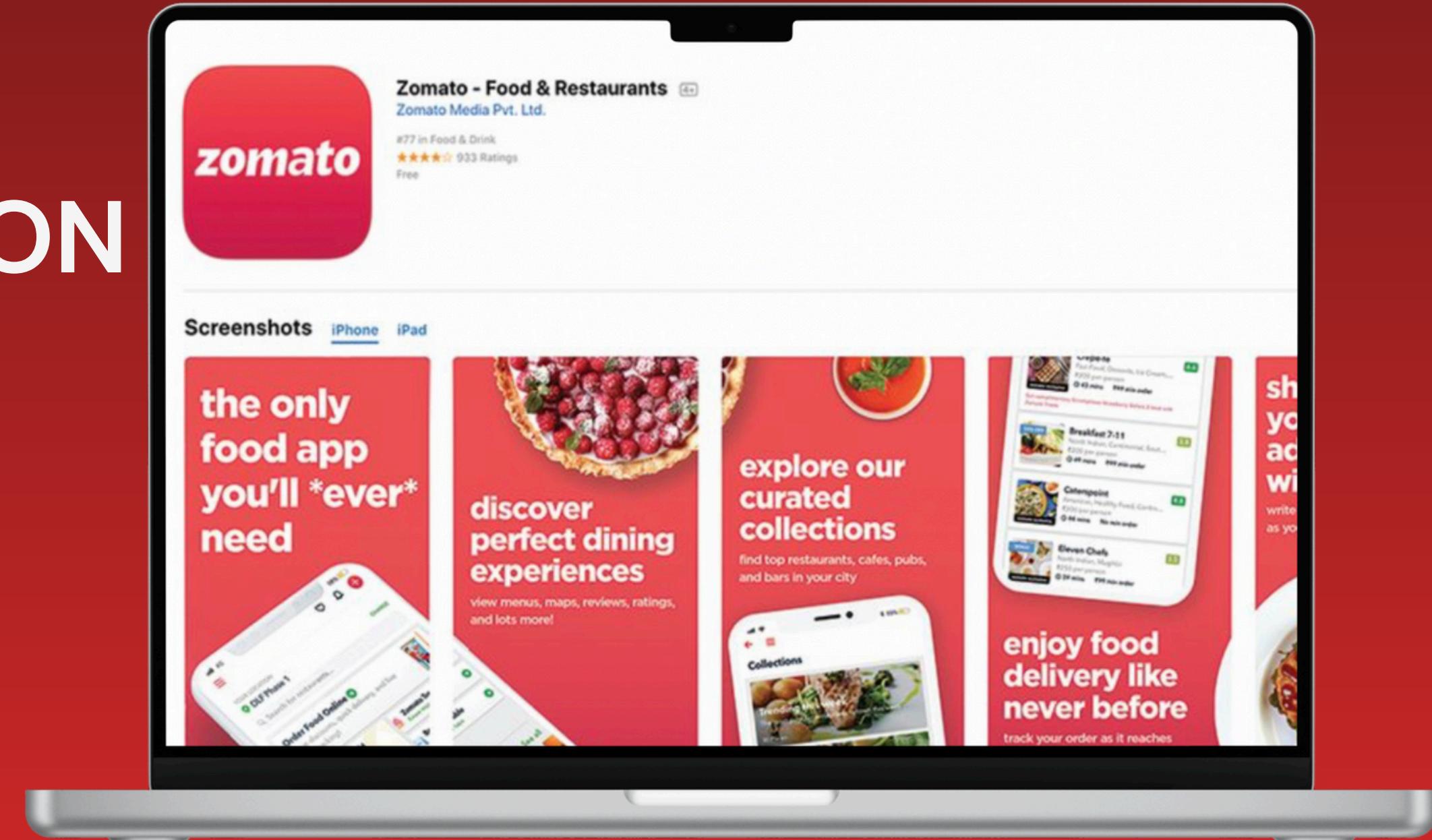


STRATEGIC & VALUATION ANALYSIS

Unlocking Long-Term Shareholder Value



“Profit is the applause you get for taking care of your customers and creating value.”
— Ken Blanchard

Company Overview

- **FOUNDED:** 2008, INDIA'S LEADING ONLINE FOOD DELIVERY + QUICK COMMERCE (BLINKIT)
- **BUSINESS MODEL:** COMMISSION-BASED (TAKE RATE ~18–20%), DELIVERY FEES, ADVERTISING.
- **CURRENT MARKET CAP (2025):** ~₹2.8 LAKH CR
- **MARKET POSITION:** ~55–58% SHARE IN INDIAN ONLINE FOOD DELIVERY.



