```
class CountryNotValidException extends Exception {
 public CountryNotValidException(String message) {
   super(message);
class EmployeeNameInvalidException extends Exception {
 public EmployeeNameInvalidException(String message) {
   super(message);
class TaxNotEligibleException extends Exception {
 public TaxNotEligibleException(String message) {
   super(message);
```

```
class TaxCalculator {
 public double calculateTax(String empName, boolean isIndian, double empSal)
   throws CountryNotValidException, EmployeeNameInvalidException, TaxNotEligibleException {
   if (empName == null || empName.isEmpty()) {
      throw new EmployeeNameInvalidException("The employee name cannot be empty");
   if (!isIndian) {
      throw new CountryNotValidException("The employee should be an Indian citizen for calculating tax.");
   if (empSal > 100000) {
      return empSal * 8 / 100;
   } else if (empSal >= 50000 && empSal <= 100000) {
      return empSal * 6 / 100;
   } else if (empSal >= 30000 && empSal < 50000) {
      return empSal * 5 / 100;
   } else if (empSal >= 10000 && empSal < 30000) {
      return empSal * 4 / 100;
   } else {
      throw new TaxNotEligibleException("The employee does not need to pay tax");
```

```
public class CalculatorSimulator {
 public static void main(String args) {
    TaxCalculator taxCalculator = new TaxCalculator();
   // Test Case 1: Employee Ron, salary 34000, not Indian
   try {
      System.out.println("Test Case 1:");
      double tax = taxCalculator.calculateTax("Ron", false, 34000);
      System.out.println("Tax amount is " + tax);
   } catch (Exception e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
      System.out.println(e.getMessage());
   System.out.println();
   // Test Case 2: Employee Tim, salary 1000, Indian
   try {
      System.out.println("Test Case 2:");
      double tax = taxCalculator.calculateTax("Tim", true, 1000);
      System.out.println("Tax amount is " + tax);
   } catch (Exception e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
      System.out.println(e.getMessage());
    System.out.println();
```

```
// Test Case 3: Employee Jack, salary 55000, Indian
try {
  System.out.println("Test Case 3:");
  double tax = taxCalculator.calculateTax("Jack", true, 55000);
  System.out.println("Tax amount is " + tax);
} catch (Exception e) {
  e.printStackTrace();
  System.out.println(e.getMessage());
System.out.println();
// Test Case 4: No name, salary 30000, Indian
try {
  System.out.println("Test Case 4:");
  double tax = taxCalculator.calculateTax("", true, 30000);
  System.out.println("Tax amount is " + tax);
} catch (Exception e) {
  e.printStackTrace();
  System.out.println(e.getMessage());
```

Question 1 Output -

Test Case 1:

CountryNotValidException: The employee should be an Indian citizen for calculating tax.

The employee should be an Indian citizen for calculating tax.

Test Case 2:

TaxNotEligibleException: The employee does not need to pay tax

The employee does not need to pay tax

Test Case 3:

Tax amount is 3300.0

Test Case 4:

EmployeeNameInvalidException: The employee name cannot be empty

The employee name cannot be empty

```
public class ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsDemo {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   int[] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
   try {
      for (int i = 0; i \le numbers.length; <math>i++) {
        System.out.println("Element at index " + i + ": " + numbers[i]);
   } catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
      System.out.println("Exception caught: " + e);
      System.out.println("Attempted to access an index that is out of bounds.");
```

Question 2 Output -

Element at index 0: 10

Element at index 1: 20

Element at index 2: 30

Element at index 3: 40

Element at index 4: 50

Exception caught: java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: Index 5 out of bounds for length 5

Attempted to access an index that is out of bounds.