Question: 1

Goals

1. Using the Finite Difference approach, discretize the 1-D wave equation with 2^{nd} order spatial accuracy and 1^{st} order time accuracy with the implicit time integration scheme.

Goal 1 Solution

Equation to be solved:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + C \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$$
..... Eq(1)

NOTE:

Suffix used below represent the following:

i represent x(space)

j represent t(time)

 $h = \Delta x$

 $k = \Delta t$

 2^{nd} Order accurate spatial:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{U_{i+1,j} - U_{i-1,j}}{2h} \dots \text{Eq(2)}$$

1st Order accurate time derivative:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{U_{i,j} - U_{i,j-1}}{k} \dots \text{Eq(3)}$$

Putting (ii) & (iii) in (i) we get

$$\frac{Ui,j-Ui,j-1}{k} + C\left(\frac{Ui+1,j-Ui-1,j}{2h}\right) = 0$$

$$-\left(\frac{Ui,j-Ui,j-1}{k}\right) = \frac{C}{2h}\left(Ui+1,j-Ui-1,j\right)$$

$$Ui,j-1-Ui,j = \frac{Ck}{2h}\left(Ui+1,j-Ui-1,j\right)$$

$$U_{i,j} - 1 - U_{i,j} = \frac{Ck}{2h} (U_i + 1, j - U_i - 1, j)$$

Replace j to j + 1 and
$$\frac{Ck}{2h} = \lambda$$

$$Uij = Ui, j + 1 + \lambda Ui + 1, j + 1 - \lambda Ui - 1, j + 1$$

$$\frac{Ck}{h} = 2 \quad \Rightarrow \lambda = 1$$

$$Ui, j = Ui, j + 1 + Ui + 1, j + 1 - Ui - 1, j + 1$$

$$U_{i,j} = U_{i,j} + 1 + U_i + 1, j + 1 - U_i - 1, j + 1$$

RESULT:

$$U_{i,j} = U_{i,j+1} + U_{i+1,j+1} - U_{i-1,j+1}$$