

python-telegram-bot Documentation

Release 20.7

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We have made you a wrapper you can't refuse

We have a vibrant community of developers helping each other in our Telegram group. Join us!

Stay tuned for library updates and new releases on our Telegram Channel.

This library provides a pure Python, asynchronous interface for the Telegram Bot API. It's compatible with Python versions **3.8+**.

In addition to the pure API implementation, this library features a number of high-level classes to make the development of bots easy and straightforward. These classes are contained in the telegram.ext submodule.

A pure API implementation *without* telegram.ext is available as the standalone package python-telegram-bot-raw. See here for details.

REFERENCE 1

2 REFERENCE

ONE

NOTE

Installing both python-telegram-bot and python-telegram-bot-raw in conjunction will result in undesired side-effects, so only install one of both.

Chapter 1. Note

CHAPTER	
TWO	

TELEGRAM API SUPPORT

All types and methods of the Telegram Bot API **6.9** are supported.

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python-telegram-bot Documentation, Release 20.7

THREE

INSTALLING

You can install or upgrade python-telegram-bot via

```
$ pip install python-telegram-bot --upgrade
```

To install a pre-release, use the --pre flag in addition.

You can also install python-telegram-bot from source, though this is usually not necessary.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot
```

\$ cd python-telegram-bot

\$ python setup.py install

3.1 Verifying Releases

We sign all the releases with a GPG key. The signatures are uploaded to both the GitHub releases page and the PyPI project and end with a suffix .asc. Please find the public keys here. The keys are named in the format <first_version>-<last_version>.gpg or <first_version>-current.gpg if the key is currently being used for new releases.

In addition, the GitHub release page also contains the shall hashes of the release files in the files with the suffix .shal.

This allows you to verify that a release file that you downloaded was indeed provided by the python-telegram-bot team.

3.2 Dependencies & Their Versions

python-telegram-bot tries to use as few 3rd party dependencies as possible. However, for some features using a 3rd party library is more sane than implementing the functionality again. As these features are *optional*, the corresponding 3rd party dependencies are not installed by default. Instead, they are listed as optional dependencies. This allows to avoid unnecessary dependency conflicts for users who don't need the optional features.

The only required dependency is httpx \sim = 0.25.2 for telegram.request.HTTPXRequest, the default networking backend.

python-telegram-bot is most useful when used along with additional libraries. To minimize dependency conflicts, we try to be liberal in terms of version requirements on the (optional) dependencies. On the other hand, we have to ensure stability of python-telegram-bot, which is why we do apply version bounds. If you encounter dependency conflicts due to these bounds, feel free to reach out.

3.2.1 Optional Dependencies

PTB can be installed with optional dependencies:

- pip install "python-telegram-bot[passport]" installs the cryptography>=39.0.1 library. Use this, if you want to use Telegram Passport related functionality.
- pip install "python-telegram-bot[socks]" installs httpx[socks]. Use this, if you want to work behind a Socks5 server.
- pip install "python-telegram-bot[http2]" installs httpx[http2]. Use this, if you want to use HTTP/2.
- pip install "python-telegram-bot[rate-limiter]" installs aiolimiter~=1.1.0. Use this, if you want to use telegram.ext.AIORateLimiter.
- pip install "python-telegram-bot[webhooks]" installs the tornado~=6.3.3 library. Use this, if you want to use telegram.ext.Updater.start_webhook/telegram.ext.Application.run_webhook.
- pip install "python-telegram-bot[callback-data]" installs the cachetools~=5.3.2 library. Use this, if you want to use arbitrary callback_data.
- pip install "python-telegram-bot[job-queue]" installs the APScheduler~=3.10.4 library and enforces pytz>=2018.6, where pytz is a dependency of APScheduler. Use this, if you want to use the telegram.ext.JobQueue.

To install multiple optional dependencies, separate them by commas, e.g. pip install "python-telegram-bot[socks,webhooks]".

Additionally, two shortcuts are provided:

- pip install "python-telegram-bot[all]" installs all optional dependencies.
- pip install "python-telegram-bot[ext]" installs all optional dependencies that are related to telegram.ext, i.e. [rate-limiter, webhooks, callback-data, job-queue].

FOUR

QUICK START

Our Wiki contains an Introduction to the API explaining how the pure Bot API can be accessed via python-telegram-bot. Moreover, the Tutorial: Your first Bot gives an introduction on how chatbots can be easily programmed with the help of the telegram.ext module.

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RESOURCES

- The package documentation is the technical reference for python-telegram-bot. It contains descriptions of all available classes, modules, methods and arguments as well as the changelog.
- The wiki is home to number of more elaborate introductions of the different features of python-telegram-bot and other useful resources that go beyond the technical documentation.
- Our examples section contains several examples that showcase the different features of both the Bot API and python-telegram-bot. Even if it is not your approach for learning, please take a look at echobot.py. It is the de facto base for most of the bots out there. The code for these examples is released to the public domain, so you can start by grabbing the code and building on top of it.
- The official Telegram Bot API documentation is of course always worth a read.

SIX

GETTING HELP

If the resources mentioned above don't answer your questions or simply overwhelm you, there are several ways of getting help.

- 1. We have a vibrant community of developers helping each other in our Telegram group. Join us! Asking a question here is often the quickest way to get a pointer in the right direction.
- 2. Ask questions by opening a discussion.
- 3. You can even ask for help on Stack Overflow using the python-telegram-bot tag.

SEVEN

CONCURRENCY

Since v20.0, python-telegram-bot is built on top of Pythons asyncio module. Because asyncio is in general single-threaded, python-telegram-bot does currently not aim to be thread-safe. Noteworthy parts of python-telegram-bots API that are likely to cause issues (e.g. race conditions) when used in a multi-threaded setting include:

- telegram.ext.Application/Updater.update_queue
- telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.check/handle_update
- telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache
- telegram.ext.BasePersistence
- all classes in the telegram.ext.filters module that allow to add/remove allowed users/chats at runtime

CHAPTER EIGHT

CONTRIBUTING

Contributions of all sizes are welcome. Please review our contribution guidelines to get started. You can also help by reporting bugs or feature requests.

NINE

DONATING

Occasionally we are asked if we accept donations to support the development. While we appreciate the thought, maintaining PTB is our hobby, and we have almost no running costs for it. We therefore have nothing set up to accept donations. If you still want to donate, we kindly ask you to donate to another open source project/initiative of your choice instead.

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LICENSE

You may copy, distribute and modify the software provided that modifications are described and licensed for free under LGPL-3. Derivatives works (including modifications or anything statically linked to the library) can only be redistributed under LGPL-3, but applications that use the library don't have to be.

10.1 telegram package

10.1.1 Version Constants

```
A library that provides a Python interface to the Telegram Bot API
```

```
telegram.__bot_api_version__ = '6.9'
```

Shortcut for telegram.constants.BOT_API_VERSION.

Changed in version 20.0: This constant was previously named bot_api_version.

```
Type
```

str

```
telegram.__bot_api_version_info__ = (6, 9)
```

Shortcut for telegram.constants.BOT_API_VERSION_INFO.

New in version 20.0.

```
Type
```

typing.NamedTuple

```
telegram.__version__ = '20.7'
```

The version of the *python-telegram-bot* library as string. To get detailed information about the version number, please use __version_info__ instead.

```
Type str
```

```
telegram.__version_info__ = (20, 7, 0, 'final', 0)
```

A tuple containing the five components of the version number: *major*, *minor*, *micro*, *releaselevel*, and *serial*. All values except *releaselevel* are integers. The release level is 'alpha', 'beta', 'candidate', or 'final'. The components can also be accessed by name, so __version_info__[0] is equivalent to __version_info__.major and so on.

New in version 20.0.

```
Type
```

typing.NamedTuple

10.1.2 Classes in this package

Bot

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject, typing.AsyncContextManager

This object represents a Telegram Bot.

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with bot:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await bot.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await bot.shutdown()
```

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.bot()

Available In

- telegram.ext.Application.bot
- telegram.ext.BasePersistence.bot
- telegram.ext.CallbackContext.bot
- telegram.ext.Updater.bot

See also:

```
__aenter__() and __aexit__().
```

Note:

- Most bot methods have the argument api_kwargs which allows passing arbitrary keywords to the Telegram API. This can be used to access new features of the API before they are incorporated into PTB. However, this is not guaranteed to work, i.e. it will fail for passing files.
- Bots should not be serialized since if you for e.g. change the bots token, then your serialized instance will not reflect that change. Trying to pickle a bot instance will raise pickle.PicklingError. Trying to deepcopy a bot instance will raise TypeError.

Examples

Raw API Bot

See also:

Your First Bot, Builder Pattern

New in version 13.2: Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *bot* is equal.

Changed in version 20.0:

- Removed the deprecated methods kick_chat_member, kickChatMember, get_chat_members_count and getChatMembersCount.
- Removed the deprecated property commands.
- Removed the deprecated defaults parameter. If you want to use telegram.ext.Defaults, please use the subclass telegram.ext.ExtBot instead.
- Attempting to pickle a bot instance will now raise pickle. PicklingError.
- Attempting to deepcopy a bot instance will now raise TypeError.
- The following are now keyword-only arguments in Bot methods: location, filename, venue, contact, {read, write, connect, pool}_timeout, api_kwargs. Use a named argument for those, and notice that some positional arguments changed position as a result.
- For uploading files, file paths are now always accepted. If *local_mode* is False, the file contents will be read in binary mode and uploaded. Otherwise, the file path will be passed in the file URI scheme.

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated methods set_sticker_set_thumb and setStickerSetThumb. Use set_sticker_set_thumbnail() and setStickerSetThumbnail() instead.

Parameters

- **token** (str) Bot's unique authentication token.
- base_url (str, optional) Telegram Bot API service URL.
- base_file_url (str, optional) Telegram Bot API file URL.
- request (telegram.request.BaseRequest, optional) Pre initialized telegram. request.BaseRequest instances. Will be used for all bot methods except for get_updates(). If not passed, an instance of telegram.request.HTTPXRequest will be used.
- get_updates_request (telegram.request.BaseRequest, optional) Pre initialized telegram.request.BaseRequest instances. Will be used exclusively for get_updates(). If not passed, an instance of telegram.request.HTTPXRequest will be used.
- private_key (bytes, optional) Private key for decryption of telegram passport data.
- private_key_password (bytes, optional) Password for above private key.
- **local_mode** (bool, optional) Set to True, if the *base_url* is the URI of a Local Bot API Server that runs with the --local flag. Currently, the only effect of this is that files are uploaded using their local path in the file URI scheme. Defaults to False.

New in version 20.0

send_animation(Used for sending animations
send_audio()	Used for sending audio files
send_chat_actio	Used for sending chat actions
<pre>send_contact()</pre>	Used for sending contacts
send_dice()	Used for sending dice messages
<pre>send_document()</pre>	Used for sending documents
<pre>send_game()</pre>	Used for sending a game
<pre>send_invoice()</pre>	Used for sending an invoice
<pre>send_location()</pre>	Used for sending location
send_media_grou	Used for sending media grouped together
<pre>send_message()</pre>	Used for sending text messages
<pre>send_photo()</pre>	Used for sending photos
send_poll()	Used for sending polls
<pre>send_sticker()</pre>	Used for sending stickers
send_venue()	Used for sending venue locations.
send_video()	Used for sending videos
send_video_note	Used for sending video notes
<pre>send_voice()</pre>	Used for sending voice messages
<pre>copy_message()</pre>	Used for copying the contents of an arbitrary message
forward_message	Used for forwarding messages

answer_callback	Used for answering the callback query
answer_inline_q	Used for answering the inline query
answer_pre_chec	Used for answering a pre checkout query
answer_shipping	Used for answering a shipping query
answer_web_app_	Used for answering a web app query
edit_message_ca	Used for editing captions
edit_message_me	Used for editing the media on messages
edit_message_li	Used for editing the location in live location messages
edit_message_re	Used for editing the reply markup on messages
edit_message_te	Used for editing text messages
stop_poll()	Used for stopping the running poll
delete_message(Used for deleting messages.

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```
ban_chat_member Used for banning a member from the chat
unban_chat_memb  Used for unbanning a member from the chat
ban_chat_sender Used for banning a channel in a channel or supergroup
unban_chat_send Used for unbanning a channel in a channel or supergroup
restrict_chat_m Used for restricting a chat member
promote_chat_me Used for promoting a chat member
set_chat_admini Used for assigning a custom admin title to an admin
set_chat_permis Used for setting the permissions of a chat
export_chat_inv Used for creating a new primary invite link for a chat
create_chat_inv Used for creating an additional invite link for a chat
edit_chat_invit Used for editing a non-primary invite link
revoke_chat_inv Used for revoking an invite link created by the bot
approve_chat_jo Used for approving a chat join request
decline_chat_jo Used for declining a chat join request
set_chat_photo( Used for setting a photo to a chat
delete_chat_pho Used for deleting a chat photo
set_chat_title( Used for setting a chat title
set_chat_descri Used for setting the description of a chat
pin_chat_messag Used for pinning a message
unpin_chat_mess Used for unpinning a message
unpin_all_chat_ Used for unpinning all pinned chat messages
get_user_profil Used for obtaining user's profile pictures
get_chat()
                   Used for getting information about a chat
get_chat_admini Used for getting the list of admins in a chat
get_chat_member Used for getting the number of members in a chat
get_chat_member Used for getting a member of a chat
leave_chat()
                   Used for leaving a chat
```

```
set_my_commands
delete_my_comma
Used for setting the list of commands
get_my_commands
Used for obtaining the list of commands
get_my_default_
Used for obtaining the default administrator rights for the bot
set_my_default_
Used for setting the default administrator rights for the bot
get_chat_menu_b
Used for obtaining the menu button of a private chat or the default menu button
set_my_descript
Used for setting the description of the bot
get_my_descript
Used for obtaining the description of the bot
set_my_short_de
Used for setting the short description of the bot
get_my_short_de
Used for obtaining the short description of the bot
get_my_name()
Used for obtaining the name of the bot
Used for obtaining the name of the bot
Used for obtaining the name of the bot
```

```
add_sticker_to_ Used for adding a sticker to a set
delete_sticker_ Used for deleting a sticker from a set
create_new_stic Used for creating a new sticker set
delete_sticker_ Used for deleting a sticker set made by a bot
set_chat_sticke Used for setting a sticker set of a chat
delete_chat_sti Used for deleting the set sticker set of a chat
set_sticker_pos Used for moving a sticker's position in the set
set_sticker_set Used for setting the title of a sticker set
set_sticker_emo Used for setting the emoji list of a sticker
set_sticker_key Used for setting the keywords of a sticker
set_sticker_mas Used for setting the mask position of a mask sticker
set_sticker_set Used for setting the thumbnail of a sticker set
set_custom_emoj Used for setting the thumbnail of a custom emoji sticker set
get_sticker_set Used for getting a sticker set
upload_sticker_ Used for uploading a sticker file
get_custom_emoj Used for getting custom emoji files based on their IDs
```

```
get_game_high_s Used for getting the game high scores
set_game_score( Used for setting the game score
```

<pre>get_updates()</pre>	Used for getting updates using long polling
<pre>get_webhook_inf</pre>	Used for getting current webhook status
<pre>set_webhook()</pre>	Used for setting a webhook to receive updates
delete_webhook(Used for removing webhook integration

```
close_forum_top Used for closing a forum topic
close_general_f Used for closing the general forum topic
create_forum_to Used to create a topic
delete_forum_top Used for deleting a forum topic
edit_forum_topi Used to edit a topic
edit_general_fo Used to edit the general topic
get_forum_topic Used to get custom emojis to use as topic icons
hide_general_fo Used to hide the general topic
unhide_general_ Used to unhide the general topic
reopen_forum_to Used to reopen a topic
reopen_general_ Used to reopen the general topic
unpin_all_forum Used to unpin all messages in a forum topic
unpin_all_gener Used to unpin all messages in the general forum topic
```

create_invoice_	Used to generate an HTTP link for an invoice
close()	Used for closing server instance when switching to another local server
log_out()	Used for logging out from cloud Bot API server
<pre>get_file()</pre>	Used for getting basic info about a file
<pre>get_me()</pre>	Used for getting basic information about the bot

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base_file_url	Telegram Bot API file URL
base_url	Telegram Bot API service URL
bot	The user instance of the bot as returned by <pre>get_me()</pre>
can_join_groups	Whether the bot can join groups
can_read_all_gr	Whether the bot can read all incoming group messages
id	The user id of the bot
name	The username of the bot, with leading @
first_name	The first name of the bot
last_name	The last name of the bot
local_mode	Whether the bot is running in local mode
username	The username of the bot, without leading @
link	The t.me link of the bot
private_key	Deserialized private key for decryption of telegram passport data
supports_inline	Whether the bot supports inline queries
token	Bot's unique authentication token

async __aenter__()

Asynchronous context manager which initializes the Bot.

Returns

The initialized Bot instance.

Raises

Exception – If an exception is raised during initialization, *shutdown()* is called in this case.

```
async __aexit__(exc_type, exc_val, exc_tb)
```

Asynchronous context manager which shuts down the Bot.

__deepcopy__(memodict)

Customizes how copy.deepcopy() processes objects of this type. Bots can not be deepcopied and this method will always raise an exception.

New in version 20.0.

Raises

TypeError -

__eq__(other)

Compares this object with *other* in terms of equality. If this object and *other* are *not* objects of the same class, this comparison will fall back to Python's default implementation of object.__eq__(). Otherwise, both objects may be compared in terms of equality, if the corresponding subclass of *TelegramObject* has defined a set of attributes to compare and the objects are considered to be equal, if all of these attributes are equal. If the subclass has not defined a set of attributes to compare, a warning will be issued.

Tip: If instances of a class in the *telegram* module are comparable in terms of equality, the documentation of the class will state the attributes that will be used for this comparison.

Parameters

other (object) – The object to compare with.

Returns

bool

__hash__()

Builds a hash value for this object such that the hash of two objects is equal if and only if the objects are equal in terms of $\underline{-eq}$.

Returns

int

__reduce__()

Customizes how copy.deepcopy() processes objects of this type. Bots can not be pickled and this method will always raise an exception.

New in version 20.0.

Raises

pickle.PicklingError -

__repr__()

Give a string representation of the bot in the form Bot [token=...].

As this class doesn't implement object.__str__(), the default implementation will be used, which is equivalent to __repr__().

Returns

str

__weakref__

list of weak references to the object (if defined)

Alias for add_sticker_to_set()

Use this method to add a new sticker to a set created by the bot. The format of the added sticker must match the format of the other stickers in the set. Emoji sticker sets can have up to 200 stickers. Animated and video sticker sets can have up to 50 stickers. Static sticker sets can have up to 120 stickers.

Changed in version 20.2: Since Bot API 6.6, the parameter *sticker* replace the parameters png_sticker, tgs_sticker, webm_sticker, emojis, and mask_position.

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated parameters png_sticker, tgs_sticker, webm_sticker, emojis, and mask_position.

Parameters

- **user_id** (int) User identifier of created sticker set owner.
- name (str) Sticker set name.
- **sticker** (*telegram.InputSticker*) An object with information about the added sticker. If exactly the same sticker had already been added to the set, then the set isn't changed.

New in version 20.2.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

• **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async answerCallbackQuery(callback_query_id, text=None, show_alert=None, url=None, cache_time=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for answer_callback_query()

async answerInlineQuery(inline_query_id, results, cache_time=None, is_personal=None, next_offset=None, button=None, *, current_offset=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for answer_inline_query()

async answerPreCheckoutQuery(pre_checkout_query_id, ok, error_message=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for answer_pre_checkout_query()

async answerShippingQuery(shipping_query_id, ok, shipping_options=None, error_message=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for answer_shipping_query()

async answerWebAppQuery(web_app_query_id, result, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for answer_web_app_query()

async answer_callback_query(callback_query_id, text=None, show_alert=None, url=None, cache_time=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send answers to callback queries sent from inline keyboards. The answer will be displayed to the user as a notification at the top of the chat screen or as an alert. Alternatively, the user can be redirected to the specified Game URL. For this option to work, you must first create a game for your bot via @BotFather and accept the terms. Otherwise, you may use links like t.me/your_bot?start=XXXX that open your bot with a parameter.

Parameters

- **callback_query_id** (str) Unique identifier for the query to be answered.
- **text** (str, optional) Text of the notification. If not specified, nothing will be shown to the user, 0-200 characters.
- **show_alert** (bool, optional) If True, an alert will be shown by the client instead of a notification at the top of the chat screen. Defaults to False.
- **url** (str, optional) URL that will be opened by the user's client. If you have created a Game and accepted the conditions via @BotFather, specify the URL that opens your game note that this will only work if the query comes from a callback game button. Otherwise, you may use links like t.me/your_bot?start=XXXX that open your bot with a parameter.

• cache_time (int, optional) – The maximum amount of time in seconds that the result of the callback query may be cached client-side. Defaults to 0.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

bool On success, True is returned.

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.CallbackQuery.answer()

async answer_inline_query(inline_query_id, results, cache_time=None, is_personal=None, next_offset=None, button=None, *, current_offset=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send answers to an inline query. No more than 50 results per query are allowed.

Warning: In most use cases *current_offset* should not be passed manually. Instead of calling this method directly, use the shortcut *telegram.InlineQuery.answer()* with *telegram.InlineQuery.answer.auto_pagination* set to True, which will take care of passing the correct value.

Shortcuts

telegram.InlineQuery.answer()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated arguments switch_pm_text and switch_pm_parameter.

Parameters

- inline_query_id (str) Unique identifier for the answered query.
- results (List[telegram.InlineQueryResult] | Callable) A list of results for the inline query. In case current_offset is passed, results may also be a callable that accepts the current page index starting from 0. It must return either a list of telegram. InlineQueryResult instances or None if there are no more results.

- **cache_time** (int, optional) The maximum amount of time in seconds that the result of the inline query may be cached on the server. Defaults to 300.
- **is_personal** (bool, optional) Pass True, if results may be cached on the server side only for the user that sent the query. By default, results may be returned to any user who sends the same query.
- **next_offset** (str, optional) Pass the offset that a client should send in the next query with the same text to receive more results. Pass an empty string if there are no more results or if you don't support pagination. Offset length can't exceed 64 bytes.
- **button** (*telegram.InlineQueryResultsButton*, optional) A button to be shown above the inline query results.

New in version 20.3.

Keyword Arguments

- current_offset (str, optional) The telegram. InlineQuery.offset of the inline query to answer. If passed, PTB will automatically take care of the pagination for you, i.e. pass the correct next_offset and truncate the results list/get the results from the callable you passed.
- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

```
async answer_pre_checkout_query(pre_checkout_query_id, ok, error_message=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api kwargs=None)
```

Once the user has confirmed their payment and shipping details, the Bot API sends the final confirmation in the form of an telegram. Update with the field telegram. Update.pre_checkout_query. Use this method to respond to such pre-checkout queries.

Note: The Bot API must receive an answer within 10 seconds after the pre-checkout query was sent.

Parameters

- **pre_checkout_query_id** (str) Unique identifier for the query to be answered.
- **ok** (bool) Specify True if everything is alright (goods are available, etc.) and the bot is ready to proceed with the order. Use False if there are any problems.

• **error_message** (str, optional) – Required if *ok* is False. Error message in human readable form that explains the reason for failure to proceed with the checkout (e.g. "Sorry, somebody just bought the last of our amazing black T-shirts while you were busy filling out your payment details. Please choose a different color or garment!"). Telegram will display this message to the user.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.PreCheckoutQuery.answer()

async answer_shipping_query(shipping_query_id, ok, shipping_options=None, error_message=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

If you sent an invoice requesting a shipping address and the parameter <code>send_invoice.is_flexible</code> was specified, the Bot API will send an <code>telegram.Update</code> with a <code>telegram.Update.shipping_query</code> field to the bot. Use this method to reply to shipping queries.

Parameters

- **shipping_query_id** (str) Unique identifier for the query to be answered.
- **ok** (bool) Specify True if delivery to the specified address is possible and False if there are any problems (for example, if delivery to the specified address is not possible).
- **shipping_options** (Sequence[telegram.ShippingOption]), optional) Required if *ok* is True. A sequence of available shipping options.
 - Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.
- **error_message** (str, optional) Required if *ok* is False. Error message in human readable form that explains why it is impossible to complete the order (e.g. "Sorry, delivery to your desired address is unavailable"). Telegram will display this message to the user.

Keyword Arguments

• read_timeout (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.request.

BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.ShippingQuery.answer()

Use this method to set the result of an interaction with a Web App and send a corresponding message on behalf of the user to the chat from which the query originated.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- web_app_query_id (str) Unique identifier for the query to be answered.
- result (telegram. InlineQueryResult) An object describing the message to be sent.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, a sent telegram. SentWebAppMessage is returned.

Return type

telegram.SentWebAppMessage

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

```
async approveChatJoinRequest(chat_id, user_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for approve_chat_join_request()

Use this method to approve a chat join request.

The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the *telegram*. *ChatPermissions.can_invite_users* administrator right.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.approve_join_request()
- telegram.ChatJoinRequest.approve()
- telegram.User.approve_join_request()

New in version 13.8.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- user_id (int) Unique identifier of the target user.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

```
async banChatMember(chat_id, user_id, until_date=None, revoke_messages=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for ban_chat_member()

async banChatSenderChat(chat_id, sender_chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for ban_chat_sender_chat()

Use this method to ban a user from a group, supergroup or a channel. In the case of supergroups and channels, the user will not be able to return to the group on their own using invite links, etc., unless unbanned first. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.ban_member()

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target group or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- user_id (int) Unique identifier of the target user.
- until_date (int | datetime.datetime, optional) Date when the user will be unbanned, unix time. If user is banned for more than 366 days or less than 30 seconds from the current time they are considered to be banned forever. Applied for supergroups and channels only. For timezone naive datetime.datetime objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext. Defaults.tzinfo is used.
- **revoke_messages** (bool, optional) Pass True to delete all messages from the chat for the user that is being removed. If False, the user will be able to see messages in the group that were sent before the user was removed. Always True for supergroups and channels.

New in version 13.4.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async ban_chat_sender_chat(chat_id, sender_chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to ban a channel chat in a supergroup or a channel. Until the chat is unbanned, the owner of the banned chat won't be able to send messages on behalf of **any of their channels**. The bot

must be an administrator in the supergroup or channel for this to work and must have the appropriate administrator rights.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.ban_chat()
- telegram.Chat.ban_sender_chat()

New in version 13.9.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target group or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **sender_chat_id** (int) Unique identifier of the target sender chat.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

property base_file_url

Telegram Bot API file URL, built from Bot.base_file_url and Bot.token.

New in version 20.0.

Type

str

property base_url

Telegram Bot API service URL, built from Bot.base_url and Bot.token.

New in version 20.0.

Type

str

property bot

User instance for the bot as returned by *get_me()*.

Warning: This value is the cached return value of $get_me()$. If the bots profile is changed during runtime, this value won't reflect the changes until $get_me()$ is called again.

See also:

initialize()

Type

telegram.User

property can_join_groups

Bot's telegram. User. can_join_groups attribute. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of bot.

Type

bool

property can_read_all_group_messages

Bot's telegram. User.can_read_all_group_messages attribute. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of bot.

Type

bool

Use this method to close the bot instance before moving it from one local server to another. You need to delete the webhook before calling this method to ensure that the bot isn't launched again after server restart. The method will return error 429 in the first 10 minutes after the bot is launched.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success

Return type

True

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Alias for close_forum_topic()

Alias for close_general_forum_topic()

async close_forum_topic(chat_id, message_thread_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to close an open topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have *can_manage_topics* administrator rights, unless it is the creator of the topic.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.close_forum_topic()
- telegram.Message.close_forum_topic()

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- message_thread_id (int) Unique identifier for the target message thread of the forum topic.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to close an open 'General' topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have *can_manage_topics* administrator rights.

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.close_general_forum_topic()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async copyMessage(chat_id, from_chat_id, message_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for copy_message()

async copy_message(chat_id, from_chat_id, message_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to copy messages of any kind. Service messages and invoice messages can't be copied. The method is analogous to the method *forward_message()*, but the copied message doesn't have a link to the original message.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **from_chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the chat where the original message was sent (or channel username in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int) Message identifier in the chat specified in from_chat_id.
- **caption** (str, optional) New caption for media, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing. If not specified, the original caption is kept.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities in the new caption. See the constants in telegram.constants.ParseMode for the available modes.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success

Return type

telegram.MessageId

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.copy_message()
- telegram.Chat.send_copy()
- telegram.Message.copy()
- telegram.Message.reply_copy()
- telegram.User.copy_message()
- telegram.User.send_copy()

```
async createChatInviteLink(chat_id, expire_date=None, member_limit=None, name=None, creates_join_request=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for create_chat_invite_link()

Alias for create_forum_topic()

async createInvoiceLink(title, description, payload, provider_token, currency, prices,

max_tip_amount=None, suggested_tip_amounts=None, provider_data=None, photo_url=None, photo_size=None, photo_width=None, photo_height=None, need_name=None, need_phone_number=None, need_email=None, need_shipping_address=None, send_phone_number_to_provider=None, send_email_to_provider=None, is_flexible=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api kwargs=None)

Alias for create_invoice_link()

async createNewStickerSet(user_id, name, title, stickers, sticker_format, sticker_type=None, needs_repainting=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for create_new_sticker_set()

Use this method to create an additional invite link for a chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. The link can be revoked using the method revoke_chat_invite_link().

Note: When joining *public* groups via an invite link, Telegram clients may display the usual "Join" button, effectively ignoring the invite link. In particular, the parameter *creates_join_request* has no effect in this case. However, this behavior is undocument and may be subject to change. See this GitHub thread for some discussion.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.create_invite_link()

New in version 13.4.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **expire_date** (int|datetime.datetime, optional) Date when the link will expire. Integer input will be interpreted as Unix timestamp. For timezone naive datetime. datetime objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.
- **member_limit** (int, optional) Maximum number of users that can be members of the chat simultaneously after joining the chat via this invite link; 1- 99999.
- name (str, optional) Invite link name; 0-32 characters. New in version 13.8.
- **creates_join_request** (bool, optional) True, if users joining the chat via the link need to be approved by chat administrators. If True, *member_limit* can't be specified.

New in version 13.8.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

telegram.ChatInviteLink

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to create a topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have *can_manage_topics* administrator rights.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.create_forum_topic()

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- name (str) New topic name, 1- 128 characters.
- icon_color (int, optional) Color of the topic icon in RGB format. Currently, must be one of telegram.constants.ForumIconColor.BLUE, telegram.constants.ForumIconColor.YELLOW, telegram.constants.ForumIconColor.PURPLE, telegram.constants.ForumIconColor.GREEN, telegram.constants.ForumIconColor.PINK, or telegram.constants.ForumIconColor.RED.
- icon_custom_emoji_id (str, optional) New unique identifier of the custom emoji shown as the topic icon. Use get_forum_topic_icon_stickers() to get all allowed custom emoji identifiers.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

telegram.ForumTopic

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

Use this method to create a link for an invoice.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **title** (str) Product name. 1- 32 characters.
- **description** (str) Product description. 1- 255 characters.
- **payload** (str) Bot-defined invoice payload. *1-128* bytes. This will not be displayed to the user, use for your internal processes.
- **provider_token** (str) Payments provider token, obtained via @BotFather.
- currency (str) Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code, see more on currencies.
- **prices** (Sequence[telegram.LabeledPrice) Price breakdown, a sequence of components (e.g. product price, tax, discount, delivery cost, delivery tax, bonus, etc.).

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- max_tip_amount (int, optional) The maximum accepted amount for tips in the *smallest* units of the currency (integer, **not** float/double). For example, for a maximum tip of US\$ 1.45 pass max_tip_amount = 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies). Defaults to 0.
- suggested_tip_amounts (Sequence[int], optional) An array of suggested amounts of tips in the *smallest* units of the currency (integer, **not** float/double). At most 4 suggested tip amounts can be specified. The suggested tip amounts must be positive, passed in a strictly increased order and must not exceed max_tip_amount.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **provider_data** (str | object, optional) Data about the invoice, which will be shared with the payment provider. A detailed description of required fields should be provided by the payment provider. When an object is passed, it will be encoded as JSON.
- **photo_url** (str, optional) URL of the product photo for the invoice. Can be a photo of the goods or a marketing image for a service.
- **photo_size** (int, optional) Photo size in bytes.
- photo_width (int, optional) Photo width.
- **photo_height** (int, optional) Photo height.

- **need_name** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's full name to complete the order.
- **need_phone_number** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's phone number to complete the order.
- **need_email** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's email address to complete the order.
- **need_shipping_address** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's shipping address to complete the order.
- **send_phone_number_to_provider** (bool, optional) Pass True, if user's phone number should be sent to provider.
- **send_email_to_provider** (bool, optional) Pass True, if user's email address should be sent to provider.
- is_flexible (bool, optional) Pass True, if the final price depends on the shipping method.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the created invoice link is returned.

Return type

str

Use this method to create new sticker set owned by a user. The bot will be able to edit the created sticker set thus created.

Changed in version 20.0: The parameter contains_masks has been removed. Use sticker_type instead.

Changed in version 20.2: Since Bot API 6.6, the parameters *stickers* and *sticker_format* replace the parameters png_sticker, tgs_sticker, webm_sticker, emojis, and mask_position.

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated parameters mentioned above and adjusted the order of the parameters.

Parameters

- user_id (int) User identifier of created sticker set owner.
- name (str) Short name of sticker set, to be used in t.me/addstickers/ URLs (e.g., animals). Can contain only english letters, digits and underscores. Must begin with a letter, can't contain consecutive underscores and must end in "_by_<bot username>". <bot_username> is case insensitive. 1- 64 characters.

- title (str) Sticker set title, 1- 64 characters.
- stickers (Sequence[telegram.InputSticker]) A sequence of 1-50 initial stickers to be added to the sticker set.

New in version 20.2.

• **sticker_format** (str) – Format of stickers in the set, must be one of *STATIC*, *ANIMATED* or *VIDEO*.

New in version 20.2.

• **sticker_type** (str, optional) — Type of stickers in the set, pass telegram. Sticker.REGULAR or telegram.Sticker.MASK, or telegram.Sticker. CUSTOM_EMOJI. By default, a regular sticker set is created

New in version 20.0.

• **needs_repainting** (bool, optional) – Pass True if stickers in the sticker set must be repainted to the color of text when used in messages, the accent color if used as emoji status, white on chat photos, or another appropriate color based on context; for custom emoji sticker sets only.

New in version 20.2.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float|None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async declineChatJoinRequest(chat_id, user_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for decline_chat_join_request()

Use this method to decline a chat join request.

The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the *telegram*. *ChatPermissions.can_invite_users* administrator right.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.decline_join_request()
- telegram.ChatJoinRequest.decline()
- telegram.User.decline_join_request()

New in version 13.8.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- user_id (int) Unique identifier of the target user.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

async deleteChatPhoto(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for delete_chat_photo()

Alias for delete_chat_sticker_set()

async deleteForumTopic(chat_id, message_thread_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for delete_forum_topic()

Alias for delete_message()

Alias for delete_my_commands()

async deleteStickerFromSet(sticker, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for delete_sticker_from_set()

Alias for delete_sticker_set()

async deleteWebhook(*drop_pending_updates=None*, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for delete_webhook()

Use this method to delete a chat photo. Photos can't be changed for private chats. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) — Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.delete_photo()

Use this method to delete a group sticker set from a supergroup. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. Use the field telegram.Chat.can_set_sticker_set optionally returned in get_chat() requests to check if the bot can use this method.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

Keyword Arguments

• read_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Use this method to delete a forum topic along with all its messages in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have <code>can_delete_messages</code> administrator rights.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.delete_forum_topic()
- telegram.Message.delete_forum_topic()

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- message_thread_id (int) Unique identifier for the target message thread of the forum topic.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async delete_message(chat_id, message_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to delete a message, including service messages, with the following limitations:

- A message can only be deleted if it was sent less than 48 hours ago.
- Service messages about a supergroup, channel, or forum topic creation can't be deleted.
- A dice message in a private chat can only be deleted if it was sent more than 24 hours ago.
- Bots can delete outgoing messages in private chats, groups, and supergroups.
- Bots can delete incoming messages in private chats.
- Bots granted *can_post_messages* permissions can delete outgoing messages in channels.
- If the bot is an administrator of a group, it can delete any message there.
- If the bot has *can_delete_messages* permission in a supergroup or a channel, it can delete any message there.

Shortcuts

telegram.Message.delete()

See also:

telegram.CallbackQuery.delete_message() (calls delete_message() indirectly, via telegram.Message.delete())

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int) Identifier of the message to delete.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to delete the list of the bot's commands for the given scope and user language. After deletion, higher level commands will be shown to affected users.

New in version 13.7.

See also:

```
get_my_commands(), set_my_commands()
```

Parameters

- **scope** (telegram.BotCommandScope, optional) An object, describing scope of users for which the commands are relevant. Defaults to telegram. BotCommandScopeDefault.
- language_code (str, optional) A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code. If empty, commands will be applied to all users from the given scope, for whose language there are no dedicated commands.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

Use this method to delete a sticker from a set created by the bot.

Parameters

sticker (str) – File identifier of the sticker.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

• api_kwargs (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to delete a sticker set that was created by the bot.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

name (str) - Sticker set name.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async delete_webhook(drop_pending_updates=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to remove webhook integration if you decide to switch back to get_updates().

Parameters

drop_pending_updates (bool, optional) - Pass True to drop all pending updates.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

```
• api_kwargs (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Tele-
               gram API.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
        Raises
            telegram.error.TelegramError -
async editChatInviteLink(chat_id, invite_link, expire_date=None, member_limit=None,
                             name=None, creates_join_request=None, *, read_timeout=None,
                             write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                             api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for edit_chat_invite_link()
async editForumTopic(chat_id, message_thread_id, name=None, icon_custom_emoji_id=None, *,
                        read timeout=None, write timeout=None, connect timeout=None,
                        pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for edit_forum_topic()
async editGeneralForumTopic(chat_id, name, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for edit_general_forum_topic()
async editMessageCaption(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                             caption=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None,
                             caption_entities=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                             connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for edit_message_caption()
\textbf{async editMessageLiveLocation} (\textit{chat\_id=None}, \textit{message\_id=None}, \textit{inline\_message\_id=None}, \\
                                   latitude=None, longitude=None, reply_markup=None,
                                   horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None,
                                   proximity_alert_radius=None, *, location=None,
                                   read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                                   pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Alias for edit_message_live_location()
async editMessageMedia(media, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                          reply markup=None, *, read timeout=None, write timeout=None,
                          connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for edit_message_media()
async editMessageReplyMarkup(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                                  reply_markup=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for edit_message_reply_markup()
async editMessageText(text, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                         parse mode=None, disable web page preview=None, reply markup=None,
                         entities=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                         connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Alias for edit_message_text()
async edit_chat_invite_link(chat_id, invite_link, expire_date=None, member_limit=None,
                                name=None, creates join request=None, *, read timeout=None,
                                write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                                api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to edit a non-primary invite link created by the bot. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

Note: Though not stated explicitly in the official docs, Telegram changes not only the optional parameters that are explicitly passed, but also replaces all other optional parameters to the default values. However, since not documented, this behaviour may change unbeknown to PTB.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.edit_invite_link()

New in version 13.4.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- invite_link (str | telegram.ChatInviteLink) The invite link to edit.

 Changed in version 20.0: Now also accepts telegram.ChatInviteLink instances.
- **expire_date** (int|datetime.datetime, optional) Date when the link will expire. For timezone naive datetime.datetime objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.
- **member_limit** (int, optional) Maximum number of users that can be members of the chat simultaneously after joining the chat via this invite link; *1-99999*.
- name (str, optional) Invite link name; 0-32 characters. New in version 13.8.
- **creates_join_request** (bool, optional) True, if users joining the chat via the link need to be approved by chat administrators. If True, *member_limit* can't be specified.

New in version 13.8.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

telegram.ChatInviteLink

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to edit name and icon of a topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have <code>can_manage_topics</code> administrator rights, unless it is the creator of the topic.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.edit_forum_topic()
- telegram.Message.edit_forum_topic()

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- message_thread_id (int) Unique identifier for the target message thread of the forum topic.
- name (str, optional) New topic name, 1- 128 characters. If not specified or empty, the current name of the topic will be kept.
- icon_custom_emoji_id (str, optional) New unique identifier of the custom emoji shown as the topic icon. Use get_forum_topic_icon_stickers() to get all allowed custom emoji identifiers. Pass an empty string to remove the icon. If not specified, the current icon will be kept.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

async edit_general_forum_topic(chat_id, name, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to edit the name of the 'General' topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have <code>can_manage_topics</code> administrator rights.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.edit_general_forum_topic()

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- name (str) New topic name, 1- 128 characters.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

```
async edit_message_caption(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None, caption=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to edit captions of messages.

Note: It is currently only possible to edit messages without telegram.Message.reply_markup or with inline keyboards.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Required if chat_id and message_id are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- **caption** (str, optional) New caption of the message, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

• **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) — Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

• reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) — An object for an inline keyboard.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.CallbackQuery.edit_message_caption()
- telegram.Message.edit_caption()

```
async edit_message_live_location(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None, latitude=None, longitude=None, reply_markup=None, horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None, *, location=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to edit live location messages sent by the bot or via the bot (for inline bots). A location can be edited until its $telegram.Location.live_period$ expires or editing is explicitly disabled by a call to $stop_message_live_location()$.

Note: You can either supply a latitude and longitude or a location.

Parameters

• **chat_id** (int | str, optional) – Required if *inline_message_id* is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

- message_id (int, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Required if *chat_id* and *message_id* are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- latitude (float, optional) Latitude of location.
- longitude (float, optional) Longitude of location.
- horizontal_accuracy (float, optional) The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.
- **heading** (int, optional) Direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **proximity_alert_radius** (int, optional) Maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 100000 if specified.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) An object for a new inline keyboard.

Keyword Arguments

- **location** (*telegram.Location*, optional) The location to send.
- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcuts

- telegram.CallbackQuery.edit_message_live_location()
- telegram.Message.edit_live_location()

async edit_message_media(media, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to edit animation, audio, document, photo, or video messages. If a message is part of a message album, then it can be edited only to an audio for audio albums, only to a document for document albums and to a photo or a video otherwise. When an inline message is edited, a new file can't be uploaded; use a previously uploaded file via its $file_id$ or specify a URL.

Note: It is currently only possible to edit messages without telegram. Message.reply_markup or with inline keyboards.

Shortcuts

- telegram.CallbackQuery.edit_message_media()
- telegram.Message.edit_media()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- media (telegram. InputMedia) An object for a new media content of the message.
- **chat_id** (int | str, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Required if chat_id and message_id are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) An object for an inline keyboard.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

```
async edit_message_reply_markup(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to edit only the reply markup of messages sent by the bot or via the bot (for inline bots).

Note: It is currently only possible to edit messages without telegram. Message.reply_markup or with inline keyboards.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Required if chat_id and message_id are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) An object for an inline keyboard.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.CallbackQuery.edit_message_reply_markup()
- telegram.Message.edit_reply_markup()

```
async edit_message_text(text, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None, reply_markup=None, entities=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to edit text and game messages.

Note: It is currently only possible to edit messages without telegram. Message.reply_markup or with inline keyboards..

Shortcuts

- telegram.CallbackQuery.edit_message_text()
- telegram.Message.edit_text()

See also:

telegram. Game. text

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str, optional) Required if *inline_message_id* is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- message_id (int, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Required if *chat_id* and *message_id* are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- text (str) New text of the message, 1- 4096 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.
 - Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.
- **disable_web_page_preview** (bool, optional) Disables link previews for links in this message.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) An object for an inline keyboard.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

```
async exportChatInviteLink(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for export_chat_invite_link()

Use this method to generate a new primary invite link for a chat; any previously generated link is revoked. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

Note: Each administrator in a chat generates their own invite links. Bots can't use invite links generated by other administrators. If you want your bot to work with invite links, it will need to generate its own link using <code>export_chat_invite_link()</code> or by calling the <code>get_chat()</code> method. If your bot needs to generate a new primary invite link replacing its previous one, use <code>export_chat_invite_link()</code> again.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) — Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

New invite link on success.

Return type

str

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.export_invite_link()
```

property first_name

Bot's first name. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of bot.

```
Type
```

str

Alias for forward_message()

async forward_message(chat_id, from_chat_id, message_id, disable_notification=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to forward messages of any kind. Service messages can't be forwarded.

Note: Since the release of Bot API 5.5 it can be impossible to forward messages from some chats. Use the attributes telegram.Message.has_protected_content and telegram.Chat.has_protected_content to check this.

As a workaround, it is still possible to use *copy_message()*. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **from_chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the chat where the original message was sent (or channel username in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int) Message identifier in the chat specified in *from_chat_id*.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts telegram.Chat.forward_from() telegram.Chat.forward_to() • telegram.Message.forward() **async** getChat(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_chat() **async getChatAdministrators**(*chat_id*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_chat_administrators() **async** getChatMember(chat_id, user_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_chat_member() async getChatMemberCount(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_chat_member_count() **async getChatMenuButton**(*chat_id=None*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_chat_menu_button() **async getCustomEmojiStickers**(custom_emoji_ids, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_custom_emoji_stickers() **async** getFile(file_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_file() **async** getForumTopicIconStickers(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_forum_topic_icon_stickers() async getGameHighScores(user id, chat id=None, message id=None, inline message id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_game_high_scores() **async getMe**(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Alias for get_me() **async getMyCommands**(*scope=None*, *language_code=None*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, *connect_timeout=None*, *pool_timeout=None*,

api_kwargs=None)

Alias for get_my_default_administrator_rights()

async getMyDefaultAdministratorRights(for_channels=None, *, read_timeout=None,

write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for get_my_commands()

```
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```

```
async getMyDescription(language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                          connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for get_my_description()
async getMyName(language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for get_my_name()
async getMyShortDescription(language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for get_my_short_description()
async getStickerSet(name, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                       pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for get_sticker_set()
async getUpdates(offset=None, limit=None, timeout=None, allowed_updates=None, *,
                   read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                   pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for get_updates()
async getUserProfilePhotos(user_id, offset=None, limit=None, *, read_timeout=None,
                               write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                               api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for get_user_profile_photos()
async getWebhookInfo(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                        pool timeout=None, api kwargs=None)
     Alias for get_webhook_info()
async get_chat(chat id, *, read timeout=None, write timeout=None, connect timeout=None,
                 pool timeout=None, api kwargs=None)
     Use this method to get up to date information about the chat (current name of the user for one-on-one
    conversations, current username of a user, group or channel, etc.).
       Parameters
            chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target
            channel (in the format @channelusername).
        Keyword Arguments
             • read_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.request.
               BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
             • write_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.request.
               BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
             • connect_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.request.
               BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
            • pool_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.request.
               BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
             • api_kwargs (dict, optional) - Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Tele-
               gram API.
```

Raises

telegram.Chat

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to get a list of administrators in a chat.

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.get_administrators()
```

Changed in version 20.0: Returns a tuple instead of a list.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, returns a tuple of ChatMember objects that contains information about all chat administrators except other bots. If the chat is a group or a supergroup and no administrators were appointed, only the creator will be returned.

Return type

Tuple[telegram.ChatMember]

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

```
async get_chat_member(chat_id, user_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to get information about a member of a chat. The method is only guaranteed to work for other users if the bot is an administrator in the chat.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- user_id (int) Unique identifier of the target user.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

telegram.ChatMember

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.get_member()

async get_chat_member_count(*chat_id*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, *connect_timeout=None*, *pool_timeout=None*, *api_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to get the number of members in a chat.

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.get_member_count()
```

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) - Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

Number of members in the chat.

Return type

int

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

async get_chat_menu_button(chat_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to get the current value of the bot's menu button in a private chat, or the default menu button.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.get_menu_button()
- telegram.User.get_menu_button()

See also:

```
set_chat_menu_button(), telegram.Chat.set_menu_button(), telegram.User.
set_menu_button()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

chat_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target private chat. If not specified, default bot's menu button will be returned.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the current menu button is returned.

Return type

telegram.MenuButton

Use this method to get information about emoji stickers by their identifiers.

Changed in version 20.0: Returns a tuple instead of a list.

Parameters

custom_emoji_ids (Sequence[str]) – Sequence of custom emoji identifiers. At most 200 custom emoji identifiers can be specified.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

Tuple[telegram.Sticker]

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to get basic info about a file and prepare it for downloading. For the moment, bots can download files of up to 20 MB in size. The file can then be e.g. downloaded with telegram. File. download_to_drive(). It is guaranteed that the link will be valid for at least 1 hour. When the link expires, a new one can be requested by calling get_file again.

Note: This function may not preserve the original file name and MIME type. You should save the file's MIME type and name (if available) when the File object is received.

Shortcuts

- telegram.ChatPhoto.get_big_file()
- telegram.ChatPhoto.get_small_file()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

file_id (str | telegram.Animation | telegram.Audio | telegram.ChatPhoto
| telegram.Document | telegram.PhotoSize | telegram.Sticker | telegram.
Video | telegram.VideoNote | telegram.Voice) - Either the file identifier or an
object that has a file_id attribute to get file information about.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

telegram.File

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError-

Use this method to get custom emoji stickers, which can be used as a forum topic icon by any user. Requires no parameters.

New in version 20.0.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

Tuple[telegram.Sticker]

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async get_game_high_scores(user_id, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to get data for high score tables. Will return the score of the specified user and several of their neighbors in a game.

Note: This method will currently return scores for the target user, plus two of their closest neighbors on each side. Will also return the top three users if the user and his neighbors are not among them. Please note that this behavior is subject to change.

Shortcuts

- telegram.CallbackQuery.get_game_high_scores()
- telegram.Message.get_game_high_scores()

Changed in version 20.0: Returns a tuple instead of a list.

Parameters

- **user_id** (int) Target user id.
- **chat_id** (int, optional) Required if *inline_message_id* is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat.
- message_id (int, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Identifier of the sent message.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Required if *chat_id* and *message_id* are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

Tuple[telegram.GameHighScore]

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

A simple method for testing your bot's auth token. Requires no parameters.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

A telegram. User instance representing that bot if the credentials are valid, None otherwise

Return type

telegram.User

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

Use this method to get the current list of the bot's commands for the given scope and user language.

See also:

```
set_my_commands(), delete_my_commands()
```

Changed in version 20.0: Returns a tuple instead of a list.

Parameters

• **scope** (telegram.BotCommandScope, optional) – An object, describing scope of users. Defaults to telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault.

New in version 13.7.

• language_code (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code or an empty string.

New in version 13.7.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the commands set for the bot. An empty tuple is returned if commands are not set.

Return type

Tuple[telegram.BotCommand]

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to get the current default administrator rights of the bot.

See also:

```
set_my_default_administrator_rights()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

for_channels (bool, optional) – Pass True to get default administrator rights of the bot in channels. Otherwise, default administrator rights of the bot for groups and supergroups will be returned.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success.

Return type

telegram.ChatAdministratorRights

Raises

async get_my_description(language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to get the current bot description for the given user language.

Parameters

language_code (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code or an empty string.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the bot description is returned.

Return type

telegram.BotDescription

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async get_my_name(language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to get the current bot name for the given user language.

Parameters

language_code (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code or an empty string.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the bot name is returned.

Return type

telegram.BotName

Raises

Use this method to get the current bot short description for the given user language.

Parameters

language_code (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code or an empty string.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the bot short description is returned.

Return type

telegram.BotShortDescription

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

Use this method to get a sticker set.

Parameters

name (str) – Name of the sticker set.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

telegram.StickerSet

Raises

Use this method to receive incoming updates using long polling.

Note:

- 1. This method will not work if an outgoing webhook is set up.
- 2. In order to avoid getting duplicate updates, recalculate offset after each server response.
- 3. To take full advantage of this library take a look at telegram.ext.Updater

See also:

telegram.ext.Application.run_polling(), telegram.ext.Updater.start_polling()

Changed in version 20.0: Returns a tuple instead of a list.

Parameters

- **offset** (int, optional) Identifier of the first update to be returned. Must be greater by one than the highest among the identifiers of previously received updates. By default, updates starting with the earliest unconfirmed update are returned. An update is considered confirmed as soon as this method is called with an offset higher than its telegram. Update.update_id. The negative offset can be specified to retrieve updates starting from -offset update from the end of the updates queue. All previous updates will be forgotten.
- **limit** (int, optional) Limits the number of updates to be retrieved. Values between 1- 100 are accepted. Defaults to 100.
- **timeout** (int, optional) Timeout in seconds for long polling. Defaults to 0, i.e. usual short polling. Should be positive, short polling should be used for testing purposes only.
- allowed_updates (Sequence[str]), optional) A sequence the types of updates you want your bot to receive. For example, specify ["message", "edited_channel_post", "callback_query"] to only receive updates of these types. See telegram. Update for a complete list of available update types. Specify an empty sequence to receive all updates except telegram. Update.chat_member (default). If not specified, the previous setting will be used. Please note that this parameter doesn't affect updates created before the call to the get_updates, so unwanted updates may be received for a short period of time.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

Keyword Arguments

• read_timeout (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE. timeout will be added to this value.

Changed in version 20.7: Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE instead of 2.

- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

• api_kwargs (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

Tuple[telegram.Update]

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to get a list of profile pictures for a user.

Parameters

- user_id (int) Unique identifier of the target user.
- **offset** (int, optional) Sequential number of the first photo to be returned. By default, all photos are returned.
- limit (int, optional) Limits the number of photos to be retrieved. Values between 1- 100 are accepted. Defaults to 100.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

telegram.UserProfilePhotos

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.User.get_profile_photos()

Use this method to get current webhook status. Requires no parameters.

If the bot is using $get_updates()$, will return an object with the telegram.WebhookInfo.url field empty.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

telegram. Webhook Info

async hideGeneralForumTopic(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for hide_general_forum_topic()

async hide_general_forum_topic(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to hide the 'General' topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have *can_manage_topics* administrator rights. The topic will be automatically closed if it was open.

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.hide_general_forum_topic()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

property id

Unique identifier for this bot. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of bot.

Type

int

async initialize()

Initialize resources used by this class. Currently calls <code>get_me()</code> to cache <code>bot</code> and calls <code>telegram.request.BaseRequest.initialize()</code> for the request objects used by this bot.

See also:

shutdown()

New in version 20.0.

property last_name

Optional. Bot's last name. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of bot.

Type

str

Alias for leave_chat()

Use this method for your bot to leave a group, supergroup or channel.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) — Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.leave()

property link

Convenience property. Returns the t.me link of the bot.

Type

str

```
property local_mode
```

Whether this bot is running in local mode.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

Alias for log_out()

Use this method to log out from the cloud Bot API server before launching the bot locally. You *must* log out the bot before running it locally, otherwise there is no guarantee that the bot will receive updates. After a successful call, you can immediately log in on a local server, but will not be able to log in back to the cloud Bot API server for 10 minutes.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success

Return type

True

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

property name

Bot's @username. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of bot.

Type

str

Alias for pin_chat_message()

Use this method to add a message to the list of pinned messages in a chat. If the chat is not a private chat, the bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the <code>can_pin_messages</code> admin right in a supergroup or <code>can_edit_messages</code> admin right in a channel.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int) Identifier of a message to pin.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Pass True, if it is not necessary to send a notification to all chat members about the new pinned message. Notifications are always disabled in channels and private chats.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.pin_message()
- telegram.Message.pin()
- telegram.User.pin_message()

property private_key

Deserialized private key for decryption of telegram passport data.

New in version 20.0.

```
async promoteChatMember(chat_id, user_id, can_change_info=None, can_post_messages=None, can_edit_messages=None, can_delete_messages=None, can_invite_users=None, can_restrict_members=None, can_pin_messages=None, can_promote_members=None, is_anonymous=None, can_manage_chat=None, can_manage_topics=None, can_manage_video_chats=None, can_manage_topics=None, can_post_stories=None, can_delete_stories=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for promote_chat_member()

```
async promote_chat_member(chat_id, user_id, can_change_info=None, can_post_messages=None, can_edit_messages=None, can_delete_messages=None, can_invite_users=None, can_restrict_members=None, can_pin_messages=None, can_promote_members=None, is_anonymous=None, can_manage_chat=None, can_manage_video_chats=None, can_manage_topics=None, can_post_stories=None, can_edit_stories=None, can_delete_stories=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to promote or demote a user in a supergroup or a channel. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. Pass False for all boolean parameters to demote a user.

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.promote_member()
```

Changed in version 20.0: The argument can_manage_voice_chats was renamed to can_manage_video_chats in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **user_id** (int) Unique identifier of the target user.
- **is_anonymous** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator's presence in the chat is hidden.
- can_manage_chat (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, boost list in channels, see channel members, report spam messages, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.

New in version 13.4.

• can_manage_video_chats (bool, optional) — Pass True, if the administrator can manage video chats.

New in version 20.0.

- can_change_info (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can change chat title, photo and other settings.
- **can_post_messages** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can post messages in the channel, or access channel statistics; channels only.
- **can_edit_messages** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can edit messages of other users and can pin messages, channels only.
- **can_delete_messages** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.
- can_invite_users (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can invite new users to the chat.
- **can_restrict_members** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members, or access supergroup statistics.
- **can_pin_messages** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can pin messages, supergroups only.
- **can_promote_members** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of their own privileges or demote administrators that

they have promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user).

• **can_manage_topics** (bool, optional) – Pass True, if the user is allowed to create, rename, close, and reopen forum topics; supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

• **can_post_stories** (bool, optional) – Pass True, if the administrator can post stories in the channel; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

• **can_edit_stories** (bool, optional) – Pass True, if the administrator can edit stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

• **can_delete_stories** (bool, optional) – Pass True, if the administrator can delete stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

async reopenForumTopic(chat_id, message_thread_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for reopen_forum_topic()

async reopenGeneralForumTopic(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for reopen_general_forum_topic()

Use this method to reopen a closed topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have <code>can_manage_topics</code> administrator rights, unless it is the creator of the topic.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.reopen_forum_topic()

• telegram.Message.reopen_forum_topic()

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- message_thread_id (int) Unique identifier for the target message thread of the forum topic.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to reopen a closed 'General' topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have <code>can_manage_topics</code> administrator rights. The topic will be automatically unhidden if it was hidden.

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.reopen_general_forum_topic()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

property request

The BaseRequest object used by this bot.

Warning: Requests to the Bot API are made by the various methods of this class. This attribute should *not* be used manually.

Alias for restrict_chat_member()

```
async restrict_chat_member(chat_id, user_id, permissions, until_date=None,
```

use_independent_chat_permissions=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to restrict a user in a supergroup. The bot must be an administrator in the supergroup for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. Pass True for all boolean parameters to lift restrictions from a user.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.restrict_member()

See also:

telegram.ChatPermissions.all_permissions()

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- **user_id** (int) Unique identifier of the target user.
- until_date (int | datetime.datetime, optional) Date when restrictions will be lifted for the user, unix time. If user is restricted for more than 366 days or less than 30 seconds from the current time, they are considered to be restricted forever. For timezone naive datetime.datetime objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.
- **permissions** (telegram. ChatPermissions) An object for new user permissions.
- use_independent_chat_permissions (bool, optional) Pass True if chat permissions are set independently. Otherwise, the can_send_other_messages and can_add_web_page_previews permissions will imply the can_send_messages,

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async revokeChatInviteLink(chat_id, invite_link, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for revoke_chat_invite_link()

async revoke_chat_invite_link(chat_id, invite_link, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to revoke an invite link created by the bot. If the primary link is revoked, a new link is automatically generated. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.revoke_invite_link()

New in version 13.4.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- invite_link (str | telegram.ChatInviteLink) The invite link to revoke.

Changed in version 20.0: Now also accepts telegram. ChatInviteLink instances.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

telegram.ChatInviteLink

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async sendAnimation(chat_id, animation, duration=None, width=None, height=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_animation()

async sendAudio(chat_id, audio, duration=None, performer=None, title=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_audio()

Alias for send_chat_action()

async sendContact(chat_id, phone_number=None, first_name=None, last_name=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, vcard=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, contact=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_contact()

async sendDice(chat_id, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, emoji=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_dice()

async sendDocument (chat_id, document, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_document()

async sendGame(chat_id, game_short_name, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_game()

```
async sendInvoice(chat_id, title, description, payload, provider_token, currency, prices,
                     start_parameter=None, photo_url=None, photo_size=None, photo_width=None,
                     photo_height=None, need_name=None, need_phone_number=None,
                     need_email=None, need_shipping_address=None, is_flexible=None,
                     disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                     provider_data=None, send_phone_number_to_provider=None,
                     send_email_to_provider=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                     max tip amount=None, suggested tip amounts=None, protect content=None,
                     message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                     connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for send_invoice()
async sendLocation(chat_id, latitude=None, longitude=None, disable_notification=None,
                      reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, live_period=None,
                      horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None,
                      allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None,
                      message_thread_id=None, *, location=None, read_timeout=None,
                      write timeout=None, connect timeout=None, pool timeout=None,
                      api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for send_location()
async sendMediaGroup(chat_id, media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                        allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None,
                        message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                        caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None)
     Alias for send_media_group()
async sendMessage(chat_id, text, parse_mode=None, entities=None,
                     disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None,
                     protect_content=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                     allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None,
                     message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                     connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for send_message()
async sendPhoto(chat_id, photo, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                   reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None,
                  message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, *, filename=None,
                   read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                  pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for send_photo()
async sendPoll(chat_id, question, options, is_anonymous=None, type=None,
                 allows_multiple_answers=None, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None,
                 disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                 explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None, open_period=None,
                 close_date=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None,
                 protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                 api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for send_pol1()
```

async sendSticker(chat_id, sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, emoji=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_sticker()

async sendVenue(chat_id, latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None, foursquare_id=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, foursquare_type=None, google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, venue=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

async sendVideo(chat_id, video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, width=None, height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_video()

Alias for send_venue()

async sendVideoNote(chat_id, video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_video_note()

async sendVoice(chat_id, voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_voice()

async send_animation(chat_id, animation, duration=None, width=None, height=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send animation files (GIF or H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound). Bots can currently send animation files of up to 50 MB in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

Note: *thumbnail* will be ignored for small files, for which Telegram can easily generate thumbnails. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_animation()
- telegram.Message.reply_animation()
- telegram.User.send_animation()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated argument thumb. Use thumbnail instead.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- animation (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.Animation) Animation to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the local_mode setting. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.Animation object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

- **duration** (int, optional) Duration of sent animation in seconds.
- width (int, optional) Animation width.
- **height** (int, optional) Animation height.
- **caption** (str, optional) Animation caption (may also be used when resending animations by file_id), 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- has_spoiler (bool, optional) Pass True if the animation needs to be covered with a spoiler animation.

New in version 20.0.

• **thumbnail** (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) — Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting.

New in version 20.2.

Keyword Arguments

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the animation, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async send_audio(chat_id, audio, duration=None, performer=None, title=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send audio files, if you want Telegram clients to display them in the music player. Your audio must be in the .mp3 or .m4a format.

Bots can currently send audio files of up to 50 MB in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

For sending voice messages, use the *send_voice()* method instead.

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.send_audio()

- telegram.Message.reply_audio()
- telegram.User.send_audio()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated argument thumb. Use thumbnail instead.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- audio (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.Audio) Audio file to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the local_mode setting. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.Audio object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

Changed in version 20.0: File paths as input is also accepted for bots *not* running in *local_mode*.

- **caption** (str, optional) Audio caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **duration** (int, optional) Duration of sent audio in seconds.
- **performer** (str, optional) Performer.
- title (str, optional) Track name.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• **message_thread_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.

- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **thumbnail** (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting.

New in version 20.2.

Keyword Arguments

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the audio, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module

New in version 13.1.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float|None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method when you need to tell the user that something is happening on the bot's side. The status is set for 5 seconds or less (when a message arrives from your bot, Telegram clients clear its typing status). Telegram only recommends using this method when a response from the bot will take a noticeable amount of time to arrive.

Parameters

• **chat_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

- **action** (str) Type of action to broadcast. Choose one, depending on what the user is about to receive. For convenience look at the constants in telegram.constants. ChatAction.
- **message_thread_id** (int, optional) Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_action()
- telegram.Chat.send_chat_action()
- telegram.Message.reply_chat_action()
- telegram.User.send_action()
- telegram.User.send_chat_action()

async send_contact(chat_id, phone_number=None, first_name=None, last_name=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, vcard=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, contact=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send phone contacts.

Note: You can either supply *contact* or *phone_number* and *first_name* with optionally *last_name* and optionally *vcard*.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **phone_number** (str, optional) Contact's phone number.

- **first_name** (str, optional) Contact's first name.
- last_name (str, optional) Contact's last name.
- **vcard** (str, optional) Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• **message_thread_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.

Keyword Arguments

- **contact** (*telegram*. *Contact*, optional) The contact to send.
- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_contact()
- telegram.Message.reply_contact()
- telegram.User.send_contact()

```
async send_dice(chat_id, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, emoji=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to send an animated emoji that will display a random value.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user
- **emoji** (str, optional) Emoji on which the dice throw animation is based. Currently, must be one of *telegram.constants.DiceEmoji*. Dice can have values 1-6 for ", " and ", values 1-5 for " and ", and values 1-64 for ". Defaults to ".

Changed in version 13.4: Added the "emoji.

- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_dice()
- telegram.Message.reply_dice()
- telegram.User.send_dice()

async send_document(chat_id, document, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send general files.

Bots can currently send files of any type of up to 50 MB in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_document()
- telegram.Message.reply_document()
- telegram. User. send_document()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated argument thumb. Use thumbnail instead.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **document** (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.Document) File to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the local_mode setting. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.Document object to send.

Note: Sending by URL will currently only work GIF, PDF & ZIP files.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

Changed in version 20.0: File paths as input is also accepted for bots *not* running in *local_mode*.

- **caption** (str, optional) Document caption (may also be used when resending documents by file_id), 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **disable_content_type_detection** (bool, optional) Disables automatic server-side content type detection for files uploaded using multipart/form-data.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

• **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) — Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **thumbnail** (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting.

New in version 20.2.

Keyword Arguments

- **filename** (str, optional) Custom file name for the document, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.
- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async send_game(chat_id, game_short_name, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send a game.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int) Unique identifier for the target chat.
- game_short_name (str) Short name of the game, serves as the unique identifier for the game. Set up your games via @BotFather.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) An object for a new inline keyboard. If empty, one "Play game_title" button will be shown. If not empty, the first button must launch the game.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_game()
- telegram.Message.reply_game()
- telegram.User.send_game()

Use this method to send invoices.

Warning: As of API 5.2 *start_parameter* is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_invoice()
- telegram.Message.reply_invoice()
- telegram. User. send_invoice()

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, the parameter start_parameter is optional.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- title (str) Product name. 1- 32 characters.
- **description** (str) Product description. 1- 255 characters.
- **payload** (str) Bot-defined invoice payload. *1-128* bytes. This will not be displayed to the user, use for your internal processes.
- **provider_token** (str) Payments provider token, obtained via @BotFather.
- **currency** (str) Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code, see more on currencies.
- **prices** (Sequence[telegram.LabeledPrice) Price breakdown, a sequence of components (e.g. product price, tax, discount, delivery cost, delivery tax, bonus, etc.).

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.

• max_tip_amount (int, optional) – The maximum accepted amount for tips in the *smallest* units of the currency (integer, **not** float/double). For example, for a maximum tip of US\$ 1.45 pass max_tip_amount = 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies). Defaults to 0.

New in version 13.5.

• **suggested_tip_amounts** (Sequence[int], optional) – An array of suggested amounts of tips in the *smallest* units of the currency (integer, **not** float/double). At most 4 suggested tip amounts can be specified. The suggested tip amounts must be positive, passed in a strictly increased order and must not exceed *max_tip_amount*.

New in version 13.5.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

• **start_parameter** (str, optional) – Unique deep-linking parameter. If left empty, *forwarded copies* of the sent message will have a *Pay* button, allowing multiple users to pay directly from the forwarded message, using the same invoice. If non-empty, forwarded copies of the sent message will have a *URL* button with a deep link to the bot (instead of a *Pay* button), with the value used as the start parameter.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, this parameter is optional.

- **provider_data** (str | object, optional) data about the invoice, which will be shared with the payment provider. A detailed description of required fields should be provided by the payment provider. When an object is passed, it will be encoded as JSON.
- **photo_url** (str, optional) URL of the product photo for the invoice. Can be a photo of the goods or a marketing image for a service. People like it better when they see what they are paying for.
- **photo_size** (str, optional) Photo size.
- photo_width (int, optional) Photo width.
- **photo_height** (int, optional) Photo height.
- **need_name** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's full name to complete the order.
- **need_phone_number** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's phone number to complete the order.
- **need_email** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's email to complete the order.
- **need_shipping_address** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's shipping address to complete the order.
- **send_phone_number_to_provider** (bool, optional) Pass True, if user's phone number should be sent to provider.
- **send_email_to_provider** (bool, optional) Pass True, if user's email address should be sent to provider.
- is_flexible (bool, optional) Pass True, if the final price depends on the shipping method.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) An object for an inline keyboard. If empty, one 'Pay total price' button will be shown. If not empty, the first button must be a Pay button.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

```
async send_location(chat_id, latitude=None, longitude=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, live_period=None, horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, location=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to send point on the map.

Note: You can either supply a *latitude* and *longitude* or a *location*.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- latitude (float, optional) Latitude of location.
- longitude (float, optional) Longitude of location.
- horizontal_accuracy (int, optional) The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.
- **live_period** (int, optional) Period in seconds for which the location will be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.

- **heading** (int, optional) For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **proximity_alert_radius** (int, optional) For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 100000 if specified.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.

Keyword Arguments

- **location** (*telegram.Location*, optional) The location to send.
- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_location()
- telegram.Message.reply_location()
- telegram.User.send_location()

```
async send_media_group(chat_id, media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None)
```

Use this method to send a group of photos, videos, documents or audios as an album. Documents and audio files can be only grouped in an album with messages of the same type.

Note: If you supply a *caption* (along with either *parse_mode* or *caption_entities*), then items in *media* must have no captions, and vice versa.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_media_group()
- telegram.Message.reply_media_group()
- telegram.User.send_media_group()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.0: Returns a tuple instead of a list.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- media (Sequence[telegram.InputMediaAudio, telegram. InputMediaDocument, telegram.InputMediaPhoto, telegram. InputMediaVideo]) An array describing messages to be sent, must include 2-10 items.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.

Keyword Arguments

• **caption** (str, optional) – Caption that will be added to the first element of *media*, so that it will be used as caption for the whole media group. Defaults to None.

New in version 20.0.

• parse_mode (str | None, optional) – Parse mode for *caption*. See the constants in *telegram.constants.ParseMode* for the available modes.

New in version 20.0.

• caption_entities (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) — List of special entities for caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode. Defaults to None.

New in version 20.0.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to DEFAULT NONE.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

An array of the sent Messages.

Return type

Tuple[telegram.Message]

Raises

 ${\tt telegram.error.TelegramError} -$

```
async send_message(chat_id, text, parse_mode=None, entities=None, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None, protect_content=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to send text messages.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- text (str) Text of the message to be sent. Max 4096 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **disable_web_page_preview** (bool, optional) Disables link previews for links in this message.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.

• **protect_content** (bool, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **message_thread_id** (int, optional) Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_message()
- telegram.Message.reply_html()
- telegram.Message.reply_markdown_v2()
- telegram.Message.reply_markdown()
- telegram.Message.reply_text()
- telegram.User.send_message()

async send_photo(*chat_id*, *photo*, *caption=None*, *disable_notification=None*,

reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send photos.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_photo()
- telegram.Message.reply_photo()
- telegram.User.send_photo()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **photo** (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.PhotoSize) Photo to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the local_mode setting. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.PhotoSize object to send.

Caution:

- The photo must be at most 10MB in size.
- The photo's width and height must not exceed 10000 in total.
- Width and height ratio must be at most 20.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

Changed in version 20.0: File paths as input is also accepted for bots *not* running in *local_mode*.

- **caption** (str, optional) Photo caption (may also be used when resending photos by file_id), 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• **message_thread_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- has_spoiler (bool, optional) Pass True if the photo needs to be covered with a spoiler animation.

New in version 20.0.

Keyword Arguments

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the photo, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async send_poll(chat_id, question, options, is_anonymous=None, type=None,

allows_multiple_answers=None, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None, open_period=None, close_date=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send a native poll.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **question** (str) Poll question, 1- 300 characters.
- options (Sequence[str]) Sequence of answer options, 2- 10 strings 1- 100 characters each.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **is_anonymous** (bool, optional) True, if the poll needs to be anonymous, defaults to True.
- **type** (str, optional) Poll type, 'quiz' or 'regular', defaults to 'regular'.
- allows_multiple_answers (bool, optional) True, if the poll allows multiple answers, ignored for polls in quiz mode, defaults to False.
- **correct_option_id** (int, optional) 0-based identifier of the correct answer option, required for polls in quiz mode.
- **explanation** (str, optional) Text that is shown when a user chooses an incorrect answer or taps on the lamp icon in a quiz-style poll, 0-200 characters with at most 2 line feeds after entities parsing.
- **explanation_parse_mode** (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities in the explanation. See the constants in *telegram.constants.ParseMode* for the available modes.
- **explanation_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of *explanation_parse_mode*.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **open_period** (int, optional) Amount of time in seconds the poll will be active after creation, 5- 600. Can't be used together with *close_date*.
- **close_date** (int | datetime.datetime, optional) Point in time (Unix timestamp) when the poll will be automatically closed. Must be at least 5 and no more than 600 seconds in the future. Can't be used together with *open_period*. For timezone naive datetime.datetime objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.
- **is_closed** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the poll needs to be immediately closed. This can be useful for poll preview.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• **message_thread_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.

• reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) — Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_poll()
- telegram.Message.reply_poll()
- telegram.User.send_poll()

```
async send_sticker(chat_id, sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, emoji=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to send static .WEBP, animated .TGS, or video .WEBM stickers.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_sticker()
- telegram.Message.reply_sticker()
- telegram.User.send_sticker()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

• **chat_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

• **sticker** (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | *telegram.Sticker*) – Sticker to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the *local_mode* setting. Video stickers can only be sent by a file_id. Animated stickers can't be sent via an HTTP URL.

Lastly you can pass an existing telegram. Sticker object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

Changed in version 20.0: File paths as input is also accepted for bots *not* running in *local_mode*.

emoji (str, optional) – Emoji associated with the sticker; only for just uploaded stickers

New in version 20.2.

- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• **message_thread_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async send_venue(chat_id, latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None, foursquare_id=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, foursquare_type=None, google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, venue=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to send information about a venue.

Note:

- You can either supply venue, or latitude, longitude, title and address and optionally foursquare_id and foursquare_type or optionally google_place_id and google_place_type.
- Foursquare details and Google Place details are mutually exclusive. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **latitude** (float, optional) Latitude of venue.
- longitude (float, optional) Longitude of venue.
- **title** (str, optional) Name of the venue.
- address (str, optional) Address of the venue.
- **foursquare_id** (str, optional) Foursquare identifier of the venue.
- **foursquare_type** (str, optional) Foursquare type of the venue, if known. (For example, "arts_entertainment/default", "arts_entertainment/aquarium" or "food/icecream".)
- **google_place_id** (str, optional) Google Places identifier of the venue.
- **google_place_type** (str, optional) Google Places type of the venue. (See supported types.)
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• **message_thread_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.

• reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) — Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.

Keyword Arguments

- **venue** (*telegram. Venue*, optional) The venue to send.
- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_venue()
- telegram.Message.reply_venue()
- telegram.User.send_venue()

```
async send_video(chat_id, video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, width=None, height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to send video files, Telegram clients support mp4 videos (other formats may be sent as Document).

Bots can currently send video files of up to 50 MB in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

Note: *thumbnail* will be ignored for small video files, for which Telegram can easily generate thumbnails. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_video()
- telegram.Message.reply_video()
- telegram.User.send_video()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated argument thumb. Use thumbnail instead.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- video (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.Video) Video file to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the local_mode setting. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.Video object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

Changed in version 20.0: File paths as input is also accepted for bots *not* running in *local_mode*.

- **duration** (int, optional) Duration of sent video in seconds.
- width (int, optional) Video width.
- height (int, optional) Video height.
- **caption** (str, optional) Video caption (may also be used when resending videos by file_id), 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **supports_streaming** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the uploaded video is suitable for streaming.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• **message_thread_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.

- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- has_spoiler (bool, optional) Pass True if the video needs to be covered with a spoiler animation.

New in version 20.0.

• **thumbnail** (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) — Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting.

New in version 20.2.

Keyword Arguments

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the video, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError-

```
async send_video_note(chat_id, video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

As of v.4.0, Telegram clients support rounded square mp4 videos of up to 1 minute long. Use this method to send video messages.

Note: thumbnail will be ignored for small video files, for which Telegram can easily generate thumbnails. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_video_note()
- telegram.Message.reply_video_note()
- telegram.User.send_video_note()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated argument thumb. Use thumbnail instead.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- video_note (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.VideoNote) Video note to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a video note that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended) or upload a new video using multipart/form-data. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting. Lastly you can pass an existing <code>telegram.VideoNote</code> object to send. Sending video notes by a URL is currently unsupported.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

Changed in version 20.0: File paths as input is also accepted for bots *not* running in *local_mode*.

- duration (int, optional) Duration of sent video in seconds.
- length (int, optional) Video width and height, i.e. diameter of the video message.
- disable_notification (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will
 receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.

• **thumbnail** (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting.

New in version 20.2.

Keyword Arguments

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the video note, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

```
async send_voice(chat_id, voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to send audio files, if you want Telegram clients to display the file as a playable voice message. For this to work, your audio must be in an .ogg file encoded with OPUS (other formats may be sent as Audio or Document). Bots can currently send voice messages of up to 50 MB in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

Note: To use this method, the file must have the type audio/ogg and be no more than 1 MB in size. 1 MB- 20 MB voice notes will be sent as files.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.send_voice()
- telegram.Message.reply_voice()
- telegram.User.send_voice()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **voice** (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | *telegram.Voice*) Voice file to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the *local_mode* setting. Lastly you can pass an existing *telegram.Voice* object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

Changed in version 20.0: File paths as input is also accepted for bots *not* running in *local_mode*.

- **caption** (str, optional) Voice message caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **duration** (int, optional) Duration of the voice message in seconds.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

• message_thread_id (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target message thread (topic) of the forum; for forum supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_to_message_id** (int, optional) If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- reply_markup (InlineKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardMarkup | ReplyKeyboardRemove | ForceReply, optional) Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.

Keyword Arguments

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the voice, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Alias for set_chat_administrator_custom_title()

async setChatDescription(*chat_id*, *description=None*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, *connect_timeout=None*, *pool_timeout=None*, *api_kwargs=None*)

Alias for set_chat_description()

async setChatMenuButton(chat_id=None, menu_button=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for set_chat_menu_button()

Alias for set_chat_permissions()

async setChatPhoto(*chat_id*, *photo*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, *connect_timeout=None*, *pool_timeout=None*, *api_kwargs=None*)

Alias for set_chat_photo()

Alias for set_chat_sticker_set()

```
async setChatTitle(chat_id, title, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                     connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_chat_title()
async setCustomEmojiStickerSetThumbnail(name, custom_emoji_id=None, *,
                                             read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                             connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                                             api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_custom_emoji_sticker_set_thumbnail()
async setGameScore(user_id, score, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                     force=None, disable_edit_message=None, *, read_timeout=None,
                     write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                     api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_game_score()
async setMyCommands(commands, scope=None, language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None,
                      write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                      api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_my_commands()
async setMyDefaultAdministratorRights(rights=None, for_channels=None, *,
                                           read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                           connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                                           api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_my_default_administrator_rights()
async setMyDescription(description=None, language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None,
                          write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                          api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_my_description()
async setMyName(name=None, language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Alias for set_my_name()
async setMyShortDescription(short_description=None, language_code=None, *,
                               read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                               pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_my_short_description()
async setPassportDataErrors(user id, errors, *, read timeout=None, write timeout=None,
                               connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_passport_data_errors()
async setStickerEmojiList(sticker, emoji_list, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                             connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_sticker_emoji_list()
async setStickerKeywords(sticker, keywords=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                            connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Alias for set_sticker_keywords()
async setStickerMaskPosition(sticker, mask_position=None, *, read_timeout=None,
                                 write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                                 api_kwargs=None)
    Alias for set_sticker_mask_position()
```

Alias for set_webhook()

Use this method to set a custom title for administrators promoted by the bot in a supergroup. The bot must be an administrator for this to work.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- user_id (int) Unique identifier of the target administrator.
- **custom_title** (str) New custom title for the administrator; 0-16 characters, emoji are not allowed.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.set_administrator_custom_title()
```

Use this method to change the description of a group, a supergroup or a channel. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **description** (str, optional) New chat description, 0-255 characters.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.set_description()
```

Use this method to change the bot's menu button in a private chat, or the default menu button.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.set_menu_button()
- telegram.User.set_menu_button()

See also:

```
get_chat_menu_button(), telegram.Chat.get_menu_button() telegram.User.
get_menu_button()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int, optional) Unique identifier for the target private chat. If not specified, default bot's menu button will be changed
- menu_button (telegram.MenuButton, optional) An object for the new bot's menu button. Defaults to telegram.MenuButtonDefault.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Use this method to set default chat permissions for all members. The bot must be an administrator in the group or a supergroup for this to work and must have the telegram. ChatMemberAdministrator. can_restrict_members admin rights.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- **permissions** (*telegram*. *ChatPermissions*) New default chat permissions.
- use_independent_chat_permissions (bool, optional) Pass True if chat permissions are set independently. Otherwise, the <code>can_send_other_messages</code> and <code>can_add_web_page_previews</code> permissions will imply the <code>can_send_messages</code>, <code>can_send_audios</code>, <code>can_send_documents</code>, <code>can_send_photos</code>, <code>can_send_videos</code>, <code>can_send_video_notes</code>, and <code>can_send_voice_notes</code> permissions; the <code>can_send_polls</code> permission will imply the <code>can_send_messages</code> permission.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.set_permissions()
```

```
async set_chat_photo(chat_id, photo, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to set a new profile photo for the chat.

