## GATE 2021 AG -Q.2

## EE23BTECH11220 - R.V.S.S Varun

QUESTION

If x is an integer with x>1, the solution of

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left( \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2} + \dots + \frac{x-1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

- (A) Zero
- (*B*) 0.5
- (C) 1.0
- $(D) \infty$

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SOLUTION

Parameter	Description	Value
p(n)	$(n+1)^{th}$ term of the sequence	$\frac{n+1}{x^2}$
q(n)	sum of $(n + 1)$ terms of the sequence	-
TABLE 0		

TABLE OF PARAMETERS

From table,

$$P(z) = \frac{1}{x^2} \sum_{n = -\infty}^{n = \infty} (n+1) u(n) z^{-n}$$
 (1)

$$nu(n) \stackrel{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^2}, |z| > 1$$
 (2)

$$u(n) \stackrel{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{1}{(1-z^{-1})}, |z| > 1 \tag{3}$$

$$P(z) = \frac{1}{x^2} \frac{1}{(1 - z^{-1})^2}, |z| > 1$$
 (4)

$$q(n) = p(n) * u(n)$$
 (5)

$$\implies Q(z) = P(z) U(z)$$
 (6)

$$Q(z) = \left(\frac{1}{x^2} \frac{1}{(1 - z^{-1})^2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}}\right) \tag{7}$$

$$=\frac{1}{x^2}\frac{1}{(1-z^{-1})^3}, \quad |z|>1$$
 (8)

Using Contour Integration to find the inverse Z-transform,

$$q(x-1) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_C Q(z) z^{x-2} dz$$
 (9)

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_C \frac{z^{x-2}}{x^2 \left(1 - z^{-1}\right)^3} dz \tag{10}$$

We can observe that the pole is repeated 3 times and thus m = 3,

$$R = \frac{1}{(m-1)!} \lim_{z \to a} \frac{d^{m-1}}{dz^{m-1}} \left( (z-a)^m f(z) \right)$$
 (11)

$$R = \frac{1}{(2)!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \left( (z - 1)^3 \frac{z^{x+1}}{x^2 (z - 1)^3} \right)$$
 (12)

$$R = \frac{1}{(2)!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \frac{z^{x+1}}{x^2}$$
 (13)

$$R = \frac{1}{2} \frac{(x+1)(x)}{x^2} \tag{14}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} q(x - 1) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{15}$$

Hence, option (B) is correct.