolved from PvQ and ~PvR. |
| 6. | PvR | Resolved from PvQ and ~QvR. |
| 7. | ~P | Resolved from ~PvR and ~R. |
| 8. | ~Q | Resolved from ~QvR and ~R. |
| 9. | Q | Resolved from ~R and QvR. |
| 10. | P | Resolved from ~R and PvR. |
| 11. | R | Resolved from QvR and ~Q. |
| 12. | | Resolved R and ~R to Rv~R, which is in turn null. |

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

8. Unification

```
import re

def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = ".join(expression)
    expression = expression[:-1]
    expression = re.split("(?<!\\(.),(?!.\\))", expression)
    return expression

def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]

def isConstant(char):
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1

def isVariable(char):
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1

def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
        if val == old:
            attributes[index] = new
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
    return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"

def apply(exp, substitutions):
    for substitution in substitutions:
        new, old = substitution
```

```

exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)

return exp


def checkOccurs(var, exp):
    if exp.find(var) == -1:
        return False
    return True


def getFirstPart(expression):
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    return attributes[0]


def getRemainingPart(expression):
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
    return newExpression


def unify(exp1, exp2):
    if exp1 == exp2:
        return []
    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
        if exp1 != exp2:
            return False
    if isConstant(exp1):
        return [(exp1, exp2)]
    if isConstant(exp2):
        return [(exp2, exp1)]
    if isVariable(exp1):
        if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):

```

```

        return False

    else:
        return [(exp2, exp1)]

    if isVariable(exp2):
        if checkOccurs(exp2, exp1):
            return False
        else:
            return [(exp1, exp2)]

    if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
        print("Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified")
        return False

    attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
    attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))

    if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
        return False

    head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
    head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
    initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)

    if not initialSubstitution:
        return False

    if attributeCount1 == 1:
        return initialSubstitution

    tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
    tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

    if initialSubstitution != []:
        tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
        tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)
        remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)

    if not remainingSubstitution:
        return False

```

```
initialSubstitution.extend(remainingSubstitution)
return initialSubstitution
```

```
exp1 = "knows(A,x)"
exp2 = "knows(y,mother(y))"
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
```

OUTPUT

```
Substitutions:
[('A', 'y'), ('mother(y)', 'x')]
```

9. FOL to CNF

```
import re

def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-zA-Z~]+([A-Za-zA-Z]+)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

def Skolemization(statement):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
    matches = re.findall('[\exists].', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, "")
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
            attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
            if ".join(attributes).islower()":
                statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
    return statement

def fol_to_cnf(fol):
    statement = fol.replace("=>", "-")
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    print(statements)
    for i, s in enumerate(statements):
        if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
            statements[i] += ']'

```

```

for s in statements:
    statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))

while '-' in statement:
    i = statement.index('-')
    br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
    new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + '|' + statement[i+1:]
    statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0 else new_statement
return Skolemization(statement)

```

```

print(fol_to_cnf("bird(x)=>~fly(x)"))
print(fol_to_cnf("∃x[bird(x)=>~fly(x)]"))

```

OUTPUT

```

~bird(x)|~fly(x)
[~bird(A)|~fly(A)]

```

10. Forward Reasoning

```
import re

def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()

def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return matches

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '([a-zA-Z~]+)\([^\&|]+\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

class Fact:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
        predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
        self.predicate = predicate
        self.params = params
        self.result = any(self.getConstants())

    def splitExpression(self, expression):
        predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
        params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip(')').split(',')
        return [predicate, params]

    def getResult(self):
        return self.result
```

```

def getConstants(self):
    return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]

def getVariables(self):
    return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]

def substitute(self, constants):
    c = constants.copy()
    f = f"{{self.predicate}({','.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])}})"
    return Fact(f)

class Implication:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
        l = expression.split('=>')
        self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
        self.rhs = Fact(l[1])

    def evaluate(self, facts):
        constants = {}
        new_lhs = []
        for fact in facts:
            for val in self.lhs:
                if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                    for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                        if v:
                            constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
                    new_lhs.append(fact)
        predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0], str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
        for key in constants:
            if key in predicate:
                predicate = predicate.replace(key, str(constants[key]))
        self.rhs.expression = predicate + attributes

```

```

if constants[key]:
    attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
expr = f'{predicate} {attributes}'
return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None

class KB:
    def __init__(self):
        self.facts = set()
        self.implications = set()

    def tell(self, e):
        if '=>' in e:
            self.implications.add(Implication(e))
        else:
            self.facts.add(Fact(e))
        for i in self.implications:
            res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
            if res:
                self.facts.add(res)

    def query(self, e):
        facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
        i = 1
        print(f'Querying {e}:')
        for f in facts:
            if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
                print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
                i += 1

    def display(self):

```

```
print("All facts: ")  
for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):  
    print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')  
  
kb_ = KB()  
kb_.tell('king(x)&greedy(x)=>evil(x)')  
kb_.tell('king(John)')  
kb_.tell('greedy(John)')  
kb_.tell('king(Richard)')  
kb_.query('evil(x)')  
OUTPUT
```

Querying evil(x):
1. evil(John)