Photos can't be changed for private chats. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **photo** (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path) New chat photo. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

Changed in version 20.0: File paths as input is also accepted for bots *not* running in *local_mode*.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.set_photo()

Use this method to set a new group sticker set for a supergroup. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. Use the field telegram. Chat. can_set_sticker_set optionally returned in get_chat() requests to check if the bot can use this method.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- **sticker_set_name** (str) Name of the sticker set to be set as the group sticker set.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async set_chat_title(chat_id, title, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to change the title of a chat. Titles can't be changed for private chats. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- title (str) New chat title, 1- 128 characters.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.set_title()

Use this method to set the thumbnail of a custom emoji sticker set.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

- name (str) Sticker set name.
- **custom_emoji_id** (str, optional) Custom emoji identifier of a sticker from the sticker set; pass an empty string to drop the thumbnail and use the first sticker as the thumbnail.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

```
async set_game_score(user_id, score, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None, force=None, disable_edit_message=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to set the score of the specified user in a game message.

Shortcuts

- telegram.CallbackQuery.set_game_score()
- telegram.Message.set_game_score()

See also:

telegram. Game. text

Parameters

- user_id (int) User identifier.
- **score** (int) New score, must be non-negative.
- **force** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the high score is allowed to decrease. This can be useful when fixing mistakes or banning cheaters.
- **disable_edit_message** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the game message should not be automatically edited to include the current scoreboard.
- **chat_id** (int, optional) Required if *inline_message_id* is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat.
- message_id (int, optional) Required if inline_message_id is not specified. Identifier of the sent message.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Required if *chat_id* and *message_id* are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

The edited message. If the message is not an inline message, True.

Return type

telegram.Message

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError – If the new score is not greater than the user's current score in the chat and *force* is False.

Use this method to change the list of the bot's commands. See the Telegram docs for more details about bot commands.

See also:

```
get_my_commands(), delete_my_commands()
```

Parameters

• **commands** (Sequence[BotCommand | (str, str)]) – A sequence of bot commands to be set as the list of the bot's commands. At most 100 commands can be specified.

Note: If you pass in a sequence of tuple, the order of elements in each tuple must correspond to the order of positional arguments to create a *BotCommand* instance.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

• **scope** (telegram.BotCommandScope, optional) — An object, describing scope of users for which the commands are relevant. Defaults to telegram. BotCommandScopeDefault.

New in version 13.7.

• language_code (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code. If empty, commands will be applied to all users from the given scope, for whose language there are no dedicated commands.

New in version 13.7.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float|None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

Use this method to change the default administrator rights requested by the bot when it's added as an administrator to groups or channels. These rights will be suggested to users, but they are are free to modify the list before adding the bot.

See also:

```
get_my_default_administrator_rights()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- rights (telegram.ChatAdministratorRights, optional) A telegram. ChatAdministratorRights object describing new default administrator rights. If not specified, the default administrator rights will be cleared.
- **for_channels** (bool, optional) Pass True to change the default administrator rights of the bot in channels. Otherwise, the default administrator rights of the bot for groups and supergroups will be changed.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

Returns True on success.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to change the bot's description, which is shown in the chat with the bot if the chat is empty.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

- **description** (str, optional) New bot description; 0-512 characters. Pass an empty string to remove the dedicated description for the given language.
- language_code (str, optional) A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code. If empty, the description will be applied to all users for whose language there is no dedicated description.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async set_my_name(name=None, language_code=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to change the bot's name.

New in version 20.3.

Parameters

• **name** (str, optional) – New bot name; 0-64 characters. Pass an empty string to remove the dedicated name for the given language.

Caution: If *language_code* is not specified, a *name must* be specified.

• language_code (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code. If empty, the name will be applied to all users for whose language there is no dedicated name.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to change the bot's short description, which is shown on the bot's profile page and is sent together with the link when users share the bot.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

• **short_description** (str, optional) – New short description for the bot; 0-120 characters. Pass an empty string to remove the dedicated description for the given language.

• **language_code** (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code. If empty, the description will be applied to all users for whose language there is no dedicated description.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async set_passport_data_errors(user_id, errors, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect timeout=None, pool timeout=None, api kwargs=None)

Informs a user that some of the Telegram Passport elements they provided contains errors. The user will not be able to re-submit their Passport to you until the errors are fixed (the contents of the field for which you returned the error must change).

Use this if the data submitted by the user doesn't satisfy the standards your service requires for any reason. For example, if a birthday date seems invalid, a submitted document is blurry, a scan shows evidence of tampering, etc. Supply some details in the error message to make sure the user knows how to correct the issues.

Parameters

- user_id (int) User identifier
- **errors** (Sequence[*PassportElementError*]) A Sequence describing the errors. Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async set_sticker_emoji_list(sticker, emoji_list, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to change the list of emoji assigned to a regular or custom emoji sticker. The sticker must belong to a sticker set created by the bot.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

- **sticker** (str) File identifier of the sticker.
- **emoji_list** (Sequence[str]) A sequence of 1- 20 emoji associated with the sticker.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

async set_sticker_keywords(*sticker*, *keywords=None*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, *connect_timeout=None*, *pool_timeout=None*, *api_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to change search keywords assigned to a regular or custom emoji sticker. The sticker must belong to a sticker set created by the bot.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

- **sticker** (str) File identifier of the sticker.
- **keywords** (Sequence[str]) A sequence of 0-20 search keywords for the sticker with total length up to 64 characters.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to change the mask position of a mask sticker. The sticker must belong to a sticker set that was created by the bot.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

- **sticker** (str) File identifier of the sticker.
- mask_position (telegram.MaskPosition, optional) A object with the position where the mask should be placed on faces. Omit the parameter to remove the mask position.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.*BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to move a sticker in a set created by the bot to a specific position.

Parameters

- **sticker** (str) File identifier of the sticker.
- **position** (int) New sticker position in the set, zero-based.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to set the thumbnail of a regular or mask sticker set. The format of the thumbnail file must match the format of the stickers in the set.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

- name (str) Sticker set name
- user_id (int) User identifier of created sticker set owner.
- thumbnail (str|file object|bytes|pathlib.Path, optional) A.WEBP or .PNG image with the thumbnail, must be up to 128 kilobytes in size and have width and height of exactly 100 px, or a .TGS animation with the thumbnail up to 32 kilobytes in size; see the docs for animated sticker technical requirements, or a .WEBM video with the thumbnail up to 32 kilobytes in size; see this for video sticker technical requirements.

Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting.

Animated and video sticker set thumbnails can't be uploaded via HTTP URL. If omitted, then the thumbnail is dropped and the first sticker is used as the thumbnail.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

• api_kwargs (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

```
async set_sticker_set_title(name, title, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to set the title of a created sticker set.

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

- name (str) Sticker set name.
- **title** (str) Sticker set title, 1- 64 characters.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

Use this method to specify a url and receive incoming updates via an outgoing webhook. Whenever there is an update for the bot, Telegram will send an HTTPS POST request to the specified url, containing An Update. In case of an unsuccessful request, Telegram will give up after a reasonable amount of attempts.

If you'd like to make sure that the Webhook was set by you, you can specify secret data in the parameter <code>secret_token</code>. If specified, the request will contain a header <code>X-Telegram-Bot-Api-Secret-Token</code> with the secret token as content.

Note:

1. You will not be able to receive updates using get_updates() for long as an outgoing webhook is set up.

- 2. To use a self-signed certificate, you need to upload your public key certificate using *certificate* parameter. Please upload as *InputFile*, sending a String will not work.
- 3. Ports currently supported for Webhooks: telegram.constants.SUPPORTED_WEBHOOK_PORTS.

If you're having any trouble setting up webhooks, please check out this guide to Webhooks.

Note:

- 1. You will not be able to receive updates using <code>get_updates()</code> for long as an outgoing webhook is set up.
- 2. To use a self-signed certificate, you need to upload your public key certificate using certificate parameter. Please upload as InputFile, sending a String will not work.
- 3. Ports currently supported for Webhooks: telegram.constants.SUPPORTED_WEBHOOK_PORTS.

If you're having any trouble setting up webhooks, please check out this guide to Webhooks.

See also:

telegram.ext.Application.run_webhook(), telegram.ext.Updater.start_webhook()

Examples

Custom Webhook Bot

Parameters

- **url** (str) HTTPS url to send updates to. Use an empty string to remove webhook integration.
- **certificate** (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str) Upload your public key certificate so that the root certificate in use can be checked. See our self-signed guide for details. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in *local_mode*, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well.
- **ip_address** (str, optional) The fixed IP address which will be used to send webhook requests instead of the IP address resolved through DNS.
- max_connections (int, optional) Maximum allowed number of simultaneous HTTPS connections to the webhook for update delivery, 1- 100. Defaults to 40. Use lower values to limit the load on your bot's server, and higher values to increase your bot's throughput.
- allowed_updates (Sequence[str], optional) A sequence of the types of updates you want your bot to receive. For example, specify ["message", "edited_channel_post", "callback_query"] to only receive updates of these types. See telegram. Update for a complete list of available update types. Specify an empty sequence to receive all updates except telegram. Update. chat_member (default). If not specified, the previous setting will be used. Please note that this parameter doesn't affect updates created before the call to the set_webhook, so unwanted updates may be received for a short period of time.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- $\bullet \ \ drop_pending_updates \ (bool, optional) Pass \ True \ to \ drop \ all \ pending \ updates.$
- **secret_token** (str, optional) A secret token to be sent in a header X-Telegram-Bot-Api-Secret-Token in every webhook request, 1-256 characters.

Only characters A-Z, a-z, 0-9, _ and - are allowed. The header is useful to ensure that the request comes from a webhook set by you.

New in version 20.0.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

bool On success, True is returned.

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

async shutdown()

Stop & clear resources used by this class. Currently just calls telegram.request.BaseRequest. shutdown() for the request objects used by this bot.

See also:

```
initialize()
```

New in version 20.0.

Alias for stop_message_live_location()

Alias for stop_pol1()

async stop_message_live_location(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to stop updating a live location message sent by the bot or via the bot (for inline bots) before *live_period* expires.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str, optional) Required if *inline_message_id* is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int, optional) Required if *inline_message_id* is not specified. Identifier of the sent message with live location to stop.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Required if *chat_id* and *message_id* are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.

• reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) — An object for a new inline keyboard.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcuts

- telegram.CallbackQuery.stop_message_live_location()
- telegram.Message.stop_live_location()

Use this method to stop a poll which was sent by the bot.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- message_id (int) Identifier of the original message with the poll.
- **reply_markup** (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) An object for a new message inline keyboard.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the stopped Poll is returned.

Return type

telegram.Poll

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.Message.stop_poll()

property supports_inline_queries

Bot's telegram. User. supports_inline_queries attribute. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of bot.

Type

bool

to_dict(recursive=True)

See telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict().

property token

Bot's unique authentication token.

New in version 20.0.

Type

str

async unbanChatMember(chat_id, user_id, only_if_banned=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for unban_chat_member()

async unbanChatSenderChat(chat_id, sender_chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for unban_chat_sender_chat()

Use this method to unban a previously kicked user in a supergroup or channel.

The user will *not* return to the group or channel automatically, but will be able to join via link, etc. The bot must be an administrator for this to work. By default, this method guarantees that after the call the user is not a member of the chat, but will be able to join it. So if the user is a member of the chat they will also be *removed* from the chat. If you don't want this, use the parameter *only_if_banned*.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **user_id** (int) Unique identifier of the target user.
- **only_if_banned** (bool, optional) Do nothing if the user is not banned.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

telegram.Chat.unban_member()

Use this method to unban a previously banned channel in a supergroup or channel. The bot must be an administrator for this to work and must have the appropriate administrator rights.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.unban_chat()
- telegram.Chat.unban_sender_chat()

New in version 13.9.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **sender_chat_id** (int) Unique identifier of the target sender chat.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

async unhideGeneralForumTopic(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for unhide_general_forum_topic()

Use this method to unhide the 'General' topic in a forum supergroup chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have <code>can_manage_topics</code> administrator rights.

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.unhide_general_forum_topic()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

async unpinAllChatMessages(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for unpin_all_chat_messages()

Alias for unpin_all_forum_topic_messages()

async unpinAllGeneralForumTopicMessages(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for unpin_all_general_forum_topic_messages()

async unpinChatMessage(chat_id, message_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for unpin_chat_message()

Use this method to clear the list of pinned messages in a chat. If the chat is not a private chat, the bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the *can_pin_messages* admin right in a supergroup or *can_edit_messages* admin right in a channel.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to *telegram.request.* BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.unpin_all_messages()
- telegram.User.unpin_all_messages()

Use this method to clear the list of pinned messages in a forum topic. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have *can_pin_messages* administrator rights in the supergroup.

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.unpin_all_forum_topic_messages()
- telegram.Message.unpin_all_forum_topic_messages()

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

• **chat_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

• message_thread_id (int) – Unique identifier for the target message thread of the forum topic.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Use this method to clear the list of pinned messages in a General forum topic. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have *can_pin_messages* administrator rights in the supergroup.

Shortcuts

```
telegram.Chat.unpin_all_general_forum_topic_messages()
```

New in version 20.5.

Parameters

chat_id (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

```
telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

async unpin_chat_message(chat_id, message_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Use this method to remove a message from the list of pinned messages in a chat. If the chat is not a private chat, the bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the <code>can_pin_messages</code> admin right in a supergroup or <code>can_edit_messages</code> admin right in a channel.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | str) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message_id** (int, optional) Identifier of a message to unpin. If not specified, the most recent pinned message (by sending date) will be unpinned.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcuts

- telegram.Chat.unpin_message()
- telegram.Message.unpin()
- telegram.User.unpin_message()

Alias for upload_sticker_file()

Use this method to upload a file with a sticker for later use in the <code>create_new_sticker_set()</code> and <code>add_sticker_to_set()</code> methods (can be used multiple times).

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated parameter png_sticker.

Parameters

- **user_id** (int) User identifier of sticker file owner.
- **sticker** (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path) A file with the sticker in the ".WEBP", ".PNG", ".TGS" or ".WEBM" format. See here for technical requirements. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")), the file contents as bytes or the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object). In the latter case, the file contents will either be read as bytes or the file path will be passed to Telegram, depending on the <code>local_mode</code> setting.

New in version 20.2.

• **sticker_format** (str) — Format of the sticker. Must be one of telegram. constants.StickerFormat.STATIC, telegram.constants.StickerFormat. ANIMATED, telegram.constants.StickerFormat.VIDEO.

New in version 20.2.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.
 BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. By default, 20 seconds are used as write timeout.

Deprecated since version 20.7: In future versions, the default value will be changed to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- api_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns

On success, the uploaded File is returned.

Return type

```
telegram.File
```

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError-

property username

Bot's username. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of *bot*.

Type

str

Available Types

Animation

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{class} & \textbf{telegram.Animation} (file_id, file_unique_id, width, height, duration, file_name=None, \\ & mime_type=None, file_size=None, thumbnail=None, *, api_kwargs=None) \end{tabular}$

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents an animation file (GIF or H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound).

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their file_unique_id is equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.get_file()
- telegram.Bot.send_animation()

Available In

- telegram. Game. animation
- telegram.Message.animation

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- width (int) Video width as defined by sender.
- **height** (int) Video height as defined by sender.
- duration (int) Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.
- **file_name** (str, optional) Original animation filename as defined by sender.
- mime_type (str, optional) MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
- **file_size** (int, optional) File size in bytes.
- **thumbnail** (*telegram.PhotoSize*, optional) Animation thumbnail as defined by sender.

New in version 20.2.

file_id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type str
```

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
sti
```

width

Video width as defined by sender.

```
Type int
```

height

Video height as defined by sender.

```
Type
int
```

duration

```
Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.
```

```
Type
int
```

file name

Optional. Original animation filename as defined by sender.

```
Type
str
```

mime_type

Optional. MIME type of the file as defined by sender.

```
Type str
```

file_size

Optional. File size in bytes.

```
Type
int
```

thumbnail

Optional. Animation thumbnail as defined by sender.

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
```

telegram.PhotoSize

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

```
See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
```

Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file()

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().

Returns

```
telegram.File
```

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Audio

class telegram. **Audio**(file_id, file_unique_id, duration, performer=None, title=None, mime_type=None, file_size=None, file_name=None, thumbnail=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents an audio file to be treated as music by the Telegram clients.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their $file_unique_id$ is equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.get_file()
- telegram.Bot.send_audio()

Available In

telegram.Message.audio

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- duration (int) Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.
- **performer** (str, optional) Performer of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.
- **title** (str, optional) Title of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.
- **file_name** (str, optional) Original filename as defined by sender.
- mime_type (str, optional) MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
- **file_size** (int, optional) File size in bytes.
- **thumbnail** (*telegram.PhotoSize*, optional) Thumbnail of the album cover to which the music file belongs.

New in version 20.2.

file_id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
```

str

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
```

str

duration

Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.

```
Type
```

int

performer

Optional. Performer of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.

```
Type
```

str

title

Optional. Title of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.

Type

str

file_name

Optional. Original filename as defined by sender.

```
Type
             str
mime_type
     Optional. MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
        Type
             str
file size
     Optional. File size in bytes.
        Type
             int
thumbnail
     Optional. Thumbnail of the album cover to which the music file belongs.
     New in version 20.2.
        Type
             telegram.PhotoSize
classmethod de_json(data, bot)
     See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
async get_file(*, read timeout=None, write timeout=None, connect timeout=None,
                 pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file()
     For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().
        Returns
             telegram.File
        Raises
             telegram.error.TelegramError -
```

BotCommand

```
class telegram.BotCommand(command, description, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents a bot command.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *command* and *description* are equal.

Parameters

- **command** (str) Text of the command; 1- 32 characters. Can contain only lowercase English letters, digits and underscores.
- **description** (str) Description of the command; 1- 256 characters.

command

Text of the command; 1- 32 characters. Can contain only lowercase English letters, digits and underscores.

```
Type
str
```

description

Description of the command; 1- 256 characters.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()

$MAX_COMMAND = 32$

telegram.constants.BotCommandLimit.MAX_COMMAND

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_DESCRIPTION = 256$

telegram.constants.BotCommandLimit.MAX_DESCRIPTION

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_COMMAND = 1$

telegram.constants.BotCommandLimit.MIN_COMMAND

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_DESCRIPTION = 1$

telegram.constants.BotCommandLimit.MIN_DESCRIPTION

New in version 20.0.

BotCommandScope

class telegram.BotCommandScope(type, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Base class for objects that represent the scope to which bot commands are applied. Currently, the following 7 scopes are supported:

- telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault
- telegram.BotCommandScopeAllPrivateChats
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. Bot Command Scope All Group Chats$
- telegram.BotCommandScopeAllChatAdministrators
- telegram.BotCommandScopeChat
- telegram.BotCommandScopeChatAdministrators
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. Bot Command Scope Chat Member$

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *type* is equal. For subclasses with additional attributes, the notion of equality is overridden.

Note: Please see the official docs on how Telegram determines which commands to display.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.delete_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.get_my_commands()

```
telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()
```

```
New in version 13.7.
```

Parameters

type (str) – Scope type.

type

Scope type.

Type

c+

ALL_CHAT_ADMINISTRATORS = 'all_chat_administrators'

 $telegram. constants. Bot Command Scope Type. ALL_CHAT_ADMINISTRATORS$

ALL_GROUP_CHATS = 'all_group_chats'

 $telegram. \, constants. \, Bot Command Scope Type. \, ALL_GROUP_CHATS$

ALL_PRIVATE_CHATS = 'all_private_chats'

telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.ALL_PRIVATE_CHATS

CHAT = 'chat'

telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.CHAT

CHAT_ADMINISTRATORS = 'chat_administrators'

telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.CHAT_ADMINISTRATORS

CHAT_MEMBER = 'chat_member'

 $telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.CHAT_MEMBER$

DEFAULT = 'default'

 $telegram. constants. {\tt BotCommandScopeType.DEFAULT}$

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

Converts JSON data to the appropriate *BotCommandScope* object, i.e. takes care of selecting the correct subclass.

Parameters

- data (Dict[str, ...]) The JSON data.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*) The bot associated with this object.

Returns

The Telegram object.

BotCommandScopeAllChatAdministrators

class telegram.BotCommandScopeAllChatAdministrators(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.BotCommandScope

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering all group and supergroup chat administrators.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.delete_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.get_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()

New in version 13.7.

BotCommandScopeAllGroupChats

```
class telegram.BotCommandScopeAllGroupChats(*, api_kwargs=None)
```

```
Bases: telegram.BotCommandScope
```

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering all group and supergroup chats.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.delete_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.get_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()

New in version 13.7.

type

```
Scope type 'all_group_chats'.

Type

str
```

BotCommandScopeAllPrivateChats

class telegram.BotCommandScopeAllPrivateChats(*, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.BotCommandScope
```

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering all private chats.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.delete_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.get_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()

New in version 13.7.

type

```
Scope type 'all_private_chats'.

Type

str
```

BotCommandScopeChat

class telegram.BotCommandScopeChat(chat_id, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.BotCommandScope

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering a specific chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *type* and *chat_id* are equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.delete_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.get_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

chat_id (str | int) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

type

Scope type 'chat'.

Type

str

chat_id

Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

Type

str|int

BotCommandScopeChatAdministrators

class telegram.BotCommandScopeChatAdministrators(chat_id, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.BotCommandScope

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering all administrators of a specific group or supergroup chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *type* and *chat_id* are equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.delete_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.get_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

chat_id (str | int) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

```
type
```

Scope type 'chat_administrators'.

Type

str

chat_id

Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

```
Type
```

str | int

BotCommandScopeChatMember

class telegram.BotCommandScopeChatMember(chat_id, user_id, *, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.BotCommandScope
```

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering a specific member of a group or supergroup chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their type, chat_id and user_id are equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.delete_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.get_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (str | int) Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).
- user_id (int) Unique identifier of the target user.

type

Scope type 'chat_member'.

Type

str

chat id

Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername).

Type

str|int

user_id

Unique identifier of the target user.

Type

int

BotCommandScopeDefault

class telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault(*, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.BotCommandScope
```

Represents the default scope of bot commands. Default commands are used if no commands with a narrower scope are specified for the user.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.delete_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.get_my_commands()
- telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()

New in version 13.7.

type

```
Scope type 'default'.

Type

str
```

BotDescription

class telegram.BotDescription(description, *, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents the bot's description.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *description* is equal.

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_my_description()
```

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

description (str) – The bot's description.

description

The bot's description.

Type

str

BotName

```
class telegram.BotName(name, *, api_kwargs=None)
     Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
     This object represents the bot's name.
     Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if
     their name is equal.
     Returned In
     telegram.Bot.get_my_name()
     New in version 20.3.
         Parameters
              name (str) – The bot's name.
     name
          The bot's name.
             Type
                  str
     MAX_LENGTH = 64
          telegram.constants.BotNameLimit.MAX_NAME_LENGTH
BotShortDescription
class telegram.BotShortDescription(short_description, *, api_kwargs=None)
     Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
     This object represents the bot's short description.
     Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if
     their short_description is equal.
     Returned In
     telegram.Bot.get_my_short_description()
     New in version 20.2.
         Parameters
              short_description (str) – The bot's short description.
     short_description
          The bot's short description.
              Type
```

str

CallbackQuery

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents an incoming callback query from a callback button in an inline keyboard.

If the button that originated the query was attached to a message sent by the bot, the field *message* will be present. If the button was attached to a message sent via the bot (in inline mode), the field *inline_message_id* will be present.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

Note:

- In Python from is a reserved word. Use from_user instead.
- Exactly one of the fields data or game_short_name will be present.
- After the user presses an inline button, Telegram clients will display a progress bar until you call answer. It is, therefore, necessary to react by calling telegram.Bot.answer_callback_query even if no notification to the user is needed (e.g., without specifying any of the optional parameters).
- If you're using telegram.ext.ExtBot.callback_data_cache, data may be an instance of telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData. This will be the case, if the data associated with the button triggering the telegram.CallbackQuery was already deleted or if data was manipulated by a malicious client.

New in version 13.6.

Parameters

- **id** (str) Unique identifier for this query.
- **from_user** (telegram.User) Sender.
- **chat_instance** (str) Global identifier, uniquely corresponding to the chat to which the message with the callback button was sent. Useful for high scores in games.
- **message** (*telegram*. *Message*, optional) Message with the callback button that originated the query. Note that message content and message date will not be available if the message is too old.
- data (str, optional) Data associated with the callback button. Be aware that the message, which originated the query, can contain no callback buttons with this data.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Identifier of the message sent via the bot in inline mode, that originated the query.
- **game_short_name** (str, optional) Short name of a Game to be returned, serves as the unique identifier for the game.

id

Unique identifier for this query.

Type

str

from_user

Sender.

```
Type
```

telegram.User

chat_instance

Global identifier, uniquely corresponding to the chat to which the message with the callback button was sent. Useful for high scores in games.

```
Type
```

str

message

Optional. Message with the callback button that originated the query. Note that message content and message date will not be available if the message is too old.

Type

telegram.Message

data

Optional. Data associated with the callback button. Be aware that the message, which originated the query, can contain no callback buttons with this data.

Tip: The value here is the same as the value passed in telegram. InlineKeyboardButton. callback_data.

```
Type
```

str|object

inline_message_id

Optional. Identifier of the message sent via the bot in inline mode, that originated the query.

Type

str

game_short_name

Optional. Short name of a Game to be returned, serves as the unique identifier for the game.

Type

str

Available In

telegram. Update.callback_query

MAX_ANSWER_TEXT_LENGTH = 200

```
telegram. constants. Callback Query Limit. ANSWER\_CALLBACK\_QUERY\_TEXT\_LENGTH
```

New in version 13.2.

async answer(text=None, show_alert=None, url=None, cache_time=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.answer_callback_query(update.callback_query.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.answer_callback_query().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

```
async copy_message(chat_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await update.callback_query.message.copy(
    from_chat_id=update.message.chat_id,
    message_id=update.message.id,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Message.copy().

Returns

On success, returns the MessageId of the sent message.

Return type

telegram.MessageId

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

Shortcut for:

```
await update.callback_query.message.delete(*args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Message.delete().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Shortcut for either:

```
await update.callback_query.message.edit_caption(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.edit_message_caption()$ and $telegram.Message.edit_caption()$.

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async edit_message_live_location(latitude=None, longitude=None, reply_markup=None, horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None, *, location=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for either:

```
await update.callback_query.message.edit_live_location(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
await bot.edit_message_live_location(
    inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_message_id, *args,
    →**kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. edit_message_live_location() and telegram.Message.edit_live_location().

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for either:

```
await update.callback_query.message.edit_media(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.edit_message_media() and telegram.Message.edit_media().

Returns

On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for either:

```
await update.callback_query.message.edit_reply_markup(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
await bot.edit_message_reply_markup(
   inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_message_id, *args,
   →**kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. edit_message_reply_markup() and telegram.Message.edit_reply_markup().

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for either:

```
await update.callback_query.message.edit_text(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.edit_message_text() and telegram.Message.edit_text().

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async get_game_high_scores(user_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for either:

```
await update.callback_query.message.get_game_high_score(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
await bot.get_game_high_scores(
   inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_message_id, *args,
   **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.get_game_high_scores()$ and $telegram.Message.get_game_high_scores()$.

Returns

Tuple[telegram.GameHighScore]

```
async pin_message(disable_notification=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await update.callback_query.message.pin(*args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Message.pin().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Shortcut for either:

```
await update.callback_query.message.set_game_score(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.set_game_score() and telegram.Message.set_game_score().

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for either:

```
await update.callback_query.message.stop_live_location(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
await bot.stop_message_live_location(
    inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_message_id, *args,
    →**kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. stop_message_live_location() and telegram.Message.stop_live_location().

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async unpin_message(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await update.callback_query.message.unpin(*args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Message.unpin().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Chat

class telegram. Chat (id, type, title=None, username=None, first_name=None, last_name=None, photo=None, description=None, invite_link=None, pinned_message=None, permissions=None, sticker_set_name=None, can_set_sticker_set=None, slow_mode_delay=None, bio=None, linked_chat_id=None, location=None, message_auto_delete_time=None, has_private_forwards=None, has_protected_content=None, join_to_send_messages=None, join_by_request=None, has_restricted_voice_and_video_messages=None, is_forum=None, active_usernames=None, emoji_status_custom_emoji_id=None, emoji_status_expiration_date=None, has_aggressive_anti_spam_enabled=None, has_hidden_members=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

Available In

- telegram.ChatJoinRequest.chat
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.chat
- telegram.Message.chat
- telegram.Message.forward_from_chat
- telegram.Message.sender_chat
- telegram.PollAnswer.voter_chat
- telegram.Update.effective_chat

Returned In

telegram.Bot.get_chat()

Changed in version 20.0:

- Removed the deprecated methods kick_member and get_members_count.
- The following are now keyword-only arguments in Bot methods: location, filename, contact, {read, write, connect, pool}_timeout, api_kwargs. Use a named argument for those, and notice that some positional arguments changed position as a result.

Changed in version 20.0: Removed the attribute all_members_are_administrators. As long as Telegram provides this field for backwards compatibility, it is available through api_kwargs.

Parameters

- id (int) Unique identifier for this chat. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.
- type (str) Type of chat, can be either PRIVATE, GROUP, SUPERGROUP or CHANNEL.
- title (str, optional) Title, for supergroups, channels and group chats.
- **username** (str, optional) Username, for private chats, supergroups and channels if available.
- **first_name** (str, optional) First name of the other party in a private chat.
- last_name (str, optional) Last name of the other party in a private chat.
- **photo** (telegram. ChatPhoto, optional) Chat photo. Returned only in telegram. Bot.get_chat().
- **bio** (str, optional) Bio of the other party in a private chat. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().
- has_private_forwards (bool, optional) True, if privacy settings of the other party in the private chat allows to use tg://user?id=<user_id> links only in chats with the user. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 13.9.

- **description** (str, optional) Description, for groups, supergroups and channel chats. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().
- **invite_link** (str, optional) Primary invite link, for groups, supergroups and channel. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get_chat()*.
- pinned_message (telegram.Message, optional) The most recent pinned message (by sending date). Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().
- **permissions** (telegram.ChatPermissions) Optional. Default chat member permissions, for groups and supergroups. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().
- **slow_mode_delay** (int, optional) For supergroups, the minimum allowed delay between consecutive messages sent by each unprivileged user. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().
- message_auto_delete_time (int, optional) The time after which all messages sent
 to the chat will be automatically deleted; in seconds. Returned only in telegram.Bot.
 get_chat().

New in version 13.4.

• has_protected_content (bool, optional) – True, if messages from the chat can't be forwarded to other chats. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 13.9.

- **sticker_set_name** (str, optional) For supergroups, name of group sticker set. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get_chat()*.
- **can_set_sticker_set** (bool, optional) True, if the bot can change group the sticker set. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get_chat()*.
- linked_chat_id (int, optional) Unique identifier for the linked chat, i.e. the discussion group identifier for a channel and vice versa; for supergroups and channel chats. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().
- **location** (telegram.ChatLocation, optional) For supergroups, the location to which the supergroup is connected. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

• **join_to_send_messages** (bool, optional) – True, if users need to join the supergroup before they can send messages. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get_chat()*.

New in version 20.0.

• join_by_request (bool, optional) — True, if all users directly joining the supergroup need to be approved by supergroup administrators. Returned only in telegram.Bot. get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

• has_restricted_voice_and_video_messages (bool, optional) – True, if the privacy settings of the other party restrict sending voice and video note messages in the private chat. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

is_forum (bool, optional) - True, if the supergroup chat is a forum (has topics enabled).

New in version 20.0.

• active_usernames (Sequence[str], optional) — If set, the list of all active chat usernames; for private chats, supergroups and channels. Returned only in telegram.Bot. get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

• emoji_status_custom_emoji_id (str, optional) — Custom emoji identifier of emoji status of the other party in a private chat. Returned only in telegram.Bot. get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

• emoji_status_expiration_date (datetime.datetime, optional) — Expiration date of emoji status of the other party in a private chat, in seconds. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat(). The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

New in version 20.5.

• has_aggressive_anti_spam_enabled (bool, optional) – True, if aggressive antispam checks are enabled in the supergroup. The field is only available to chat administrators. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

• has_hidden_members (bool, optional) — True, if non-administrators can only get the list of bots and administrators in the chat. Returned only in telegram.Bot. get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

id

Unique identifier for this chat. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.

```
Type int
```

type

Type of chat, can be either PRIVATE, GROUP, SUPERGROUP or CHANNEL.

```
Type
str
```

```
title
     Optional. Title, for supergroups, channels and group chats.
        Type
             str
username
     Optional. Username, for private chats, supergroups and channels if available.
        Type
             str
first_name
     Optional. First name of the other party in a private chat.
             str
last_name
     Optional. Last name of the other party in a private chat.
        Type
             str
photo
     Optional. Chat photo. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().
        Type
             telegram.ChatPhoto
bio
     Optional. Bio of the other party in a private chat. Returned only in telegram. Bot.get_chat().
        Type
             str
has_private_forwards
     Optional. True, if privacy settings of the other party in the private chat allows to use tg://user?
     id=<user_id> links only in chats with the user. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().
     New in version 13.9.
        Type
             bool
description
     Optional. Description, for groups, supergroups and channel chats. Returned only in telegram.Bot.
     get_chat().
        Type
             str
invite_link
     Optional. Primary invite link, for groups, supergroups and channel. Returned only in telegram. Bot.
     get_chat().
        Type
             str
pinned_message
     Optional. The most recent pinned message (by sending date). Returned only in telegram.Bot.
     get_chat().
        Type
             telegram.Message
```

permissions

Optional. Default chat member permissions, for groups and supergroups. Returned only in *telegram*. Bot.get_chat().

Type

telegram.ChatPermissions

slow_mode_delay

Optional. For supergroups, the minimum allowed delay between consecutive messages sent by each unprivileged user. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

```
Type int
```

message_auto_delete_time

Optional. The time after which all messages sent to the chat will be automatically deleted; in seconds. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 13.4.

```
Type int
```

has_protected_content

Optional. True, if messages from the chat can't be forwarded to other chats. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 13.9.

```
Type
```

bool

sticker_set_name

Optional. For supergroups, name of Group sticker set. Returned only in telegram. Bot.get_chat().

```
Type str
```

can_set_sticker_set

Optional. True, if the bot can change group the sticker set. Returned only in telegram.Bot. get_chat().

```
Type
```

bool

linked_chat_id

Optional. Unique identifier for the linked chat, i.e. the discussion group identifier for a channel and vice versa; for supergroups and channel chats. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

```
Type int
```

location

Optional. For supergroups, the location to which the supergroup is connected. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

```
Type
```

telegram.ChatLocation

join_to_send_messages

Optional. True, if users need to join the supergroup before they can send messages. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

```
Type
```

bool

join_by_request

Optional. True, if all users directly joining the supergroup need to be approved by supergroup administrators. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

has_restricted_voice_and_video_messages

Optional. True, if the privacy settings of the other party restrict sending voice and video note messages in the private chat. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

is_forum

Optional. True, if the supergroup chat is a forum (has topics enabled).

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

active_usernames

Optional. If set, the list of all active chat usernames; for private chats, supergroups and channels. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat(). This list is empty if the chat has no active usernames or this chat instance was not obtained via get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

Type

Tuple[str]

emoji_status_custom_emoji_id

Optional. Custom emoji identifier of emoji status of the other party in a private chat. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

Type

str

emoji_status_expiration_date

Expiration date of emoji status of the other party in a private chat, in seconds. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat(). The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

New in version 20.5.

Type

datetime.datetime, optional

has_aggressive_anti_spam_enabled

Optional. True, if aggressive anti-spam checks are enabled in the supergroup. The field is only available to chat administrators. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat().

New in version 20.0.

Type

python-telegram-bot Documentation, Release 20.7 has_hidden_members Optional. True, if non-administrators can only get the list of bots and administrators in the chat. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_chat(). New in version 20.0. **Type** bool CHANNEL = 'channel' telegram.constants.ChatType.CHANNEL GROUP = 'group' telegram.constants.ChatType.GROUP PRIVATE = 'private' telegram.constants.ChatType.PRIVATE SENDER = 'sender' telegram.constants.ChatType.SENDER New in version 13.5. SUPERGROUP = 'supergroup' telegram.constants.ChatType.SUPERGROUP async approve_join_request(user_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Shortcut for: await bot.approve_chat_join_request(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,_ For documentation of the the arguments, telegram.Bot. please see approve_chat_join_request(). New in version 13.8. Returns On success, True is returned. Return type bool **async ban_chat**(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None) Shortcut for: await bot.ban_chat_sender_chat(

```
await bot.ban_chat_sender_chat(
    sender_chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.ban_chat_sender_chat().

New in version 13.9.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

```
Shortcut for:
```

```
await bot.ban_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.ban_chat_member().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

hoo1

async ban_sender_chat(sender_chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.ban_chat_sender_chat().

New in version 13.9.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async close_forum_topic(message_thread_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.close_forum_topic(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, 

→**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.close_forum_topic().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. $close_general_forum_topic().$

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

```
async copy_message(chat_id, message_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(from_chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, →**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.copy_message().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.create_forum_topic(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, →**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.create_forum_topic().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

telegram.ForumTopic

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.create_chat_invite_link(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, → **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.create_chat_invite_link()$.

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 13.8: Edited signature according to the changes of telegram.Bot. create_chat_invite_link().

Returns

telegram.ChatInviteLink

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

```
async decline_join_request(user_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
documentation
    For
           the
                                   of
                                         the
                                                arguments,
                                                              please
                                                                               telegram.Bot.
                                                                       see
    decline_chat_join_request().
    New in version 13.8.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
async delete_forum_topic(message_thread_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                            connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
    await bot.delete_forum_topic(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,__
      →**kwargs)
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.delete_forum_topic().
    New in version 20.0.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
async delete_photo(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                     pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
    await bot.delete_chat_photo(
         chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
    )
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.delete_chat_photo().
    New in version 20.0.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
async edit_forum_topic(message_thread_id, name=None, icon_custom_emoji_id=None, *,
                          read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                          pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
    await bot.edit_forum_topic(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.edit_forum_topic().
    New in version 20.0.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
async edit_general_forum_topic(name, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                   connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
```

```
await bot.edit_general_forum_topic(
   chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. edit_general_forum_topic().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async edit_invite_link(invite_link, expire_date=None, member_limit=None, name=None, creates_join_request=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.edit_chat_invite_link().

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 13.8: Edited signature according to the changes of telegram.Bot. edit_chat_invite_link().

Returns

telegram.ChatInviteLink

property effective_name

Convenience property. Gives title if not None, else full_name if not None.

New in version 20.1.

Type

str

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.export_chat_invite_link()$.

New in version 13.4.

Returns

New invite link on success.

Return type

str

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.forward_message(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.forward_message().

See also:

```
forward_to()
```

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async forward_to(chat_id, message_id, disable_notification=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.forward_message(from_chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, →**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.forward_message().

See also:

```
forward_from()
```

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

property full_name

Convenience property. If first_name is not None, gives first_name followed by (if available)
last_name.

Note: *full_name* will always be None, if the chat is a (super)group or channel.

New in version 13.2.

Type

str

async get_administrators(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_administrators(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_chat_administrators().

Returns

A tuple of administrators in a chat. An Array of *telegram.ChatMember* objects that contains information about all chat administrators except other bots. If the chat is a group or a supergroup and no administrators were appointed, only the creator will be returned.

Return type

Tuple[telegram.ChatMember]

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_chat_member().

Returns

telegram.ChatMember

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_member_count(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_chat_member_count().

Returns

int

async get_menu_button(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_menu_button(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,_____**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_chat_menu_button().

Caution: Can only work, if the chat is a private chat.

See also:

set_menu_button()

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, the current menu button is returned.

Return type

telegram.MenuButton

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.hide_general_forum_topic(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, ____

→**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. hide_general_forum_topic().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

```
async leave(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
              pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Shortcut for:
     await bot.leave_chat(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
     For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.leave_chat().
        Returns
             On success, True is returned.
        Return type
             bool
property link
     Convenience property. If the chat has a username, returns a t.me link of the chat.
mention_html(name=None)
     New in version 20.0.
        Parameters
             name (str) – The name used as a link for the chat. Defaults to full_name.
        Returns
             The inline mention for the chat as HTML.
        Return type
             str
        Raises
             TypeError – If the chat is a private chat and neither the name nor the first_name is
             set, then throw an TypeError. If the chat is a public chat and neither the name nor the
             title is set, then throw an TypeError. If chat is a private group chat, then throw an
             TypeError.
mention_markdown(name=None)
     Note: 'Markdown' is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should
     use mention_markdown_v2() instead.
     New in version 20.0.
        Parameters
             name (str) – The name used as a link for the chat. Defaults to full_name.
        Returns
             The inline mention for the chat as markdown (version 1).
        Return type
             str
```

TypeError – If the chat is a private chat and neither the *name* nor the *first_name* is set, then throw an TypeError. If the chat is a public chat and neither the *name* nor the *title* is set, then throw an TypeError. If chat is a private group chat, then throw an

TypeError.

New in version 20.0.

Raises

Parameters

name (str) – The name used as a link for the chat. Defaults to full_name.

Returns

The inline mention for the chat as markdown (version 2).

Return type

str

Raises

TypeError – If the chat is a private chat and neither the *name* nor the *first_name* is set, then throw an TypeError. If the chat is a public chat and neither the *name* nor the *title* is set, then throw an TypeError. If chat is a private group chat, then throw an TypeError.

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.pin_chat_message(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Bot.pin_chat_message().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

```
async promote_member(user_id, can_change_info=None, can_post_messages=None,
```

can_edit_messages=None, can_delete_messages=None,
can_invite_users=None, can_restrict_members=None,
can_pin_messages=None, can_promote_members=None,
is_anonymous=None, can_manage_chat=None,
can_manage_video_chats=None, can_manage_topics=None,
can_post_stories=None, can_edit_stories=None, can_delete_stories=None, *,
read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.promote_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.promote_chat_member().

New in version 13.2.

Changed in version 20.0: The argument can_manage_voice_chats was renamed to can_manage_video_chats in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

Changed in version 20.6: The arguments *can_post_stories*, *can_edit_stories* and *can_delete_stories* were added.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

```
async reopen_forum_topic(message_thread_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.reopen_forum_topic(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,__
     →**kwargs)
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.reopen_forum_topic().
    New in version 20.0.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
async reopen_general_forum_topic(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                     connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                                     api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
    await bot.reopen_general_forum_topic(
        chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
    For
           the
                  documentation
                                        the
                                  of
                                               arguments,
                                                             please
                                                                             telegram.Bot.
                                                                      see
    reopen_general_forum_topic().
    New in version 20.0.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
async restrict_member(user_id, permissions, until_date=None,
                        use independent chat permissions=None, *, read timeout=None,
                        write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                        api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
    await bot.restrict_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.restrict_chat_member().
    New in version 13.2.
    New in version 20.1: Added use_independent_chat_permissions.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
async revoke_invite_link(invite_link, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                            connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
    await bot.revoke_chat_invite_link(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,_
     For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.revoke_chat_invite_link().
    New in version 13.4.
```

Returns

telegram.ChatInviteLink

async send_action(action, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_chat_action

async send_animation(animation, duration=None, width=None, height=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_animation(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_animation().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram. Message

async send_audio (audio, duration=None, performer=None, title=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_audio(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_audio().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_chat_action(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_chat_action().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

```
async send_contact(phone_number=None, first_name=None, last_name=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, vcard=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, contact=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_contact(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_contact().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.copy_message().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_dice(disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, emoji=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_dice(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_dice().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_document (document, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_document(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_document().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_game(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_game().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_invoice(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_invoice().

Warning: As of API 5.2 *start_parameter* is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, the parameter start_parameter is optional.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_location(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_location().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

async send_media_group(media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_media_group(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_media_group().

Returns

On success, a tuple of *Message* instances that were sent is returned.

Return type

Tuple[telegram.Message]

```
async send_message(text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_message().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_photo(photo, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_photo(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_photo().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_poll(question, options, is_anonymous=None, type=None, allows_multiple_answers=None, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None, open_period=None, close_date=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_poll(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_pol1().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_sticker(sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, emoji=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_sticker(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Bot.send_sticker().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_venue(latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None, foursquare_id=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, foursquare_type=None, google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, venue=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_venue(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_venue().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_video(video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, width=None, height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_video().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_video_note(video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video_note(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_video_note().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_voice(voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_voice(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_voice().

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_administrator_custom_title(
    update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. set_chat_administrator_custom_title().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

```
Return type
```

bool

```
async set_description(description=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.set_chat_description().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async set_menu_button(*menu_button=None*, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.set_chat_menu_button().

Caution: Can only work, if the chat is a private chat.

See also:

```
get_menu_button()
```

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{async set\_permissions}(permissions, use\_independent\_chat\_permissions=None, *, \\ read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, \\ pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None) \end{tabular}
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_permissions(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.set_chat_permissions().

New in version 20.1: Added use_independent_chat_permissions.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

```
async set_photo(photo, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_photo(
    chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.set_chat_photo().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async set_title(*title*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, *connect_timeout=None*, *pool_timeout=None*, *api_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_title(
    chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.set_chat_title().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async unban_chat(*chat_id*, *, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, *connect_timeout=None*, *pool_timeout=None*, *api_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unban_chat_sender_chat(
    sender_chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.unban_chat_sender_chat().

New in version 13.9.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async unban_member(user_id, only_if_banned=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unban_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.unban_chat_member().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

```
Return type
```

bool

```
async unban_sender_chat(sender_chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unban_chat_sender_chat(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, □

→**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.unban_chat_sender_chat().

New in version 13.9.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unhide_general_forum_topic (
   chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. unhide_general_forum_topic().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. unpin_all_forum_topic_messages().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. unpin_all_general_forum_topic_messages().

New in version 20.5.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async unpin_all_messages(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.unpin_all_chat_messages().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async unpin_message(message_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.unpin_chat_message().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

ChatAdministratorRights

New in version 20.0.

```
class telegram. ChatAdministratorRights (is_anonymous, can_manage_chat, can_delete_messages, can_manage_video_chats, can_restrict_members, can_promote_members, can_change_info, can_invite_users, can_post_messages=None, can_edit_messages=None, can_pin_messages=None, can_manage_topics=None, can_post_stories=None, can_edit_stories=None, can_delete_stories=None, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Represents the rights of an administrator in a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *is_anonymous*, *can_manage_chat*, *can_delete_messages*, *can_manage_video_chats*,

can_restrict_members, can_promote_members, can_change_info, can_invite_users, can_post_messages, can_edit_messages, can_pin_messages, can_manage_topics, can_post_stories, can_delete_stories, and can_edit_stories are equal.

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_my_default_administrator_rights()

Returned In

telegram.Bot.get_my_default_administrator_rights()

New in version 20.0.

Changed in version 20.0: *can_manage_topics* is considered as well when comparing objects of this type in terms of equality.

Changed in version 20.6: *can_post_stories*, *can_edit_stories*, and *can_delete_stories* are considered as well when comparing objects of this type in terms of equality.

Parameters

- is_anonymous (bool) True, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.
- can_manage_chat (bool) True, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, boost list in channels, see channel members, report spam messages, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.
- can_delete_messages (bool) True, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.
- can_manage_video_chats (bool) True, if the administrator can manage video chats.
- **can_restrict_members** (bool) True, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members, or access supergroup statistics.
- **can_promote_members** (bool) True, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of their own privileges or demote administrators that they have promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user).
- can_change_info (bool) True, if the user is allowed to change the chat title ,photo and other settings.
- can_invite_users (bool) True, if the user is allowed to invite new users to the chat.
- **can_post_messages** (bool, optional) True, if the administrator can post messages in the channel, or access channel statistics; channels only.
- can_edit_messages (bool, optional) True, if the administrator can edit messages of other users.
- **can_pin_messages** (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.
- **can_post_stories** (bool, optional) True, if the administrator can post stories in the channel; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

• **can_edit_stories** (bool, optional) – True, if the administrator can edit stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

• **can_delete_stories** (bool, optional) – True, if the administrator can delete stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

• **can_manage_topics** (bool, optional) – True, if the user is allowed to create, rename, close, and reopen forum topics; supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

is_anonymous

True, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.

Type

bool

can_manage_chat

True, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, boost list in channels, see channel members, report spam messages, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.

```
Type
```

bool

can_delete_messages

True, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.

Type

bool

can_manage_video_chats

True, if the administrator can manage video chats.

Type

bool

can_restrict_members

True, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members, or access supergroup statistics.

Type

bool

can_promote_members

True, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of their own privileges or demote administrators that he has promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user.)

Type

bool

can_change_info

True, if the user is allowed to change the chat title ,photo and other settings.

Type

hoo1

can_invite_users

True, if the user is allowed to invite new users to the chat.

Type

bool

can_post_messages

Optional. True, if the administrator can post messages in the channel, or access channel statistics; channels only.

Type

bool

can_edit_messages

Optional. True, if the administrator can edit messages of other users.

Type

bool

can_pin_messages

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.

Type

bool

can_post_stories

Optional. True, if the administrator can post stories in the channel; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

Type

bool

can_edit_stories

Optional. True, if the administrator can edit stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

Type

bool

can_delete_stories

Optional. True, if the administrator can delete stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

Type

bool

can_manage_topics

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to create, rename, close, and reopen forum topics; supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

classmethod all_rights()

This method returns the *ChatAdministratorRights* object with all attributes set to True. This is e.g. useful when changing the bot's default administrator rights with telegram.Bot. set_my_default_administrator_rights().

New in version 20.0.

classmethod no_rights()

This method returns the *ChatAdministratorRights* object with all attributes set to False.

New in version 20.0.

ChatInviteLink

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents an invite link for a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *invite_link*, *creator*, *creates_join_request*, *is_primary* and *is_revoked* are equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.edit_chat_invite_link()
- telegram.Bot.revoke_chat_invite_link()

Available In

- telegram.ChatJoinRequest.invite_link
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.invite_link

Returned In

- telegram.Bot.create_chat_invite_link()
- telegram.Bot.edit_chat_invite_link()
- telegram.Bot.revoke_chat_invite_link()

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0:

- The argument & attribute *creates_join_request* is now required to comply with the Bot API.
- Comparing objects of this class now also takes creates_join_request into account.

Parameters

- invite_link (str) The invite link.
- **creator** (telegram. User) Creator of the link.
- **creates_join_request** (bool) True, if users joining the chat via the link need to be approved by chat administrators.

New in version 13.8.

- is_primary (bool) True, if the link is primary.
- is_revoked (bool) True, if the link is revoked.
- **expire_date** (datetime.datetime, optional) Date when the link will expire or has been expired.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

• member_limit (int, optional) – Maximum number of users that can be members of the chat simultaneously after joining the chat via this invite link; 1- 99999.

• name (str, optional) – Invite link name. 0-32 characters.

New in version 13.8.

• **pending_join_request_count** (int, optional) – Number of pending join requests created using this link.

New in version 13.8.

invite_link

The invite link. If the link was created by another chat administrator, then the second part of the link will be replaced with $'\dots'$.

```
Type
```

str

creator

Creator of the link.

Type

telegram.User

creates_join_request

True, if users joining the chat via the link need to be approved by chat administrators.

New in version 13.8.

Type

bool

is_primary

True, if the link is primary.

Type

bool

is_revoked

True, if the link is revoked.

Type

bool

expire_date

Optional. Date when the link will expire or has been expired.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

member_limit

Optional. Maximum number of users that can be members of the chat simultaneously after joining the chat via this invite link; 1- 99999.

Type

int

name

Optional. Invite link name. 0-32 characters.

New in version 13.8.

Type

str

pending_join_request_count

Optional. Number of pending join requests created using this link.

New in version 13.8.

```
Type int
```

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

ChatJoinRequest

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a join request sent to a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *chat*, *from_user* and *date* are equal.

Note:

- Since Bot API 5.5, bots are allowed to contact users who sent a join request to a chat where the bot is an administrator with the *can_invite_users* administrator right even if the user never interacted with the bot before.
- Telegram does not guarantee that *from_user.id* coincides with the chat_id of the user. Please use *user_chat_id* to contact the user in response to their join request.

Available In

telegram.Update.chat_join_request

New in version 13.8.

Changed in version 20.1: In Bot API 6.5 the argument *user_chat_id* was added, which changes the position of the optional arguments *bio* and *invite_link*.

Parameters

- chat (telegram. Chat) Chat to which the request was sent.
- **from_user** (telegram.User) User that sent the join request.
- date (datetime.datetime) Date the request was sent.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

• user_chat_id(int) – Identifier of a private chat with the user who sent the join request. This number may have more than 32 significant bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it has at most 52 significant bits, so a 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier. The bot can use this identifier for 5 minutes to send messages until the join request is processed, assuming no other administrator contacted the user.

New in version 20.1.

• **bio** (str, optional) – Bio of the user.

• **invite_link** (*telegram.ChatInviteLink*, optional) – Chat invite link that was used by the user to send the join request.

chat

Chat to which the request was sent.

```
Type telegram.Chat
```

from_user

User that sent the join request.

```
Type telegram. User
```

date

Date the request was sent.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

```
Type
    datetime.datetime
```

user_chat_id

Identifier of a private chat with the user who sent the join request. This number may have more than 32 significant bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it has at most 52 significant bits, so a 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier. The bot can use this identifier for 24 hours to send messages until the join request is processed, assuming no other administrator contacted the user.

New in version 20.1.

```
Type int
```

bio

Optional. Bio of the user.

```
Type
str
```

invite_link

Optional. Chat invite link that was used by the user to send the join request.

Note: When a user joins a *public* group via an invite link, this attribute may not be present. However, this behavior is undocument and may be subject to change. See this GitHub thread for some discussion.

```
Type
     telegram.ChatInviteLink
```

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. approve_chat_join_request().

```
Returns
                  On success, True is returned.
             Return type
                  bool
     classmethod de_json(data, bot)
          See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
     async decline(*, read timeout=None, write timeout=None, connect timeout=None,
                      pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
          Shortcut for:
          await bot.decline_chat_join_request(
               chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, user_id=update.effective_user.id,_
           →*args, **kwargs
          )
                 the
                        documentation
                                          of
                                                the
                                                       arguments,
                                                                      please
                                                                                       telegram.Bot.
                                                                               see
          decline_chat_join_request().
             Returns
                  On success, True is returned.
             Return type
                  bool
ChatLocation
class telegram.ChatLocation(location, address, *, api_kwargs=None)
     Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
     This object represents a location to which a chat is connected.
     Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if
     their location is equal.
         Parameters
                • location (telegram.Location) – The location to which the supergroup is connected.
                  Can't be a live location.
                • address (str) – Location address; 1- 64 characters, as defined by the chat owner.
     location
          The location to which the supergroup is connected. Can't be a live location.
             Type
                  telegram.Location
     address
```

Available In

telegram.Chat.location

str

Type

Location address; 1- 64 characters, as defined by the chat owner.

$MAX_ADDRESS = 64$

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MAX_CHAT_LOCATION_ADDRESS

New in version 20.0.

MIN ADDRESS = 1

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MIN_CHAT_LOCATION_ADDRESS

New in version 20.0.

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

ChatMember

class telegram.ChatMember(user, status, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Base class for Telegram ChatMember Objects. Currently, the following 6 types of chat members are supported:

- telegram.ChatMemberOwner
- telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator
- telegram.ChatMemberMember
- telegram.ChatMemberRestricted
- telegram.ChatMemberLeft
- telegram.ChatMemberBanned

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *user* and *status* are equal.

Examples

Chat Member Bot

Available In

- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.new_chat_member
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.old_chat_member

Returned In

telegram.Bot.get_chat_member()

Changed in version 20.0:

- As of Bot API 5.3, *ChatMember* is nothing but the base class for the subclasses listed above and is no longer returned directly by *get_chat()*. Therefore, most of the arguments and attributes were removed and you should no longer use *ChatMember* directly.
- \bullet The constant ChatMember.CREATOR was replaced by OWNER
- The constant ChatMember.KICKED was replaced by BANNED

Parameters

```
• user (telegram. User) – Information about the user.
```

```
• status (str) – The member's status in the chat. Can be ADMINISTRATOR, OWNER, BANNED, LEFT, MEMBER or RESTRICTED.
```

user

Information about the user.

Type

telegram.User

status

The member's status in the chat. Can be ADMINISTRATOR, OWNER, BANNED, LEFT, MEMBER or RESTRICTED.

Type

sti

ADMINISTRATOR = 'administrator'

 $telegram. constants. Chat {\tt MemberStatus.ADMINISTRATOR}$

BANNED = 'kicked'

telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.BANNED

LEFT = 'left'

telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.LEFT

MEMBER = 'member'

telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.MEMBER

OWNER = 'creator'

telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.OWNER

RESTRICTED = 'restricted'

telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.RESTRICTED

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

ChatMemberAdministrator

class telegram. ChatMemberAdministrator (user, can_be_edited, is_anonymous, can_manage_chat,

can_delete_messages, can_manage_video_chats, can_restrict_members, can_promote_members, can_change_info, can_invite_users, can_post_messages=None, can_edit_messages=None, can_pin_messages=None, can_manage_topics=None, custom_title=None, can_post_stories=None, can_edit_stories=None, can_delete_stories=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.ChatMember

Represents a chat member that has some additional privileges.

Available In

- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.new_chat_member
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.old_chat_member

Returned In

telegram.Bot.get_chat_member()

New in version 13.7.

Changed in version 20.0:

- Argument and attribute can_manage_voice_chats were renamed to can_manage_video_chats and can_manage_video_chats in accordance to Bot API 6.0.
- The argument *can_manage_topics* was added, which changes the position of the optional argument *custom_title*.

Parameters

- user (telegram. User) Information about the user.
- can_be_edited (bool) True, if the bot is allowed to edit administrator privileges of that user.
- **is_anonymous** (bool) True, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.
- can_manage_chat (bool) True, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, message statistics in channels, see channel members, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.
- can_delete_messages (bool) True, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.
- can_manage_video_chats (bool) True, if the administrator can manage video chats.

New in version 20.0.

- can_restrict_members (bool) True, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members.
- **can_promote_members** (bool) True, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of his own privileges or demote administrators that he has promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user).
- can_change_info (bool) True, if the user can change the chat title, photo and other settings.
- can_invite_users (bool) True, if the user can invite new users to the chat.
- **can_post_messages** (bool, optional) True, if the administrator can post messages in the channel, or access channel statistics; channels only.
- can_edit_messages (bool, optional) True, if the administrator can edit messages of other users and can pin messages; channels only.
- **can_pin_messages** (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.
- **can_post_stories** (bool, optional) True, if the administrator can post stories in the channel; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

• **can_edit_stories** (bool, optional) – True, if the administrator can edit stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

• **can_delete_stories** (bool, optional) – True, if the administrator can delete stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

• **can_manage_topics** (bool, optional) – True, if the user is allowed to create, rename, close, and reopen forum topics; supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

• **custom_title** (str, optional) – Custom title for this user.

status

The member's status in the chat, always 'administrator'.

```
Type
```

str

user

Information about the user.

```
Type
```

telegram.User

can_be_edited

True, if the bot is allowed to edit administrator privileges of that user.

Type

bool

is_anonymous

True, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.

Type

bool

can_manage_chat

True, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, boost list in channels, see channel members, report spam messages, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.

```
Type
```

bool

can_delete_messages

True, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.

```
Type
```

bool

can_manage_video_chats

True, if the administrator can manage video chats.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

can_restrict_members

True, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members, or access supergroup statistics.

Type

can_promote_members

True, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of their own privileges or demote administrators that they have promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user).

Type

bool

can_change_info

True, if the user can change the chat title, photo and other settings.

Type

bool

can_invite_users

True, if the user can invite new users to the chat.

Type

bool

can_post_messages

Optional. True, if the administrator can post messages in the channel or access channel statistics; channels only.

Type

bool

can_edit_messages

Optional. True, if the administrator can edit messages of other users and can pin messages; channels only.

Type

bool

can_pin_messages

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.

Type

bool

can_post_stories

Optional. True, if the administrator can post stories in the channel; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

Type

bool

can_edit_stories

Optional. True, if the administrator can edit stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

Type

bool

can_delete_stories

Optional. True, if the administrator can delete stories posted by other users; channels only.

New in version 20.6.

Type

can_manage_topics

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to create, rename, close, and reopen forum topics; supergroups only

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

custom_title

Optional. Custom title for this user.

Type

str

ChatMemberBanned

class telegram.ChatMemberBanned(user, until_date, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.ChatMember

Represents a chat member that was banned in the chat and can't return to the chat or view chat messages.

Available In

- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.new_chat_member
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.old_chat_member

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_chat_member()
```

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

- **user** (telegram. User) Information about the user.
- until_date (datetime.datetime) Date when restrictions will be lifted for this user.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

status

The member's status in the chat, always 'kicked'.

```
Type
```

str

user

Information about the user.

Type

telegram.User

until_date

Date when restrictions will be lifted for this user.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

ChatMemberLeft

```
class telegram.ChatMemberLeft(user, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

Bases: telegram.ChatMember

Represents a chat member that isn't currently a member of the chat, but may join it themselves.

Available In

- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.new_chat_member
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.old_chat_member

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_chat_member()
```

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

user (telegram. User) – Information about the user.

status

The member's status in the chat, always 'left'.

Type

str

user

Information about the user.

Type

telegram.User

ChatMemberMember

class telegram.ChatMemberMember(user, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.ChatMember

Represents a chat member that has no additional privileges or restrictions.

Available In

- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.new_chat_member
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.old_chat_member

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_chat_member()
```

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

user (telegram. User) – Information about the user.

```
status
```

The member's status in the chat, always 'member'.

Type

str

user

Information about the user.

Type

telegram.User

ChatMemberOwner

class telegram.ChatMemberOwner(user, is_anonymous, custom_title=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.ChatMember
```

Represents a chat member that owns the chat and has all administrator privileges.

Available In

- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.new_chat_member
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.old_chat_member

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_chat_member()
```

New in version 13.7.

Parameters

- **user** (telegram. User) Information about the user.
- $is_anonymous (bool) True$, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.
- **custom_title** (str, optional) Custom title for this user.

status

The member's status in the chat, always 'creator'.

```
Type
```

str

user

Information about the user.

```
Type
```

telegram.User

is_anonymous

True, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.

Гуре

bool

custom_title

Optional. Custom title for this user.

Туре

str

ChatMemberRestricted

class telegram. ChatMemberRestricted (user, is_member, can_change_info, can_invite_users, can_pin_messages, can_send_messages, can_send_polls, can_send_other_messages, can_add_web_page_previews, can_manage_topics, until_date, can_send_audios, can_send_documents, can_send_photos, can_send_videos, can_send_video_notes, can_send_voice_notes, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.ChatMember

Represents a chat member that is under certain restrictions in the chat. Supergroups only.

Available In

- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.new_chat_member
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.old_chat_member

Returned In

telegram.Bot.get_chat_member()

New in version 13.7.

Changed in version 20.0: All arguments were made positional and their order was changed. The argument can_manage_topics was added.

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated argument and attribute can_send_media_messages.

Parameters

- user (telegram. User) Information about the user.
- **is_member** (bool) True, if the user is a member of the chat at the moment of the request.
- can_change_info (bool) True, if the user can change the chat title, photo and other settings.
- can_invite_users (bool) True, if the user can invite new users to the chat.
- **can_pin_messages** (bool) True, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.
- can_send_messages (bool) True, if the user is allowed to send text messages, contacts, invoices, locations and venues.
- can_send_polls (bool) True, if the user is allowed to send polls.
- **can_send_other_messages** (bool) True, if the user is allowed to send animations, games, stickers and use inline bots.
- can_add_web_page_previews (bool) True, if the user is allowed to add web page previews to their messages.
- can_manage_topics (bool) True, if the user is allowed to create forum topics.

 New in version 20.0.

which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

• until_date (datetime.datetime) - Date when restrictions will be lifted for this user.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization,

```
• can_send_audios (bool) – True, if the user is allowed to send audios.
```

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_documents (bool) – True, if the user is allowed to send documents.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_photos (bool) – True, if the user is allowed to send photos.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_videos (bool) - True, if the user is allowed to send videos.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_video_notes (bool) – True, if the user is allowed to send video notes.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_voice_notes (bool) - True, if the user is allowed to send voice notes.

New in version 20.1.

status

The member's status in the chat, always 'restricted'.

```
Type
```

str

user

Information about the user.

Type

telegram.User

is_member

True, if the user is a member of the chat at the moment of the request.

Type

bool

can_change_info

True, if the user can change the chat title, photo and other settings.

Type

bool

can_invite_users

True, if the user can invite new users to the chat.

Type

bool

can_pin_messages

True, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.

Type

bool

can_send_messages

True, if the user is allowed to send text messages, contacts, locations and venues.

Type

can_send_polls

True, if the user is allowed to send polls.

Type

bool

can_send_other_messages

True, if the user is allowed to send animations, games, stickers and use inline bots.

Туре

bool

can_add_web_page_previews

True, if the user is allowed to add web page previews to their messages.

Type

bool

can_manage_topics

True, if the user is allowed to create forum topics.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

until_date

Date when restrictions will be lifted for this user.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

can_send_audios

True, if the user is allowed to send audios.

New in version 20.1.

Type

bool

can_send_documents

True, if the user is allowed to send documents.

New in version 20.1.

Type

bool

can_send_photos

True, if the user is allowed to send photos.

New in version 20.1.

Type

bool

can_send_videos

True, if the user is allowed to send videos.

New in version 20.1.

Type

can_send_video_notes

True, if the user is allowed to send video notes.

New in version 20.1.

```
Type
```

bool

can_send_voice_notes

True, if the user is allowed to send voice notes.

New in version 20.1.

Type

bool

ChatMemberUpdated

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents changes in the status of a chat member.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their chat, from_user, date, old_chat_member and new_chat_member are equal.

Available In

- telegram.Update.chat_member
- telegram.Update.my_chat_member

New in version 13.4.

Note: In Python from is a reserved word. Use *from_user* instead.

Examples

Chat Member Bot

Parameters

- **chat** (telegram.Chat) Chat the user belongs to.
- **from_user** (telegram. User) Performer of the action, which resulted in the change.
- date (datetime.datetime) Date the change was done in Unix time. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

- **old_chat_member** (*telegram.ChatMember*) Previous information about the chat member.
- new_chat_member (telegram.ChatMember) New information about the chat member.

- **invite_link** (*telegram.ChatInviteLink*, optional) Chat invite link, which was used by the user to join the chat. For joining by invite link events only.
- via_chat_folder_invite_link (bool, optional) True, if the user joined the chat via a chat folder invite link

New in version 20.3.

chat

Chat the user belongs to.

Type

telegram.Chat

from_user

Performer of the action, which resulted in the change.

Type

telegram.User

date

Date the change was done in Unix time. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

old_chat_member

Previous information about the chat member.

Type

telegram.Chat Member

new_chat_member

New information about the chat member.

Type

telegram.ChatMember

invite_link

Optional. Chat invite link, which was used by the user to join the chat. For joining by invite link events only.

Type

telegram.ChatInviteLink

via_chat_folder_invite_link

Optional. True, if the user joined the chat via a chat folder invite link

New in version 20.3.

Type

bool

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

difference()

Computes the difference between old_chat_member and new_chat_member.

Example

```
>>> chat_member_updated.difference()
{'custom_title': ('old title', 'new title')}
```

Note: To determine, if the *telegram.ChatMember.user* attribute has changed, *every* attribute of the user will be checked.

New in version 13.5.

Returns

A dictionary mapping attribute names to tuples of the form (old_value, new_value)

Return type

Dict[str, Tuple[object, object]]

ChatPermissions

class telegram. **ChatPermissions**(can_send_messages=None, can_send_polls=None,

```
can_send_other_messages=None, can_add_web_page_previews=None, can_change_info=None, can_invite_users=None, can_pin_messages=None, can_manage_topics=None, can_send_audios=None, can_send_documents=None, can_send_photos=None, can_send_videos=None, can_send_video_notes=None, can_send_voice_notes=None, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Describes actions that a non-administrator user is allowed to take in a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their can_send_messages, can_send_polls, can_send_other_messages, can_add_web_page_previews, can_change_info, can_invite_users, can_pin_messages, can_send_audios, can_send_documents, can_send_photos, can_send_videos, can_send_video_notes, can_send_voice_notes, and can_manage_topics are equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.restrict_chat_member()
- telegram.Bot.set_chat_permissions()

Available In

telegram.Chat.permissions

Changed in version 20.0: *can_manage_topics* is considered as well when comparing objects of this type in terms of equality.

Changed in version 20.5:

- can_send_audios, can_send_documents, can_send_photos, can_send_videos, can_send_video_notes and can_send_voice_notes are considered as well when comparing objects of this type in terms of equality.
- Removed deprecated argument and attribute can_send_media_messages.

Note: Though not stated explicitly in the official docs, Telegram changes not only the permissions that are set, but also sets all the others to False. However, since not documented, this behavior may change unbeknown to PTB.

Parameters

- **can_send_messages** (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to send text messages, contacts, locations and venues.
- can_send_polls (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to send polls.
- can_send_other_messages (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to send animations, games, stickers and use inline bots.
- can_add_web_page_previews (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to add web page previews to their messages.
- can_change_info (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to change the chat title, photo and other settings. Ignored in public supergroups.
- can_invite_users (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to invite new users to the chat.
- can_pin_messages (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to pin messages. Ignored in public supergroups.
- **can_manage_topics** (bool, optional) True, if the user is allowed to create forum topics. If omitted defaults to the value of *can_pin_messages*.

New in version 20.0.

• can_send_audios (bool) - True, if the user is allowed to send audios.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_documents (bool) – True, if the user is allowed to send documents.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_photos (bool) – True, if the user is allowed to send photos.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_videos (bool) - True, if the user is allowed to send videos.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_video_notes (bool) - True, if the user is allowed to send video notes.

New in version 20.1.

• can_send_voice_notes (bool) - True, if the user is allowed to send voice notes.

New in version 20.1.

can_send_messages

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to send text messages, contacts, locations and venues.

Туре

bool

can_send_polls

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to send polls, implies *can_send_messages*.

Type

can_send_other_messages

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to send animations, games, stickers and use inline bots.

```
Type
```

bool

can_add_web_page_previews

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to add web page previews to their messages.

```
Type
```

bool

can_change_info

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to change the chat title, photo and other settings. Ignored in public supergroups.

```
Type
```

bool

can_invite_users

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to invite new users to the chat.

```
Type
```

bool

can_pin_messages

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to pin messages. Ignored in public supergroups.

```
Туре
```

bool

can_manage_topics

Optional. True, if the user is allowed to create forum topics. If omitted defaults to the value of can_pin_messages.

New in version 20.0.

```
Type
```

bool

can_send_audios

True, if the user is allowed to send audios.

New in version 20.1.

```
Type
```

bool

can_send_documents

True, if the user is allowed to send documents.

New in version 20.1.

Type

bool

can_send_photos

True, if the user is allowed to send photos.

New in version 20.1.

Type

can_send_videos

True, if the user is allowed to send videos.

New in version 20.1.

Type

bool

can_send_video_notes

True, if the user is allowed to send video notes.

New in version 20.1.

Type

bool

can_send_voice_notes

True, if the user is allowed to send voice notes.

New in version 20.1.

Type

bool

classmethod all_permissions()

This method returns an *ChatPermissions* instance with all attributes set to True. This is e.g. useful when unrestricting a chat member with telegram.Bot.restrict_chat_member().

New in version 20.0.

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

classmethod no_permissions()

This method returns an *ChatPermissions* instance with all attributes set to False.

New in version 20.0.

ChatPhoto

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a chat photo.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *small_file_unique_id* and *big_file_unique_id* are equal.

Parameters

- **small_file_id** (str) File identifier of small (160 x 160) chat photo. This file_id can be used only for photo download and only for as long as the photo is not changed.
- **small_file_unique_id** (str) Unique file identifier of small (160 x 160) chat photo, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **big_file_id** (str) File identifier of big (640 x 640) chat photo. This file_id can be used only for photo download and only for as long as the photo is not changed.
- **big_file_unique_id** (str) Unique file identifier of big (640 x 640) chat photo, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

small_file_id

File identifier of small (160×160) chat photo. This file_id can be used only for photo download and only for as long as the photo is not changed.

```
Type
```

str

small_file_unique_id

Unique file identifier of small (160×160) chat photo, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
```

str

big_file_id

File identifier of big (640 x 640) chat photo. This file_id can be used only for photo download and only for as long as the photo is not changed.

```
Type
```

str

big_file_unique_id

Unique file identifier of big (640×640) chat photo, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.get_file()

Available In

telegram.Chat.photo

$SIZE_BIG = 640$

telegram.constants.ChatPhotoSize.BIG

New in version 20.0.

$SIZE_SMALL = 160$

telegram.constants.ChatPhotoSize.SMALL

New in version 20.0.

Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file() for getting the big (640 x 640) chat photo

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().

Returns

telegram.File

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file() for getting the small (160 x 160) chat photo

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().

Returns

telegram.File

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

ChatShared

class telegram.ChatShared(request_id, chat_id, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object contains information about the chat whose identifier was shared with the bot using a *telegram*. *KeyboardButtonRequestChat* button.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their $request_id$ and $chat_id$ are equal.

Available In

telegram.Message.chat_shared

New in version 20.1.

Parameters

- request_id (int) Identifier of the request.
- **chat_id** (int) Identifier of the shared user. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.

request_id

Identifier of the request.

Type

int

chat_id

Identifier of the shared user. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.

```
Type
```

int

Contact

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a phone contact.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *phone_number* is equal.

Parameters

- **phone_number** (str) Contact's phone number.
- **first_name** (str) Contact's first name.

```
• last_name (str, optional) – Contact's last name.
           • user_id (int, optional) – Contact's user identifier in Telegram.
           • vcard (str, optional) – Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard.
phone_number
     Contact's phone number.
         Type
              str
first_name
     Contact's first name.
         Type
              str
last_name
     Optional. Contact's last name.
         Type
              str
user_id
     Optional. Contact's user identifier in Telegram.
         Type
              int
vcard
     Optional. Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard.
         Type
              str
Use In
telegram.Bot.send_contact()
```

Available In telegram.Message.contact

Dice

```
class telegram.Dice(value, emoji, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

```
Bases: telegram. TelegramObject
```

This object represents an animated emoji with a random value for currently supported base emoji. (The singular form of "dice" is "die". However, PTB mimics the Telegram API, which uses the term "dice".)

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their value and emoji are equal.

Note: If emoji is ", a value of 6 currently represents a bullseye, while a value of 1 indicates that the dartboard was missed. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

If emoji is ", a value of 4 or 5 currently score a basket, while a value of 1 to 3 indicates that the basket was missed. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

If *emoji* is ", a value of 4 to 5 currently scores a goal, while a value of 1 to 3 indicates that the goal was missed. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

If *emoji* is ", a value of 6 knocks all the pins, while a value of 1 means all the pins were missed. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

If *emoji* is ", each value corresponds to a unique combination of symbols, which can be found in our wiki. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Parameters

- **value** (int) Value of the dice. 1-6 for ", " and " base emoji, 1-5 for " and " base emoji, 1-64 for " base emoji.
- **emoji** (str) Emoji on which the dice throw animation is based.

value

```
Value of the dice. 1-6 for ", " and " base emoji, 1-5 for " and " base emoji, 1-64 for " base emoji.

Type

int
```

emoji

Emoji on which the dice throw animation is based.

```
Type
str
```

Available In

telegram.Message.dice

```
ALL_EMOJI = [DiceEmoji.DICE, DiceEmoji.DARTS, DiceEmoji.BASKETBALL,
DiceEmoji.FOOTBALL, DiceEmoji.SLOT_MACHINE, DiceEmoji.BOWLING]
    A list of all available dice emoji.
       Type
           List[str]
BASKETBALL = ''
    telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.BASKETBALL
BOWLING = ''
    telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.BOWLING
    New in version 13.4.
DARTS = ''
    telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.DARTS
DICE = ''
    telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.DICE
FOOTBALL = ''
    telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.FOOTBALL
MAX_VALUE_BASKETBALL = 5
    telegram.constants.DiceLimit.MAX_VALUE_BASKETBALL
    New in version 20.0.
```

```
MAX_VALUE_BOWLING = 6
    telegram.constants.DiceLimit.MAX_VALUE_BOWLING
    New in version 20.0.
MAX VALUE DARTS = 6
    telegram.constants.DiceLimit.MAX_VALUE_DARTS
    New in version 20.0.
MAX_VALUE_DICE = 6
    telegram.constants.DiceLimit.MAX_VALUE_DICE
    New in version 20.0.
MAX_VALUE_FOOTBALL = 5
    telegram.constants.DiceLimit.MAX_VALUE_FOOTBALL
    New in version 20.0.
MAX_VALUE_SLOT_MACHINE = 64
    telegram.constants.DiceLimit.MAX_VALUE_SLOT_MACHINE
    New in version 20.0.
MIN_VALUE = 1
    telegram.constants.DiceLimit.MIN_VALUE
    New in version 20.0.
SLOT_MACHINE = ''
    telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.SLOT_MACHINE
```

Document

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a general file (as opposed to photos, voice messages and audio files).

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their file_unique_id is equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.get_file()
- telegram.Bot.send_document()

Available In

telegram.Message.document

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
• file_name (str, optional) – Original filename as defined by sender.
           • mime_type (str, optional) – MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
           • file_size (int, optional) – File size in bytes.
           • thumbnail (telegram.PhotoSize, optional) - Document thumbnail as defined by
             sender.
             New in version 20.2.
     Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
             str
file_unique_id
     Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't
     be used to download or reuse the file.
        Type
             str
file_name
     Optional. Original filename as defined by sender.
             str
mime_type
     Optional. MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
        Type
             str
file_size
     Optional. File size in bytes.
        Type
             int
thumbnail
     Optional. Document thumbnail as defined by sender.
     New in version 20.2.
        Type
             telegram.PhotoSize
classmethod de_json(data, bot)
     See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
async get_file(*, read timeout=None, write timeout=None, connect timeout=None,
                  pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
     Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file()
     For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().
```

Returns

Raises

telegram.File

telegram.error.TelegramError -

file_id

File

 $\textbf{class} \ \ \textbf{telegram}. \textbf{File} (\textit{file_id}, \textit{file_unique_id}, \textit{file_size} = \textit{None}, \textit{file_path} = \textit{None}, *, \textit{api_kwargs} = \textit{None})$

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a file ready to be downloaded. The file can be e.g. downloaded with $download_to_drive$. It is guaranteed that the link will be valid for at least 1 hour. When the link expires, a new one can be requested by calling $telegram.Bot.get_file()$.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their file_unique_id is equal.

Available In

telegram.Sticker.premium_animation

Returned In

- telegram.Bot.get_file()
- telegram.Bot.upload_sticker_file()

Changed in version 20.0: download was split into download_to_drive() and download_to_memory().

Note:

- Maximum file size to download is 20 MB.
- If you obtain an instance of this class from telegram. PassportFile.get_file, then it will automatically be decrypted as it downloads when you call e.g. download_to_drive().

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_size** (int, optional) File size in bytes, if known.
- **file_path** (str, optional) File path. Use e.g. *download_to_drive()* to get the file.

file_id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

file_size

Optional. File size in bytes, if known.

```
Type
int
```

file_path

Optional. File path. Use e.g. download_to_drive() to get the file.

Type

str

Download this file and return it as a bytearray.

Parameters

buf (bytearray, optional) – Extend the given bytearray with the downloaded data.

Keyword Arguments

• read_timeout (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.request.

BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

New in version 20.0.

• write_timeout (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

New in version 20.0.

• **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

New in version 20.0.

• pool_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

New in version 20.0.

Returns

The same object as *buf* if it was specified. Otherwise a newly allocated bytearray.

Return type

bytearray

async download_to_drive(custom_path=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None)

Download this file. By default, the file is saved in the current working directory with *file_path* as file name. If the file has no filename, the file ID will be used as filename. If *custom_path* is supplied as a str or pathlib.Path, it will be saved to that path.

Note: If *custom_path* isn't provided and *file_path* is the path of a local file (which is the case when a Bot API Server is running in local mode), this method will just return the path.

The only exception to this are encrypted files (e.g. a passport file). For these, a file with the prefix *decrypted_* will be created in the same directory as the original file in order to decrypt the file without changing the existing one in-place.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.0:

- custom_path parameter now also accepts pathlib.Path as argument.
- Returns pathlib. Path object in cases where previously a str was returned.
- This method was previously called download. It was split into download_to_drive() and download_to_memory().

Parameters

 ${\tt custom_path}$ (pathlib.Path | str , optional) — The path where the file will be saved to. If not specified, will be saved in the current working directory with ${\tt file_path}$ as file name or the ${\tt file_id}$ if ${\tt file_path}$ is not set.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request.

 BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Returns

Returns the Path object the file was downloaded to.

Return type

pathlib.Path

Download this file into memory. *out* needs to be supplied with a io.BufferedIOBase, the file contents will be saved to that object using the out.write method.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

out (io.BufferedIOBase) - A file-like object. Must be opened for writing in binary
mode.

Keyword Arguments

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- pool_timeout (float | None, optional) Value to pass to telegram.request. BaseRequest.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

set_credentials(credentials)

Sets the passport credentials for the file.

Parameters

credentials (telegram.FileCredentials) - The credentials.

ForceReply

class telegram.ForceReply(selective=None, input_field_placeholder=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Upon receiving a message with this object, Telegram clients will display a reply interface to the user (act as if the user has selected the bot's message and tapped 'Reply'). This can be extremely useful if you want to create user-friendly step-by-step interfaces without having to sacrifice privacy mode.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *selective* is equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.copy_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_animation()
- telegram.Bot.send_audio()
- telegram.Bot.send_contact()
- telegram.Bot.send_dice()
- telegram.Bot.send_document()
- telegram.Bot.send_location()
- telegram.Bot.send_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_photo()
- telegram.Bot.send_poll()
- telegram.Bot.send_sticker()
- telegram.Bot.send_venue()
- telegram.Bot.send_video_note()
- telegram.Bot.send_video()
- telegram.Bot.send_voice()

Changed in version 20.0: The (undocumented) argument force_reply was removed and instead force_reply is now always set to True as expected by the Bot API.

Parameters

- **selective** (bool, optional) Use this parameter if you want to force reply from specific users only. Targets:
 - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the telegram. Message object.
- If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.
- **input_field_placeholder** (str, optional) The placeholder to be shown in the input field when the reply is active; 1- 64 characters.

New in version 13.7.

force_reply

Shows reply interface to the user, as if they manually selected the bots message and tapped 'Reply'.

Type

True

selective

Optional. Force reply from specific users only. Targets:

- 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the telegram. Message object.
- 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.

Type

bool

input_field_placeholder

Optional. The placeholder to be shown in the input field when the reply is active; 1-64 characters.

New in version 13.7.

```
Type
```

str

MAX_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER = 64

```
telegram.constants.ReplyLimit.MAX_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER
```

New in version 20.0.

MIN_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER = 1

```
telegram.constants.ReplyLimit.MIN_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER
```

New in version 20.0.

ForumTopic

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a forum topic.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their message_thread_id, name and icon_color are equal.

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.create_forum_topic()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- $\textbf{message_thread_id}$ (int) Unique identifier of the forum topic
- name (str) Name of the topic
- icon_color (int) Color of the topic icon in RGB format
- **icon_custom_emoji_id** (str, optional) Unique identifier of the custom emoji shown as the topic icon.

message_thread_id

Unique identifier of the forum topic

Type

int

name

Name of the topic

Type

str

icon_color

Color of the topic icon in RGB format

Type

int

icon_custom_emoji_id

Optional. Unique identifier of the custom emoji shown as the topic icon.

Type

str

ForumTopicClosed

class telegram.ForumTopicClosed(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a service message about a forum topic closed in the chat. Currently holds no information.

Available In

telegram.Message.forum_topic_closed

New in version 20.0.

ForumTopicCreated

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents the content of a service message about a new forum topic created in the chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *name* and *icon_color* are equal.

Available In

telegram.Message.forum_topic_created

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the topic
- $icon_color$ (int) Color of the topic icon in RGB format
- **icon_custom_emoji_id** (str, optional) Unique identifier of the custom emoji shown as the topic icon.

name

Name of the topic

Type

str

icon_color

Color of the topic icon in RGB format

```
Type
```

int

icon_custom_emoji_id

Optional. Unique identifier of the custom emoji shown as the topic icon.

```
Туре
```

str

ForumTopicEdited

class telegram.ForumTopicEdited(name=None, icon_custom_emoji_id=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents a service message about an edited forum topic.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their name and icon_custom_emoji_id are equal.

Available In

telegram.Message.forum_topic_edited

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- name (str, optional) New name of the topic, if it was edited.
- **icon_custom_emoji_id** (str, optional) New identifier of the custom emoji shown as the topic icon, if it was edited; an empty string if the icon was removed.

name

Optional. New name of the topic, if it was edited.

