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**Question 1**

Not yet answered

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In a multi-threaded process, which resource is shared among threads?

- a. Heap
- b. Registers
- c. Program counter
- d. Stack

**Question 2**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

In C++, which of these scenarios leads to undefined behavior?

- a. Modifying a const object via pointer cast.
- b. Accessing array out of bounds.
- c. Accessing a deleted pointer.
- d. All of the above.

**Question 3**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

In TCP, what is the purpose of the 3-way handshake?

- a. Synchronize window sizes only
- b. Acknowledge packet receipt
- c. Perform error correction
- d. Establish reliable connection between sender and receiver

**Question 4**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What does the 'thrashing' phenomenon refer to?

- a. Swapping pages in and out excessively
- b. Cache coherence issues
- c. Deadlock between I/O and memory
- d. Process switching frequently due to CPU burst

**Question 5**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What is the main purpose of ARP (Address Resolution Protocol)?

- a. Resolve MAC address to IP address
- b. Encrypt network packets
- c. Resolve domain names to IP addresses
- d. Resolve IP address to MAC address

**Question 6**

Not yet answered

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What is the output of the following Python code?

```
a = [1, 2, 3]
b = a
a += [4, 5]
print(a, b)
```

- a. [1,2,3] [1,2,3,4,5]
- b. Error
- c. [1,2,3,4,5] [1,2,3,4,5]
- d. [1,2,3,4,5] [1,2,3]

**Question 7**

Not yet answered

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What is the output of the symmetric difference ( $x \Delta y$ )?

```
x = {1, 2, 3}
y = {2, 3, 4}
print(x ^ y)
```

- a. {1, 4}
- b. {1, 2, 3, 4}
- c. {}
- d. {2, 3}

**Question 8**

Not yet answered

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What will be the output of the following C++ code?

```
class Base {
    public: virtual void show() {
        cout << 'Base';
    }
};

class Derived: public Base {
    public: void show() override {
        cout << 'Derived';
    }
};

int main() {
    Base *b = new Derived();
    b -> show();
}
```

- a. Runtime error
- b. Derived
- c. Compile-time error
- d. Base

**Question 9**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

What will be the output of the Python code?

```
def func(x, y = []):
    y.append(x)
    return y
print(func(1)) print(func(2))
```

- a. Error
- b. [1] [2]
- c. [1, 2] [1, 2]
- d. [1] [1, 2]

**Question 10**

Not yet answered

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What will be the output?

```
int a = 10;
int & r; = a;
r++;
cout << a;
```

- a. Undefined behavior
- b. 11
- c. Compilation error
- d. 10

**Question 11**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Which layer in the OSI model ensures error-free delivery of data?

- a. Transport layer
- b. Session layer
- c. Data link layer
- d. Network layer

**Question 12**

Not yet answered

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Which of the following addresses represents a loopback IP?

- a. 192.168.1.1
- b. 0.0.0.0
- c. 10.0.0.1
- d. 127.0.0.1

**Question 13**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Which of the following is a synchronization tool?

- a. PCB
- b. Scheduler
- c. Semaphore
- d. Thread

**Question 14**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Which of the following is not a Python data type?

- a. tuple
- b. frozenset
- c. byte
- d. complex

**Question 15**

Not yet answered

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Which of the following is true about paging?

- a. Logical and physical addresses are identical.
- b. It suffers from internal fragmentation.
- c. It requires contiguous allocation.
- d. Fragmentation is eliminated.

**Question 16**

Not yet answered

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Which of the following is true about std::move() in C++11?

- a. It transfers ownership of resources.
- b. It calls the copy constructor.
- c. It performs a deep copy.
- d. It duplicates the resource.

**Question 17**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Which of the following protocols uses port 443?

- a. FTP
- b. SSH
- c. SMTP
- d. HTTPS

**Question 18**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Which of the following statements is true about Python generators?

- a. They return an iterator that yields one value at a time.
- b. They store all values in memory.
- c. They always return lists.
- d. They cannot use for loops.

**Question 19**

Not yet answered

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Which scheduling algorithm can cause starvation?

- a. Round Robin
- b. Multilevel Queue with fixed priority
- c. Shortest Job Next
- d. First Come First Serve

**Question 20**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Which statement is true regarding const correctness?

- a. You can modify a const variable through a pointer.
- b. A const member function cannot modify any class data.
- c. A const object can call non-const methods.
- d. You can assign to a const reference.