## **HTML Extraction Code:**

```
import pandas as pd
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup as soup
from urllib.request import urlopen as uReq
my_url = 'https://www.gsi.gov.in/webcenter/portal/OCBIS/pageQuickLinks/pageLandslideIncidents?_adf.ctrl-
state=ogl93k08h_1&_afrLoop=22162799097188376#!%40%40%3F_afrLoop%3D22162799097188376%26_adf.ctrl-
state%3Dogl93k08h 5'
print('HTTP GET: %s', my_url)
response = requests.get(my_url)
content = soup(response.text, 'lxml')
all_urls = content.find_all('a')
list_url = []
for my_url in all_urls:
  # try URLs containing 'href' attribute
    # pick up only those URLs containing 'landslide incidence <year>'
    # within 'href' attribute
    if 'https://www.gsi.gov.in/webcenter/portal/OCBIS/pageQuickLinks' in my_url['href']:
        list_url.append(my_url['href'])
  except:
    pass
list_url
list_ = []
for url in list url:
  uClient = uReq(url)
  page_html = uClient.read()
  uClient.close()
  page_soup = soup(page_html,"html.parser")
  start = page_soup.findAll('li')
  facts = start[272:500]
  for tag in facts:
    fact = tag.text
    list_.append(fact)
    continue
list_
type(list_)
import pandas as pd
df = pd.DataFrame(list )
df
df.columns = ['Description']
```

## **PDF or Human Annotated Extraction Code:**

```
import pandas as pd
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup as soup
from urllib.request import urlopen as uReq
my_url = 'https://www.gsi.gov.in/webcenter/portal/OCBIS/pageQuickLinks/pageLandslideIncidents?_adf.ctrl-
state=ogl93k08h 1& afrLoop=22162799097188376#!%40%40%3F afrLoop%3D22162799097188376%26 adf.ctrl-
state%3Dogl93k08h 5'
print('HTTP GET: %s', my_url)
response = requests.get(my_url)
content = soup(response.text, 'lxml')
all_urls = content.find_all('a')
list url = []
for my_url in all_urls:
  # try URLs containing 'href' attribute
    # pick up only those URLs containing 'landslide incidence <year>'
    # within 'href' attribute
    if 'https://www.gsi.gov.in/webcenter/portal/OCBIS/pageQuickLinks' in my_url['href']:
        list_url.append(my_url['href'])
  except:
    pass
list_url
pdf_url = []
for my_url in all_urls:
    if 'https://employee.gsi.gov.in/cs/groups/public/' in my_url['href']:
        pdf_url.append(my_url['href'])
  except:
    pass
pdf url
pip install tabula-py
pip install PyPDF2
from PyPDF2 import PdfFileReader,PdfFileWriter
import requests
```

```
import io
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
desc = []
url=requests.get('https://www.gsi.gov.in/webcenter/portal/OCBIS/pageQuickLinks/pageLandslideIncidents?_adf.ctrl-
state=ogl93k08h 1& afrLoop=22162799097188376#!%40%40%3F afrLoop%3D22162799097188376%26 adf.ctrl-
state%3Dogl93k08h 5')
soup = BeautifulSoup(url.content,"lxml")
for a in soup.find_all('a', href=True):
  if 'https://employee.gsi.gov.in/cs/groups/public/' in a['href']:
    print ("url with pdf final:", a['href'])
    urlpdf = a['href']
    response = requests.get(urlpdf)
    with io.BytesIO(response.content) as f:
      pdf = PdfFileReader(f)
      information = pdf.getDocumentInfo()
      number_of_pages = pdf.getNumPages()
      txt = f"""
      Author: {information.author}
      Creator: {information.creator}
      Producer: {information.producer}
      Subject: {information.subject}
      Title: {information.title}
      Number of pages: {number of pages}
      print(txt)
      for i in range(number_of_pages):
       page = pdf.getPage(i)
       output = page.extractText()
       desc.append(output)
desc
len(desc)
pdf desc = []
for x in range (len(desc)):
I = desc[x].split('\n \n\n')
 pdf desc.append(I)
pdf desc
sdf = pd.DataFrame()
temp =[]
for myList in pdf_desc:
for i in range(len(myList)):
  temp.append(myList[i])
df["Description"]=temp
```

df

```
df.to_csv('2009-2015.csv')
# loop over all URLs
pdf desc = []
for my_desc in all_urls:
  # try URLs containing 'href' attribute
    # pick up only those URLs containing 'pdf'
    # within 'href' attribute
    if 'https://www.gsi.gov.in/webcenter/portal/OCBIS/pageQuickLinks' in my desc['href']:
      pdf_desc.append((my_desc['href']))
  except:
    pass
pdf_desc
my desc = "https://www.gsi.gov.in/webcenter/portal/OCBIS/pageQuickLinks/pageLandslideIncidents2020"
page=requests.get(my_desc)
soup=BeautifulSoup(page.text,'html.parser')
#print(soup.prettify())
# loop over all URLs
pdf_link = []
url = soup.find_all('a')
print(url)
for pdf url in url:
  # try URLs containing 'href' attribute
  try:
    # pick up only those URLs containing 'pdf'
    # within 'href' attribute
    if 'http://employee.gsi.gov.in/cs/groups/public/documents/document/b3zp/odi0/~edisp/dcport1gsigovi8' in pdf url['href']:
         pdf link.append(pdf url['href'])
    scrapping
  except:
    pass
pdf_link
import tabula
pip install tabula-py
from tabula.io import read pdf
pdf = "http://employee.gsi.gov.in/cs/groups/public/documents/document/b3zp/odi0/~edisp/dcport1gsigovi824861.pdf"
table 1 = tabula.read pdf(pdf,pages="all")
table 1
```