```
Type
```

str

icon_custom_emoji_id

Optional. New identifier of the custom emoji shown as the topic icon, if it was edited; an empty string if the icon was removed.

Type

str

ForumTopicReopened

class telegram.ForumTopicReopened(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a service message about a forum topic reopened in the chat. Currently holds no information.

Available In

telegram.Message.forum_topic_reopened

New in version 20.0.

GeneralForumTopicHidden

class telegram.GeneralForumTopicHidden(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a service message about General forum topic hidden in the chat. Currently holds no information.

Available In

telegram.Message.general_forum_topic_hidden

New in version 20.0.

GeneralForumTopicUnhidden

class telegram.GeneralForumTopicUnhidden(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a service message about General forum topic unhidden in the chat. Currently holds no information.

Available In

 ${\tt telegram.Message.general_forum_topic_unhidden}$

New in version 20.0.

InlineKeyboardButton

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents one button of an inline keyboard.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their text, url, login_url, callback_data, switch_inline_query, switch_inline_query_current_chat, callback_game, web_app and pay are equal.

Note:

- You must use exactly one of the optional fields. Mind that *callback_game* is not working as expected. Putting a game short name in it might, but is not guaranteed to work.
- If your bot allows for arbitrary callback data, in keyboards returned in a response from telegram, callback_data maybe be an instance of telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData. This will be the case, if the data associated with the button was already deleted.

New in version 13.6.

Since Bot API 5.5, it's now allowed to mention users by their ID in inline keyboards. This will only
work in Telegram versions released after December 7, 2021. Older clients will display unsupported
message.

Warning:

• If your bot allows your arbitrary callback data, buttons whose callback data is a non-hashable object will become unhashable. Trying to evaluate hash(button) will result in a TypeError.

Changed in version 13.6.

• After Bot API 6.1, only HTTPS links will be allowed in <code>login_url</code>.

Examples

- Inline Keyboard 1
- Inline Keyboard 2

Available In

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup.inline_keyboard

See also:

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

Changed in version 20.0: web_app is considered as well when comparing objects of this type in terms of equality.

Parameters

- text (str) Label text on the button.
- url (str, optional) HTTP or tg:// url to be opened when the button is pressed. Links tg://user?id=<user_id> can be used to mention a user by their ID without using a username, if this is allowed by their privacy settings.

Changed in version 13.9: You can now mention a user using tg://user?id=<user_id>.

• **login_url** (*telegram.LoginUrl*, optional) – An HTTPS URL used to automatically authorize the user. Can be used as a replacement for the Telegram Login Widget.

Caution: Only HTTPS links are allowed after Bot API 6.1.

• callback_data (str|object, optional) – Data to be sent in a callback query to the bot when button is pressed, UTF-8 1- 64 bytes. If the bot instance allows arbitrary callback data, anything can be passed.

Tip: The value entered here will be available in telegram. CallbackQuery.data.

See also:

Arbitrary callback_data

• web_app (telegram.WebAppInfo, optional) – Description of the Web App that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to send an arbitrary message on behalf of the user using the method answer_web_app_query(). Available only in private chats between a user and the bot.

New in version 20.0.

• switch_inline_query (str, optional) – If set, pressing the button will prompt the user to select one of their chats, open that chat and insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the input field. Can be empty, in which case just the bot's username will be inserted. This offers an easy way for users to start using your bot in inline mode when they are currently in a private chat with it. Especially useful when combined with switch_pm* actions - in this case the user will be automatically returned to the chat they switched from, skipping the chat selection screen.

Tip: This is similar to the new parameter *switch_inline_query_chosen_chat*, but gives no control over which chats can be selected.

- switch_inline_query_current_chat (str, optional) If set, pressing the button will insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the current chat's input field. Can be empty, in which case only the bot's username will be inserted. This offers a quick way for the user to open your bot in inline mode in the same chat good for selecting something from multiple options.
- **callback_game** (*telegram.CallbackGame*, optional) Description of the game that will be launched when the user presses the button. This type of button **must** always be the **first** button in the first row.
- pay (bool, optional) Specify True, to send a Pay button. This type of button must always be the first button in the first row and can only be used in invoice messages.
- switch_inline_query_chosen_chat (telegram. SwitchInlineQueryChosenChat, optional) If set, pressing the button will prompt the user to select one of their chats of the specified type, open that chat and insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the input field.

New in version 20.3.

Tip: This is similar to *switch_inline_query*, but gives more control on which chats can be selected.

Caution: The PTB team has discovered that this field works correctly only if your Telegram client is released after April 20th 2023.

text

Label text on the button.

Type

str

url

Optional. HTTP or tg:// url to be opened when the button is pressed. Links tg://user? id=<user_id> can be used to mention a user by their ID without using a username, if this is allowed by their privacy settings.

Changed in version 13.9: You can now mention a user using tq://user?id=<user_id>.

Type

str

login_url

Optional. An HTTPS URL used to automatically authorize the user. Can be used as a replacement for the Telegram Login Widget.

Caution: Only HTTPS links are allowed after Bot API 6.1.

Type

telegram.LoginUrl

callback_data

Optional. Data to be sent in a callback query to the bot when button is pressed, UTF-8 1- 64 bytes.

Type

str|object

web_app

Optional. Description of the Web App that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to send an arbitrary message on behalf of the user using the method <code>answer_web_app_query()</code>. Available only in private chats between a user and the bot.

New in version 20.0.

Type

telegram.WebAppInfo

switch_inline_query

Optional. If set, pressing the button will prompt the user to select one of their chats, open that chat and insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the input field. Can be empty, in which case just the bot's username will be inserted. This offers an easy way for users to start using your bot in inline mode when they are currently in a private chat with it. Especially useful when combined with switch_pm* actions - in this case the user will be automatically returned to the chat they switched from, skipping the chat selection screen.

Tip: This is similar to the new parameter *switch_inline_query_chosen_chat*, but gives no control over which chats can be selected.

Type

str

switch_inline_query_current_chat

Optional. If set, pressing the button will insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the current chat's input field. Can be empty, in which case only the bot's username will be inserted. This offers a quick way for the user to open your bot in inline mode in the same chat - good for selecting something from multiple options.

Type

str

callback_game

Optional. Description of the game that will be launched when the user presses the button. This type of button **must** always be the **first** button in the first row.

Туре

telegram.CallbackGame

pay

Optional. Specify True, to send a Pay button. This type of button **must** always be the **first** button in the first row and can only be used in invoice messages.

Type

bool

switch_inline_query_chosen_chat

Optional. If set, pressing the button will prompt the user to select one of their chats of the specified type, open that chat and insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the input field.

New in version 20.3.

Tip: This is similar to switch_inline_query, but gives more control on which chats can be selected.

Caution: The PTB team has discovered that this field works correctly only if your Telegram client is released after April 20th 2023.

Type

telegram.SwitchInlineQueryChosenChat

$MAX_CALLBACK_DATA = 64$

 $telegram. constants. In line \textit{KeyboardButtonLimit.MAX_CALLBACK_DATA}$

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_CALLBACK_DATA = 1$

telegram.constants.InlineKeyboardButtonLimit.MIN_CALLBACK_DATA

New in version 20.0.

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

update_callback_data(callback_data)

Sets callback_data to the passed object. Intended to be used by telegram.ext. CallbackDataCache.

New in version 13.6.

Parameters

callback_data (object) – The new callback data.

InlineKeyboardMarkup

class telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup(inline_keyboard, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents an inline keyboard that appears right next to the message it belongs to.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their size of *inline_keyboard* and all the buttons are equal.

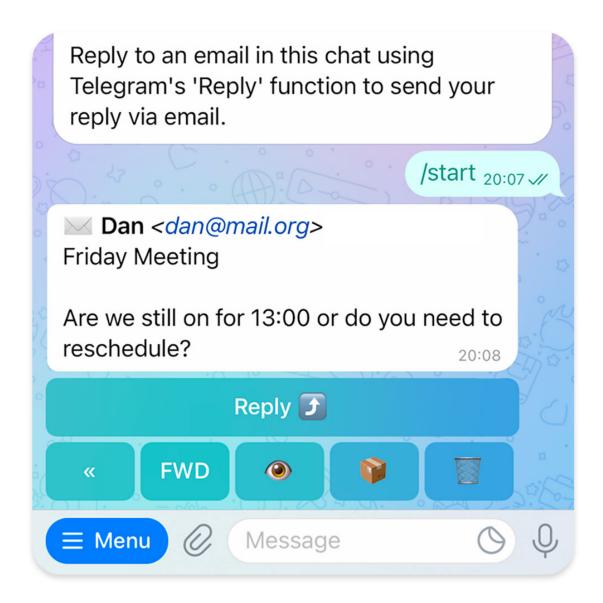


Fig. 1: An inline keyboard on a message

Use In

- telegram.Bot.copy_message()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_caption()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()

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- telegram.Bot.edit_message_reply_markup()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_text()
- telegram.Bot.send_animation()
- telegram.Bot.send_audio()
- telegram.Bot.send_contact()
- telegram.Bot.send_dice()
- telegram.Bot.send_document()
- telegram.Bot.send_game()
- telegram.Bot.send_invoice()
- telegram.Bot.send_location()
- telegram.Bot.send_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_photo()
- telegram.Bot.send_poll()
- telegram.Bot.send_sticker()
- telegram.Bot.send_venue()
- telegram.Bot.send_video_note()
- telegram.Bot.send_video()
- telegram.Bot.send_voice()
- telegram.Bot.stop_message_live_location()
- telegram.Bot.stop_poll()

Available In

- telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio.reply_markup
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Cached Audio.reply_markup$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultContact.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultGame.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultGif.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto.reply_markup

- telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo.reply_markup
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice.reply_markup
- telegram.Message.reply_markup

See also:

An another kind of keyboard would be the telegram. ReplyKeyboardMarkup.

Examples

- Inline Keyboard 1
- Inline Keyboard 2

Parameters

inline_keyboard (Sequence[sequence[telegram.InlineKeyboardButton]]) — Sequence of button rows, each represented by a sequence of InlineKeyboardButton objects.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

inline_keyboard

Tuple of button rows, each represented by a tuple of InlineKeyboardButton objects.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[Tuple[telegram.InlineKeyboardButton]]

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

classmethod from_button(button, **kwargs)

Shortcut for:

```
[InlineKeyboardMarkup([[button]], **kwargs)
```

Return an InlineKeyboardMarkup from a single InlineKeyboardButton

Parameters

button (telegram. InlineKeyboardButton) – The button to use in the markup

classmethod from_column(button_column, **kwargs)

Shortcut for:

```
InlineKeyboardMarkup([[button] for button in button_column], **kwargs)
```

Return an InlineKeyboardMarkup from a single column of InlineKeyboardButtons

Parameters

 $\textbf{button_column} \ (Sequence[\textit{telegram}. \textit{InlineKeyboardButton}]) - The \ button \ to \ use in \ the \ markup$

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

classmethod from_row(button_row, **kwargs)

Shortcut for:

```
InlineKeyboardMarkup([button_row], **kwargs)
```

Return an InlineKeyboardMarkup from a single row of InlineKeyboardButtons

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{button_row} & (Sequence[\textit{telegram.InlineKeyboardButton}]) - The button to use in the markup \end{tabular}$

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

InputFile

```
class telegram.InputFile(obj, filename=None, attach=False)
```

Bases: object

This object represents a Telegram InputFile.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.send_animation()
- telegram.Bot.send_audio()
- telegram.Bot.send_document()
- telegram.Bot.send_photo()
- telegram.Bot.send_sticker()
- telegram.Bot.send_video_note()
- telegram.Bot.send_video()
- telegram.Bot.send_voice()
- telegram.Bot.set_chat_photo()
- telegram.Bot.set_sticker_set_thumbnail()
- telegram.Bot.set_webhook()
- telegram.Bot.upload_sticker_file()

Available In

- telegram.InputMedia.media
- telegram.InputMediaAnimation.media
- telegram.InputMediaAnimation.thumbnail
- telegram.InputMediaAudio.media
- telegram.InputMediaAudio.thumbnail
- telegram.InputMediaDocument.media
- telegram.InputMediaDocument.thumbnail
- telegram.InputMediaPhoto.media
- telegram.InputMediaVideo.media
- telegram.InputMediaVideo.thumbnail
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. Input Sticker. sticker$

Changed in version 20.0:

- The former attribute attach was renamed to attach_name.
- Method is_image was removed. If you pass bytes to *obj* and would like to have the mime type automatically guessed, please pass *filename* in addition.

Parameters

• **obj** (file object | bytes | str) – An open file descriptor or the files content as bytes or string.

Note: If *obj* is a string, it will be encoded as bytes via obj.encode('utf-8').

Changed in version 20.0: Accept string input.

- **filename** (str, optional) Filename for this InputFile.
- attach (bool, optional) Pass True if the parameter this file belongs to in the request to Telegram should point to the multipart data via an attach:// URI. Defaults to False.

input_file_content

The binary content of the file to send.

```
Type bytes
```

attach_name

Optional. If present, the parameter this file belongs to in the request to Telegram should point to the multipart data via a an URI of the form attach://<attach_name> URI.

```
Type
str
```

filename

Filename for the file to be sent.

```
Type str
```

mimetype

The mimetype inferred from the file to be sent.

```
Type str
```

property attach_uri

URI to insert into the JSON data for uploading the file. Returns None, if attach_name is None.

property field_tuple

Field tuple representing the contents of the file for upload to the Telegram servers.

Return type

```
Tuple[str, bytes, str]
```

InputMedia

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Base class for Telegram InputMedia Objects.

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()
```

Changed in version 20.0: Added arguments and attributes type, media, caption, caption_entities, parse_mode.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- **media_type** (str) Type of media that the instance represents.
- media (str|file object|bytes|pathlib.Path|telegram.Animation|telegram. Audio|telegram.Document|telegram.PhotoSize|telegram.Video) - File to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in local_mode, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram media object of the corresponding type to send.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the media to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• parse_mode (str, optional) – Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants*. *ParseMode* and formatting options for more details.

type

Type of the input media.

```
Type
```

str

media

Media to send.

Type

str|telegram.InputFile

caption

Optional. Caption of the media to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

InputMediaAnimation

Bases: telegram.InputMedia

Represents an animation file (GIF or H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound) to be sent.

Note: When using a *telegram.Animation* for the *media* attribute, it will take the width, height and duration from that video, unless otherwise specified with the optional arguments.

Use In

telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

• media (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.Animation) - File to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in local_mode, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.Animation object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the animation, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the animation to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- width (int, optional) Animation width.
- height (int, optional) Animation height.
- duration (int, optional) Animation duration in seconds.
- has_spoiler (bool, optional) Pass True, if the animation needs to be covered with a spoiler animation.

New in version 20.0.

• thumbnail (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) — Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in <code>local_mode</code>, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well.

New in version 20.2.

type

```
'animation'.
```

Type

str

media

Animation to send.

```
Type
```

str|telegram.InputFile

caption

Optional. Caption of the animation to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. The parse mode to use for text formatting.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

```
Type
             Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]
width
     Optional. Animation width.
        Type
             int
height
     Optional. Animation height.
        Type
             int
duration
     Optional. Animation duration in seconds.
        Type
             int
has_spoiler
     Optional. True, if the animation is covered with a spoiler animation.
```

thumbnail

Optional. Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

New in version 20.2.

New in version 20.0.

bool

```
Type
     telegram.InputFile
```

InputMediaAudio

Bases: telegram.InputMedia

Represents an audio file to be treated as music to be sent.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()
- telegram.Bot.send_media_group()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Note: When using a *telegram*. *Audio* for the *media* attribute, it will take the duration, performer and title from that video, unless otherwise specified with the optional arguments.

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

• media (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.Audio) - File to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in local_mode, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.Audio object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the audio, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the audio to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- **duration** (int, optional) Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.
- **performer** (str, optional) Performer of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.
- **title** (str, optional) Title of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.
- thumbnail (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in <code>local_mode</code>, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well.

New in version 20.2.

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

```
Type
```

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

duration

Optional. Duration of the audio in seconds.

```
Type
```

int

performer

Optional. Performer of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.

Type

str

title

Optional. Title of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.

```
Type
```

str

thumbnail

Optional. Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
```

telegram.InputFile

InputMediaDocument

class telegram.InputMediaDocument(media, caption=None, parse_mode=None,

disable_content_type_detection=None, caption_entities=None, filename=None, thumbnail=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.InputMedia

Represents a general file to be sent.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()
- telegram.Bot.send_media_group()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

• media (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.Document) - File to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in local_mode, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.Document object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the document, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants. ParseMode* and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- **disable_content_type_detection** (bool, optional) Disables automatic serverside content type detection for files uploaded using multipart/form-data. Always True, if the document is sent as part of an album.
- **thumbnail** (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in <code>local_mode</code>, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well.

New in version 20.2.

```
type
```

```
'document'.

Type
str

media
File to send.

Type
str | telegram.InputFile
```

caption

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

```
Type
```

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

disable_content_type_detection

Optional. Disables automatic server-side content type detection for files uploaded using multipart/form-data. Always True, if the document is sent as part of an album.

```
Type
```

bool

thumbnail

Optional. Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

New in version 20.2.

Type

telegram.InputFile

InputMediaPhoto

Bases: telegram.InputMedia

Represents a photo to be sent.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()
- telegram.Bot.send_media_group()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

• media (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.PhotoSize) - File to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in local_mode, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.PhotoSize object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the photo, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants.* ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• has_spoiler (bool, optional) – Pass True, if the photo needs to be covered with a spoiler animation.

New in version 20.0.

type

'photo'.

Type

str

media

Photo to send.

Type

str|telegram.InputFile

caption

Optional. Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

```
Type
```

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

has_spoiler

Optional. True, if the photo is covered with a spoiler animation.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

InputMediaVideo

Bases: telegram.InputMedia

Represents a video to be sent.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()
- telegram.Bot.send_media_group()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Note:

- When using a telegram. Video for the media attribute, it will take the width, height and duration from that video, unless otherwise specified with the optional arguments.
- •thumbnail will be ignored for small video files, for which Telegram can easily generate thumbnails. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

• media (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | telegram.Video) - File to send. Pass a file_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in local_mode, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram.Video object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

• **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the video, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the tempfile module.

New in version 13.1.

• **caption** (str, optional) – Caption of the video to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.

 ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- width (int, optional) Video width.
- **height** (int, optional) Video height.
- duration (int, optional) Video duration in seconds.
- **supports_streaming** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the uploaded video is suitable for streaming.
- has_spoiler (bool, optional) Pass True, if the video needs to be covered with a spoiler animation.

New in version 20.0.

• thumbnail (file object | bytes | pathlib.Path | str, optional) — Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in <code>local_mode</code>, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well.

New in version 20.2.

type

'video'.

Type

str

media

Video file to send.

Type

str|telegram.InputFile

caption

Optional. Caption of the video to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

```
Type
             Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]
width
     Optional. Video width.
        Type
             int
height
     Optional. Video height.
        Type
             int
duration
     Optional. Video duration in seconds.
        Type
             int
supports_streaming
     Optional. True, if the uploaded video is suitable for streaming.
        Type
             bool
has_spoiler
     Optional. True, if the video is covered with a spoiler animation.
     New in version 20.0.
        Type
             bool
thumbnail
```

Optional. Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
```

telegram.InputFile

InputSticker

```
Bases:\ \textit{telegram.TelegramObject}
```

This object describes a sticker to be added to a sticker set.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.add_sticker_to_set()
- telegram.Bot.create_new_sticker_set()

New in version 20.2.

Parameters

- **sticker** (str | file object | bytes | pathlib.Path) The added sticker. To upload a file, you can either pass a file object (e.g. open("filename", "rb")) or the file contents as bytes. If the bot is running in *local_mode*, passing the path of the file (as string or pathlib.Path object) is supported as well. Animated and video stickers can't be uploaded via HTTP URL.
- **emoji_list** (Sequence[str]) Sequence of 1 20 emoji associated with the sticker.
- mask_position (telegram.MaskPosition, optional) Position where the mask should be placed on faces. For "'mask'" stickers only.
- **keywords** (Sequence[str], optional) Sequence of 0-20 search keywords for the sticker with the total length of up to 64 characters. For "'regular" and "'custom_emoji" stickers only.

sticker

The added sticker.

Type

str|telegram.InputFile

emoji_list

Tuple of 1 - 20 emoji associated with the sticker.

Type

Tuple[str]

mask_position

Optional. Position where the mask should be placed on faces. For "mask" stickers only.

Type

telegram.MaskPosition

kevwords

Optional. Tuple of 0-20 search keywords for the sticker with the total length of up to 64 characters. For "'regular" and "'custom_emoji" stickers only.

Type

Tuple[str]

KeyboardButton

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents one button of the reply keyboard. For simple text buttons, str can be used instead of this object to specify text of the button.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their text, request_contact, request_location, request_poll, web_app, request_user and request_chat are equal.

Note:

- Optional fields are mutually exclusive.
- request_contact and request_location options will only work in Telegram versions released after 9 April, 2016. Older clients will display unsupported message.
- request_pol1 option will only work in Telegram versions released after 23 January, 2020. Older clients will display unsupported message.

- web_app option will only work in Telegram versions released after 16 April, 2022. Older clients will display unsupported message.
- request_user and request_chat options will only work in Telegram versions released after 3 February, 2023. Older clients will display unsupported message.

Available In

telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup.keyboard

Changed in version 20.0: web_app is considered as well when comparing objects of this type in terms of equality.

Changed in version 20.5: request_user and request_chat are considered as well when comparing objects of this type in terms of equality.

Parameters

- **text** (str) Text of the button. If none of the optional fields are used, it will be sent to the bot as a message when the button is pressed.
- **request_contact** (bool, optional) If True, the user's phone number will be sent as a contact when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.
- **request_location** (bool, optional) If True, the user's current location will be sent when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.
- **request_poll** (*KeyboardButtonPollType*, optional) If specified, the user will be asked to create a poll and send it to the bot when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.
- web_app (WebAppInfo, optional) If specified, the described Web App will be launched when the button is pressed. The Web App will be able to send a Message. web_app_data service message. Available in private chats only.

New in version 20.0.

• request_user (KeyboardButtonRequestUser, optional) – If specified, pressing the button will open a list of suitable users. Tapping on any user will send its identifier to the bot in a telegram.Message.user_shared service message. Available in private chats only.

New in version 20.1.

• request_chat (KeyboardButtonRequestChat, optional) – If specified, pressing the button will open a list of suitable chats. Tapping on a chat will send its identifier to the bot in a telegram.Message.chat_shared service message. Available in private chats only.

New in version 20.1.

text

Text of the button. If none of the optional fields are used, it will be sent to the bot as a message when the button is pressed.

Type

str

request_contact

Optional. If True, the user's phone number will be sent as a contact when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.

Туре

bool

request_location

Optional. If True, the user's current location will be sent when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.

Type

bool

request_poll

Optional. If specified, the user will be asked to create a poll and send it to the bot when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.

Type

KeyboardButtonPollType

web_app

Optional. If specified, the described Web App will be launched when the button is pressed. The Web App will be able to send a Message.web_app_data service message. Available in private chats only.

New in version 20.0.

Type

WebAppInfo

request_user

Optional. If specified, pressing the button will open a list of suitable users. Tapping on any user will send its identifier to the bot in a *telegram.Message.user_shared* service message. Available in private chats only.

New in version 20.1.

Type

KeyboardButtonRequestUser

request_chat

Optional. If specified, pressing the button will open a list of suitable chats. Tapping on a chat will send its identifier to the bot in a *telegram.Message.chat_shared* service message. Available in private chats only.

New in version 20.1.

Type

KeyboardButtonRequestChat

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

KeyboardButtonPollType

class telegram.KeyboardButtonPollType(type=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

 $Bases:\ telegram.\ TelegramObject$

This object represents type of a poll, which is allowed to be created and sent when the corresponding button is pressed.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *type* is equal.

Examples

Poll Bot

Parameters

type (str, optional) – If 'quiz' is passed, the user will be allowed to create only polls in the quiz mode. If 'regular' is passed, only regular polls will be allowed. Otherwise, the user will be allowed to create a poll of any type.

type

Optional. If equals 'quiz', the user will be allowed to create only polls in the quiz mode. If equals 'regular', only regular polls will be allowed. Otherwise, the user will be allowed to create a poll of any type.

Type

str

Available In

telegram.KeyboardButton.request_poll

KeyboardButtonRequestChat

class telegram.KeyboardButtonRequestChat(request_id, chat_is_channel, chat_is_forum=None,

chat_has_username=None, chat_is_created=None, user_administrator_rights=None, bot_administrator_rights=None, bot_is_member=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object defines the criteria used to request a suitable chat. The identifier of the selected user will be shared with the bot when the corresponding button is pressed.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their $request_id$ is equal.

Available In

 $telegram.KeyboardButton.request_chat$

See also:

Telegram Docs on requesting chats

New in version 20.1.

Parameters

- **request_id** (int) Signed 32-bit identifier of the request, which will be received back in the *telegram*. *ChatShared* object. Must be unique within the message.
- **chat_is_channel** (bool) Pass True to request a channel chat, pass False to request a group or a supergroup chat.
- chat_is_forum (bool, optional) Pass True to request a forum supergroup, pass
 False to request a non-forum chat. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.
- **chat_has_username** (bool, optional) Pass True to request a supergroup or a channel with a username, pass False to request a chat without a username. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.
- **chat_is_created** (bool, optional) Pass True to request a chat owned by the user. Otherwise, no additional restrictions are applied.

- user_administrator_rights (*ChatAdministratorRights*, optional) Specifies the required administrator rights of the user in the chat. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.
- **bot_administrator_rights** (*ChatAdministratorRights*, optional) Specifies the required administrator rights of the bot in the chat. The rights must be a subset of *user_administrator_rights*. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.
- **bot_is_member** (bool, optional) Pass True to request a chat with the bot as a member. Otherwise, no additional restrictions are applied.

request_id

Identifier of the request.

Type

int

chat_is_channel

Pass True to request a channel chat, pass False to request a group or a supergroup chat.

Type

bool

chat_is_forum

Optional. Pass True to request a forum supergroup, pass False to request a non-forum chat. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.

Type

hool

chat_has_username

Pass True to request a supergroup or a channel with a username, pass False to request a chat without a username. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.

Type

bool, optional

chat_is_created

user. Otherwise, no additional restrictions are applied.

Type

bool

user_administrator_rights

required administrator rights of the user in the chat. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.

Type

 ${\it ChatAdministratorRights}$

bot_administrator_rights

required administrator rights of the bot in the chat. The rights must be a subset of user_administrator_rights. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.

Type

ChatAdministratorRights

bot_is_member

as a member. Otherwise, no additional restrictions are applied.

Type

bool

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

KeyboardButtonRequestUser

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object defines the criteria used to request a suitable user. The identifier of the selected user will be shared with the bot when the corresponding button is pressed.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their $request_id$ is equal.

Available In

telegram.KeyboardButton.request_user

See also:

Telegram Docs on requesting users

New in version 20.1.

Parameters

- **request_id** (int) Signed 32-bit identifier of the request, which will be received back in the *telegram.UserShared* object. Must be unique within the message.
- **user_is_bot** (bool, optional) Pass True to request a bot, pass False to request a regular user. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.
- **user_is_premium** (bool, optional) Pass True to request a premium user, pass False to request a non-premium user. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.

request_id

Identifier of the request.

```
Type int
```

user_is_bot

Optional. Pass True to request a bot, pass False to request a regular user. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.

```
Type bool
```

user_is_premium

Optional. Pass True to request a premium user, pass False to request a non-premium user. If not specified, no additional restrictions are applied.

```
Type
bool
```

Location

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a point on the map.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *longitude* and *latitude* are equal.

Parameters

- longitude (float) Longitude as defined by sender.
- latitude (float) Latitude as defined by sender.
- **horizontal_accuracy** (float, optional) The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.
- **live_period** (int, optional) Time relative to the message sending date, during which the location can be updated, in seconds. For active live locations only.
- **heading** (int, optional) The direction in which user is moving, in degrees; 1-360. For active live locations only.
- **proximity_alert_radius** (int, optional) Maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. For sent live locations only.

longitude

Longitude as defined by sender.

Type

float

latitude

Latitude as defined by sender.

Type

float

horizontal_accuracy

Optional. The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.

Type

float

live_period

Optional. Time relative to the message sending date, during which the location can be updated, in seconds. For active live locations only.

Type

int

heading

Optional. The direction in which user is moving, in degrees; 1-360. For active live locations only.

Type

int

proximity_alert_radius

Optional. Maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. For sent live locations only.

Type

int

Use In

- telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- telegram.Bot.send_location()

Available In

- telegram.ChatLocation.location
- telegram.ChosenInlineResult.location
- telegram.InlineQuery.location
- telegram.Message.location
- telegram. Venue. location

$HORIZONTAL_ACCURACY = 1500$

```
telegram.constants.LocationLimit.HORIZONTAL_ACCURACY
```

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_HEADING = 360$

```
telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MAX_HEADING
```

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_HEADING = 1$

```
telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MIN_HEADING
```

New in version 20.0.

LoginUrl

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents a parameter of the inline keyboard button used to automatically authorize a user. Serves as a great replacement for the Telegram Login Widget when the user is coming from Telegram. All the user needs to do is tap/click a button and confirm that they want to log in. Telegram apps support these buttons as of version 5.7.

Sample bot: @discussbot

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *url* is equal.

Note: You must always check the hash of the received data to verify the authentication and the integrity of the data as described in Checking authorization

Parameters

- url (str) An HTTPS URL to be opened with user authorization data added to the query string when the button is pressed. If the user refuses to provide authorization data, the original URL without information about the user will be opened. The data added is the same as described in Receiving authorization data.
- **forward_text** (str, optional) New text of the button in forwarded messages.

- **bot_username** (str, optional) Username of a bot, which will be used for user authorization. See Setting up a bot for more details. If not specified, the current bot's username will be assumed. The url's domain must be the same as the domain linked with the bot. See Linking your domain to the bot for more details.
- request_write_access (bool, optional) Pass True to request the permission for your bot to send messages to the user.

url

An HTTPS URL to be opened with user authorization data added to the query string when the button is pressed. If the user refuses to provide authorization data, the original URL without information about the user will be opened. The data added is the same as described in Receiving authorization data.

Type str

forward_text

Optional. New text of the button in forwarded messages.

Type str

bot_username

Optional. Username of a bot, which will be used for user authorization. See Setting up a bot for more details. If not specified, the current bot's username will be assumed. The url's domain must be the same as the domain linked with the bot. See Linking your domain to the bot for more details.

Type str

request_write_access

Optional. Pass True to request the permission for your bot to send messages to the user.

Type bool

Available In

telegram.InlineKeyboardButton.login_url

MenuButton

class telegram.MenuButton(type, *, api_kwargs=None)

 $Bases:\ \textit{telegram.TelegramObject}$

This object describes the bot's menu button in a private chat. It should be one of

- telegram.MenuButtonCommands
- telegram.MenuButtonWebApp
- telegram.MenuButtonDefault

If a menu button other than telegram. MenuButtonDefault is set for a private chat, then it is applied in the chat. Otherwise the default menu button is applied. By default, the menu button opens the list of bot commands.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *type* is equal. For subclasses with additional attributes, the notion of equality is overridden.

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.set_chat_menu_button()
```

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_chat_menu_button()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

type (str) – Type of menu button that the instance represents.

type

Type of menu button that the instance represents.

Type

str

COMMANDS = 'commands'

telegram.constants.MenuButtonType.COMMANDS

DEFAULT = 'default'

telegram.constants.MenuButtonType.DEFAULT

WEB_APP = 'web_app'

telegram.constants.MenuButtonType.WEB_APP

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

Converts JSON data to the appropriate *MenuButton* object, i.e. takes care of selecting the correct subclass.

Parameters

- data (Dict[str,...]) The JSON data.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*) The bot associated with this object.

Returns

The Telegram object.

MenuButtonCommands

class telegram.MenuButtonCommands(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.MenuButton

Represents a menu button, which opens the bot's list of commands.

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.set_chat_menu_button()
```

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_chat_menu_button()
```

New in version 20.0.

```
'commands'.

Type
```

MenuButtonDefault

class telegram.MenuButtonDefault(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.MenuButton

str

Describes that no specific value for the menu button was set.

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.set_chat_menu_button()
```

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_chat_menu_button()
```

New in version 20.0.

type

```
'default'.

Type

str
```

MenuButtonWebApp

class telegram.MenuButtonWebApp(text, web_app, *, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.MenuButton
```

Represents a menu button, which launches a Web App.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their type, text and web_app are equal.

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.set_chat_menu_button()
```

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_chat_menu_button()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **text** (str) Text of the button.
- web_app (telegram. WebAppInfo) Description of the Web App that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to send an arbitrary message on behalf of the user using the method answerWebAppQuery() of Bot.

Type telegram.WebAppInfo

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

Message

class telegram.Message(message_id, date, chat, from_user=None, forward_from=None,

forward_from_chat=None, forward_from_message_id=None, forward date=None, reply to message=None, edit date=None, text=None, entities=None, caption entities=None, audio=None, document=None, game=None, photo=None, sticker=None, video=None, voice=None, *video_note=None*, *new_chat_members=None*, *caption=None*, *contact=None*, location=None, venue=None, left_chat_member=None, new_chat_title=None, new_chat_photo=None, delete_chat_photo=None, group_chat_created=None, supergroup_chat_created=None, channel_chat_created=None, migrate_to_chat_id=None, migrate_from_chat_id=None, pinned_message=None, invoice=None, successful_payment=None, forward_signature=None, author_signature=None, media_group_id=None, connected_website=None, animation=None, passport_data=None, poll=None, forward_sender_name=None, reply_markup=None, dice=None, via_bot=None, proximity alert triggered=None, sender chat=None, video chat started=None, video_chat_ended=None, video_chat_participants_invited=None, message_auto_delete_timer_changed=None, video_chat_scheduled=None, is_automatic_forward=None, has_protected_content=None, web_app_data=None, is_topic_message=None, message_thread_id=None, forum_topic_created=None, forum_topic_closed=None, forum_topic_reopened=None, forum_topic_edited=None, general_forum_topic_hidden=None, general_forum_topic_unhidden=None, write_access_allowed=None, has_media_spoiler=None, user_shared=None, chat_shared=None, story=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a message.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their message_id and chat are equal.

Note: In Python from is a reserved word. Use *from_user* instead.

Available In

- telegram.CallbackQuery.message
- telegram.Chat.pinned_message
- telegram.Message.pinned_message
- telegram.Message.reply_to_message
- telegram.Update.channel_post
- telegram.Update.edited_channel_post
- telegram.Update.edited_message
- telegram.Update.effective_message
- telegram.Update.message

Returned In

- telegram.Bot.edit_message_caption()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_reply_markup()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_text()
- telegram.Bot.forward_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_animation()
- telegram.Bot.send_audio()
- telegram.Bot.send_contact()
- telegram.Bot.send_dice()
- telegram.Bot.send_document()
- telegram.Bot.send_game()
- telegram.Bot.send_invoice()
- telegram.Bot.send_location()
- telegram.Bot.send_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_photo()
- telegram.Bot.send_poll()
- telegram.Bot.send_sticker()
- telegram.Bot.send_venue()
- telegram.Bot.send_video_note()
- telegram.Bot.send_video()
- telegram.Bot.send_voice()
- telegram.Bot.set_game_score()
- telegram.Bot.stop_message_live_location()

Changed in version 20.0:

- The and attributes voice_chat_scheduled, voice_chat_started arguments and voice_chat_ended, voice_chat_participants_invited video_chat_scheduled/video_chat_scheduled, were renamed to video_chat_started/video_chat_started, video_chat_ended/video_chat_ended and video_chat_participants_invited/video_chat_participants_invited, respectively, in accordance to Bot API 6.0.
- The following are now keyword-only arguments in Bot methods: {read, write, connect, pool}_timeout, api_kwargs, contact, quote, filename, loaction, venue. Use a named argument for those, and notice that some positional arguments changed position as a result.

Parameters

- **message_id** (int) Unique message identifier inside this chat.
- **from_user** (*telegram.User*, optional) Sender of the message; empty for messages sent to channels. For backward compatibility, this will contain a fake sender user in non-channel chats, if the message was sent on behalf of a chat.
- **sender_chat** (*telegram.Chat*, optional) Sender of the message, sent on behalf of a chat. For example, the channel itself for channel posts, the supergroup itself for messages from anonymous group administrators, the linked channel for messages automatically forwarded to the discussion group. For backward compatibility, *from_user* contains a fake sender user in non-channel chats, if the message was sent on behalf of a chat.
- date (datetime.datetime) Date the message was sent in Unix time. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

- **chat** (*telegram*. *Chat*) Conversation the message belongs to.
- **forward_from** (telegram.User, optional) For forwarded messages, sender of the original message.
- **forward_from_chat** (*telegram.Chat*, optional) For messages forwarded from channels or from anonymous administrators, information about the original sender chat.
- **forward_from_message_id** (int, optional) For forwarded channel posts, identifier of the original message in the channel.
- **forward_sender_name** (str, optional) Sender's name for messages forwarded from users who disallow adding a link to their account in forwarded messages.
- **forward_date** (datetime.datetime, optional) For forwarded messages, date the original message was sent in Unix time. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

• **is_automatic_forward** (bool, optional) – True, if the message is a channel post that was automatically forwarded to the connected discussion group.

New in version 13.9.

- reply_to_message (telegram.Message, optional) For replies, the original message. Note that the Message object in this field will not contain further reply_to_message fields even if it itself is a reply.
- **edit_date** (datetime.datetime, optional) Date the message was last edited in Unix time. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

- has_protected_content (bool, optional) True, if the message can't be forwarded.

 New in version 13.9.
- **media_group_id** (str, optional) The unique identifier of a media message group this message belongs to.
- **text** (str, optional) For text messages, the actual UTF-8 text of the message, 0-4096 characters.
- **entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) For text messages, special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the text. See parse_entity and parse_entities methods for how to use properly. This list is empty if the message does not contain entities.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• caption_entities (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) — For messages with a Caption. Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the caption. See Message.parse_caption_entity and parse_caption_entities methods for how to use properly. This list is empty if the message does not contain caption entities.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- audio (telegram. Audio, optional) Message is an audio file, information about the file.
- **document** (*telegram.Document*, optional) Message is a general file, information about the file
- **animation** (*telegram.Animation*, optional) Message is an animation, information about the animation. For backward compatibility, when this field is set, the document field will also be set.
- game (telegram. Game, optional) Message is a game, information about the game.
- **photo** (Sequence[telegram.PhotoSize], optional) Message is a photo, available sizes of the photo. This list is empty if the message does not contain a photo.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- **sticker** (*telegram.Sticker*, optional) Message is a sticker, information about the sticker.
- story (telegram. Story, optional) Message is a forwarded story.
 New in version 20.5.
- video (telegram. Video, optional) Message is a video, information about the video.
- **voice** (*telegram.Voice*, optional) Message is a voice message, information about the file.
- **video_note** (*telegram.VideoNote*, optional) Message is a video note, information about the video message.
- **new_chat_members** (Sequence[telegram.User], optional) New members that were added to the group or supergroup and information about them (the bot itself may be one of these members). This list is empty if the message does not contain new chat members.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• **caption** (str, optional) – Caption for the animation, audio, document, photo, video or voice, 0-1024 characters.

- contact (telegram.Contact, optional) Message is a shared contact, information about the contact.
- **location** (*telegram.Location*, optional) Message is a shared location, information about the location.
- **venue** (*telegram.Venue*, optional) Message is a venue, information about the venue. For backward compatibility, when this field is set, the location field will also be set.
- **left_chat_member** (*telegram.User*, optional) A member was removed from the group, information about them (this member may be the bot itself).
- new_chat_title (str, optional) A chat title was changed to this value.
- **new_chat_photo** (Sequence[telegram.PhotoSize], optional) A chat photo was changed to this value. This list is empty if the message does not contain a new chat photo.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- **delete_chat_photo** (bool, optional) Service message: The chat photo was deleted.
- group_chat_created (bool, optional) Service message: The group has been created.
- **supergroup_chat_created** (bool, optional) Service message: The supergroup has been created. This field can't be received in a message coming through updates, because bot can't be a member of a supergroup when it is created. It can only be found in *reply_to_message* if someone replies to a very first message in a directly created supergroup.
- **channel_chat_created** (bool, optional) Service message: The channel has been created. This field can't be received in a message coming through updates, because bot can't be a member of a channel when it is created. It can only be found in <code>reply_to_message</code> if someone replies to a very first message in a channel.

New in version 13.4.

- **migrate_to_chat_id** (int, optional) The group has been migrated to a supergroup with the specified identifier.
- migrate_from_chat_id (int, optional) The supergroup has been migrated from a group with the specified identifier.
- **pinned_message** (telegram.Message, optional) Specified message was pinned. Note that the Message object in this field will not contain further reply_to_message fields even if it is itself a reply.
- **invoice** (*telegram.Invoice*, optional) Message is an invoice for a payment, information about the invoice.
- **successful_payment** (*telegram.SuccessfulPayment*, optional) Message is a service message about a successful payment, information about the payment.
- **connected_website** (str, optional) The domain name of the website on which the user has logged in.
- **forward_signature** (str, optional) For messages forwarded from channels, signature of the post author if present.
- **author_signature** (str, optional) Signature of the post author for messages in channels, or the custom title of an anonymous group administrator.
- passport_data (telegram.PassportData, optional) Telegram Passport data.

- **poll** (*telegram.Poll*, optional) Message is a native poll, information about the poll.
- dice (telegram.Dice, optional) Message is a dice with random value.
- via_bot (telegram. User, optional) Bot through which message was sent.
- proximity_alert_triggered (telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered, optional)
 Service message. A user in the chat triggered another user's proximity alert while sharing Live Location.
- video_chat_scheduled (telegram.VideoChatScheduled, optional) Service message: video chat scheduled.

New in version 20.0.

• video_chat_started (telegram.VideoChatStarted, optional) — Service message: video chat started.

New in version 20.0.

• video_chat_ended (telegram.VideoChatEnded, optional) - Service message:
video chat ended.

New in version 20.0.

• video_chat_participants_invited (telegram. VideoChatParticipantsInvited optional) – Service message: new participants invited to a video chat.

New in version 20.0.

• web_app_data (telegram. WebAppData, optional) - Service message: data sent by a Web App.

New in version 20.0.

- **reply_markup** (telegram. InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message. login_url buttons are represented as ordinary url buttons.
- **is_topic_message** (bool, optional) True, if the message is sent to a forum topic.

New in version 20.0.

• **message_thread_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier of a message thread to which the message belongs; for supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

• **forum_topic_created** (*telegram.ForumTopicCreated*, optional) – Service message: forum topic created.

New in version 20.0.

• **forum_topic_closed** (*telegram.ForumTopicClosed*, optional) – Service message: forum topic closed.

New in version 20.0.

• **forum_topic_reopened** (*telegram.ForumTopicReopened*, optional) — Service message: forum topic reopened.

New in version 20.0.

• **forum_topic_edited** (*telegram.ForumTopicEdited*, optional) – Service message: forum topic edited.

New in version 20.0.

general_forum_topic_hidden (telegram.GeneralForumTopicHidden, optional) – Service message: General forum topic hidden.

New in version 20.0.

• **general_forum_topic_unhidden** (telegram.GeneralForumTopicUnhidden, optional) – Service message: General forum topic unhidden.

New in version 20.0.

• write_access_allowed (telegram.WriteAccessAllowed, optional) – Service message: the user allowed the bot to write messages after adding it to the attachment or side menu, launching a Web App from a link, or accepting an explicit request from a Web App sent by the method requestWriteAccess.

New in version 20.0.

• has_media_spoiler (bool, optional) – True, if the message media is covered by a spoiler animation.

New in version 20.0.

• user_shared (telegram.UserShared, optional) - Service message: a user was shared with the bot.

New in version 20.1.

 chat_shared (telegram.ChatShared, optional) – Service message: a chat was shared with the bot.

New in version 20.1.

message_id

Unique message identifier inside this chat.

Type

int

from_user

Optional. Sender of the message; empty for messages sent to channels. For backward compatibility, this will contain a fake sender user in non-channel chats, if the message was sent on behalf of a chat.

Type

telegram.User

sender_chat

Optional. Sender of the message, sent on behalf of a chat. For example, the channel itself for channel posts, the supergroup itself for messages from anonymous group administrators, the linked channel for messages automatically forwarded to the discussion group. For backward compatibility, <code>from_user</code> contains a fake sender user in non-channel chats, if the message was sent on behalf of a chat.

Type

telegram.Chat

date

Date the message was sent in Unix time. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

chat

Conversation the message belongs to.

Type

telegram.Chat

forward_from

Optional. For forwarded messages, sender of the original message.

Type

telegram.User

forward_from_chat

Optional. For messages forwarded from channels or from anonymous administrators, information about the original sender chat.

```
Type
```

telegram.Chat

forward_from_message_id

Optional. For forwarded channel posts, identifier of the original message in the channel.

Type

int

forward_date

Optional. For forwarded messages, date the original message was sent in Unix time. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

is_automatic_forward

Optional. True, if the message is a channel post that was automatically forwarded to the connected discussion group.

New in version 13.9.

Type

bool

reply_to_message

Optional. For replies, the original message. Note that the Message object in this field will not contain further reply_to_message fields even if it itself is a reply.

Type

telegram.Message

edit_date

Optional. Date the message was last edited in Unix time. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

has_protected_content

Optional. True, if the message can't be forwarded.

New in version 13.9.

Type

bool

media_group_id

Optional. The unique identifier of a media message group this message belongs to.

Type

str

text

Optional. For text messages, the actual UTF-8 text of the message, 0-4096 characters.

Type

str

entities

Optional. For text messages, special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the text. See *parse_entity* and *parse_entities* methods for how to use properly. This list is empty if the message does not contain entities.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

caption_entities

Optional. For messages with a Caption. Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the caption. See <code>Message.parse_caption_entity</code> and <code>parse_caption_entities</code> methods for how to use properly. This list is empty if the message does not contain caption entities.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

```
Type
```

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

audio

Optional. Message is an audio file, information about the file.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Type

telegram.Audio

document

Optional. Message is a general file, information about the file.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Type

telegram.Document

animation

Optional. Message is an animation, information about the animation. For backward compatibility, when this field is set, the document field will also be set.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Type

telegram. Animation

game

Optional. Message is a game, information about the game.

Type

telegram.Game

photo

Optional. Message is a photo, available sizes of the photo. This list is empty if the message does not contain a photo.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[telegram.PhotoSize]

sticker

Optional. Message is a sticker, information about the sticker.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Type

telegram.Sticker

story

Optional. Message is a forwarded story.

New in version 20.5.

Type

telegram.Story

video

Optional. Message is a video, information about the video.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Type

telegram.Video

voice

Optional. Message is a voice message, information about the file.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Туре

telegram.Voice

video_note

Optional. Message is a video note, information about the video message.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Type

telegram.VideoNote

new_chat_members

Optional. New members that were added to the group or supergroup and information about them (the bot itself may be one of these members). This list is empty if the message does not contain new chat members.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

```
Type
```

Tuple[telegram.User]

caption

Optional. Caption for the animation, audio, document, photo, video or voice, 0-1024 characters.

Type

str

contact

Optional. Message is a shared contact, information about the contact.

```
Type
```

telegram.Contact

location

Optional. Message is a shared location, information about the location.

```
Type
```

telegram.Location

venue

Optional. Message is a venue, information about the venue. For backward compatibility, when this field is set, the location field will also be set.

```
Type
```

telegram.Venue

left_chat_member

Optional. A member was removed from the group, information about them (this member may be the bot itself).

```
Type
```

telegram.User

new_chat_title

Optional. A chat title was changed to this value.

```
Type
```

str

new_chat_photo

A chat photo was changed to this value. This list is empty if the message does not contain a new chat photo.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

```
Type
```

Tuple[telegram.PhotoSize]

delete_chat_photo

Optional. Service message: The chat photo was deleted.

Type

bool

group_chat_created

Optional. Service message: The group has been created.

```
Type
```

bool

supergroup_chat_created

Optional. Service message: The supergroup has been created. This field can't be received in a message coming through updates, because bot can't be a member of a supergroup when it is created. It can only be found in $reply_to_message$ if someone replies to a very first message in a directly created supergroup.

```
Type
```

bool

channel_chat_created

Optional. Service message: The channel has been created. This field can't be received in a message coming through updates, because bot can't be a member of a channel when it is created. It can only be found in <code>reply_to_message</code> if someone replies to a very first message in a channel.

```
Type
```

bool

message_auto_delete_timer_changed

Optional. Service message: auto-delete timer settings changed in the chat.

New in version 13.4.

```
Type
```

telegram.MessageAutoDeleteTimerChanged

migrate_to_chat_id

Optional. The group has been migrated to a supergroup with the specified identifier.

```
Type
```

int

migrate_from_chat_id

Optional. The supergroup has been migrated from a group with the specified identifier.

```
Type
```

int

pinned_message

Optional. Specified message was pinned. Note that the Message object in this field will not contain further $reply_{to_message}$ fields even if it is itself a reply.

```
Type
```

telegram.Message

invoice

Optional. Message is an invoice for a payment, information about the invoice.

Type

telegram.Invoice

successful_payment

Optional. Message is a service message about a successful payment, information about the payment.

Tyne

telegram.SuccessfulPayment

connected_website

Optional. The domain name of the website on which the user has logged in.

Type

str

forward_signature

Optional. For messages forwarded from channels, signature of the post author if present.

```
Type
```

str

author_signature

Optional. Signature of the post author for messages in channels, or the custom title of an anonymous group administrator.

```
Type
```

str

forward_sender_name

Optional. Sender's name for messages forwarded from users who disallow adding a link to their account in forwarded messages.

```
Type
```

str

passport_data

Optional. Telegram Passport data.

Examples

Passport Bot

Type

telegram.PassportData

pol1

Optional. Message is a native poll, information about the poll.

Type

telegram.Poll

dice

Optional. Message is a dice with random value.

Type

telegram.Dice

via_bot

Optional. Bot through which message was sent.

Type

telegram.User

proximity_alert_triggered

Optional. Service message. A user in the chat triggered another user's proximity alert while sharing Live Location.

Type

telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered

video_chat_scheduled

Optional. Service message: video chat scheduled.

New in version 20.0.

Type

telegram.VideoChatScheduled

video_chat_started

Optional. Service message: video chat started.

New in version 20.0.

Type

telegram.VideoChatStarted

video_chat_ended

Optional. Service message: video chat ended.

New in version 20.0.

Type

telegram. VideoChatEnded

video_chat_participants_invited

Optional. Service message: new participants invited to a video chat.

New in version 20.0.

Type

telegram.VideoChatParticipantsInvited

web_app_data

Optional. Service message: data sent by a Web App.

New in version 20.0.

Type

telegram.WebAppData

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message. <code>login_url</code> buttons are represented as ordinary url buttons.

Турє

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

is_topic_message

Optional. True, if the message is sent to a forum topic.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

message_thread_id

Optional. Unique identifier of a message thread to which the message belongs; for supergroups only.

New in version 20.0.

Type

int

forum_topic_created

Optional. Service message: forum topic created.

New in version 20.0.

Type

telegram.ForumTopicCreated

forum_topic_closed

Optional. Service message: forum topic closed.

New in version 20.0.

```
Type
             telegram.ForumTopicClosed
forum_topic_reopened
     Optional. Service message: forum topic reopened.
     New in version 20.0.
        Type
             telegram.ForumTopicReopened
forum_topic_edited
     Optional. Service message: forum topic edited.
     New in version 20.0.
        Type
             telegram.ForumTopicEdited
general_forum_topic_hidden
     Optional. Service message: General forum topic hidden.
     New in version 20.0.
        Type
             telegram.GeneralForumTopicHidden
general_forum_topic_unhidden
     Optional. Service message: General forum topic unhidden.
     New in version 20.0.
        Type
             telegram.GeneralForumTopicUnhidden
write_access_allowed
     Optional. Service message: the user allowed the bot added to the attachment menu to write messages.
     New in version 20.0.
        Type
             telegram.WriteAccessAllowed
has_media_spoiler
     Optional. True, if the message media is covered by a spoiler animation.
     New in version 20.0.
        Type
            bool
user shared
     Optional. Service message: a user was shared with the bot.
     New in version 20.1.
        Type
             telegram. User Shared
chat_shared
     Optional. Service message: a chat was shared with the bot.
     New in version 20.1.
        Type
             telegram.ChatShared
```

property caption_html

Creates an HTML-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as HTML in the same way the original message was formatted.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as HTML.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entities are now supported.

Returns

Message caption with caption entities formatted as HTML.

Return type

str

property caption_html_urled

Creates an HTML-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as HTML. This also formats *telegram.MessageEntity.URL* as a hyperlink.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as HTML.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entities are now supported.

Returns

Message caption with caption entities formatted as HTML.

Return type

str

property caption_markdown

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption using telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as Markdown in the same way the original message was formatted.

Note:

- 'Markdown' is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use caption_markdown_v2() instead.
- Custom emoji entities will be ignored by this function. Instead, the supplied replacement for the
 emoji will be used.

Changed in version 20.5: Since custom emoji entities are not supported by MARKDOWN, this method now raises a ValueError when encountering a custom emoji.

Returns

Message caption with caption entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type

str

Raises

ValueError – If the message contains underline, strikethrough, spoiler or nested entities.

property caption_markdown_urled

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption using telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as Markdown. This also formats <code>telegram.MessageEntity.URL</code> as a hyperlink.

Note:

- 'Markdown' is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use caption_markdown_v2_urled() instead.
- Custom emoji entities will be ignored by this function. Instead, the supplied replacement for the emoji will be used.

Changed in version 20.5: Since custom emoji entities are not supported by MARKDOWN, this method now raises a ValueError when encountering a custom emoji.

Returns

Message caption with caption entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type

str

Raises

ValueError – If the message contains underline, strikethrough, spoiler or nested entities.

property caption_markdown_v2

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption using $telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2$.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as Markdown in the same way the original message was formatted.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as Markdown V2.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entities are now supported.

Returns

Message caption with caption entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type

str

property caption_markdown_v2_urled

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption using telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as Markdown. This also formats telegram.MessageEntity.URL as a hyperlink.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as Markdown V2.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entities are now supported.

Returns

Message caption with caption entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type

str

property chat_id

Shortcut for telegram. Chat.id for chat.

```
Type
```

int

async close_forum_topic(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.close_forum_topic(
       chat_id=message.chat_id, message_thread_id=message.message_thread_id,__
       **kwargs
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.close_forum_topic().
    New in version 20.0.
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
            bool
async copy(chat_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None,
            disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
            allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, protect_content=None,
            message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
            connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
    await bot.copy_message(
         chat_id=chat_id,
         from_chat_id=update.effective_message.chat_id,
         message_id=update.effective_message.message_id,
         *args,
         **kwargs
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.copy_message().
       Returns
            On success, returns the MessageId of the sent message.
       Return type
            telegram.MessageId
classmethod de_json(data, bot)
    See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
async delete(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
              pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Shortcut for:
    await bot.delete_message(
         chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Bot.delete_message().
       Returns
            On success, True is returned.
       Return type
```

async delete_forum_topic(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

bool

```
await bot.delete_forum_topic(
   chat_id=message.chat_id, message_thread_id=message.message_thread_id,
   **args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.delete_forum_topic().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_caption(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.edit_message_caption().

Note: You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the bot.send_* family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_forum_topic(
   chat_id=message.chat_id, message_thread_id=message.message_thread_id,
   **args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.edit_forum_topic()$.

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

```
\textbf{async edit\_live\_location} (\textit{latitude} = None, \textit{longitude} = None, \textit{reply\_markup} = None,
```

horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None, *, location=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_live_location(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. edit_message_live_location().

Note: You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the bot.send_* family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_media(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.edit_message_media().

Note: You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself(i.e. of the bot.send_* family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_reply_markup(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.edit_message_reply_markup()$.

Note: You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the bot.send_* family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram. Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_text(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.edit_message_text()$.

Note: You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the bot.send_* family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

property effective_attachment

If this message is neither a plain text message nor a status update, this gives the attachment that this message was sent with. This may be one of

- telegram.Audio
- telegram.Dice
- telegram.Contact
- telegram.Document
- telegram.Animation
- telegram.Game
- telegram.Invoice
- telegram.Location
- telegram.PassportData
- List[telegram.PhotoSize]
- telegram.Poll
- telegram.Sticker
- telegram.Story

- telegram.SuccessfulPayment
- telegram. Venue
- telegram. Video
- telegram. VideoNote
- telegram. Voice

Otherwise None is returned.

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.0: *dice*, *passport_data* and *pol1* are now also considered to be an attachment.

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.forward_message(
    from_chat_id=update.effective_message.chat_id,
    message_id=update.effective_message.message_id,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.forward_message().

Note: Since the release of Bot API 5.5 it can be impossible to forward messages from some chats. Use the attributes telegram.Message.has_protected_content and telegram.Chat.has_protected_content to check this.

As a workaround, it is still possible to use *copy()*. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message forwarded.

Return type

telegram.Message

async get_game_high_scores(user_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_game_high_scores(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_game_high_scores().

Note: You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the bot.send_* family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

Tuple[telegram.GameHighScore]

property id

Shortcut for message_id.

New in version 20.0.

Type

int

property link

Convenience property. If the chat of the message is not a private chat or normal group, returns a t.me link of the message.

Changed in version 20.3: For messages that are replies or part of a forum topic, the link now points to the corresponding thread view.

Type

str

parse_caption_entities(types=None)

Returns a dict that maps <code>telegram.MessageEntity</code> to str. It contains entities from this message's caption filtered by their <code>telegram.MessageEntity.type</code> attribute as the key, and the text that each entity belongs to as the value of the dict.

Note: This method should always be used instead of the *caption_entities* attribute, since it calculates the correct substring from the message text based on UTF-16 codepoints. See *parse_entity* for more info.

Parameters

types (List[str], optional) – List of telegram. MessageEntity types as strings. If the type attribute of an entity is contained in this list, it will be returned. Defaults to a list of all types. All types can be found as constants in telegram. MessageEntity.

Returns

A dictionary of entities mapped to the text that belongs to them, calculated based on UTF-16 codepoints.

Return type

Dict[telegram.MessageEntity, str]

parse_caption_entity(entity)

Returns the text from a given telegram.MessageEntity.

Note: This method is present because Telegram calculates the offset and length in UTF-16 codepoint pairs, which some versions of Python don't handle automatically. (That is, you can't just slice Message. caption with the offset and length.)

Parameters

entity (*telegram.MessageEntity*) – The entity to extract the text from. It must be an entity that belongs to this message.

Returns

The text of the given entity.

Return type

str

Raises

RuntimeError – If the message has no caption.

parse_entities(types=None)

Returns a dict that maps telegram. MessageEntity to str. It contains entities from this message filtered by their telegram. MessageEntity.type attribute as the key, and the text that each entity belongs to as the value of the dict.

Note: This method should always be used instead of the *entities* attribute, since it calculates the correct substring from the message text based on UTF-16 codepoints. See *parse_entity* for more info.

Parameters

types (List[str], optional) – List of telegram. MessageEntity types as strings. If the type attribute of an entity is contained in this list, it will be returned. Defaults to a list of all types. All types can be found as constants in telegram. MessageEntity.

Returns

A dictionary of entities mapped to the text that belongs to them, calculated based on UTF-16 codepoints.

Return type

Dict[telegram.MessageEntity, str]

parse_entity(entity)

Returns the text from a given telegram. MessageEntity.

Note: This method is present because Telegram calculates the offset and length in UTF-16 codepoint pairs, which some versions of Python don't handle automatically. (That is, you can't just slice Message. text with the offset and length.)

Parameters

entity (telegram.MessageEntity) – The entity to extract the text from. It must be an entity that belongs to this message.

Returns

The text of the given entity.

Return type

str

Raises

RuntimeError – If the message has no text.

```
async pin(disable_notification=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.pin_chat_message(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.pin_chat_message().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async reopen_forum_topic(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool timeout=None, api kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.reopen_forum_topic(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_thread_id=message.message_thread_id,
    **args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.reopen_forum_topic().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

```
async reply_animation(animation, duration=None, width=None, height=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_animation(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_animation().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the animation is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_audio(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_audio().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the audio is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

```
telegram.Message
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_chat_action(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_chat_action().

New in version 13.2.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

```
async reply_contact(phone_number=None, first_name=None, last_name=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, vcard=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, contact=None, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_contact(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_contact().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the contact is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(
    chat_id=message.chat.id,
    message_id=message_id,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.copy_message().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) — If set to True, the copy is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

New in version 13.1.

Returns

On success, returns the MessageId of the sent message.

Return type

telegram.MessageId

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_dice(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_dice().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the dice is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_document (document, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_document(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_document().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the document is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_game(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_game().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the game is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

New in version 13.2.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_html (text, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(
    update.effective_message.chat_id,
    parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML,
    *args,
    **kwargs,
)
```

Sends a message with HTML formatting.

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.send_message()$.

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the message is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

api_kwargs=None)

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_invoice(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_invoice().

Warning: As of API 5.2 *start_parameter* is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

New in version 13.2.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, the parameter start_parameter is optional.

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the invoice is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_location(latitude=None, longitude=None, disable_notification=None,
```

```
reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, live_period=None, horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, location=None, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_location(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_location().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the location is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_markdown(text, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(
    update.effective_message.chat_id,
    parse_mode=ParseMode.MARKDOWN,
    *args,
```

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```
**kwargs,
```

Sends a message with Markdown version 1 formatting.

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_message().

Note: 'Markdown' is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use reply_markdown_v2() instead.

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the message is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_markdown_v2(text, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(
    update.effective_message.chat_id,
    parse_mode=ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2,
    *args,
    **kwargs,
```

Sends a message with markdown version 2 formatting.

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_message().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the message is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_media_group(media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_media_group(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_media_group().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the media group is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

An array of the sent Messages.

Return type

Tuple[telegram.Message]

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_photo(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_photo().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the photo is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_poll(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_pol1().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) — If set to True, the poll is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_sticker(sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, emoji=None, *, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_sticker(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_sticker().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the sticker is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_text(text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_message().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the message is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_venue(latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None, foursquare_id=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, foursquare_type=None, google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, venue=None, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_venue(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_venue().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) — If set to True, the venue is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_video(video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, width=None, height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_video().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional)—If set to True, the video is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async reply_video_note(video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, quote=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video_note(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_video_note().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) - If set to True, the video note is sent as an actual reply to this
message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default:
True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_voice(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_voice().

Keyword Arguments

quote (bool, optional) – If set to True, the voice note is sent as an actual reply to this message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_game_score(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.set_game_score().

Note: You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the bot.send_* family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async stop_live_location(reply_markup=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.stop_message_live_location(
          chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

```
For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.stop\_message\_live\_location().
```

Note: You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the bot.send_* family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and

might be changed by Telegram.

Returns

On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise True is returned.

Return type

```
telegram.Message
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.stop_poll(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.stop_poll().

Returns

On success, the stopped Poll with the final results is returned.

Return type

telegram.Poll

property text_html

Creates an HTML-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as HTML in the same way the original message was formatted.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as HTML.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entities are now supported.

Returns

Message text with entities formatted as HTML.

Return type

str

property text_html_urled

Creates an HTML-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as HTML. This also formats <code>telegram.MessageEntity.URL</code> as a hyperlink.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as HTML.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entities are now supported.

Returns

Message text with entities formatted as HTML.

Return type

str

property text_markdown

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message using telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as Markdown in the same way the original message was formatted.

Note:

- 'Markdown' is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use text_markdown_v2() instead.
- Custom emoji entities will be ignored by this function. Instead, the supplied replacement for the emoji will be used.

Changed in version 20.5: Since custom emoji entities are not supported by MARKDOWN, this method now raises a ValueError when encountering a custom emoji.

Returns

Message text with entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type

str

Raises

ValueError – If the message contains underline, strikethrough, spoiler or nested entities.

property text_markdown_urled

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message using telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as Markdown. This also formats telegram.MessageEntity.URL as a hyperlink.

Note:

- 'Markdown' is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use text_markdown_v2_urled() instead.
- Custom emoji entities will be ignored by this function. Instead, the supplied replacement for the
 emoji will be used.

Changed in version 20.5: Since custom emoji entities are not supported by MARKDOWN, this method now raises a ValueError when encountering a custom emoji.

Returns

Message text with entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type

str

Raises

ValueError – If the message contains underline, strikethrough, spoiler or nested entities.

property text_markdown_v2

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message using telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as Markdown in the same way the original message was formatted.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as Markdown V2.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entities are now supported.

Returns

Message text with entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type

str

property text_markdown_v2_urled

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message using telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as Markdown. This also formats telegram.MessageEntity.URL as a hyperlink.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as Markdown V2.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entities are now supported.

Returns

Message text with entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type

str

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unpin_chat_message(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.unpin_chat_message().

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. unpin_all_forum_topic_messages().

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

MessageAutoDeleteTimerChanged

class telegram. Message Auto Delete Timer Changed (message auto delete time, *, api kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a service message about a change in auto-delete timer settings.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their message_auto_delete_time is equal.

Available In

telegram.Message.message_auto_delete_timer_changed

New in version 13.4.

Parameters

message_auto_delete_time (int) – New auto-delete time for messages in the chat.

message_auto_delete_time

New auto-delete time for messages in the chat.

Type int

MessageEntity

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents one special entity in a text message. For example, hashtags, usernames, URLs, etc.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *type*, *offset* and *length* are equal.

Parameters

• type (str) – Type of the entity. Can be MENTION (@username), HASHTAG (#hashtag), CASHTAG (\$USD), BOT_COMMAND (/start@jobs_bot), URL (https://telegram.org), EMAIL (do-not-reply@telegram.org), PHONE_NUMBER (+1-212-555-0123), BOLD (bold text), ITALIC (italic text), UNDERLINE (underlined text), STRIKETHROUGH, SPOILER (spoiler message), CODE (monowidth string), PRE (monowidth block), TEXT_LINK (for clickable text URLs), TEXT_MENTION (for users without usernames), CUSTOM_EMOJI (for inline custom emoji stickers).

New in version 20.0: Added inline custom emoji

- **offset** (int) Offset in UTF-16 code units to the start of the entity.
- **length** (int) Length of the entity in UTF-16 code units.
- **url** (str, optional) For TEXT_LINK only, url that will be opened after user taps on the text.
- user (telegram. User, optional) For TEXT_MENTION only, the mentioned user.
- language (str, optional) For PRE only, the programming language of the entity text.
- **custom_emoji_id** (str, optional) For *CUSTOM_EMOJI* only, unique identifier of the custom emoji. Use telegram.Bot.get_custom_emoji_stickers() to get full information about the sticker.

New in version 20.0.

type

Type of the entity. Can be MENTION (@username), HASHTAG (#hashtag), CASHTAG (\$USD), BOT_COMMAND (/start@jobs_bot), URL (https://telegram.org), EMAIL (do-not-reply@telegram.org), PHONE_NUMBER (+1-212-555-0123), BOLD (bold text), ITALIC (italic text), UNDERLINE (underlined text), STRIKETHROUGH, SPOILER (spoiler message), CODE (monowidth string), PRE (monowidth block), TEXT_LINK (for clickable text URLs), TEXT_MENTION (for users without usernames), CUSTOM_EMOJI (for inline custom emoji stickers).

New in version 20.0: Added inline custom emoji

```
Type
str
```

offset

Offset in UTF-16 code units to the start of the entity.

```
Type
int
```

length

Length of the entity in UTF-16 code units.

```
Type
int
```

url

Optional. For TEXT_LINK only, url that will be opened after user taps on the text.

```
Type str
```

user

Optional. For TEXT_MENTION only, the mentioned user.

```
Type
telegram.User
```

language

Optional. For PRE only, the programming language of the entity text.

```
Type str
```

custom_emoji_id

Optional. For CUSTOM_EMOJI only, unique identifier of the custom emoji. Use telegram.Bot. get_custom_emoji_stickers() to get full information about the sticker.

New in version 20.0.

```
Type str
```

Use In

- telegram.Bot.copy_message()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_caption()
- telegram.Bot.edit_message_text()
- telegram.Bot.send_animation()
- telegram.Bot.send_audio()
- telegram.Bot.send_document()
- telegram.Bot.send_media_group()

- telegram.Bot.send_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_photo()
- telegram.Bot.send_poll()
- telegram.Bot.send_video()
- telegram.Bot.send_voice()

Available In

- telegram.Game.text_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultGif.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif.caption_entities
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Photo. caption_entities$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo.caption_entities
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice.caption_entities
- telegram.InputMedia.caption_entities
- telegram.InputMediaAnimation.caption_entities
- telegram.InputMediaAudio.caption_entities
- telegram.InputMediaDocument.caption_entities
- telegram.InputMediaPhoto.caption_entities
- telegram.InputMediaVideo.caption_entities
- telegram.InputTextMessageContent.entities
- telegram.Message.caption_entities
- telegram.Message.entities
- telegram.Poll.explanation_entities

```
ALL_TYPES = [MessageEntityType.MENTION, MessageEntityType.HASHTAG,
MessageEntityType.CASHTAG, MessageEntityType.PHONE_NUMBER,
MessageEntityType.BOT_COMMAND, MessageEntityType.URL, MessageEntityType.EMAIL,
MessageEntityType.BOLD, MessageEntityType.ITALIC, MessageEntityType.CODE,
MessageEntityType.PRE, MessageEntityType.TEXT_LINK,
MessageEntityType.TEXT_MENTION, MessageEntityType.UNDERLINE,
MessageEntityType.STRIKETHROUGH, MessageEntityType.SPOILER,
MessageEntityType.CUSTOM_EMOJI]
```

```
A list of all available message entity types.
       Type
           List[str]
BOLD = 'bold'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.BOLD
BOT_COMMAND = 'bot_command'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.BOT_COMMAND
CASHTAG = 'cashtag'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.CASHTAG
CODE = 'code'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.CODE
CUSTOM_EMOJI = 'custom_emoji'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.CUSTOM_EMOJI
    New in version 20.0.
EMAIL = 'email'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.EMAIL
HASHTAG = 'hashtag'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.HASHTAG
ITALIC = 'italic'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.ITALIC
MENTION = 'mention'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.MENTION
PHONE_NUMBER = 'phone_number'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.PHONE_NUMBER
PRE = 'pre'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.PRE
SPOILER = 'spoiler'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.SPOILER
    New in version 13.10.
STRIKETHROUGH = 'strikethrough'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.STRIKETHROUGH
TEXT_LINK = 'text_link'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.TEXT_LINK
TEXT MENTION = 'text mention'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.TEXT_MENTION
UNDERLINE = 'underline'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.UNDERLINE
URL = 'url'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.URL
classmethod de_json(data, bot)
    See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
```

Messageld

```
class telegram.MessageId(message_id, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents a unique message identifier.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their message_id is equal.

Parameters

```
message_id (int) – Unique message identifier.
```

message_id

Unique message identifier.

Type

int

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.copy_message()
```

PhotoSize

```
class telegram.PhotoSize(file_id, file_unique_id, width, height, file_size=None, *, api_kwargs=None)
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents one size of a photo or a file/sticker thumbnail.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *file_unique_id* is equal.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- width (int) Photo width.
- **height** (int) Photo height.
- **file_size** (int, optional) File size in bytes.

file_id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type str
```

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
```

str

width

Photo width.

Type

int

```
height
    Photo height.
       Type
            int
file_size
    Optional. File size in bytes.
       Type
            int
Use In
  • telegram.Bot.get_file()
  • telegram.Bot.send_photo()
Available In
  • telegram.Animation.thumbnail
  • telegram.Audio.thumbnail
  • telegram.Document.thumbnail
  • telegram.Game.photo
  • telegram.Message.new_chat_photo
  • telegram.Message.photo
  • telegram.Sticker.thumbnail
  • telegram.StickerSet.thumbnail
  • telegram.UserProfilePhotos.photos
  • telegram. Video. thumbnail
  • telegram. VideoNote. thumbnail
async get_file(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
    Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file()
    For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().
       Returns
            telegram.File
       Raises
```

telegram.error.TelegramError-

Poll

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object contains information about a poll.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

Examples

Poll Bot

Parameters

- id (str) Unique poll identifier.
- question (str) Poll question, 1- 300 characters.
- **options** (Sequence[*PollOption*]) List of poll options.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- is_closed (bool) True, if the poll is closed.
- is_anonymous (bool) True, if the poll is anonymous.
- type (str) Poll type, currently can be *REGULAR* or *QUIZ*.
- $\bullet \ \ \textbf{allows_multiple_answers} \ \, (\texttt{bool}) \texttt{True}, if the poll allows multiple answers}.$
- **correct_option_id** (int, optional) A zero based identifier of the correct answer option. Available only for closed polls in the quiz mode, which were sent (not forwarded), by the bot or to a private chat with the bot.
- **explanation** (str, optional) Text that is shown when a user chooses an incorrect answer or taps on the lamp icon in a quiz-style poll, 0-200 characters.
- **explanation_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the *explanation*. This list is empty if the message does not contain explanation entities.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now always a (possibly empty) list and never None.
- Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.
- open_period (int, optional) Amount of time in seconds the poll will be active after creation.
- **close_date** (datetime.datetime, optional) Point in time (Unix timestamp) when the poll will be automatically closed. Converted to datetime.datetime.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

```
id
     Unique poll identifier.
        Type
             str
question
     Poll question, 1- 300 characters.
        Type
              str
options
     List of poll options.
     Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
              Tuple[PollOption]
total_voter_count
     Total number of users that voted in the poll.
        Type
             int
is_closed
     True, if the poll is closed.
        Type
             bool
is_anonymous
     True, if the poll is anonymous.
             bool
type
     Poll type, currently can be REGULAR or QUIZ.
        Type
              str
allows_multiple_answers
     True, if the poll allows multiple answers.
        Type
             bool
correct_option_id
     Optional. A zero based identifier of the correct answer option. Available only for closed polls in the
     quiz mode, which were sent (not forwarded), by the bot or to a private chat with the bot.
        Type
              int
```

explanation

Optional. Text that is shown when a user chooses an incorrect answer or taps on the lamp icon in a quiz-style poll, 0-200 characters.

```
Type
str
```

explanation_entities

Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the *explanation*. This list is empty if the message does not contain explanation entities.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now always a (possibly empty) list and never None.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

open_period

Optional. Amount of time in seconds the poll will be active after creation.

Type

int

close_date

Optional. Point in time when the poll will be automatically closed.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

Available In

- telegram.Message.poll
- telegram.Update.poll

Returned In

telegram.Bot.stop_poll()

MAX_EXPLANATION_LENGTH = 200

telegram.constants.PollLimit.MAX_EXPLANATION_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

MAX_EXPLANATION_LINE_FEEDS = 2

 $telegram. constants. \textit{PollLimit.MAX_EXPLANATION_LINE_FEEDS}$

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_OPEN_PERIOD = 600$

telegram.constants.PollLimit.MAX_OPEN_PERIOD

New in version 20.0.

MAX_OPTION_LENGTH = 100

 $telegram. constants. \textit{PollLimit.MAX_OPTION_LENGTH}$

New in version 20.0.

MAX_OPTION_NUMBER = 10

telegram.constants.PollLimit.MAX_OPTION_NUMBER

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_QUESTION_LENGTH = 300$

telegram.constants.PollLimit.MAX_QUESTION_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_OPEN_PERIOD = 5$

telegram.constants.PollLimit.MIN_OPEN_PERIOD

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_OPTION_LENGTH = 1$

telegram.constants.PollLimit.MIN_OPTION_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_OPTION_NUMBER = 2$

telegram.constants.PollLimit.MIN_OPTION_NUMBER

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_QUESTION_LENGTH = 1$

telegram.constants.PollLimit.MIN_QUESTION_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

QUIZ = 'quiz'

telegram.constants.PollType.QUIZ

REGULAR = 'regular'

telegram.constants.PollType.REGULAR

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

parse_explanation_entities(types=None)

Returns a dict that maps telegram. MessageEntity to str. It contains entities from this polls explanation filtered by their type attribute as the key, and the text that each entity belongs to as the value of the dict.

Note: This method should always be used instead of the *explanation_entities* attribute, since it calculates the correct substring from the message text based on UTF-16 codepoints. See *parse_explanation_entity* for more info.

Parameters

types (List[str], optional) — List of MessageEntity types as strings. If the type attribute of an entity is contained in this list, it will be returned. Defaults to telegram. MessageEntity.ALL_TYPES.

Returns

A dictionary of entities mapped to the text that belongs to them, calculated based on UTF-16 codepoints.

Return type

Dict[telegram.MessageEntity, str]

parse_explanation_entity(entity)

Returns the text from a given telegram. MessageEntity.

Note: This method is present because Telegram calculates the offset and length in UTF-16 codepoint pairs, which some versions of Python don't handle automatically. (That is, you can't just slice Message. text with the offset and length.)

Parameters

entity (*telegram.MessageEntity*) – The entity to extract the text from. It must be an entity that belongs to this message.

Returns

The text of the given entity.

Return type

str

Raises

RuntimeError – If the poll has no explanation.

PollAnswer

class telegram.**PollAnswer**(poll_id, option_ids, user=None, voter_chat=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents an answer of a user in a non-anonymous poll.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *poll_id*, *user* and *option_ids* are equal.

Available In

telegram.Update.poll_answer

Changed in version 20.5: The order of *option_ids* and *user* is changed in 20.5 as the latter one became optional.

Changed in version 20.6: Backward compatiblity for changed order of option_ids and user was removed.

Parameters

- poll_id (str) Unique poll identifier.
- **option_ids** (Sequence[int]) Identifiers of answer options, chosen by the user. May be empty if the user retracted their vote.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• **user** (*telegram.User*, optional) – The user that changed the answer to the poll, if the voter isn't anonymous. If the voter is anonymous, this field will contain the user *136817688* for backwards compatibility.

Changed in version 20.5: user became optional.

• **voter_chat** (*telegram.Chat*, optional) – The chat that changed the answer to the poll, if the voter is anonymous.

New in version 20.5.

poll_id

Unique poll identifier.

Type

str

option_ids

Identifiers of answer options, chosen by the user. May be empty if the user retracted their vote.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

```
Type
                   Tuple[int]
     user
          Optional. The user, who changed the answer to the poll, if the voter isn't anonymous. If the voter is
          anonymous, this field will contain the user 136817688 for backwards compatibility
          Changed in version 20.5: user became optional.
              Type
                   telegram.User
     voter_chat
          Optional. The chat that changed the answer to the poll, if the voter is anonymous.
          New in version 20.5.
              Type
                   telegram.Chat
     classmethod de_json(data, bot)
          See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().
PollOption
class telegram.PollOption(text, voter_count, *, api_kwargs=None)
     Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
     This object contains information about one answer option in a poll.
     Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if
     their text and voter_count are equal.
         Parameters
                 • text (str) – Option text, 1-100 characters.
                 • voter_count (int) – Number of users that voted for this option.
     text
          Option text, 1-100 characters.
              Type
                   str
     voter_count
          Number of users that voted for this option.
              Type
                   int
      Available In
      telegram.Poll.options
     MAX_LENGTH = 100
           telegram.constants.PollLimit.MAX_OPTION_LENGTH
          New in version 20.0.
     MIN_LENGTH = 1
           telegram.constants.PollLimit.MIN_OPTION_LENGTH
```

New in version 20.0.

ProximityAlertTriggered

class telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered(traveler, watcher, distance, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents the content of a service message, sent whenever a user in the chat triggers a proximity alert set by another user.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *traveler*, *watcher* and *distance* are equal.

Parameters

- **traveler** (*telegram.User*) User that triggered the alert
- watcher (telegram. User) User that set the alert
- **distance** (int) The distance between the users

traveler

User that triggered the alert

Type

telegram.User

watcher

User that set the alert

Type

telegram.User

distance

The distance between the users

Type

int

Available In

telegram.Message.proximity_alert_triggered

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

ReplyKeyboardMarkup

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a custom keyboard with reply options.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their size of *keyboard* and all the buttons are equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.copy_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_animation()
- telegram.Bot.send_audio()

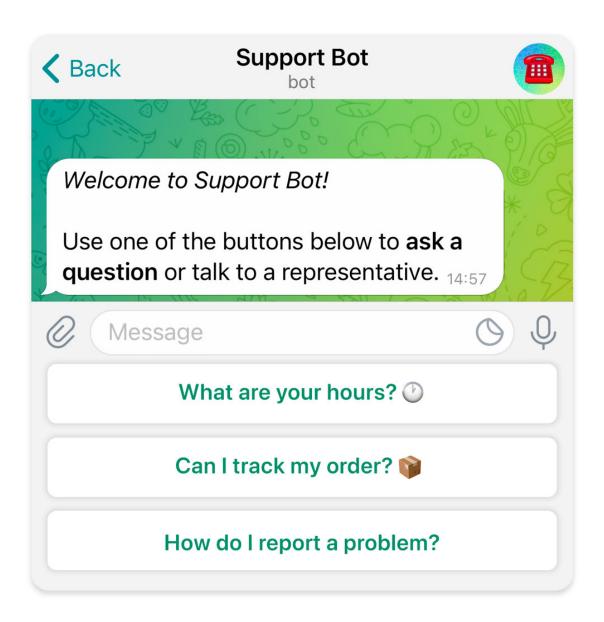


Fig. 2: A reply keyboard with reply options.

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```
• telegram.Bot.send_contact()
```

- telegram.Bot.send_dice()
- telegram.Bot.send_document()
- telegram.Bot.send_location()
- telegram.Bot.send_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_photo()
- telegram.Bot.send_poll()
- telegram.Bot.send_sticker()
- telegram.Bot.send_venue()
- telegram.Bot.send_video_note()
- telegram.Bot.send_video()
- telegram.Bot.send_voice()

See also:

An another kind of keyboard would be the telegram. InlineKeyboardMarkup.

Examples

- Example usage: A user requests to change the bot's language, bot replies to the request with a keyboard to select the new language. Other users in the group don't see the keyboard.
- Conversation Bot
- Conversation Bot 2

Parameters

- **keyboard** (Sequence[Sequence[str | telegram.KeyboardButton]]) Array of button rows, each represented by an Array of telegram.KeyboardButton objects.
- resize_keyboard (bool, optional) Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.
- one_time_keyboard (bool, optional) Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to False.
- **selective** (bool, optional) Use this parameter if you want to show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:
- 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the telegram. Message object.
- 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.

Defaults to False.

• **input_field_placeholder** (str, optional) – The placeholder to be shown in the input field when the keyboard is active; 1- 64 characters.

New in version 13.7.

• **is_persistent** (bool, optional) – Requests clients to always show the keyboard when the regular keyboard is hidden. Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard can be hidden and opened with a keyboard icon.

New in version 20.0.

keyboard

Array of button rows, each represented by an Array of telegram. KeyboardButton objects.

Туре

Tuple[Tuple[telegram.KeyboardButton]]

resize_keyboard

Optional. Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.

Type

bool

one_time_keyboard

Optional. Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat - the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to False.

Type

bool

selective

Optional. Show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:

- 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the telegram. Message object.
- 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.

Defaults to False.

Type

bool

input_field_placeholder

Optional. The placeholder to be shown in the input field when the keyboard is active; 1-64 characters.

New in version 13.7.

