## Arduino code to test the LM35

```
#include <Wire.h> // Comes with Arduino IDE
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
float temp; //Variable where we will stock the temperature value
int tempPin = 0; //Pin used with the sensor output here it's A0
// set the LCD address to 0x27 for a 20 chars 4 line display
// Set the pins on the I2C chip used for LCD connections:
//
              addr, en,rw,rs,d4,d5,d6,d7,bl,blpol
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27, 2, 1, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 3, POSITIVE); // Set the LCD
I2C address
void setup() {
Serial.begin(9600);
Icd.begin (20,4);
}
void loop() {
temp = analogRead(tempPin); //Reading the value from the analog input
temp = temp * 500/1023; //Sensor calibration to get the real value
lcd.clear();
lcd.setCursor (0,0); //Start writing on 0.0 on lcd screen
lcd.print("Temperature");
lcd.setCursor (0,1);
lcd.print(temp); //Temperature value
lcd.print ((" C")); //Celsius of course :D
delay(1000); //Refresh every 1s
}
```

## Greenhouse ventilation system code

```
// Author: Vasileios Fermelis
// Get the LCD I2C Library here:
// https://bitbucket.org/fmalpartida/new-liquidcrystal/downloads
#include <Wire.h> // Comes with Arduino IDE
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
#include <Stepper.h>
#define STEPS 2038 // the number of steps in one revolution of your motor
(28BYJ-48)
Stepper stepper(STEPS, 8, 10, 9, 11);
float Vout;
float Temp;
// set the LCD address to 0x27 for a 20 chars 4 line display
// Set the pins on the I2C chip used for LCD connections:
//
             addr, en,rw,rs,d4,d5,d6,d7,bl,blpol
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27, 2, 1, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 3, POSITIVE); // Set the LCD
I2C address
void setup()
{ Serial.begin(9600);
 Icd.begin (20,4);
}
```

```
void loop()
{
 Vout=analogRead(A0);
 Temp= (Vout*500)/1023;
 lcd.clear();
 lcd.setCursor (0,0); //Start writing on 0.0 on lcd screen
 lcd.print("Temperature"); // In Degree Celsius
 lcd.setCursor (0,1);
 lcd.print(Temp); //Temperature value
 lcd.print ((" C")); //Celsius of course :D
 delay(1000); //Refresh every 1s
if (Temp > 24) {
 stepper.setSpeed(16)
 stepper.step(2038); // do 2038 steps -- corresponds to one revolution in one
minute
 delay(1000);
}
else if (Temp < 20) {
 stepper.setSpeed(16);
 stepper.step(-2038); // do 2038 steps in the other direction with faster speed -
- corresponds to one revolution in 10 seconds
  delay(1000);
}
else { // 20 < Temp < 24
 // Safe! Continue usual tasks.
}
}
```