INDIA ONLINE FOOD DELIVERY (2024)



MARKET SIZE

TAM (TOTAL ADDRESSABLE MARKET)

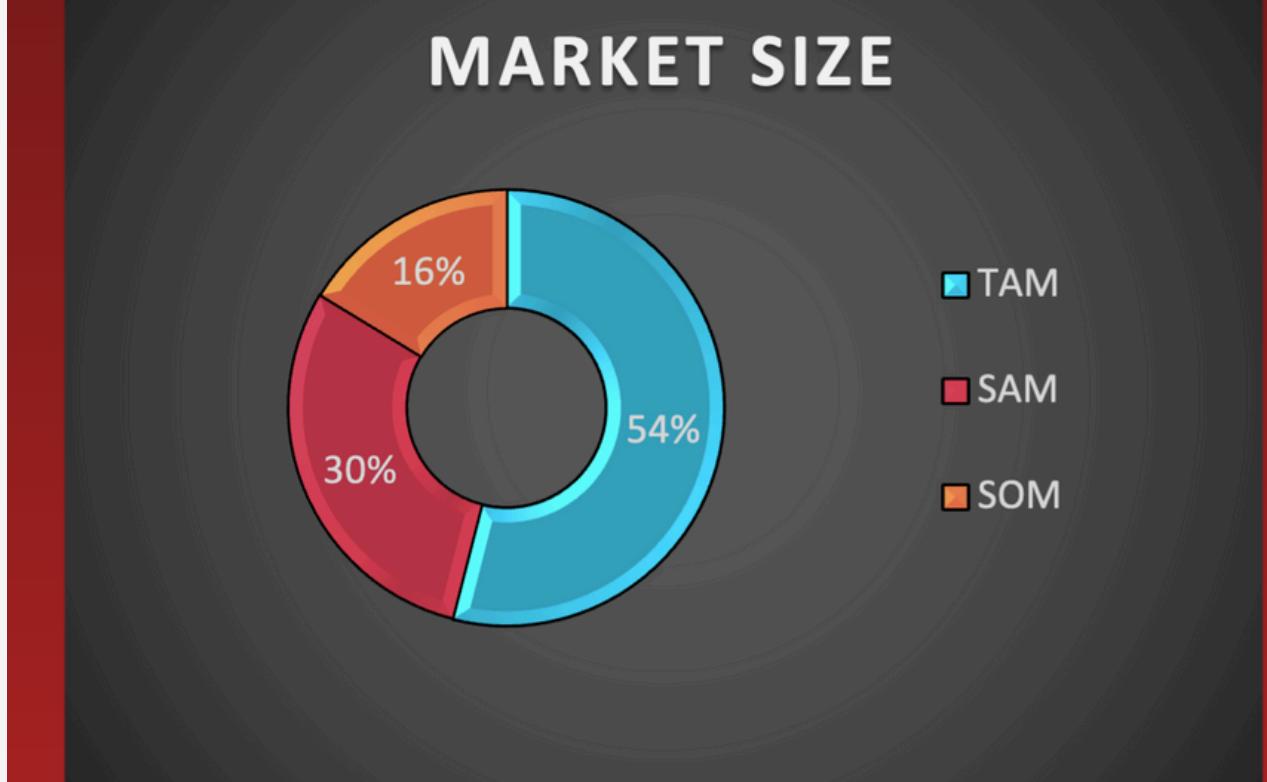
₹3.9 Lakh Cr

SAM (SERVICABLE AVAILABLE MARKET)

₹1.95–2.3 Lakh Cr

SOM (SERVICABLE OBTAINABLE MARKET)

