

Homework problem set 1

Your homework must be handed in **electronically via Moodle before Friday November 11th, 20:00h**. This deadline is strict and late submissions are graded with a 0. At the end of the course, the lowest of your 7 weekly homework grades will be dropped. You are strongly encouraged to work together on the exercises, including the homework. However, after this discussion phase, you have to write down and submit your own individual solution. Numbers alone are never sufficient, always motivate your answers.

Problem 1: Throwing dice (8 pt)

Consider the following random experiment with two fair (regular six-sided) dice. First, the first die is thrown – let the outcome be A . Then, the second die is thrown until the outcome has the same parity (even, odd) as A . Let this final outcome of the second die be B . The random variables X , Y and Z are defined as follows:

$$X = (A + B) \bmod 2, \quad Y = (A \cdot B) \bmod 2, \quad Z = |A - B|.$$

- (a) (1pt) Find the joint distribution P_{AB} .
- (b) (3pt) Determine $H(X)$, $H(Y)$ and $H(Z)$.
- (c) (1pt) Compute $H(Z|A = 1)$.
- (d) (1pt) Compute $H(AB)$, i.e. the joint entropy of A and B .
- (e) (2pt) A random variable M describes whether the sum $A + B$ is strictly larger than seven, between five and seven (both included) or strictly smaller than five. How much entropy is present in this random variable M ?

Problem 2: Mutual information (1pt)

Let the binary random variables X and Y be defined by the joint probability distribution in the following table:

	$X = 0$	$X = 1$
$Y = 0$	0.3	0.2
$Y = 1$	0.1	0.4

Compute $I(X; Y)$.

Problem 3: Variance (2pt)

- (a) (1pt) Show that expectation is linear: for arbitrary $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ and arbitrary real random variables X, Y ,

$$\mathbb{E}[aX + bY] = a\mathbb{E}[X] + b\mathbb{E}[Y].$$

- (b) (1pt) Use Jensen's inequality to show that $\text{Var}(X) \geq 0$ for any X .

Problem 4: Entropy of functions of a random variable (3pt)

Let X be a random variable, and let f be a function of X .

- (a) (1pt) Show that $H(f(X)|X) = 0$.
- (b) (2pt) Show that $H(f(X)) \leq H(X)$. *Hint: use the chain rule.*

Problem 5: Relative entropy (9pt)

- (a) (5pt) Prove that for any two distributions P and Q over \mathcal{X} , $D(P||Q) \geq 0$, and that equality holds if and only if $P = Q$.
- (b) (3pt) Show that the mutual information can be expressed in terms of the relative entropy, i.e. that $I(X; Y) = D(P_{XY}||P_X P_Y)$.
- (c) (1pt) Use (a) and (b) to show that $H(X|Y) \leq H(X)$.