Type

str

is_persistent

Optional. Requests clients to always show the keyboard when the regular keyboard is hidden. If False, the custom keyboard can be hidden and opened with a keyboard icon.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

MAX_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER = 64

 $telegram.constants.ReplyLimit.MAX_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER$

New in version 20.0.

MIN_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER = 1

```
telegram.constants.ReplyLimit.MIN_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER
```

New in version 20.0.

Shortcut for:

```
ReplyKeyboardMarkup([[button]], **kwargs)
```

Return a ReplyKeyboardMarkup from a single KeyboardButton.

Parameters

- **button** (telegram.KeyboardButton | str) The button to use in the markup.
- resize_keyboard (bool, optional) Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.
- one_time_keyboard (bool, optional) Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to False.
- **selective** (bool, optional) Use this parameter if you want to show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:
- 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the Message object.
- If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.

Defaults to False.

• **input_field_placeholder** (str) – Optional. The placeholder shown in the input field when the reply is active.

New in version 13.7.

• **is_persistent** (bool) – Optional. Requests clients to always show the keyboard when the regular keyboard is hidden. Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard can be hidden and opened with a keyboard icon.

New in version 20.0.

Shortcut for:

```
ReplyKeyboardMarkup([[button] for button in button_column], **kwargs)
```

Return a ReplyKeyboardMarkup from a single column of KeyboardButtons.

Parameters

• **button_column** (Sequence[telegram.KeyboardButton|str]) – The button to use in the markup.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list.

• resize_keyboard (bool, optional) — Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.

- one_time_keyboard (bool, optional) Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to False.
- **selective** (bool, optional) Use this parameter if you want to show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:
 - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the Message object.
- 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.

Defaults to False.

• **input_field_placeholder** (str) – Optional. The placeholder shown in the input field when the reply is active.

New in version 13.7.

• **is_persistent** (bool) – Optional. Requests clients to always show the keyboard when the regular keyboard is hidden. Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard can be hidden and opened with a keyboard icon.

New in version 20.0.

Shortcut for:

```
ReplyKeyboardMarkup([button_row], **kwargs)
```

Return a ReplyKeyboardMarkup from a single row of KeyboardButtons.

Parameters

• **button_row** (Sequence[telegram.KeyboardButton | str]) – The button to use in the markup.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc. Sequence as input instead of just a list.

- **resize_keyboard** (bool, optional) Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.
- one_time_keyboard (bool, optional) Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to False.
- **selective** (bool, optional) Use this parameter if you want to show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:
 - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the Message object.
- 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.

Defaults to False.

• **input_field_placeholder** (str) – Optional. The placeholder shown in the input field when the reply is active.

New in version 13.7.

• **is_persistent** (bool) – Optional. Requests clients to always show the keyboard when the regular keyboard is hidden. Defaults to False, in which case the custom keyboard can be hidden and opened with a keyboard icon.

New in version 20.0.

ReplyKeyboardRemove

class telegram.ReplyKeyboardRemove(selective=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Upon receiving a message with this object, Telegram clients will remove the current custom keyboard and display the default letter-keyboard. By default, custom keyboards are displayed until a new keyboard is sent by a bot. An exception is made for one-time keyboards that are hidden immediately after the user presses a button (see telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup).

Note: User will not be able to summon this keyboard; if you want to hide the keyboard from sight but keep it accessible, use telegram. ReplyKeyboardMarkup.one_time_keyboard.

Examples

- Example usage: A user votes in a poll, bot returns confirmation message in reply to the vote and removes the keyboard for that user, while still showing the keyboard with poll options to users who haven't voted yet.
- Conversation Bot
- Conversation Bot 2

Parameters

selective (bool, optional) – Use this parameter if you want to remove the keyboard for specific users only. Targets:

- 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the telegram.Message object.
- If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.

remove_keyboard

Requests clients to remove the custom keyboard.

Type

True

selective

Optional. Remove the keyboard for specific users only. Targets:

- 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the telegram. Message object.
- 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has reply_to_message_id), sender of the original message.

Type

bool

Use In

- telegram.Bot.copy_message()
- telegram.Bot.send_animation()

```
• telegram.Bot.send_audio()
• telegram.Bot.send_contact()
• telegram.Bot.send_dice()
• telegram.Bot.send_document()
• telegram.Bot.send_location()
• telegram.Bot.send_message()
• telegram.Bot.send_photo()
• telegram.Bot.send_poll()
• telegram.Bot.send_sticker()
• telegram.Bot.send_venue()
• telegram.Bot.send_video_note()
```

SentWebAppMessage

class telegram.SentWebAppMessage(inline_message_id=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

telegram.Bot.send_video()telegram.Bot.send_voice()

Contains information about an inline message sent by a Web App on behalf of a user.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their <code>inline_message_id</code> are equal.

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()
```

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

inline_message_id (str, optional) – Identifier of the sent inline message. Available only if there is an *inline keyboard* attached to the message.

inline_message_id

Optional. Identifier of the sent inline message. Available only if there is an *inline keyboard* attached to the message.

Type

str

Story

class telegram.Story(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a message about a forwarded story in the chat. Currently holds no information.

Available In

telegram.Message.story

New in version 20.5.

SwitchInlineQueryChosenChat

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents an inline button that switches the current user to inline mode in a chosen chat, with an optional default inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *query*, *allow_user_chats*, *allow_bot_chats*, *allow_group_chats*, and *allow_channel_chats* are equal.

New in version 20.3.

Caution: The PTB team has discovered that you must pass at least one of *allow_user_chats*, *allow_bot_chats*, *allow_group_chats*, or *allow_channel_chats* to Telegram. Otherwise, an error will be raised.

Parameters

- **query** (str, optional) The default inline query to be inserted in the input field. If left empty, only the bot's username will be inserted.
- allow_user_chats (bool, optional) Pass True, if private chats with users can be chosen.
- allow_bot_chats (bool, optional) Pass True, if private chats with bots can be chosen.
- allow_group_chats (bool, optional) Pass True, if group and supergroup chats can be chosen.
- allow_channel_chats (bool, optional) Pass True, if channel chats can be chosen.

query

Optional. The default inline query to be inserted in the input field. If left empty, only the bot's username will be inserted.

Type

str

allow_user_chats

Optional. True, if private chats with users can be chosen.

```
Type
             bool
allow_bot_chats
     Optional. True, if private chats with bots can be chosen.
        Type
             bool
allow group chats
     Optional. True, if group and supergroup chats can be chosen.
        Type
             hoo1
```

allow_channel_chats

Optional. True, if channel chats can be chosen.

Type bool

TelegramObject

class telegram.TelegramObject(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: object

Base class for most Telegram objects.

Objects of this type are subscriptable with strings. See __getitem__() for more details. The pickle and deepcopy() behavior of objects of this type are defined by __getstate__(), __setstate__() and __deepcopy__().

Tip: Objects of this type can be serialized via Python's pickle module and pickled objects from one version of PTB are usually loadable in future versions. However, we can not guarantee that this compatibility will always be provided. At least a manual one-time conversion of the data may be needed on major updates of the library.

Changed in version 20.0:

- Removed argument and attribute bot for several subclasses. Use set_bot() and get_bot() instead.
- Removed the possibility to pass arbitrary keyword arguments for several subclasses.
- String representations objects of this type was overhauled. See <u>__repr__()</u> for details. As this class doesn't implement object.__str__(), the default implementation will be used, which is equivalent to __repr__().
- · Objects of this class (or subclasses) are now immutable. This means that you can't set or delete attributes anymore. Moreover, attributes that were formerly of type list are now of type tuple.

Parameters

api_kwargs (Dict[str, any], optional) - Arbitrary keyword arguments. Can be used to store data for which there are no dedicated attributes. These arguments are also considered by to_dict() and to_json(), i.e. when passing objects to Telegram. Passing them to Telegram is however not guaranteed to work for all kinds of objects, e.g. this will fail for objects that can not directly be JSON serialized.

New in version 20.0.

api_kwargs

Optional. Arbitrary keyword arguments. Used to store data for which there are no dedicated attributes. These arguments are also considered by $to_dict()$ and $to_json()$, i.e. when passing objects to Telegram. Passing them to Telegram is however not guaranteed to work for all kinds of objects, e.g. this will fail for objects that can not directly be JSON serialized.

New in version 20.0.

Type

types.MappingProxyType[str,any]

```
__deepcopy__(memodict)
```

Customizes how copy.deepcopy() processes objects of this type. The only difference to the default implementation is that the <code>telegram.Bot</code> instance set via <code>set_bot()</code> (if any) is not copied, but shared between the original and the copy, i.e.:

```
assert telegram_object.get_bot() is copy.deepcopy(telegram_object).get_bot()
```

Parameters

memodict (dict) – A dictionary that maps objects to their copies.

Returns

The copied object.

Return type

telegram. TelegramObject

```
__delattr__(key)
```

Overrides object.__delattr__() to prevent the deletion of attributes.

Raises

AttributeError -

```
__eq__(other)
```

Compares this object with *other* in terms of equality. If this object and *other* are *not* objects of the same class, this comparison will fall back to Python's default implementation of object.__eq__(). Otherwise, both objects may be compared in terms of equality, if the corresponding subclass of *TelegramObject* has defined a set of attributes to compare and the objects are considered to be equal, if all of these attributes are equal. If the subclass has not defined a set of attributes to compare, a warning will be issued.

Tip: If instances of a class in the *telegram* module are comparable in terms of equality, the documentation of the class will state the attributes that will be used for this comparison.

Parameters

other (object) – The object to compare with.

Returns

bool

__getitem__(item)

Objects of this type are subscriptable with strings, where telegram_object["attribute_name"] is equivalent to telegram_object.attribute_name.

Tip: This is useful for dynamic attribute lookup, i.e. telegram_object[arg] where the value of arg is determined at runtime. In all other cases, it's recommended to use the dot notation instead, i.e. telegram_object.attribute_name.

Changed in version 20.0: telegram_object['from'] will look up the key from_user. This is to account for special cases like <code>Message.from_user</code> that deviate from the official Bot API.

Parameters

item (str) – The name of the attribute to look up.

Returns

object

Raises

KeyError – If the object does not have an attribute with the appropriate name.

__getstate__()

Overrides object.__getstate__() to customize the pickling process of objects of this type. The returned state does *not* contain the *telegram.Bot* instance set with *set_bot()* (if any), as it can't be pickled.

Returns

The state of the object.

Return type

state (Dict[str, object])

__hash__()

Builds a hash value for this object such that the hash of two objects is equal if and only if the objects are equal in terms of \underline{eq} .

Returns

int

__repr__()

Gives a string representation of this object in the form ClassName(attr_1=value_1, attr_2=value_2, ...), where attributes are omitted if they have the value None or are empty instances of collections.abc.Sized (e.g. list, dict, set, str, etc.).

As this class doesn't implement object. $_$ str $_$ (), the default implementation will be used, which is equivalent to $_$ repr $_$ ().

Returns

str

```
__setattr__(key, value)
```

Overrides object. $_$ setattr $_$ () to prevent the overriding of attributes.

Raises

AttributeError -

```
__setstate__(state)
```

Overrides object.__setstate__() to customize the unpickling process of objects of this type. Modifies the object in-place.

If any data was stored in the <code>api_kwargs</code> of the pickled object, this method checks if the class now has dedicated attributes for those keys and moves the values from <code>api_kwargs</code> to the dedicated attributes. This can happen, if serialized data is loaded with a new version of this library, where the new version was updated to account for updates of the Telegram Bot API.

If on the contrary an attribute was removed from the class, the value is not discarded but made available via api_kwargs.

Parameters

state (dict) – The data to set as attributes of this object.

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

Converts JSON data to a Telegram object.

Parameters

- data (Dict[str, ...]) The JSON data.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*) The bot associated with this object.

Returns

The Telegram object.

classmethod de_list(data, bot)

Converts a list of JSON objects to a tuple of Telegram objects.

Changed in version 20.0:

- Returns a tuple instead of a list.
- Filters out any None values.

Parameters

- data (List[Dict[str,...]]) The JSON data.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*) The bot associated with these objects.

Returns

A tuple of Telegram objects.

get_bot()

Returns the telegram. Bot instance associated with this object.

See also:

```
set_bot()
```

Raises

RuntimeError – If no telegram. Bot instance was set for this object.

set_bot(bot)

Sets the telegram. Bot instance associated with this object.

See also:

```
get_bot()
```

Parameters

bot (telegram.Bot | None) – The bot instance.

to_dict(recursive=True)

Gives representation of object as dict.

Changed in version 20.0:

- Now includes all entries of api_kwargs.
- Attributes whose values are empty sequences are no longer included.

Parameters

recursive (bool, optional) – If True, will convert any TelegramObjects (if found) in the attributes to a dictionary. Else, preserves it as an object itself. Defaults to True.

New in version 20.0.

Returns

dict

```
to_json()
```

Gives a JSON representation of object.

Changed in version 20.0: Now includes all entries of api_kwargs.

Returns

str

Update

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents an incoming update.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *update_id* is equal.

Note: At most one of the optional parameters can be present in any given update.

See also:

Your First Bot

Parameters

- update_id(int) The update's unique identifier. Update identifiers start from a certain positive number and increase sequentially. This ID becomes especially handy if you're using Webhooks, since it allows you to ignore repeated updates or to restore the correct update sequence, should they get out of order. If there are no new updates for at least a week, then identifier of the next update will be chosen randomly instead of sequentially.
- **message** (*telegram.Message*, optional) New incoming message of any kind text, photo, sticker, etc.
- edited_message (telegram.Message, optional) New version of a message that is known to the bot and was edited.
- **channel_post** (*telegram.Message*, optional) New incoming channel post of any kind text, photo, sticker, etc.
- **edited_channel_post** (*telegram.Message*, optional) New version of a channel post that is known to the bot and was edited.
- inline_query (telegram. InlineQuery, optional) New incoming inline query.
- **chosen_inline_result** (*telegram.ChosenInlineResult*, optional) The result of an inline query that was chosen by a user and sent to their chat partner.
- callback_query (telegram.CallbackQuery, optional) New incoming callback query.
- **shipping_query** (*telegram. ShippingQuery*, optional) New incoming shipping query. Only for invoices with flexible price.
- **pre_checkout_query** (*telegram.PreCheckoutQuery*, optional) New incoming pre-checkout query. Contains full information about checkout.
- **pol1** (*telegram.Pol1*, optional) New poll state. Bots receive only updates about stopped polls and polls, which are sent by the bot.

- **poll_answer** (*telegram.PollAnswer*, optional) A user changed their answer in a non-anonymous poll. Bots receive new votes only in polls that were sent by the bot itself.
- my_chat_member (telegram. ChatMemberUpdated, optional) The bot's chat member status was updated in a chat. For private chats, this update is received only when the bot is blocked or unblocked by the user.

New in version 13.4.

• **chat_member** (telegram.ChatMemberUpdated, optional) — A chat member's status was updated in a chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat and must explicitly specify CHAT_MEMBER in the list of telegram.ext.Application.run_polling.allowed_updates to receive these updates (see telegram.Bot.get_updates(), telegram.Bot.set_webhook(), telegram.ext.Application.run_polling() and telegram.ext.Application.run_webhook()).

New in version 13.4.

• **chat_join_request** (*telegram.ChatJoinRequest*, optional) — A request to join the chat has been sent. The bot must have the *telegram.ChatPermissions*. *can_invite_users* administrator right in the chat to receive these updates.

New in version 13.8.

update_id

The update's unique identifier. Update identifiers start from a certain positive number and increase sequentially. This ID becomes especially handy if you're using Webhooks, since it allows you to ignore repeated updates or to restore the correct update sequence, should they get out of order. If there are no new updates for at least a week, then identifier of the next update will be chosen randomly instead of sequentially.

```
Type int
```

message

Optional. New incoming message of any kind - text, photo, sticker, etc.

```
Type telegram.Message
```

edited_message

Optional. New version of a message that is known to the bot and was edited.

```
Type telegram.Message
```

channel_post

Optional. New incoming channel post of any kind - text, photo, sticker, etc.

```
Type telegram.Message
```

edited_channel_post

Optional. New version of a channel post that is known to the bot and was edited.

```
Type telegram.Message
```

inline_query

Optional. New incoming inline query.

```
Type
     telegram.InlineQuery
```

chosen_inline_result

Optional. The result of an inline query that was chosen by a user and sent to their chat partner.

Туре

telegram.ChosenInlineResult

callback_query

Optional. New incoming callback query.

Examples

Arbitrary Callback Data Bot

Type

telegram.CallbackQuery

shipping_query

Optional. New incoming shipping query. Only for invoices with flexible price.

Type

telegram.ShippingQuery

pre_checkout_query

Optional. New incoming pre-checkout query. Contains full information about checkout.

Type

telegram.PreCheckoutQuery

pol1

Optional. New poll state. Bots receive only updates about stopped polls and polls, which are sent by the bot.

Type

telegram.Poll

poll_answer

Optional. A user changed their answer in a non-anonymous poll. Bots receive new votes only in polls that were sent by the bot itself.

Type

telegram.PollAnswer

my_chat_member

Optional. The bot's chat member status was updated in a chat. For private chats, this update is received only when the bot is blocked or unblocked by the user.

New in version 13.4.

Type

 $telegram. {\it Chat Member Updated}$

chat_member

Optional. A chat member's status was updated in a chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat and must explicitly specify CHAT_MEMBER in the list of telegram.ext.Application.run_polling.allowed_updates to receive these updates (see telegram.Bot.get_updates(), telegram.Bot.set_webhook(), telegram.ext.Application.run_polling() and telegram.ext.Application.run_webhook()).

New in version 13.4.

Type

telegram.ChatMemberUpdated

chat_join_request

Optional. A request to join the chat has been sent. The bot must have the *telegram*. *ChatPermissions.can_invite_users* administrator right in the chat to receive these updates.

New in version 13.8.

Type

telegram.ChatJoinRequest

ALL_TYPES = [UpdateType.MESSAGE, UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE,

UpdateType.CHANNEL_POST, UpdateType.EDITED_CHANNEL_POST, UpdateType.INLINE_QUERY,

UpdateType.CHOSEN_INLINE_RESULT, UpdateType.CALLBACK_QUERY,

 ${\tt UpdateType.SHIPPING_QUERY,\ UpdateType.PRE_CHECKOUT_QUERY,\ UpdateType.POLL,}$

 ${\tt UpdateType.POLL_ANSWER,\ UpdateType.MY_CHAT_MEMBER,\ UpdateType.CHAT_MEMBER,}$

UpdateType.CHAT_JOIN_REQUEST]

A list of all available update types.

New in version 13.5.

Type

List[str]

CALLBACK_QUERY = 'callback_query'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.CALLBACK_QUERY

New in version 13.5.

CHANNEL_POST = 'channel_post'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.CHANNEL_POST

New in version 13.5.

CHAT_JOIN_REQUEST = 'chat_join_request'

 $telegram. constants. \textit{UpdateType.CHAT_JOIN_REQUEST}$

New in version 13.8.

CHAT_MEMBER = 'chat_member'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.CHAT_MEMBER

New in version 13.5.

CHOSEN_INLINE_RESULT = 'chosen_inline_result'

 $telegram. constants. \textit{UpdateType.CHOSEN_INLINE_RESULT}$

New in version 13.5.

EDITED_CHANNEL_POST = 'edited_channel_post'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.EDITED_CHANNEL_POST

New in version 13.5.

EDITED_MESSAGE = 'edited_message'

 $telegram. \, constants. \, \textit{UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE}$

New in version 13.5.

INLINE_QUERY = 'inline_query'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.INLINE_QUERY

New in version 13.5.

MESSAGE = 'message'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.MESSAGE

New in version 13.5.

MY_CHAT_MEMBER = 'my_chat_member'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.MY_CHAT_MEMBER

New in version 13.5.

POLL = 'poll'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.POLL

New in version 13.5.

POLL_ANSWER = 'poll_answer'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.POLL_ANSWER

New in version 13.5.

PRE_CHECKOUT_QUERY = 'pre_checkout_query'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.PRE_CHECKOUT_QUERY

New in version 13.5.

SHIPPING_QUERY = 'shipping_query'

telegram.constants.UpdateType.SHIPPING_QUERY

New in version 13.5.

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

property effective_chat

The chat that this update was sent in, no matter what kind of update this is. If no chat is associated with this update, this gives None. This is the case, if <code>inline_query</code>, <code>chosen_inline_result</code>, <code>callback_query</code> from inline messages, <code>shipping_query</code>, <code>pre_checkout_query</code>, <code>poll</code> or <code>poll_answer</code> is present.

Example

If message is present, this will give telegram. Message.chat.

```
Type
```

telegram.Chat

property effective_message

The message included in this update, no matter what kind of update this is. More precisely, this will be the message contained in <code>message</code>, <code>edited_message</code>, <code>channel_post</code>, <code>edited_channel_post</code> or <code>callback_query</code> (i.e. <code>telegram.CallbackQuery.message</code>) or <code>None</code>, if none of those are present.

Type

telegram.Message

property effective_user

The user that sent this update, no matter what kind of update this is. If no user is associated with this update, this gives None. This is the case if *channel_post*, *edited_channel_post* or *poll* is present.

Example

- If message is present, this will give telegram. Message. from_user.
- \bullet If poll_answer is present, this will give telegram.PollAnswer.user.

Type

telegram.User

User

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a Telegram user or bot.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

Available In

- telegram.Bot.bot
- telegram.CallbackQuery.from_user
- telegram.ChatInviteLink.creator
- telegram.ChatJoinRequest.from_user
- telegram.ChatMember.user
- telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator.user
- telegram.ChatMemberBanned.user
- telegram.ChatMemberLeft.user
- telegram.ChatMemberMember.user
- telegram.ChatMemberOwner.user
- telegram.ChatMemberRestricted.user
- telegram.ChatMemberUpdated.from_user
- telegram.ChosenInlineResult.from_user
- telegram.GameHighScore.user
- telegram.InlineQuery.from_user
- telegram.Message.forward_from
- telegram.Message.from_user
- telegram.Message.left_chat_member
- telegram.Message.new_chat_members
- telegram.Message.via_bot
- telegram.MessageEntity.user
- telegram.PollAnswer.user
- telegram.PreCheckoutQuery.from_user
- telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered.traveler
- telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered.watcher
- telegram.ShippingQuery.from_user
- telegram.Update.effective_user
- telegram.VideoChatParticipantsInvited.users

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_me()
```

Changed in version 20.0: The following are now keyword-only arguments in Bot methods: location, filename, venue, contact, {read, write, connect, pool}_timeout api_kwargs. Use a named argument for those, and notice that some positional arguments changed position as a result.

Parameters

- id (int) Unique identifier for this user or bot.
- is_bot (bool) True, if this user is a bot.
- **first_name** (**str**) User's or bot's first name.
- last_name (str, optional) User's or bot's last name.
- **username** (str, optional) User's or bot's username.
- language_code (str, optional) IETF language tag of the user's language.
- **can_join_groups** (str, optional) True, if the bot can be invited to groups. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get_me* requests.
- can_read_all_group_messages (str, optional) True, if privacy mode is disabled for the bot. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_me requests.
- **supports_inline_queries** (str, optional) True, if the bot supports inline queries. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get_me* requests.
- **is_premium** (bool, optional) True, if this user is a Telegram Premium user.

New in version 20.0.

• added_to_attachment_menu (bool, optional) - True, if this user added the bot to the attachment menu.

New in version 20.0.

id

Unique identifier for this user or bot.

```
Type int
```

is_bot

True, if this user is a bot.

```
Type bool
```

first name

User's or bot's first name.

```
Type
st
```

last_name

Optional. User's or bot's last name.

```
Type
str
```

username

Optional. User's or bot's username.

Type

str

language_code

Optional. IETF language tag of the user's language.

Type

str

can_join_groups

Optional. True, if the bot can be invited to groups. Returned only in telegram. Bot. get_me requests.

Type

str

can_read_all_group_messages

Optional. True, if privacy mode is disabled for the bot. Returned only in telegram.Bot.get_me requests.

Type

str

supports_inline_queries

Optional. True, if the bot supports inline queries. Returned only in telegram. Bot.get_me requests.

Type

str

is_premium

Optional. True, if this user is a Telegram Premium user.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

added_to_attachment_menu

Optional. True, if this user added the bot to the attachment menu.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. approve_chat_join_request().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

New in version 13.8.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

```
async copy_message(chat_id, message_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(from_chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args, →**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.copy_message().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async decline_join_request(chat_id, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. decline_chat_join_request().
```

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

New in version 13.8.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

property full_name

Convenience property. The user's first_name, followed by (if available) last_name.

Type

str

```
async get_menu_button(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_menu_button(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args, → **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_chat_menu_button().

See also:

```
set_menu_button()
```

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, the current menu button is returned.

Return type

telegram.MenuButton

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_user_profile_photos(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_user_profile_photos().

property link

Convenience property. If username is available, returns a t.me link of the user.

```
Type
```

str

mention_button(name=None)

Shortcut for:

```
In line Keyboard Button (text=name, url=f''tg://user?id=\{update.effective\_user.id\} \\ \hookrightarrow ")
```

New in version 13.9.

Parameters

name (str) – The name used as a link for the user. Defaults to *full_name*.

Returns

InlineButton with url set to the user mention

Return type

telegram. In line KeyboardButton

mention_html(name=None)

Parameters

name (str) – The name used as a link for the user. Defaults to *full_name*.

Returns

The inline mention for the user as HTML.

```
Return type
```

str

```
mention_markdown(name=None)
```

Note: 'Markdown' is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use mention_markdown_v2() instead.

Parameters

name (str) – The name used as a link for the user. Defaults to full_name.

Returns

The inline mention for the user as markdown (version 1).

Return type

str

mention_markdown_v2(name=None)

Parameters

name (str) – The name used as a link for the user. Defaults to full_name.

Returns

The inline mention for the user as markdown (version 2).

Return type

str

property name

Convenience property. If available, returns the user's *username* prefixed with "@". If *username* is not available, returns *full_name*.

Type

str

```
async pin_message(message_id, disable_notification=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
```

api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.pin_chat_message(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.pin_chat_message().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async send_action(action, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Alias for send_chat_action

async send_animation (animation, duration=None, width=None, height=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_animation(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_animation().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_audio (audio, duration=None, performer=None, title=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_audio(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.send_audio()$.

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_chat_action(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_chat_action().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success.

Return type

True

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_contact(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see $telegram.Bot.send_contact()$.

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.copy_message().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_dice(disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, emoji=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_dice(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_dice().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_document(document, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_document(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_document().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_game(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_game().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

async send_invoice(title, description, payload, provider_token, currency, prices,

start_parameter=None, photo_url=None, photo_size=None, photo_width=None, photo_height=None, need_name=None, need_phone_number=None, need_email=None, need_shipping_address=None, is_flexible=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, provider_data=None, send_phone_number_to_provider=None, send_email_to_provider=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, max_tip_amount=None, suggested_tip_amounts=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_invoice(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_invoice().

Warning: As of API 5.2 *start_parameter* is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, the parameter start_parameter is optional.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_location(latitude=None, longitude=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, live_period=None, horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, location=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_location(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_location().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

async send_media_group(media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_media_group(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_media_group().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

] On success, a tuple of Message instances that were sent is returned.

Return type

Tuple[telegram.Message

```
async send_message(text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_message().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

async send_photo(photo, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_photo(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Bot. send_photo().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_poll(question, options, is_anonymous=None, type=None, allows_multiple_answers=None, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None, open_period=None, close_date=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_poll(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_poll().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_sticker(sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, emoji=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_sticker(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_sticker().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

async send_venue(latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None, foursquare_id=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, foursquare_type=None, google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, venue=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_venue(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_venue().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_video(video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, width=None, height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, has_spoiler=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_video().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_video_note(video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, thumbnail=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video_note(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_video_note().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async send_voice(voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, parse_mode=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, protect_content=None, message_thread_id=None, *, filename=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_voice(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.send_voice().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type

telegram.Message

```
async set_menu_button(menu_button=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_menu_button(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,__

**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.set_chat_menu_button().

See also:

```
get_menu_button()
```

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

New in version 20.0.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async unpin_all_messages(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unpin_all_chat_messages(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args, _____

→**kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.unpin_all_chat_messages().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

async unpin_message(message_id=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.unpin_chat_message().

Note: This shortcuts build on the assumption that *User.id* coincides with the *Chat.id* of the private chat with the user. This has been the case so far, but Telegram does not guarantee that this stays this way.

Returns

On success, True is returned.

Return type

bool

UserProfilePhotos

```
class telegram.UserProfilePhotos(total_count, photos, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a user's profile pictures.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their total_count and photos are equal.

Parameters

- total_count (int) Total number of profile pictures the target user has.
- **photos** (Sequence[Sequence[telegram.PhotoSize]]) Requested profile pictures (in up to 4 sizes each).

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

total_count

Total number of profile pictures.

```
Type
int
```

photos

Requested profile pictures (in up to 4 sizes each).

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[Tuple[telegram.PhotoSize]]

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_user_profile_photos()
```

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

UserShared

class telegram.UserShared(request_id, user_id, *, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object contains information about the user whose identifier was shared with the bot using a *telegram*. *KeyboardButtonRequestUser* button.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their $request_id$ and $user_id$ are equal.

Available In

telegram.Message.user_shared

New in version 20.1.

Parameters

• request_id (int) – Identifier of the request.

• user_id (int) – Identifier of the shared user. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.

request_id

Identifier of the request.

Type int

user_id

Identifier of the shared user. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.

Type int

Venue

class telegram.**Venue**(location, title, address, foursquare_id=None, foursquare_type=None, google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a venue.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *location* and *title* are equal.

Note: Foursquare details and Google Place details are mutually exclusive. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Parameters

- **location** (*telegram.Location*) Venue location.
- title (str) Name of the venue.
- address (str) Address of the venue.
- **foursquare_id** (str, optional) Foursquare identifier of the venue.
- **foursquare_type** (str, optional) Foursquare type of the venue. (For example, "arts_entertainment/default", "arts_entertainment/aquarium" or "food/icecream".)
- **google_place_id** (str, optional) Google Places identifier of the venue.
- **google_place_type** (str, optional) Google Places type of the venue. (See supported types.)

location

Venue location.

```
Type
```

telegram.Location

title

Name of the venue.

rype

str

```
address
Add
```

Address of the venue.

Type

foursquare_id

Optional. Foursquare identifier of the venue.

Type

str

foursquare_type

Optional. Foursquare type of the venue. (For example, "arts_entertainment/default", "arts_entertainment/aquarium" or "food/icecream".)

Type

str

google_place_id

Optional. Google Places identifier of the venue.

Type str

google_place_type

Optional. Google Places type of the venue. (See supported types.)

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.send_venue()

Available In

telegram.Message.venue

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

Video

class telegram. **Video**(file_id, file_unique_id, width, height, duration, mime_type=None, file_size=None, file_name=None, thumbnail=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

 $Bases:\ \textit{telegram.TelegramObject}$

This object represents a video file.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their file_unique_id is equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.get_file()
- telegram.Bot.send_video()

Available In

telegram.Message.video

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- width (int) Video width as defined by sender.
- height (int) Video height as defined by sender.
- duration (int) Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.
- **file_name** (str, optional) Original filename as defined by sender.
- mime_type (str, optional) MIME type of a file as defined by sender.
- **file_size** (int, optional) File size in bytes.
- thumbnail (telegram. PhotoSize, optional) Video thumbnail.

New in version 20.2.

file_id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

width

Video width as defined by sender.

```
Type
int
```

height

Video height as defined by sender.

```
Type int
```

duration

Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.

```
Type
int
```

file_name

Optional. Original filename as defined by sender.

```
Type
str
```

```
mime_type
          Optional. MIME type of a file as defined by sender.
             Type
                  str
     file_size
          Optional. File size in bytes.
             Type
                  int
     thumbnail
          Optional. Video thumbnail.
          New in version 20.2.
             Type
                  telegram.PhotoSize
     classmethod de_json(data, bot)
          See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
     async get_file(*, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                       pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
          Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file()
          For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().
             Returns
                  telegram.File
             Raises
                  telegram.error.TelegramError -
VideoChatEnded
class telegram.VideoChatEnded(duration, *, api_kwargs=None)
     Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
     This object represents a service message about a video chat ended in the chat.
     Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if
     their duration are equal.
     Available In
     telegram.Message.video_chat_ended
     New in version 13.4.
     Changed in version 20.0: This class was renamed from VoiceChatEnded in accordance to Bot API 6.0.
         Parameters
              duration (int) – Voice chat duration in seconds.
     duration
          Voice chat duration in seconds.
             Type
```

int

VideoChatParticipantsInvited

class telegram.VideoChatParticipantsInvited(users, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a service message about new members invited to a video chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *users* are equal.

Available In

telegram.Message.video_chat_participants_invited

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was renamed from VoiceChatParticipantsInvited in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

Parameters

 ${\tt users}$ (Sequence[${\tt telegram.User}$]) – New members that were invited to the video chat.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

users

New members that were invited to the video chat.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[telegram.User]

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

VideoChatScheduled

class telegram.VideoChatScheduled(start_date, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a service message about a video chat scheduled in the chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *start_date* are equal.

Available In

telegram.Message.video_chat_scheduled

Changed in version 20.0: This class was renamed from VoiceChatScheduled in accordance to Bot API 6.0

Parameters

start_date (datetime.datetime) – Point in time (Unix timestamp) when the video chat is supposed to be started by a chat administrator

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

start_date

Point in time (Unix timestamp) when the video chat is supposed to be started by a chat administrator

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

```
Type
```

datetime.datetime

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

VideoChatStarted

class telegram.VideoChatStarted(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a service message about a video chat started in the chat. Currently holds no information.

Available In

telegram.Message.video_chat_started

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was renamed from VoiceChatStarted in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

VideoNote

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a video message (available in Telegram apps as of v.4.0).

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their file_unique_id is equal.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.get_file()
- telegram.Bot.send_video_note()

Available In

telegram.Message.video_note

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

- length (int) Video width and height (diameter of the video message) as defined by sender.
- **duration** (int) Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.
- **file_size** (int, optional) File size in bytes.
- thumbnail (telegram. PhotoSize, optional) Video thumbnail.

New in version 20.2.

file_id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type str
```

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type str
```

length

Video width and height (diameter of the video message) as defined by sender.

```
Type
int
```

duration

Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.

```
Type
int
```

file_size

Optional. File size in bytes.

```
Type int
```

thumbnail

Optional. Video thumbnail.

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
```

telegram.PhotoSize

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

```
See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
```

Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file()

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().

```
Returns
```

```
telegram.File
```

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

Voice

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a voice note.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their file_unique_id is equal.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- duration (int) Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.
- mime_type (str, optional) MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
- **file_size** (int, optional) File size in bytes.

file_id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

duration

Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.

```
Type int
```

mime_type

Optional. MIME type of the file as defined by sender.

```
Type
str
```

file_size

Optional. File size in bytes.

```
Type int
```

Use In

- telegram.Bot.get_file()
- telegram.Bot.send_voice()

Available In

telegram.Message.voice

Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file()

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().

Returns

telegram.File

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

WebAppData

class telegram.WebAppData(data, button_text, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Contains data sent from a Web App to the bot.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *data* and *button_text* are equal.

Examples

Webapp Bot

Available In

telegram.Message.web_app_data

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- data (str) The data. Be aware that a bad client can send arbitrary data in this field.
- **button_text** (str) Text of the *web_app* keyboard button, from which the Web App was opened.

data

The data. Be aware that a bad client can send arbitrary data in this field.

Type

str

button_text

Text of the web_app keyboard button, from which the Web App was opened.

Warning: Be aware that a bad client can send arbitrary data in this field.

Type

str

WebAppInfo

class telegram.WebAppInfo(url, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object contains information about a Web App.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *url* are equal.

Examples

Webapp Bot

Available In

- telegram.InlineQueryResultsButton.web_app
- telegram.KeyboardButton.web_app
- telegram.MenuButtonWebApp.web_app

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

url (str) – An HTTPS URL of a Web App to be opened with additional data as specified in Initializing Web Apps.

url

An HTTPS URL of a Web App to be opened with additional data as specified in Initializing Web Apps.

Type

str

WebhookInfo

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a Telegram WebhookInfo.

Contains information about the current status of a webhook.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their url, has_custom_certificate, pending_update_count, ip_address, last_error_date, last_error_message, max_connections, allowed_updates and last_synchronization_error_date are equal.

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_webhook_info()
```

Changed in version 20.0: last_synchronization_error_date is considered as well when comparing objects of this type in terms of equality.

Parameters

- url (str) Webhook URL, may be empty if webhook is not set up.
- has_custom_certificate (bool) True, if a custom certificate was provided for webhook certificate checks.
- **pending_update_count** (int) Number of updates awaiting delivery.
- ip_address (str, optional) Currently used webhook IP address.
- last_error_date (datetime.datetime) Optional. Datetime for the most recent error that happened when trying to deliver an update via webhook.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

- last_error_message (str, optional) Error message in human-readable format for the most recent error that happened when trying to deliver an update via webhook.
- max_connections (int, optional) Maximum allowed number of simultaneous HTTPS connections to the webhook for update delivery.
- **allowed_updates** (Sequence[str], optional) A list of update types the bot is subscribed to. Defaults to all update types, except telegram. Update.chat_member.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• last_synchronization_error_date (datetime.datetime, optional) — Datetime of the most recent error that happened when trying to synchronize available updates with Telegram datacenters.

New in version 20.0.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

url

Webhook URL, may be empty if webhook is not set up.

```
Type
```

str

has_custom_certificate

True, if a custom certificate was provided for webhook certificate checks.

```
Type
```

bool

pending_update_count

Number of updates awaiting delivery.

```
Type
```

int

ip_address

Optional. Currently used webhook IP address.

Type

str

last_error_date

Optional. Datetime for the most recent error that happened when trying to deliver an update via web-hook.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Type

datetime.datetime

last_error_message

Optional. Error message in human-readable format for the most recent error that happened when trying to deliver an update via webhook.

```
Type
str
```

max_connections

Optional. Maximum allowed number of simultaneous HTTPS connections to the webhook for update delivery.

```
Type int
```

allowed_updates

Optional. A list of update types the bot is subscribed to. Defaults to all update types, except telegram. Update.chat_member.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

```
Type
Tuple[str]
```

last_synchronization_error_date

Datetime of the most recent error that happened when trying to synchronize available updates with Telegram datacenters.

New in version 20.0.

Changed in version 20.3: The default timezone of the bot is used for localization, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

```
Type
    datetime.datetime, optional
```

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

```
See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
```

WriteAccessAllowed

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents a service message about a user allowing a bot to write messages after adding it to the attachment menu, launching a Web App from a link, or accepting an explicit request from a Web App sent by the method requestWriteAccess.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their web_app_name is equal.

Available In

```
telegram.Message.write_access_allowed
```

New in version 20.0.

Changed in version 20.6: Added custom equality comparison for objects of this class.

Parameters

• web_app_name (str, optional) – Name of the Web App, if the access was granted when the Web App was launched from a link.

New in version 20.3.

• **from_request** (bool, optional) – True, if the access was granted after the user accepted an explicit request from a Web App sent by the method requestWriteAccess.

New in version 20.6.

• **from_attachment_menu** (bool, optional) – True, if the access was granted when the bot was added to the attachment or side menu.

New in version 20.6.

web_app_name

Optional. Name of the Web App, if the access was granted when the Web App was launched from a link

New in version 20.3.

```
Type
```

str

from_request

Optional. True, if the access was granted after the user accepted an explicit request from a Web App.

New in version 20.6.

Type

bool

from_attachment_menu

Optional. True, if the access was granted when the bot was added to the attachment or side menu.

New in version 20.6.

Type

bool

Stickers

MaskPosition

class telegram.MaskPosition(point, x_shift, y_shift, scale, *, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object describes the position on faces where a mask should be placed by default.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *point*, *x_shift*, *y_shift* and, *scale* are equal.

Parameters

- **point** (str) The part of the face relative to which the mask should be placed. One of *FOREHEAD*, *EYES*, *MOUTH*, or *CHIN*.
- **x_shift** (float) Shift by X-axis measured in widths of the mask scaled to the face size, from left to right. For example, choosing -1.0 will place mask just to the left of the default mask position.
- **y_shift** (float) Shift by Y-axis measured in heights of the mask scaled to the face size, from top to bottom. For example, 1.0 will place the mask just below the default mask position.

• scale (float) - Mask scaling coefficient. For example, 2.0 means double size.

point

The part of the face relative to which the mask should be placed. One of *FOREHEAD*, *EYES*, *MOUTH*, or *CHIN*.

```
Type
str
```

x_shift

Shift by X-axis measured in widths of the mask scaled to the face size, from left to right. For example, choosing -1.0 will place mask just to the left of the default mask position.

```
Type float
```

y_shift

Shift by Y-axis measured in heights of the mask scaled to the face size, from top to bottom. For example, 1.0 will place the mask just below the default mask position.

```
Type
float
```

scale

Mask scaling coefficient. For example, 2.0 means double size.

```
Type
float
```

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.set_sticker_mask_position()
```

Available In

```
telegram.Sticker.mask_position
```

```
CHIN = 'chin'
    telegram.constants.MaskPosition.CHIN

EYES = 'eyes'
    telegram.constants.MaskPosition.EYES

FOREHEAD = 'forehead'
    telegram.constants.MaskPosition.FOREHEAD

MOUTH = 'mouth'
    telegram.constants.MaskPosition.MOUTH
```

Sticker

 $Bases:\ \textit{telegram.TelegramObject}$

This object represents a sticker.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their file_unique_id is equal.

Note: As of v13.11 *is_video* is a required argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.get_file()
- telegram.Bot.send_sticker()

Available In

- telegram.Message.sticker
- telegram.StickerSet.stickers

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- width (int) Sticker width.
- height (int) Sticker height.
- **is_animated** (bool) True, if the sticker is animated.
- is_video (bool) True, if the sticker is a video sticker.

New in version 13.11.

• **type** (str) – Type of the sticker. Currently one of *REGULAR*, *MASK*, *CUSTOM_EMOJI*. The type of the sticker is independent from its format, which is determined by the fields <code>is_animated</code> and <code>is_video</code>.

New in version 20.0.

- **emoji** (str, optional) Emoji associated with the sticker
- **set_name** (str, optional) Name of the sticker set to which the sticker belongs.
- mask_position (telegram.MaskPosition, optional) For mask stickers, the position where the mask should be placed.
- **file_size** (int, optional) File size in bytes.
- **premium_animation** (*telegram.File*, optional) For premium regular stickers, premium animation for the sticker.

New in version 20.0.

• **custom_emoji_id** (str, optional) – For custom emoji stickers, unique identifier of the custom emoji.

New in version 20.0.

• **thumbnail** (*telegram.PhotoSize*, optional) — Sticker thumbnail in the .WEBP or . JPG format.

New in version 20.2.

• **needs_repainting** (bool, optional) – True, if the sticker must be repainted to a text color in messages, the color of the Telegram Premium badge in emoji status, white color on chat photos, or another appropriate color in other places.

New in version 20.2.

file id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

width

Sticker width.

Type int

height

Sticker height.

Type int

is_animated

True, if the sticker is animated.

```
Type bool
```

is_video

True, if the sticker is a video sticker.

New in version 13.11.

```
Type
bool
```

type

Type of the sticker. Currently one of *REGULAR*, *MASK*, *CUSTOM_EMOJI*. The type of the sticker is independent from its format, which is determined by the fields *is_animated* and *is_video*.

New in version 20.0.

```
Type
str
```

emoji

Optional. Emoji associated with the sticker.

```
Type
str
```

set_name

Optional. Name of the sticker set to which the sticker belongs.

```
Type
str
```

mask_position Optional. F Type

Optional. For mask stickers, the position where the mask should be placed.

telegram.MaskPosition

file_size

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type

int

premium_animation

Optional. For premium regular stickers, premium animation for the sticker.

New in version 20.0.

Type

telegram.File

custom_emoji_id

Optional. For custom emoji stickers, unique identifier of the custom emoji.

New in version 20.0.

Type

str

thumbnail

Optional. Sticker thumbnail in the .WEBP or .JPG format.

New in version 20.2.

Type

telegram.PhotoSize

needs_repainting

Optional. True, if the sticker must be repainted to a text color in messages, the color of the Telegram Premium badge in emoji status, white color on chat photos, or another appropriate color in other places.

New in version 20.2.

Type

bool

```
CUSTOM_EMOJI = 'custom_emoji'
```

telegram.constants.StickerType.CUSTOM_EMOJI

MASK = 'mask'

 $telegram. constants. Sticker Type. \verb|MASK||$

REGULAR = 'regular'

telegram. constants. Sticker Type. REGULAR

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

Convenience wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file()

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().

Returns

telegram.File

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

StickerSet

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a sticker set.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *name* is equal.

Note: As of v13.11 *is_video* is a required argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

Returned In

```
telegram.Bot.get_sticker_set()
```

Changed in version 20.0: The parameter contains_masks has been removed. Use sticker_type instead.

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb.

Parameters

- name (str) Sticker set name.
- **title** (str) Sticker set title.
- **is_animated** (bool) True, if the sticker set contains animated stickers.
- **is_video** (bool) True, if the sticker set contains video stickers.

New in version 13.11.

 $\bullet \ \ \textbf{stickers} \ (Sequence[\textit{telegram.Sticker}]) - List \ of \ all \ set \ stickers.$

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• **sticker_type** (str) — Type of stickers in the set, currently one of telegram. Sticker.REGULAR, telegram.Sticker.MASK, telegram.Sticker.CUSTOM_EMOJI.

New in version 20.0.

• **thumbnail** (*telegram.PhotoSize*, optional) — Sticker set thumbnail in the .WEBP, .TGS, or .WEBM format.

New in version 20.2.

name

Sticker set name.

Type

str

title

Sticker set title.

Type

str

is_animated

True, if the sticker set contains animated stickers.

Type

bool

is video

True, if the sticker set contains video stickers.

New in version 13.11.

Type

bool

stickers

List of all set stickers.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[telegram.Sticker]

sticker_type

Type of stickers in the set, currently one of telegram. Sticker. REGULAR, telegram. Sticker. MASK, telegram. Sticker. CUSTOM_EMOJI.

New in version 20.0.

Type

str

thumbnail

Optional. Sticker set thumbnail in the .WEBP, .TGS, or .WEBM format.

New in version 20.2.

Type

telegram.PhotoSize

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

Inline Mode

ChosenInlineResult

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Represents a result of an inline query that was chosen by the user and sent to their chat partner.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their $result_id$ is equal.

Note:

- In Python from is a reserved word. Use *from_user* instead.
- It is necessary to enable inline feedback via @Botfather in order to receive these objects in updates.

- result_id (str) The unique identifier for the result that was chosen.
- **from_user** (telegram.User) The user that chose the result.
- **location** (*telegram.Location*, optional) Sender location, only for bots that require user location.
- **inline_message_id** (str, optional) Identifier of the sent inline message. Available only if there is an inline keyboard attached to the message. Will be also received in callback queries and can be used to edit the message.
- **query** (str) The query that was used to obtain the result.

result_id

The unique identifier for the result that was chosen.

```
Type
str
```

from_user

The user that chose the result.

```
Type telegram.User
```

location

Optional. Sender location, only for bots that require user location.

```
Type telegram.Location
```

inline_message_id

Optional. Identifier of the sent inline message. Available only if there is an inline keyboard attached to the message. Will be also received in callback queries and can be used to edit the message.

```
Type
str
```

query

The query that was used to obtain the result.

```
Type
str
```

Available In

```
telegram.Update.chosen_inline_result
```

```
{\tt classmethod} \ {\tt de\_json}(\textit{data}, \textit{bot})
```

```
See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
```

InlineQuery

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents an incoming inline query. When the user sends an empty query, your bot could return some default or trending results.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

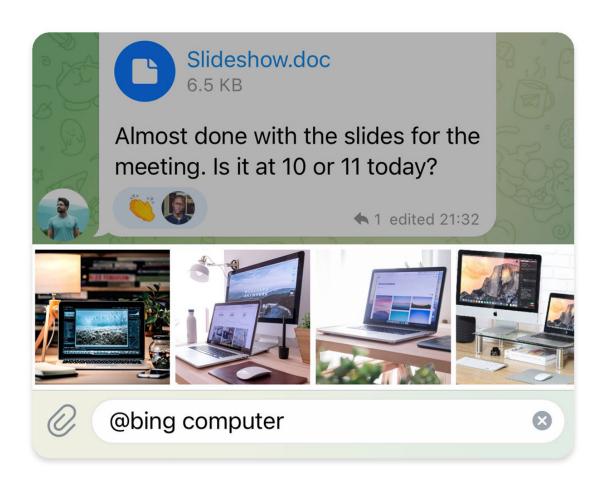


Fig. 3: Inline queries on Telegram

Available In

telegram. Update.inline_query

See also:

The telegram. InlineQueryResult classes represent the media the user can choose from (see above figure).

Note: In Python from is a reserved word. Use *from_user* instead.

Changed in version 20.0: The following are now keyword-only arguments in Bot methods: {read, write, connect, pool}_timeout, answer.api_kwargs, auto_pagination. Use a named argument for those, and notice that some positional arguments changed position as a result.

Parameters

- **id** (str) Unique identifier for this query.
- from_user (telegram.User) Sender.
- query (str) Text of the query (up to 256 characters).
- offset (str) Offset of the results to be returned, can be controlled by the bot.
- **chat_type** (str, optional) Type of the chat, from which the inline query was sent. Can be either 'sender' for a private chat with the inline query sender, 'private', 'group', 'supergroup' or 'channel'. The chat type should be always known for requests sent from official clients and most third-party clients, unless the request was sent from a secret chat.

New in version 13.5.

• **location** (*telegram.Location*, optional) – Sender location, only for bots that request user location.

id

Unique identifier for this query.

```
Type
```

str

from_user

Sender.

Type

telegram.User

query

Text of the query (up to 256 characters).

Type

str

offset

Offset of the results to be returned, can be controlled by the bot.

Type

str

chat_type

Optional. Type of the chat, from which the inline query was sent. Can be either 'sender' for a private chat with the inline query sender, 'private', 'group', 'supergroup' or 'channel'. The chat type

should be always known for requests sent from official clients and most third-party clients, unless the request was sent from a secret chat.

New in version 13.5.

Type

str

location

Optional. Sender location, only for bots that request user location.

Type

telegram.Location

$MAX_OFFSET_LENGTH = 64$

telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit.MAX_OFFSET_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

MAX_QUERY_LENGTH = 256

telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit.MAX_QUERY_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_RESULTS = 50$

telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit.RESULTS

New in version 13.2.

MAX SWITCH PM TEXT LENGTH = 64

telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit.MAX_SWITCH_PM_TEXT_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

MIN SWITCH PM TEXT LENGTH = 1

telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit.MIN_SWITCH_PM_TEXT_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

async answer(results, cache_time=None, is_personal=None, next_offset=None, button=None, *, current_offset=None, auto_pagination=False, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.answer_inline_query(
    update.inline_query.id,
    *args,
    current_offset=self.offset if auto_pagination else None,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram. Bot.answer_inline_query().

Changed in version 20.0: Raises ValueError instead of TypeError.

Keyword Arguments

auto_pagination (bool, optional) - If set to True, offset will be passed as
current_offset to telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query(). Defaults to False.

Raises

ValueError – If both *current_offset* and *auto_pagination* are supplied.

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

InlineQueryResult

```
class telegram.InlineQueryResult(type, id, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Baseclass for the InlineQueryResult* classes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

Note: All URLs passed in inline query results will be available to end users and therefore must be assumed to be *public*.

Examples

Inline Bot

Parameters

- **type** (str) Type of the result.
- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

type

Type of the result.

Type

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type

str

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

$MAX_ID_LENGTH = 64$

```
telegram.constants.InlineQueryResultLimit.MAX_ID_LENGTH
```

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_ID_LENGTH = 1$

 $telegram. constants. In line Query Result Limit. \verb|MIN_ID_LENGTH| \\$

New in version 20.0.

InlineQueryResultArticle

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

This object represents a Telegram InlineQueryResultArticle.

Examples

Inline Bot

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated arguments and attributes thumb_*.

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- title (str) Title of the result.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent) Content of the message to be sent.
- **reply_markup** (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **url** (str, optional) URL of the result.
- **hide_url** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you don't want the URL to be shown in the message.
- **description** (str, optional) Short description of the result.
- **thumbnail_url** (str, optional) Url of the thumbnail for the result.

New in version 20.2.

• thumbnail_width (int, optional) - Thumbnail width.

New in version 20.2.

• thumbnail_height (int, optional) — Thumbnail height.

New in version 20.2.

type

```
'article'.

Type
str
```

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

```
Type str
```

```
title
     Title of the result.
        Type
             str
input_message_content
     Content of the message to be sent.
        Type
             telegram.InputMessageContent
reply_markup
     Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.
             telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup
url
     Optional. URL of the result.
        Type
             str
hide_url
     Optional. Pass True, if you don't want the URL to be shown in the message.
        Type
             bool
description
     Optional. Short description of the result.
        Type
thumbnail_url
     Optional. Url of the thumbnail for the result.
     New in version 20.2.
        Type
             str
thumbnail_width
     Optional. Thumbnail width.
     New in version 20.2.
        Type
             int
thumbnail_height
     Optional. Thumbnail height.
     New in version 20.2.
        Type
             int
```

InlineQueryResultAudio

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to an mp3 audio file. By default, this audio file will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use *input_message_content* to send a message with the specified content instead of the audio.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- audio_url (str) A valid URL for the audio file.
- **title** (str) Title.
- **performer** (str, optional) Performer.
- audio_duration (str, optional) Audio duration in seconds.
- caption (str, optional) Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the audio.

```
type
```

```
'audio'.

Type
str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
Type
str
```

audio_url

A valid URL for the audio file.

```
Type
             str
title
     Title.
        Type
             str
performer
     Optional. Performer.
        Type
audio_duration
     Optional. Audio duration in seconds.
        Type
             str
caption
     Optional. Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
             str
parse_mode
     Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options
     for more details.
        Type
             str
caption_entities
     Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of
     parse_mode.
     Changed in version 20.0:
       • This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
       • This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.
        Type
             Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]
reply_markup
     Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.
        Type
             telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup
input_message_content
     Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the audio.
             telegram.InputMessageContent
```

InlineQueryResultCachedAudio

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to an mp3 audio file stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this audio file will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the audio.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- audio_file_id (str) A valid file identifier for the audio file.
- caption (str, optional) Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.

 ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the audio.

```
type
```

```
'audio'.

Type

str
```

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

```
Type
str
```

audio_file_id

A valid file identifier for the audio file.

```
Type
str
```

caption

Optional. Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Туре

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the audio.

Type

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultCachedDocument

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{class} & \textbf{telegram}. \textbf{InlineQueryResultCachedDocument}(id, title, document_file_id, description=None, \\ & caption=None, reply_markup=None, \\ & input_message_content=None, parse_mode=None, \\ & caption_entities=None, *, api_kwargs=None) \end{tabular}$

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a file stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the file.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- **title** (str) Title for the result.
- document_file_id (str) A valid file identifier for the file.
- **description** (str, optional) Short description of the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants*. *ParseMode* and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- **reply_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the file.

```
type
```

```
'document'.
```

Type

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type

str

title

Title for the result.

Type

str

document_file_id

A valid file identifier for the file.

Type

str

description

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

```
Туре
```

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the file.

Type

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultCachedGif

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to an animated GIF file stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this animated GIF file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with specified content instead of the animation.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- **gif_file_id** (str) A valid file identifier for the GIF file.
- title (str, optional) Title for the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the GIF file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants.* ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.
 - Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the gif.

```
type
```

```
'gif'.

Type

str
```

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

```
Type
str
```

gif_file_id

A valid file identifier for the GIF file.

```
Type
str
```

title

Optional. Title for the result.

```
Type
str
```

caption

Optional. Caption of the GIF file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

```
Type
str
```

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

```
Type str
```

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the gif.

Туре

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a video animation (H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound) stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this animated MPEG-4 file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the animation.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- mpeg4_file_id (str) A valid file identifier for the MP4 file.
- title (str, optional) Title for the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the MPEG-4 file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.
 - Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the MPEG-4 file.

```
type
     'mpeg4_gif'.
        Type
              str
id
     Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
        Type
              str
mpeg4_file_id
     A valid file identifier for the MP4 file.
        Type
              str
title
     Optional. Title for the result.
        Type
              str
caption
     Optional. Caption of the MPEG-4 file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
        Type
             str
parse_mode
     Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options
     for more details.
        Type
              str
caption_entities
     Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of
     parse_mode.
     Changed in version 20.0:
       • This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
       • This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.
        Type
             Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]
reply_markup
     Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.
        Type
              telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup
input_message_content
     Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the MPEG-4 file.
        Type
```

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a photo stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this photo will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the photo.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.
- **photo_file_id** (str) A valid file identifier of the photo.
- title (str, optional) Title for the result.
- **description** (str, optional) Short description of the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.

 ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.
 - Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the photo.

```
type
```

```
'photo'.

Type

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type
```

str

photo_file_id

A valid file identifier of the photo.

Type

str

title

Optional. Title for the result.

Type

str

description

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants.ParseMode* and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

```
Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]
```

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Tyne

```
telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup
```

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the photo.

Type

 $telegram. Input {\tt MessageContent}$

InlineQueryResultCachedSticker

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a sticker stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this sticker will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the sticker.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- sticker_file_id (str) A valid file identifier of the sticker.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the sticker.

```
type
```

```
'sticker'.

Type

str
```

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

```
Type
str
```

sticker_file_id

A valid file identifier of the sticker.

```
Type str
```

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

```
Type
```

telegram. In line KeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the sticker.

```
Type
```

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultCachedVideo

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a video file stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this video file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the video.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.
- video_file_id (str) A valid file identifier for the video file.
- **title** (str) Title for the result.
- **description** (str, optional) Short description of the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the video to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.

 ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.
- **reply_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the video.

```
type
```

'video'.

Type

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type

str

video_file_id

A valid file identifier for the video file.

Type

str

title

Title for the result.

Type

str

description

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption of the video to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the video.

Type

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultCachedVoice

class telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice(id, voice_file_id, title, caption=None,

reply_markup=None, input_message_content=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a voice message stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this voice message will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the voice message.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- voice_file_id (str) A valid file identifier for the voice message.
- **title** (str) Voice message title.
- caption (str, optional) Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the voice message.

```
type
```

```
'voice'.
```

Туре

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type

str

voice_file_id

A valid file identifier for the voice message.

Type

str

title

Voice message title.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

```
Type
```

str

caption_entities

Optional. Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

```
Type
```

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the voice message.

Type

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultContact

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a contact with a phone number. By default, this contact will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the contact.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated arguments and attributes thumb_*.

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- **phone_number** (str) Contact's phone number.
- **first_name** (str) Contact's first name.
- last_name (str, optional) Contact's last name.
- **vcard** (str, optional) Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.

```
• input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) - Content
             of the message to be sent instead of the contact.
           • thumbnail_url (str, optional) – Url of the thumbnail for the result.
             New in version 20.2.
           • thumbnail_width (int, optional) - Thumbnail width.
             New in version 20.2.
           • thumbnail_height (int, optional) – Thumbnail height.
             New in version 20.2.
type
     'contact'.
        Type
             str
id
     Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
        Type
             str
phone_number
     Contact's phone number.
        Type
             str
first_name
     Contact's first name.
        Type
             str
last_name
     Optional. Contact's last name.
        Type
             str
vcard
     Optional. Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.
        Type
             str
reply_markup
     Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.
             telegram.Inline Keyboard Markup
input_message_content
     Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the contact.
             telegram.InputMessageContent
thumbnail_url
     Optional. Url of the thumbnail for the result.
```

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
str
```

thumbnail_width

Optional. Thumbnail width.

New in version 20.2.

Type int

thumbnail_height

Optional. Thumbnail height.

New in version 20.2.

Type int

InlineQueryResultDocument

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a file. By default, this file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the file. Currently, only .PDF and .ZIP files can be sent using this method.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated arguments and attributes thumb_*.

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- **title** (str) Title for the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.
 - Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.
- **document_url** (str) A valid URL for the file.

- **mime_type** (str) Mime type of the content of the file, either "application/pdf" or "application/zip".
- **description** (str, optional) Short description of the result.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the file.
- thumbnail_url (str, optional) URL of the thumbnail (JPEG only) for the file.

New in version 20.2.

• thumbnail_width (int, optional) – Thumbnail width.

New in version 20.2.

• thumbnail_height (int, optional) - Thumbnail height.

New in version 20.2.

type

'document'.

Type

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type

str

title

Title for the result.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

```
document_url
          A valid URL for the file.
              Type
                  str
     mime_type
          Mime type of the content of the file, either "application/pdf" or "application/zip".
                   str
     description
          Optional. Short description of the result.
             Type
                   str
     reply_markup
          Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.
                   telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup
     input_message_content
          Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the file.
              Type
                   telegram.InputMessageContent
     thumbnail_url
          Optional. URL of the thumbnail (JPEG only) for the file.
          New in version 20.2.
              Type
                   str
     thumbnail_width
          Optional. Thumbnail width.
          New in version 20.2.
             Type
                   int
     thumbnail_height
          Optional. Thumbnail height.
          New in version 20.2.
              Type
                   int
InlineQueryResultGame
class telegram.InlineQueryResultGame(id, game_short_name, reply_markup=None, *,
                                            api_kwargs=None)
     Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult
     Represents a telegram. Game.
         Parameters
                • id (str) – Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
```

- game_short_name (str) Short name of the game.
- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.

type

```
'game'.
```

Type

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type

str

game_short_name

Short name of the game.

Type

str

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

InlineQueryResultGif

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to an animated GIF file. By default, this animated GIF file will be sent by the user with optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the animation.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated arguments and attributes thumb_*.

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- **gif_url** (str) A valid URL for the GIF file. File size must not exceed 1MB.
- **gif_width** (int, optional) Width of the GIF.
- **gif_height** (int, optional) Height of the GIF.
- **gif_duration** (int, optional) Duration of the GIF in seconds.
- **thumbnail_url** (str, optional) URL of the static (JPEG or GIF) or animated (MPEG4) thumbnail for the result.

Warning: The Bot API does **not** define this as an optional argument. It is formally optional for backwards compatibility with the deprecated *thumb_ur1*. If you pass neither *thumbnai1_ur1* nor *thumb_ur1*, ValueError will be raised.

New in version 20.2.

• **thumbnail_mime_type** (str, optional) – MIME type of the thumbnail, must be one of 'image/jpeg', 'image/gif', or 'video/mp4'. Defaults to 'image/jpeg'.

New in version 20.2.

- **title** (str, optional) Title for the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the GIF file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.

 ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- **reply_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the GIF animation.

Raises

ValueError – If neither *thumbnail_url* nor *thumb_url* is supplied or if both are supplied and are not equal.

```
type
    'gif'.
    Type
        str

id
    Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
    Type
        str

gif_url
    A valid URL for the GIF file. File size must not exceed 1MB.
    Type
        str
```

gif_width

Optional. Width of the GIF.

Type

int

gif_height

Optional. Height of the GIF.

Туре

int

gif_duration

Optional. Duration of the GIF in seconds.

Tyne

int

thumbnail_url

URL of the static (JPEG or GIF) or animated (MPEG4) thumbnail for the result.

New in version 20.2.

Type

str

thumbnail_mime_type

Optional. MIME type of the thumbnail, must be one of 'image/jpeg', 'image/gif', or 'video/mp4'. Defaults to 'image/jpeg'.

New in version 20.2.

Type

str

title

Optional. Title for the result.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption of the GIF file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Tyne

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the GIF animation.

Туре

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultLocation

class telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation(id, latitude, longitude, title, live_period=None,

reply_markup=None, input_message_content=None, horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None, thumbnail_url=None, thumbnail_width=None, thumbnail_height=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a location on a map. By default, the location will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the location.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated arguments and attributes thumb_*.

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- latitude (float) Location latitude in degrees.
- longitude (float) Location longitude in degrees.
- **title** (str) Location title.
- **horizontal_accuracy** (float, optional) The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0- 1500.
- **live_period** (int, optional) Period in seconds for which the location will be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.
- **heading** (int, optional) For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **proximity_alert_radius** (int, optional) For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 100000 if specified.
- **reply_markup** (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the location.
- **thumbnail_url** (str, optional) Url of the thumbnail for the result.

New in version 20.2.

```
\bullet \ \ thumbnail\_width\ (int, optional) - Thumbnail\ width.
              New in version 20.2.
            • thumbnail_height (int, optional) - Thumbnail height.
              New in version 20.2.
type
     'location'.
        Type
              str
id
     Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.
         Type
              str
latitude
     Location latitude in degrees.
         Type
              float
longitude
     Location longitude in degrees.
        Type
              float
title
     Location title.
         Type
              str
horizontal_accuracy
     Optional. The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0- 1500.
         Type
              float
live_period
     Optional. Period in seconds for which the location will be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.
        Type
              int
heading
     Optional. For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1
     and 360 if specified.
```

```
Type
    int
```

proximity_alert_radius

Optional. For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 100000 if specified.

```
Type
    int
```

reply_markup

```
Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.
            telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup
input_message_content
    Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the location.
            telegram.InputMessageContent
thumbnail_url
    Optional. Url of the thumbnail for the result.
    New in version 20.2.
       Type
            str
thumbnail_width
    Optional. Thumbnail width.
    New in version 20.2.
        Type
            int
thumbnail_height
    Optional. Thumbnail height.
    New in version 20.2.
       Type
            int
HORIZONTAL\_ACCURACY = 1500
     telegram.constants.LocationLimit.HORIZONTAL_ACCURACY
    New in version 20.0.
MAX_HEADING = 360
     telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MAX_HEADING
    New in version 20.0.
MAX_LIVE_PERIOD = 86400
     telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MAX_LIVE_PERIOD
    New in version 20.0.
MAX_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS = 100000
     telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MAX_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS
    New in version 20.0.
MIN\_HEADING = 1
     telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MIN_HEADING
    New in version 20.0.
MIN_LIVE_PERIOD = 60
     telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MIN_LIVE_PERIOD
    New in version 20.0.
```

MIN_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS = 1

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MIN_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS

New in version 20.0.

InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a video animation (H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound). By default, this animated MPEG-4 file will be sent by the user with optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the animation.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated arguments and attributes thumb_*.

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- mpeg4_url (str) A valid URL for the MP4 file. File size must not exceed 1MB.
- mpeg4_width (int, optional) Video width.
- mpeg4_height (int, optional) Video height.
- **mpeg4_duration** (int, optional) Video duration in seconds.
- **thumbnail_url** (str, optional) URL of the static (JPEG or GIF) or animated (MPEG4) thumbnail for the result.

Warning: The Bot API does **not** define this as an optional argument. It is formally optional for backwards compatibility with the deprecated <code>thumb_url</code>. If you pass neither <code>thumbnail_url</code> nor <code>thumb_url</code>, <code>ValueError</code> will be raised.

New in version 20.2.

• thumbnail_mime_type (str, optional) - MIME type of the thumbnail, must be one of 'image/jpeg', 'image/gif', or 'video/mp4'. Defaults to 'image/jpeg'.

New in version 20.2.

- title (str, optional) Title for the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the MPEG-4 file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the video animation.

Raises

ValueError – If neither *thumbnail_url* nor *thumb_url* is supplied or if both are supplied and are not equal.

type

```
'mpeg4_gif'.

Type

str
```

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

```
Type
str
```

mpeg4_url

A valid URL for the MP4 file. File size must not exceed 1MB.

```
Type
str
```

mpeg4_width

Optional. Video width.

```
Type int
```

mpeg4_height

Optional. Video height.

```
Type
int
```

mpeg4_duration

Optional. Video duration in seconds.

```
Type
int
```

thumbnail_url

URL of the static (JPEG or GIF) or animated (MPEG4) thumbnail for the result.

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
str
```

thumbnail_mime_type

Optional. MIME type of the thumbnail, must be one of 'image/jpeg', 'image/gif', or 'video/mp4'. Defaults to 'image/jpeg'.

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
```

str

title

Optional. Title for the result.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption of the MPEG-4 file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type

telegram. In line Keyboard Markup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the video animation.

Type

 $telegram. Input {\tt MessageContent}$

InlineQueryResultPhoto

 ${\tt class \ telegram.} {\tt InlineQueryResultPhoto} (id, photo_url, thumbnail_url, photo_width = None, the photo_width = None,$

photo_height=None, title=None, description=None, caption=None, reply_markup=None, input_message_content=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a photo. By default, this photo will be sent by the user with optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the photo.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb_url.

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- **photo_url** (str) A valid URL of the photo. Photo must be in JPEG format. Photo size must not exceed 5MB.
- **thumbnail_url** (str, optional) URL of the thumbnail for the photo.

Warning: The Bot API does **not** define this as an optional argument. It is formally optional for backwards compatibility with the deprecated <code>thumb_url</code>. If you pass neither <code>thumbnail_url</code> nor <code>thumb_url</code>, <code>ValueError</code> will be raised.

New in version 20.2.

- **photo_width** (int, optional) Width of the photo.
- **photo_height** (int, optional) Height of the photo.
- title (str, optional) Title for the result.
- **description** (str, optional) Short description of the result.
- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- **reply_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the photo.

Raises

ValueError – If neither *thumbnail_url* nor *thumb_url* is supplied or if both are supplied and are not equal.

type

```
'photo'.

Type

str
```

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

```
Type
str
```

photo_url

A valid URL of the photo. Photo must be in JPEG format. Photo size must not exceed 5MB.

Type

str

thumbnail_url

URL of the thumbnail for the photo.

Type

str

photo_width

Optional. Width of the photo.

Type

int

photo_height

Optional. Height of the photo.

Type

int

title

Optional. Title for the result.

Type

str

description

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants.ParseMode* and formatting options for more details.

Type

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the photo.

Type

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultsButton

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a button to be shown above inline query results. You **must** use exactly one of the optional fields.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their text, web_app and start_parameter are equal.

Parameters

- **text** (str) Label text on the button.
- web_app (telegram. WebAppInfo, optional) Description of the Web App that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to switch back to the inline mode using the method switchInlineQuery inside the Web App.
- **start_parameter** (str, optional) Deep-linking parameter for the */start* message sent to the bot when user presses the switch button. *1- 64* characters, only A-Z, a-z, 0-9, _ and are allowed.

Example

An inline bot that sends YouTube videos can ask the user to connect the bot to their YouTube account to adapt search results accordingly. To do this, it displays a 'Connect your YouTube account' button above the results, or even before showing any. The user presses the button, switches to a private chat with the bot and, in doing so, passes a start parameter that instructs the bot to return an OAuth link. Once done, the bot can offer a switch_inline button so that the user can easily return to the chat where they wanted to use the bot's inline capabilities.

text

Label text on the button.

Type

str

web_app

Optional. Description of the Web App that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to switch back to the inline mode using the method web_app_switch_inline_query inside the Web App.

```
Type
```

telegram.WebAppInfo

start_parameter

Optional. Deep-linking parameter for the /start message sent to the bot when user presses the switch button. 1- 64 characters, only A-Z, a-z, 0-9, _ and - are allowed.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()

$MAX_START_PARAMETER_LENGTH = 64$

telegram.constants.InlineQueryResultsButtonLimit.MAX_START_PARAMETER_LENGTH

$MIN_START_PARAMETER_LENGTH = 1$

telegram.constants.InlineQueryResultsButtonLimit.MIN_START_PARAMETER_LENGTH

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

InlineQueryResultVenue

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a venue. By default, the venue will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the venue.

Note: Foursquare details and Google Pace details are mutually exclusive. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated arguments and attributes thumb_*.

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- latitude (float) Latitude of the venue location in degrees.
- **longitude** (float) Longitude of the venue location in degrees.
- title (str) Title of the venue.
- address (str) Address of the venue.
- **foursquare_id** (str, optional) Foursquare identifier of the venue if known.

```
    foursquare_type (str, optional) – Foursquare type of the venue, if known. (For example, "arts_entertainment/default", "arts_entertainment/aquarium" or "food/icecream".)
    google_place_id (str, optional) – Google Places identifier of the venue.
    google_place_type(str, optional) – Google Places type of the venue. (See supported types.)
    renly markup (telegram_InlineKeyboardMarkup_optional) – Inline keyboard at-
```

- reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the venue.
- thumbnail_url (str, optional) Url of the thumbnail for the result.

New in version 20.2.

• thumbnail_width (int, optional) - Thumbnail width.

New in version 20.2.

• thumbnail_height (int, optional) – Thumbnail height.

New in version 20.2.

type

'venue'.

Type

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type

str

latitude

Latitude of the venue location in degrees.

Type

float

longitude

Longitude of the venue location in degrees.

Type

float

title

Title of the venue.

Type

str

address

Address of the venue.

Type

str

foursquare_id

Optional. Foursquare identifier of the venue if known.

Type

str

foursquare_type

Optional. Foursquare type of the venue, if known. (For example, "arts_entertainment/default", "arts_entertainment/aquarium" or "food/icecream".)

Type

str

google_place_id

Optional. Google Places identifier of the venue.

Type

str

google_place_type

Optional. Google Places type of the venue. (See supported types.)

Type

ctr

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the venue.

Type

telegram.InputMessageContent

thumbnail_url

Optional. Url of the thumbnail for the result.

New in version 20.2.

Type

str

thumbnail_width

Optional. Thumbnail width.

New in version 20.2.

Type

int

thumbnail_height

Optional. Thumbnail height.

New in version 20.2.

Type

int

InlineQueryResultVideo

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a page containing an embedded video player or a video file. By default, this video file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the video.

Note: If an InlineQueryResultVideo message contains an embedded video (e.g., YouTube), you must replace its content using <code>input_message_content</code>.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Changed in version 20.5: Removed the deprecated argument and attribute thumb_url.

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- video_url (str) A valid URL for the embedded video player or video file.
- mime_type (str) Mime type of the content of video url, "text/html" or "video/mp4".
- **thumbnail_url** (str, optional) URL of the thumbnail (JPEG only) for the video.

Warning: The Bot API does **not** define this as an optional argument. It is formally optional for backwards compatibility with the deprecated <code>thumb_url</code>. If you pass neither <code>thumbnail_url</code> nor <code>thumb_url</code>, <code>ValueError</code> will be raised.

New in version 20.2.

• **title** (**str**, optional) – Title for the result.

Warning: The Bot API does **not** define this as an optional argument. It is formally optional to ensure backwards compatibility of *thumbnail_url* with the deprecated *thumb_url*, which required that *thumbnail_url* become optional. TypeError will be raised if no title is passed.

- **caption** (str, optional) Caption of the video to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

• **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) – Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- video_width (int, optional) Video width.
- video_height (int, optional) Video height.
- video_duration (int, optional) Video duration in seconds.
- **description** (str, optional) Short description of the result.
- **reply_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the video. This field is required if InlineQueryResultVideo is used to send an HTML-page as a result (e.g., a YouTube video).

Raises

- **ValueError** If neither thumbnail_url nor thumb_url is supplied or if both are supplied and are not equal.
- **TypeError** If no *title* is passed.

```
type
```

```
'video'.
```

Type

str

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

Type

str

video_url

A valid URL for the embedded video player or video file.

Type

str

mime_type

Mime type of the content of video url, "text/html" or "video/mp4".

Type

str

thumbnail_url

URL of the thumbnail (JPEG only) for the video.

New in version 20.2.

Type

str

title

Title for the result.

Type

str

caption

Optional. Caption of the video to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options for more details.

```
Type
```

str

caption_entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

video_width

Optional. Video width.

Type

int

video_height

Optional. Video height.

Type

int

video_duration

Optional. Video duration in seconds.

Type

int

description

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type

str

reply_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the video. This field is required if InlineQueryResultVideo is used to send an HTML-page as a result (e.g., a YouTube video).

Type

telegram.InputMessageContent

InlineQueryResultVoice

Bases: telegram.InlineQueryResult

Represents a link to a voice recording in an .ogg container encoded with OPUS. By default, this voice recording will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use <code>input_message_content</code> to send a message with the specified content instead of the voice message.

Use In

- telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()
- telegram.Bot.answer_web_app_query()

See also:

Working with Files and Media

Parameters

- id (str) Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.
- voice_url (str) A valid URL for the voice recording.
- title (str) Recording title.
- caption (str, optional) Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.

 ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **caption_entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- voice_duration (int, optional) Recording duration in seconds.
- **reply_markup** (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup, optional) Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- input_message_content (telegram.InputMessageContent, optional) Content of the message to be sent instead of the voice recording.

type

```
'voice'.

Type

str
```

id

Unique identifier for this result, 1- 64 Bytes.

```
Type
str
```

voice_url

A valid URL for the voice recording.

```
Type
             str
title
     Recording title.
        Type
             str
caption
     Optional. Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
        Type
             str
parse_mode
     Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants.ParseMode and formatting options
     for more details.
        Type
             str
caption_entities
     Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of
     parse_mode.
     Changed in version 20.0:
       • This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
       • This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.
        Type
             Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]
voice_duration
     Optional. Recording duration in seconds.
        Type
             int
reply_markup
     Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.
        Type
             telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup
```

input_message_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the voice recording.

```
Type
```

telegram.InputMessageContent

InputMessageContent

class telegram.InputMessageContent(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Base class for Telegram InputMessageContent Objects.

See: telegram.InputContactMessageContent, telegram.InputInvoiceMessageContent, telegram.InputLocationMessageContent, telegram.InputTextMessageContent and telegram.InputVenueMessageContent for more details.

Available In

- telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultContact.input_message_content
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Document.input_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Photo.input_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice.input_message_content

InputTextMessageContent

Bases: telegram.InputMessageContent

Represents the content of a text message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their <code>message_text</code> is equal.

Examples

Parameters

- **message_text** (str) Text of the message to be sent, 1- 4096 characters after entities parsing.
- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See telegram.constants. ParseMode and formatting options for more details.
- **entities** (Sequence[telegram.MessageEntity], optional) Sequence of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• **disable_web_page_preview** (bool, optional) – Disables link previews for links in the sent message.

message_text

Text of the message to be sent, 1- 4096 characters after entities parsing.

```
Type
```

str

parse_mode

Optional. Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants.ParseMode* and formatting options for more details.

```
Type
str
```

entities

Optional. Tuple of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of parse_mode.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

```
Type
```

Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]

disable_web_page_preview

Optional. Disables link previews for links in the sent message.

```
Type
```

bool

Available In

- telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif.input_message_content
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Cached Mpeg 4 Gif. input_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.input_message_content

- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultContact.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice.input_message_content

InputLocationMessageContent

Bases: telegram.InputMessageContent

Represents the content of a location message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *latitude* and *longitude* are equal.

Parameters

- latitude (float) Latitude of the location in degrees.
- longitude (float) Longitude of the location in degrees.
- horizontal_accuracy (float, optional) The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0- 1500.
- **live_period** (int, optional) Period in seconds for which the location will be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.
- **heading** (int, optional) For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **proximity_alert_radius** (int, optional) For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 100000 if specified.

latitude

Latitude of the location in degrees.

Type

float

longitude

Longitude of the location in degrees.

Type

float

horizontal_accuracy

Optional. The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0- 1500.

```
Type
float
```

live_period

Optional. Period in seconds for which the location can be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.

```
Type int
```

heading

Optional. For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.

```
Type int
```

proximity_alert_radius

Optional. For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 100000 if specified.

```
Type
int
```

Available In

- telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker.input_message_content
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Cached Video.in put_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultContact.input_message_content
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Document.input_message_content$
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Gif. in put_message_content$
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Location. in put_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Photo.input_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice.input_message_content

$HORIZONTAL_ACCURACY = 1500$

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.HORIZONTAL_ACCURACY

New in version 20.0.

MAX HEADING = 360

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MAX_HEADING

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_LIVE_PERIOD = 86400$

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MAX_LIVE_PERIOD

New in version 20.0.

MAX_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS = 100000

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MAX_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS

New in version 20.0.

MIN HEADING = 1

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MIN_HEADING

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_LIVE_PERIOD = 60$

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MIN_LIVE_PERIOD

New in version 20.0.

MIN_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS = 1

telegram.constants.LocationLimit.MIN_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS

New in version 20.0.

InputVenueMessageContent

Bases: telegram.InputMessageContent

Represents the content of a venue message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *latitude*, *longitude* and *title* are equal.

Note: Foursquare details and Google Pace details are mutually exclusive. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Parameters

- latitude (float) Latitude of the location in degrees.
- **longitude** (float) Longitude of the location in degrees.
- title (str) Name of the venue.
- address (str) Address of the venue.
- **foursquare_id** (str, optional) Foursquare identifier of the venue, if known.

- **foursquare_type** (str, optional) Foursquare type of the venue, if known. (For example, "arts_entertainment/default", "arts_entertainment/aquarium" or "food/icecream".)
- **google_place_id** (str, optional) Google Places identifier of the venue.
- **google_place_type** (str, optional) Google Places type of the venue. (See supported types.)

latitude

Latitude of the location in degrees.

```
Type
```

float

longitude

Longitude of the location in degrees.

Type

float

title

Name of the venue.

Type

str

address

Address of the venue.

Type

str

foursquare_id

Optional. Foursquare identifier of the venue, if known.

Type

str

foursquare_type

Optional. Foursquare type of the venue, if known. (For example, "arts_entertainment/default", "arts_entertainment/aquarium" or "food/icecream".)

Type

str

google_place_id

Optional. Google Places identifier of the venue.

Type

str

google_place_type

Optional. Google Places type of the venue. (See supported types.)

Type

str

Available In

- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Article.input_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio.input_message_content

- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultContact.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice.input_message_content

InputContactMessageContent

Bases: telegram.InputMessageContent

Represents the content of a contact message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *phone_number* is equal.

Parameters

- **phone_number** (str) Contact's phone number.
- **first_name** (str) Contact's first name.
- last_name (str, optional) Contact's last name.
- **vcard** (str, optional) Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.

phone_number

Contact's phone number.

Type

str

first_name

Contact's first name.

Type

str

last_name

```
Optional. Contact's last name.
```

Type

str

vcard

Optional. Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.

Type

str

Available In

- telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultContact.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto.input_message_content
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Venue.in put_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice.input_message_content

InputInvoiceMessageContent

 $\textbf{class} \ \ \textbf{telegram.} \\ \textbf{InputInvoiceMessageContent} (\textit{title}, \textit{description}, \textit{payload}, \textit{provider_token}, \textit{currency}, \\ \textbf{and} \\ \textbf{and$

prices, max_tip_amount=None,
suggested_tip_amounts=None, provider_data=None,
photo_url=None, photo_size=None, photo_width=None,
photo_height=None, need_name=None,
need_phone_number=None, need_email=None,
need_shipping_address=None,
send_phone_number_to_provider=None,
send_email_to_provider=None, is_flexible=None, *,
api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.InputMessageContent

Represents the content of a invoice message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their title, description, payload, provider_token, currency and prices are equal.

Available In

- telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif.input_message_content
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. In line Query Result Cached Mpeg 4 Gif. in put_message_content$
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultContact.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultGif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo.input_message_content
- telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice.input_message_content

New in version 13.5.