₹1.1–1.3 Lakh Cr



FINANCIAL SNAPSHOT

| | Mar-25A | Mar-26F | Mar-27F | Years | Mar-25 | TRENDS | Mean |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--------|---|-------|
| Revenue | ₹ 20,243.00 | ₹ 32,388.80 | ₹ 50,202.64 | Sales Growth | 67% |  | 65% |
| revenue growth% | | 60% | 55.0% | EBITDA Growth | -100% |  | 67% |
| EBIT | ₹ 3,030.00 | ₹ 3,562.77 | ₹ 5,522.29 | EBIT Growth | -100% |  | -194% |
| TAX RATE | 25% | 25% | 25% | Net Profit Growth | -100% |  | -205% |
| EBIT(1-T)=NOPAT | ₹ 2,272.50 | ₹ 2,672.08 | ₹ 4,141.72 | Gross Margins | 66% |  | 65% |
| Depreciation | ₹ 863.00 | ₹ 1,619.44 | ₹ 2,510.13 | EBITDA Margins | 15% |  | -3% |
| Capex | ₹ (936.00) | ₹ (1,619.44) | ₹ (2,510.13) | EBIT Margins | 11% |  | -8% |
| Change in Net Working Capital | ₹ (1,093.00) | ₹ (1,619.44) | ₹ (2,510.13) | Net Profit Margins | 9% |  | -9% |
| | | | | Sales Expense%sales | 70% |  | 75% |
| | | | | Depreciation%sales | 4% |  | 5% |
| | | | | Operating income%sales | 15% |  | -3% |

DCF VALUATION



| Calculation of PV of FCFF | DCF -ETERNAL LTD | | | | | | | Mar-29F | Mar-30F |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--|---------|---------|
| | Mar-25A | Mar-26F | Mar-27F | Mar-28F | Mar-29F | Mar-30F | | | |
| Revenue | ₹ 20,243.00 | ₹ 32,388.80 | ₹ 50,202.64 | ₹ 74,467.25 | ₹ 1,05,495.27 | ₹ 1,47,693.38 | | | |
| revenue growth% | | 60% | 55.0% | 48.3% | 41.7% | 40% | | | |
| EBIT | ₹ 3,030.00 | ₹ 3,562.77 | ₹ 5,522.29 | ₹ 8,191.40 | ₹ 11,604.48 | ₹ 16,246.27 | | | |
| TAX RATE | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | | | |
| EBIT(1-T)=NOPAT | ₹ 2,272.50 | ₹ 2,672.08 | ₹ 4,141.72 | ₹ 6,143.55 | ₹ 8,703.36 | ₹ 12,184.70 | | | |
| Depreciation | ₹ 863.00 | ₹ 1,619.44 | ₹ 2,510.13 | ₹ 3,723.36 | ₹ 5,274.76 | ₹ 7,384.67 | | | |
| Capex | ₹ (936.00) | ₹ (1,619.44) | ₹ (2,510.13) | ₹ (3,723.36) | ₹ (5,274.76) | ₹ (7,384.67) | | | |
| Change in Net Working Capital | ₹ (1,093.00) | ₹ (1,619.44) | ₹ (2,510.13) | ₹ (3,723.36) | ₹ (5,274.76) | ₹ (7,384.67) | | | |
| Free Cash Flow to Firm | ₹ 1,106.50 | ₹ 1,052.64 | ₹ 1,631.59 | ₹ 2,420.19 | ₹ 3,428.60 | ₹ 4,800.03 | | | |
| Discounted FCFF | | ₹ 956.94 | ₹ 1,348.42 | ₹ 1,818.32 | ₹ 2,341.78 | ₹ 2,980.44 | | | |

| | ASSUMPTIONS |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| WACC | 10% |
| Revenue Growth | 60->40% |
| EBIT Margin | 11% |
| Capex Margin | -5% |
| Depreciation Margin | 5% |
| Net Working Capital Margin | -5% |
| Perpetual Growth Rate | 5% |

| | |
|------------------|---------------|
| Terminal Value | ₹ 1,00,800.73 |
| Discounted TV | ₹ 62,589.32 |
| Enterprise Value | ₹ 72,035.23 |
| Equity Value | ₹ 66,376.23 |

DCF VALUATION SUMMARY

Enterprise Value:

₹72,035 Cr

Equity Value:

₹66,376 Cr

DCF Basis:

WACC 10%, $g = 5\%$

EBIT margin:

~11%

DCF vs Market:

Market trades at
~4.3x DCF value

Revenue

₹1,47,693.38

₹1,05,495.27

₹74,467.25

₹50,202.64

₹20,243.00

₹32,388.80

2025A

2026A

2027A

2028A

2029A

2030A

₹15,000.00

₹10,000.00

₹5,000.00

₹(5,000.00)

₹(10,000.00)

2025A

2026A

2027A

2028A

2029A

2030A

■ NOPAT ■ Depreciation ■ Capex ■ Change in Net Working Capital

COMPETITION ANALYSIS (ZOMATO VS SWIGGY)

Revenue Base:

Both players grew strongly, but Zomato captured profitability first. Swiggy still struggling with negative PBT (FY25: -20%) vs Zomato's breakeven (~3%).