## Final Data/ Fusing:

# Importing necessary libraries import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib as plt

# Landslide Description dataset from the year 2009-2015 (which was in PDF format)

```
df1 = pd.read_csv('2009-2015.csv')
df1
#Landslide Description dataset from the year 2009-2015 (which was in PDF format)
df2 = pd.read_csv('2016-2020 scrapped data.csv')
#Merging both the dataset
final_data = pd.concat([df1,df2],ignore_index=True)
final data
final_data.to_csv('Merged_Description.csv')
final_data
del final data['Unnamed: 0']
final data
final_data.to_csv('Description:2009-2020')
# for manipulating dataframes
import pandas as pd
# for natural language processing: named entity recognition
import spacy
!python -m spacy download en
from collections import Counter
import en_core_web_sm
nlp = en_core_web_sm.load()
# for visualizations
%matplotlib inline
tokens = nlp(".join(str(final_data.Description.tolist())))
items = [x.text for x in tokens.ents]
Counter(items)
location_list = []
for ent in tokens.ents:
  if ent.label == 'GPE':
    location list.append(ent.text)
location_counts = Counter(location_list).most_common(20)
df location = pd.DataFrame(location counts, columns =['Location', 'count'])
df_location.plot.barh(x='Location', y='count', title="Landslide Prone Areas", figsize=(10,8)).invert_yaxis()
pip install geopandas
pip install geotext
!pip install geopy
!pip install Descartes
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

```
import pandas as pd
import geopandas as gpd
from urllib import request
from geotext import GeoText
from geopy.geocoders import Nominatim
from geopy.exc import GeocoderTimedOut
from shapely.geometry import Point, Polygon
import Descartes
list_ = final_data.values.tolist()
list_
cities = []
for x in list:
 places = GeoText(str(x))
 city = list(places.cities)
 if city == []:
  cities.append('.')
 else:
  cities.append(city)
cities
df_city = pd.DataFrame(cities)
df_city
geolocator = Nominatim(user_agent='GSI')
lat_lon = []
for city in cities:
    location = geolocator.geocode(city)
    if location:
      print(location.latitude, location.longitude)
      lat lon.append(location)
    else:
     lat_lon.append(['.','.'])
lat lon
geolocator = Nominatim(user_agent='GSI')
lat = []
lon = []
for city in cities:
    location = geolocator.geocode(city)
    if location:
      print(location.latitude, location.longitude)
      lat.append(location.latitude)
      lon.append(location.longitude)
    else:
     lat.append(0)
     Ion.append(0)
df_lat = pd.DataFrame(lat)
df_lat.columns = ['Latitude']
df lat
df_lon = pd.DataFrame(lon)
df_lon.columns = ['Longitude']
df Ion
```

```
df_latlong = pd.DataFrame(lat_lon)
df latlong
df_latlong.columns = ['Address', 'Latitude,Longitude']
df_latlong
df_latlong['Pin\ code'] = df_latlong['Address'].str.extract(r"\b(\d{6})\b")
df latlong
type(list_)
!pip install lexnlp
import lexnlp.extract.en.dates
date_list = []
for x in list:
 date = lexnlp.extract.en.dates.get_dates(str(x))
dt = list(date)
 date_list.append(dt)
date_list
df_date = pd.DataFrame(date_list)
df_date
for x in range (1,6):
 del df_date[x]
df_date
df_date.columns = ['Date']
df date
result = pd.concat([final_data,df_date,df_latlong, df_lat, df_lon], axis=1)
result
result.to_csv('Landslideincidence_2009-2020.csv')
```

## Visualization:

# for manipulating dataframes import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import spacy !python -m spacy download en from collections import Counter

```
import en_core_web_sm
nlp = en_core_web_sm.load()
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
df = pd.read_csv('Merged_Description.csv')
df
tokens = nlp(".join(str(df.Description.tolist())))
items = [x.text for x in tokens.ents]
Counter(items)
location_list = []
for ent in tokens.ents:
  if ent.label_ == 'GPE':
    location list.append(ent.text)
location_counts = Counter(location_list).most_common(20)
df_location = pd.DataFrame(location_counts, columns =['Location', 'count'])
df location.plot.barh(x='Location', y='count', title="Landslide Prone Areas", figsize=(25,17)).invert yaxis()
# Visualizing at district/village levels.
locations = df[['Latitude', 'Longitude']]
locationlist = locations.values.tolist()
len(locationlist)
import folium
map = folium.Map(location=[20.5937,78.9629], zoom_start=5)
for point in range(0, len(locationlist)):
  folium.Marker(locationlist[point], popup = df['Address'][point]).add to(map)
map
import datetime
df['Year'] = pd.DatetimeIndex(df['Date']).year
df
count year = df['Year'].value counts(dropna=False)
data= df['Year']
data
data = df.groupby(["Year"])["Year"].count().reset index(name="count")
data
df['Year'].value counts().plot(kind='pie', figsize=(20,10))
plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
sns.barplot(x=data['Year'], y=data['count'])
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Number of Landslides')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.title('No. of landslides per year')
plt.show()
df['Month'] = pd.DatetimeIndex(df['Date']).month
df
```

```
data = df.groupby(["Month"])["Month"].count().reset_index(name="count")
data
import calendar
data['Month_Name']=[calendar.month_abbr[int(i)] if pd.notna(i) else i for i in data['Month']]
plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
sns.barplot(x=data['Month_Name'], y=data['count'])
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Number of Landslides')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.title('No. of landslides each Month')
plt.show()
pip install geopandas
import geopandas
gdf = geopandas.GeoDataFrame(df, geometry=geopandas.points_from_xy(df.Latitude, df.Longitude))
gdf
gdf.plot(markersize = 4.5, figsize = (5,5))
type(gdf)ss
```