Parameters

- title (str) Product name. 1- 32 characters.
- **description** (str) Product description. *1- 255* characters.
- payload (str) Bot-defined invoice payload. 1- 128 bytes. This will not be displayed to the user, use for your internal processes.
- **provider_token** (str) Payment provider token, obtained via @Botfather.
- currency (str) Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code, see more on currencies
- **prices** (Sequence[telegram.LabeledPrice]) Price breakdown, a list of components (e.g. product price, tax, discount, delivery cost, delivery tax, bonus, etc.)
 - Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- max_tip_amount (int, optional) The maximum accepted amount for tips in the *smallest* units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a maximum tip of US\$ 1.45 pass max_tip_amount = 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies). Defaults to 0.
- **suggested_tip_amounts** (Sequence[int], optional) An array of suggested amounts of tip in the *smallest* units of the currency (integer, **not** float/double). At most 4 suggested tip amounts can be specified. The suggested tip amounts must be positive, passed in a strictly increased order and must not exceed <code>max_tip_amount</code>.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.
- **provider_data** (str, optional) An object for data about the invoice, which will be shared with the payment provider. A detailed description of the required fields should be provided by the payment provider.
- **photo_url** (str, optional) URL of the product photo for the invoice. Can be a photo of the goods or a marketing image for a service. People like it better when they see what they are paying for.
- **photo_size** (int, optional) Photo size.
- photo_width (int, optional) Photo width.
- photo_height (int, optional) Photo height.
- need_name (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's full name to complete the order.
- **need_phone_number** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's phone number to complete the order
- **need_email** (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's email address to complete the order.
- need_shipping_address (bool, optional) Pass True, if you require the user's shipping address to complete the order
- **send_phone_number_to_provider** (bool, optional) Pass True, if user's phone number should be sent to provider.
- **send_email_to_provider** (bool, optional) Pass True, if user's email address should be sent to provider.
- **is_flexible** (bool, optional) Pass True, if the final price depends on the shipping method.

title

Product name. 1- 32 characters.

Type str

description

Product description. 1- 255 characters.

Type str

payload

Bot-defined invoice payload. 1- 128 bytes. This will not be displayed to the user, use for your internal processes.

```
Type
```

str

provider_token

Payment provider token, obtained via @Botfather.

```
Type
```

str

currency

Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code, see more on currencies

```
Type
```

str

prices

Price breakdown, a list of components (e.g. product price, tax, discount, delivery cost, delivery tax, bonus, etc.)

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[telegram.LabeledPrice]

max_tip_amount

Optional. The maximum accepted amount for tips in the *smallest* units of the currency (integer, **not** float/double). For example, for a maximum tip of US\$ 1.45 max_tip_amount is 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies). Defaults to 0.

Type

int

suggested_tip_amounts

Optional. An array of suggested amounts of tip in the *smallest* units of the currency (integer, **not** float/double). At most 4 suggested tip amounts can be specified. The suggested tip amounts must be positive, passed in a strictly increased order and must not exceed *max_tip_amount*.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[int]

provider_data

Optional. An object for data about the invoice, which will be shared with the payment provider. A detailed description of the required fields should be provided by the payment provider.

Type

str

photo_url

Optional. URL of the product photo for the invoice. Can be a photo of the goods or a marketing image for a service. People like it better when they see what they are paying for.

Туре

str

photo_size

Optional. Photo size.

Type

int

photo_width

Optional. Photo width.

```
Type
             int
photo_height
     Optional. Photo height.
        Type
             int
need_name
     Optional. Pass True, if you require the user's full name to complete the order.
        Type
             bool
need_phone_number
     Optional. Pass True, if you require the user's phone number to complete the order
        Type
             bool
need_email
     Optional. Pass True, if you require the user's email address to complete the order.
             bool
need_shipping_address
     Optional. Pass True, if you require the user's shipping address to complete the order
        Type
             bool
send_phone_number_to_provider
     Optional. Pass True, if user's phone number should be sent to provider.
        Type
             bool
send_email_to_provider
     Optional. Pass True, if user's email address should be sent to provider.
        Type
             bool
is_flexible
     Optional. Pass True, if the final price depends on the shipping method.
        Type
             bool
classmethod de_json(data, bot)
     See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().
```

Payments

Invoice

class telegram. Invoice(title, description, start_parameter, currency, total_amount, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object contains basic information about an invoice.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their title, description, start_parameter, currency and total_amount are equal.

Parameters

- title (str) Product name.
- **description** (str) Product description.
- **start_parameter** (str) Unique bot deep-linking parameter that can be used to generate this invoice.
- **currency** (str) Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.
- total_amount (int) Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 pass amount = 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).

title

Product name.

Type

str

description

Product description.

Type

str

start_parameter

Unique bot deep-linking parameter that can be used to generate this invoice.

```
Type
```

str

currency

Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.

```
Type
```

str

total_amount

Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 amount is 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).

Type

int

Available In

telegram.Message.invoice

MAX_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH = 255

telegram.constants.InvoiceLimit.MAX_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_PAYLOAD_LENGTH = 128$

 $telegram. constants. Invoice Limit. {\tt MAX_PAYLOAD_LENGTH}$

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_TIP_AMOUNTS = 4$

telegram.constants.InvoiceLimit.MAX_TIP_AMOUNTS

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_TITLE_LENGTH = 32$

telegram.constants.InvoiceLimit.MAX_TITLE_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

MIN DESCRIPTION LENGTH = 1

telegram.constants.InvoiceLimit.MIN_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

$MIN_PAYLOAD_LENGTH = 1$

telegram.constants.InvoiceLimit.MIN_PAYLOAD_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

MIN TITLE LENGTH = 1

telegram.constants.InvoiceLimit.MIN_TITLE_LENGTH

New in version 20.0.

LabeledPrice

class telegram.LabeledPrice(label, amount, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a portion of the price for goods or services.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *label* and *amount* are equal.

Examples

Payment Bot

Parameters

- label (str) Portion label.
- amount (int) Price of the product in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 pass amount = 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).

label

Portion label.

Type

str

amount

Price of the product in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 amount is 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).

```
Type int
```

Use In

- telegram.Bot.create_invoice_link()
- telegram.Bot.send_invoice()

Available In

- telegram.InputInvoiceMessageContent.prices
- telegram.ShippingOption.prices

OrderInfo

class telegram.**OrderInfo**(name=None, phone_number=None, email=None, shipping_address=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents information about an order.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their name, phone_number, email and shipping_address are equal.

Parameters

- name (str, optional) User name.
- **phone_number** (str, optional) User's phone number.
- email (str, optional) User email.
- **shipping_address** (*telegram.ShippingAddress*, optional) User shipping address.

name

Optional. User name.

```
Type str
```

phone_number

Optional. User's phone number.

```
Type
str
```

email

Optional. User email.

```
Type
```

str

shipping_address

Optional. User shipping address.

Type

telegram. Shipping Address

Available In

- telegram.PreCheckoutQuery.order_info
- telegram.SuccessfulPayment.order_info

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

PreCheckoutQuery

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object contains information about an incoming pre-checkout query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

Note: In Python from is a reserved word. Use *from_user* instead.

Parameters

- id (str) Unique query identifier.
- **from_user** (telegram.User) User who sent the query.
- **currency** (str) Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.
- total_amount (int) Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 pass amount = 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).
- **invoice_payload** (str) Bot specified invoice payload.
- **shipping_option_id** (str, optional) Identifier of the shipping option chosen by the user.
- order_info (telegram. OrderInfo, optional) Order info provided by the user.

id

Unique query identifier.

Type

str

from_user

User who sent the query.

Type

telegram.User

currency

Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.

```
Type
```

str

total amount

Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 amount is 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).

```
Type
```

int

invoice_payload

Bot specified invoice payload.

Type

str

shipping_option_id

Optional. Identifier of the shipping option chosen by the user.

Type

str

order_info

Optional. Order info provided by the user.

Type

telegram.OrderInfo

Available In

telegram.Update.pre_checkout_query

async answer(ok, error_message=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for:

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot. answer_pre_checkout_query().

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

ShippingAddress

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a Telegram ShippingAddress.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their country_code, state, city, street_line1, street_line2 and post_code are equal.

Parameters

```
• country_code (str) – ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code.
           • state (str) – State, if applicable.
           • city (str) – City.
           • street_line1 (str) – First line for the address.
           • street_line2 (str) – Second line for the address.
           • post_code (str) – Address post code.
country_code
     ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code.
        Type
             str
state
     State, if applicable.
        Type
             str
city
     City.
        Type
             str
street_line1
     First line for the address.
        Type
             str
street_line2
     Second line for the address.
        Type
             str
post_code
     Address post code.
        Type
             str
```

Available In

- telegram.OrderInfo.shipping_address
- telegram.ShippingQuery.shipping_address

ShippingOption

```
class telegram.ShippingOption(id, title, prices, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents one shipping option.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

Examples

Payment Bot

Parameters

- **id** (str) Shipping option identifier.
- title (str) Option title.
- **prices** (Sequence[telegram.LabeledPrice]) List of price portions.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

id

Shipping option identifier.

Type

str

title

Option title.

Type

str

prices

List of price portions.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[telegram.LabeledPrice]

Use In

telegram.Bot.answer_shipping_query()

ShippingQuery

class telegram.ShippingQuery(id, from_user, invoice_payload, shipping_address, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object contains information about an incoming shipping query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their id is equal.

Note: In Python from is a reserved word. Use *from_user* instead.

Parameters

- **id** (str) Unique query identifier.
- **from_user** (telegram.User) User who sent the query.
- invoice_payload (str) Bot specified invoice payload.
- **shipping_address** (*telegram.ShippingAddress*) User specified shipping address.

id

Unique query identifier.

Type

str

from_user

User who sent the query.

Type

telegram.User

invoice_payload

Bot specified invoice payload.

Type

str

shipping_address

User specified shipping address.

Type

telegram. Shipping Address

Available In

```
telegram.Update.shipping_query
```

```
async answer(ok, shipping_options=None, error_message=None, *, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.answer_shipping_query(update.shipping_query.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.answer_shipping_query().

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

SuccessfulPayment

 ${\tt class\ telegram.} {\tt SuccessfulPayment} ({\it currency}, {\it total_amount}, {\it invoice_payload},$

telegram_payment_charge_id, provider_payment_charge_id, shipping_option_id=None, order_info=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object contains basic information about a successful payment.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their telegram_payment_charge_id and provider_payment_charge_id are equal.

Parameters

- **currency** (str) Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.
- total_amount (int) Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 pass amount = 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).
- invoice_payload (str) Bot specified invoice payload.
- **shipping_option_id** (str, optional) Identifier of the shipping option chosen by the user.
- **order_info** (*telegram.OrderInfo*, optional) Order info provided by the user.
- telegram_payment_charge_id (str) Telegram payment identifier.
- provider_payment_charge_id (str) Provider payment identifier.

currency

Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.

```
Type str
```

total_amount

Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 amount is 145. See the exp parameter in currencies.json, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).

```
Type
int
```

invoice_payload

Bot specified invoice payload.

```
Type
```

shipping_option_id

Optional. Identifier of the shipping option chosen by the user.

```
Type
str
```

order_info

Optional. Order info provided by the user.

```
Type
    telegram.OrderInfo
```

telegram_payment_charge_id

Telegram payment identifier.

Type

str

provider_payment_charge_id

Provider payment identifier.

Type

str

Available In

telegram.Message.successful_payment

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

Games

Callbackgame

class telegram.CallbackGame(*, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

A placeholder, currently holds no information. Use BotFather to set up your game.

Available In

telegram.InlineKeyboardButton.callback_game

Game

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a game. Use BotFather to create and edit games, their short names will act as unique identifiers.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *title*, *description* and *photo* are equal.

Parameters

- title (str) Title of the game.
- **description** (str) Description of the game.
- **photo** (Sequence[telegram.PhotoSize]) Photo that will be displayed in the game message in chats.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• text (str, optional) — Brief description of the game or high scores included in the game message. Can be automatically edited to include current high scores for the game when the bot calls telegram.Bot.set_game_score(), or manually edited using telegram.Bot.edit_message_text(). 0-4096 characters.

• **text_entities** (Sequence[*telegram.MessageEntity*], optional) – Special entities that appear in text, such as usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

• **animation** (telegram. Animation, optional) — Animation that will be displayed in the game message in chats. Upload via BotFather.

title

Title of the game.

Type str

description

Description of the game.

Type str

photo

Photo that will be displayed in the game message in chats.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

```
Type
    Tuple[telegram.PhotoSize]
```

text

Optional. Brief description of the game or high scores included in the game message. Can be automatically edited to include current high scores for the game when the bot calls telegram.Bot. set_game_score(), or manually edited using telegram.Bot.edit_message_text(). 0-4096 characters.

```
Type
str
```

text_entities

Optional. Special entities that appear in text, such as usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. This tuple is empty if the message does not contain text entities.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

```
Type
    Tuple[telegram.MessageEntity]
```

animation

Optional. Animation that will be displayed in the game message in chats. Upload via BotFather.

```
Type telegram. Animation
```

Available In

```
telegram.Message.game
```

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

```
See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().
```

parse_text_entities(types=None)

Returns a dict that maps telegram. MessageEntity to str. It contains entities from this message filtered by their type attribute as the key, and the text that each entity belongs to as the value of the dict.

Note: This method should always be used instead of the text_entities attribute, since it calculates the correct substring from the message text based on UTF-16 codepoints. See parse_text_entity for more info.

Parameters

types (List[str], optional) – List of *telegram.MessageEntity* types as strings. If the *type* attribute of an entity is contained in this list, it will be returned. Defaults to *telegram.MessageEntity.ALL_TYPES*.

Returns

A dictionary of entities mapped to the text that belongs to them, calculated based on UTF-16 codepoints.

Return type

Dict[telegram.MessageEntity, str]

parse_text_entity(entity)

Returns the text from a given telegram.MessageEntity.

Note: This method is present because Telegram calculates the offset and length in UTF-16 codepoint pairs, which some versions of Python don't handle automatically. (That is, you can't just slice Message. text with the offset and length.)

Parameters

entity (*telegram.MessageEntity*) – The entity to extract the text from. It must be an entity that belongs to this message.

Returns

The text of the given entity.

Return type

str

Raises

RuntimeError – If this game has no text.

GameHighScore

```
class telegram.GameHighScore(position, user, score, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents one row of the high scores table for a game.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *position*, *user* and *score* are equal.

Parameters

- **position** (int) Position in high score table for the game.
- user (telegram.User) User.
- score (int) Score.

position

Position in high score table for the game.

Type

int

```
user
          User.
             Type
                 telegram.User
     score
          Score.
             Type
                 int
     classmethod de_json(data, bot)
          See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
Passport
Credentials
class telegram.Credentials(secure_data, nonce, *, api_kwargs=None)
     Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
     secure_data
          Credentials for encrypted data
             Type
                 telegram.SecureData
     nonce
          Bot-specified nonce
             Type
                 str
     Available In
        • telegram.EncryptedCredentials.data
        • telegram.EncryptedCredentials.decrypted_data
        • telegram.PassportData.decrypted_credentials
     classmethod de_json(data, bot)
          See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
DataCredentials
class telegram.DataCredentials(data_hash, secret, *, api_kwargs=None)
     Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
     These credentials can be used to decrypt encrypted data from the data field in EncryptedPassportData.
         Parameters
               • data_hash (str) – Checksum of encrypted data
               • secret (str) - Secret of encrypted data
```

hash

Checksum of encrypted data

Type

str

secret

Secret of encrypted data

Type

str

Available In

telegram.SecureValue.data

EncryptedCredentials

class telegram.EncryptedCredentials(data, hash, secret, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Contains data required for decrypting and authenticating EncryptedPassportElement. See the Telegram Passport Documentation for a complete description of the data decryption and authentication processes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *data*, *hash* and *secret* are equal.

Note: This object is decrypted only when originating from telegram. PassportData. decrypted_credentials.

Parameters

- data (telegram. Credentials | str) Decrypted data with unique user's nonce, data hashes and secrets used for EncryptedPassportElement decryption and authentication or base64 encrypted data.
- hash (str) Base64-encoded data hash for data authentication.
- **secret** (str) Decrypted or encrypted secret used for decryption.

data

Decrypted data with unique user's nonce, data hashes and secrets used for EncryptedPassportElement decryption and authentication or base64 encrypted data.

```
Type
```

```
telegram.Credentials|str
```

hash

Base64-encoded data hash for data authentication.

```
Type
```

str

secret

Decrypted or encrypted secret used for decryption.

```
Type
```

str

Available In

telegram.PassportData.credentials

property decrypted_data

Lazily decrypt and return credentials data. This object

also contains the user specified nonce as decrypted data.nonce.

Raises

telegram.error. *PassportDecryptionError* – Decryption failed. Usually due to bad private/public key but can also suggest malformed/tampered data.

Type

telegram.Credentials

property decrypted_secret

Lazily decrypt and return secret.

Raises

telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError – Decryption failed. Usually due to bad private/public key but can also suggest malformed/tampered data.

Type

str

EncryptedPassportElement

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Contains information about documents or other Telegram Passport elements shared with the bot by the user. The data has been automatically decrypted by python-telegram-bot.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their type, data, phone_number, email, files, front_side, reverse_side and selfie are equal.

Note: This object is decrypted only when originating from telegram. PassportData.decrypted_data.

Parameters

- **type** (str) Element type. One of "personal_details", "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "address", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration", "phone_number", "email".
- hash (str) Base64-encoded element hash for using in telegram. PassportElementErrorUnspecified.
- data (telegram.PersonalDetails | telegram.IdDocumentData | telegram. ResidentialAddress | str, optional) Decrypted or encrypted data, available for "personal_details", "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport" and "address" types.
- **phone_number** (str, optional) User's verified phone number, available only for "phone_number" type.

- **email** (str, optional) User's verified email address, available only for "email" type.
- **files** (Sequence[telegram.PassportFile], optional) Array of encrypted/decrypted files with documents provided by the user, available for "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration" and "temporary_registration" types.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

- **front_side** (*telegram.PassportFile*, optional) Encrypted/decrypted file with the front side of the document, provided by the user. Available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card" and "internal_passport".
- reverse_side (telegram.PassportFile, optional) Encrypted/decrypted file with the reverse side of the document, provided by the user. Available for "driver_license" and "identity_card".
- **selfie** (*telegram.PassportFile*, optional) Encrypted/decrypted file with the selfie of the user holding a document, provided by the user; available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card" and "internal_passport".
- **translation** (Sequence[telegram.PassportFile], optional) Array of encrypted/decrypted files with translated versions of documents provided by the user. Available if requested for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration" and "temporary_registration" types.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

type

Element type. One of "personal_details", "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "address", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration", "phone_number", "email".

```
Type str
```

hash

Base64-encoded element hash for using in telegram.PassportElementErrorUnspecified.

```
Type
str
```

data

Optional. Decrypted or encrypted data, available for "personal_details", "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport" and "address" types.

```
Type
    telegram.PersonalDetails | telegram.IdDocumentData | telegram.
    ResidentialAddress|str
```

phone_number

Optional. User's verified phone number, available only for "phone_number" type.

```
Type
str
```

email

Optional. User's verified email address, available only for "email" type.

```
Type
str
```

files

Optional. Array of encrypted/decrypted files with documents provided by the user, available for "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration" and "temporary_registration" types.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.PassportFile]

front_side

Optional. Encrypted/decrypted file with the front side of the document, provided by the user. Available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card" and "internal_passport".

Type

telegram.PassportFile

reverse_side

Optional. Encrypted/decrypted file with the reverse side of the document, provided by the user. Available for "driver_license" and "identity_card".

Type

telegram.PassportFile

selfie

Optional. Encrypted/decrypted file with the selfie of the user holding a document, provided by the user; available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card" and "internal_passport".

Type

telegram.PassportFile

translation

Optional. Array of encrypted/decrypted files with translated versions of documents provided by the user. Available if requested for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration" and "temporary_registration" types.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.PassportFile]

Available In

telegram.PassportData.data

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

classmethod de_json_decrypted(data, bot, credentials)

Variant of telegram. TelegramObject.de_json() that also takes into account passport credentials.

Parameters

• data (Dict[str, ...]) – The JSON data.

- **bot** (telegram. Bot) The bot associated with this object.
- credentials (telegram.FileCredentials) The credentials

Return type

telegram.EncryptedPassportElement

FileCredentials

```
class telegram.FileCredentials(file_hash, secret, *, api_kwargs=None)
```

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

These credentials can be used to decrypt encrypted files from the front_side, reverse_side, selfie and files fields in EncryptedPassportData.

Parameters

- **file_hash** (str) Checksum of encrypted file
- **secret** (str) Secret of encrypted file

hash

Checksum of encrypted file

```
Type
```

str

secret

Secret of encrypted file

Type

str

Available In

- telegram.SecureValue.files
- telegram.SecureValue.front_side
- telegram.SecureValue.reverse_side
- telegram.SecureValue.selfie
- telegram.SecureValue.translation

IdDocumentData

```
\textbf{class} \ \texttt{telegram.IdDocumentData} (\textit{document\_no}, \textit{expiry\_date}, *, \textit{api\_kwargs=None})
```

```
Bases: telegram.TelegramObject
```

This object represents the data of an identity document.

Parameters

- **document_no** (str) Document number.
- $\bullet \ \ \textbf{expiry_date} \ (\texttt{str}) Optional. \ Date \ of \ expiry, in \ DD.MM.YYYY \ format.$

document_no

Document number.

Type

str

expiry_date

Optional. Date of expiry, in DD.MM.YYYY format.

Type

str

Available In

telegram.EncryptedPassportElement.data

PassportData

class telegram.PassportData(data, credentials, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Contains information about Telegram Passport data shared with the bot by the user.

Note: To be able to decrypt this object, you must pass your private_key to either telegram.ext. Updater or telegram.Bot. Decrypted data is then found in decrypted_data and the payload can be found in decrypted_credentials's attribute telegram.Credentials.nonce.

Parameters

data (Sequence[telegram.EncryptedPassportElement]) – Array with encrypted information about documents and other Telegram Passport elements that was shared with the bot.

Changed in version 20.0: Accepts any collections.abc.Sequence as input instead of just a list. The input is converted to a tuple.

 $\bullet \ \ credentials \ (\textit{telegram.EncryptedCredentials})) - Encrypted \ credentials.$

data

Array with encrypted information about documents and other Telegram Passport elements that was shared with the bot.

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[telegram.EncryptedPassportElement]

credentials

Encrypted credentials.

Type

 $telegram. {\it EncryptedCredentials}$

Available In

telegram.Message.passport_data

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().

property decrypted_credentials

Lazily decrypt and return credentials that were used

to decrypt the data. This object also contains the user specified payload as decrypted_data.payload.

Raises

telegram.error. *PassportDecryptionError* – Decryption failed. Usually due to bad private/public key but can also suggest malformed/tampered data.

Type

telegram.Credentials

property decrypted_data

Lazily decrypt and return information

about documents and other Telegram Passport elements which were shared with the bot.

Changed in version 20.0: Returns a tuple instead of a list.

Raises

telegram.error. *PassportDecryptionError* – Decryption failed. Usually due to bad private/public key but can also suggest malformed/tampered data.

Type

Tuple[telegram.EncryptedPassportElement]

PassportElementError

class telegram.**PassportElementError**(source, type, message, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

Baseclass for the PassportElementError* classes.

This object represents an error in the Telegram Passport element which was submitted that should be resolved by the user.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source* and *type* are equal.

Parameters

- **source** (str) Error source.
- **type** (str) The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the error.
- **message** (str) Error message.

source

Error source.

Type

str

type

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the error.

Туре

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()

PassportElementErrorDataField

Bases: telegram.PassportElementError

Represents an issue in one of the data fields that was provided by the user. The error is considered resolved when the field's value changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *field_name*, *data_hash* and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- type (str) The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the error, one of "personal_details", "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "address".
- **field_name** (str) Name of the data field which has the error.
- data_hash (str) Base64-encoded data hash.
- message (str) Error message.

type

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the error, one of "personal_details", "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "address".

Type

str

field_name

Name of the data field which has the error.

Type

str

data_hash

Base64-encoded data hash.

Type

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()

PassportElementErrorFile

class telegram.PassportElementErrorFile(type, file_hash, message, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.PassportElementError

Represents an issue with a document scan. The error is considered resolved when the file with the document scan changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *file_hash*, and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- type (str) The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration".
- **file_hash** (str) Base64-encoded file hash.
- message (str) Error message.

type

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration".

```
Type
```

str

file_hash

Base64-encoded file hash.

```
Type
```

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()

PassportElementErrorFiles

class telegram. PassportElementErrorFiles (type, file_hashes, message, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.PassportElementError

Represents an issue with a list of scans. The error is considered resolved when the list of files with the document scans changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *file_hashes*, and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- **type** (str) The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration".
- **file_hashes** (List[str]) List of base64-encoded file hashes.

• message (str) – Error message.

type

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration".

```
Type
```

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()

property file_hashes

List of base64-encoded file hashes.

Deprecated since version 20.6: This attribute will return a tuple instead of a list in future major versions.

to_dict(recursive=True)

See telegram. TelegramObject.to_dict() for details.

PassportElementErrorFrontSide

class telegram.PassportElementErrorFrontSide(type, file_hash, message, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.PassportElementError

Represents an issue with the front side of a document. The error is considered resolved when the file with the front side of the document changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *file_hash*, and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- **type** (str) The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport".
- **file_hash** (str) Base64-encoded hash of the file with the front side of the document.
- message (str) Error message.

type

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport".

```
Type
```

str

file_hash

Base64-encoded hash of the file with the front side of the document.

Type

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()
```

PassportElementErrorReverseSide

class telegram.PassportElementErrorReverseSide(type, file_hash, message, *, api_kwargs=None)

```
Bases: telegram.PassportElementError
```

Represents an issue with the reverse side of a document. The error is considered resolved when the file with the reverse side of the document changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *file_hash*, and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- **type** (str) The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "driver_license", "identity_card".
- **file_hash** (str) Base64-encoded hash of the file with the reverse side of the document.
- message (str) Error message.

type

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "driver_license", "identity_card".

```
Type
```

str

file_hash

Base64-encoded hash of the file with the reverse side of the document.

```
Type
```

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()

PassportElementErrorSelfie

class telegram.PassportElementErrorSelfie(type, file_hash, message, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.PassportElementError

Represents an issue with the selfie with a document. The error is considered resolved when the file with the selfie changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *file_hash*, and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- **type** (str) The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport".
- **file_hash** (str) Base64-encoded hash of the file with the selfie.
- message (str) Error message.

type

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport".

Type

str

file_hash

Base64-encoded hash of the file with the selfie.

Type

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()

PassportElementErrorTranslationFile

 $Bases:\ telegram. \textit{PassportElementError}$

Represents an issue with one of the files that constitute the translation of a document. The error is considered resolved when the file changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *file_hash*, and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- type (str) Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration".
- **file_hash** (str) Base64-encoded hash of the file.

```
• message (str) – Error message.
```

type

```
Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration".
```

Type

str

file_hash

Base64-encoded hash of the file.

Type

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()

PassportElementErrorTranslationFiles

Bases: telegram.PassportElementError

Represents an issue with the translated version of a document. The error is considered resolved when a file with the document translation changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *file_hashes*, and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- type (str) Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration".
- **file_hashes** (List[str]) List of base64-encoded file hashes.
- message (str) Error message.

type

```
Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration", "temporary_registration".
```

```
Type
```

str

message

Error message.

```
Type
```

str

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()
```

property file_hashes

List of base64-encoded file hashes.

Deprecated since version 20.6: This attribute will return a tuple instead of a list in future major versions.

```
to_dict(recursive=True)
```

See telegram. TelegramObject.to_dict() for details.

PassportElementErrorUnspecified

Bases: telegram.PassportElementError

Represents an issue in an unspecified place. The error is considered resolved when new data is added.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source*, *type*, *element_hash*, and *message* are equal.

Parameters

- type (str) Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue.
- **element_hash** (str) Base64-encoded element hash.
- **message** (str) Error message.

type

Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue.

```
Type
```

str

element_hash

Base64-encoded element hash.

Type

str

message

Error message.

Type

str

Use In

```
telegram.Bot.set_passport_data_errors()
```

PassportFile

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a file uploaded to Telegram Passport. Currently all Telegram Passport files are in JPEG format when decrypted and don't exceed 10MB.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *file_unique_id* is equal.

Parameters

- **file_id** (str) Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_unique_id** (str) Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file_size** (int) File size in bytes.
- **file_date** (int) Unix time when the file was uploaded.

Deprecated since version 20.6: This argument will only accept a datetime instead of an integer in future major versions.

file_id

Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

file_unique_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

```
Type
str
```

file_size

File size in bytes.

```
Type
int
```

Available In

- $\bullet \ \ telegram. Encrypted Pass port Element. files$
- telegram.EncryptedPassportElement.front_side
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. Encrypted Passport Element.reverse_side$
- telegram.EncryptedPassportElement.selfie
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. Encrypted Passport Element. translation$

classmethod de_json_decrypted(data, bot, credentials)

Variant of telegram. TelegramObject.de_json() that also takes into account passport credentials.

Parameters

- data (Dict[str, ...]) The JSON data.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*) The bot associated with this object.
- **credentials** (telegram.FileCredentials) The credentials

Return type

```
telegram.PassportFile
```

classmethod de_list_decrypted(data, bot, credentials)

 $Variant \ of \ telegram. \ Telegram Object. \ de_list() \ that \ also \ takes \ into \ account \ passport \ credentials.$

Changed in version 20.0:

- Returns a tuple instead of a list.
- · Filters out any None values

Parameters

- data (List[Dict[str,...]]) The JSON data.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*) The bot associated with these objects.
- **credentials** (telegram.FileCredentials) The credentials

Return type

Tuple[telegram.PassportFile]

property file_date

Unix time when the file was uploaded.

Deprecated since version 20.6: This attribute will return a datetime instead of a integer in future major versions.

```
Type
```

int

Wrapper over telegram.Bot.get_file(). Will automatically assign the correct credentials to the returned telegram.File if originating from telegram.PassportData.decrypted_data.

For the documentation of the arguments, please see telegram.Bot.get_file().

Returns

```
telegram.File
```

Raises

telegram.error.TelegramError -

```
to_dict(recursive=True)
```

See telegram. TelegramObject.to_dict() for details.

PersonalDetails

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents personal details.

Parameters

- **first_name** (str) First Name.
- middle_name (str) Optional. First Name.
- last_name (str) Last Name.

```
    birth_date (str) - Date of birth in DD.MM.YYYY format.
    gender (str) - Gender, male or female.
```

- **country_code** (str) Citizenship (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code).
- **residence_country_code** (str) Country of residence (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code).
- **first_name_native** (str) First Name in the language of the user's country of residence.
- middle_name_native (str) Optional. Middle Name in the language of the user's country of residence.
- last_name_native (str) Last Name in the language of the user's country of residence.

first_name

First Name.

Type

str

middle_name

Optional. First Name.

Type

str

last_name

Last Name.

Type

str

birth_date

Date of birth in DD.MM.YYYY format.

Type

str

gender

Gender, male or female.

Type

str

country_code

Citizenship (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code).

Type

str

residence_country_code

Country of residence (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code).

Type

str

first_name_native

First Name in the language of the user's country of residence.

Type

str

middle_name_native

Optional. Middle Name in the language of the user's country of residence.

```
Type
```

str

last_name_native

Last Name in the language of the user's country of residence.

```
Type
```

str

Available In

telegram.EncryptedPassportElement.data

ResidentialAddress

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents a residential address.

Parameters

- **street_line1** (str) First line for the address.
- **street_line2** (str) Optional. Second line for the address.
- **city** (**str**) City.
- **state** (str) Optional. State.
- **country_code** (str) ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code.
- post_code (str) Address post code.

street_line1

First line for the address.

```
Type
```

str

street_line2

Optional. Second line for the address.

```
Type
```

str

city

City.

Type

str

state

Optional. State.

Type

str

```
country_code
```

```
ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code.
```

Type

str

post_code

Address post code.

Type

str

Available In

telegram.EncryptedPassportElement.data

SecureData

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents the credentials that were used to decrypt the encrypted data. All fields are optional and depend on fields that were requested.

Parameters

- **personal_details** (*telegram.SecureValue*, optional) Credentials for encrypted personal details.
- passport (telegram. SecureValue, optional) Credentials for encrypted passport.
- **internal_passport** (*telegram.SecureValue*, optional) Credentials for encrypted internal passport.
- driver_license (telegram.SecureValue, optional) Credentials for encrypted driver license.
- identity_card (telegram.SecureValue, optional) Credentials for encrypted ID card
- address (telegram. Secure Value, optional) Credentials for encrypted residential address.
- utility_bill (telegram. SecureValue, optional) Credentials for encrypted utility bill
- bank_statement (telegram.SecureValue, optional) Credentials for encrypted bank statement.
- **rental_agreement** (*telegram.SecureValue*, optional) Credentials for encrypted rental agreement.
- passport_registration (telegram.SecureValue, optional) Credentials for encrypted registration from internal passport.
- **temporary_registration** (*telegram.SecureValue*, optional) Credentials for encrypted temporary registration.

personal_details

Optional. Credentials for encrypted personal details.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

passport

Optional. Credentials for encrypted passport.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

internal_passport

Optional. Credentials for encrypted internal passport.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

driver_license

Optional. Credentials for encrypted driver license.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

identity_card

Optional. Credentials for encrypted ID card

Type

telegram.SecureValue

address

Optional. Credentials for encrypted residential address.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

utility_bill

Optional. Credentials for encrypted utility bill.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

$bank_statement$

Optional. Credentials for encrypted bank statement.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

rental_agreement

Optional. Credentials for encrypted rental agreement.

Type

telegram. Secure Value

passport_registration

Optional. Credentials for encrypted registration from internal passport.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

temporary_registration

Optional. Credentials for encrypted temporary registration.

Type

telegram.SecureValue

Available In

telegram.Credentials.secure_data

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See telegram. TelegramObject.de_json().

SecureValue

class telegram. **SecureValue**(data=None, front_side=None, reverse_side=None, selfie=None, files=None, translation=None, *, api_kwargs=None)

Bases: telegram.TelegramObject

This object represents the credentials that were used to decrypt the encrypted value. All fields are optional and depend on the type of field.

Parameters

- data (telegram.DataCredentials, optional) Credentials for encrypted Telegram Passport data. Available for "personal_details", "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "identity_passport" and "address" types.
- **front_side** (telegram.FileCredentials, optional) Credentials for encrypted document's front side. Available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card" and "internal_passport".
- **reverse_side** (*telegram.FileCredentials*, optional) Credentials for encrypted document's reverse side. Available for "driver_license" and "identity_card".
- **selfie** (*telegram.FileCredentials*, optional) Credentials for encrypted selfie of the user with a document. Can be available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card" and "internal_passport".
- **translation** (List[telegram.FileCredentials], optional) Credentials for an encrypted translation of the document. Available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration" and "temporary_registration".
- **files** (List[telegram.FileCredentials], optional) Credentials for encrypted files. Available for "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration" and "temporary_registration" types.

data

Optional. Credentials for encrypted Telegram Passport data. Available for "personal_details", "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "identity_passport" and "address" types.

Type

telegram.DataCredentials

front side

Optional. Credentials for encrypted document's front side. Available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card" and "internal_passport".

Type

telegram.FileCredentials

reverse_side

Optional. Credentials for encrypted document's reverse side. Available for "driver_license" and "identity_card".

Type

telegram.FileCredentials

selfie

Optional. Credentials for encrypted selfie of the user with a document. Can be available for "passport", "driver_license", "identity_card" and "internal_passport".

Type

telegram.FileCredentials

translation

Optional. Credentials for an encrypted translation of the document. Available for "pass-port", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_passport", "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration" and "temporary_registration".

Changed in version 20.0: This attribute is now an immutable tuple.

Type

Tuple[telegram.FileCredentials]

files

Optional. Credentials for encrypted files. Available for "utility_bill", "bank_statement", "rental_agreement", "passport_registration" and "temporary_registration" types.

Changed in version 20.0:

- This attribute is now an immutable tuple.
- This attribute is now always a tuple, that may be empty.

Type

Tuple[telegram.FileCredentials]

Available In

- telegram.SecureData.address
- telegram.SecureData.bank_statement
- telegram.SecureData.driver_license
- telegram.SecureData.identity_card
- telegram.SecureData.internal_passport
- $\bullet \ \ telegram. Secure Data.pass port_registration$
- telegram.SecureData.passport
- telegram.SecureData.personal_details
- telegram.SecureData.rental_agreement
- telegram.SecureData.temporary_registration
- telegram.SecureData.utility_bill

classmethod de_json(data, bot)

See $telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().$

10.2 telegram.ext package

Extensions over the Telegram Bot API to facilitate bot making

10.2.1 Application

class telegram.ext.**Application**(*, bot, update_queue, updater, job_queue, update_processor, persistence, context_types, post_init, post_shutdown, post_stop)

Bases: typing.Generic, typing.AsyncContextManager

This class dispatches all kinds of updates to its registered handlers, and is the entry point to a PTB application.

Tip: This class may not be initialized directly. Use telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder or builder() (for convenience).

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with application:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await application.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await application.shutdown()
```

Available In

telegram.ext.CallbackContext.application

Returned In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.build()

See also:

```
__aenter__() and __aexit__().
```

Examples

Echo Bot

See also:

Your First Bot, Architecture Overview

Changed in version 20.0:

- Initialization is now done through the telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.
- Removed the attribute groups.

bot

The bot object that should be passed to the handlers.

Type

telegram.Bot

update_queue

The synchronized queue that will contain the updates.

Type

asyncio.Queue

updater

Optional. The updater used by this application.

Type

telegram.ext.Updater

chat_data

A dictionary handlers can use to store data for the chat. For each integer chat id, the corresponding value of this mapping is available as telegram.ext.CallbackContext.chat_data in handler callbacks for updates from that chat.

Changed in version 20.0: *chat_data* is now read-only. Note that the values of the mapping are still mutable, i.e. editing context.chat_data within a handler callback is possible (and encouraged), but editing the mapping application.chat_data itself is not.

Tip:

- Manually modifying chat_data is almost never needed and unadvisable.
- Entries are never deleted automatically from this mapping. If you want to delete the data associated with a specific chat, e.g. if the bot got removed from that chat, please use *drop_chat_data()*.

Type

types.MappingProxyType

user_data

A dictionary handlers can use to store data for the user. For each integer user id, the corresponding value of this mapping is available as telegram.ext.CallbackContext.user_data in handler callbacks for updates from that user.

Changed in version 20.0: *user_data* is now read-only. Note that the values of the mapping are still mutable, i.e. editing context.user_data within a handler callback is possible (and encouraged), but editing the mapping application.user_data itself is not.

Tip:

- Manually modifying user_data is almost never needed and unadvisable.
- Entries are never deleted automatically from this mapping. If you want to delete the data associated with a specific user, e.g. if that user blocked the bot, please use drop_user_data().

Type

types.MappingProxyType

bot_data

A dictionary handlers can use to store data for the bot.

```
Type
```

dict

persistence

The persistence class to store data that should be persistent over restarts.

```
Type
```

```
telegram.ext.BasePersistence
```

handlers

A dictionary mapping each handler group to the list of handlers registered to that group.

See also:

```
add_handler(), add_handlers().
```

Type

Dict[int, List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler]]

error_handlers

A dictionary where the keys are error handlers and the values indicate whether they are to be run blocking.

See also:

```
add_error_handler()
```

Type

Dict[coroutine function, boo1]

context_types

Specifies the types used by this dispatcher for the context argument of handler and job callbacks.

Туре

```
telegram.ext.ContextTypes
```

post_init

Optional. A callback that will be executed by *Application.run_polling()* and *Application.run_webhook()* after initializing the application via *initialize()*.

Type

coroutine function

post_shutdown

Optional. A callback that will be executed by *Application.run_polling()* and *Application.run_webhook()* after shutting down the application via *shutdown()*.

Type

coroutine function

post_stop

Optional. A callback that will be executed by *Application.run_polling()* and *Application.run_webhook()* after stopping the application via stop().

New in version 20.1.

Type

coroutine function

async __aenter__()

Asynchronous context manager which initializes the App.

Returns

The initialized App instance.

Raises

Exception – If an exception is raised during initialization, *shutdown()* is called in this case

```
async __aexit__(exc_type, exc_val, exc_tb)
```

Asynchronous context manager which shuts down the App.

```
__repr__()
```

Give a string representation of the application in the form Application[bot=...].

As this class doesn't implement object.__str__(), the default implementation will be used, which is equivalent to __repr__().

Returns

str

add_error_handler(callback, block=True)

Registers an error handler in the Application. This handler will receive every error which happens in your bot. See the docs of *process_error()* for more details on how errors are handled.

Note: Attempts to add the same callback multiple times will be ignored.

Examples

Errorhandler Bot

See also:

Exceptions, Warnings and Logging

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this error handler. Will be called when an error is raised. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Optional[object], context:

CallbackContext)
```

The error that happened will be present in telegram.ext.CallbackContext.error.

• **block** (bool, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next error handler in *process_error()*. Defaults to True.

add_handler(handler, group=0)

Register a handler.

TL;DR: Order and priority counts. 0 or 1 handlers per group will be used. End handling of update with telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop.

A handler must be an instance of a subclass of <code>telegram.ext.BaseHandler</code>. All handlers are organized in groups with a numeric value. The default group is 0. All groups will be evaluated for handling an update, but only 0 or 1 handler per group will be used. If <code>telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop</code> is raised from one of the handlers, no further handlers (regardless of the group) will be called.

The priority/order of handlers is determined as follows:

• Priority of the group (lower group number == higher priority)

• The first handler in a group which can handle an update (see telegram.ext.BaseHandler. check_update) will be used. Other handlers from the group will not be used. The order in which handlers were added to the group defines the priority.

Warning: Adding persistent *telegram.ext.ConversationHandler* after the application has been initialized is discouraged. This is because the persisted conversation states need to be loaded into memory while the application is already processing updates, which might lead to race conditions and undesired behavior. In particular, current conversation states may be overridden by the loaded data.

Parameters

- handler (telegram.ext.BaseHandler) A BaseHandler instance.
- **group** (int, optional) The group identifier. Default is 0.

add_handlers(handlers, group=0)

Registers multiple handlers at once. The order of the handlers in the passed sequence(s) matters. See add_handler() for details.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- handlers (List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler] | Dict[int, List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler]]) Specify a sequence of handlers or a dictionary where the keys are groups and values are handlers.
- group (int, optional) Specify which group the sequence of handlers should be added to. Defaults to 0.

Example:

```
app.add_handlers(handlers={
    -1: [MessageHandler(...)],
    1: [CallbackQueryHandler(...), CommandHandler(...)]
}
```

static builder()

Convenience method. Returns a new telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.

New in version 20.0.

property concurrent_updates

The number of concurrent updates that will be processed in parallel. A value of 0 indicates updates are *not* being processed concurrently.

Changed in version 20.4: This is now just a shortcut to update_processor. max_concurrent_updates.

See also:

Concurrency

```
Type int
```

create_task(coroutine, update=None, *, name=None)

Thin wrapper around asyncio.create_task() that handles exceptions raised by the *coroutine* with *process_error()*.

Note:

- If *coroutine* raises an exception, it will be set on the task created by this method even though it's handled by *process_error()*.
- If the application is currently running, tasks created by this method will be awaited with stop().

See also:

Concurrency

Parameters

• **coroutine** (awaitable) – The awaitable to run as task.

Changed in version 20.2: Accepts asyncio. Future and generator-based coroutine functions.

Deprecated since version 20.4: Since Python 3.12, generator-based coroutine functions are no longer accepted.

• **update** (object, optional) – If set, will be passed to *process_error()* as additional information for the error handlers. Moreover, the corresponding *chat_data* and *user_data* entries will be updated in the next run of *update_persistence()* after the *coroutine* is finished.

Keyword Arguments

name (str, optional) – The name of the task.

New in version 20.4.

Returns

The created task.

Return type

asyncio.Task

drop_chat_data(chat_id)

Drops the corresponding entry from the *chat_data*. Will also be deleted from the persistence on the next run of *update_persistence()*, if applicable.

Warning: When using *concurrent_updates* or the *job_queue*, *process_update()* or *telegram.ext.Job.run()* may re-create this entry due to the asynchronous nature of these features. Please make sure that your program can avoid or handle such situations.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

chat_id (int) – The chat id to delete. The entry will be deleted even if it is not empty.

drop_user_data(user_id)

Drops the corresponding entry from the *user_data*. Will also be deleted from the persistence on the next run of *update_persistence()*, if applicable.

Warning: When using *concurrent_updates* or the *job_queue*, *process_update()* or *telegram.ext.Job.run()* may re-create this entry due to the asynchronous nature of these features. Please make sure that your program can avoid or handle such situations.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

user_id (int) – The user id to delete. The entry will be deleted even if it is not empty.

async initialize()

Initializes the Application by initializing:

- The bot, by calling telegram.Bot.initialize().
- The updater, by calling telegram.ext.Updater.initialize().
- The *persistence*, by loading persistent conversations and data.
- The update_processor by calling telegram.ext.BaseUpdateProcessor.initialize().

Does *not* call *post_init* - that is only done by *run_polling()* and *run_webhook()*.

See also:

shutdown()

property job_queue

The JobQueue used by the

telegram.ext.Application.

See also:

Job Oueue

Type

telegram.ext.JobQueue

mark_data_for_update_persistence(chat_ids=None, user_ids=None)

Mark entries of chat_data and user_data to be updated on the next run of update_persistence().

Tip: Use this method sparingly. If you have to use this method, it likely means that you access and modify context.application.chat/user_data[some_id] within a callback. Note that for data which should be available globally in all handler callbacks independent of the chat/user, it is recommended to use *bot_data* instead.

New in version 20.3.

Parameters

- chat_ids (int | Collection[int], optional) Chat IDs to mark.
- user_ids (int | Collection[int], optional) User IDs to mark.

migrate_chat_data(message=None, old_chat_id=None, new_chat_id=None)

Moves the contents of <code>chat_data</code> at key <code>old_chat_id</code> to the key <code>new_chat_id</code>. Also marks the entries to be updated accordingly in the next run of <code>update_persistence()</code>.

Warning:

- Any data stored in chat_data at key new_chat_id will be overridden
- The key old_chat_id of chat_data will be deleted
- This does not update the *chat_id* attribute of any scheduled *telegram.ext.Job*.

When using <code>concurrent_updates</code> or the <code>job_queue</code>, <code>process_update()</code> or <code>telegram.ext.Job.run()</code> may re-create the old entry due to the asynchronous nature of these features. Please make sure that your program can avoid or handle such situations.

See also:

Storing Bot, User and Chat Related Data

Parameters

• message (telegram.Message, optional) — A message with either migrate_from_chat_id or migrate_to_chat_id. Mutually exclusive with passing old_chat_id and new_chat_id.

See also:

telegram.ext.filters.StatusUpdate.MIGRATE

- old_chat_id (int, optional) The old chat ID. Mutually exclusive with passing message
- new_chat_id (int, optional) The new chat ID. Mutually exclusive with passing message

Raises

ValueError – Raised if the input is invalid.

async process_error(update, error, job=None, coroutine=None)

Processes an error by passing it to all error handlers registered with add_error_handler(). If one of the error handlers raises telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop, the error will not be handled by other error handlers. Raising telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop also stops processing of the update when this method is called by process_update(), i.e. no further handlers (even in other groups) will handle the update. All other exceptions raised by an error handler will just be logged.

Changed in version 20.0:

- dispatch_error was renamed to process_error().
- Exceptions raised by error handlers are now properly logged.
- telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop is no longer reraised but converted into the return value.

Parameters

- **update** (object | *telegram.Update*) The update that caused the error.
- **error** (Exception) The error that was raised.
- **job** (telegram.ext.Job, optional) The job that caused the error.

New in version 20.0.

• **coroutine** (coroutine function, optional) – The coroutine that caused the error.

Returns

True, if one of the error handlers raised telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop. False, otherwise.

Return type

bool

async process_update(update)

Processes a single update and marks the update to be updated by the persistence later. Exceptions raised by handler callbacks will be processed by *process_error()*.

See also:

Concurrency

Changed in version 20.0: Persistence is now updated in an interval set by telegram.ext. BasePersistence.update_interval.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update|object|telegram.error.TelegramError) - The update to process.

Raises

RuntimeError – If the application was not initialized.

remove_error_handler(callback)

Removes an error handler.

Parameters

callback (coroutine function) – The error handler to remove.

```
remove_handler(handler, group=0)
```

Remove a handler from the specified group.

Parameters

- handler (telegram.ext.BaseHandler) A telegram.ext.BaseHandler instance.
- **group** (object, optional) The group identifier. Default is 0.

Convenience method that takes care of initializing and starting the app, polling updates from Telegram using telegram.ext.Updater.start_polling() and a graceful shutdown of the app on exit.

The app will shut down when KeyboardInterrupt or SystemExit is raised. On unix, the app will also shut down on receiving the signals specified by $stop_signals$.

The order of execution by *run_polling()* is roughly as follows:

- initialize()
- post_init()
- telegram.ext.Updater.start_polling()
- start()
- Run the application until the users stops it
- telegram.ext.Updater.stop()
- stop()
- post_stop()
- shutdown()
- post_shutdown()

Tip:

- When combining python-telegram-bot with other asyncio based frameworks, using this method is likely not the best choice, as it blocks the event loop until it receives a stop signal as described above. Instead, you can manually call the methods listed below to start and shut down the application and the *updater*. Keeping the event loop running and listening for a stop signal is then up to you.
- To gracefully stop the execution of this method from within a handler, job or error callback, use stop_running().

Parameters

• **poll_interval** (float, optional) – Time to wait between polling updates from Telegram in seconds. Default is **0.0**.

- **timeout** (int, optional) Passed to telegram.Bot.get_updates.timeout. Default is 10 seconds.
- **bootstrap_retries** (int, optional) Whether the bootstrapping phase of the *telegram.ext.Updater* will retry on failures on the Telegram server.
 - < 0 retry indefinitely (default)
 - 0 no retries
 - ->0 retry up to X times
- read_timeout (float, optional) Value to pass to telegram.Bot.get_updates. read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Changed in version 20.7: Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE instead of 2.

Deprecated since version 20.7: Deprecated in favor of setting the timeout via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_read_timeout().

• write_timeout (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.Bot. get_updates.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Deprecated since version 20.7: Deprecated in favor of setting the timeout via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_write_timeout().

• connect_timeout (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.Bot. get_updates.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Deprecated since version 20.7: Deprecated in favor of setting the timeout via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_connect_timeout().

• pool_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.Bot. get_updates.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Deprecated since version 20.7: Deprecated in favor of setting the timeout via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_pool_timeout().

- **drop_pending_updates** (bool, optional) Whether to clean any pending updates on Telegram servers before actually starting to poll. Default is False.
- allowed_updates (List[str], optional) Passed to telegram.Bot. get_updates().
- **close_loop** (bool, optional) If True, the current event loop will be closed upon shutdown. Defaults to True.

See also:

asyncio.loop.close()

• stop_signals (Sequence[int]|None, optional) – Signals that will shut down the app. Pass None to not use stop signals. Defaults to signal.SIGINT, signal.SIGTERM and signal.SIGABRT on non Windows platforms.

Caution: Not every asyncio.AbstractEventLoop implements asyncio. loop.add_signal_handler(). Most notably, the standard event loop on Windows, asyncio.ProactorEventLoop, does not implement this method. If this method is not available, stop signals can not be set.

Raises

RuntimeError – If the Application does not have an telegram.ext.Updater.

Convenience method that takes care of initializing and starting the app, listening for updates from Telegram using telegram.ext.Updater.start_webhook() and a graceful shutdown of the app on exit.

The app will shut down when KeyboardInterrupt or SystemExit is raised. On unix, the app will also shut down on receiving the signals specified by $stop_signals$.

If *cert* and *key* are not provided, the webhook will be started directly on http://listen:port/url_path, so SSL can be handled by another application. Else, the webhook will be started on https://listen:port/url_path. Also calls telegram.Bot.set_webhook() as required.

The order of execution by *run_webhook()* is roughly as follows:

- initialize()
- post_init()
- telegram.ext.Updater.start_webhook()
- start()
- Run the application until the users stops it
- telegram.ext.Updater.stop()
- stop()
- post_stop()
- shutdown()
- post_shutdown()

Important: If you want to use this method, you must install PTB with the optional requirement webhooks, i.e.

```
pip install "python-telegram-bot[webhooks]"
```

Tip:

- When combining python-telegram-bot with other asyncio based frameworks, using this method is likely not the best choice, as it blocks the event loop until it receives a stop signal as described above. Instead, you can manually call the methods listed below to start and shut down the application and the *updater*. Keeping the event loop running and listening for a stop signal is then up to you.
- To gracefully stop the execution of this method from within a handler, job or error callback, use stop_running().

See also:

Webhooks

Parameters

- **listen** (str, optional) IP-Address to listen on. Defaults to 127.0.0.1.
- **port** (int, optional) Port the bot should be listening on. Must be one of *telegram.* constants. SUPPORTED_WEBHOOK_PORTS unless the bot is running behind a proxy. Defaults to 80.
- url_path (str, optional) Path inside url. Defaults to `` '` ``
- **cert** (pathlib.Path | str, optional) Path to the SSL certificate file.

- **key** (pathlib.Path | str, optional) Path to the SSL key file.
- **bootstrap_retries** (int, optional) Whether the bootstrapping phase of the *telegram.ext.Updater* will retry on failures on the Telegram server.
 - **–** < 0 retry indefinitely
 - 0 no retries (default)
 - ->0 retry up to X times
- webhook_url (str, optional) Explicitly specify the webhook url. Useful behind NAT, reverse proxy, etc. Default is derived from listen, port, url_path, cert, and key.
- allowed_updates (List[str], optional) Passed to telegram.Bot. set_webhook().
- **drop_pending_updates** (bool, optional) Whether to clean any pending updates on Telegram servers before actually starting to poll. Default is False.
- ip_address (str, optional) Passed to telegram.Bot.set_webhook().
- max_connections (int, optional) Passed to telegram.Bot.set_webhook(). Defaults to 40.
- **close_loop** (bool, optional) If True, the current event loop will be closed upon shutdown. Defaults to True.

See also:

```
asyncio.loop.close()
```

• **stop_signals** (Sequence[int]|None, optional) – Signals that will shut down the app. Pass None to not use stop signals. Defaults to signal.SIGINT, signal.SIGTERM and signal.SIGABRT.

Caution: Not every asyncio.AbstractEventLoop implements asyncio. loop.add_signal_handler(). Most notably, the standard event loop on Windows, asyncio.ProactorEventLoop, does not implement this method. If this method is not available, stop signals can not be set.

• **secret_token** (str, optional) – Secret token to ensure webhook requests originate from Telegram. See telegram. Bot.set_webhook.secret_token for more details.

When added, the web server started by this call will expect the token to be set in the X-Telegram-Bot-Api-Secret-Token header of an incoming request and will raise a http.HTTPStatus.FORBIDDEN error if either the header isn't set or it is set to a wrong token.

New in version 20.0.

property running

Indicates if this application is running.

See also:

```
start(), stop()
```

Type

bool

async shutdown()

Shuts down the Application by shutting down:

- bot by calling telegram.Bot.shutdown()
- updater by calling telegram.ext.Updater.shutdown()
- persistence by calling update_persistence() and BasePersistence.flush()
- update_processor by calling telegram.ext.BaseUpdateProcessor.shutdown()

Does *not* call *post_shutdown* - that is only done by *run_polling()* and *run_webhook()*.

See also:

initialize()

Raises

RuntimeError – If the application is still *running*.

async start()

Starts

- a background task that fetches updates from update_queue and processes them via process_update().
- job_queue, if set.
- a background task that calls update_persistence() in regular intervals, if persistence is set.

Note: This does *not* start fetching updates from Telegram. To fetch updates, you need to either start *updater* manually or use one of *run_polling()* or *run_webhook()*.

Tip: When using a custom logic for startup and shutdown of the application, eventual cancellation of pending tasks should happen only *after* stop() has been called in order to ensure that the tasks mentioned above are not cancelled prematurely.

See also:

stop()

Raises

RuntimeError – If the application is already running or was not initialized.

async stop()

Stops the process after processing any pending updates or tasks created by <code>create_task()</code>. Also stops <code>job_queue</code>, if set. Finally, calls <code>update_persistence()</code> and <code>BasePersistence.flush()</code> on <code>persistence</code>, if set.

Warning: Once this method is called, no more updates will be fetched from *update_queue*, even if it's not empty.

See also:

start()

Note:

- This does *not* stop *updater*. You need to either manually call *telegram.ext.Updater.stop()* or use one of *run_polling()* or *run_webhook()*.
- Does *not* call *post_stop* that is only done by *run_polling()* and *run_webhook()*.

Raises

RuntimeError – If the application is not running.

stop_running()

This method can be used to stop the execution of $run_polling()$ or $run_webhook()$ from within a handler, job or error callback. This allows a graceful shutdown of the application, i.e. the methods listed in $run_polling$ and $run_webhook$ will still be executed.

Note: If the application is not running, this method does nothing.

New in version 20.5.

async update_persistence()

Updates user_data, chat_data, bot_data in persistence along with callback_data_cache and the conversation states of any persistent ConversationHandler registered for this application.

For user_data and chat_data, only those entries are updated which either were used or have been manually marked via mark_data_for_update_persistence() since the last run of this method.

Tip: This method will be called in regular intervals by the application. There is usually no need to call it manually.

Note: Any data is deep copied with copy.deepcopy() before handing it over to the persistence in order to avoid race conditions, so all persisted data must be copyable.

See also:

telegram.ext.BasePersistence.update_interval,mark_data_for_update_persistence()

property update_processor

The update processor used by this application.

See also:

Concurrency

New in version 20.4.

Type

telegram.ext.BaseUpdateProcessor

10.2.2 ApplicationBuilder

class telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder

This class serves as initializer for telegram.ext.Application via the so called builder pattern. To build a telegram.ext.Application, one first initializes an instance of this class. Arguments for the telegram.ext.Application to build are then added by subsequently calling the methods of the builder. Finally, the telegram.ext.Application is built by calling build(). In the simplest case this can look like the following example.

Example

application = ApplicationBuilder().token("TOKEN").build()

Please see the description of the individual methods for information on which arguments can be set and what the defaults are when not called. When no default is mentioned, the argument will not be used by default.

Note:

- Some arguments are mutually exclusive. E.g. after calling token(), you can't set a custom bot with bot() and vice versa.
- Unless a custom telegram. Bot instance is set via bot(), build() will use telegram.ext.ExtBot for the bot.

See also:

Your First Bot, Builder Pattern

application_class(application_class, kwargs=None)

Sets a custom subclass instead of telegram.ext.Application. The subclass's __init__ should look like this

```
def __init__(self, custom_arg_1, custom_arg_2, ..., **kwargs):
    super().__init__(**kwargs)
    self.custom_arg_1 = custom_arg_1
    self.custom_arg_2 = custom_arg_2
```

Parameters

- application_class (type) A subclass of telegram.ext.Application
- **kwargs** (Dict[str, object], optional) Keyword arguments for the initialization. Defaults to an empty dict.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

arbitrary_callback_data(arbitrary_callback_data)

Specifies whether telegram.ext.Application.bot should allow arbitrary objects as callback data for telegram.InlineKeyboardButton and how many keyboards should be cached in memory. If not called, only strings can be used as callback data and no data will be stored in memory.

Important: If you want to use this feature, you must install PTB with the optional requirement callback-data, i.e.

```
pip install "python-telegram-bot[callback-data]"
```

Examples

Arbitrary callback_data Bot

See also:

Arbitrary callback_data

Parameters

arbitrary_callback_data (bool | int) – If True is passed, the default cache size of 1024 will be used. Pass an integer to specify a different cache size.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

base_file_url(base_file_url)

Sets the base file URL for telegram.ext.Application.bot. If not called, will default to 'https://api.telegram.org/file/bot'.

See also:

telegram.Bot.base_file_url, Local Bot API Server, base_url()

Parameters

base_file_url (str) - The URL.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

base_url(base url)

Sets the base URL for telegram.ext.Application.bot. If not called, will default to 'https://api.telegram.org/bot'.

See also:

telegram.Bot.base_url, Local Bot API Server, base_file_url()

Parameters

base_url (str) - The URL.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

bot(bot)

Sets a telegram. Bot instance for telegram.ext.Application.bot. Instances of subclasses like telegram.ext.ExtBot are also valid.

Parameters

bot (telegram.Bot) - The bot.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

Application Builder

build()

Builds a telegram.ext.Application with the provided arguments.

Calls $telegram.ext.JobQueue.set_application()$ and $telegram.ext.BasePersistence.set_bot()$ if appropriate.

Returns

telegram.ext.Application

concurrent_updates(concurrent_updates)

Specifies if and how many updates may be processed concurrently instead of one by one. If not called, updates will be processed one by one.

Warning: Processing updates concurrently is not recommended when stateful handlers like *telegram.ext.ConversationHandler* are used. Only use this if you are sure that your bot does not (explicitly or implicitly) rely on updates being processed sequentially.

Tip: When making requests to the Bot API in an asynchronous fashion (e.g. via block=False, Application.create_task, concurrent_updates() or the JobQueue), it can happen that more requests are being made in parallel than there are connections in the pool. If the number of requests is much higher than the number of connections, even setting pool_timeout() to a larger value may not always be enough to prevent pool timeouts. You should therefore set concurrent_updates(), connection_pool_size() and pool_timeout() to values that make sense for your setup.

See also:

telegram.ext.Application.concurrent_updates

Parameters

concurrent_updates (bool | int | BaseUpdateProcessor) - Passing True
will allow for 256 updates to be processed concurrently using telegram.ext.
SimpleUpdateProcessor. Pass an integer to specify a different number of updates that may be processed concurrently. Pass an instance of telegram.ext.
BaseUpdateProcessor to use that instance for handling updates concurrently.

Changed in version 20.4: Now accepts BaseUpdateProcessor instances.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

connect_timeout(connect_timeout)

Sets the connection attempt timeout for the *connect_timeout* parameter of *telegram.Bot.* request. Defaults to 5.0.

See also:

```
get_updates_connect_timeout()
```

Parameters

```
connect_timeout (float) - See telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.
connect_timeout for more information.
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

connection_pool_size(connection_pool_size)

Sets the size of the connection pool for the *connection_pool_size* parameter of *telegram.Bot.* request. Defaults to 256.

Tip: When making requests to the Bot API in an asynchronous fashion (e.g. via *block=False*, *Application.create_task*, *concurrent_updates()* or the *JobQueue*), it can happen that more

requests are being made in parallel than there are connections in the pool. If the number of requests is much higher than the number of connections, even setting <code>pool_timeout()</code> to a larger value may not always be enough to prevent pool timeouts. You should therefore set <code>concurrent_updates()</code>, <code>connection_pool_size()</code> and <code>pool_timeout()</code> to values that make sense for your setup.

See also:

get_updates_connection_pool_size()

Parameters

connection_pool_size (int) – The size of the connection pool.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

context_types(context_types)

Sets a telegram.ext.ContextTypes instance for telegram.ext.Application. $context_types.$

Examples

Context Types Bot

Parameters

context_types (telegram.ext.ContextTypes) - The context types.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

defaults(defaults)

Sets the telegram.ext.Defaults instance for telegram.ext.Application.bot.

See also:

Adding Defaults to Your Bot

Parameters

defaults (telegram.ext.Defaults) – The defaults instance.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

${\tt get_updates_connect_timeout}(\textit{get_updates_connect_timeout})$

Sets the connection attempt timeout for the telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.connect_timeout parameter which is used for the telegram.Bot.get_updates() request. Defaults to 5.0.

See also:

connect_timeout()

Parameters

```
get_updates_connect_timeout (float) - See telegram.request.
HTTPXRequest.connect_timeout for more information.
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

get_updates_connection_pool_size(get_updates_connection_pool_size)

Sets the size of the connection pool for the telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.connection_pool_size parameter which is used for the telegram.Bot.get_updates() request. Defaults to 1.

See also:

connection_pool_size()

Parameters

get_updates_connection_pool_size (int) – The size of the connection pool.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

get_updates_http_version(get_updates_http_version)

Sets the HTTP protocol version which is used for the http_version parameter which is used in the telegram.Bot.get_updates() request. By default, HTTP/1.1 is used.

See also:

http_version()

Note: Users have observed stability issues with HTTP/2, which happen due to how the h2 library handles cancellations of keepalive connections. See #3556 for a discussion.

You will also need to install the http2 dependency. Keep in mind that the HTTP/1.1 implementation may be considered the "more robust option at this time".

```
pip install httpx[http2]
```

New in version 20.1.

Changed in version 20.2: Reset the default version to 1.1.

Parameters

 $\label{eq:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{get_updates_http_version} \ (str) - Pass \ "2" \ or \ "2.0" \ if \ you'd \ like to use \ HTTP/2 \ for making requests to Telegram. Defaults to "1.1", in which case \ HTTP/1.1 \ is used. \end{tabular}$

Changed in version 20.5: Accept "2" as a valid value.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

get_updates_pool_timeout(get_updates_pool_timeout)

Sets the connection pool's connection freeing timeout for the *pool_timeout* parameter which is used for the *telegram.Bot.get_updates()* request. Defaults to 1.0.

See also:

```
pool_timeout()
```

Parameters

```
get_updates_pool_timeout (float) - See telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.
pool_timeout for more information.
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

get_updates_proxy(get_updates_proxy)

Sets the proxy for the telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.proxy parameter which is used for telegram.Bot.get_updates(). Defaults to None.

See also:

```
proxy()
```

New in version 20.7.

Parameters

proxy (str|httpx.Proxy|httpx.URL) - The URL to a proxy server, a httpx.Proxy
object or a httpx.URL object. See telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.proxy for
more information.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

get_updates_proxy_url(get_updates_proxy_url)

Legacy name for get_updates_proxy(), kept for backward compatibility.

See also:

```
proxy()
```

Deprecated since version 20.7.

Parameters

```
\label{lem:condition} \begin{subarray}{ll} $\tt get\_updates\_proxy\_url. (str | httpx.Proxy | httpx.URL) - See \ telegram.ext. \\ $\tt ApplicationBuilder.get\_updates\_proxy. get\_updates\_proxy. \end{subarray}
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

get_updates_read_timeout(get_updates_read_timeout)

Sets the waiting timeout for the telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.read_timeout parameter which is used for the telegram.Bot.get_updates() request. Defaults to 5.0.

See also:

```
read_timeout()
```

Parameters

get_updates_read_timeout (float) - See telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.
read_timeout for more information.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

get_updates_request(get_updates_request)

Sets a telegram.request.BaseRequest instance for the get_updates_request parameter of telegram.ext.Application.bot.

See also:

request()

Parameters

get_updates_request (telegram.request.BaseRequest) - The request instance.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

get_updates_socket_options(get_updates_socket_options)

Sets the options for the <code>socket_options</code> parameter of <code>telegram.Bot.get_updates_request</code>. Defaults to None.

See also:

socket_options()

New in version 20.7.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\tt get_updates_socket_options} & (Collection[tuple], optional) - Socket options. See \\ {\tt telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.socket_options} & for more information. \\ \end{tabular}$

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

 ${\it Application Builder}$

get_updates_write_timeout(get_updates_write_timeout)

Sets the write operation timeout for the telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.write_timeout parameter which is used for the telegram.Bot.get_updates() request. Defaults to 5.0.

See also:

```
write_timeout()
```

Parameters

get_updates_write_timeout (float) - See telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.
write_timeout for more information.

Returns

474

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

http_version(http_version)

Sets the HTTP protocol version which is used for the http_version parameter of telegram.Bot.request. By default, HTTP/1.1 is used.

See also:

get_updates_http_version()

Note: Users have observed stability issues with HTTP/2, which happen due to how the h2 library handles cancellations of keepalive connections. See #3556 for a discussion.

If you want to use HTTP/2, you must install PTB with the optional requirement http2, i.e.

```
pip install "python-telegram-bot[http2]"
```

Keep in mind that the HTTP/1.1 implementation may be considered the "more robust option at this time".

New in version 20.1.

Changed in version 20.2: Reset the default version to 1.1.

Parameters

http_version (str) – Pass "2" or "2.0" if you'd like to use HTTP/2 for making requests to Telegram. Defaults to "1.1", in which case HTTP/1.1 is used.

Changed in version 20.5: Accept "2" as a valid value.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

job_queue(job_queue)

Sets a telegram.ext.JobQueue instance for telegram.ext.Application.job_queue. If not called, a job queue will be instantiated if the requirements of telegram.ext.JobQueue are installed.

Examples

Timer Bot

See also:

Job Queue

Note:

- telegram.ext.JobQueue.set_application() will be called automatically by build().
- The job queue will be automatically started and stopped by telegram.ext.Application. start() and telegram.ext.Application.stop(), respectively.
- When passing None or when the requirements of telegram.ext. JobQueue are not installed, telegram.ext. ConversationHandler.conversation_timeout can not be used, as this uses telegram.ext.Application.job_queue internally.

Parameters

job_queue (telegram.ext.JobQueue) – The job queue. Pass None if you don't want to use a job queue.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

local_mode(local_mode)

Specifies the value for *local_mode* for the *telegram.ext.Application.bot*. If not called, will default to False.

See also:

Local Bot API Server

Parameters

local_mode (bool) – Whether the bot should run in local mode.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

persistence(persistence)

Sets a telegram.ext.BasePersistence instance for telegram.ext.Application. persistence.

Note: When using a persistence, note that all data stored in <code>context.user_data</code>, <code>context.chat_data</code>, <code>context.bot_data</code> and in <code>telegram.ext.ExtBot.callback_data_cache</code> must be copyable with <code>copy.deepcopy()</code>. This is due to the data being deep copied before handing it over to the persistence in order to avoid race conditions.

Examples

Persistent Conversation Bot

See also:

Making Your Bot Persistent

Warning: If a *telegram.ext.ContextTypes* instance is set via *context_types()*, the persistence instance must use the same types!

Parameters

persistence (telegram.ext.BasePersistence) – The persistence instance.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

pool_timeout(pool_timeout)

Sets the connection pool's connection freeing timeout for the *pool_timeout* parameter of *telegram*. Bot.request. Defaults to 1.0.

Tip: When making requests to the Bot API in an asynchronous fashion (e.g. via *block=False*, *Application.create_task*, *concurrent_updates()* or the *JobQueue*), it can happen that more

requests are being made in parallel than there are connections in the pool. If the number of requests is much higher than the number of connections, even setting <code>pool_timeout()</code> to a larger value may not always be enough to prevent pool timeouts. You should therefore set <code>concurrent_updates()</code>, <code>connection_pool_size()</code> and <code>pool_timeout()</code> to values that make sense for your setup.

See also:

```
get_updates_pool_timeout()
```

Parameters

 ${\tt pool_timeout}$ (float) - See ${\tt telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.pool_timeout}$ for more information.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

post_init(post_init)

Sets a callback to be executed by Application.run_polling() and Application.run_webhook() after executing Application.initialize() but before executing Updater.start_polling() or Updater.start_webhook(), respectively.

Tip: This can be used for custom startup logic that requires to await coroutines, e.g. setting up the bots commands via set_my_commands().

Example

```
async def post_init(application: Application) -> None:
    await application.bot.set_my_commands([('start', 'Starts the bot')])

application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").post_init(post_init).
    ⇒build()
```

Note: If you implement custom logic that implies that you will **not** be using *Application*'s methods $run_polling()$ or $run_webhook()$ to run your application (like it's done in Custom Webhook Bot Example), the callback you set in this method **will not be called automatically**. So instead of setting a callback with this method, you have to explicitly await the function that you want to run at this stage of your application's life (in the example mentioned above, that would be in async with application context manager).

See also:

```
post_stop(), post_shutdown()
```

Parameters

post_init (coroutine function) – The custom callback. Must be a coroutine function and must accept exactly one positional argument, which is the *Application*:

```
async def post_init(application: Application) -> None:
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

post_shutdown(post_shutdown)

Sets a callback to be executed by Application.run_polling() and Application.run_webhook() after executing Updater.shutdown() and Application.shutdown().

Tip: This can be used for custom shutdown logic that requires to await coroutines, e.g. closing a database connection

Example

Note: If you implement custom logic that implies that you will **not** be using *Application*'s methods $run_polling()$ or $run_webhook()$ to run your application (like it's done in Custom Webhook Bot Example), the callback you set in this method **will not be called automatically**. So instead of setting a callback with this method, you have to explicitly await the function that you want to run at this stage of your application's life (in the example mentioned above, that would be in async with application context manager).

See also:

```
post_init(), post_stop()
```

Parameters

post_shutdown (coroutine function) – The custom callback. Must be a coroutine function and must accept exactly one positional argument, which is the *Application*:

```
async def post_shutdown(application: Application) -> None:
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

post_stop(post_stop)

Sets a callback to be executed by Application.run_polling() and Application.run_webhook() after executing Updater.stop() and Application.stop().

New in version 20.1.

Tip: This can be used for custom stop logic that requires to await coroutines, e.g. sending message to a chat before shutting down the bot

Example

Note: If you implement custom logic that implies that you will **not** be using *Application*'s methods $run_polling()$ or $run_webhook()$ to run your application (like it's done in Custom Webhook Bot Example), the callback you set in this method **will not be called automatically**. So instead of setting a callback with this method, you have to explicitly await the function that you want to run at this stage of your application's life (in the example mentioned above, that would be in async with application context manager).

See also:

```
post_init(), post_shutdown()
```

Parameters

post_stop (coroutine function) – The custom callback. Must be a coroutine function and must accept exactly one positional argument, which is the *Application*:

```
async def post_stop(application: Application) -> None:
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

private_key(private_key, password=None)

Sets the private key and corresponding password for decryption of telegram passport data for telegram.ext.Application.bot.

Examples

Passport Bot

See also:

Telegram Passports

Parameters

- **private_key** (bytes | str | pathlib.Path) The private key or the file path of a file that contains the key. In the latter case, the file's content will be read automatically.
- **password** (bytes | str | pathlib.Path, optional) The corresponding password or the file path of a file that contains the password. In the latter case, the file's content will be read automatically.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

```
proxy(proxy)
     Sets the proxy for the proxy parameter of telegram. Bot.request. Defaults to None.
    See also:
     get_updates_proxy()
    New in version 20.7.
        Parameters
            proxy (str | httpx.Proxy | httpx.URL) - The URL to a proxy server, a httpx.Proxy
            object or a httpx.URL object. See telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.proxy for
            more information.
        Returns
            The same builder with the updated argument.
        Return type
            ApplicationBuilder
proxy_url(proxy_url)
    Legacy name for proxy(), kept for backward compatibility.
    See also:
     get_updates_proxy()
    Deprecated since version 20.7.
        Parameters
            proxy_url (str | httpx.Proxy | httpx.URL) - See telegram.ext.
            ApplicationBuilder.proxy.proxy.
        Returns
            The same builder with the updated argument.
        Return type
            ApplicationBuilder
rate_limiter(rate_limiter)
     Sets a telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter instance for the telegram.ext.ExtBot.rate_limiter
     parameter of telegram.ext.Application.bot.
        Parameters
            rate_limiter (telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter) – The rate limiter.
        Returns
            The same builder with the updated argument.
        Return type
            ApplicationBuilder
read_timeout(read_timeout)
     Sets the waiting timeout for the read_timeout parameter of telegram.Bot.request. Defaults to
     5.0.
    See also:
     get_updates_read_timeout()
```

Parameters

read_timeout (float) - See telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.read_timeout
for more information.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

request(request)

Sets a telegram.request.BaseRequest instance for the telegram.Bot.request parameter of telegram.ext.Application.bot.

See also:

```
get_updates_request()
```

Parameters

request (telegram.request.BaseRequest) – The request instance.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

socket_options(socket_options)

Sets the options for the <code>socket_options</code> parameter of <code>telegram.Bot.request</code>. Defaults to None.

See also:

```
get_updates_socket_options()
```

New in version 20.7.

Parameters

socket_options (Collection[tuple], optional) - Socket options. See telegram.
request.HTTPXRequest.socket_options for more information.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

token(token)

Sets the token for telegram.ext.Application.bot.

Parameters

token (str) - The token.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

update_queue(update_queue)

Sets a asyncio. Queue instance for telegram.ext.Application.update_queue, i.e. the queue that the application will fetch updates from. Will also be used for the telegram.ext.Application.updater. If not called, a queue will be instantiated.

See also:

```
telegram.ext.Updater.update_queue
```

Parameters

```
update_queue (asyncio.Queue) - The queue.
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

updater(updater)

Sets a telegram.ext.Updater instance for telegram.ext.Application.updater. The telegram.ext.Updater.bot and telegram.ext.Updater.update_queue will be used for telegram.ext.Application.bot and telegram.ext.Application.update_queue, respectively.

Parameters

updater (telegram.ext.Updater | None) – The updater instance or None if no updater should be used.

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

write_timeout(write_timeout)

Sets the write operation timeout for the write_timeout parameter of telegram.Bot.request. Defaults to 5.0.

See also:

```
get_updates_write_timeout()
```

Parameters

```
write_timeout (float) - See telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.
write_timeout for more information.
```

Returns

The same builder with the updated argument.

Return type

ApplicationBuilder

10.2.3 ApplicationHandlerStop

class telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop(state=None)

```
Bases: Exception
```

Raise this in a handler or an error handler to prevent execution of any other handler (even in different groups).

In order to use this exception in a *telegram.ext.ConversationHandler*, pass the optional *state* parameter instead of returning the next state:

```
async def conversation_callback(update, context):
    ...
    raise ApplicationHandlerStop(next_state)
```

Note: Has no effect, if the handler or error handler is run in a non-blocking way.

Parameters

state (object, optional) – The next state of the conversation.

state

Optional. The next state of the conversation.

```
Type object
```

10.2.4 BaseUpdateProcessor

class telegram.ext.BaseUpdateProcessor(max_concurrent_updates)

Bases: ABC

An abstract base class for update processors. You can use this class to implement your own update processor.

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with processor:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await processor.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await processor.shutdown()
```

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.concurrent_updates()

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.update_processor

See also:

```
__aenter__() and __aexit__().
```

See also:

Concurrency

New in version 20.4.

Parameters

max_concurrent_updates (int) – The maximum number of updates to be processed concurrently. If this number is exceeded, new updates will be queued until the number of currently processed updates decreases.

Raises

ValueError – If max_concurrent_updates is a non-positive integer.

```
async __aenter__()
```

Asynchronous context manager which initializes the Processor.

Returns

The initialized Processor instance.

Raises

Exception – If an exception is raised during initialization, *shutdown()* is called in this case.

```
async __aexit__(exc_type, exc_val, exc_tb)
```

Asynchronous context manager which shuts down the Processor.

abstract async do_process_update(update, coroutine)

Custom implementation of how to process an update. Must be implemented by a subclass.

Warning: This method will be called by *process_update()*. It should *not* be called manually.

Parameters

- **update** (object) The update to be processed.
- **coroutine** (Awaitable) The coroutine that will be awaited to process the update.

abstract async initialize()

Initializes the processor so resources can be allocated. Must be implemented by a subclass.

See also:

shutdown()

property max_concurrent_updates

The maximum number of updates that can be processed concurrently.

```
Type
int
```

final async process_update(update, coroutine)

Calls do_process_update() with a semaphore to limit the number of concurrent updates.

Parameters

- **update** (object) The update to be processed.
- **coroutine** (Awaitable) The coroutine that will be awaited to process the update.

abstract async shutdown()

Shutdown the processor so resources can be freed. Must be implemented by a subclass.

See also:

initialize()

10.2.5 CallbackContext

class telegram.ext.CallbackContext(application, chat_id=None, user_id=None)

This is a context object passed to the callback called by telegram.ext.BaseHandler or by the telegram.ext.Application in an error handler added by telegram.ext.Application.add_error_handler or to the callback of a telegram.ext.Job.

Note: *telegram.ext.Application* will create a single context for an entire update. This means that if you got 2 handlers in different groups and they both get called, they will receive the same *CallbackContext* object (of course with proper attributes like *matches* differing). This allows you to add custom attributes in a lower handler group callback, and then subsequently access those attributes in a higher handler group callback. Note that the attributes on *CallbackContext* might change in the future, so make sure to use a fairly unique name for the attributes.

Warning: Do not combine custom attributes with telegram.ext.BaseHandler.block set to False or telegram.ext.Application.concurrent_updates set to True. Due to how those work, it will almost certainly execute the callbacks for an update out of order, and the attributes that you think you added will not be present.

This class is a Generic class and accepts four type variables:

- 1. The type of bot. Must be telegram. Bot or a subclass of that class.
- 2. The type of user_data (if user_data is not None).
- 3. The type of chat_data (if chat_data is not None).
- 4. The type of bot_data (if bot_data is not None).

Examples

- · Context Types Bot
- · Custom Webhook Bot

See also:

telegram.ext.ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE, Job Queue

Parameters

- application (telegram.ext.Application) The application associated with this context.
- **chat_id** (int, optional) The ID of the chat associated with this object. Used to provide *chat_data*.

New in version 20.0.

• **user_id** (int, optional) – The ID of the user associated with this object. Used to provide *user_data*.

New in version 20.0.

coroutine

Optional. Only present in error handlers if the error was caused by an awaitable run with *Application.create_task()* or a handler callback with *block=False*.

Type

awaitable

matches

Optional. If the associated update originated from a *filters.Regex*, this will contain a list of match objects for every pattern where re.search(pattern, string) returned a match. Note that filters short circuit, so combined regex filters will not always be evaluated.

Type

List[re.Match]

args

Optional. Arguments passed to a command if the associated update is handled by telegram.ext. CommandHandler, telegram.ext.PrefixHandler or telegram.ext.StringCommandHandler. It contains a list of the words in the text after the command, using any whitespace string as a delimiter.

Type

List[str]

error

Optional. The error that was raised. Only present when passed to an error handler registered with telegram.ext.Application.add_error_handler.

```
Type
```

Exception

job

Optional. The job which originated this callback. Only present when passed to the callback of *telegram.ext.Job* or in error handlers if the error is caused by a job.

Changed in version 20.0: *job* is now also present in error handlers if the error is caused by a job.

```
Type
```

telegram.ext.Job

property application

The application associated with this context.

```
Type
```

telegram.ext.Application

property bot

The bot associated with this context.

```
Type
```

telegram.Bot

property bot_data

Optional. An object that can be used to keep any data in. For each update it will be the same *ContextTypes.bot_data*. Defaults to dict.

See also:

Storing Bot, User and Chat Related Data

Type

ContextTypes.bot_data

property chat_data

Optional. An object that can be used to keep any data in. For each update from the same chat id it will be the same *ContextTypes.chat_data*. Defaults to dict.

Warning: When a group chat migrates to a supergroup, its chat id will change and the chat_data needs to be transferred. For details see our wiki page.

See also:

Storing Bot, User and Chat Related Data

Changed in version 20.0: The chat data is now also present in error handlers if the error is caused by a job.

Type

ContextTypes.chat_data

drop_callback_data(callback_query)

Deletes the cached data for the specified callback query.

New in version 13.6.

Note: Will *not* raise exceptions in case the data is not found in the cache. *Will* raise KeyError in case the callback query can not be found in the cache.

See also:

Arbitrary callback_data

Parameters

callback_query (telegram. CallbackQuery) – The callback query.

Raises

KeyError | **RuntimeError** – **KeyError**, if the callback query can not be found in the cache and **RuntimeError**, if the bot doesn't allow for arbitrary callback data.

classmethod from_error(update, error, application, job=None, coroutine=None)

Constructs an instance of telegram.ext.CallbackContext to be passed to the error handlers.

See also:

```
telegram.ext.Application.add_error_handler()
```

Changed in version 20.0: Removed arguments async_args and async_kwargs.

Parameters

- **update** (object | *telegram.Update*) The update associated with the error. May be None, e.g. for errors in job callbacks.
- **error** (Exception) The error.
- application (telegram.ext.Application) The application associated with this context.
- **job** (telegram.ext.Job, optional) The job associated with the error.