Cost Efficiency:

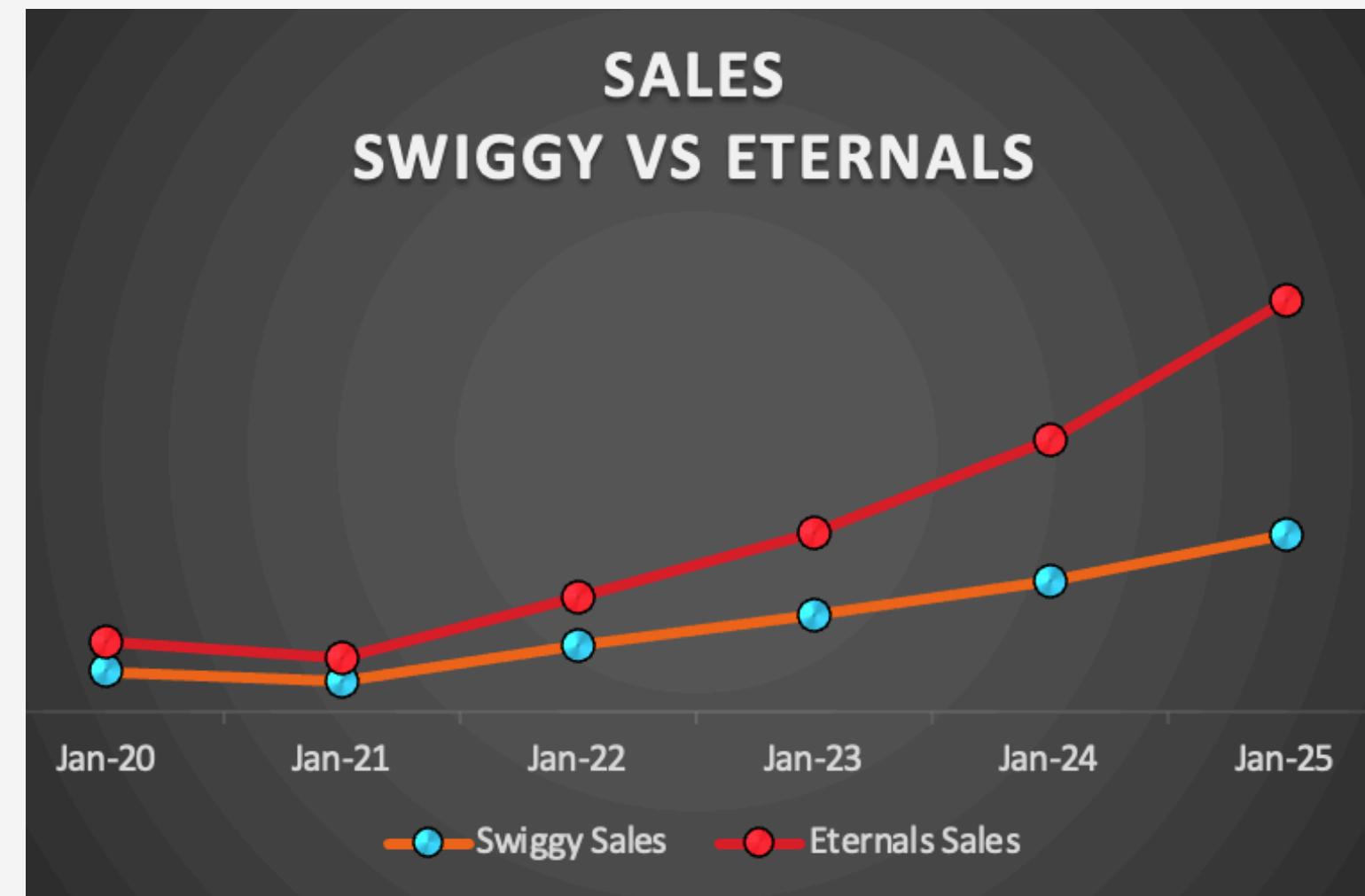
Swiggy cut from 43% → 17%, Zomato down to 13%.

