## Part I: Regexes

Submission: on Canvas, under Assignments

Deadline: week 5, Thurs 10th of Feb

Notes on answering this question: In my experience the most convincing presentation for your answers is to highlight the non-matching regexes in RED and the matching regexes in GREEN. So you end up with a pretty multicolour list of QandAs, and the marker just scans the page looking for the right pattern.

## For questions 1-9, write a description of what the regex pattern describes in plain English.

In the questions below, "matches" refers to whole-string matching (and not to matching a substring).

- 1. Which of the following matches regex /abababa/?
  - 1) abababa
  - **2**) aaba
  - 3) aabbaa
  - 4) <u>aba</u>
  - 5) aabababa

The string should be the exact same as the regex abababa.

- 2. Which of the following matches regex /ab+c?/?
  - 1) abc
  - 2) ac
  - 3) abbb
  - 4) bbc

The string should start with ab where b exists atleast once which is then followed by one optional c.

- 3. Which of the following matches regex /a.[bc]+/?
  - 1) abc
  - 2) abbbbbbbb
  - 3) azc
  - 4) abcbcbcbc
  - 5) ad
  - 6) asccbbbbcbcccc

The string starts with 'a', followed by any letter b or c infinite times.

| 4.        | Which of the following matches regex /abc xyz/?  1) abc 2) xyz 3) abc xyz   |
|-----------|---|
|           | The string has to be either abc or xyz.   |
| 5.        | Which of the following matches regex /[a-z]+[\.\?!]/?  1) battle!  2) Hot  3) green  4) swamping.  5) jump up.  6) undulate?  7) is.? |
|           | String can start with any letter, with multiple appearances and is followed by either '.', '?' or '!'.                                |
| <b>6.</b> | Which of the following matches regex /[a-zA-Z]*[^,]=/?  1) Butt= 2) BotHEr,= 3) Ample 4) FIdD1E7h= 5) Brittle = 6) Other.=            |
|           | String can start with any letter any case, with multiple appearances. It cannot have a comma, and needs to end with '='               |
| 7.        | Which of the following matches regex /[a-z][\.\?!]\s+[A-Z]/? (\s matches any space character)  1) A. B 2) c! d 3) e f 4) g. H 5) i? J |

String starts with a small letter, has either '.', '?', '!', followed by a white space and ends with a capital letter.

8. Which of the following matches regex /(very )+(fat )?(tall|ugly) man/?
1) very fat man

- 2) fat tall man
- 3) very very fat ugly man
- 4) very very very tall man

String starts with atleast one 'very', followed by one 'fat' and either 'tall' or 'ugly'.

- 9. Which of the following matches regex /<[^>]+>/?
  - 1) <an xml tag>
  - 2) <opentag> <closetag>
  - 3) </closetag>
  - 4) <>
  - 5) <with attribute="77">
- 10. Write a regex to identify dates of the form dd/mm/yyyy.

  I expect dd to range from 01 to 31, and mm to range from 01 to 12, and I expect yyyy to range from 0001 to 9999 and in particular to *not* be 0000 (the <u>Gregorian calendar</u> predates this; see <u>Year 0</u> and <u>the invention of 0</u>). However, I do not expect you to cross-reference mm against dd or to restrict yyyy, so that e.g. 31/02/0231 is fine.

  Do **not** use <u>backreferences</u> or <u>negative lookahead</u> (so if your answer contains ?!, then it's not admissible for this question).

## Ans:

$$\begin{split} &([0][1-9][0-2][0-9]|[3][0-1]) \lor ([0][0-9][1][0-2]) \lor ((\d{3}[1-9])|(\d{2}[1-9])|(\d{4})[(1-9])|(\d{3})) \end{split}$$

11. Write a regex to identify dates of the form dd/mm/yyyy or dd.mm.yyyy, but *not* using mixed separators such as dd/mm.yyyy. You may use backreferences, negative lookahead, and other fancy tricks, if convenient.

## Ans:

([0][1-9]|[0-2][0-9]|[3][0-1])(\/|-|\.)([0][0-9]|[1][0-2])\2((\d{3}[1-9])|(\d{2}[1-9]\d)|(\d{1}[1-9]\d)|(\d{1}[1-9]\d{2}))

- 12. *(Unmarked)* Explain whether a regex can identify correct bracketing, as in ((a)) but not (((a).
- 13. (Unmarked) Explain the relevance of the regex /Whiske?y/

14. Write a regex for the set of even numbers without leading zeroes (base 10; so the alphabet is [0-9]). Note that 0 and 2 and 10 and 20 are even numbers without leading zeroes, and 00 and 02 and 1 and 01 are not even numbers without leading zeroes. Check that your regex accepts 100 and 10012.

Ans:

(0|[1-9][0-9]\*[02468]\$|[2468])