New in version 20.0.

• **coroutine** (awaitable, optional) – The awaitable associated with this error if the error was caused by a coroutine run with *Application.create_task()* or a handler callback with *block=False*.

New in version 20.0.

Changed in version 20.2: Accepts asyncio. Future and generator-based coroutine functions.

Returns

```
telegram.ext.CallbackContext
```

classmethod from_job(job, application)

Constructs an instance of telegram.ext.CallbackContext to be passed to a job callback.

See also:

```
telegram.ext.JobQueue()
```

Parameters

- **job** (telegram.ext.Job) The job.
- application (telegram.ext.Application) The application associated with this context.

Returns

```
telegram.ext.CallbackContext
```

classmethod from_update(update, application)

Constructs an instance of telegram.ext.CallbackContext to be passed to the handlers.

See also:

```
telegram.ext.Application.add_handler()
```

Parameters

- update (object | telegram. Update) The update.
- application (telegram.ext.Application) The application associated with this context.

Returns

```
telegram.ext.CallbackContext
```

property job_queue

The JobQueue used by the telegram.ext.Application.

See also:

Job Oueue

Type

telegram.ext.JobQueue

property match

The first match from *matches*. Useful if you are only filtering using a single regex filter. Returns None if *matches* is empty.

Type

re.Match

async refresh_data()

If application uses persistence, calls telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_bot_data() on bot_data, telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_chat_data() on chat_data and telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_user_data() on user_data, if appropriate.

Will be called by telegram.ext.Application.process_update() and telegram.ext.Job.run().

New in version 13.6.

update(data)

Updates self.__slots__ with the passed data.

Parameters

data (Dict[str, object]) - The data.

property update_queue

The asyncio.Queue instance used by the telegram.ext.Application and (usually) the telegram.ext.Updater associated with this context.

Type

asyncio.Queue

property user_data

Optional. An object that can be used to keep any data in. For each update from the same user it will be the same *ContextTypes.user_data*. Defaults to dict.

See also:

Storing Bot, User and Chat Related Data

Changed in version 20.0: The user data is now also present in error handlers if the error is caused by a job.

Type

ContextTypes.user_data

10.2.6 ContextTypes

Bases: typing.Generic

Convenience class to gather customizable types of the telegram.ext.CallbackContext interface.

Examples

ContextTypes Bot

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.context_types()

Available In

- telegram.ext.Application.context_types
- telegram.ext.PicklePersistence.context_types

See also:

Architecture Overview, Storing Bot, User and Chat Related Data

New in version 13.6.

Parameters

- **context** (type, optional) Determines the type of the context argument of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks. Must be a subclass of telegram.ext. CallbackContext. Defaults to telegram.ext.CallbackContext.
- **bot_data** (type, optional) Determines the type of *context.bot_data* of all (error)handler callbacks and job callbacks. Defaults to dict. Must support instantiating without arguments.
- **chat_data** (type, optional) Determines the type of *context.chat_data* of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks. Defaults to dict. Must support instantiating without arguments.
- **user_data** (type, optional) Determines the type of *context.user_data* of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks. Defaults to dict. Must support instantiating without arguments.

DEFAULT_TYPE

Shortcut for the type annotation for the context argument that's correct for the default settings, i.e. if telegram.ext.ContextTypes is not used.

Example

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE):
    ...
```

alias of CallbackContext[ExtBot[None], Dict[Any, Any], Dict[Any, Any], Dict[Any, Any]]

property bot_data

The type of context.bot_data of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks.

property chat_data

The type of *context.chat_data* of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks.

property context

The type of the context argument of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks.

property user_data

The type of *context.user_data* of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks.

10.2.7 Defaults

```
final class telegram.ext.Defaults(parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None, disable_web_page_preview=None, quote=None, tzinfo=datetime.timezone.utc, block=True, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Bases: object

Convenience Class to gather all parameters with a (user defined) default value

Use In

```
telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.defaults()
```

See also:

Architecture Overview, Adding Defaults to Your Bot

Changed in version 20.0: Removed the argument and attribute timeout. Specify default timeout behavior for the networking backend directly via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder instead.

Parameters

- parse_mode (str, optional) Mode for parsing entities. See *telegram.constants*. *ParseMode* and formatting options for more details.
- **disable_notification** (bool, optional) Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **disable_web_page_preview** (bool, optional) Disables link previews for links in this message.
- allow_sending_without_reply (bool, optional) Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **quote** (bool, optional) If set to True, the reply is sent as an actual reply to the message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.
- tzinfo (datetime.tzinfo, optional) A timezone to be used for all date(time) inputs appearing throughout PTB, i.e. if a timezone naive date(time) object is passed somewhere, it will be assumed to be in tzinfo. If the telegram.ext.JobQueue is used, this must be a timezone provided by the pytz module. Defaults to pytz.utc, if available, and datetime.timezone.utc otherwise.

- **block** (bool, optional) Default setting for the *BaseHandler.block* parameter of handlers and error handlers registered through *Application.add_handler()* and *Application.add_error_handler()*. Defaults to True.
- **protect_content** (bool, optional) Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 20.0.

```
__eq__(other)
```

Return self==value.

```
__hash__()
```

Return hash(self).

property allow_sending_without_reply

Optional. Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.

Type

bool

property block

Optional. Default setting for the BaseHandler.block parameter of handlers and error handlers registered through $Application.add_handler()$ and $Application.add_error_handler()$.

Type

bool

property disable_notification

Optional. Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.

Type

bool

property disable_web_page_preview

Optional. Disables link previews for links in this message.

Type

bool

property explanation_parse_mode

Optional. Alias for *parse_mode*, used for the corresponding parameter of *telegram.Bot.* $send_poll()$.

Type

str

property parse_mode

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or URLs in your bot's message.

Type

str

property protect_content

Optional. Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 20.0.

Type

bool

property quote

Optional. If set to True, the reply is sent as an actual reply to the message. If reply_to_message_id is passed, this parameter will be ignored. Default: True in group chats and False in private chats.

```
Type bool
```

property tzinfo

A timezone to be used for all date(time) objects appearing throughout PTB.

```
Type tzinfo
```

10.2.8 ExtBot

Bases: telegram.Bot, typing.Generic

This object represents a Telegram Bot with convenience extensions.

Warning: Not to be confused with telegram. Bot.

For the documentation of the arguments, methods and attributes, please see telegram. Bot.

All API methods of this class have an additional keyword argument rate_limit_args. This can be used to pass additional information to the rate limiter, specifically to telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter.process_request.rate_limit_args.

Warning:

- The keyword argument rate_limit_args can *not* be used, if *rate_limiter* is None.
- The method <code>get_updates()</code> is the only method that does not have the additional argument, as this method will never be rate limited.

Examples

Arbitrary Callback Data Bot

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.bot()

Available In

- telegram.ext.Application.bot
- telegram.ext.BasePersistence.bot
- telegram.ext.CallbackContext.bot
- telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache.bot
- telegram.ext.Updater.bot

See also:

Arbitrary callback_data

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Removed the attribute arbitrary_callback_data. You can instead use bot. callback_data_cache.maxsize to access the size of the cache.

Changed in version 20.5: Removed deprecated methods set_sticker_set_thumb and setStickerSetThumb.

Parameters

- **defaults** (*telegram.ext.Defaults*, optional) An object containing default values to be used if not set explicitly in the bot methods.
- arbitrary_callback_data (bool | int, optional) Whether to allow arbitrary objects as callback data for telegram. InlineKeyboardButton. Pass an integer to specify the maximum number of objects cached in memory. Defaults to False.

See also:

Arbitrary callback_data

• rate_limiter (telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter, optional) – A rate limiter to use for limiting the number of requests made by the bot per time interval.

New in version 20.0.

property callback_data_cache

Optional. The cache for objects passed as callback data for telegram. InlineKeyboardButton.

Examples

Arbitrary Callback Data Bot

Changed in version 20.0: * This property is now read-only. * This property is now optional and can be None if <code>arbitrary_callback_data</code> is set to False.

Type

telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache

property defaults

The telegram.ext.Defaults used by this bot, if any.

async initialize()

See telegram.Bot.initialize(). Also initializes the ExtBot.rate_limiter (if set) by calling telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter.initialize().

insert_callback_data(update)

If this bot allows for arbitrary callback data, this inserts the cached data into all corresponding buttons within this update.

Note: Checks telegram.Message.via_bot and telegram.Message.from_user to figure out if a) a reply markup exists and b) it was actually sent by this bot. If not, the message will be returned unchanged.

Note that this will fail for channel posts, as telegram.Message.from_user is None for those! In the corresponding reply markups, the callback data will be replaced by telegram.ext. InvalidCallbackData.

Warning: In place, i.e. the passed telegram. Message will be changed!

Parameters

update (telegram.Update) - The update.

property rate_limiter

The telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter used by this bot, if any.

New in version 20.0.

async shutdown()

See telegram.Bot.shutdown(). Also shuts down the ExtBot.rate_limiter (if set) by calling telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter.shutdown().

10.2.9 Job

class telegram.ext.Job(callback, data=None, name=None, chat_id=None, user_id=None)

Bases: typing.Generic

This class is a convenience wrapper for the jobs held in a *telegram.ext.JobQueue*. With the current backend APScheduler, *job* holds a apscheduler.job.Job instance.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their id is equal.

This class is a Generic class and accepts one type variable that specifies the type of the argument context of callback.

Important: If you want to use this class, you must install PTB with the optional requirement job-queue, i.e.

pip install "python-telegram-bot[job-queue]"

Note: All attributes and instance methods of *job* are also directly available as attributes/methods of the corresponding *telegram.ext.Job* object.

Warning: This class should not be instantiated manually. Use the methods of *telegram.ext*. *JobQueue* to schedule jobs.

Available In

telegram.ext.CallbackContext.job

See also:

Job Queue

Changed in version 20.0:

- Removed argument and attribute job_queue.
- Renamed Job.context to Job.data.
- Removed argument job

• To use this class, PTB must be installed via pip install "python-telegram-bot[job-queue]".

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- data (object, optional) Additional data needed for the *callback* function. Can be accessed through *Job. data* in the callback. Defaults to None.
- name (str, optional) The name of the new job. Defaults to callback.__name__.
- ${\bf chat_id}\ ({\bf int}, {\bf optional})$ Chat id of the chat that this job is associated with.

New in version 20.0.

 $\bullet \ \ user_id \ (int, optional) - User \ id \ of \ the \ user \ that \ this \ job \ is \ associated \ with.$

New in version 20.0.

callback

The callback function that should be executed by the new job.

Type

coroutine function

data

Optional. Additional data needed for the *callback* function.

Type

object

name

Optional. The name of the new job.

Type

str

chat_id

Optional. Chat id of the chat that this job is associated with.

New in version 20.0.

Type

int

user_id

Optional. User id of the user that this job is associated with.

New in version 20.0.

Type

int

__eq__(other)

Return self==value.

__hash__()

Return hash(self).

```
__repr__()
```

Give a string representation of the job in the form Job[id=..., name=..., callback=..., trigger=...].

As this class doesn't implement object.__str__(), the default implementation will be used, which is equivalent to __repr__().

Returns

stı

property enabled

Whether this job is enabled.

Type

bool

classmethod from_aps_job(aps_job)

Provides the telegram.ext. Job that is associated with the given APScheduler job.

Tip: This method can be useful when using advanced APScheduler features along with *telegram*. *ext.JobQueue*.

New in version 20.4.

Parameters

```
aps_job (apscheduler.job.Job) - The APScheduler job
```

Returns

```
telegram.ext.Job
```

property job

The APS Job this job is a wrapper for.

Changed in version 20.0: This property is now read-only.

Type

```
apscheduler.job.Job
```

property next_t

Datetime for the next job execution. Datetime is localized according to datetime.datetime.tzinfo. If job is removed or already ran it equals to None.

Warning: This attribute is only available, if the *telegram.ext.JobQueue* this job belongs to is already started. Otherwise APScheduler raises an AttributeError.

Type

datetime.datetime

property removed

Whether this job is due to be removed.

Type

bool

async run(application)

Executes the callback function independently of the jobs schedule. Also calls telegram.ext. Application.update_persistence().

Changed in version 20.0: Calls telegram.ext.Application.update_persistence().

Parameters

application (telegram.ext.Application) – The application this job is associated with.

schedule_removal()

Schedules this job for removal from the *JobQueue*. It will be removed without executing its callback function again.

10.2.10 JobQueue

class telegram.ext.JobQueue

Bases: typing.Generic

This class allows you to periodically perform tasks with the bot. It is a convenience wrapper for the AP-Scheduler library.

This class is a Generic class and accepts one type variable that specifies the type of the argument context of the job callbacks (callback) of run_once() and the other scheduling methods.

Important: If you want to use this class, you must install PTB with the optional requirement job-queue, i.e.

pip install "python-telegram-bot[job-queue]"

Examples

Timer Bot

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.job_queue()

Available In

- telegram.ext.Application.job_queue
- telegram.ext.CallbackContext.job_queue

See also:

Architecture Overview, Job Queue

Changed in version 20.0: To use this class, PTB must be installed via pip install "python-telegram-bot[job-queue]".

scheduler

The scheduler.

Warning: This scheduler is configured by <code>set_application()</code>. Additional configuration settings can be made by users. However, calling <code>configure()</code> will delete any previous configuration settings. Therefore, please make sure to pass the values returned by <code>scheduler_configuration</code> to the method call in addition to your custom values. Alternatively, you can also use methods like <code>add_jobstore()</code> to avoid using <code>configure()</code> altogether.

Changed in version 20.0: Uses AsyncIOScheduler instead of BackgroundScheduler

Type

apscheduler.schedulers.asyncio.AsyncIOScheduler

__repr__()

Give a string representation of the JobQueue in the form JobQueue[application=...].

As this class doesn't implement object.__str__(), the default implementation will be used, which is equivalent to __repr__().

Returns

str

property application

The application this JobQueue is associated with.

get_jobs_by_name(name)

Returns a tuple of all pending/scheduled jobs with the given name that are currently in the JobQueue.

Returns

Tuple of all *pending* or *scheduled* jobs matching the name.

Return type

Tuple[Job]

async static job_callback(job_queue, job)

This method is used as a callback for the APScheduler jobs.

More precisely, the func argument of apscheduler.job.Job is set to this method and the arg argument (representing positional arguments to func) is set to a tuple containing the *JobQueue* itself and the *Job* instance.

Tip: This method is a static method rather than a bound method. This makes the arguments more transparent and allows for easier handling of PTBs integration of APScheduler when utilizing advanced features of APScheduler.

Hint: This method is effectively a wrapper for telegram.ext.Job.run().

New in version 20.4.

Parameters

- **job_queue** (*JobQueue*) The job queue that created the job.
- **job** (*Job*) The job to run.

jobs()

Returns a tuple of all *scheduled* jobs that are currently in the *JobQueue*.

Returns

Tuple of all scheduled jobs.

Return type

Tuple[Job]

run_custom(callback, job_kwargs, data=None, name=None, chat_id=None, user_id=None)

Creates a new custom defined Job.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

async def callback(context: CallbackContext)

- job_kwargs (dict) Arbitrary keyword arguments. Used as arguments for apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job().
- **data** (object, optional) Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through *Job. data* in the callback. Defaults to None.

Changed in version 20.0: Renamed the parameter context to data.

- name (str, optional) The name of the new job. Defaults to callback.__name__.
- **chat_id** (int, optional) Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *chat_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• **user_id** (int, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *user_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

Returns

The new *Job* instance that has been added to the job queue.

Return type

```
telegram.ext.Job
```

run_daily(callback, time, days=(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6), data=None, name=None, chat_id=None, user_id=None, job_kwargs=None)

Creates a new *Job* that runs on a daily basis and adds it to the queue.

Note: For a note about DST, please see the documentation of APScheduler.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- **time** (datetime.time) Time of day at which the job should run. If the time-zone (datetime.tzinfo) is None, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless <code>telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo</code> is used.
- days (Tuple[int], optional) Defines on which days of the week the job should run (where 0-6 correspond to sunday saturday). By default, the job will run every day.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed day of the week mapping of 0-6 from monday-sunday to sunday-saturday.

• data (object, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through *Job.data* in the callback. Defaults to None.

Changed in version 20.0: Renamed the parameter context to data.

- name (str, optional) The name of the new job. Defaults to callback.__name__.
- **chat_id** (int, optional) Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *chat_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• **user_id** (int, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *user_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• **job_kwargs** (dict, optional) — Arbitrary keyword arguments to pass to the apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job().

Returns

The new *Job* instance that has been added to the job queue.

Return type

```
telegram.ext.Job
```

Creates a new *Job* that runs on a monthly basis and adds it to the queue.

Changed in version 20.0: The day_is_strict argument was removed. Instead one can now pass -1 to the *day* parameter to have the job run on the last day of the month.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- when (datetime.time) Time of day at which the job should run. If the timezone (when.tzinfo) is None, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.
- day (int) Defines the day of the month whereby the job would run. It should be within the range of 1 and 31, inclusive. If a month has fewer days than this number, the job will not run in this month. Passing -1 leads to the job running on the last day of the month.
- data (object, optional) Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through *Job.data* in the callback. Defaults to None.

Changed in version 20.0: Renamed the parameter context to data.

- name (str, optional) The name of the new job. Defaults to callback.__name__.
- **chat_id** (int, optional) Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *chat_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• **user_id** (int, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *user_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• job_kwargs (dict, optional) — Arbitrary keyword arguments to pass to the apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job().

Returns

The new *Job* instance that has been added to the job queue.

Return type

```
telegram.ext.Job
```

run_once(*callback*, *when*, *data=None*, *name=None*, *chat_id=None*, *user_id=None*, *job_kwargs=None*)

Creates a new *Job* instance that runs once and adds it to the queue.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

async def callback(context: CallbackContext)

- when (int | float | datetime.timedelta | datetime.datetime | datetime. time) Time in or at which the job should run. This parameter will be interpreted depending on its type.
 - int or float will be interpreted as "seconds from now" in which the job should run.
 - datetime.timedelta will be interpreted as "time from now" in which the job should run.
 - datetime.datetime will be interpreted as a specific date and time at which the job should run. If the timezone (datetime.datetime.tzinfo) is None, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults. tzinfo is used.
 - datetime.time will be interpreted as a specific time of day at which the job should run. This could be either today or, if the time has already passed, tomorrow. If the timezone (datetime.tzinfo) is None, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.
- **chat_id** (int, optional) Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *chat_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• **user_id** (int, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding **user_data** will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• data (object, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through *Job. data* in the callback. Defaults to None.

Changed in version 20.0: Renamed the parameter context to data.

- name (str, optional) The name of the new job. Defaults to callback.__name__.
- job_kwargs (dict, optional) Arbitrary keyword arguments to pass to the apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job().

Returns

The new *Job* instance that has been added to the job queue.

Return type

telegram.ext.Job

Creates a new Job instance that runs at specified intervals and adds it to the queue.

Note: For a note about DST, please see the documentation of APScheduler.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

• **interval** (int | float | datetime.timedelta) — The interval in which the job will run. If it is an int or a float, it will be interpreted as seconds.

- **first** (int | float | datetime.timedelta | datetime.datetime | datetime. time, optional) Time in or at which the job should run. This parameter will be interpreted depending on its type.
 - int or float will be interpreted as "seconds from now" in which the job should run.
 - datetime.timedelta will be interpreted as "time from now" in which the job should run.
 - datetime.datetime will be interpreted as a specific date and time at which the job should run. If the timezone (datetime.datetime.tzinfo) is None, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
 - datetime.time will be interpreted as a specific time of day at which the job should run. This could be either today or, if the time has already passed, tomorrow. If the timezone (datetime.tzinfo) is None, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

Defaults to interval

Note: Setting *first* to 0, datetime.datetime.now() or another value that indicates that the job should run immediately will not work due to how the APScheduler library works. If you want to run a job immediately, we recommend to use an approach along the lines of:

```
job = context.job_queue.run_repeating(callback, interval=5)
await job.run(context.application)
```

See also:

```
telegram.ext.Job.run()
```

• last (int | float | datetime.timedelta | datetime.datetime | datetime. time, optional) — Latest possible time for the job to run. This parameter will be interpreted depending on its type. See *first* for details.

If *last* is datetime.datetime or datetime.time type and *last.tzinfo* is None, the default timezone of the bot will be assumed, which is UTC unless *telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo* is used.

Defaults to None.

• data (object, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through *Job.data* in the callback. Defaults to None.

Changed in version 20.0: Renamed the parameter context to data.

- name (str, optional) The name of the new job. Defaults to callback.__name__.
- **chat_id** (int, optional) Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *chat_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• **user_id** (int, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *user_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

• job_kwargs (dict, optional) — Arbitrary keyword arguments to pass to the apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job().

Returns

The new *Job* instance that has been added to the job queue.

Return type

telegram.ext.Job

property scheduler_configuration

Provides configuration values that are used by JobQueue for scheduler.

Tip: Since calling scheduler.configure() deletes any previous setting, please make sure to pass these values to the method call in addition to your custom values:

```
scheduler.configure(..., **job_queue.scheduler_configuration)
```

Alternatively, you can also use methods like add_jobstore() to avoid using configure() altogether.

New in version 20.7.

Returns

The configuration values as dictionary.

Return type

Dict[str, object]

set_application(application)

Set the application to be used by this JobQueue.

Parameters

application (telegram.ext.Application) – The application.

async start()

Starts the JobQueue.

async stop(wait=True)

Shuts down the JobQueue.

Parameters

wait (bool, optional) — Whether to wait until all currently running jobs have finished. Defaults to True.

10.2.11 SimpleUpdateProcessor

class telegram.ext.SimpleUpdateProcessor(max_concurrent_updates)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseUpdateProcessor

Instance of telegram.ext.BaseUpdateProcessor that immediately awaits the coroutine, i.e. does not apply any additional processing. This is used by default when telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.concurrent_updates is int.

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.concurrent_updates()

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.update_processor

New in version 20.4.

```
async do_process_update(update, coroutine)
```

Immediately awaits the coroutine, i.e. does not apply any additional processing.

Parameters

- **update** (object) The update to be processed.
- **coroutine** (Awaitable) The coroutine that will be awaited to process the update.

```
async initialize()
```

Does nothing.

async shutdown()

Does nothing.

10.2.12 **Updater**

```
class telegram.ext.Updater(bot, update_queue)
```

```
Bases: typing.AsyncContextManager
```

This class fetches updates for the bot either via long polling or by starting a webhook server. Received updates are enqueued into the *update_queue* and may be fetched from there to handle them appropriately.

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with updater:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await updater.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await updater.shutdown()
```

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.updater()

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.updater

See also:

```
__aenter__() and __aexit__().
```

See also:

Architecture Overview, Builder Pattern

Changed in version 20.0:

- Removed argument and attribute user_sig_handler
- The only arguments and attributes are now bot and update_queue as now the sole purpose of this class is to fetch updates. The entry point to a PTB application is now telegram.ext.Application.

Parameters

• **bot** (telegram.Bot) – The bot used with this Updater.

```
• update_queue (asyncio.Queue) – Queue for the updates.
bot
     The bot used with this Updater.
        Type
             telegram.Bot
update_queue
     Queue for the updates.
        Type
             asyncio.Queue
async __aenter__()
     Asynchronous context manager which initializes the Updater.
             The initialized Updater instance.
        Raises
             Exception – If an exception is raised during initialization, shutdown() is called in this
             case.
async __aexit__(exc_type, exc_val, exc_tb)
     Asynchronous context manager which shuts down the Updater.
__repr__()
     Give a string representation of the updater in the form Updater[bot=...].
     As this class doesn't implement object.__str__(), the default implementation will be used, which
     is equivalent to __repr__().
        Returns
async initialize()
     Initializes the Updater & the associated bot by calling telegram.Bot.initialize().
     See also:
     shutdown()
async shutdown()
     Shutdown the Updater & the associated bot by calling telegram.Bot.shutdown().
     See also:
     initialize()
        Raises
             RuntimeError – If the updater is still running.
async start_polling(poll_interval=0.0, timeout=10, bootstrap_retries=-1, read_timeout=None,
                        write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                        allowed_updates=None, drop_pending_updates=None, error_callback=None)
     Starts polling updates from Telegram.
     Changed in version 20.0: Removed the clean argument in favor of drop_pending_updates.
        Parameters
```

• poll_interval (float, optional) - Time to wait between polling updates from Tele-

gram in seconds. Default is 0.0.

- timeout (int, optional) Passed to telegram.Bot.get_updates.timeout. Defaults to 10 seconds.
- **bootstrap_retries** (int, optional) Whether the bootstrapping phase of the *telegram.ext.Updater* will retry on failures on the Telegram server.
 - < 0 retry indefinitely (default)
 - 0 no retries
 - ->0 retry up to X times
- read_timeout (float, optional) Value to pass to telegram.Bot.get_updates. read_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Changed in version 20.7: Defaults to *DEFAULT_NONE* instead of 2.

Deprecated since version 20.7: Deprecated in favor of setting the timeout via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_read_timeout() or telegram.Bot.get_updates_request.

• write_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.Bot. get_updates.write_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Deprecated since version 20.7: Deprecated in favor of setting the timeout via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_write_timeout() or telegram.Bot.get_updates_request.

• connect_timeout (float | None, optional) — Value to pass to telegram.Bot. get_updates.connect_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Deprecated since version 20.7: Deprecated in favor of setting the timeout via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_connect_timeout() or telegram.Bot.get_updates_request.

• pool_timeout (float | None, optional) - Value to pass to telegram.Bot. get_updates.pool_timeout. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.

Deprecated since version 20.7: Deprecated in favor of setting the timeout via telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_pool_timeout() or telegram.Bot.get_updates_request.

- allowed_updates (List[str], optional) Passed to telegram.Bot. get_updates().
- **drop_pending_updates** (bool, optional) Whether to clean any pending updates on Telegram servers before actually starting to poll. Default is False.

New in version 13.4.

• error_callback (Callable[[telegram.error.TelegramError], None], optional)

— Callback to handle telegram.error.TelegramError s that occur while calling telegram.Bot.get_updates() during polling. Defaults to None, in which case errors will be logged. Callback signature:

```
def callback(error: telegram.error.TelegramError)
```

Note: The *error_callback* must *not* be a coroutine function! If asynchronous behavior of the callback is wanted, please schedule a task from within the callback.

Returns

The update queue that can be filled from the main thread.

Return type

asyncio.Queue

Raises

RuntimeError – If the updater is already running or was not initialized.

```
async start_webhook(listen='127.0.0.1', port=80, url_path='', cert=None, key=None, bootstrap_retries=0, webhook_url=None, allowed_updates=None, drop_pending_updates=None, ip_address=None, max_connections=40, secret_token=None)
```

Starts a small http server to listen for updates via webhook. If *cert* and *key* are not provided, the webhook will be started directly on http://listen:port/url_path, so SSL can be handled by another application. Else, the webhook will be started on https://listen:port/url_path. Also calls *telegram.Bot.set_webhook()* as required.

Important: If you want to use this method, you must install PTB with the optional requirement webhooks, i.e.

```
pip install "python-telegram-bot[webhooks]"
```

See also:

Webhooks

Changed in version 13.4: $start_webhook()$ now always calls $telegram.Bot.set_webhook()$, so pass webhook_url instead of calling updater.bot.set_webhook(webhook_url) manually.

Changed in version 20.0:

• Removed the clean argument in favor of *drop_pending_updates* and removed the deprecated argument force_event_loop.

Parameters

- **listen** (str, optional) IP-Address to listen on. Defaults to 127.0.0.1.
- **port** (int, optional) Port the bot should be listening on. Must be one of *telegram*. *constants*. *SUPPORTED_WEBHOOK_PORTS* unless the bot is running behind a proxy. Defaults to 80.
- url_path (str, optional) Path inside url (http(s)://listen:port/<url_path>). Defaults to ''.
- **cert** (pathlib.Path | str, optional) Path to the SSL certificate file.
- **key** (pathlib.Path | str, optional) Path to the SSL key file.
- **drop_pending_updates** (bool, optional) Whether to clean any pending updates on Telegram servers before actually starting to poll. Default is False.

New in version 13.4.

- **bootstrap_retries** (int, optional) Whether the bootstrapping phase of the *telegram.ext.Updater* will retry on failures on the Telegram server.
 - < 0 retry indefinitely
 - 0 no retries (default)
 - > 0 retry up to X times
- webhook_url (str, optional) Explicitly specify the webhook url. Useful behind NAT, reverse proxy, etc. Default is derived from listen, port, url_path, cert, and key.
- **ip_address** (str, optional) Passed to telegram.Bot.set_webhook(). Defaults to None.

New in version 13.4.

- allowed_updates (List[str], optional) Passed to telegram.Bot. set_webhook(). Defaults to None.
- max_connections (int, optional) Passed to telegram.Bot.set_webhook(). Defaults to 40.

New in version 13.6.

• **secret_token** (str, optional) – Passed to *telegram.Bot.set_webhook()*. Defaults to None.

When added, the web server started by this call will expect the token to be set in the X-Telegram-Bot-Api-Secret-Token header of an incoming request and will raise a http.HTTPStatus.FORBIDDEN error if either the header isn't set or it is set to a wrong token.

New in version 20.0.

Returns

The update queue that can be filled from the main thread.

Return type

queue.Queue

Raises

RuntimeError – If the updater is already running or was not initialized.

async stop()

Stops the polling/webhook.

See also:

```
start_polling(), start_webhook()
```

Raises

RuntimeError – If the updater is not running.

10.2.13 Handlers

BaseHandler

class telegram.ext.BaseHandler(callback, block=True)

Bases: typing.Generic, ABC

The base class for all update handlers. Create custom handlers by inheriting from it.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

This class is a Generic class and accepts two type variables:

- 1. The type of the updates that this handler will handle. Must coincide with the type of the first argument of *callback*. *check_update()* must only accept updates of this type.
- 2. The type of the second argument of callback. Must coincide with the type of the parameters handle_update.context and collect_additional_context.context as well as the second argument of callback. Must be either CallbackContext or a subclass of that class.

Tip: For this type variable, one should usually provide a TypeVar that is also used for the mentioned method arguments. That way, a type checker can check whether this handler fits the definition of the *Application*.

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

See also:

Types of Handlers

Changed in version 20.0:

- The attribute run_async is now *block*.
- This class was previously named Handler.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way.

Type

bool

```
__repr__()
```

Give a string representation of the handler in the form ClassName[callback=...].

As this class doesn't implement object. $_$ str $_$ (), the default implementation will be used, which is equivalent to $_$ repr $_$ ().

Returns

str

abstract check_update(update)

This method is called to determine if an update should be handled by this handler instance. It should always be overridden.

Note: Custom updates types can be handled by the application. Therefore, an implementation of this method should always check the type of *update*.

Parameters

update (object | telegram.Update) - The update to be tested.

Returns

Either None or False if the update should not be handled. Otherwise an object that will be passed to <code>handle_update()</code> and <code>collect_additional_context()</code> when the update gets handled.

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check_result)

Prepares additional arguments for the context. Override if needed.

Parameters

- **context** (telegram.ext.CallbackContext) The context object.
- update (telegram. Update) The update to gather chat/user id from.
- application (telegram.ext.Application) The calling application.
- **check_result** The result (return value) from **check_update()**.

async handle_update(update, application, check_result, context)

This method is called if it was determined that an update should indeed be handled by this instance. Calls *callback* along with its respectful arguments. To work with the *telegram.ext*. *ConversationHandler*, this method returns the value returned from *callback*. Note that it can be overridden if needed by the subclassing handler.

Parameters

- **update** (str | telegram. Update) The update to be handled.
- application (telegram.ext.Application) The calling application.
- **check_result** (object) The result from *check_update(*).
- context (telegram.ext.CallbackContext) The context as provided by the application.

CallbackQueryHandler

class telegram.ext.CallbackQueryHandler(callback, pattern=None, block=True)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle Telegram callback queries. Optionally based on a regex.

Read the documentation of the re module for more information.

Note:

• If your bot allows arbitrary objects as <code>callback_data</code>, it may happen that the original <code>callback_data</code> for the incoming <code>telegram.CallbackQuery</code> can not be found. This is the case when either a malicious client tempered with the <code>telegram.CallbackQuery.data</code> or the data was simply dropped from cache or not persisted. In these cases, an instance of <code>telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData</code> will be set as <code>telegram.CallbackQuery.data</code>.

New in version 13.6.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

- pattern (str | re.Pattern | callable | type, optional) Pattern to test telegram. CallbackQuery.data against. If a string or a regex pattern is passed, re.match() is used on telegram.CallbackQuery.data to determine if an update should be handled by this handler. If your bot allows arbitrary objects as callback_data, non-strings will be accepted. To filter arbitrary objects you may pass:
 - a callable, accepting exactly one argument, namely the telegram. CallbackQuery.
 data. It must return True or False/None to indicate, whether the update should be handled.
- a type. If telegram. CallbackQuery. data is an instance of that type (or a subclass), the update will be handled.

If telegram. CallbackQuery.data is None, the telegram. CallbackQuery update will not be handled.

See also:

Arbitrary callback_data

Changed in version 13.6: Added support for arbitrary callback data.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

pattern

Optional. Regex pattern, callback or type to test telegram. CallbackQuery.data against.

Changed in version 13.6: Added support for arbitrary callback data.

Type

re.Pattern|callable|type

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.

Returns

bool

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check_result)

Add the result of re.match(pattern, update.callback_query.data) to <code>CallbackContext.matches</code> as list with one element.

ChatJoinRequestHandler

class telegram.ext.ChatJoinRequestHandler(callback, chat_id=None, username=None, block=True)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain telegram. Update.chat_join_request.

Note: If neither of *username* and the *chat_id* are passed, this handler accepts *any* join request. Otherwise, this handler accepts all requests to join chats for which the chat ID is listed in *chat_id* or the username is listed in *username*, or both.

New in version 20.0.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. ext.CallbackContext. See its docs for more info.

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

New in version 13.8.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **chat_id** (int | Collection[int], optional) – Filters requests to allow only those which are asking to join the specified chat ID(s).

New in version 20.0.

• **username** (str | Collection[str], optional) – Filters requests to allow only those which are asking to join the specified username(s).

New in version 20.0.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application. process_update()*. Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type

bool

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.

Returns

bool

ChatMemberHandler

class telegram.ext.ChatMemberHandler(callback, chat_member_types=-1, block=True)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain a chat member update.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Examples

Chat Member Bot

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

New in version 13.4.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• chat_member_types (int, optional) — Pass one of MY_CHAT_MEMBER, CHAT_MEMBER or ANY_CHAT_MEMBER to specify if this handler should handle only updates with telegram.Update.my_chat_member, telegram.Update.chat_member or both. Defaults to MY_CHAT_MEMBER.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

callback

The callback function for this handler.

```
Type
```

coroutine function

chat_member_types

Optional. Specifies if this handler should handle only updates with telegram. Update. my_chat_member, telegram. Update.chat_member or both.

```
Type int
```

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

```
Type
```

bool

$ANY_CHAT_MEMBER = 1$

Used as a constant to handle both telegram. Update.my_chat_member and telegram. Update. chat_member.

```
Type int
```

$CHAT_MEMBER = 0$

Used as a constant to handle only telegram. Update.chat_member.

```
Type
int
```

$MY_CHAT_MEMBER = -1$

Used as a constant to handle only telegram. Update.my_chat_member.

```
Type int
```

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

```
update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.
```

Returns

bool

ChosenInlineResultHandler

class telegram.ext.ChosenInlineResultHandler(callback, block=True, pattern=None)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain telegram. Update.chosen_inline_result.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application. process_update()*. Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

• pattern (str | re.Pattern, optional) — Regex pattern. If not None, re.match() is used on telegram.ChosenInlineResult.result_id to determine if an update should be handled by this handler. This is accessible in the callback as telegram.ext. CallbackContext.matches.

New in version 13.6.

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

Type

bool

pattern

Optional. Regex pattern to test telegram.ChosenInlineResult.result_id against.

New in version 13.6.

Type

Pattern

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

```
check_update(update)
```

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.

Returns

bool | re.match

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check result)

This function adds the matched regex pattern result to telegram.ext.CallbackContext.matches.

CommandHandler

class telegram.ext.CommandHandler(command, callback, filters=None, block=True, has_args=None)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle Telegram commands.

Commands are Telegram messages that start with /, optionally followed by an @ and the bot's name and/or some additional text. The handler will add a list to the <code>CallbackContext</code> named <code>CallbackContext</code>. args. It will contain a list of strings, which is the text following the command split on single or consecutive whitespace characters.

By default, the handler listens to messages as well as edited messages. To change this behavior use $\sim filters.UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE$ in the filter argument.

Note: CommandHandler does not handle (edited) channel posts and does not handle commands that are part of a caption. Please use MessageHandler with a suitable combination of filters (e.g. telegram.ext.filters.UpdateType.CHANNEL_POSTS, telegram.ext.filters.CAPTION and telegram.ext.filters.Regex) to handle those messages.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext.CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Examples

- Timer Bot
- Error Handler Bot

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

Changed in version 20.0:

- Renamed the attribute command to commands, which now is always a frozenset
- Updating the commands this handler listens to is no longer possible.

Parameters

• **command** (str | Collection[str]) — The command or list of commands this handler should listen for. Case-insensitive. Limitations are the same as for *telegram*. BotCommand.command.

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

- **filters** (telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter, optional) A filter inheriting from telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter. Standard filters can be found in telegram.ext.filters. Filters can be combined using bitwise operators (& for and, | for or, ~ for not)
- **block** (bool, optional) Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

• has_args (bool | int, optional) — Determines whether the command handler should process the update or not. If True, the handler will process any non-zero number of args. If False, the handler will only process if there are no args. if int, the handler will only process if there are exactly that many args. Defaults to None, which means the handler will process any or no args.

New in version 20.5.

Raises

ValueError – When the command is too long or has illegal chars.

commands

The set of commands this handler should listen for.

```
Type
```

FrozenSet[str]

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

filters

Optional. Only allow updates with these filters.

Type

```
telegram.ext.filters. \textit{BaseFilter}
```

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

Type

bool

has_args

Optional argument, otherwise all implementations of *CommandHandler* will break. Defaults to None, which means the handler will process any args or no args.

New in version 20.5.

Type

bool | int | None

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.

Returns

The list of args for the handler.

Return type

list

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check_result)

Add text after the command to CallbackContext.args as list, split on single whitespaces and add output of data filters to CallbackContext as well.

ConversationHandler

per_chat=True, per_user=True, per_message=False, conversation_timeout=None, name=None, persistent=False, map_to_parent=None, block=True)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

A handler to hold a conversation with a single or multiple users through Telegram updates by managing three collections of other handlers.

Warning: ConversationHandler heavily relies on incoming updates being processed one by one. When using this handler, telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.concurrent_updates should be set to False.

Note: ConversationHandler will only accept updates that are (subclass-)instances of telegram. Update. This is, because depending on the per_user and per_chat, ConversationHandler relies on telegram. Update.effective_user and/or telegram. Update.effective_chat in order to determine which conversation an update should belong to. For per_message=True, ConversationHandler uses update.callback_query.message.message_id when per_chat=True and update.callback_query.inline_message_id when per_chat=False. For a more detailed explanation, please see our FAQ.

Finally, ConversationHandler, does not handle (edited) channel posts.

The first collection, a list named <code>entry_points</code>, is used to initiate the conversation, for example with a <code>telegram.ext.CommandHandler</code> or <code>telegram.ext.MessageHandler</code>.

The second collection, a dict named *states*, contains the different conversation steps and one or more associated handlers that should be used if the user sends a message when the conversation with them is currently in that state. Here you can also define a state for *TIMEOUT* to define the behavior when *conversation_timeout* is exceeded, and a state for *WAITING* to define behavior when a new update is received while the previous *block=False* handler is not finished.

The third collection, a list named *fallbacks*, is used if the user is currently in a conversation but the state has either no associated handler or the handler that is associated to the state is inappropriate for the update, for example if the update contains a command, but a regular text message is expected. You could use this for a /cancel command or to let the user know their message was not recognized.

To change the state of conversation, the callback function of a handler must return the new state after responding to the user. If it does not return anything (returning None by default), the state will not change. If an entry point callback function returns None, the conversation ends immediately after the execution of

this callback function. To end the conversation, the callback function must return *END* or -1. To handle the conversation timeout, use handler *TIMEOUT* or -2. Finally, *telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop* can be used in conversations as described in its documentation.

Note: In each of the described collections of handlers, a handler may in turn be a *ConversationHandler*. In that case, the child *ConversationHandler* should have the attribute *map_to_parent* which allows returning to the parent conversation at specified states within the child conversation.

Note that the keys in <code>map_to_parent</code> must not appear as keys in <code>states</code> attribute or else the latter will be ignored. You may map <code>END</code> to one of the parents states to continue the parent conversation after the child conversation has ended or even map a state to <code>END</code> to end the <code>parent</code> conversation from within the child conversation. For an example on nested <code>ConversationHandler</code> s, see <code>nestedconversationbot.py</code>.

Examples

- Conversation Bot
- Conversation Bot 2
- Nested Conversation Bot
- Persistent Conversation Bot

Parameters

- entry_points (List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler]) A list of BaseHandler objects that can trigger the start of the conversation. The first handler whose check_update() method returns True will be used. If all return False, the update is not handled.
- **states** (Dict[object, List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler]]) A dict that defines the different states of conversation a user can be in and one or more associated BaseHandler objects that should be used in that state. The first handler whose check_update() method returns True will be used.
- **fallbacks** (List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler]) A list of handlers that might be used if the user is in a conversation, but every handler for their current state returned False on check_update(). The first handler which check_update() method returns True will be used. If all return False, the update is not handled.
- **allow_reentry** (bool, optional) If set to True, a user that is currently in a conversation can restart the conversation by triggering one of the entry points. Default is False.
- **per_chat** (bool, optional) If the conversation key should contain the Chat's ID. Default is True.
- **per_user** (bool, optional) If the conversation key should contain the User's ID. Default is True.
- per_message (bool, optional) If the conversation key should contain the Message's ID. Default is False.
- **conversation_timeout** (float | datetime.timedelta, optional) When this handler is inactive more than this timeout (in seconds), it will be automatically ended. If this value is 0 or None (default), there will be no timeout. The last received update and the corresponding *context* will be handled by *ALL* the handler's whose *check_update()* method returns True that are in the state *ConversationHandler.TIMEOUT*.

Caution:		

- This feature relies on the telegram.ext.Application.job_queue being set and hence requires that the dependencies that telegram.ext.JobQueue relies on are installed.
- Using conversation_timeout with nested conversations is currently not supported. You can still try to use it, but it will likely behave differently from what you expect.
- name (str, optional) The name for this conversation handler. Required for persistence.
- **persistent** (bool, optional) If the conversation's dict for this handler should be saved. *name* is required and persistence has to be set in *Application*.

Changed in version 20.0: Was previously named as persistence.

- map_to_parent (Dict[object, object], optional) A dict that can be used to instruct a child conversation handler to transition into a mapped state on its parent conversation handler in place of a specified nested state.
- **block** (bool, optional) Pass False or True to set a default value for the *BaseHandler.block* setting of all handlers (in *entry_points*, *states* and *fallbacks*). The resolution order for checking if a handler should be run non-blocking is:
 - 1. telegram.ext.BaseHandler.block (if set)
- 2. the value passed to this parameter (if any)
- 3. telegram.ext.Defaults.block (if defaults are used)

See also:

Concurrency

Changed in version 20.0: No longer overrides the handlers settings. Resolution order was changed.

Raises

ValueError — If *persistent* is used but *name* was not set, or when *per_message*, *per_chat*, *per_user* are all False.

block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way. Always True since conversation handlers handle any non-blocking callbacks internally.

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

END = -1

Used as a constant to return when a conversation is ended.

Type

int

TIMEOUT = -2

Used as a constant to handle state when a conversation is timed out (exceeded conversation_timeout).

Type

int

WAITING = -3

Used as a constant to handle state when a conversation is still waiting on the previous *block=False* handler to finish.

Type

int

__repr__()

Give a string representation of the ConversationHandler in the form ConversationHandler[name=.

```
.., states={...}].
```

If there are more than 3 states, only the first 3 states are listed.

As this class doesn't implement object.__str__(), the default implementation will be used, which is equivalent to __repr__().

Returns

str

property allow_reentry

Determines if a user can restart a conversation with an entry point.

Type

bool

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be handled by this conversation handler, and if so in which state the conversation currently is.

Parameters

```
update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.
```

Returns

bool

property conversation_timeout

Optional. When this handler is inactive more than this timeout (in seconds), it will be automatically ended.

Type

```
float | datetime.timedelta
```

property entry_points

A list of BaseHandler objects that can trigger the start of the conversation.

Type

List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler]

property fallbacks

A list of handlers that might be used if the user is in a conversation, but every handler for their current state returned False on *check_update()*.

Type

List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler]

async handle_update(update, application, check_result, context)

Send the update to the callback for the current state and BaseHandler

Parameters

- **check_result** The result from *check_update()*. For this handler it's a tuple of the conversation state, key, handler, and the handler's check result.
- update (telegram. Update) Incoming telegram update.
- application (telegram.ext.Application) Application that originated the update.

• **context** (*telegram.ext.CallbackContext*) – The context as provided by the application.

property map_to_parent

Optional. A dict that can be used to instruct a nested *ConversationHandler* to transition into a mapped state on its parent *ConversationHandler* in place of a specified nested state.

```
Type
Dict[object, object]
```

property name

Optional. The name for this ConversationHandler.

Type

str

property per_chat

If the conversation key should contain the Chat's ID.

Type bool

property per_message

If the conversation key should contain the message's ID.

Type bool

property per_user

If the conversation key should contain the User's ID.

Type bool

property persistent

Optional. If the conversations dict for this handler should be saved. *name* is required and persistence has to be set in *Application*.

```
Type bool
```

property states

A dict that defines the different states of conversation a user can be in and one or more associated <code>BaseHandler</code> objects that should be used in that state.

```
Type
    Dict[object, List[telegram.ext.BaseHandler]]
```

filters Module

This module contains filters for use with telegram.ext.MessageHandler, telegram.ext.CommandHandler, or telegram.ext.PrefixHandler.

Changed in version 20.0:

- 1. Filters are no longer callable, if you're using a custom filter and are calling an existing filter, then switch to the new syntax: filters.{filter}.check_update(update).
- 2. Removed the Filters class. The filters are now directly attributes/classes of the *filters* module.
- 3. The names of all filters has been updated:
 - Filter classes which are ready for use, e.g Filters.all are now capitalized, e.g filters.ALL.
 - ullet Filters which need to be initialized are now in CamelCase. E.g. filters.User(...).

• Filters which do both (like Filters.text) are now split as ready-to-use version filters.TEXT and class version filters.Text(...).

telegram.ext.filters.ALL = filters.ALL

All Messages.

telegram.ext.filters.ANIMATION = filters.ANIMATION

Messages that contain telegram. Message. animation.

telegram.ext.filters.ATTACHMENT = filters.ATTACHMENT

Messages that contain telegram. Message.effective_attachment().

New in version 13.6.

telegram.ext.filters.AUDIO = filters.AUDIO

Messages that contain telegram. Message.audio.

class telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter(name=None, data_filter=False)

Bases: object

Base class for all Filters.

Filters subclassing from this class can combined using bitwise operators:

And:

```
filters.TEXT & filters.Entity(MENTION)
```

Or:

```
filters.AUDIO | filters.VIDEO
```

Exclusive Or:

```
filters.Regex('To Be') ^ filters.Regex('Not 2B')
```

Not:

```
~ filters.COMMAND
```

Also works with more than two filters:

```
filters.TEXT & (filters.Entity("url") | filters.Entity("text_link"))
filters.TEXT & (~ filters.FORWARDED)
```

Note: Filters use the same short circuiting logic as python's and, or and not. This means that for example:

```
filters.Regex(r'(a?x)') | filters.Regex(r'(b?x)')
```

With message.text == 'x', will only ever return the matches for the first filter, since the second one is never evaluated.

If you want to create your own filters create a class inheriting from either <code>MessageFilter</code> or <code>UpdateFilter</code> and implement a <code>filter()</code> method that returns a boolean: True if the message should be handled, <code>False</code> otherwise. Note that the filters work only as class instances, not actual class objects (so remember to initialize your filter classes).

By default, the filters name (what will get printed when converted to a string for display) will be the class name. If you want to overwrite this assign a better name to the *name* class variable.

Available In

```
• telegram.ext.CommandHandler.filters
   • telegram.ext.MessageHandler.filters
   • telegram.ext.PrefixHandler.filters
New in version 20.0: Added the arguments name and data_filter.
    Parameters
           • name (str) – Name for this filter. Defaults to the type of filter.
           • data_filter (bool) – Whether this filter is a data filter. A data filter should return
             a dict with lists. The dict will be merged with telegram.ext.CallbackContext's
             internal dict in most cases (depends on the handler).
__or__(other)
     Return self|value.
__repr__()
     Return repr(self).
property data_filter
     Whether this filter is a data filter.
        Type
             bool
property name
     Name for this filter.
        Type
             str
check_update(update)
     Checks if the specified update should be handled by this filter.
        Parameters
             update (telegram. Update) – The update to check.
        Returns
             True if the update contains one of channel_post, message, edited_channel_post
             or edited_message, False otherwise.
        Return type
             bool
__delattr__(name,/)
     Implement delattr(self, name).
__dir__()
     Default dir() implementation.
__eq__(value,/)
     Return self==value.
__format__(format_spec,/)
     Default object formatter.
     Return str(self) if format_spec is empty. Raise TypeError otherwise.
__ge__(value,/)
     Return self>=value.
```

__getattribute__(name,/)
Return getattr(self, name).

```
__getstate__()
          Helper for pickle.
      __gt__(value,/)
          Return self>value.
      __hash__()
          Return hash(self).
      __init_subclass__()
          This method is called when a class is subclassed.
          The default implementation does nothing. It may be overridden to extend subclasses.
      __le__(value,/)
          Return self<=value.
      __lt__(value,/)
          Return self<value.
     __ne__(value,/)
          Return self!=value.
      __new__(**kwargs)
      __reduce__()
          Helper for pickle.
      __reduce_ex__(protocol,/)
          Helper for pickle.
      __setattr__(name, value,/)
          Implement setattr(self, name, value).
      __sizeof__()
          Size of object in memory, in bytes.
      __str__()
          Return str(self).
     __subclasshook__()
           Abstract classes can override this to customize issubclass().
          This is invoked early on by abc.ABCMeta.__subclasscheck__(). It should return True, False or NotIm-
          plemented. If it returns NotImplemented, the normal algorithm is used. Otherwise, it overrides the
          normal algorithm (and the outcome is cached).
telegram.ext.filters.CAPTION = filters.CAPTION
     Shortcut for telegram.ext.filters.Caption().
     Examples
     To allow any caption, simply use MessageHandler(filters.CAPTION, callback_method).
telegram.ext.filters.CHAT = filters.CHAT
     This filter filters any message that has a telegram. Message.chat.
telegram.ext.filters.COMMAND = filters.COMMAND
     Shortcut for telegram.ext.filters.Command().
     Examples
```

To allow messages starting with a command use MessageHandler(filters.COMMAND, command_at_start_callback).

telegram.ext.filters.CONTACT = filters.CONTACT

Messages that contain telegram. Message.contact.

class telegram.ext.filters.Caption(strings=None)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Messages with a caption. If a list of strings is passed, it filters messages to only allow those whose caption is appearing in the given list.

Examples

MessageHandler(filters.Caption(['PTB rocks!', 'PTB']), callback_method_2)

See also:

telegram.ext.filters.CAPTION

Parameters

strings (List[str] | Tuple[str], optional) – Which captions to allow. Only exact matches are allowed. If not specified, will allow any message with a caption.

class telegram.ext.filters.CaptionEntity(entity_type)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Filters media messages to only allow those which have a telegram. MessageEntity where their type matches entity_type.

Examples

MessageHandler(filters.CaptionEntity("hashtag"), callback_method)

Parameters

entity_type (str) – Caption Entity type to check for. All types can be found as constants in *telegram.MessageEntity*.

class telegram.ext.filters.CaptionRegex(pattern)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Filters updates by searching for an occurrence of pattern in the message caption.

This filter works similarly to *Regex*, with the only exception being that it applies to the message caption instead of the text.

Examples

Use MessageHandler(filters.PHOTO & filters.CaptionRegex(r'help'), callback) to capture all photos with caption containing the word 'help'.

Note: This filter will not work on simple text messages, but only on media with caption.

Parameters

pattern (str | re.Pattern) - The regex pattern.

class telegram.ext.filters.Chat(chat_id=None, username=None, allow_empty=False)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Filters messages to allow only those which are from a specified chat ID or username.

Examples

MessageHandler(filters.Chat(-1234), callback_method)

Warning: *chat_ids* will give a *copy* of the saved chat ids as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a chat, you should use *add_chat_ids()*, and *remove_chat_ids()*. Only update the entire set by filter.chat_ids = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed chats.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | Collection[int], optional) Which chat ID(s) to allow through.
- username (str | Collection[str], optional) Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- **allow_empty** (bool, optional) Whether updates should be processed, if no chat is specified in *chat_ids* and *usernames*. Defaults to False.

chat_ids

Which chat ID(s) to allow through.

```
Type set(int)
```

allow_empty

Whether updates should be processed, if no chat is specified in chat_ids and usernames.

```
Type
bool
```

Raises

RuntimeError – If chat_id and username are both present.

add_chat_ids(chat_id)

Add one or more chats to the allowed chat ids.

Parameters

chat_id (int | Collection[int]) – Which chat ID(s) to allow through.

remove_chat_ids(chat_id)

Remove one or more chats from allowed chat ids.

Parameters

chat_id (int | Collection[int]) – Which chat ID(s) to disallow through.

add_usernames(username)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@'s in usernames will be discarded.

property name

Name for this filter.

Type

str

remove_usernames(username)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

property usernames

Which username(s) to allow through.

Warning: *usernames* will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use *add_usernames()*, and *remove_usernames()*. Only update the entire set by filter.usernames = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

Returns

frozenset(str)

class telegram.ext.filters.ChatType

Bases: object

Subset for filtering the type of chat.

Examples

Use these filters like: filters.ChatType.CHANNEL or filters.ChatType.SUPERGROUP etc.

Caution: filters.ChatType itself is *not* a filter, but just a convenience namespace.

CHANNEL = filters.ChatType.CHANNEL

Updates from channel.

GROUP = filters.ChatType.GROUP

Updates from group.

GROUPS = filters.ChatType.GROUPS

Update from group or supergroup.

PRIVATE = filters.ChatType.PRIVATE

Update from private chats.

SUPERGROUP = filters.ChatType.SUPERGROUP

Updates from supergroup.

```
__delattr__(name,/)
```

Implement delattr(self, name).

__dir__()

Default dir() implementation.

```
__eq__(value,/)
     Return self==value.
__format__(format_spec,/)
     Default object formatter.
     Return str(self) if format_spec is empty. Raise TypeError otherwise.
__ge__(value,/)
     Return self>=value.
__getattribute__(name,/)
     Return getattr(self, name).
__getstate__()
     Helper for pickle.
__gt__(value,/)
     Return self>value.
__hash__()
     Return hash(self).
__init_subclass__()
     This method is called when a class is subclassed.
     The default implementation does nothing. It may be overridden to extend subclasses.
__le__(value,/)
     Return self<=value.
__lt__(value,/)
     Return self<value.
__ne__(value,/)
     Return self!=value.
__new__(**kwargs)
__reduce__()
     Helper for pickle.
__reduce_ex__(protocol,/)
     Helper for pickle.
__repr__()
     Return repr(self).
__setattr__(name, value,/)
     Implement setattr(self, name, value).
__sizeof__()
     Size of object in memory, in bytes.
__str__()
     Return str(self).
__subclasshook__()
     Abstract classes can override this to customize issubclass().
     This is invoked early on by abc.ABCMeta.__subclasscheck__(). It should return True, False or NotIm-
```

plemented. If it returns NotImplemented, the normal algorithm is used. Otherwise, it overrides the

normal algorithm (and the outcome is cached).

class telegram.ext.filters.Command(only_start=True)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Messages with a telegram. MessageEntity. BOT_COMMAND. By default, only allows messages starting with a bot command. Pass False to also allow messages that contain a bot command anywhere in the text.

Examples

MessageHandler(filters.Command(False), command_anywhere_callback)

See also:

telegram.ext.filters.COMMAND.

Note: telegram.ext.filters.TEXT also accepts messages containing a command.

Parameters

only_start (bool, optional) – Whether to only allow messages that *start* with a bot command. Defaults to True.

class telegram.ext.filters.Dice(values=None, emoji=None)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Dice Messages. If an integer or a list of integers is passed, it filters messages to only allow those whose dice value is appearing in the given list.

New in version 13.4.

Examples

To allow any dice message, simply use MessageHandler(filters.Dice.ALL, callback_method).

To allow any dice message, but with value 3 or 4, use MessageHandler(filters.Dice([3, 4]), callback_method)

To allow only dice messages with the emoji, but any value, use MessageHandler(filters.Dice.DICE, callback_method).

To allow only dice messages with the emoji and with value 6, use MessageHandler(filters.Dice. Darts(6), callback_method).

To allow only dice messages with the emoji and with value $5 \ or \ 6$, use MessageHandler(filters.Dice. Football([5, 6]), callback_method).

Note: Dice messages don't have text. If you want to filter either text or dice messages, use filters.TEXT | filters.Dice.ALL.

Parameters

values (int | Collection[int], optional) – Which values to allow. If not specified, will allow the specified dice message.

ALL = filters.Dice.ALL

Dice messages with any value and any emoji.

class Basketball(values)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

Parameters

values (int | Collection[int]) - Which values to allow.

BASKETBALL = filters.Dice.BASKETBALL

Dice messages with the emoji. Matches any dice value.

class Bowling(values)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

Parameters

values (int | Collection[int]) – Which values to allow.

BOWLING = filters.Dice.BOWLING

Dice messages with the emoji. Matches any dice value.

class Darts(values)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

Parameters

values (int | Collection[int]) – Which values to allow.

DARTS = filters.Dice.DARTS

Dice messages with the emoji. Matches any dice value.

class Dice(values)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

Parameters

values (int | Collection[int]) – Which values to allow.

DICE = filters.Dice.DICE

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

class Football(values)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

Parameters

values (int | Collection[int]) – Which values to allow.

FOOTBALL = filters.Dice.FOOTBALL

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

class SlotMachine(values)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

Parameters

values (int | Collection[int]) - Which values to allow.

SLOT_MACHINE = filters.Dice.SLOT_MACHINE

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

class telegram.ext.filters.Document

Bases: object

Subset for messages containing a document/file.

Examples

Use these filters like: filters.Document.MP3, filters.Document.MimeType("text/plain") etc. Or just use filters.Document.ALL for all document messages.

Caution: filters. Document itself is *not* a filter, but just a convenience namespace.

ALL = filters.Document.ALL

Messages that contain a telegram. Message. document.

class Category(category)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter
```

Filters documents by their category in the mime-type attribute.

Parameters

category (str) – Category of the media you want to filter.

Example

filters.Document.Category('audio/') returns True for all types of audio sent as a file, for example 'audio/mpeg' or 'audio/x-wav'.

Note: This Filter only filters by the mime_type of the document, it doesn't check the validity of the document. The user can manipulate the mime-type of a message and send media with wrong types that don't fit to this handler.

APPLICATION = filters.Document.Category('application/')

Use as filters.Document.APPLICATION.

AUDIO = filters.Document.Category('audio/')

Use as filters.Document.AUDIO.

IMAGE = filters.Document.Category('image/')

Use as filters.Document.IMAGE.

VIDEO = filters.Document.Category('video/')

Use as filters.Document.VIDEO.

TEXT = filters.Document.Category('text/')

Use as filters.Document.TEXT.

class FileExtension(file_extension, case_sensitive=False)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter
```

This filter filters documents by their file ending/extension.

Parameters

- **file_extension** (str | None) Media file extension you want to filter.
- case_sensitive (bool, optional) Pass True to make the filter case sensitive. Default: False.

Example

• filters.Document.FileExtension("jpg") filters files with extension ".jpg".

- filters.Document.FileExtension(".jpg") filters files with extension "..jpg".
- filters.Document.FileExtension("Dockerfile", case_sensitive=True) filters files with extension ".Dockerfile" minding the case.
- filters.Document.FileExtension(None) filters files without a dot in the filename.

Note:

- This Filter only filters by the file ending/extension of the document, it doesn't check the validity of document.
- The user can manipulate the file extension of a document and send media with wrong types that don't fit to this handler.
- Case insensitive by default, you may change this with the flag case_sensitive=True.
- Extension should be passed without leading dot unless it's a part of the extension.
- Pass None to filter files with no extension, i.e. without a dot in the filename.

class MimeType(mimetype)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

This Filter filters documents by their mime-type attribute.

Parameters

mimetype (str) – The mimetype to filter.

Example

filters.Document.MimeType('audio/mpeg') filters all audio in .mp3 format.

Note: This Filter only filters by the mime_type of the document, it doesn't check the validity of document. The user can manipulate the mime-type of a message and send media with wrong types that don't fit to this handler.

```
APK = filters.Document.MimeType('application/vnd.android.package-archive')
```

Use as filters.Document.APK.

DOC = filters.Document.MimeType('application/msword')

Use as filters.Document.DOC.

DOCX = filters.Document.MimeType('application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.
wordprocessingml.document')

Use as filters.Document.DOCX.

EXE = filters.Document.MimeType('application/octet-stream')

Use as filters.Document.EXE.

MP4 = filters.Document.MimeType('video/mp4')

Use as filters.Document.MP4.

GIF = filters.Document.MimeType('image/gif')

Use as filters.Document.GIF.

JPG = filters.Document.MimeType('image/jpeg')

Use as filters.Document.JPG.

```
MP3 = filters.Document.MimeType('audio/mpeg')
    Use as filters.Document.MP3.
PDF = filters.Document.MimeType('application/pdf')
    Use as filters.Document.PDF.
PY = filters.Document.MimeType('text/x-python')
    Use as filters.Document.PY.
SVG = filters.Document.MimeType('image/svg+xml')
    Use as filters.Document.SVG.
TXT = filters.Document.MimeType('text/plain')
    Use as filters.Document.TXT.
TARGZ = filters.Document.MimeType('application/x-compressed-tar')
    Use as filters.Document.TARGZ.
WAV = filters.Document.MimeType('audio/x-wav')
    Use as filters.Document.WAV.
XML = filters.Document.MimeType('text/xml')
    Use as filters.Document.XML.
ZIP = filters.Document.MimeType('application/zip')
    Use as filters.Document.ZIP.
__delattr__(name,/)
    Implement delattr(self, name).
__dir__()
    Default dir() implementation.
__eq__(value,/)
    Return self==value.
__format__(format_spec,/)
    Default object formatter.
    Return str(self) if format_spec is empty. Raise TypeError otherwise.
__ge__(value,/)
    Return self>=value.
__getattribute__(name,/)
    Return getattr(self, name).
__getstate__()
    Helper for pickle.
__gt__(value,/)
    Return self>value.
__hash__()
    Return hash(self).
__init_subclass__()
    This method is called when a class is subclassed.
    The default implementation does nothing. It may be overridden to extend subclasses.
__le__(value,/)
    Return self<=value.
```

```
__lt__(value,/)
          Return self<value.
     __ne__(value,/)
          Return self!=value.
      __new__(**kwargs)
     __reduce__()
          Helper for pickle.
     __reduce_ex__(protocol,/)
          Helper for pickle.
     __repr__()
          Return repr(self).
     __setattr__(name, value,/)
          Implement setattr(self, name, value).
     __sizeof__()
          Size of object in memory, in bytes.
     __str__()
          Return str(self).
     __subclasshook__()
          Abstract classes can override this to customize issubclass().
          This is invoked early on by abc.ABCMeta.__subclasscheck__(). It should return True, False or NotIm-
          plemented. If it returns NotImplemented, the normal algorithm is used. Otherwise, it overrides the
          normal algorithm (and the outcome is cached).
class telegram.ext.filters.Entity(entity_type)
     Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter
     Filters messages to only allow those which have a telegram. MessageEntity where their type matches
     entity_type.
     Examples
     MessageHandler(filters.Entity("hashtag"), callback_method)
         Parameters
              entity_type (str) - Entity type to check for. All types can be found as constants in
               telegram.MessageEntity.
telegram.ext.filters.FORWARDED = filters.FORWARDED
     Messages that contain telegram. Message. forward_date.
class telegram.ext.filters.ForwardedFrom(chat_id=None, username=None, allow_empty=False)
     Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter
     Filters messages to allow only those which are forwarded from the specified chat ID(s) or username(s) based
     on telegram. {\tt Message.forward\_from~and~telegram.Message.forward\_from\_chat}.
     New in version 13.5.
     Examples
     MessageHandler(filters.ForwardedFrom(chat_id=1234), callback_method)
```

Note: When a user has disallowed adding a link to their account while forwarding their messages, this filter will *not* work since both *telegram.Message.forward_from* and *telegram.Message.forward_from_chat* are None. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

Warning: *chat_ids* will give a *copy* of the saved chat ids as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a chat, you should use *add_chat_ids()*, and *remove_chat_ids()*. Only update the entire set by filter.chat_ids = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed chats.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | Collection[int], optional) Which chat/user ID(s) to allow through.
- username (str | Collection[str], optional) Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- **allow_empty** (bool, optional) Whether updates should be processed, if no chat is specified in *chat_ids* and *usernames*. Defaults to False.

chat_ids

Which chat/user ID(s) to allow through.

```
Type set(int)
```

allow_empty

Whether updates should be processed, if no chat is specified in *chat_ids* and *usernames*.

```
Type bool
```

Raises

RuntimeError – If both chat_id and username are present.

add_chat_ids(chat_id)

Add one or more chats to the allowed chat ids.

Parameters

```
chat_id (int | Collection[int]) – Which chat/user ID(s) to allow through.
```

remove_chat_ids(chat_id)

Remove one or more chats from allowed chat ids.

Parameters

```
chat_id (int | Collection[int]) – Which chat/user ID(s) to disallow through.
```

add_usernames(username)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@'s in usernames will be discarded.

property name

Name for this filter.

```
Type
```

str

remove_usernames(username)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

property usernames

Which username(s) to allow through.

Warning: *usernames* will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use *add_usernames()*, and *remove_usernames()*. Only update the entire set by filter.usernames = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

Returns

frozenset(str)

telegram.ext.filters.GAME = filters.GAME

Messages that contain telegram. Message.game.

telegram.ext.filters.HAS_MEDIA_SPOILER = filters.HAS_MEDIA_SPOILER

Messages that contain telegram.Message.has_media_spoiler.

New in version 20.0.

telegram.ext.filters.HAS_PROTECTED_CONTENT = filters.HAS_PROTECTED_CONTENT

Messages that contain telegram.Message.has_protected_content.

New in version 13.9.

telegram.ext.filters.INVOICE = filters.INVOICE

Messages that contain telegram. Message.invoice.

telegram.ext.filters.IS_AUTOMATIC_FORWARD = filters.IS_AUTOMATIC_FORWARD

Messages that contain telegram. Message.is_automatic_forward.

New in version 13.9.

telegram.ext.filters.IS_TOPIC_MESSAGE = filters.IS_TOPIC_MESSAGE

Messages that contain telegram.Message.is_topic_message.

New in version 20.0.

telegram.ext.filters.LOCATION = filters.LOCATION

 $Messages\ that\ contain\ \textit{telegram.Message.location}.$

class telegram.ext.filters.Language(lang)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Filters messages to only allow those which are from users with a certain language code.

Note: According to official Telegram Bot API documentation, not every single user has the *language_code* attribute. Do not count on this filter working on all users.

Examples

MessageHandler(filters.Language("en"), callback_method)

Parameters

lang (str | Collection[str]) – Which language code(s) to allow through. This will be matched using str.startswith meaning that 'en' will match both 'en_US' and 'en_GB'.

class telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter(name=None, data_filter=False)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter
```

Base class for all Message Filters. In contrast to *UpdateFilter*, the object passed to *filter()* is telegram. *Update.effective_message*.

Please see BaseFilter for details on how to create custom filters.

Available In

- telegram.ext.CommandHandler.filters
- telegram.ext.MessageHandler.filters
- telegram.ext.PrefixHandler.filters

See also:

Advanced Filters

check_update(update)

Checks if the specified update should be handled by this filter by passing *effective_message* to *filter()*.

Parameters

update (telegram. Update) – The update to check.

Returns

If the update should be handled by this filter, returns True or a dict with lists, in case the filter is a data filter. If the update should not be handled by this filter, False or None.

Return type

```
bool | Dict[str, list] | None
```

abstract filter(message)

This method must be overwritten.

Parameters

message (telegram. Message) - The message that is tested.

Returns

dict or bool

class telegram.ext.filters.Mention(mentions)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter
```

Messages containing mentions of specified users or chats.

Examples

```
MessageHandler(filters.Mention("username"), callback)
MessageHandler(filters.Mention(["@username", 123456]), callback)
```

New in version 20.7.

Parameters

mentions (int | str | telegram. User | Collection[int | str | telegram. User]) – Specifies the users and chats to filter for. Messages that do not mention at least one of the specified users or chats will not be handled. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

telegram.ext.filters.PASSPORT_DATA = filters.PASSPORT_DATA

Messages that contain telegram.Message.passport_data.

telegram.ext.filters.PHOTO = filters.PHOTO

Messages that contain telegram. Message. photo.

telegram.ext.filters.POLL = filters.POLL

Messages that contain telegram. Message. poll.

telegram.ext.filters.REPLY = filters.REPLY

Messages that contain telegram.Message.reply_to_message.

class telegram.ext.filters.Regex(pattern)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Filters updates by searching for an occurrence of *pattern* in the message text. The re.search() function is used to determine whether an update should be filtered.

Refer to the documentation of the re module for more information.

To get the groups and groupdict matched, see telegram.ext.CallbackContext.matches.

Examples

Use MessageHandler(filters.Regex(r'help'), callback) to capture all messages that contain the word 'help'. You can also use MessageHandler(filters.Regex(re.compile(r'help', re. IGNORECASE)), callback) if you want your pattern to be case insensitive. This approach is recommended if you need to specify flags on your pattern.

Note: Filters use the same short circuiting logic as python's and, or and not. This means that for example:

```
>>> filters.Regex(r'(a?x)') | filters.Regex(r'(b?x)')
```

With a *telegram.Message.text* of *x*, will only ever return the matches for the first filter, since the second one is never evaluated.

See also:

Types of Handlers

Parameters

pattern (str | re.Pattern) - The regex pattern.

class telegram.ext.filters.Sticker

Bases: object

Filters messages which contain a sticker.

Examples

Use this filter like: filters.Sticker.VIDEO. Or, just use filters.Sticker.ALL for any type of sticker.

Caution: filters. Sticker itself is not a filter, but just a convenience namespace.

ALL = filters.Sticker.ALL

Messages that contain telegram. Message. sticker.

```
ANIMATED = filters.Sticker.ANIMATED
     Messages that contain telegram. Message. sticker and is animated.
     New in version 20.0.
__delattr__(name,/)
     Implement delattr(self, name).
__dir__()
    Default dir() implementation.
__eq__(value,/)
     Return self==value.
__format__(format_spec,/)
     Default object formatter.
     Return str(self) if format_spec is empty. Raise TypeError otherwise.
__ge__(value,/)
     Return self>=value.
__getattribute__(name,/)
     Return getattr(self, name).
__getstate__()
     Helper for pickle.
__gt__(value,/)
     Return self>value.
__hash__()
     Return hash(self).
__init_subclass__()
     This method is called when a class is subclassed.
     The default implementation does nothing. It may be overridden to extend subclasses.
__le__(value,/)
     Return self<=value.
__lt__(value,/)
     Return self<value.
__ne__(value,/)
     Return self!=value.
__new__(**kwargs)
__reduce__()
     Helper for pickle.
__reduce_ex__(protocol,/)
     Helper for pickle.
__repr__()
     Return repr(self).
__setattr__(name, value,/)
     Implement setattr(self, name, value).
__sizeof__()
```

Size of object in memory, in bytes.

```
__str__()
```

Return str(self).

__subclasshook__()

Abstract classes can override this to customize issubclass().

This is invoked early on by abc.ABCMeta.__subclasscheck__(). It should return True, False or NotImplemented. If it returns NotImplemented, the normal algorithm is used. Otherwise, it overrides the normal algorithm (and the outcome is cached).

STATIC = filters.Sticker.STATIC

Messages that contain telegram. Message. sticker and is a static sticker, i.e. does not contain telegram. Sticker.is_animated or telegram. Sticker.is_video.

New in version 20.0.

VIDEO = filters.Sticker.VIDEO

Messages that contain telegram. Message. sticker and is a video sticker.

New in version 20.0.

PREMIUM = filters.Sticker.PREMIUM

Messages that contain telegram. Message. sticker and have a premium animation.

New in version 20.0.

telegram.ext.filters.STORY = filters.STORY

Messages that contain telegram. Message. story.

New in version 20.5.

telegram.ext.filters.SUCCESSFUL_PAYMENT = filters.SUCCESSFUL_PAYMENT

Messages that contain telegram. Message.successful_payment.

class telegram.ext.filters.**SenderChat**(chat id=None, username=None, allow empty=False)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Filters messages to allow only those which are from a specified sender chat's chat ID or username.

Examples

- To filter for messages sent to a group by a channel with ID -1234, use MessageHandler(filters. SenderChat(-1234), callback_method).
- To filter for messages of anonymous admins in a super group with username @anonymous, use MessageHandler(filters.SenderChat(username='anonymous'), callback_method).
- To filter for messages sent to a group by *any* channel, use MessageHandler(filters.SenderChat. CHANNEL, callback_method).
- To filter for messages of anonymous admins in *any* super group, use MessageHandler(filters. SenderChat.SUPERGROUP, callback_method).
- To filter for messages forwarded to a discussion group from *any* channel or of anonymous admins in *any* super group, use MessageHandler(filters.SenderChat.ALL, callback)

Note: Remember, sender_chat is also set for messages in a channel as the channel itself, so when your bot is an admin in a channel and the linked discussion group, you would receive the message twice (once from inside the channel, once inside the discussion group). Since v13.9, the field telegram.Message. is_automatic_forward will be True for the discussion group message.

See also:

```
telegram.ext.filters.IS_AUTOMATIC_FORWARD
```

Warning: *chat_ids* will return a *copy* of the saved chat ids as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a chat, you should use *add_chat_ids()*, and *remove_chat_ids()*. Only update the entire set by filter.chat_ids = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed chats.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int | Collection[int], optional) Which sender chat chat ID(s) to allow through.
- **username** (str | Collection[str], optional) Which sender chat username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- **allow_empty** (bool, optional) Whether updates should be processed, if no sender chat is specified in *chat_ids* and *usernames*. Defaults to False.

chat_ids

Which sender chat chat ID(s) to allow through.

```
Type set(int)
```

allow_empty

Whether updates should be processed, if no sender chat is specified in chat_ids and usernames.

```
Type bool
```

Raises

RuntimeError – If both chat_id and username are present.

ALL = filters.SenderChat.ALL

All messages with a telegram. Message.sender_chat.

SUPER_GROUP = filters.SenderChat.SUPER_GROUP

Messages whose sender chat is a super group.

CHANNEL = filters.SenderChat.CHANNEL

Messages whose sender chat is a channel.

```
add_chat_ids(chat_id)
```

Add one or more sender chats to the allowed chat ids.

Parameters

chat_id (int | Collection[int]) – Which sender chat ID(s) to allow through.

remove_chat_ids(chat id)

Remove one or more sender chats from allowed chat ids.

Parameters

 $\textbf{chat_id} \ (\texttt{int} \ | \ Collection[\texttt{int}]) - Which \ sender \ chat \ ID(s) \ to \ disallow \ through.$

add_usernames(username)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@'s in usernames will be discarded.

property name

Name for this filter.

Type

str

remove_usernames(username)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

property usernames

Which username(s) to allow through.

Warning: *usernames* will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use *add_usernames()*, and *remove_usernames()*. Only update the entire set by filter.usernames = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

Returns

frozenset(str)

class telegram.ext.filters.StatusUpdate

Bases: object

Subset for messages containing a status update.

Examples

Use these filters like: filters.StatusUpdate.NEW_CHAT_MEMBERS etc. Or use just filters. StatusUpdate.ALL for all status update messages.

Caution: filters.StatusUpdate itself is *not* a filter, but just a convenience namespace.

ALL = filters.StatusUpdate.ALL

Messages that contain any of the below.

CHAT_CREATED = filters.StatusUpdate.CHAT_CREATED

Messages that contain telegram.Message.group_chat_created, telegram.Message.supergroup_chat_created or telegram.Message.channel_chat_created.

CHAT_SHARED = filters.StatusUpdate.CHAT_SHARED

Messages that contain telegram. Message.chat_shared.

New in version 20.1.

CONNECTED_WEBSITE = filters.StatusUpdate.CONNECTED_WEBSITE

Messages that contain telegram. Message.connected_website.

DELETE_CHAT_PHOTO = filters.StatusUpdate.DELETE_CHAT_PHOTO

Messages that contain telegram. Message.delete_chat_photo.

FORUM_TOPIC_CLOSED = filters.StatusUpdate.FORUM_TOPIC_CLOSED

Messages that contain telegram. Message. forum_topic_closed.

New in version 20.0.

FORUM_TOPIC_CREATED = filters.StatusUpdate.FORUM_TOPIC_CREATED

Messages that contain telegram.Message.forum_topic_created.

New in version 20.0.

FORUM_TOPIC_EDITED = filters.StatusUpdate.FORUM_TOPIC_EDITED

Messages that contain telegram. Message.forum_topic_edited.

New in version 20.0.

FORUM_TOPIC_REOPENED = filters.StatusUpdate.FORUM_TOPIC_REOPENED

Messages that contain telegram.Message.forum_topic_reopened.

New in version 20.0.

GENERAL_FORUM_TOPIC_HIDDEN = filters.StatusUpdate.GENERAL_FORUM_TOPIC_HIDDEN

Messages that contain telegram.Message.general_forum_topic_hidden.

New in version 20.0.

GENERAL_FORUM_TOPIC_UNHIDDEN = filters.StatusUpdate.GENERAL_FORUM_TOPIC_UNHIDDEN

Messages that contain telegram. Message.general_forum_topic_unhidden.

New in version 20.0.

LEFT_CHAT_MEMBER = filters.StatusUpdate.LEFT_CHAT_MEMBER

Messages that contain telegram.Message.left_chat_member.

MESSAGE_AUTO_DELETE_TIMER_CHANGED =

filters.StatusUpdate.MESSAGE_AUTO_DELETE_TIMER_CHANGED

Messages that contain telegram. Message.message_auto_delete_timer_changed

New in version 13.4.

MIGRATE = filters.StatusUpdate.MIGRATE

Messages that contain telegram.Message.migrate_from_chat_id or telegram.Message.migrate_to_chat_id.

NEW_CHAT_MEMBERS = filters.StatusUpdate.NEW_CHAT_MEMBERS

Messages that contain telegram.Message.new_chat_members.

NEW_CHAT_PHOTO = filters.StatusUpdate.NEW_CHAT_PHOTO

Messages that contain telegram.Message.new_chat_photo.

NEW_CHAT_TITLE = filters.StatusUpdate.NEW_CHAT_TITLE

Messages that contain telegram.Message.new_chat_title.

PINNED_MESSAGE = filters.StatusUpdate.PINNED_MESSAGE

Messages that contain telegram. Message.pinned_message.

PROXIMITY_ALERT_TRIGGERED = filters.StatusUpdate.PROXIMITY_ALERT_TRIGGERED

Messages that contain telegram.Message.proximity_alert_triggered.

USER_SHARED = filters.StatusUpdate.USER_SHARED

Messages that contain telegram.Message.user_shared.

New in version 20.1.

```
VIDEO_CHAT_ENDED = filters.StatusUpdate.VIDEO_CHAT_ENDED
    Messages that contain telegram. Message. video_chat_ended.
    New in version 13.4.
    Changed in version 20.0: This filter was formerly named VOICE_CHAT_ENDED
VIDEO_CHAT_SCHEDULED = filters.StatusUpdate.VIDEO_CHAT_SCHEDULED
    Messages that contain telegram.Message.video_chat_scheduled.
    New in version 13.5.
    Changed in version 20.0: This filter was formerly named VOICE_CHAT_SCHEDULED
VIDEO_CHAT_STARTED = filters.StatusUpdate.VIDEO_CHAT_STARTED
    Messages that contain telegram. Message. video_chat_started.
    New in version 13.4.
    Changed in version 20.0: This filter was formerly named VOICE_CHAT_STARTED
VIDEO CHAT PARTICIPANTS INVITED =
filters.StatusUpdate.VIDEO_CHAT_PARTICIPANTS_INVITED
    Messages that contain telegram. Message.video_chat_participants_invited.
    New in version 13.4.
    Changed in version 20.0: This filter was formerly named VOICE_CHAT_PARTICIPANTS_INVITED
WEB_APP_DATA = filters.StatusUpdate.WEB_APP_DATA
    Messages that contain telegram. Message.web_app_data.
    New in version 20.0.
WRITE_ACCESS_ALLOWED = filters.StatusUpdate.WRITE_ACCESS_ALLOWED
    Messages that contain telegram. Message.write_access_allowed.
    New in version 20.0.
__delattr__(name,/)
    Implement delattr(self, name).
__dir__()
    Default dir() implementation.
__eq__(value,/)
    Return self==value.
__format__(format_spec,/)
    Default object formatter.
    Return str(self) if format_spec is empty. Raise TypeError otherwise.
__ge__(value,/)
    Return self>=value.
__getattribute__(name,/)
     Return getattr(self, name).
__getstate__()
    Helper for pickle.
__gt__(value,/)
    Return self>value.
__hash__()
```

Return hash(self).

```
__init_subclass__()
          This method is called when a class is subclassed.
          The default implementation does nothing. It may be overridden to extend subclasses.
      __le__(value,/)
           Return self<=value.
     __lt__(value,/)
          Return self<value.
      __ne__(value,/)
           Return self!=value.
      __new__(**kwargs)
      __reduce__()
          Helper for pickle.
      __reduce_ex__(protocol,/)
           Helper for pickle.
      __repr__()
          Return repr(self).
     __setattr__(name, value, /)
           Implement setattr(self, name, value).
      __sizeof__()
           Size of object in memory, in bytes.
      __str__()
          Return str(self).
      __subclasshook__()
           Abstract classes can override this to customize issubclass().
          This is invoked early on by abc.ABCMeta.__subclasscheck__(). It should return True, False or NotIm-
           plemented. If it returns NotImplemented, the normal algorithm is used. Otherwise, it overrides the
          normal algorithm (and the outcome is cached).
telegram.ext.filters.TEXT = filters.TEXT
     Shortcut for telegram.ext.filters.Text().
     Examples
     To allow any text message, simply use MessageHandler(filters.TEXT, callback_method).
class telegram.ext.filters.Text(strings=None)
     Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter
     Text Messages. If a list of strings is passed, it filters messages to only allow those whose text is appearing in
     the given list.
```

Examples

A simple use case for passing a list is to allow only messages that were sent by a custom *telegram*. ReplyKeyboardMarkup:

```
buttons = ['Start', 'Settings', 'Back']
markup = ReplyKeyboardMarkup.from_column(buttons)
...
MessageHandler(filters.Text(buttons), callback_method)
```

See also:

```
telegram.ext.filters.TEXT
```

Note:

- Dice messages don't have text. If you want to filter either text or dice messages, use filters.TEXT | filters.Dice.ALL.
- Messages containing a command are accepted by this filter. Use filters.TEXT & (~filters. COMMAND), if you want to filter only text messages without commands.

Parameters

strings (List[str] | Tuple[str], optional) – Which messages to allow. Only exact matches are allowed. If not specified, will allow any text message.

telegram.ext.filters.USER = filters.USER

This filter filters *any* message that has a telegram.Message.from_user.

telegram.ext.filters.USER_ATTACHMENT = filters.USER_ATTACHMENT

This filter filters *any* message that have a user who added the bot to their *attachment menu* as *telegram*. *Update.effective_user*.

New in version 20.0.

telegram.ext.filters.PREMIUM_USER = filters.PREMIUM_USER

This filter filters any message from a Telegram Premium user as telegram. Update.effective_user.

New in version 20.0.

class telegram.ext.filters.UpdateFilter(name=None, data_filter=False)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter
```

Base class for all Update Filters. In contrast to MessageFilter, the object passed to filter() is an instance of telegram. Update, which allows to create filters like telegram.ext.filters.UpdateType. EDITED_MESSAGE.