Swiggy: >50% of sales consistently, showing customer stickiness challenges.

Profitability:

Zomato turned profitable (NP ~3%) while Swiggy remains deeply loss-making (-20%).

Swiggy is burning cash to chase market share → risky with investor sentiment.



COMPETITION ANALYSIS (COMMON SIZE STATEMENTS)

ETERNALS

| COMMON SIZE INCOME STATEMENT -ETERNAL LTD | | | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|
| Years | Mar-23 | Mar-24 | Mar-25 |
| Sales | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Raw Material Cost | 20% | 24% | 28% |
| Change in Inventory | 1% | 0% | 0% |
| Power and Fuel | 0% | 0% | 1% |
| Other Mfr. Exp | 5% | 4% | 5% |
| Employee Cost | 21% | 14% | 13% |
| Selling and admin | 70% | 57% | 51% |
| Other Expenses | 1% | 1% | 0% |
| Other Income | 10% | 7% | 5% |
| Depreciation | 6% | 4% | 4% |
| Interest | 1% | 1% | 1% |
| Profit before tax | -14% | 2% | 3% |
| Tax | -1% | 0% | 1% |
| Net profit | -14% | 3% | 3% |

SWIGGY

| COMMON SIZE INCOME STATEMENT -SWIGGY LTD | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|
| Years | Mar-23 | Mar-24 | Mar-25 |
| Sales | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Raw Material Cost | 41% | 41% | 39% |
| Change in Inventory | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Power and Fuel | 0% | 1% | 1% |
| Other Mfr. Exp | 6% | 3% | 5% |
| Employee Cost | 26% | 18% | 17% |
| Selling and admin | 73% | 52% | 52% |
| Other Expenses | 6% | 5% | 4% |
| Other Income | 5% | 3% | 3% |
| Depreciation | 3% | 4% | 4% |
| Interest | 1% | 1% | 1% |
| Profit before tax | -51% | -21% | -20% |
| Tax | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Net profit | -51% | -21% | -20% |

STRATEGIC SCENARIOS

Scenario 1

GROWTH-FOCUSED (BLINKIT EXPANSION)

- Expand Blinkit aggressively into Tier-2/3 cities
- Maintain >40% revenue CAGR (2025–30E)
- Lower EBITDA margins due to logistics, infra, and discounts
- Valuation impact: Market premium sustained

Scenario 2

PROFITABILITY FIRST (CORE FOOD DELIVERY + HYPERPURE)

- Focus on food delivery unit economics & Hyperpure scale-up
- Revenue CAGR slows to 20–25%
- EBITDA margin improves significantly
- Valuation impact: Stable cash flows, higher DCF alignment

Scenario 3

BALANCED PLAY (GROWTH + PROFITABILITY HYBRID)

- Controlled Blinkit expansion while ensuring food delivery breakeven
- Moderate revenue CAGR (30–35%)
- Gradual EBITDA margin improvement
- Valuation impact: Balanced DCF vs market multiples

Strategic Takeaways

Aggressive Growth

- Maximizes optionality & valuation upside
- But increases execution and funding risk

Profitability-First

- Secures fundamentals & sustainable cash flows
- But risks lower growth premium and re-rating

Balanced Play

- Middle ground between growth and profitability
- Aligns DCF valuation with investor sentiment

| S | W | O | T |
|--|--|---|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | Opportunities | Threats |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Market leader: 55%+ food delivery, 50% Blinkit (quick commerce) Profitable: FY25 PAT ₹527 Cr vs ₹351 Cr FY24 Revenue ↑67% YoY (₹20,243 Cr FY25) Cash reserves ₹12K Cr, minimal debt | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thin EBITDA margin (3–5%) Blinkit burn pressures cash flows Heavy reliance on incentives/discounts Limited Tier-3 penetration | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quick commerce TAM \$50–60B by 2030 Cross-sell: Blinkit + Hyperpure + Going-out Ad monetization & subscriptions Market share gains vs Swiggy (still loss-making) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Swiggy & Zepto competition Cost shocks (fuel, rider incentives) Regulatory risk: dark stores, gig laws Consumer demand cycles |

RECOMMENDATIONS



Balanced Growth Strategy (Core Recommendation)