Please see telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter for details on how to create custom filters.

Available In

- telegram.ext.CommandHandler.filters
- telegram.ext.MessageHandler.filters
- telegram.ext.PrefixHandler.filters

check_update(update)

Checks if the specified update should be handled by this filter.

Parameters

```
update (telegram. Update) – The update to check.
```

Returns

If the update should be handled by this filter, returns True or a dict with lists, in case the filter is a data filter. If the update should not be handled by this filter, False or None.

```
Return type
                   bool | Dict[str, list] | None
     abstract filter(update)
          This method must be overwritten.
             Parameters
                   update (telegram. Update) – The update that is tested.
                   dict or bool.
class telegram.ext.filters.UpdateType
     Bases: object
     Subset for filtering the type of update.
     Examples
     Use these filters like: filters.UpdateType.MESSAGE or filters.UpdateType.CHANNEL_POSTS etc.
       Caution: filters.UpdateType itself is not a filter, but just a convenience namespace.
     __delattr__(name,/)
           Implement delattr(self, name).
      __dir__()
          Default dir() implementation.
      __eq__(value,/)
          Return self==value.
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Default object formatter.
          Return str(self) if format_spec is empty. Raise TypeError otherwise.
     __ge__(value,/)
           Return self>=value.
     __getattribute__(name,/)
          Return getattr(self, name).
      __getstate__()
           Helper for pickle.
     __gt__(value,/)
          Return self>value.
      __hash__()
           Return hash(self).
     __init_subclass__()
          This method is called when a class is subclassed.
          The default implementation does nothing. It may be overridden to extend subclasses.
     __le__(value,/)
```

Return self<=value.

```
__lt__(value,/)
          Return self<value.
     __ne__(value,/)
          Return self!=value.
     __new__(**kwargs)
     __reduce__()
          Helper for pickle.
     __reduce_ex__(protocol,/)
          Helper for pickle.
     __repr__()
          Return repr(self).
     __setattr__(name, value, /)
          Implement setattr(self, name, value).
     __sizeof__()
          Size of object in memory, in bytes.
     __str__()
          Return str(self).
     __subclasshook__()
          Abstract classes can override this to customize issubclass().
          This is invoked early on by abc.ABCMeta.__subclasscheck__(). It should return True, False or NotIm-
          plemented. If it returns NotImplemented, the normal algorithm is used. Otherwise, it overrides the
          normal algorithm (and the outcome is cached).
     CHANNEL_POST = filters.UpdateType.CHANNEL_POST
          Updates with telegram. Update.channel_post.
     CHANNEL_POSTS = filters.UpdateType.CHANNEL_POSTS
                                      telegram.Update.channel_post
          Updates
                     with
                             either
                                                                          or
                                                                                telegram.Update.
          edited_channel_post.
     EDITED = filters.UpdateType.EDITED
          Updates
                                    telegram.Update.edited_message
                    with
                            either
                                                                                telegram.Update.
                                                                          or
          edited_channel_post.
          New in version 20.0.
     EDITED_CHANNEL_POST = filters.UpdateType.EDITED_CHANNEL_POST
          Updates with telegram. Update.edited_channel_post.
     EDITED_MESSAGE = filters.UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE
          Updates with telegram. Update.edited_message.
     MESSAGE = filters.UpdateType.MESSAGE
          Updates with telegram. Update.message.
     MESSAGES = filters.UpdateType.MESSAGES
          Updates with either telegram. Update.message or telegram. Update.edited_message.
class telegram.ext.filters.User(user_id=None, username=None, allow_empty=False)
     Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter
     Filters messages to allow only those which are from specified user ID(s) or username(s).
     Examples
```

MessageHandler(filters.User(1234), callback_method)

Parameters

- **user_id** (int | Collection[int], optional) Which user ID(s) to allow through.
- username (str | Collection[str], optional) Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- **allow_empty** (bool, optional) Whether updates should be processed, if no user is specified in *user_ids* and *usernames*. Defaults to False.

Raises

RuntimeError – If user_id and username are both present.

allow_empty

Whether updates should be processed, if no user is specified in user_ids and usernames.

Type

bool

add_usernames(username)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@'s in usernames will be discarded.

property name

Name for this filter.

Type

str

remove_usernames(username)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

property usernames

Which username(s) to allow through.

Warning: *usernames* will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use *add_usernames()*, and *remove_usernames()*. Only update the entire set by filter.usernames = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

Returns

frozenset(str)

property user_ids

Which user ID(s) to allow through.

Warning: *user_ids* will give a *copy* of the saved user ids as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use *add_user_ids()*, and *remove_user_ids()*.

Only update the entire set by filter.user_ids = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

Returns

frozenset(int)

add_user_ids(user_id)

Add one or more users to the allowed user ids.

Parameters

user_id (int | Collection[int]) – Which user ID(s) to allow through.

remove_user_ids(user_id)

Remove one or more users from allowed user ids.

Parameters

user_id (int | Collection[int]) – Which user ID(s) to disallow through.

telegram.ext.filters.VENUE = filters.VENUE

Messages that contain telegram. Message. venue.

telegram.ext.filters.VIA_BOT = filters.VIA_BOT

This filter filters for message that were sent via any bot.

telegram.ext.filters.VIDEO = filters.VIDEO

Messages that contain telegram. Message. video.

telegram.ext.filters.VIDEO_NOTE = filters.VIDEO_NOTE

Messages that contain telegram. Message. video_note.

telegram.ext.filters.VOICE = filters.VOICE

Messages that contain telegram. Message. voice.

class telegram.ext.filters.ViaBot(bot_id=None, username=None, allow_empty=False)

Bases: telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter

Filters messages to allow only those which are from specified via_bot ID(s) or username(s).

Examples

MessageHandler(filters.ViaBot(1234), callback_method)

Parameters

- **bot_id** (int | Collection[int], optional) Which bot ID(s) to allow through.
- username (str | Collection[str], optional) Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- **allow_empty** (bool, optional) Whether updates should be processed, if no user is specified in *bot_ids* and *usernames*. Defaults to False.

Raises

RuntimeError – If bot_id and username are both present.

allow_empty

Whether updates should be processed, if no bot is specified in bot_ids and usernames.

Type

bool

add_usernames(username)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@'s in usernames will be discarded.

property name

Name for this filter.

Type

str

remove_usernames(username)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

Parameters

username (str | Collection[str]) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

property usernames

Which username(s) to allow through.

Warning: *usernames* will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use *add_usernames()*, and *remove_usernames()*. Only update the entire set by filter.usernames = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

Returns

frozenset(str)

property bot_ids

Which bot ID(s) to allow through.

Warning: bot_ids will give a *copy* of the saved bot ids as frozenset. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a bot, you should use add_bot_ids(), and remove_bot_ids(). Only update the entire set by filter.bot_ids = new_set, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed bots.

Returns

frozenset(int)

add_bot_ids(bot_id)

Add one or more bots to the allowed bot ids.

Parameters

 $bot_id (int | Collection[int]) - Which bot ID(s) to allow through.$

remove_bot_ids(bot_id)

Remove one or more bots from allowed bot ids.

Parameters

bot_id (int | Collection[int], optional) – Which bot ID(s) to disallow through.

InlineQueryHandler

class telegram.ext.InlineQueryHandler(callback, pattern=None, block=True, chat_types=None)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

BaseHandler class to handle Telegram updates that contain a telegram. Update.inline_query. Optionally based on a regex. Read the documentation of the re module for more information.

Warning:

- When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram.ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.
- telegram. InlineQuery. chat_type will not be set for inline queries from secret chats and may not be set for inline queries coming from third-party clients. These updates won't be handled, if chat_types is passed.

Examples

Inline Bot

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

- pattern (str | re.Pattern, optional) Regex pattern. If not None, re.match() is used on telegram. InlineQuery. query to determine if an update should be handled by this handler.
- **block** (bool, optional) Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

• **chat_types** (List[str], optional) – List of allowed chat types. If passed, will only handle inline queries with the appropriate *telegram.InlineQuery.chat_type*.

New in version 13.5.

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

pattern

Optional. Regex pattern to test telegram. InlineQuery. query against.

Type

str|re.Pattern

chat_types

Optional. List of allowed chat types.

New in version 13.5.

Type

List[str]

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (*telegram.Update* | object) – Incoming update.

Returns

bool | re.match

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check_result)

Add the result of re.match(pattern, update.inline_query.query) to CallbackContext. matches as list with one element.

MessageHandler

class telegram.ext.MessageHandler(filters, callback, block=True)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle Telegram messages. They might contain text, media or status updates.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. ext.CallbackContext. See its docs for more info.

Parameters

• **filters** (telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter) — A filter inheriting from telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter. Standard filters can be found in telegram.ext.filters. Filters can be combined using bitwise operators (& for and, | for or, ~ for not). Passing None is a shortcut to passing telegram.ext.filters.ALL.

See also:

Advanced Filters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application. process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

filters

Only allow updates with these Filters. See telegram.ext.filters for a full list of all available filters

Type

telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.

Returns

bool

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check_result)

Adds possible output of data filters to the CallbackContext.

PollAnswerHandler

class telegram.ext.PollAnswerHandler(callback, block=True)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler
```

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain a poll answer.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Examples

Poll Bot

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application. process_update()*. Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.

Returns

bool

PollHandler

class telegram.ext.PollHandler(callback, block=True)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler
```

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain a *poll*.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Examples

Poll Bot

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.

Returns

bool

PreCheckoutQueryHandler

class telegram.ext.PreCheckoutQueryHandler(callback, block=True)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle Telegram telegram. Update.pre_checkout_query.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext.CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Examples

Payment Bot

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type

bool

Available In

```
telegram.ext.Application.handlers
```

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

```
update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.
```

Returns

bool

PrefixHandler

class telegram.ext.PrefixHandler(prefix, command, callback, filters=None, block=True)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler
```

Handler class to handle custom prefix commands.

This is an intermediate handler between <code>MessageHandler</code> and <code>CommandHandler</code>. It supports configurable commands with the same options as <code>CommandHandler</code>. It will respond to every combination of <code>prefix</code> and <code>command</code>. It will add a <code>list</code> to the <code>CallbackContext</code> named <code>CallbackContext.args</code>, containing a list of strings, which is the text following the command split on single or consecutive whitespace characters.

Examples

Single prefix and command:

```
PrefixHandler("!", "test", callback) # will respond to '!test'.
```

Multiple prefixes, single command:

```
PrefixHandler(["!", "#"], "test", callback) # will respond to '!test' and '#test'.
```

Multiple prefixes and commands:

```
PrefixHandler(
    ["!", "#"], ["test", "help"], callback
) # will respond to '!test', '#test', '!help' and '#help'.
```

By default, the handler listens to messages as well as edited messages. To change this behavior use $\sim filters.UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE$

Note:

• PrefixHandler does not handle (edited) channel posts.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. ext.CallbackContext. See its docs for more info.

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

Changed in version 20.0:

- PrefixHandler is no longer a subclass of CommandHandler.
- Removed the attributes command and prefix. Instead, the new *commands* contains all commands that this handler listens to as a frozenset, which includes the prefixes.
- Updating the prefixes and commands this handler listens to is no longer possible.

Parameters

- **prefix** (str | Collection[str]) The prefix(es) that will precede *command*.
- command (str | Collection[str]) The command or list of commands this handler should listen for. Case-insensitive.
- **callback** (coroutine function) The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

- **filters** (telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter, optional) A filter inheriting from telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter. Standard filters can be found in telegram.ext.filters. Filters can be combined using bitwise operators (& for and, | for or, ~ for not)
- **block** (bool, optional) Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application. process_update()*. Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

commands

The commands that this handler will listen for, i.e. the combinations of prefix and command.

Type

FrozenSet[str]

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

filters

Optional. Only allow updates with these Filters.

Type

telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

Type

bool

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

```
update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.
```

Returns

The list of args for the handler.

Return type

list

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check_result)

Add text after the command to CallbackContext.args as list, split on single whitespaces and add output of data filters to CallbackContext as well.

ShippingQueryHandler

class telegram.ext.ShippingQueryHandler(callback, block=True)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler
```

Handler class to handle Telegram telegram. Update. shipping_query.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Examples

Payment Bot

Parameters

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (telegram.Update | object) - Incoming update.

Returns

bool

StringCommandHandler

class telegram.ext.StringCommandHandler(command, callback, block=True)

```
Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler
```

Handler class to handle string commands. Commands are string updates that start with /. The handler will add a list to the *CallbackContext* named *CallbackContext.args*. It will contain a list of strings, which is the text following the command split on single whitespace characters.

Note: This handler is not used to handle Telegram *telegram.Update*, but strings manually put in the queue. For example to send messages with the bot using command line or API.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Parameters

• **command** (str) – The command this handler should listen for.

• **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

command

The command this handler should listen for.

```
Type
```

str

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

```
Type
```

bool

Available In

```
telegram.ext.Application.handlers
```

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

```
update (object) – The incoming update.
```

Returns

List containing the text command split on whitespace.

Return type

List[str]

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check_result)

Add text after the command to CallbackContext.args as list, split on single whitespaces.

StringRegexHandler

class telegram.ext.StringRegexHandler(pattern, callback, block=True)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle string updates based on a regex which checks the update content.

Read the documentation of the re module for more information. The re.match() function is used to determine if an update should be handled by this handler.

Note: This handler is not used to handle Telegram *telegram.Update*, but strings manually put in the queue. For example to send messages with the bot using command line or API.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Parameters

- pattern (str | re.Pattern) The regex pattern.
- **callback** (coroutine function) The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

• **block** (bool, optional) — Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

pattern

The regex pattern.

Type

str | re.Pattern

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (object) – The incoming update.

Returns

None | re.match

collect_additional_context(context, update, application, check_result)

Add the result of re.match(pattern, update) to CallbackContext.matches as list with one element.

TypeHandler

class telegram.ext.**TypeHandler**(*type*, *callback*, *strict=False*, *block=True*)

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseHandler

Handler class to handle updates of custom types.

Warning: When setting *block* to False, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram*. *ext*. *CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

Parameters

- **type** (type) The type of updates this handler should process, as determined by isinstance
- **callback** (coroutine function) The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.

- **strict** (bool, optional) Use type instead of isinstance. Default is False.
- **block** (bool, optional) Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.* process_update(). Defaults to True.

See also:

Concurrency

type

The type of updates this handler should process.

Type

type

callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type

coroutine function

strict

Use type instead of isinstance. Default is False.

Type

bool

block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in telegram.ext.Application.process_update().

Type

bool

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.handlers

check_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

Parameters

update (object) - Incoming update.

Returns

bool

10.2.14 Persistence

BasePersistence

class telegram.ext.BasePersistence(store_data=None, update_interval=60)

Bases: typing.Generic, ABC

Interface class for adding persistence to your bot. Subclass this object for different implementations of a persistent bot.

Attention: The interface provided by this class is intended to be accessed exclusively by *Application*. Calling any of the methods below manually might interfere with the integration of persistence into *Application*.

All relevant methods must be overwritten. This includes:

- get_bot_data()
- update_bot_data()
- refresh_bot_data()
- get_chat_data()
- update_chat_data()
- refresh_chat_data()
- drop_chat_data()
- get_user_data()
- update_user_data()
- refresh_user_data()
- drop_user_data()

- get_callback_data()
- update_callback_data()
- get_conversations()
- update_conversation()
- flush()

If you don't actually need one of those methods, a simple pass is enough. For example, if you don't store bot_data, you don't need $get_bot_data()$, $update_bot_data()$ or $refresh_bot_data()$.

Note: You should avoid saving *telegram.Bot* instances. This is because if you change e.g. the bots token, this won't propagate to the serialized instances and may lead to exceptions.

To prevent this, the implementation may use *bot* to replace bot instances with a placeholder before serialization and insert *bot* back when loading the data. Since *bot* will be set when the process starts, this will be the up-to-date bot instance.

If the persistence implementation does not take care of this, you should make sure not to store any bot instances in the data that will be persisted. E.g. in case of telegram. TelegramObject, one may call set_bot() to ensure that shortcuts like telegram. Message.reply_text() are available.

This class is a Generic class and accepts three type variables:

- 1. The type of the second argument of <code>update_user_data()</code>, which must coincide with the type of the second argument of <code>refresh_user_data()</code> and the values in the dictionary returned by <code>get_user_data()</code>.
- The type of the second argument of update_chat_data(), which must coincide with the type
 of the second argument of refresh_chat_data() and the values in the dictionary returned by
 get_chat_data().
- 3. The type of the argument of *update_bot_data()*, which must coincide with the type of the argument of *refresh_bot_data()* and the return value of *get_bot_data()*.

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.persistence()

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.persistence

See also:

Architecture Overview, Making Your Bot Persistent

Changed in version 20.0:

- The parameters and attributes store_*_data were replaced by store_data.
- insert/replace_bot was dropped. Serialization of bot instances now needs to be handled by the specific implementation see above note.

Parameters

- **store_data** (*PersistenceInput*, optional) Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance. By default, all available kinds of data will be saved.
- **update_interval** (int | float, optional) The *Application* will update the persistence in regular intervals. This parameter specifies the time (in seconds) to wait between two consecutive runs of updating the persistence. Defaults to 60 seconds.

New in version 20.0.

store_data

Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance.

Type

PersistenceInput

bot

The bot associated with the persistence.

Type

telegram.Bot

abstract async drop_chat_data(chat_id)

Will be called by the telegram.ext.Application, when using drop_chat_data().

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

chat_id (int) – The chat id to delete from the persistence.

abstract async drop_user_data(user_id)

Will be called by the telegram.ext.Application, when using drop_user_data().

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

user_id (int) – The user id to delete from the persistence.

abstract async flush()

Will be called by telegram.ext.Application.stop(). Gives the persistence a chance to finish up saving or close a database connection gracefully.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an abstractmethod().

abstract async get_bot_data()

Will be called by telegram.ext.Application upon creation with a persistence object. It should return the bot_data if stored, or an empty dict. In the latter case, the dict should produce values corresponding to one of the following:

- dict
- The type from telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data if telegram.ext.ContextTypes are used.

Returns

The restored bot data.

Return type

Dict[int, dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data]

abstract async get_callback_data()

Will be called by *telegram.ext.Application* upon creation with a persistence object. If callback data was stored, it should be returned.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an abstractmethod().

Returns

Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]] | None: The restored metadata or None, if no data was stored.

abstract async get_chat_data()

Will be called by *telegram.ext.Application* upon creation with a persistence object. It should return the chat_data if stored, or an empty dict. In the latter case, the dictionary should produce values corresponding to one of the following:

- dict
- The type from telegram.ext.ContextTypes.chat_data if telegram.ext.ContextTypes is used.

Changed in version 20.0: This method may now return a dict instead of a collections. defaultdict

Returns

The restored chat data.

Return type

Dict[int, dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.chat_data]

abstract async get_conversations(name)

Will be called by telegram.ext.Application when a telegram.ext.ConversationHandler is added if telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.persistent is True. It should return the conversations for the handler with name or an empty dict.

Parameters

name (str) – The handlers name.

Returns

The restored conversations for the handler.

Return type

dict

abstract async get_user_data()

Will be called by *telegram.ext.Application* upon creation with a persistence object. It should return the user_data if stored, or an empty dict. In the latter case, the dictionary should produce values corresponding to one of the following:

- dict
- The type from telegram.ext.ContextTypes.user_data if telegram.ext.ContextTypes is used.

Changed in version 20.0: This method may now return a dict instead of a collections. defaultdict

Returns

The restored user data.

Return type

Dict[int, dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.user_data]

abstract async refresh_bot_data(bot_data)

Will be called by the telegram.ext.Application before passing the bot_data to a callback. Can be used to update data stored in bot_data from an external source.

Warning: When using *concurrent_updates()*, this method may be called while a handler callback is still running. This might lead to race conditions.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an abstractmethod().

Parameters

bot_data (dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data) - The bot_data.

abstract async refresh_chat_data(chat_id, chat_data)

Will be called by the *telegram.ext.Application* before passing the *chat_data* to a callback. Can be used to update data stored in *chat_data* from an external source.

Warning: When using *concurrent_updates()*, this method may be called while a handler callback is still running. This might lead to race conditions.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an abstractmethod().

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int) The chat ID this **chat_data** is associated with.
- **chat_data** (dict | *telegram.ext.ContextTypes.chat_data*) The chat_data of a single chat.

abstract async refresh_user_data(user id, user data)

Will be called by the *telegram.ext.Application* before passing the *user_data* to a callback. Can be used to update data stored in *user_data* from an external source.

Warning: When using *concurrent_updates()*, this method may be called while a handler callback is still running. This might lead to race conditions.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an abstractmethod().

Parameters

- **user_id** (int) The user ID this *user_data* is associated with.
- user_data (dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.user_data) The user_data of a single user.

set_bot(bot)

Set the Bot to be used by this persistence instance.

Parameters

bot (telegram.Bot) – The bot.

Raises

TypeError — If PersistenceInput.callback_data is True and the bot is not an instance of telegram.ext.ExtBot.

abstract async update_bot_data(data)

Will be called by the telegram.ext.Application after a handler has handled an update.

Parameters

data (dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data) - The telegram.ext.
Application.bot_data.

abstract async update_callback_data(data)

Will be called by the telegram. ext. Application after a handler has handled an update.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an abstractmethod().

Parameters

data (Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, Any]]], Dict[str, str]] | None) — The relevant data to restore telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache.

abstract async update_chat_data(chat_id, data)

Will be called by the telegram. ext. Application after a handler has handled an update.

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int) The chat the data might have been changed for.
- data (dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.chat_data) The telegram.ext. Application.chat_data [chat_id].

abstract async update_conversation(name, key, new_state)

Will be called when a telegram.ext.ConversationHandler changes states. This allows the storage of the new state in the persistence.

Parameters

- name (str) The handler's name.
- **key** (tuple) The key the state is changed for.
- **new_state** (object) The new state for the given key.

property update_interval

Time (in seconds) that the *Application* will wait between two consecutive runs of updating the persistence.

New in version 20.0.

Type

float

abstract async update_user_data(user_id, data)

Will be called by the telegram.ext.Application after a handler has handled an update.

Parameters

- **user_id** (int) The user the data might have been changed for.
- data (dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.user_data) The telegram.ext. Application.user_data [user_id].

DictPersistence

Bases: telegram.ext.BasePersistence

Using Python's dict and json for making your bot persistent.

Attention: The interface provided by this class is intended to be accessed exclusively by *Application*. Calling any of the methods below manually might interfere with the integration of persistence into *Application*.

Note:

- Data managed by *DictPersistence* is in-memory only and will be lost when the bot shuts down. This is, because *DictPersistence* is mainly intended as starting point for custom persistence classes that need to JSON-serialize the stored data before writing them to file/database.
- This implementation of *BasePersistence* does not handle data that cannot be serialized by json. dumps().

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.persistence()

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.persistence

See also:

Making Your Bot Persistent

Changed in version 20.0: The parameters and attributes store_*_data were replaced by store_data.

Parameters

- **store_data** (*PersistenceInput*, optional) Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance. By default, all available kinds of data will be saved.
- user_data_json (str, optional) JSON string that will be used to reconstruct user_data on creating this persistence. Default is "".
- **chat_data_json** (str, optional) JSON string that will be used to reconstruct chat_data on creating this persistence. Default is "".
- **bot_data_json** (str, optional) JSON string that will be used to reconstruct bot_data on creating this persistence. Default is "".
- **conversations_json** (str, optional) JSON string that will be used to reconstruct conversation on creating this persistence. Default is "".
- callback_data_json (str, optional) JSON string that will be used to reconstruct callback_data on creating this persistence. Default is "".

New in version 13.6.

• **update_interval** (int | float, optional) – The *Application* will update the persistence in regular intervals. This parameter specifies the time (in seconds) to wait between two consecutive runs of updating the persistence. Defaults to 60 seconds.

New in version 20.0.

store_data

Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance.

Турє

PersistenceInput

property bot_data

The bot data as a dict.

Type

dict

property bot_data_json

The bot_data serialized as a JSON-string.

Type

str

property callback_data

The metadata on the stored callback data.

New in version 13.6.

```
Type
             Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]
property callback_data_json
     The metadata on the stored callback data as a JSON-string.
     New in version 13.6.
        Type
             str
property chat_data
     The chat_data as a dict.
        Type
             dict
property chat_data_json
     The chat_data serialized as a JSON-string.
             str
property conversations
     The conversations as a dict.
        Type
             dict
property conversations_json
     The conversations serialized as a JSON-string.
        Type
async drop_chat_data(chat_id)
     Will delete the specified key from the chat_data.
     New in version 20.0.
        Parameters
             chat_id (int) – The chat id to delete from the persistence.
async drop_user_data(user_id)
     Will delete the specified key from the user_data.
     New in version 20.0.
        Parameters
             user_id (int) – The user id to delete from the persistence.
async flush()
     Does nothing.
     New in version 20.0.
     See also:
     telegram.ext.BasePersistence.flush()
async get_bot_data()
     Returns the bot_data created from the bot_data_json or an empty dict.
        Returns
             The restored bot data.
        Return type
             dict
```

```
async get_callback_data()
    Returns the callback_data created from the callback_data_json or None.
    New in version 13.6.
        Returns
            The restored metadata or None, if no data was stored.
       Return type
            Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]
async get_chat_data()
    Returns the chat_data created from the chat_data_json or an empty dict.
            The restored chat data.
        Return type
            dict
async get_conversations(name)
    Returns the conversations created from the conversations_json or an empty dict.
        Returns
            The restored conversations data.
       Return type
            dict
async get_user_data()
    Returns the user_data created from the user_data_json or an empty dict.
        Returns
            The restored user data.
        Return type
            dict
async refresh_bot_data(bot_data)
    Does nothing.
    New in version 13.6.
    See also:
     telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_bot_data()
async refresh_chat_data(chat_id, chat_data)
    Does nothing.
    New in version 13.6.
    See also:
     telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_chat_data()
async refresh_user_data(user_id, user_data)
    Does nothing.
    New in version 13.6.
    See also:
     telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_user_data()
async update_bot_data(data)
    Will update the bot_data (if changed).
```

Parameters

data (dict) - The telegram.ext.Application.bot_data.

async update_callback_data(data)

Will update the callback_data (if changed).

New in version 13.6.

Parameters

data (Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]) – The relevant data to restore telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache.

async update_chat_data(chat_id, data)

Will update the chat_data (if changed).

Parameters

- **chat_id** (int) The chat the data might have been changed for.
- data (dict) The telegram.ext.Application.chat_data [chat_id].

async update_conversation(name, key, new_state)

Will update the conversations for the given handler.

Parameters

- name (str) The handler's name.
- **key** (tuple) The key the state is changed for.
- **new_state** (tuple | object) The new state for the given key.

async update_user_data(user_id, data)

Will update the user_data (if changed).

Parameters

- **user_id** (int) The user the data might have been changed for.
- data (dict) The telegram.ext.Application.user_data [user_id].

property user_data

The user_data as a dict.

Type

dict

property user_data_json

The user_data serialized as a JSON-string.

Type

str

PersistenceInput

Bases: NamedTuple

Convenience wrapper to group boolean input for the store_data parameter for BasePersistence.

Parameters

- bot_data (bool, optional) Whether the setting should be applied for bot_data. Defaults to True.
- **chat_data** (bool, optional) Whether the setting should be applied for **chat_data**. Defaults to True.

- **user_data** (bool, optional) Whether the setting should be applied for **user_data**. Defaults to True.
- callback_data (bool, optional) Whether the setting should be applied for callback_data. Defaults to True.

bot data

Whether the setting should be applied for bot_data.

Type

bool

chat_data

Whether the setting should be applied for chat_data.

Type

bool

user_data

Whether the setting should be applied for user_data.

Туре

bool

callback_data

Whether the setting should be applied for callback_data.

Type

bool

Available In

- telegram.ext.BasePersistence.store_data
- telegram.ext.DictPersistence.store_data
- telegram.ext.PicklePersistence.store_data

PicklePersistence

class telegram.ext.**PicklePersistence**(filepath, store_data=None, single_file=True, on_flush=False, update_interval=60, context_types=None)

Bases: telegram.ext.BasePersistence

Using python's builtin pickle for making your bot persistent.

Attention: The interface provided by this class is intended to be accessed exclusively by *Application*. Calling any of the methods below manually might interfere with the integration of persistence into *Application*.

Note: This implementation of *BasePersistence* uses the functionality of the pickle module to support serialization of bot instances. Specifically any reference to *bot* will be replaced by a placeholder before pickling and *bot* will be inserted back when loading the data.

Examples

Persistent Conversation Bot

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.persistence()

Available In

telegram.ext.Application.persistence

See also:

Making Your Bot Persistent

Changed in version 20.0:

- The parameters and attributes store_*_data were replaced by *store_data*.
- The parameter and attribute filename were replaced by *filepath*.
- filepath now also accepts pathlib. Path as argument.

Parameters

- **filepath** (str | pathlib.Path) The filepath for storing the pickle files. When *single_file* is False this will be used as a prefix.
- **store_data** (*PersistenceInput*, optional) Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance. By default, all available kinds of data will be saved.
- **single_file** (bool, optional) When False will store 5 separate files of *file-name_user_data*, *filename_bot_data*, *filename_chat_data*, *filename_callback_data* and *filename_conversations*. Default is True.
- on_flush (bool, optional) When True will only save to file when flush() is called and keep data in memory until that happens. When False will store data on any transaction *and* on call to flush(). Default is False.
- **context_types** (telegram.ext.ContextTypes, optional) Pass an instance of telegram.ext.ContextTypes to customize the types used in the context interface. If not passed, the defaults documented in telegram.ext.ContextTypes will be used.

New in version 13.6.

• **update_interval** (int | float, optional) – The *Application* will update the persistence in regular intervals. This parameter specifies the time (in seconds) to wait between two consecutive runs of updating the persistence. Defaults to 60 seconds.

New in version 20.0.

filepath

The filepath for storing the pickle files. When *single_file* is False this will be used as a prefix.

Type

str|pathlib.Path

store_data

Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance.

Type

PersistenceInput

single_file

Optional. When False will store 5 separate files of *filename_user_data*, *filename_bot_data*, *filename_chat_data*, *filename_callback_data* and *filename_conversations*. Default is True.

Type

bool

on_flush

Optional. When True will only save to file when *flush()* is called and keep data in memory until that happens. When False will store data on any transaction *and* on call to *flush()*. Default is False.

Type

bool

context_types

Container for the types used in the context interface.

New in version 13.6.

Type

telegram.ext.ContextTypes

async drop_chat_data(chat_id)

Will delete the specified key from the chat_data and depending on on_flush save the pickle file.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

chat_id (int) – The chat id to delete from the persistence.

async drop_user_data(user_id)

Will delete the specified key from the user_data and depending on on_flush save the pickle file.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

user_id (int) – The user id to delete from the persistence.

async flush()

Will save all data in memory to pickle file(s).

async get_bot_data()

Returns the bot_data from the pickle file if it exists or an empty object of type dict | telegram.ext. ContextTypes.bot_data.

Returns

The restored bot data.

Return type

dict|telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data

async get_callback_data()

Returns the callback data from the pickle file if it exists or None.

New in version 13.6.

Returns

Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]] | None: The restored metadata or None, if no data was stored.

async get_chat_data()

Returns the chat_data from the pickle file if it exists or an empty dict.

Returns

The restored chat data.

Return type

Dict[int, dict]

```
async get_conversations(name)
    Returns the conversations from the pickle file if it exists or an empty dict.
       Parameters
            name (str) – The handlers name.
       Returns
            The restored conversations for the handler.
       Return type
            dict
async get_user_data()
    Returns the user_data from the pickle file if it exists or an empty dict.
        Returns
            The restored user data.
        Return type
            Dict[int, dict]
async refresh_bot_data(bot_data)
    Does nothing.
    New in version 13.6.
    See also:
     telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_bot_data()
async refresh_chat_data(chat_id, chat_data)
    Does nothing.
    New in version 13.6.
    See also:
     telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_chat_data()
async refresh_user_data(user_id, user_data)
    Does nothing.
    New in version 13.6.
    See also:
     telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_user_data()
async update_bot_data(data)
    Will update the bot_data and depending on on_flush save the pickle file.
            data (dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data) - The telegram.ext.
            Application.bot_data.
async update_callback_data(data)
    Will update the callback_data (if changed) and depending on on_flush save the pickle file.
    New in version 13.6.
        Parameters
             data (Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]) - The rele-
            vant data to restore telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache.
async update_chat_data(chat_id, data)
    Will update the chat_data and depending on on_flush save the pickle file.
        Parameters
```

- **chat_id** (int) The chat the data might have been changed for.
- data (dict) The telegram.ext.Application.chat_data [chat_id].

async update_conversation(name, key, new_state)

Will update the conversations for the given handler and depending on on_flush save the pickle file.

Parameters

- name (str) The handler's name.
- **key** (tuple) The key the state is changed for.
- **new_state** (object) The new state for the given key.

async update_user_data(user_id, data)

Will update the user_data and depending on on_flush save the pickle file.

Parameters

- user_id (int) The user the data might have been changed for.
- data (dict) The telegram.ext.Application.user_data [user_id].

10.2.15 Arbitrary Callback Data

CallbackDataCache

class telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache(bot, maxsize=1024, persistent_data=None)

Bases: object

A custom cache for storing the callback data of a *telegram.ext.ExtBot*. Internally, it keeps two mappings with fixed maximum size:

- One for mapping the data received in callback queries to the cached objects
- One for mapping the IDs of received callback queries to the cached objects

The second mapping allows to manually drop data that has been cached for keyboards of messages sent via inline mode. If necessary, will drop the least recently used items.

Important: If you want to use this class, you must install PTB with the optional requirement callback-data, i.e.

```
pip install "python-telegram-bot[callback-data]"
```

Examples

Arbitrary Callback Data Bot

Available In

telegram.ext.ExtBot.callback_data_cache

See also:

Architecture Overview, Arbitrary callback_data

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: To use this class, PTB must be installed via pip install "python-telegram-bot[callback-data]".

Parameters

- **bot** (telegram.ext.ExtBot) The bot this cache is for.
- maxsize (int, optional) Maximum number of items in each of the internal mappings. Defaults to 1024.
- **persistent_data** (Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]], optional) Data to initialize the cache with, as returned by telegram.ext. BasePersistence.get_callback_data().

bot

The bot this cache is for.

```
Type
```

telegram.ext.ExtBot

clear_callback_data(time_cutoff=None)

Clears the stored callback data.

Parameters

time_cutoff (float | datetime.datetime, optional) — Pass a UNIX timestamp or a datetime.datetime to clear only entries which are older. For timezone naive datetime.datetime objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used, which is UTC unless telegram.ext.Defaults.tzinfo is used.

clear_callback_queries()

Clears the stored callback query IDs.

drop_data(callback_query)

Deletes the data for the specified callback query.

Note: Will *not* raise exceptions in case the callback data is not found in the cache. *Will* raise KeyError in case the callback query can not be found in the cache.

Parameters

```
callback_query (telegram.CallbackQuery) - The callback query.
```

Raises

KeyError – If the callback query can not be found in the cache

static extract_uuids(callback_data)

Extracts the keyboard uuid and the button uuid from the given <code>callback_data</code>.

Parameters

```
callback_data (str) – The callback_data as present in the button.
```

Returns

Tuple of keyboard and button uuid

Return type

(str, str)

load_persistence_data(persistent_data)

Loads data into the cache.

Warning: This method is not intended to be called by users directly.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

persistent_data (Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str,
str]], optional) - Data to load, as returned by telegram.ext.BasePersistence.
get_callback_data().

property maxsize

The maximum size of the cache.

Changed in version 20.0: This property is now read-only.

Type int

property persistence_data

Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]: The data that needs to be persisted to allow caching callback data across bot reboots.

process_callback_query(callback_query)

Replaces the data in the callback query and the attached messages keyboard with the cached objects, if necessary. If the data could not be found, telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData will be inserted. If telegram.CallbackQuery.data or telegram.CallbackQuery.message is present, this also saves the callback queries ID in order to be able to resolve it to the stored data.

Note: Also considers inserts data into the buttons of telegram. Message.reply_to_message and telegram. Message.pinned_message if necessary.

Warning: *In place*, i.e. the passed *telegram*. *CallbackQuery* will be changed!

Parameters

callback_query (telegram. CallbackQuery) – The callback query.

process_keyboard(reply_markup)

Registers the reply markup to the cache. If any of the buttons have *callback_data*, stores that data and builds a new keyboard with the correspondingly replaced buttons. Otherwise, does nothing and returns the original reply markup.

Parameters

reply_markup (telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup) – The keyboard.

Returns

The keyboard to be passed to Telegram.

Return type

telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

process_message(message)

Replaces the data in the inline keyboard attached to the message with the cached objects, if necessary. If the data could not be found, telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData will be inserted.

Note: Checks telegram.Message.via_bot and telegram.Message.from_user to check if the reply markup (if any) was actually sent by this cache's bot. If it was not, the message will be returned unchanged.

Note that this will fail for channel posts, as telegram.Message.from_user is None for those! In the corresponding reply markups the callback data will be replaced by telegram.ext. InvalidCallbackData.

Warning:

- Does *not* consider telegram.Message.reply_to_message and telegram.Message. pinned_message. Pass them to this method separately.
- *In place*, i.e. the passed telegram. Message will be changed!

Parameters

message (telegram.Message) - The message.

InvalidCallbackData

class telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData(callback_data=None)

Bases: telegram.error.TelegramError

Raised when the received callback data has been tampered with or deleted from cache.

Examples

Arbitrary Callback Data Bot

See also:

Arbitrary callback_data

New in version 13.6.

Parameters

callback_data (int, optional) – The button data of which the callback data could not be found.

callback_data

Optional. The button data of which the callback data could not be found.

```
Type
int
__reduce__()
Helper for pickle.
```

10.2.16 Rate Limiting

BaseRateLimiter

class telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter

Bases: ABC, typing.Generic

Abstract interface class that allows to rate limit the requests that python-telegram-bot sends to the Telegram Bot API. An implementation of this class must implement all abstract methods and properties.

This class is a Generic class and accepts one type variable that specifies the type of the argument $rate_limit_args$ of $process_request()$ and the methods of ExtBot.

Hint: Requests to *get_updates()* are never rate limited.

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.rate_limiter()

See also:

Architecture Overview, Avoiding Flood Limits

New in version 20.0.

abstract async initialize()

Initialize resources used by this class. Must be implemented by a subclass.

abstract async process_request(callback, args, kwargs, endpoint, data, rate_limit_args)

Process a request. Must be implemented by a subclass.

This method must call *callback* and return the result of the call. *When* the callback is called is up to the implementation.

Important: This method must only return once the result of *callback* is known!

If a *RetryAfter* error is raised, this method may try to make a new request by calling the callback again.

Warning: This method *should not* handle any other exception raised by *callback*!

There are basically two different approaches how a rate limiter can be implemented:

- 1. React only if necessary. In this case, the *callback* is called without any precautions. If a *RetryAfter* error is raised, processing requests is halted for the *retry_after* and finally the *callback* is called again. This approach is often amendable for bots that don't have a large user base and/or don't send more messages than they get updates.
- 2. Throttle all outgoing requests. In this case the implementation makes sure that the requests are spread out over a longer time interval in order to stay below the rate limits. This approach is often amendable for bots that have a large user base and/or send more messages than they get updates.

An implementation can use the information provided by *data*, *endpoint* and *rate_limit_args* to handle each request differently.

Examples

- It is usually desirable to call telegram. Bot.answer_inline_query() as quickly as possible, while delaying telegram. Bot.send_message() is acceptable.
- There are different rate limits for group chats and private chats.
- When sending broadcast messages to a large number of users, these requests can typically be delayed for a longer time than messages that are direct replies to a user input.

Parameters

- **callback** (Callable[..., coroutine]) The coroutine function that must be called to make the request.
- **args** (Tuple[object]) The positional arguments for the *callback* function.
- **kwargs** (Dict[str, object]) The keyword arguments for the *callback* function.
- **endpoint** (str) The endpoint that the request is made for, e.g. "sendMessage".

• **data** (Dict[str, object]) – The parameters that were passed to the method of *ExtBot*. Any api_kwargs are included in this and any *defaults* are already applied.

Example

When calling:

```
await ext_bot.send_message(
    chat_id=1,
    text="Hello world!",
    api_kwargs={"custom": "arg"}
)
```

then data will be:

```
{"chat_id": 1, "text": "Hello world!", "custom": "arg"}
```

• rate_limit_args (None | object) - Custom arguments passed to the methods of *ExtBot*. Can e.g. be used to specify the priority of the request.

Returns

The result of the callback function.

Return type

bool | Dict[str, object] | None

```
abstract async shutdown()
```

Stop & clear resources used by this class. Must be implemented by a subclass.

AIORateLimiter

Bases: telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter

Implementation of BaseRateLimiter using the library aiolimiter.

Important: If you want to use this class, you must install PTB with the optional requirement rate-limiter, i.e.

```
pip install "python-telegram-bot[rate-limiter]"
```

The rate limiting is applied by combining two levels of throttling and <code>process_request()</code> roughly boils down to:

```
async with group_limiter(group_id):
    async with overall_limiter:
    await callback(*args, **kwargs)
```

Here, group_id is determined by checking if there is a chat_id parameter in the *data*. The overall_limiter is applied only if a chat_id argument is present at all.

```
Attention:
```

- Some bot methods accept a chat_id parameter in form of a @username for supergroups and channels. As we can't know which @username corresponds to which integer chat_id, these will be treated as different groups, which may lead to exceeding the rate limit.
- As channels can't be differentiated from supergroups by the @username or integer chat_id, this also applies the group related rate limits to channels.
- A RetryAfter exception will halt all requests for retry_after + 0.1 seconds. This may be stricter than necessary in some cases, e.g. the bot may hit a rate limit in one group but might still be allowed to send messages in another group.

Note: This class is to be understood as minimal effort reference implementation. If you would like to handle rate limiting in a more sophisticated, fine-tuned way, we welcome you to implement your own subclass of <code>BaseRateLimiter</code>. Feel free to check out the source code of this class for inspiration.

Use In

telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.rate_limiter()

See also:

Avoiding Flood Limits

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

- **overall_max_rate** (float) The maximum number of requests allowed for the entire bot per *overall_time_period*. When set to 0, no rate limiting will be applied. Defaults to 30.
- **overall_time_period** (float) The time period (in seconds) during which the *overall_max_rate* is enforced. When set to 0, no rate limiting will be applied. Defaults to 1.
- **group_max_rate** (float) The maximum number of requests allowed for requests related to groups and channels per *group_time_period*. When set to 0, no rate limiting will be applied. Defaults to 20.
- **group_time_period** (float) The time period (in seconds) during which the *group_max_rate* is enforced. When set to 0, no rate limiting will be applied. Defaults to 60.
- max_retries (int) The maximum number of retries to be made in case of a RetryAfter exception. If set to 0, no retries will be made. Defaults to 0.

async initialize()

Does nothing.

async process_request(callback, args, kwargs, endpoint, data, rate_limit_args)

Processes a request by applying rate limiting.

See telegram.ext.BaseRateLimiter.process_request() for detailed information on the arguments.

Parameters

rate_limit_args (None | int) - If set, specifies the maximum number of retries to be
made in case of a RetryAfter exception. Defaults to AIORateLimiter.max_retries.

async shutdown()

Does nothing.

10.3 Auxiliary modules

10.3.1 telegram.constants Module

This module contains several constants that are relevant for working with the Bot API.

Unless noted otherwise, all constants in this module were extracted from the Telegram Bots FAQ and Telegram Bots API.

Most of the following constants are related to specific classes or topics and are grouped into enums. If they are related to a specific class, then they are also available as attributes of those classes.

Changed in version 20.0:

• Most of the constants in this module are grouped into enums.

```
telegram.constants.BOT_API_VERSION = '6.9'
```

Telegram Bot API version supported by this version of *python-telegram-bot*. Also available as *telegram*. __bot_api_version__.

New in version 13.4.

```
Type str
```

```
telegram.constants.BOT_API_VERSION_INFO = (6, 9)
```

The components can also be accessed by name, so BOT_API_VERSION_INFO[0] is equivalent to BOT_API_VERSION_INFO.major and so on. Also available as telegram.__bot_api_version_info__.

New in version 20.0.

```
Bases: enum.IntEnum
```

This enum contains limitations for *telegram.BotCommand* and *telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()*. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

```
MAX_COMMAND = 32
```

Maximum value allowed for *command* parameter of *telegram.BotCommand*.

```
Type int
```

MAX_COMMAND_NUMBER = 100

Maximum number of bot commands passed in a list to the *commands* parameter of $telegram.Bot.set_my_commands()$.

```
Type int
```

$MAX_DESCRIPTION = 256$

 $Maximum\ value\ allowed\ for\ \textit{description}\ parameter\ of\ \textit{telegram}. \textit{BotCommand}.$

```
Type int
```

$MIN_COMMAND = 1$

Minimum value allowed for command parameter of telegram. BotCommand.

```
Type int
```

```
MIN_DESCRIPTION = 1
          Minimum value allowed for description parameter of telegram. BotCommand.
             Type
                 int
     __format_(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                  qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                  boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types of telegram. BotCommandScope. The enum members of this enu-
     meration are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     ALL_CHAT_ADMINISTRATORS = 'all_chat_administrators'
         The type of telegram. BotCommandScopeAllChatAdministrators.
             Type
                 str
     ALL_GROUP_CHATS = 'all_group_chats'
         The type of telegram.BotCommandScopeAllGroupChats.
             Type
                 str
     ALL_PRIVATE_CHATS = 'all_private_chats'
         The type of telegram.BotCommandScopeAllPrivateChats.
             Type
                 str
     CHAT = 'chat'
         The type of telegram.BotCommandScopeChat.
             Type
     CHAT_ADMINISTRATORS = 'chat_administrators'
         The type of telegram.BotCommandScopeChatAdministrators.
             Type
                 str
     CHAT_MEMBER = 'chat_member'
         The type of telegram.BotCommandScopeChatMember.
            Type
                 str
     DEFAULT = 'default'
         The type of telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault.
             Type
                 str
     __new__(value)
```

```
class telegram.constants.BotDescriptionLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                   qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                   boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for the methods telegram. Bot.set_my_description() and telegram.
     Bot.set_my_short_description(). The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and
     can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.2.
     MAX_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH = 512
          Maximum length for the parameter description of telegram. Bot.set_my_description()
             Type
                  int
     MAX_SHORT_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH = 120
          Maximum
                      length
                               for
                                     the
                                           parameter
                                                       short_description
                                                                             of
                                                                                   telegram.Bot.
          set_my_short_description()
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.BotNameLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                           type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for the methods telegram.Bot.set_my_name(). The enum members of
     this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.3.
     MAX_NAME_LENGTH = 64
          Maximum length for the parameter name of telegram.Bot.set_my_name()
             Type
                 int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.CallbackQueryLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                  qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                  boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This
                      contains
                                 limitations
                                                     telegram.CallbackQuery/
     answer_callback_query(). The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can
     be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     ANSWER_CALLBACK_QUERY_TEXT_LENGTH = 200
          Maximum number of characters in a str passed as the text parameter of telegram. Bot.
          answer_callback_query().
             Type
                  int
```

```
__format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.ChatAction(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                           type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available chat actions for telegram.Bot.send_chat_action(). The enum mem-
     bers of this enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     CHOOSE_STICKER = 'choose_sticker'
          Chat action indicating that the bot is selecting a sticker.
              Type
                   str
     FIND_LOCATION = 'find_location'
          Chat action indicating that the bot is selecting a location.
              Type
     RECORD_VIDEO = 'record_video'
          Chat action indicating that the bot is recording a video.
              Type
                   str
     RECORD_VIDEO_NOTE = 'record_video_note'
          Chat action indicating that the bot is recording a video note.
              Type
                   str
     RECORD VOICE = 'record voice'
          Chat action indicating that the bot is recording a voice message.
                   str
     TYPING = 'typing'
          A chat indicating the bot is typing.
              Type
                   str
     UPLOAD_DOCUMENT = 'upload_document'
          Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a document.
              Type
                   str
     UPLOAD_PHOTO = 'upload_photo'
          Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a photo.
              Type
                   str
     UPLOAD_VIDEO = 'upload_video'
```

Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a video.

```
Type
```

str

UPLOAD_VIDEO_NOTE = 'upload_video_note'

Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a video note.

Type

str

UPLOAD_VOICE = 'upload_voice'

Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a voice message.

Type

str

__new__(value)

class telegram.constants.**ChatID**(*value*, *names=None*, **values*, *module=None*, *qualname=None*, *type=None*, *start=1*, *boundary=None*)

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains some special chat IDs. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

ANONYMOUS_ADMIN = 1087968824

User ID in groups for messages sent by anonymous admins. Telegram chat: @GroupAnonymousBot.

Note: telegram.Message.from_user will contain this ID for backwards compatibility only. It's recommended to use telegram.Message.sender_chat instead.

Type

int

$FAKE_CHANNEL = 136817688$

User ID in groups when message is sent on behalf of a channel, or when a channel votes on a poll. Telegram chat: @Channel_Bot.

Note:

- telegram.Message.from_user will contain this ID for backwards compatibility only. It's recommended to use telegram.Message.sender_chat instead.
- telegram. PollAnswer. user will contain this ID for backwards compatibility only. It's recommended to use telegram. PollAnswer. voter_chat instead.

Type

int

SERVICE CHAT = 777000

Telegram service chat, that also acts as sender of channel posts forwarded to discussion groups. Telegram chat: Telegram.

Note: telegram.Message.from_user will contain this ID for backwards compatibility only. It's recommended to use telegram.Message.sender_chat instead.

```
Type
                 int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.ChatInviteLinkLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                 qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                 boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This
                                limitations
                                                   telegram.ChatInviteLink/
                                                                                 telegram.Bot.
            enum
                     contains
                                             for
     create_chat_invite_link()/telegram.Bot.edit_chat_invite_link().
                                                                             The enum members
     of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX\_MEMBER\_LIMIT = 99999
                                                                    parameter
         Maximum
                    value
                             allowed
                                             the
                                                   member_limit
                                        for
                                                                                     telegram.
          Bot.create_chat_invite_link()
                                                       member_limit
                                              and
                                                                                telegram.Bot.
                                                                          of
          edit_chat_invite_link().
             Type
                 int
     MIN\_MEMBER\_LIMIT = 1
          Minimum
                     value
                             allowed
                                             the
                                                   member_limit
                                                                    parameter
                                                                                     telegram.
                                       for
                                                                                of
                                                       member_limit
                                                                                telegram.Bot.
          Bot.create_chat_invite_link()
                                              and
                                                                          of
          edit_chat_invite_link().
             Type
                 int
     NAME_LENGTH = 32
          Maximum number of characters in a str passed as the name parameter of telegram. Bot.
          create_chat_invite_link() and name of telegram.Bot.edit_chat_invite_link().
             Type
                 int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
```

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains limitations for telegram.Bot.set_chat_administrator_custom_title(), telegram.Bot.set_chat_description(), and telegram.Bot.set_chat_title(). The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

CHAT_ADMINISTRATOR_CUSTOM_TITLE_LENGTH = 16

Maximum length of a str passed as the custom_title parameter of telegram.Bot. set_chat_administrator_custom_title().

Type int

```
CHAT_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH = 255
                                    Maximum number of characters in a str passed as the description parameter of telegram. Bot.
                                    set_chat_description().
                                               Type
                                                                int
                  MAX_CHAT_TITLE_LENGTH = 128
                                    Maximum length of a str passed as the title parameter of telegram.Bot.set_chat_title().
                                               Type
                                                                int
                  MIN_CHAT_TITLE_LENGTH = 1
                                    Minimum length of a str passed as the title parameter of telegram.Bot.set_chat_title().
                                               Type
                                                                int
                    __format__(format_spec,/)
                                    Convert to a string according to format_spec.
                    __new__(value)
\textbf{class} \ \ \textbf{telegram.constants.Chat Member Status} (\textit{value}, \textit{names} = \textit{None}, *\textit{values}, \textit{module} = \textit{None}, *\textit{values}, \textit{values}, 
                                                                                                                                                                          qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
                   Bases: str, enum. Enum
                   This enum contains the available states for telegram. ChatMember. The enum members of this enumeration
                   are instances of str and can be treated as such.
                   New in version 20.0.
                   ADMINISTRATOR = 'administrator'
                                    A telegram. Chat Member who is administrator of the chat.
                                               Type
                                                                str
                  BANNED = 'kicked'
                                    A telegram. Chat Member who was banned in the chat.
                                               Type
                                                                str
                  LEFT = 'left'
                                    A telegram. ChatMember who has left the chat.
                                               Type
                                                                str
                   MEMBER = 'member'
                                    A telegram. ChatMember who is a member of the chat.
                                               Type
                                                                str
                   OWNER = 'creator'
                                    A telegram. ChatMember who is the owner of the chat.
                                               Type
                                                                str
```

```
RESTRICTED = 'restricted'
          A telegram. ChatMember who was restricted in this chat.
             Type
                  str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.ChatPhotoSize(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                            qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. ChatPhoto. The enum members of this enumeration are
     instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     BIG = 640
          Width and height of a big chat photo, ID of which is passed in big_file_id and
          big_file_unique_id parameters of telegram.ChatPhoto.
             Type
                  int
     SMALL = 160
          Width and height of a small chat photo, ID of which is passed in small_file_id and
          small_file_unique_id parameters of telegram.ChatPhoto.
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.ChatType(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                       type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types of telegram. Chat. The enum members of this enumeration are
     instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     CHANNEL = 'channel'
          A telegram. Chat that is a channel.
             Type
                  str
     GROUP = 'group'
          A telegram. Chat that is a group.
             Type
                  str
     PRIVATE = 'private'
          A telegram. Chat that is private.
             Type
```

str

```
SENDER = 'sender'
          A telegram. Chat that represents the chat of a telegram. User sending an telegram.
          InlineQuery.
             Type
                  str
     SUPERGROUP = 'supergroup'
          A telegram. Chat that is a supergroup.
             Type
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.ContactLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                           type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. InlineQueryResultContact,
     InputContactMessageContent, and telegram.Bot.send_contact(). The enum members of
     this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     VCARD = 2048
          Maximum value allowed for:

    vcard parameter of send_contact()

            • vcard parameter of InlineQueryResultContact
            • vcard parameter of InputContactMessageContent
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.CustomEmojiStickerLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                       qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                       boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. Bot. get_custom_emoji_stickers(). The enum mem-
     bers of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     CUSTOM_EMOJI_IDENTIFIER_LIMIT = 200
          Maximum amount of custom emoji identifiers which can be specified for the custom_emoji_ids
          parameter of telegram.Bot.get_custom_emoji_stickers().
             Type
                 int
      _format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
```

```
class telegram.constants.DiceEmoji(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                        type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available emoji for telegram.Dice/ telegram.Bot.send_dice(). The enum
     members of this enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     BASKETBALL = ''
          A telegram. Dice with the emoji.
             Type
                  str
     BOWLING = ''
          A telegram. Dice with the emoji.
             Type
                  str
     DARTS = ''
          A telegram. Dice with the emoji.
             Type
                  str
     DICE = ''
          A telegram. Dice with the emoji.
             Type
                  str
     FOOTBALL = ''
          A telegram. Dice with the emoji.
             Type
     SLOT_MACHINE = ''
          A telegram. Dice with the emoji.
             Type
                  str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.DiceLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                        type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. Dice. The enum members of this enumeration are instances
     of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX_VALUE_BASKETBALL = 5
          Maximum value allowed for value parameter of telegram. Dice if emoji is ".
             Type
                  int
     MAX_VALUE_BOWLING = 6
          Maximum value allowed for value parameter of telegram. Dice if emoji is ".
             Type
                  int
```

```
MAX_VALUE_DARTS = 6
          Maximum value allowed for value parameter of telegram. Dice if emoji is ".
             Type
                  int
     MAX_VALUE_DICE = 6
          Maximum value allowed for value parameter of telegram. Dice if emoji is ".
             Type
                  int
     MAX_VALUE_FOOTBALL = 5
          Maximum value allowed for value parameter of telegram. Dice if emoji is ".
             Type
                  int
     MAX_VALUE_SLOT_MACHINE = 64
          Maximum value allowed for value parameter of telegram. Dice if emoji is ".
             Type
                  int
     MIN_VALUE = 1
          Minimum value allowed for value parameter of telegram.Dice (any emoji).
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.FileSizeLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                             qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations regarding the upload and download of files. The enum members of this
     enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     FILESIZE_DOWNLOAD = 20000000
          Bots can download files of up to 20MB in size.
             Type
                  int
     FILESIZE_DOWNLOAD_LOCAL_MODE = 9223372036854775807
          Bots can download files without a size limit when using a local bot API server.
             Type
                  int
     FILESIZE UPLOAD = 50000000
          Bots can upload non-photo files of up to 50MB in size.
             Type
                  int
     FILESIZE_UPLOAD_LOCAL_MODE = 2000000000
```

Bots can upload non-photo files of up to 2000MB in size when using a local bot API server.

```
Type int
```

PHOTOSIZE_UPLOAD = 10000000

Bots can upload photo files of up to 10MB in size.

```
Type int
```

VOICE_NOTE_FILE_SIZE = 1000000

File size limit for the *send_voice()* method of *telegram.Bot*. Bots can send *audio/ogg* files of up to 1MB in size as a voice note. Larger voice notes (up to 20MB) will be sent as files.

```
Type
int
__format__(format_spec,/)
Convert to a string according to format_spec.
__new__(value)
```

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains limitations regarding flood limits. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

MESSAGES_PER_MINUTE_PER_GROUP = 20

The number of messages that can roughly be sent to a particular group within one minute.

```
Type int
```

$MESSAGES_PER_SECOND = 30$

The number of messages that can roughly be sent in an interval of 30 seconds across all chats.

```
Type int
```

$MESSAGES_PER_SECOND_PER_CHAT = 1$

The number of messages that can be sent per second in a particular chat. Telegram may allow short bursts that go over this limit, but eventually you'll begin receiving 429 errors.

```
Type
int
__format__(format_spec, /)
Convert to a string according to format_spec.
__new__(value)
```

 $\textbf{class} \ \ \textbf{telegram.constants.} \\ \textbf{ForumIconColor}(\textit{value}, \textit{names=None}, *\textit{values}, \textit{module=None}, \\ \textit{qualname=None}, \textit{type=None}, \textit{start=1}, \textit{boundary=None})$

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains the available colors for use in telegram.Bot.create_forum_topic.icon_color. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

```
BLUE = 7322096
          An icon with a color which corresponds to blue (0x6FB9F0).
             Type
                  int
     GREEN = 9367192
          An icon with a color which corresponds to green (0x8EEE98).
             Type
                  int
     PINK = 16749490
          An icon with a color which corresponds to pink (0xFF93B2).
             Type
                  int
     PURPLE = 13338331
          An icon with a color which corresponds to purple (0xCB86DB).
             Type
                  int
     RED = 16478047
          An icon with a color which corresponds to red (0xFB6F5F).
             Type
                  int
     YELLOW = 16766590
          An icon with a color which corresponds to yellow (0xFFD67E).
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.ForumTopicLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                               qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram.Bot.create_forum_topic.name and telegram.Bot.
     edit_forum_topic.name. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated
     as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX_NAME_LENGTH = 128
          Maximum length of a str passed as:
            • name parameter of telegram.Bot.create_forum_topic()
            • name parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_forum_topic()
            • name parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_general_forum_topic()
```

```
Type int
```

$MIN_NAME_LENGTH = 1$

Minimum length of a str passed as:

- name parameter of telegram.Bot.create_forum_topic()
- name parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_forum_topic()
- name parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_general_forum_topic()

```
Type int
```

```
__format__(format_spec,/)
```

Convert to a string according to format_spec.

```
__new__(value)
```

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains limitations for *telegram.InlineKeyboardButton*. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

$MAX_CALLBACK_DATA = 64$

Maximum value allowed for callback_data parameter of telegram.InlineKeyboardButton

```
Type
```

$MIN_CALLBACK_DATA = 1$

Minimum value allowed for callback_data parameter of telegram.InlineKeyboardButton

```
Type
int
__format__(format_spec,/)
Convert to a string according to format_spec.
__new__(value)
```

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains limitations for telegram. InlineKeyboardMarkup/ telegram. Bot. send_message() & friends. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

$BUTTONS_PER_ROW = 8$

Maximum number of buttons that can be attached to a message per row.

Note: This value is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

```
Type int
```

TOTAL_BUTTON_NUMBER = 100

Maximum number of buttons that can be attached to a message.

Note: This value is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

class telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,

qualname=None, *type=None*, *start=1*, *boundary=None*)

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains limitations for telegram. InlineQuery/ telegram. Bot.answer_inline_query(). The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

MAX_OFFSET_LENGTH = 64

Maximum number of bytes in a str passed as the next_offset parameter of telegram.Bot. answer_inline_query().

Type int

$MAX_QUERY_LENGTH = 256$

Maximum number of characters in a str passed as the query parameter of telegram. InlineQuery.

```
Type
int
```

$MAX_SWITCH_PM_TEXT_LENGTH = 64$

Maximum number of characters in a str passed as the switch_pm_parameter parameter of telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query().

Deprecated since version 20.3: Deprecated in favor of InlineQueryResultsButtonLimit. MAX_START_PARAMETER_LENGTH.

```
Type int
```

$MIN_SWITCH_PM_TEXT_LENGTH = 1$

Minimum number of characters in a str passed as the switch_pm_parameter parameter of telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query().

Deprecated since version 20.3: Deprecated in favor of InlineQueryResultsButtonLimit. MIN_START_PARAMETER_LENGTH.

```
Type int
```

RESULTS = 50

Maximum number of results that can be passed to telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query().

```
Type
int
```

```
__format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.InlineQueryResultLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                        qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                        boundary=None)
     Bases: enum. Int Enum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. InlineQueryResult and its subclasses. The enum members
     of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX_ID_LENGTH = 64
          Maximum number of bytes in a str passed as the id parameter of telegram. InlineQueryResult
          and its subclasses
             Type
                  int
     MIN_ID_LENGTH = 1
          Minimum number of bytes in a str passed as the id parameter of telegram. InlineQueryResult
          and its subclasses
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.InlineQueryResultType(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                      qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                      boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types of telegram. InlineQueryResult. The enum members of this
     enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     ARTICLE = 'article'
          Type of telegram. InlineQueryResultArticle.
             Type
                  str
     AUDIO = 'audio'
                       of
                                 telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio
                                                                              and
                                                                                          telegram.
          InlineQueryResultCachedAudio.
             Type
                  str
     CONTACT = 'contact'
          Type of telegram. InlineQueryResultContact.
             Type
                  str
```

```
DOCUMENT = 'document'
                        telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument
                                                                              telegram.
                                                                    and
    InlineQueryResultCachedDocument.
       Type
            str
GAME = 'game'
    Type of telegram. InlineQueryResultGame.
       Type
            str
GIF = 'gif'
    Type\ of\ telegram.\ In line Query Result Gif\ and\ telegram.\ In line Query Result Cached Gif.
       Type
            str
LOCATION = 'location'
    Type of telegram. InlineQueryResultLocation.
       Type
            str
MPEG4GIF = 'mpeg4_gif'
                        telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif
                                                                              telegram.
               of
                                                                    and
    InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif.
       Type
            str
PHOTO = 'photo'
                          telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto
                of
                                                                   and
                                                                              telegram.
    InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto.
       Type
           str
STICKER = 'sticker'
    Type\ of\ and\ telegram.\ In line Query Result Cached Sticker.
       Type
           str
VENUE = 'venue'
    Type of telegram. InlineQueryResultVenue.
       Type
            str
VIDEO = 'video'
                          telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo
                                                                              telegram.
                of
                                                                   and
    InlineQueryResultCachedVideo.
       Type
            str
VOICE = 'voice'
    Type
                          telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice
                                                                              telegram.
                of
                                                                   and
    InlineQueryResultCachedVoice.
       Type
            str
```

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```
__new__(value)
class telegram.constants.InlineQueryResultsButtonLimit(value, names=None, *values,
                                                               module=None, qualname=None,
                                                               type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. InlineQueryResultsButton. The enum members of this
     enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.3.
     MAX_START_PARAMETER_LENGTH = 64
          Maximum number of characters in a str passed as the start_parameter parameter of telegram.
          InlineQueryResultsButton().
             Type
                  int
     MIN_START_PARAMETER_LENGTH = 1
          Minimum number of characters in a str passed as the start_parameter parameter of telegram.
          InlineQueryResultsButton().
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.InputMediaType(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                              qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types of telegram. InputMedia. The enum members of this enumeration
     are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     ANIMATION = 'animation'
          Type of telegram. InputMediaAnimation.
             Type
                  str
     AUDIO = 'audio'
          Type of telegram. InputMediaAudio.
             Type
                  str
     DOCUMENT = 'document'
          Type of telegram. InputMediaDocument.
             Type
                  str
```

PHOTO = 'photo'

Type

str

Type of telegram. InputMediaPhoto.

```
VIDEO = 'video'
    Type of telegram.InputMediaVideo.
    Type
        str
__new__(value)
```

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains limitations for telegram. InputInvoiceMessageContent, telegram. Bot. send_invoice(), and telegram. Bot. create_invoice_link(). The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

MAX_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH = 255

Maximum number of characters in a str passed as:

- description parameter of telegram.InputInvoiceMessageContent
- description parameter of telegram.Bot.send_invoice().
- description parameter of telegram.Bot.create_invoice_link().

```
Type int
```

$MAX_PAYLOAD_LENGTH = 128$

Maximum amount of bytes in a str passed as:

- payload parameter of telegram.InputInvoiceMessageContent
- payload parameter of telegram.Bot.send_invoice().
- payload parameter of telegram.Bot.create_invoice_link().

```
Type int
```

$MAX_TIP_AMOUNTS = 4$

Maximum length of a Sequence passed as:

- suggested_tip_amounts parameter of telegram.Bot.send_invoice().
- suggested_tip_amounts parameter of telegram.Bot.create_invoice_link().

```
Type int
```

$MAX_TITLE_LENGTH = 32$

Maximum number of characters in a str passed as:

- $\bullet \ \ \textit{title} \ parameter \ of \ \textit{telegram.} Input Invoice \texttt{MessageContent}$
- title parameter of telegram.Bot.send_invoice().
- title parameter of telegram.Bot.create_invoice_link().

```
Type int
```

MIN_DESCRIPTION_LENGTH = 1

Minimum number of characters in a str passed as:

- description parameter of telegram. InputInvoiceMessageContent
- description parameter of telegram.Bot.send_invoice().
- description parameter of telegram.Bot.create_invoice_link().

```
Type int
```

$MIN_PAYLOAD_LENGTH = 1$

Minimum amount of bytes in a str passed as:

- payload parameter of telegram. InputInvoiceMessageContent
- payload parameter of telegram.Bot.send_invoice().
- payload parameter of telegram.Bot.create_invoice_link().

```
Type int
```

$MIN_TITLE_LENGTH = 1$

Minimum number of characters in a str passed as:

- title parameter of telegram. InputInvoiceMessageContent
- title parameter of telegram.Bot.send_invoice().
- title parameter of telegram.Bot.create_invoice_link().

```
Type
int

__format__(format_spec,/)

Convert to a string according to format_spec.
__new__(value)
```

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains limitations for telegram.Location/telegram.ChatLocation/ telegram.Bot. edit_message_live_location()/telegram.Bot.send_location(). The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

HORIZONTAL ACCURACY = 1500

Maximum value allowed for:

- horizontal_accuracy parameter of telegram.Location
- $\bullet\ horizontal_accuracy\ parameter\ of\ telegram. In line Query Result Location$
- horizontal_accuracy parameter of telegram.InputLocationMessageContent
- horizontal_accuracy parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- horizontal_accuracy parameter of telegram.Bot.send_location()

```
Type
int
```

MAX_CHAT_LOCATION_ADDRESS = 64

Minimum value allowed for address parameter of telegram. ChatLocation

```
Type
int
```

MAX_HEADING = 360

Maximum value allowed for:

- heading parameter of telegram.Location
- heading parameter of telegram. InlineQueryResultLocation
- heading parameter of telegram. InputLocationMessageContent
- heading parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- heading parameter of telegram.Bot.send_location()

```
Type int
```

$MAX_LIVE_PERIOD = 86400$

Maximum value allowed for:

- live_period parameter of telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation
- live_period parameter of telegram.InputLocationMessageContent
- live_period parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- live_period parameter of telegram.Bot.send_location()

```
Type int
```

MAX_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS = 100000

Maximum value allowed for:

- proximity_alert_radius parameter of telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation
- proximity_alert_radius parameter of telegram.InputLocationMessageContent
- proximity_alert_radius parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- proximity_alert_radius parameter of telegram.Bot.send_location()

```
Type int
```

$MIN_CHAT_LOCATION_ADDRESS = 1$

Minimum value allowed for address parameter of telegram. ChatLocation

```
Type int
```

$MIN_HEADING = 1$

Minimum value allowed for:

- heading parameter of telegram.Location
- heading parameter of telegram. InlineQueryResultLocation
- heading parameter of telegram. InputLocationMessageContent
- heading parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- heading parameter of telegram.Bot.send_location()

```
Type int
```

MIN_LIVE_PERIOD = 60

Minimum value allowed for:

- live_period parameter of telegram. InlineQueryResultLocation
- live_period parameter of telegram. InputLocationMessageContent
- live_period parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- live_period parameter of telegram.Bot.send_location()

```
Type int
```

MIN_PROXIMITY_ALERT_RADIUS = 1

Minimum value allowed for:

- proximity_alert_radius parameter of telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation
- proximity_alert_radius parameter of telegram.InputLocationMessageContent
- proximity_alert_radius parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()
- proximity_alert_radius parameter of telegram.Bot.send_location()

```
Type
int

__format__(format_spec,/)

Convert to a string according to format_spec.
__new__(value)
```

class telegram.constants.**MaskPosition**(*value*, *names=None*, **values*, *module=None*, *qualname=None*, *type=None*, *start=1*, *boundary=None*)

```
Bases: str, enum. Enum
```

This enum contains the available positions for telegram. MaskPosition. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

```
CHIN = 'chin'
```

Mask position for a sticker on the chin.

```
Type
str
EYES = 'eyes'
```

Mask position for a sticker on the eyes.

```
Type
str
```

FOREHEAD = 'forehead'

Mask position for a sticker on the forehead.

```
Type
str
```

```
MOUTH = 'mouth'
          Mask position for a sticker on the mouth.
             Type
                  str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.MediaGroupLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                               qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. Bot.send_media_group(). The enum members of this
     enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX_MEDIA_LENGTH = 10
          Maximum length of a list passed as the media parameter of telegram. Bot.
          send_media_group().
             Type
                  int
     MIN\_MEDIA\_LENGTH = 2
          Minimum length of a list passed as the media parameter of telegram. Bot.send_media_group().
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.MenuButtonType(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                             qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types of telegram. MenuButton. The enum members of this enumeration
     are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     COMMANDS = 'commands'
          The type of telegram. MenuButtonCommands.
             Type
                  str
     DEFAULT = 'default'
          The type of telegram. MenuButtonDefault.
             Type
                  str
     WEB_APP = 'web_app'
          The type of telegram. MenuButtonWebApp.
             Type
                  str
     __new__(value)
```

```
class telegram.constants.MessageAttachmentType(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                     qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                     boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types of telegram. Message that can be seen as attachment. The enum
     members of this enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     ANIMATION = 'animation'
          Messages with telegram. Message. animation.
                  str
     AUDIO = 'audio'
          Messages with telegram. Message. audio.
     CONTACT = 'contact'
          Messages with telegram. Message.contact.
             Type
     DICE = 'dice'
          Messages with telegram. Message. dice.
             Type
                  str
     DOCUMENT = 'document'
          Messages\ with\ telegram. {\tt Message.document}.
             Type
                  str
     GAME = 'game'
          Messages with telegram. Message.game.
             Type
                  str
     INVOICE = 'invoice'
          Messages with telegram. Message. invoice.
             Type
                  str
     LOCATION = 'location'
          Messages with telegram. Message. location.
             Type
     PASSPORT_DATA = 'passport_data'
          Messages with telegram.Message.passport_data.
```

Type

str

```
PHOTO = 'photo'
          Messages with telegram. Message.photo.
             Type
                  str
     POLL = 'poll'
          Messages with telegram. Message.poll.
             Type
     STICKER = 'sticker'
          Messages with telegram. Message. sticker.
             Type
                  str
     STORY = 'story'
          Messages with telegram. Message. story.
             Type
                  str
     SUCCESSFUL_PAYMENT = 'successful_payment'
          Messages with telegram. Message. successful_payment.
             Type
                  str
     VENUE = 'venue'
          Messages with telegram. Message. venue.
             Type
     VIDEO = 'video'
          Messages with telegram. Message. video.
             Type
                  str
     VIDEO_NOTE = 'video_note'
          Messages with telegram.Message.video_note.
             Type
                  str
     VOICE = 'voice'
          Messages with telegram. Message. voice.
             Type
                  str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.MessageEntityType(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types of telegram. MessageEntity. The enum members of this enumer-
     ation are instances of str and can be treated as such.
```

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New in version 20.0.

```
BOLD = 'bold'
     Message entities representing bold text.
        Type
             str
BOT_COMMAND = 'bot_command'
     Message entities representing a bot command.
        Type
CASHTAG = 'cashtag'
     Message entities representing a cashtag.
        Type
             str
CODE = 'code'
     Message entities representing monowidth string.
        Type
CUSTOM_EMOJI = 'custom_emoji'
     Message entities representing inline custom emoji stickers.
     New in version 20.0.
        Type
             str
EMAIL = 'email'
     Message entities representing a email.
        Type
             str
HASHTAG = 'hashtag'
     Message entities representing a hashtag.
        Type
             str
ITALIC = 'italic'
     Message entities representing italic text.
        Type
             str
MENTION = 'mention'
     Message entities representing a mention.
        Type
             str
PHONE_NUMBER = 'phone_number'
     Message entities representing a phone number.
        Type
             str
PRE = 'pre'
     Message entities representing monowidth block.
        Type
```

str

```
SPOILER = 'spoiler'
          Message entities representing spoiler text.
             Type
                  str
     STRIKETHROUGH = 'strikethrough'
          Message entities representing strikethrough text.
             Type
                  str
     TEXT_LINK = 'text_link'
          Message entities representing clickable text URLs.
             Type
                  str
     TEXT_MENTION = 'text_mention'
          Message entities representing text mention for users without usernames.
             Type
                  str
     UNDERLINE = 'underline'
          Message entities representing underline text.
             Type
                  str
     URL = 'url'
          Message entities representing a url.
             Type
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.MessageLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                           type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. Message/ telegram. InputTextMessageContent/
     telegram.Bot.send_message() & friends. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of
     int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     CAPTION_LENGTH = 1024
          Maximum number of characters in a str passed as:
            • caption parameter of telegram. Message
            • caption parameter of telegram. InputMedia and its subclasses
            • caption parameter of subclasses of telegram. InlineQueryResult

    caption parameter of telegram.Bot.send_photo(), telegram.Bot.send_audio(),

                                                    telegram.Bot.send_video(),
              telegram.Bot.send_document(),
                                                                                        telegram.
              Bot.send_animation(),
                                              telegram.Bot.send_voice(),
                                                                                  telegram.Bot.
              edit_message_caption(), telegram.Bot.copy_message()
             Type
                  int
```

DEEP_LINK_LENGTH = 64

Maximum number of characters for a deep link.

```
Type
int
```

MAX_TEXT_LENGTH = 4096

Maximum number of characters in a str passed as:

- text parameter of telegram. Game
- text parameter of telegram. Message
- message_text parameter of telegram.InputTextMessageContent
- text parameter of telegram.Bot.send_message()
- text parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_text()

```
Type int
```

MESSAGE_ENTITIES = 100

Maximum number of entities that can be displayed in a message. Further entities will simply be ignored by Telegram.

Note: This value is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

```
Type int
```

$MIN_TEXT_LENGTH = 1$

Minimum number of characters in a str passed as the message_text parameter of telegram. InputTextMessageContent and the text parameter of telegram.Bot.edit_message_text().

```
Type
int
__format__(format_spec,/)
Convert to a string according to format_spec.
__new__(value)
```

```
Bases: str, enum. Enum
```

This enum contains the available types of telegram. Message that can be seen as attachment. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

```
ANIMATION = 'animation'
```

Messages with telegram. Message. animation.

```
Type
str
AUDIO = 'audio'
```

Messages with telegram. Message. audio.

```
Type
str
```

```
CHANNEL_CHAT_CREATED = 'channel_chat_created'
    Messages with telegram. Message.channel_chat_created.
       Type
CONTACT = 'contact'
    Messages with telegram. Message.contact.
       Type
            str
DELETE_CHAT_PHOTO = 'delete_chat_photo'
    Messages with telegram.Message.delete_chat_photo.
       Type
            str
DICE = 'dice'
    Messages with telegram. Message. dice.
       Type
            str
DOCUMENT = 'document'
    Messages with telegram. Message. document.
       Type
            str
GAME = 'game'
    Messages with telegram. Message.game.
       Type
            str
GROUP_CHAT_CREATED = 'group_chat_created'
    Messages with telegram.Message.group_chat_created.
       Type
            str
INVOICE = 'invoice'
    Messages with telegram. Message.invoice.
       Type
            str
LEFT_CHAT_MEMBER = 'left_chat_member'
    Messages with telegram.Message.left_chat_member.
       Type
            str
LOCATION = 'location'
    Messages with telegram. Message.location.
       Type
            str
MESSAGE_AUTO_DELETE_TIMER_CHANGED = 'message_auto_delete_timer_changed'
    Messages with telegram.Message.message_auto_delete_timer_changed.
       Type
            str
```

```
MIGRATE_FROM_CHAT_ID = 'migrate_from_chat_id'
    Messages with telegram.Message.migrate_from_chat_id.
       Type
            str
MIGRATE_TO_CHAT_ID = 'migrate_to_chat_id'
    Messages with telegram.Message.migrate_to_chat_id.
       Type
            str
NEW_CHAT_MEMBERS = 'new_chat_members'
    Messages with telegram.Message.new_chat_members.
       Type
           str
NEW_CHAT_PHOTO = 'new_chat_photo'
    Messages with telegram.Message.new_chat_photo.
       Type
            str
NEW_CHAT_TITLE = 'new_chat_title'
    Messages with telegram.Message.new_chat_title.
       Type
           str
PASSPORT_DATA = 'passport_data'
    Messages with telegram.Message.passport_data.
       Type
            str
PHOTO = 'photo'
    Messages with telegram. Message.photo.
            str
PINNED_MESSAGE = 'pinned_message'
    Messages with telegram. Message. pinned_message.
       Type
            str
POLL = 'poll'
    Messages with telegram. Message.poll.
       Type
PROXIMITY_ALERT_TRIGGERED = 'proximity_alert_triggered'
    Messages with telegram.Message.proximity_alert_triggered.
       Type
           str
STICKER = 'sticker'
    Messages with telegram. Message. sticker.
       Type
            str
```

```
STORY = 'story'
    Messages with telegram. Message. story.
       Type
            str
SUCCESSFUL_PAYMENT = 'successful_payment'
    Messages with telegram. Message. successful_payment.
       Type
            str
SUPERGROUP_CHAT_CREATED = 'supergroup_chat_created'
    Messages with telegram.Message.supergroup_chat_created.
       Type
            str
TEXT = 'text'
    Messages with telegram. Message.text.
            str
VENUE = 'venue'
    Messages with telegram. Message. venue.
       Type
            str
VIDEO = 'video'
    Messages with telegram. Message. video.
       Type
            str
VIDEO_CHAT_ENDED = 'video_chat_ended'
    Messages with telegram.Message.video_chat_ended.
       Type
            str
VIDEO_CHAT_PARTICIPANTS_INVITED = 'video_chat_participants_invited'
    Messages with telegram.Message.video_chat_participants_invited.
       Type
            str
VIDEO_CHAT_SCHEDULED = 'video_chat_scheduled'
    Messages with telegram.Message.video_chat_scheduled.
       Type
            str
VIDEO_CHAT_STARTED = 'video_chat_started'
    Messages with telegram.Message.video_chat_started.
       Type
           str
VIDEO_NOTE = 'video_note'
    Messages with telegram.Message.video_note.
       Type
            str
```

```
VOICE = 'voice'
          Messages with telegram. Message. voice.
             Type
                  str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.ParseMode(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                        type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available parse modes. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of str
     and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     HTML = 'HTML'
          HTML parse mode.
             Type
                  str
     MARKDOWN = 'Markdown'
          Markdown parse mode.
          Note: MARKDOWN is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use
          MARKDOWN_V2 instead.
             Type
                  str
     MARKDOWN_V2 = 'MarkdownV2'
          Markdown parse mode version 2.
             Type
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.PollLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                        type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram.Poll/telegram.PollOption/ telegram.Bot.
     send_poll(). The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX_EXPLANATION_LENGTH = 200
          Maximum number of characters in a str passed as the explanation parameter of telegram. Poll
          and the explanation parameter of telegram. Bot. send_poll().
             Type
                  int
     MAX_EXPLANATION_LINE_FEEDS = 2
          Maximum number of line feeds in a str passed as the explanation parameter of telegram. Bot.
          send_pol1() after entities parsing.
```

Type

int

$MAX_OPEN_PERIOD = 600$

Maximum value allowed for the *open_period* parameter of *telegram.Bot.send_poll()*. Also used in the *close_date* parameter of *telegram.Bot.send_poll()*.

```
Type
int
```

MAX_OPTION_LENGTH = 100

Maximum length of each str passed in a list to the *options* parameter of *telegram.Bot.* $send_poll()$.

```
Type int
```

MAX_OPTION_NUMBER = 10

Maximum number of strings passed in a list to the *options* parameter of *telegram.Bot.* $send_poll()$.

```
Type
int
```

MAX_QUESTION_LENGTH = 300

Maximum value allowed for the *question* parameter of *telegram.Poll* and the *question* parameter of *telegram.Bot.send_poll()*.

```
Type int
```

$MIN_OPEN_PERIOD = 5$

Minimum value allowed for the <code>open_period</code> parameter of <code>telegram.Bot.send_poll()</code>. Also used in the <code>close_date</code> parameter of <code>telegram.Bot.send_poll()</code>.