Target 30–35% revenue CAGR with EBITDA margin >10% by FY28

Maintain food delivery dominance while scaling Blinkit with controlled burn

Strengthen Unit Economics

Reduce delivery costs via AI-driven route optimization

Scale Hyperpure to lower restaurant procurement costs

Monetize Ecosystem

Expand Gold/Pro memberships for stable recurring revenue

Boost ad monetization (~₹2,000 Cr TAM opportunity)

Expand Tier-2 & Tier-3 Presence

Capture untapped demand outside metros

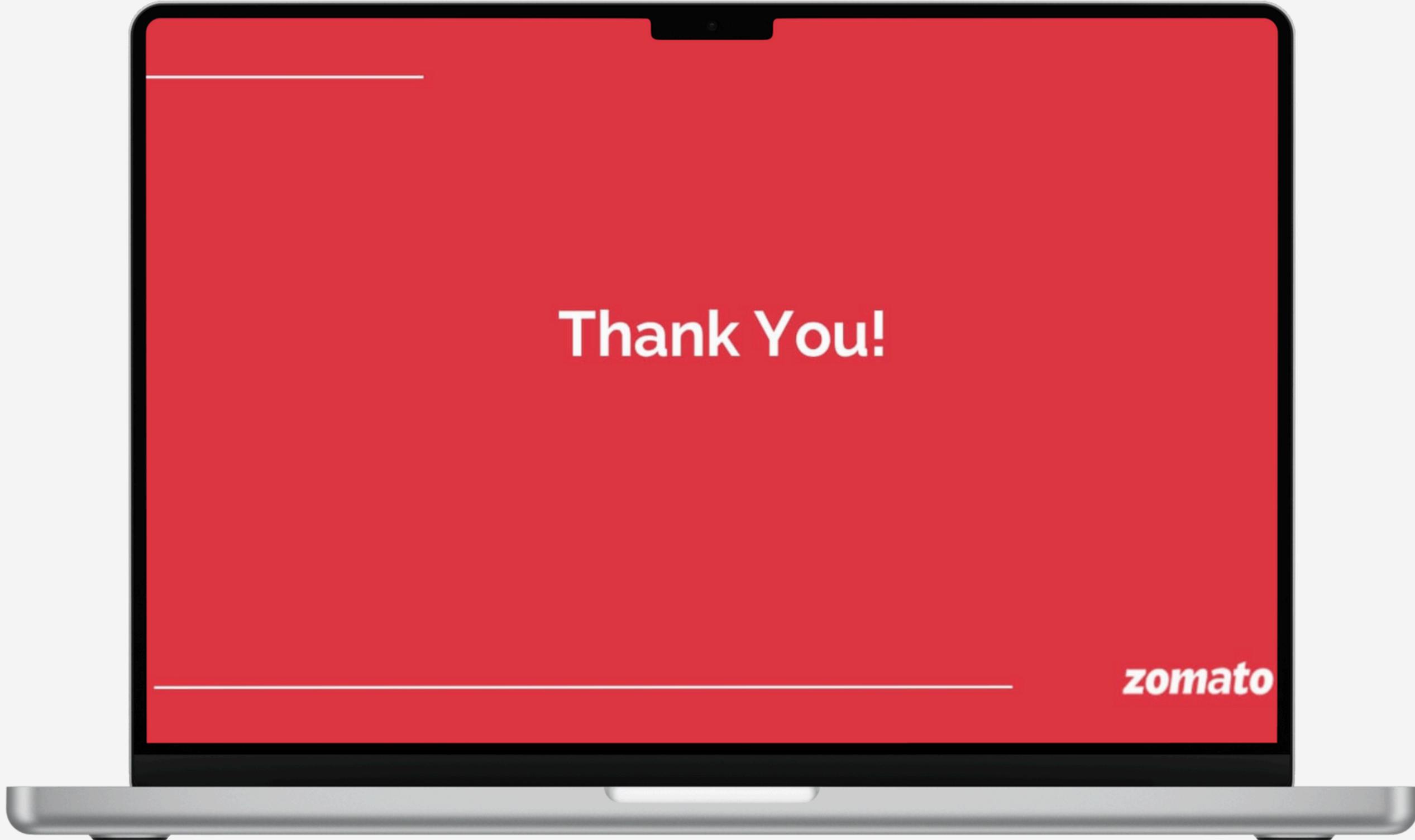
Build lighter, asset-efficient dark stores for Blinkit

Mitigate Risks

Hedge regulatory exposure with diversified revenue streams

Build rider loyalty programs to reduce attrition





Thank You!

zomato