```
Type
int
```

$MIN_OPTION_LENGTH = 1$

Minimum length of each str passed in a list to the *options* parameter of *telegram.Bot.* $send_poll()$.

```
Type int
```

$MIN_OPTION_NUMBER = 2$

Minimum number of strings passed in a list to the options parameter of telegram.Bot. $send_poll()$.

```
Type
int
```

$MIN_QUESTION_LENGTH = 1$

Minimum value allowed for the *question* parameter of *telegram.Poll* and the *question* parameter of *telegram.Bot.send_poll()*.

```
Type
int
__format__(format_spec,/)
Convert to a string according to format_spec.
__new__(value)
```

class telegram.constants.**PollType**(*value*, *names=None*, **values*, *module=None*, *qualname=None*, *type=None*, *start=1*, *boundary=None*)

```
Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types for telegram. Poll/telegram.Bot.send_poll(). The enum
     members of this enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     QUIZ = 'quiz'
          quiz polls.
             Type
     REGULAR = 'regular'
          regular polls.
             Type
                  str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.PollingLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                            type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. Bot.get_updates.limit. The enum members of this enu-
     meration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX_LIMIT = 100
          Maximum value allowed for the limit parameter of telegram.Bot.get_updates().
             Type
                  int
     MIN_LIMIT = 1
          Minimum value allowed for the limit parameter of telegram.Bot.get_updates().
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.ReplyLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                          type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. ForceReply and telegram. ReplyKeyboardMarkup. The
     enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
```

MAX_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER = 64

Maximum value allowed for input_field_placeholder parameter of telegram.ForceReply and input_field_placeholder parameter of telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup

```
Type int
```

```
MIN_INPUT_FIELD_PLACEHOLDER = 1
          Minimum value allowed for input_field_placeholder parameter of telegram. ForceReply and
          input_field_placeholder parameter of telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup
             Type
                  int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
telegram.constants.SUPPORTED_WEBHOOK_PORTS = [443, 80, 88, 8443]
     Ports supported by telegram.Bot.set_webhook.url.
              List[int]
class telegram.constants.StickerFormat(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                            qualname=None, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available formats of telegram. Sticker in the set. The enum members of this
     enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.2.
     ANIMATED = 'animated'
          Animated sticker.
             Type
                  str
     STATIC = 'static'
          Static sticker.
             Type
                  str
     VIDEO = 'video'
          Video sticker.
             Type
                  str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.StickerLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                           type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for various sticker methods,
                                                                        such as telegram.Bot.
     create_new_sticker_set(). The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and
     can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX_KEYWORD_LENGTH = 64
          Maximum number of characters in a search keyword for a sticker, for each item in keywords sequence
          of telegram.Bot.set_sticker_keywords().
          New in version 20.2.
             Type
                  int
```

$MAX_NAME_AND_TITLE = 64$

Maximum number of characters in a str passed as the *name* parameter or the *title* parameter of *telegram.Bot.create_new_sticker_set()*.

```
Type
int
```

$MAX_SEARCH_KEYWORDS = 20$

Maximum number of search keywords for a sticker, passed as the *keywords* parameter of *telegram*. Bot.set_sticker_keywords().

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
int
```

$MAX_STICKER_EMOJI = 20$

Maximum number of emojis associated with a sticker, passed as the <code>emoji_list</code> parameter of <code>telegram.Bot.set_sticker_emoji_list()</code>.

New in version 20.2.

```
Type int
```

$MIN_NAME_AND_TITLE = 1$

Minimum number of characters in a str passed as the *name* parameter or the *title* parameter of *telegram.Bot.create_new_sticker_set()*.

```
Type
int
```

$MIN_STICKER_EMOJI = 1$

Minimum number of emojis associated with a sticker, passed as the emoji_list parameter of telegram.Bot.set_sticker_emoji_list().

New in version 20.2.

```
Type
int
__format__(format_spec, /)
Convert to a string according to format_spec.
__new__(value)
```

Bases: enum.IntEnum

This enum contains limitations for various sticker set methods, such as telegram.Bot. create_new_sticker_set() and telegram.Bot.add_sticker_to_set().

The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.2.

$MAX_ANIMATED_STICKERS = 50$

Maximum number of stickers allowed in an animated or video sticker set, as given in telegram.Bot. add_sticker_to_set().

```
Type
int
```

MAX_ANIMATED_THUMBNAIL_SIZE = 32

Maximum size of the thumbnail if it is a .TGS or .WEBM in kilobytes, as given in telegram.Bot. set_sticker_set_thumbnail().

```
Type int
```

MAX_EMOJI_STICKERS = 200

Maximum number of stickers allowed in an emoji sticker set, as given in telegram.Bot. add_sticker_to_set().

```
Type int
```

MAX_INITIAL_STICKERS = 50

Maximum number of stickers allowed while creating a sticker set, passed as the *stickers* parameter of *telegram.Bot.create_new_sticker_set()*.

```
Type
int
```

MAX_STATIC_STICKERS = 120

Maximum number of stickers allowed in a static sticker set, as given in telegram.Bot. add_sticker_to_set().

```
Type int
```

MAX_STATIC_THUMBNAIL_SIZE = 128

Maximum size of the thumbnail if it is a .WEBP or .PNG in kilobytes, as given in telegram.Bot. set_sticker_set_thumbnail().

```
Type int
```

MIN_INITIAL_STICKERS = 1

Minimum number of stickers needed to create a sticker set, passed as the *stickers* parameter of *telegram.Bot.create_new_sticker_set()*.

```
Type
int
```

STATIC_THUMB_DIMENSIONS = 100

Exact height and width of the thumbnail if it is a .WEBP or .PNG in pixels, as given in telegram. Bot.set_sticker_set_thumbnail().

class telegram.constants.**StickerType**(*value*, *names=None*, **values*, *module=None*, *qualname=None*, type=None, start=1, boundary=None)

```
Bases: str, enum. Enum
```

This enum contains the available types of telegram. Sticker. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of str and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

```
CUSTOM_EMOJI = 'custom_emoji'
          Custom emoji sticker.
             Type
                 str
     MASK = 'mask'
         Mask sticker.
             Type
                 str
     REGULAR = 'regular'
          Regular sticker.
             Type
                 str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.UpdateType(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                        type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: str, enum. Enum
     This enum contains the available types of telegram. Update. The enum members of this enumeration are
     instances of str and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     CALLBACK_QUERY = 'callback_query'
          Updates with telegram. Update.callback_query.
             Type
                 str
     CHANNEL_POST = 'channel_post'
          Updates with telegram. Update.channel_post.
             Type
                 str
     CHAT_JOIN_REQUEST = 'chat_join_request'
          Updates with telegram. Update.chat_join_request.
             Type
                 str
     CHAT_MEMBER = 'chat_member'
          Updates with telegram. Update.chat_member.
             Type
                 str
     CHOSEN_INLINE_RESULT = 'chosen_inline_result'
          Updates with telegram. Update.chosen_inline_result.
             Type
                 str
     EDITED_CHANNEL_POST = 'edited_channel_post'
          Updates with telegram. Update.edited_channel_post.
             Type
                 str
```

```
EDITED_MESSAGE = 'edited_message'
          Updates with telegram. Update.edited_message.
             Type
                 str
     INLINE_QUERY = 'inline_query'
          Updates with telegram. Update.inline_query.
             Type
                 str
     MESSAGE = 'message'
          Updates with telegram. Update.message.
             Type
                 str
     MY_CHAT_MEMBER = 'my_chat_member'
          Updates with telegram. Update.my_chat_member.
                 str
     POLL = 'poll'
          Updates with telegram. Update. poll.
             Type
                 str
     POLL_ANSWER = 'poll_answer'
          Updates with telegram. Update.poll_answer.
             Type
                 str
     PRE_CHECKOUT_QUERY = 'pre_checkout_query'
          Updates with telegram. Update.pre_checkout_query.
                 str
     SHIPPING_QUERY = 'shipping_query'
          Updates with telegram. Update. shipping_query.
             Type
                 str
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants.UserProfilePhotosLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None,
                                                     qualname=None, type=None, start=1,
                                                     boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. Bot.get_user_profile_photos.limit. The enum mem-
     bers of this enumeration are instances of int and can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX LIMIT = 100
         Maximum value allowed for limit parameter of telegram.Bot.get_user_profile_photos().
             Type
                 int
```

```
MIN_LIMIT = 1
          Minimum value allowed for limit parameter of telegram.Bot.get_user_profile_photos().
             Type
                 int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
class telegram.constants. WebhookLimit(value, names=None, *values, module=None, qualname=None,
                                          type=None, start=1, boundary=None)
     Bases: enum.IntEnum
     This enum contains limitations for telegram. Bot.set_webhook.max_connections and telegram.
     Bot.set_webhook.secret_token. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of int and
     can be treated as such.
     New in version 20.0.
     MAX_CONNECTIONS_LIMIT = 100
          Maximum value allowed for the max_connections parameter of telegram.Bot.set_webhook().
                 int
     MAX_SECRET_TOKEN_LENGTH = 256
          Maximum length of the secret token for the secret_token parameter of telegram.Bot.
          set_webhook().
             Type
                 int
     MIN_CONNECTIONS_LIMIT = 1
          Minimum value allowed for the max_connections parameter of telegram.Bot.set_webhook().
             Type
                 int
     MIN\_SECRET\_TOKEN\_LENGTH = 1
          Minimum length of the secret token for the secret_token parameter of telegram.Bot.
          set_webhook().
             Type
                 int
     __format__(format_spec,/)
          Convert to a string according to format_spec.
     __new__(value)
```

10.3.2 telegram.error Module

This module contains classes that represent Telegram errors.

Changed in version 20.0: Replaced Unauthorized by Forbidden.

```
exception telegram.error.BadRequest(message)
```

Bases: telegram.error.NetworkError

Raised when Telegram could not process the request correctly.

```
exception telegram.error.ChatMigrated(new_chat_id)
     Bases: telegram.error.TelegramError
     Raised when the requested group chat migrated to supergroup and has a new chat id.
     Storing Bot, User and Chat Related Data
         Parameters
              new_chat_id (int) – The new chat id of the group.
     new_chat_id
          The new chat id of the group.
                  int
     __reduce__()
          Helper for pickle.
exception telegram.error.Conflict(message)
     Bases: telegram.error.TelegramError
     Raised when a long poll or webhook conflicts with another one.
     __reduce__()
          Helper for pickle.
exception telegram.error.Forbidden(message)
     Bases: telegram.error.TelegramError
     Raised when the bot has not enough rights to perform the requested action.
     Examples
     Raw API Bot
     Changed in version 20.0: This class was previously named Unauthorized.
exception telegram.error.InvalidToken(message=None)
     Bases: telegram.error.TelegramError
     Raised when the token is invalid.
         Parameters
              message (str, optional) – Any additional information about the exception.
              New in version 20.0.
exception telegram.error.NetworkError(message)
     Bases: telegram.error.TelegramError
     Base class for exceptions due to networking errors.
     Tip:
             This exception (and its subclasses) usually originates from the networking backend used by
     HTTPXRequest, or a custom implementation of BaseRequest. In this case, the original exception can
```

Examples

be accessed via the __cause__ attribute.

Raw API Bot

See also:

Handling network errors

```
exception telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError(message)
```

```
Bases: telegram.error.TelegramError
```

Something went wrong with decryption.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was previously named TelegramDecryptionError and was available via telegram.TelegramDecryptionError.

```
__reduce__()
```

Helper for pickle.

exception telegram.error.RetryAfter(retry_after)

```
Bases: telegram.error.TelegramError
```

Raised when flood limits where exceeded.

Changed in version 20.0: retry_after is now an integer to comply with the Bot API.

Parameters

retry_after (int) - Time in seconds, after which the bot can retry the request.

retry_after

Time in seconds, after which the bot can retry the request.

```
Type
int
__reduce__()
Helper for pickle.
```

exception telegram.error.TelegramError(message)

Bases: Exception

Base class for Telegram errors.

Tip: Objects of this type can be serialized via Python's pickle module and pickled objects from one version of PTB are usually loadable in future versions. However, we can not guarantee that this compatibility will always be provided. At least a manual one-time conversion of the data may be needed on major updates of the library.

See also:

```
Exceptions, Warnings and Logging
```

```
__reduce__()
    Helper for pickle.
__repr__()
    Return repr(self).
__str__()
    Return str(self).
```

exception telegram.error.TimedOut(message=None)

```
Bases: telegram.error.NetworkError
```

Raised when a request took too long to finish.

See also:

Handling network errors

Parameters

message (str, optional) – Any additional information about the exception.

New in version 20.0.

10.3.3 telegram.helpers Module

This module contains convenience helper functions.

Changed in version 20.0: Previously, the contents of this module were available through the (no longer existing) module telegram.utils.helpers.

telegram.helpers.create_deep_linked_url(bot_username, payload=None, group=False)

Creates a deep-linked URL for this *bot_username* with the specified *payload*. See https://core.telegram.org/bots/features#deep-linking to learn more.

The payload may consist of the following characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, _, -

Note: Works well in conjunction with CommandHandler("start", callback, filters=filters. Regex('payload'))

Examples

- create_deep_linked_url(bot.get_me().username, "some-params")
- · Deep Linking

Parameters

- bot_username (str) The username to link to.
- payload (str, optional) Parameters to encode in the created URL.
- **group** (bool, optional) If True the user is prompted to select a group to add the bot to. If False, opens a one-on-one conversation with the bot. Defaults to False.

Returns

An URL to start the bot with specific parameters.

Return type

str

Raises

ValueError – If the length of the *payload* exceeds 64 characters, contains invalid characters, or if the *bot_username* is less than 4 characters.

telegram.helpers.effective_message_type(entity)

Extracts the type of message as a string identifier from a telegram. Message or a telegram. Update.

Parameters

entity (telegram.Update | telegram.Message) - The update or message to extract
from.

Returns

One of telegram.constants.MessageType if the entity contains a message that matches one of those types. None otherwise.

Return type

str|None

telegram.helpers.escape_markdown(text, version=1, entity_type=None)

Helper function to escape telegram markup symbols.

Changed in version 20.3: Custom emoji entity escaping is now supported.

Parameters

- text (str) The text.
- version (int | str) Use to specify the version of telegrams Markdown. Either 1 or
 Defaults to 1.
- entity_type (str, optional) For the entity types 'pre', 'code' and the link part of 'text_link' and 'custom_emoji', only certain characters need to be escaped in 'MarkdownV2'. See the official API documentation for details. Only valid in combination with version=2, will be ignored else.

telegram.helpers.mention_html(user_id, name)

Helper function to create a user mention as HTML tag.

Parameters

- user_id (int) The user's id which you want to mention.
- name (str) The name the mention is showing.

Returns

The inline mention for the user as HTML.

Return type

str

telegram.helpers.mention_markdown(user_id, name, version=1)

Helper function to create a user mention in Markdown syntax.

Parameters

- user_id (int) The user's id which you want to mention.
- name (str) The name the mention is showing.
- **version** (int | str) Use to specify the version of Telegram's Markdown. Either 1 or 2. Defaults to 1.

Returns

The inline mention for the user as Markdown.

Return type

str

10.3.4 telegram.request Module

New in version 20.0.

BaseRequest

class telegram.request.BaseRequest

Bases: typing.AsyncContextManager, ABC

Abstract interface class that allows python-telegram-bot to make requests to the Bot API. Can be implemented via different asyncio HTTP libraries. An implementation of this class must implement all abstract methods and properties.

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with request_object:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await request_object.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await request_object.shutdown()
```

Use In

- telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_request()
- telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.request()

See also:

```
__aenter__() and __aexit__().
```

Tip: JSON encoding and decoding is done with the standard library's json by default. To use a custom library for this, you can override <code>parse_json_payload()</code> and implement custom logic to encode the keys of <code>telegram.request.RequestData.parameters</code>.

See also:

Architecture Overview, Builder Pattern

New in version 20.0.

DEFAULT_NONE = None

A special object that indicates that an argument of a function was not explicitly passed. Used for the timeout parameters of *post()* and *do_request()*.

Example

When calling request.post(url), request should use the default timeouts set on initialization. When calling request.post(url, connect_timeout=5, read_timeout=None), request should use 5 for the connect timeout and None for the read timeout.

Use if parameter is (not) BaseRequest.DEFAULT_NONE: to check if the parameter was set.

```
Type object
```

USER_AGENT = 'python-telegram-bot v20.7 (https://python-telegram-bot.org)'

A description that can be used as user agent for requests made to the Bot API.

Type

str

async __aenter__()

Asynchronous context manager which initializes the Request.

Returns

The initialized Request instance.

Raises

Exception – If an exception is raised during initialization, *shutdown()* is called in this case.

```
async __aexit__(exc_type, exc_val, exc_tb)
```

Asynchronous context manager which shuts down the Request.

abstract async do_request(*url*, *method*, *request_data=None*, *read_timeout=None*, *write_timeout=None*, *connect_timeout=None*, *pool_timeout=None*)

Makes a request to the Bot API. Must be implemented by a subclass.

Warning: This method will be called by *post()* and *retrieve()*. It should *not* be called manually.

Parameters

- url (str) The URL to request.
- method (str) HTTP method (i.e. 'POST', 'GET', etc.).
- request_data (telegram.request.RequestData, optional) An object containing information about parameters and files to upload for the request.
- **read_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from Telegram's server instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT_NONE*.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a write operation to complete (in terms of a network socket; i.e. POSTing a request or uploading a file) instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection attempt to a server to succeed instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT_NONE*.
- **pool_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to become available instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

Returns

The HTTP return code & the payload part of the server response.

Return type

Tuple[int, bytes]

abstract async initialize()

Initialize resources used by this class. Must be implemented by a subclass.

static parse_json_payload(payload)

Parse the JSON returned from Telegram.

Tip: By default, this method uses the standard library's json.loads() and errors="replace" in bytes.decode(). You can override it to customize either of these behaviors.

Parameters

payload (bytes) - The UTF-8 encoded JSON payload as returned by Telegram.

Returns

A JSON parsed as Python dict with results.

Return type

dict

Raises

TelegramError – If loading the JSON data failed

final async post(url, request_data=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None)

Makes a request to the Bot API handles the return code and parses the answer.

Warning: This method will be called by the methods of *telegram*. *Bot* and should *not* be called manually.

Parameters

- **url** (str) The URL to request.
- request_data (telegram.request.RequestData, optional) An object containing information about parameters and files to upload for the request.
- **read_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from Telegram's server instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT_NONE*.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a write operation to complete (in terms of a network socket; i.e. POSTing a request or uploading a file) instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection attempt to a server to succeed instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT_NONE*.
- **pool_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to become available instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

Returns

The JSON response of the Bot API.

property read_timeout

This property must return the default read timeout in seconds used by this class. More precisely, the returned value should be the one used when <code>post.read_timeout</code> of :meth:post` is not passed/equal to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.

New in version 20.7.

Warning: For now this property does not need to be implemented by subclasses and will raise NotImplementedError if accessed without being overridden. However, in future versions, this property will be abstract and must be implemented by subclasses.

Returns

The read timeout in seconds.

Return type

float | None

Retrieve the contents of a file by its URL.

Warning: This method will be called by the methods of telegram. Bot and should *not* be called manually.

Parameters

- **url** (str) The web location we want to retrieve.
- read_timeout (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from Telegram's server instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a write operation to complete (in terms of a network socket; i.e. POSTing a request or uploading a file) instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to <code>DEFAULT_NONE</code>.
- connect_timeout (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum
 amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection attempt to a server to succeed
 instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to DEFAULT_NONE.
- **pool_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to become available instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT_NONE*.

Returns

The files contents.

Return type

bytes

abstract async shutdown()

Stop & clear resources used by this class. Must be implemented by a subclass.

RequestData

final class telegram.request.RequestData(parameters=None)

Bases: object

Instances of this class collect the data needed for one request to the Bot API, including all parameters and files to be sent along with the request.

New in version 20.0.

Warning: How exactly instances of this are created should be considered an implementation detail and not part of PTBs public API. Users should exclusively rely on the documented attributes, properties and methods.

contains files

Whether this object contains files to be uploaded via multipart/form-data.

Type

bool

property json_parameters

Gives the parameters as mapping of parameter name to the respective JSON encoded value.

Tip: By default, this property uses the standard library's json.dumps(). To use a custom library for JSON encoding, you can directly encode the keys of *parameters* - note that string valued keys should not be JSON encoded.

property json_payload

The parameters as UTF-8 encoded JSON payload.

Tip: By default, this property uses the standard library's json.dumps(). To use a custom library for JSON encoding, you can directly encode the keys of *parameters* - note that string valued keys should not be JSON encoded.

property multipart_data

Gives the files contained in this object as mapping of part name to encoded content.

property parameters

Gives the parameters as mapping of parameter name to the parameter value, which can be a single object of type int, float, str or bool or any (possibly nested) composition of lists, tuples and dictionaries, where each entry, key and value is of one of the mentioned types.

parametrized_url(url, encode_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for attaching the return value of *url_encoded_parameters()* to the *url*.

Parameters

- **url** (str) The URL the parameters will be attached to.
- **encode_kwargs** (Dict[str, any], optional) Additional keyword arguments to pass along to urllib.parse.urlencode().

url_encoded_parameters(encode kwargs=None)

Encodes the parameters with urllib.parse.urlencode().

Parameters

encode_kwargs (Dict[str, any], optional) - Additional keyword arguments to pass
along to urllib.parse.urlencode().

HTTPXRequest

Bases: telegram.request.BaseRequest

Implementation of *BaseRequest* using the library httpx.

Use In

- telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.get_updates_request()
- telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder.request()

New in version 20.0.

Parameters

• **connection_pool_size** (int, optional) – Number of connections to keep in the connection pool. Defaults to 1.

Note: Independent of the value, one additional connection will be reserved for telegram.Bot.get_updates().

• **proxy_url** (str, optional) – Legacy name for *proxy*, kept for backward compatibility. Defaults to None.

Deprecated since version 20.7.

- read_timeout (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from Telegram's server. This value is used unless a different value is passed to do_request(). Defaults to 5.
- write_timeout (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a write operation to complete (in terms of a network socket; i.e. POSTing a request or uploading a file). This value is used unless a different value is passed to do_request(). Defaults to 5.
- **connect_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection attempt to a server to succeed. This value is used unless a different value is passed to *do_request()*. Defaults to 5.
- **pool_timeout** (float | None, optional) If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to become available. This value is used unless a different value is passed to *do_request()*. Defaults to 1.

Warning: With a finite pool timeout, you must expect *telegram.error*. *TimedOut* exceptions to be thrown when more requests are made simultaneously than there are connections in the connection pool!

• http_version (str, optional) – If "2" or "2.0", HTTP/2 will be used instead of HTTP/1.1. Defaults to "1.1".

New in version 20.1.

Changed in version 20.2: Reset the default version to 1.1.

Changed in version 20.5: Accept "2" as a valid value.

• **socket_options** (Collection[tuple], optional) – Socket options to be passed to the underlying library.

Note: The values accepted by this parameter depend on the operating system. This is a low-level parameter and should only be used if you are familiar with these concepts.

New in version 20.7.

• **proxy** (str | httpx.Proxy | httpx.URL, optional) – The URL to a proxy server, a httpx.Proxy object or a httpx.URL object. For example 'http://127.0.0. 1:3128' or 'socks5://127.0.0.1:3128'. Defaults to None.

Note:

- The proxy URL can also be set via the environment variables HTTPS_PROXY or ALL_PROXY. See the docs of httpx for more info.
- HTTPS proxies can be configured by passing a httpx.Proxy object with a corresponding ssl_context.
- For Socks5 support, additional dependencies are required. Make sure to install PTB via pip install "python-telegram-bot[socks]" in this case.
- Socks5 proxies can not be set via environment variables.

New in version 20.7.

```
See BaseRequest.do_request().
```

property http_version

Used HTTP version, see http_version.

New in version 20.2.

Type

str

async initialize()

See BaseRequest.initialize().

property read_timeout

See BaseRequest.read_timeout.

Returns

The default read timeout in seconds as passed to

HTTPXRequest.read_timeout.

Return type

float | None

async shutdown()

See BaseRequest.shutdown().

10.3.5 telegram.warnings Module

This module contains classes used for warnings issued by this library.

New in version 20.0.

exception telegram.warnings.PTBDeprecationWarning

Bases: telegram.warnings.PTBUserWarning, DeprecationWarning

Custom warning class for deprecations in this library.

Changed in version 20.0: Renamed TelegramDeprecationWarning to PTBDeprecationWarning.

exception telegram.warnings.PTBRuntimeWarning

Bases: telegram.warnings.PTBUserWarning, RuntimeWarning

Custom runtime warning class used for warnings in this library.

New in version 20.0.

exception telegram.warnings.PTBUserWarning

Bases: UserWarning

Custom user warning class used for warnings in this library.

See also:

Exceptions, Warnings and Logging

New in version 20.0.

10.4 Examples

In this section we display small examples to show what a bot written with python-telegram-bot looks like. Some bots focus on one specific aspect of the Telegram Bot API while others focus on one of the mechanics of this library. Except for the *rawapibot.py* example, they all use the high-level framework this library provides with the *telegram.ext* submodule.

All examples are licensed under the CC0 License and are therefore fully dedicated to the public domain. You can use them as the base for your own bots without worrying about copyrights.

Do note that we ignore one pythonic convention. Best practice would dictate, in many handler callbacks function signatures, to replace the argument context with an underscore, since context is an unused local variable in those callbacks. However, since these are examples and not having a name for that argument confuses beginners, we decided to have it present.

10.4.1 echobot.py

This is probably the base for most of the bots made with python-telegram-bot. It simply replies to each text message with a message that contains the same text.

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10.4.2 timerbot.py

This bot uses the <code>telegram.ext.JobQueue</code> class to send timed messages. The user sets a timer by using /set command with a specific time, for example /set 30. The bot then sets up a job to send a message to that user after 30 seconds. The user can also cancel the timer by sending /unset. To learn more about the JobQueue, read this wiki article. Note: To use JobQueue, you must install PTB via pip install "python-telegram-bot[job-queue]"

10.4.3 conversationbot.py

A common task for a bot is to ask information from the user. In v5.0 of this library, we introduced the telegram. ext.ConversationHandler for that exact purpose. This example uses it to retrieve user-information in a conversation-like style. To get a better understanding, take a look at the *state diagram*.

10.4.4 conversationbot2.py

A more complex example of a bot that uses the ConversationHandler. It is also more confusing. Good thing there is a *fancy state diagram*. for this one, too!

10.4.5 nestedconversationbot.py

A even more complex example of a bot that uses the nested ConversationHandlers. While it's certainly not that complex that you couldn't built it without nested ConversationHanldlers, it gives a good impression on how to work with them. Of course, there is a *fancy state diagram* for this example, too!

10.4.6 persistentconversationbot.py

A basic example of a bot store conversation state and user_data over multiple restarts.

10.4.7 inlinekeyboard.py

This example sheds some light on inline keyboards, callback queries and message editing. A wiki site explaining this examples lives here.

10.4.8 inlinekeyboard2.py

A more complex example about inline keyboards, callback queries and message editing. This example showcases how an interactive menu could be build using inline keyboards.

10.4.9 deeplinking.py

A basic example on how to use deeplinking with inline keyboards.

10.4.10 inlinebot.py

A basic example of an inline bot. Don't forget to enable inline mode with @BotFather.

10.4.11 pollbot.py

This example sheds some light on polls, poll answers and the corresponding handlers.

10.4.12 passportbot.py

A basic example of a bot that can accept passports. Use in combination with the *HTML page*. Don't forget to enable and configure payments with @BotFather. Check out this guide on Telegram passports in PTB. Note: To use Telegram Passport, you must install PTB via pip install "python-telegram-bot[passport]"

10.4.13 paymentbot.py

A basic example of a bot that can accept payments. Don't forget to enable and configure payments with @BotFather.

10.4.14 errorhandlerbot.py

A basic example on how to set up a custom error handler.

10.4.15 chatmemberbot.py

A basic example on how (my_)chat_member updates can be used.

10.4.16 webappbot.py

A basic example of how Telegram WebApps can be used. Use in combination with the *HTML page*. For your convenience, this file is hosted by the PTB team such that you don't need to host it yourself. Uses the iro.js JavaScript library to showcase a user interface that is hard to achieve with native Telegram functionality.

10.4.17 contexttypesbot.py

This example showcases how telegram.ext.ContextTypes can be used to customize the context argument of handler and job callbacks.

10.4.18 customwebhookbot.py

This example showcases how a custom webhook setup can be used in combination with telegram.ext. Application.

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10.4.19 arbitrarycallbackdatabot.py

This example showcases how PTBs "arbitrary callback data" feature can be used. Note: To use arbitrary callback data, you must install PTB via pip install "python-telegram-bot[callback-data]"

10.4.20 Pure API

The rawapibot.py example example uses only the pure, "bare-metal" API wrapper.

arbitrarycallbackdatabot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   """This example showcases how PTBs "arbitrary callback data" feature can be used.
   For detailed info on arbitrary callback data, see the wiki page at
   https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/wiki/Arbitrary-callback_
   Note:
10
   To use arbitrary callback data, you must install PTB via
11
   `pip install "python-telegram-bot[callback-data]"`
12
13
   import logging
14
   from typing import List, Tuple, cast
15
16
   from telegram import InlineKeyboardButton, InlineKeyboardMarkup, Update
17
   from telegram.ext import (
18
       Application,
19
       CallbackQueryHandler,
20
       CommandHandler,
21
       ContextTypes,
22
       InvalidCallbackData,
23
       PicklePersistence,
24
   )
25
26
   # Enable logging
27
   logging.basicConfig(
28
       format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
29
30
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
31
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
32
33
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
34
35
36
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
37
       """Sends a message with 5 inline buttons attached."""
38
       number_list: List[int] = []
39
       await update.message.reply_text("Please choose:", reply_markup=build_
40
    41
42
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
async def help_command(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
43
        """Displays info on how to use the bot."""
44
        await update.message.reply_text(
45
            "Use /start to test this bot. Use /clear to clear the stored data so that you.
    ⊶can see "
            "what happens, if the button data is not available."
47
       )
48
49
50
   async def clear(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
51
        """Clears the callback data cache"""
52
        context.bot.callback_data_cache.clear_callback_data()
53
        context.bot.callback_data_cache.clear_callback_queries()
54
        await update.effective_message.reply_text("All clear!")
55
57
   def build_keyboard(current_list: List[int]) -> InlineKeyboardMarkup:
58
        """Helper function to build the next inline keyboard."""
59
       return InlineKeyboardMarkup.from_column(
60
            [InlineKeyboardButton(str(i), callback_data=(i, current_list)) for i in_
61
    \rightarrowrange(1, 6)]
62
       )
64
   async def list_button(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
65
        """Parses the CallbackQuery and updates the message text."""
        query = update.callback_query
67
        await query.answer()
68
        # Get the data from the callback_data.
69
        # If you're using a type checker like MyPy, you'll have to use typing.cast
70
71
        # to make the checker get the expected type of the callback_data
       number, number_list = cast(Tuple[int, List[int]], query.data)
72
        # append the number to the list
73
       number_list.append(number)
74
75
        await query.edit_message_text(
76
            text=f"So far you've selected {number_list}. Choose the next item:",
77
            reply_markup=build_keyboard(number_list),
78
       )
79
80
        # we can delete the data stored for the query, because we've replaced the buttons
81
        context.drop_callback_data(query)
83
84
   async def handle_invalid_button(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->
85
    → None:
        """Informs the user that the button is no longer available."""
86
       await update.callback_query.answer()
87
       await update.effective_message.edit_text(
88
            "Sorry, I could not process this button click Please send /start to get au
    →new keyboard."
90
91
92
   def main() -> None:
93
        """Run the bot."""
94
```

(continues on next page)

10.4. Examples 641

(continued from previous page)

```
# We use persistence to demonstrate how buttons can still work after the bot was.
95
    \rightarrowrestarted
        persistence = PicklePersistence(filepath="arbitrarycallbackdatabot")
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
97
        application = (
98
            Application.builder()
99
            .token("TOKEN")
100
            .persistence(persistence)
101
             .arbitrary_callback_data(True)
102
             .build()
        )
105
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
106
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("help", help_command))
107
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("clear", clear))
        application.add_handler(
109
            CallbackQueryHandler(handle_invalid_button, pattern=InvalidCallbackData)
110
111
        application.add_handler(CallbackQueryHandler(list_button))
112
113
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
114
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
115
116
117
    if __name__ == "__main__":
118
        main()
119
```

chatmemberbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   Simple Bot to handle '(my_)chat_member' updates.
   Greets new users & keeps track of which chats the bot is in.
   Usage:
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
10
   bot.
11
12
13
   import logging
14
   from typing import Optional, Tuple
15
16
   from telegram import Chat, ChatMember, ChatMemberUpdated, Update
17
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
18
   from telegram.ext import (
19
       Application,
20
        ChatMemberHandler,
21
       CommandHandler,
22
       ContextTypes,
23
       MessageHandler,
24
        filters,
25
   )
26
```

(continues on next page)

```
27
   # Enable logging
28
29
   logging basicConfig(
30
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
31
32
33
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
34
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
35
36
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
37
38
39
   def extract_status_change(chat_member_update: ChatMemberUpdated) ->_
40
    →Optional[Tuple[bool, bool]]:
        """Takes a ChatMemberUpdated instance and extracts whether the 'old_chat_member'
41
    →was a member
        of the chat and whether the 'new_chat_member' is a member of the chat. Returns.
42
    →None, if
        the status didn't change.
43
44
        status_change = chat_member_update.difference().get("status")
45
        old_is_member, new_is_member = chat_member_update.difference().get("is_member", __
    \rightarrow (None, None))
47
       if status_change is None:
            return None
49
50
        old_status, new_status = status_change
51
       was_member = old_status in [
52
            ChatMember.MEMBER,
53
            ChatMember . OWNER,
54
            ChatMember.ADMINISTRATOR,
55
        ] or (old_status == ChatMember.RESTRICTED and old_is_member is True)
        is_member = new_status in [
57
            ChatMember MEMBER,
58
            ChatMember.OWNER,
59
            ChatMember . ADMINISTRATOR,
        ] or (new_status == ChatMember.RESTRICTED and new_is_member is True)
61
62
       return was_member, is_member
63
65
   async def track_chats(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
66
        """Tracks the chats the bot is in."""
67
        result = extract_status_change(update.my_chat_member)
        if result is None:
69
            return
70
       was_member, is_member = result
71
72
        # Let's check who is responsible for the change
73
        cause_name = update.effective_user.full_name
74
75
        # Handle chat types differently:
76
        chat = update.effective_chat
77
        if chat.type == Chat.PRIVATE:
78
                                                                                 (continues on next page)
```

```
if not was_member and is_member:
79
                # This may not be really needed in practice because most clients will.
    →automaticallv
                # send a /start command after the user unblocks the bot, and start_
81
    →private_chat()
                # will add the user to "user_ids".
82
                # We're including this here for the sake of the example.
83
                logger.info("%s unblocked the bot", cause_name)
84
                context.bot_data.setdefault("user_ids", set()).add(chat.id)
85
            elif was_member and not is_member:
                logger.info("%s blocked the bot", cause_name)
                context.bot_data.setdefault("user_ids", set()).discard(chat.id)
88
        elif chat.type in [Chat.GROUP, Chat.SUPERGROUP]:
89
            if not was_member and is_member:
90
                logger.info("%s added the bot to the group %s", cause_name, chat.title)
                context.bot_data.setdefault("group_ids", set()).add(chat.id)
92
            elif was_member and not is_member:
93
                logger.info("%s removed the bot from the group %s", cause_name, chat.
    →title)
                context.bot_data.setdefault("group_ids", set()).discard(chat.id)
95
        elif not was_member and is_member:
96
            logger.info("%s added the bot to the channel %s", cause_name, chat.title)
97
            context.bot_data.setdefault("channel_ids", set()).add(chat.id)
        elif was_member and not is_member:
            logger.info("%s removed the bot from the channel %s", cause_name, chat.title)
100
            context.bot_data.setdefault("channel_ids", set()).discard(chat.id)
102
103
   async def show_chats(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
104
        """Shows which chats the bot is in"""
        user_ids = ", ".join(str(uid) for uid in context.bot_data.setdefault("user_ids", ...
106
    →set()))
        group_ids = ", ".join(str(gid) for gid in context.bot_data.setdefault("group_ids",
107
    → set()))
        channel_ids = ", ".join(str(cid) for cid in context.bot_data.setdefault("channel_
108
    →ids", set()))
        text = (
109
            f"@{context.bot.username} is currently in a conversation with the user IDs
110
    \hookrightarrow {user_ids}."
            f" Moreover it is a member of the groups with IDs {group_ids} "
111
            f"and administrator in the channels with IDs {channel_ids}."
112
        await update.effective_message.reply_text(text)
114
115
116
   async def greet_chat_members(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
117
        """Greets new users in chats and announces when someone leaves"""
118
        result = extract_status_change(update.chat_member)
        if result is None:
120
            return
121
122
        was_member, is_member = result
123
        cause_name = update.chat_member.from_user.mention_html()
124
        member_name = update.chat_member.new_chat_member.user.mention_html()
125
126
```

```
if not was_member and is_member:
127
            await update.effective_chat.send_message(
128
                 f"{member_name} was added by {cause_name}. Welcome!",
129
                parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML,
130
131
        elif was_member and not is_member:
132
            await update.effective_chat.send_message(
133
                 f"{member_name} is no longer with us. Thanks a lot, {cause_name} ...",
134
                parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML,
135
            )
136
138
   async def start_private_chat(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
139
    →None:
        """Greets the user and records that they started a chat with the bot if it's a.
    →private chat.
        Since no `my_chat_member` update is issued when a user starts a private chat with_
141
    _the hot
        for the first time, we have to track it explicitly here.
142
143
        user_name = update.effective_user.full_name
144
        chat = update.effective_chat
145
        if chat.type != Chat.PRIVATE or chat.id in context.bot_data.get("user_ids",_
    →set()):
            return
147
        logger.info("%s started a private chat with the bot", user_name)
149
        context.bot_data.setdefault("user_ids", set()).add(chat.id)
150
151
        await update.effective_message.reply_text(
152
            f"Welcome {user_name}. Use /show_chats to see what chats I'm in."
153
154
155
    def main() -> None:
157
        """Start the bot."""
158
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
159
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
160
161
        # Keep track of which chats the bot is in
162
        application.add_handler(ChatMemberHandler(track_chats, ChatMemberHandler.MY_CHAT_
163
    →MEMBER))
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("show_chats", show_chats))
164
165
        # Handle members joining/leaving chats.
166
        application.add_handler(ChatMemberHandler(greet_chat_members, ChatMemberHandler.
167
    →CHAT_MEMBER))
168
        # Interpret any other command or text message as a start of a private chat.
        # This will record the user as being in a private chat with bot.
170
        application.add_handler(MessageHandler(filters.ALL, start_private_chat))
171
172
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
173
        # We pass 'allowed_updates' handle *all* updates including `chat_member` updates
174
        # To reset this, simply pass `allowed_updates=[]`
175
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
176
                                                                                (continues on next page)
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

contexttypesbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
5
   Simple Bot to showcase `telegram.ext.ContextTypes`.
6
   Usage:
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
10
11
   import logging
13
   from collections import defaultdict
14
   from typing import DefaultDict, Optional, Set
15
16
   from telegram import InlineKeyboardButton, InlineKeyboardMarkup, Update
17
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
18
   from telegram.ext import (
19
       Application,
20
        CallbackContext,
21
       CallbackQueryHandler,
22
       CommandHandler,
23
       ContextTypes,
24
       ExtBot,
25
       TypeHandler,
26
27
28
   # Enable logging
29
   logging.basicConfig(
30
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
31
32
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
33
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
34
35
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
36
37
38
   class ChatData:
39
        """Custom class for chat_data. Here we store data per message."""
40
41
       def __init__(self) -> None:
42
            self.clicks_per_message: DefaultDict[int, int] = defaultdict(int)
43
44
45
   # The [ExtBot, dict, ChatData, dict] is for type checkers like mypy
46
   class CustomContext(CallbackContext[ExtBot, dict, ChatData, dict]):
47
        """Custom class for context."""
```

```
49
        def __init__(
50
            self,
51
            application: Application,
52
            chat_id: Optional[int] = None,
53
            user_id: Optional[int] = None,
54
       ):
55
            super().__init__(application=application, chat_id=chat_id, user_id=user_id)
56
            self._message_id: Optional[int] = None
57
58
        @property
59
        def bot_user_ids(self) -> Set[int]:
60
            """Custom shortcut to access a value stored in the bot_data dict"""
61
            return self.bot_data.setdefault("user_ids", set())
62
        @property
64
        def message_clicks(self) -> Optional[int]:
65
            """Access the number of clicks for the message this context object was built_
            if self._message_id:
67
                return self.chat_data.clicks_per_message[self._message_id]
68
            return None
69
        @message_clicks.setter
71
        def message_clicks(self, value: int) -> None:
72
            """Allow to change the count"""
73
            if not self._message_id:
74
                raise RuntimeError("There is no message associated with this context,
75
    →object.")
            self.chat_data.clicks_per_message[self._message_id] = value
77
        @classmethod
78
        def from_update(cls, update: object, application: "Application") -> "CustomContext
79
            """Override from_update to set _message_id."""
80
            # Make sure to call super()
81
            context = super().from_update(update, application)
82
83
            if context.chat_data and isinstance(update, Update) and update.effective_
84
    →message:
                # pylint: disable=protected-access
85
                context._message_id = update.effective_message.message_id
87
            # Remember to return the object
88
            return context
89
91
   async def start(update: Update, context: CustomContext) -> None:
92
        """Display a message with a button."""
        await update.message.reply_html(
94
            "This button was clicked <i>0</i> times.",
95
            reply_markup=InlineKeyboardMarkup.from_button(
96
                InlineKeyboardButton(text="Click me!", callback_data="button")
97
            ),
98
       )
99
100
                                                                                (continues on next page)
```

```
101
   async def count_click(update: Update, context: CustomContext) -> None:
102
        """Update the click count for the message."""
        context message_clicks += 1
104
        await update.callback_query.answer()
105
        await update.effective_message.edit_text(
106
            f"This button was clicked <i>{context.message_clicks}</i> times.",
107
            reply_markup=InlineKeyboardMarkup.from_button(
108
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Click me!", callback_data="button")
109
110
            parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML,
112
113
114
   async def print_users(update: Update, context: CustomContext) -> None:
115
        """Show which users have been using this bot."""
116
        await update.message.reply_text(
117
            f"The following user IDs have used this bot: {', '.join(map(str, context.bot_
    ⊶user_ids))}"
119
120
121
   async def track_users(update: Update, context: CustomContext) -> None:
122
        """Store the user id of the incoming update, if any."""
123
        if update.effective user:
124
            context.bot_user_ids.add(update.effective_user.id)
126
127
   def main() -> None:
128
        """Run the bot."""
129
        context_types = ContextTypes(context=CustomContext, chat_data=ChatData)
130
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").context_types(context_types).
131
    →build()
        # run track_users in its own group to not interfere with the user handlers
133
        application.add_handler(TypeHandler(Update, track_users), group=-1)
134
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
135
        application.add_handler(CallbackQueryHandler(count_click))
136
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("print_users", print_users))
137
138
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
139
141
   if __name__ == "__main__":
142
        main()
143
```

conversationbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
2
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   First, a few callback functions are defined. Then, those functions are passed to
   the Application and registered at their respective places.
   Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.
   Usage:
10
   Example of a bot-user conversation using ConversationHandler.
11
   Send /start to initiate the conversation.
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
13
   bot.
14
15
16
   import logging
17
18
   from telegram import ReplyKeyboardMarkup, ReplyKeyboardRemove, Update
19
   from telegram.ext import (
20
       Application,
21
        CommandHandler.
22
        ContextTypes,
23
       ConversationHandler,
24
       MessageHandler.
25
       filters,
26
   )
27
28
   # Enable logging
29
   logging.basicConfig(
30
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
31
32
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
33
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
34
35
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
36
37
   GENDER, PHOTO, LOCATION, BIO = range(4)
38
39
40
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
41
        """Starts the conversation and asks the user about their gender."""
42
       reply_keyboard = [["Boy", "Girl", "Other"]]
43
44
        await update message reply_text(
45
            "Hi! My name is Professor Bot. I will hold a conversation with you. "
46
            "Send /cancel to stop talking to me.\n\"
47
            "Are you a boy or a girl?",
48
            reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardMarkup(
49
                reply_keyboard, one_time_keyboard=True, input_field_placeholder="Boy or_
    ⊶Girl?"
            ),
51
       )
52
53
       return GENDER
                                                                               (continues on next page)
```

```
55
56
   async def gender(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
57
        """Stores the selected gender and asks for a photo."""
58
        user = update.message.from_user
59
        logger.info("Gender of %s: %s", user.first_name, update.message.text)
60
        await update.message.reply_text(
            "I see! Please send me a photo of yourself, "
62
            "so I know what you look like, or send /skip if you don't want to.",
63
            reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardRemove(),
66
        return PHOTO
67
68
    async def photo(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
70
        """Stores the photo and asks for a location."""
71
        user = update.message.from_user
72
        photo_file = await update.message.photo[-1].get_file()
73
        await photo_file.download_to_drive("user_photo.jpg")
74
        logger.info("Photo of %s: %s", user.first_name, "user_photo.jpg")
75
        await update.message.reply_text(
76
            "Gorgeous! Now, send me your location please, or send /skip if you don't want
77
    ⇔to."
        )
78
79
        return LOCATION
80
81
82
   async def skip_photo(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
83
        """Skips the photo and asks for a location."""
84
        user = update.message.from_user
85
        logger.info("User %s did not send a photo.", user.first_name)
86
        await update.message.reply_text(
            "I bet you look great! Now, send me your location please, or send /skip."
88
89
90
        return LOCATION
91
92
93
   async def location(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
94
        """Stores the location and asks for some info about the user."""
        user = update.message.from_user
96
        user_location = update.message.location
97
        logger.info(
98
            "Location of %s: %f / %f", user.first_name, user_location.latitude, user_
    →location.longitude
        )
100
        await update.message.reply_text(
            "Maybe I can visit you sometime! At last, tell me something about yourself."
102
103
104
        return BIO
106
107
   async def skip_location(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
```

```
"""Skips the location and asks for info about the user."""
109
        user = update.message.from_user
110
        logger.info("User %s did not send a location.", user.first_name)
111
        await update message reply_text(
112
             "You seem a bit paranoid! At last, tell me something about yourself."
113
114
115
        return BIO
116
117
118
    async def bio(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
119
        """Stores the info about the user and ends the conversation."""
120
        user = update.message.from_user
121
        logger.info("Bio of %s: %s", user.first_name, update.message.text)
122
        await update.message.reply_text("Thank you! I hope we can talk again some day.")
123
124
        return ConversationHandler.END
125
126
127
    async def cancel(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
128
        """Cancels and ends the conversation."""
129
        user = update.message.from_user
130
        logger.info("User %s canceled the conversation.", user.first_name)
131
        await update message reply_text(
132
            "Bye! I hope we can talk again some day.", reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardRemove()
133
135
        return ConversationHandler.END
136
137
138
    def main() -> None:
139
        """Run the bot."""
140
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
141
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
142
143
        # Add conversation handler with the states GENDER, PHOTO, LOCATION and BIO
144
        conv_handler = ConversationHandler(
145
            entry_points=[CommandHandler("start", start)],
            states={
147
                 GENDER: [MessageHandler(filters.Regex("^(Boy|Girl|Other)$"), gender)],
148
                PHOTO: [MessageHandler(filters.PHOTO, photo), CommandHandler("skip", skip_
149
    ⊶photo)],
                 LOCATION: [
150
                     MessageHandler(filters.LOCATION, location),
151
                     CommandHandler("skip", skip_location),
152
                BIO: [MessageHandler(filters.TEXT & ~filters.COMMAND, bio)],
154
            },
155
            fallbacks=[CommandHandler("cancel", cancel)],
        )
157
158
        application.add_handler(conv_handler)
159
160
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
161
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
162
163
                                                                                 (continues on next page)
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

State Diagram

conversationbot2.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   First, a few callback functions are defined. Then, those functions are passed to
   the Application and registered at their respective places.
   Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.
   Usage:
10
   Example of a bot-user conversation using ConversationHandler.
11
   Send /start to initiate the conversation.
12
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
13
   bot.
14
15
16
   import logging
17
   from typing import Dict
18
19
   from telegram import ReplyKeyboardMarkup, ReplyKeyboardRemove, Update
20
   from telegram.ext import (
21
       Application,
22
       CommandHandler,
23
       ContextTypes,
24
       ConversationHandler,
25
       MessageHandler,
26
        filters,
27
28
29
   # Enable logging
30
   logging.basicConfig(
31
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
32
33
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
34
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
35
36
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
37
38
   CHOOSING, TYPING_REPLY, TYPING_CHOICE = range(3)
39
40
   reply_keyboard = [
41
        ["Age", "Favourite colour"],
42
        ["Number of siblings", "Something else..."],
43
        ["Done"],
44
45
   markup = ReplyKeyboardMarkup(reply_keyboard, one_time_keyboard=True)
```

```
47
48
   def facts_to_str(user_data: Dict[str, str]) -> str:
49
        """Helper function for formatting the gathered user info."""
50
        facts = [f"{key} - {value}" for key, value in user_data.items()]
51
        return "\n".join(facts).join(["\n", "\n"])
52
53
54
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
55
        """Start the conversation and ask user for input."""
56
        await update.message.reply_text(
57
           "Hi! My name is Doctor Botter. I will hold a more complex conversation with...
58
    you. "
            "Why don't you tell me something about yourself?",
59
            reply_markup=markup,
61
62
       return CHOOSING
65
   async def regular_choice(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
66
        """Ask the user for info about the selected predefined choice."""
67
       text = update.message.text
        context.user_data["choice"] = text
69
        await update.message.reply_text(f"Your {text.lower()}? Yes, I would love to hear_
70
    →about that!")
71
       return TYPING_REPLY
72
73
74
   async def custom_choice(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
75
        """Ask the user for a description of a custom category."""
76
        await update.message.reply_text(
77
            'Alright, please send me the category first, for example "Most impressive"
    ∽skill"'
       )
79
80
       return TYPING_CHOICE
81
82
83
   async def received_information(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
84
    →int:
        """Store info provided by user and ask for the next category."""
85
       user_data = context.user_data
86
       text = update.message.text
87
        category = user_data["choice"]
       user_data[category] = text
89
       del user_data["choice"]
90
        await update.message.reply_text(
92
            "Neat! Just so you know, this is what you already told me:"
93
            f"{facts_to_str(user_data)}You can tell me more, or change your opinion"
94
            " on something.",
            reply_markup=markup,
96
       )
97
                                                                               (continues on next page)
```

```
return CHOOSING
100
    async def done(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
102
        """Display the gathered info and end the conversation."""
103
        user_data = context.user_data
104
        if "choice" in user_data:
            del user_data["choice"]
106
107
        await update.message.reply_text(
            f"I learned these facts about you: {facts_to_str(user_data)}Until next time!",
            reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardRemove(),
110
111
112
        user_data.clear()
113
        return ConversationHandler.END
114
115
    def main() -> None:
117
        """Run the bot."""
118
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
119
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
120
121
        # Add conversation handler with the states CHOOSING, TYPING_CHOICE and TYPING_
122
    \rightarrow REPLY
        conv_handler = ConversationHandler(
123
            entry_points=[CommandHandler("start", start)],
124
            states={
125
                 CHOOSING: [
126
                     MessageHandler(
127
                          filters.Regex("^(Age|Favourite colour|Number of siblings)$"),
128
    →regular_choice
129
                     MessageHandler(filters.Regex("^Something else...$"), custom_choice),
131
                 TYPING_CHOICE: [
132
                     MessageHandler(
133
                          filters.TEXT & ~(filters.COMMAND | filters.Regex("^Done$")),_
134
    →regular_choice
135
                 ],
136
                 TYPING_REPLY: [
                     MessageHandler(
138
                          filters.TEXT & ~(filters.COMMAND | filters.Regex("^Done$")),
139
                          received_information,
140
                     )
                 ],
142
            },
143
            fallbacks=[MessageHandler(filters.Regex("^Done$"), done)],
        )
145
146
        application.add_handler(conv_handler)
147
148
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
149
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
150
151
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
main()
```

State Diagram

customwebhookbot.py

This example is available for different web frameworks. You can select your preferred framework by opening one of the tabs above the code example.

Hint: The following examples show how different Python web frameworks can be used alongside PTB. This can be useful for two use cases:

- 1. For extending the functionality of your existing bot to handling updates of external services
- 2. For extending the functionality of your exisiting web application to also include chat bot functionality

How the PTB and web framework components of the examples below are viewed surely depends on which use case one has in mind. We are fully aware that a combination of PTB with web frameworks will always mean finding a tradeoff between usability and best practices for both PTB and the web framework and these examples are certainly far from optimal solutions. Please understand them as starting points and use your expertise of the web framework of your choosing to build up on them. You are of course also very welcome to help improve these examples!

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   # pylint: disable=import-error,unused-argument
   Simple example of a bot that uses a custom webhook setup and handles custom updates.
   For the custom webhook setup, the libraries `starlette` and `uvicorn` are used. Please.
   them as `pip install starlette~=0.20.0 uvicorn~=0.23.2`.
   Note that any other `asyncio` based web server framework can be used for a custom.
    →webhook setup
   iust as well.
10
11
   Set bot Token, URL, admin CHAT_ID and PORT after the imports.
12
   You may also need to change the `listen` value in the uvicorn configuration to match_
13
    →your setup.
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the bot.
14
15
   import asyncio
16
   import html
17
   import logging
18
   from dataclasses import dataclass
19
   from http import HTTPStatus
20
21
   import uvicorn
22
   from starlette.applications import Starlette
23
   from starlette.requests import Request
24
   from starlette.responses import PlainTextResponse, Response
25
   from starlette.routing import Route
26
27
   from telegram import Update
```

(continues on next page)

```
from telegram.constants import ParseMode
29
   from telegram.ext import (
30
       Application.
31
        CallbackContext,
32
        CommandHandler,
33
        ContextTypes,
34
       ExtBot,
35
       TypeHandler,
36
   )
37
38
   # Enable logging
39
   logging.basicConfig(
40
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
41
42
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
43
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
44
45
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
46
47
   # Define configuration constants
48
   URL = "https://domain.tld"
49
   ADMIN\_CHAT\_ID = 123456
50
   PORT = 8000
   TOKEN = "123:ABC" # nosec B105
52
53
54
55
   @dataclass
   class WebhookUpdate:
56
        """Simple dataclass to wrap a custom update type"""
57
58
       user_id: int
59
       payload: str
60
61
   class CustomContext(CallbackContext[ExtBot, dict, dict, dict]):
63
64
        Custom CallbackContext class that makes `user_data` available for updates of type
65
        `WebhookUpdate`.
67
68
        @classmethod
69
        def from_update(
70
            cls,
71
            update: object,
72
            application: "Application",
73
       ) -> "CustomContext":
            if isinstance(update, WebhookUpdate):
75
                return cls(application=application, user_id=update.user_id)
76
            return super().from_update(update, application)
77
78
79
   async def start(update: Update, context: CustomContext) -> None:
80
        """Display a message with instructions on how to use this bot."""
81
       payload_url = html.escape(f"{URL}/submitpayload?user_id=<your user id>&payload=
82
    →<payload>")
        text = (
83
```

```
f"To check if the bot is still running, call <code>{URL}/healthcheck</code>.\
84
    \hookrightarrown\n''
            f"To post a custom update, call <code>{payload_url}</code>."
85
        )
86
        await update.message.reply_html(text=text)
87
88
    async def webhook_update(update: WebhookUpdate, context: CustomContext) -> None:
90
        """Handle custom updates."""
91
        chat_member = await context.bot.get_chat_member(chat_id=update.user_id, user_
92
    →id=update.user_id)
        payloads = context.user_data.setdefault("payloads", [])
93
        payloads.append(update.payload)
94
        combined_payloads = "</code>\n• <code>".join(payloads)
95
        text = (
            f"The user {chat_member.user.mention_html()} has sent a new payload. "
97
            f"So far they have sent the following payloads: \n\n• <code>{combined_
    →payloads}</code>"
        await context.bot.send_message(chat_id=ADMIN_CHAT_ID, text=text, parse_
100
    →mode=ParseMode.HTML)
101
102
    async def main() -> None:
103
        """Set up PTB application and a web application for handling the incoming.
104
    ⊶requests."""
        context_types = ContextTypes(context=CustomContext)
105
        # Here we set updater to None because we want our custom webhook server to handle.
106

→ the updates

        # and hence we don't need an Updater instance
107
        application = (
108
            Application.builder().token(TOKEN).updater(None).context_types(context_types).
109
    →build()
        )
111
        # register handlers
112
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
113
        application.add_handler(TypeHandler(type=WebhookUpdate, callback=webhook_update))
114
115
        # Pass webhook settings to telegram
116
        await application.bot.set_webhook(url=f"{URL}/telegram", allowed_updates=Update.
117
    →ALL_TYPES)
118
        # Set up webserver
119
        async def telegram(request: Request) -> Response:
120
            """Handle incoming Telegram updates by putting them into the `update_queue`"""
121
            await application.update_queue.put(
122
                Update.de_json(data=await request.json(), bot=application.bot)
123
124
            return Response()
125
126
        async def custom_updates(request: Request) -> PlainTextResponse:
127
128
            Handle incoming webhook updates by also putting them into the `update_queue`_
129
    \hookrightarrow if
             the required parameters were passed correctly.
130
                                                                                 (continues on next page)
```

```
.....
131
            try:
132
                 user_id = int(request.query_params["user_id"])
133
                 payload = request.query_params["payload"]
134
            except KeyError:
135
                 return PlainTextResponse(
136
                     status_code=HTTPStatus.BAD_REQUEST,
137
                     content="Please pass both `user_id` and `payload` as query parameters.
138
                 )
139
            except ValueError:
                 return PlainTextResponse(
141
                     status_code=HTTPStatus.BAD_REQUEST,
142
                     content="The `user_id` must be a string!",
143
                 )
145
            await application.update_queue.put(WebhookUpdate(user_id=user_id,__
146
    →payload=payload))
            return PlainTextResponse("Thank you for the submission! It's being forwarded.
147
148
        async def health(_: Request) -> PlainTextResponse:
149
             """For the health endpoint, reply with a simple plain text message."""
150
            return PlainTextResponse(content="The bot is still running fine :)")
151
152
        starlette_app = Starlette(
            routes=[
154
                 Route("/telegram", telegram, methods=["POST"]),
155
                 Route("/healthcheck", health, methods=["GET"]),
156
                 Route("/submitpayload", custom_updates, methods=["POST", "GET"]),
157
            ]
158
159
        webserver = uvicorn.Server(
160
            config=uvicorn.Config(
                 app=starlette_app,
162
                 port=PORT,
163
                 use_colors=False,
164
                 host="127.0.0.1",
            )
166
        )
167
168
        # Run application and webserver together
        async with application:
170
            await application.start()
171
            await webserver.serve()
172
            await application.stop()
173
174
175
    if __name__ == "__main__":
176
        asyncio.run(main())
177
```

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
# pylint: disable=import-error,unused-argument
"""

Simple example of a bot that uses a custom webhook setup and handles custom updates.
```

```
For the custom webhook setup, the libraries `flask`, `asgiref` and `uvicorn` are used.
    \rightarrowPlease
   install them as `pip install flask[async]~=2.3.2 uvicorn~=0.23.2 asgiref~=3.7.2`.
   Note that any other `asyncio` based web server framework can be used for a custom.
    →webhook setup
   just as well.
   Usage:
11
   Set bot Token, URL, admin CHAT_ID and PORT after the imports.
12
   You may also need to change the `listen` value in the uvicorn configuration to match.
13
    →your setup.
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the bot.
14
15
   import asyncio
16
   import html
17
   import logging
18
   from dataclasses import dataclass
19
   from http import HTTPStatus
20
21
   import uvicorn
22
   from asgiref.wsgi import WsgiToAsgi
23
   from flask import Flask, Response, abort, make_response, request
24
25
   from telegram import Update
26
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
27
   from telegram.ext import (
28
        Application,
29
        CallbackContext,
30
       CommandHandler,
31
       ContextTypes,
32
        ExtBot,
33
       TypeHandler,
34
   )
35
36
   # Enable logging
37
   logging.basicConfig(
38
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
39
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
41
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
42
43
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
45
   # Define configuration constants
46
   URL = "https://domain.tld"
47
   ADMIN\_CHAT\_ID = 123456
   PORT = 8000
49
   TOKEN = "123:ABC" # nosec B105
50
51
52
   @dataclass
53
   class WebhookUpdate:
54
        """Simple dataclass to wrap a custom update type"""
55
56
        user_id: int
57
       payload: str
58
```

(continues on next page)

```
59
60
   class CustomContext(CallbackContext[ExtBot, dict, dict, dict]):
61
62
        Custom CallbackContext class that makes `user_data` available for updates of type
63
        `WebhookUpdate`.
64
        mmm
65
66
        @classmethod
67
        def from_update(
68
           cls,
           update: object,
70
           application: "Application",
71
        ) -> "CustomContext":
72
           if isinstance(update, WebhookUpdate):
73
                return cls(application=application, user_id=update.user_id)
74
           return super().from_update(update, application)
75
76
77
   async def start(update: Update, context: CustomContext) -> None:
78
        """Display a message with instructions on how to use this bot."""
79
       payload_url = html.escape(f"{URL}/submitpayload?user_id=<your user id>&payload=
80
    →<payload>")
       text = (
81
           f"To check if the bot is still running, call <code>{URL}/healthcheck</code>.\
82

n\n''
           f"To post a custom update, call <code>{payload_url}</code>."
83
84
       await update.message.reply_html(text=text)
85
87
   async def webhook_update(update: WebhookUpdate, context: CustomContext) -> None:
88
        """Handle custom updates."""
89
        chat_member = await context.bot.get_chat_member(chat_id=update.user_id, user_
    →id=update.user_id)
       payloads = context.user_data.setdefault("payloads", [])
91
       payloads.append(update.payload)
92
        combined_payloads = "</code>\n• <code>".join(payloads)
93
        text = (
94
           f"The user {chat_member.user.mention_html()} has sent a new payload. "
95
           f"So far they have sent the following payloads: \n\n• <code>{combined_
96
    →payloads}</code>"
97
       await context.bot.send_message(chat_id=ADMIN_CHAT_ID, text=text, parse_
98
    →mode=ParseMode.HTML)
100
   async def main() -> None:
101
        """Set up PTB application and a web application for handling the incoming.
    ⊶requests."""
        context_types = ContextTypes(context=CustomContext)
103
        # Here we set updater to None because we want our custom webhook server to handle.
104

→ the updates

        # and hence we don't need an Updater instance
105
        application = (
106
```

```
→build()
        )
108
        # register handlers
110
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
111
        application.add_handler(TypeHandler(type=WebhookUpdate, callback=webhook_update))
112
113
        # Pass webhook settings to telegram
114
        await application.bot.set_webhook(url=f"{URL}/telegram", allowed_updates=Update.
115
    →ALL_TYPES)
116
        # Set up webserver
117
        flask_app = Flask(__name__)
118
119
        @flask_app.post("/telegram") # type: ignore[misc]
120
        async def telegram() -> Response:
121
             """Handle incoming Telegram updates by putting them into the `update_queue`"""
122
            await application.update_queue.put(Update.de_json(data=request.json,__
123
    ⇔bot=application.bot))
            return Response(status=HTTPStatus.OK)
124
125
        @flask_app.route("/submitpayload", methods=["GET", "POST"]) # type: ignore[misc]
126
        async def custom_updates() -> Response:
127
128
            Handle incoming webhook updates by also putting them into the `update_queue`_
129
    \hookrightarrow if
            the required parameters were passed correctly.
130
131
            try:
132
                 user_id = int(request.args["user_id"])
133
                 payload = request.args["payload"]
134
            except KeyError:
135
                 abort(
136
                     HTTPStatus.BAD_REQUEST,
                     "Please pass both `user_id` and `payload` as query parameters.",
138
139
            except ValueError:
140
                 abort(HTTPStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "The `user_id` must be a string!")
141
142
            await application.update_queue.put(WebhookUpdate(user_id=user_id,__
143
    →payload=payload))
            return Response(status=HTTPStatus.OK)
145
        @flask_app.get("/healthcheck") # type: ignore[misc]
146
        async def health() -> Response:
147
            """For the health endpoint, reply with a simple plain text message."""
            response = make_response("The bot is still running fine :)", HTTPStatus.OK)
149
            response.mimetype = "text/plain"
150
            return response
152
        webserver = uvicorn.Server(
153
            config=uvicorn.Config(
154
                 app=WsgiToAsgi(flask_app),
155
                 port=PORT,
156
                 use_colors=False,
157
                 host="127.0.0.1",
158
                                                                                 (continues on next page)
```

```
)
159
        )
160
161
         # Run application and webserver together
162
         async with application:
163
             await application.start()
164
             await webserver.serve()
             await application.stop()
166
167
168
    if __name__ == "__main__":
         asyncio.run(main())
170
```

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
2
   # pylint: disable=import-error,unused-argument
3
   Simple example of a bot that uses a custom webhook setup and handles custom updates.
   For the custom webhook setup, the libraries `quart` and `uvicorn` are used. Please
   install them as `pip install quart~=0.18.4 uvicorn~=0.23.2`.
   Note that any other `asyncio` based web server framework can be used for a custom.
    →webhook setup
   just as well.
10
   Usage:
11
   Set bot Token, URL, admin CHAT_ID and PORT after the imports.
12
   You may also need to change the `listen` value in the uvicorn configuration to match.
13
    →your setup.
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the bot.
14
15
   import asyncio
16
   import html
17
   import logging
18
   from dataclasses import dataclass
19
   from http import HTTPStatus
20
21
   import uvicorn
22
   from quart import Quart, Response, abort, make_response, request
23
24
   from telegram import Update
25
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
26
   from telegram.ext import (
27
       Application.
28
       CallbackContext,
29
       CommandHandler,
30
        ContextTypes,
31
        ExtBot,
32
       TypeHandler,
33
34
   )
35
   # Enable logging
36
   logging.basicConfig(
37
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
38
39
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
40
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
```

```
42
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
43
44
   # Define configuration constants
45
   URL = "https://domain.tld"
46
   ADMIN\_CHAT\_ID = 123456
47
   PORT = 8000
48
   TOKEN = "123:ABC" # nosec B105
49
50
51
   @dataclass
52
   class WebhookUpdate:
53
        """Simple dataclass to wrap a custom update type"""
54
55
       user_id: int
56
       payload: str
57
58
59
   class CustomContext(CallbackContext[ExtBot, dict, dict, dict]):
60
61
        Custom CallbackContext class that makes `user_data` available for updates of type
62
        `WebhookUpdate`.
63
65
        @classmethod
66
        def from_update(
67
            cls,
68
            update: object,
69
            application: "Application",
70
        ) -> "CustomContext":
71
            if isinstance(update, WebhookUpdate):
72
                return cls(application=application, user_id=update.user_id)
73
            return super().from_update(update, application)
74
75
76
   async def start(update: Update, context: CustomContext) -> None:
77
        """Display a message with instructions on how to use this bot."""
78
       payload_url = html.escape(f"{URL}/submitpayload?user_id=<your user id>&payload=
79
    →<payload>")
        text = (
80
            f"To check if the bot is still running, call <code>{URL}/healthcheck</code>.\
81
    <mark>⊶n\n</mark>''
            f"To post a custom update, call <code>{payload_url}</code>."
82
83
        await update.message.reply_html(text=text)
84
85
86
   async def webhook_update(update: WebhookUpdate, context: CustomContext) -> None:
87
        """Handle custom updates."""
88
        chat_member = await context.bot.get_chat_member(chat_id=update.user_id, user_
89
    →id=update.user_id)
        payloads = context.user_data.setdefault("payloads", [])
90
       payloads.append(update.payload)
91
        combined_payloads = "</code>\n• <code>".join(payloads)
92
        text = (
93
            f"The user {chat_member.user.mention_html()} has sent a new payload. "
                                                                                 (continues on next page)
```

```
f"So far they have sent the following payloads: \n\n• <code>{combined_
95
    →payloads}</code>"
        await context.bot.send_message(chat_id=ADMIN_CHAT_ID, text=text, parse_
    →mode=ParseMode.HTML)
98
    async def main() -> None:
100
        """Set up PTB application and a web application for handling the incoming
101
    ⊶requests."""
        context_types = ContextTypes(context=CustomContext)
102
        # Here we set updater to None because we want our custom webhook server to handle.
103
    →the updates
        # and hence we don't need an Updater instance
104
        application = (
105
            Application.builder().token(TOKEN).updater(None).context_types(context_types).
106
    →build()
        )
108
        # register handlers
109
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
110
        application.add_handler(TypeHandler(type=WebhookUpdate, callback=webhook_update))
111
112
        # Pass webhook settings to telegram
113
        await application.bot.set_webhook(url=f"{URL}/telegram", allowed_updates=Update.
114
    →ALL_TYPES)
115
        # Set up webserver
116
        quart_app = Quart(__name__)
117
        @quart_app.post("/telegram") # type: ignore[misc]
119
        async def telegram() -> Response:
120
            """Handle incoming Telegram updates by putting them into the `update_queue`"""
121
            await application.update_queue.put(
122
                Update.de_json(data=await request.get_json(), bot=application.bot)
123
124
            return Response(status=HTTPStatus.OK)
125
126
        @quart_app.route("/submitpayload", methods=["GET", "POST"]) # type: ignore[misc]
127
        async def custom_updates() -> Response:
128
129
            Handle incoming webhook updates by also putting them into the `update_queue`.
    \hookrightarrow if
            the required parameters were passed correctly.
131
132
            try:
133
                user_id = int(request.args["user_id"])
134
                payload = request.args["payload"]
135
            except KeyError:
                abort(
137
                     HTTPStatus.BAD_REQUEST,
138
                     "Please pass both `user_id` and `payload` as query parameters.",
139
140
                )
            except ValueError:
141
                abort(HTTPStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "The `user_id` must be a string!")
142
143
```

(continues on next page)

```
await application.update_queue.put(WebhookUpdate(user_id=user_id,__
144
    →payload=payload))
             return Response(status=HTTPStatus.OK)
145
146
        @quart_app.get("/healthcheck") # type: ignore[misc]
147
        async def health() -> Response:
148
             """For the health endpoint, reply with a simple plain text message."""
149
             response = await make_response("The bot is still running fine :)", HTTPStatus.
150
    \hookrightarrow OK)
             response.mimetype = "text/plain"
151
             return response
153
        webserver = uvicorn.Server(
154
             config=uvicorn.Config(
155
                 app=quart_app,
                 port=PORT,
157
                 use_colors=False,
158
                 host="127.0.0.1",
             )
160
        )
161
162
        # Run application and webserver together
163
        async with application:
             await application.start()
165
             await webserver.serve()
166
             await application.stop()
168
169
    if __name__ == "__main__":
170
        asyncio.run(main())
171
```

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
2
   # pylint: disable=import-error,unused-argument
   Simple example of a bot that uses a custom webhook setup and handles custom updates.
   For the custom webhook setup, the libraries `Django` and `uvicorn` are used. Please
   install them as `pip install Django~=4.2.4 uvicorn~=0.23.2`.
   Note that any other `asyncio` based web server framework can be used for a custom.
    →webhook setup
   just as well.
10
   Usage:
11
   Set bot Token, URL, admin CHAT_ID and PORT after the imports.
12
   You may also need to change the `listen` value in the uvicorn configuration to match.
13
    →your setup.
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the bot.
14
15
   import asyncio
   import html
17
   import json
18
   import logging
19
   from dataclasses import dataclass
20
   from uuid import uuid4
21
22
   import uvicorn
23
```

```
from django.conf import settings
   from django.core.asgi import get_asgi_application
25
   from django.http import HttpRequest, HttpResponse, HttpResponseBadRequest
26
   from django.urls import path
27
28
   from telegram import Update
29
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
30
   from telegram.ext import (
31
       Application,
32
       CallbackContext,
33
        CommandHandler,
34
       ContextTypes,
35
       ExtBot,
36
       TypeHandler,
37
   )
38
39
   # Enable logging
40
   logging.basicConfig(
41
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
42
43
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
44
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
45
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
47
48
   # Define configuration constants
49
   URL = "https://domain.tld"
50
   ADMIN\_CHAT\_ID = 123456
51
   PORT = 8000
52
   TOKEN = "123:ABC" # nosec B105
53
54
55
   @dataclass
56
   class WebhookUpdate:
57
        """Simple dataclass to wrap a custom update type"""
58
59
       user_id: int
60
       payload: str
61
62
63
   class CustomContext(CallbackContext[ExtBot, dict, dict, dict]):
64
        Custom CallbackContext class that makes `user_data` available for updates of type
66
        `WebhookUpdate`.
67
68
        @classmethod
70
        def from_update(
71
            cls,
72
            update: object,
73
            application: "Application",
74
        ) -> "CustomContext":
75
            if isinstance(update, WebhookUpdate):
76
77
                return cls(application=application, user_id=update.user_id)
            return super().from_update(update, application)
78
```

```
80
    async def start(update: Update, context: CustomContext) -> None:
81
        """Display a message with instructions on how to use this bot."""
82
        payload_url = html.escape(f"{URL}/submitpayload?user_id=<your user id>&payload=
83
    →<payload>")
        text = (
84
            f"To check if the bot is still running, call <code>{URL}/healthcheck</code>.\
85
    ⊶n\n"
            f"To post a custom update, call <code>{payload_url}</code>."
86
        )
87
        await update.message.reply_html(text=text)
88
89
90
    async def webhook_update(update: WebhookUpdate, context: CustomContext) -> None:
91
        """Handle custom updates."""
92
        chat_member = await context.bot.get_chat_member(chat_id=update.user_id, user_
93
    →id=update.user_id)
        payloads = context.user_data.setdefault("payloads", [])
        payloads.append(update.payload)
95
        combined_payloads = "</code>\n• <code>".join(payloads)
96
97
            f"The user {chat_member.user.mention_html()} has sent a new payload. "
98
            f"So far they have sent the following payloads: \n\n• <code>{combined_
    →payloads}</code>"
100
        await context.bot.send_message(chat_id=ADMIN_CHAT_ID, text=text, parse_
101
     →mode=ParseMode.HTML)
102
103
    async def telegram(request: HttpRequest) -> HttpResponse:
104
        """Handle incoming Telegram updates by putting them into the `update_queue`"""
105
        await ptb_application.update_queue.put(
106
            Update.de_json(data=json.loads(request.body), bot=ptb_application.bot)
107
        return HttpResponse()
109
110
111
    async def custom_updates(request: HttpRequest) -> HttpResponse:
112
113
        Handle incoming webhook updates by also putting them into the `update_queue` if
114
        the required parameters were passed correctly.
115
        0.00
116
        try:
117
            user_id = int(request.GET["user_id"])
118
            payload = request.GET["payload"]
119
        except KeyError:
120
            return HttpResponseBadRequest(
121
                 "Please pass both `user_id` and `payload` as query parameters.",
122
123
        except ValueError:
124
            return HttpResponseBadRequest("The `user_id` must be a string!")
125
126
        await ptb_application.update_queue.put(WebhookUpdate(user_id=user_id,_
127
    →payload=payload))
        return HttpResponse()
128
129
                                                                                (continues on next page)
```

```
130
    async def health(_: HttpRequest) -> HttpResponse:
131
        """For the health endpoint, reply with a simple plain text message."""
132
        return HttpResponse("The bot is still running fine :)")
133
134
135
    # Set up PTB application and a web application for handling the incoming requests.
136
137
    context_types = ContextTypes(context=CustomContext)
138
    # Here we set updater to None because we want our custom webhook server to handle the
139
    →updates
    # and hence we don't need an Updater instance
140
    ptb_application = (
141
        Application.builder().token(TOKEN).updater(None).context_types(context_types).
142
    →build()
143
144
    # register handlers
145
    ptb_application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
146
    ptb_application.add_handler(TypeHandler(type=WebhookUpdate, callback=webhook_update))
147
148
    urlpatterns = [
149
        path("telegram", telegram, name="Telegram updates"),
150
        path("submitpayload", custom_updates, name="custom updates"),
151
        path("healthcheck", health, name="health check"),
152
153
    settings.configure(ROOT_URLCONF=__name__, SECRET_KEY=uuid4().hex)
154
155
156
    async def main() -> None:
157
        """Finalize configuration and run the applications."""
158
        webserver = uvicorn.Server(
159
            config=uvicorn.Config(
160
                 app=get_asgi_application(),
                port=PORT,
162
                use_colors=False.
163
                host="127.0.0.1",
164
            )
        )
166
167
        # Pass webhook settings to telegram
168
        await ptb_application.bot.set_webhook(url=f"{URL}/telegram", allowed_

→updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)

170
        # Run application and webserver together
171
        async with ptb_application:
172
            await ptb_application.start()
173
            await webserver.serve()
174
            await ptb_application.stop()
175
176
177
    if __name__ == "__main__":
178
        asyncio.run(main())
```

deeplinking.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   """Bot that explains Telegram's "Deep Linking Parameters" functionality.
   This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   This Bot uses the Application class to handle the bot.
10
   First, a few handler functions are defined. Then, those functions are passed to
11
   the Application and registered at their respective places.
12
   Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.
13
14
   Usage:
15
   Deep Linking example. Send /start to get the link.
16
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
17
18
   bot.
   11 11 11
19
20
   import logging
21
22
   from telegram import InlineKeyboardButton, InlineKeyboardMarkup, Update, helpers
23
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
24
   from telegram.ext import Application, CallbackQueryHandler, CommandHandler, 
2.5

    GontextTypes, filters

   # Enable logging
27
   logging basicConfig(
28
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
29
30
31
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
32
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
33
34
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
35
36
   # Define constants that will allow us to reuse the deep-linking parameters.
37
   CHECK_THIS_OUT = "check-this-out"
38
   USING_ENTITIES = "using-entities-here"
39
   USING_KEYBOARD = "using-keyboard-here"
40
   SO\_COOL = "so-cool"
41
42
   # Callback data to pass in 3rd level deep-linking
43
   KEYBOARD_CALLBACKDATA = "keyboard-callback-data"
44
46
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
47
        """Send a deep-linked URL when the command /start is issued."""
48
49
       bot = context.bot
       url = helpers.create_deep_linked_url(bot.username, CHECK_THIS_OUT, group=True)
50
        text = "Feel free to tell your friends about it:\n\n" + url
51
        await update.message.reply_text(text)
52
53
54
                                                                               (continues on next page)
```

```
async def deep_linked_level_1(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
        """Reached through the CHECK_THIS_OUT payload"""
56
        bot = context.bot
57
        url = helpers.create_deep_linked_url(bot.username, SO_COOL)
58
        text = (
59
            "Awesome, you just accessed hidden functionality! Now let's get back to the...
    →private chat."
61
        keyboard = InlineKeyboardMarkup.from_button(
62
            InlineKeyboardButton(text="Continue here!", url=url)
64
        await update.message.reply_text(text, reply_markup=keyboard)
65
66
67
    async def deep_linked_level_2(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
68
    →None:
        """Reached through the SO_COOL payload"""
        bot = context.bot
70
        url = helpers.create_deep_linked_url(bot.username, USING_ENTITIES)
71
        text = f'You can also mask the deep-linked URLs as links: <a href="{url}"> CLICK_
72
    →HERE</a>. '
        await update.message.reply_text(text, parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML, disable_web_page_
73
    →preview=True)
74
75
   async def deep_linked_level_3(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
76
        """Reached through the USING_ENTITIES payload"""
77
        await update.message.reply_text(
78
            "It is also possible to make deep-linking using InlineKeyboardButtons.",
79
            reply_markup=InlineKeyboardMarkup(
80
                [[InlineKeyboardButton(text="Like this!", callback_data=KEYBOARD_
81

→CALLBACKDATA)]]

            ),
82
83
84
85
   async def deep_link_level_3_callback(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_
86
    →TYPE) -> None:
        """Answers CallbackQuery with deeplinking url."""
87
        bot = context.bot
        url = helpers.create_deep_linked_url(bot.username, USING_KEYBOARD)
89
        await update.callback_query.answer(url=url)
90
91
92
   async def deep_linked_level_4(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
93
    →None:
        """Reached through the USING_KEYBOARD payload"""
        payload = context.args
95
        await update.message.reply_text(
96
            f"Congratulations! This is as deep as it gets \n\nThe payload was: {payload}"
97
        )
100
   def main() -> None:
101
                                                                               (continues on next page)
```

```
"""Start the bot."""
102
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
103
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
        # More info on what deep linking actually is (read this first if it's unclear to...
106
    →you):
        # https://core.telegram.org/bots/features#deep-linking
107
108
        # Register a deep-linking handler
109
        application.add_handler(
110
            CommandHandler("start", deep_linked_level_1, filters.Regex(CHECK_THIS_OUT))
112
113
        # This one works with a textual link instead of an URL
114
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", deep_linked_level_2, filters.
115
    \rightarrowRegex(SO_COOL)))
116
        # We can also pass on the deep-linking payload
        application.add_handler(
118
            CommandHandler("start", deep_linked_level_3, filters.Regex(USING_ENTITIES))
119
120
121
        # Possible with inline keyboard buttons as well
122
        application.add_handler(
123
            CommandHandler("start", deep_linked_level_4, filters.Regex(USING_KEYBOARD))
124
125
126
        # register callback handler for inline keyboard button
127
        application.add_handler(
128
            CallbackQueryHandler(deep_link_level_3_callback, pattern=KEYBOARD_
    →CALLBACKDATA)
        )
130
131
        # Make sure the deep-linking handlers occur *before* the normal /start handler.
132
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
133
134
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
135
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
136
137
138
    if __name__ == "__main__":
139
        main()
```

echobot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

# pylint: disable=unused-argument

# This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.

Simple Bot to reply to Telegram messages.

First, a few handler functions are defined. Then, those functions are passed to the Application and registered at their respective places.
Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.

(continues on next page)
```

```
11
   Usage:
12
   Basic Echobot example, repeats messages.
13
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
14
   bot.
15
16
17
   import logging
18
19
   from telegram import ForceReply, Update
20
   from telegram.ext import Application, CommandHandler, ContextTypes, MessageHandler, 
21
    →filters
22
   # Enable logging
23
   logging.basicConfig(
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
25
26
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
27
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
28
29
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
30
31
32
   # Define a few command handlers. These usually take the two arguments update and
33
   # context.
34
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
35
        """Send a message when the command /start is issued."""
36
       user = update.effective_user
37
       await update.message.reply_html(
38
            rf"Hi {user.mention_html()}!",
39
            reply_markup=ForceReply(selective=True),
40
41
42
   async def help_command(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
44
        """Send a message when the command /help is issued."""
45
        await update.message.reply_text("Help!")
46
47
48
   async def echo(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
49
        """Echo the user message."""
50
        await update.message.reply_text(update.message.text)
51
52
53
   def main() -> None:
54
        """Start the bot."""
55
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
56
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
57
        # on different commands - answer in Telegram
59
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
60
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("help", help_command))
61
62
        # on non command i.e message - echo the message on Telegram
63
        application.add_handler(MessageHandler(filters.TEXT & ~filters.COMMAND, echo))
64
```

```
# Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

errorhandlerbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   """This is a very simple example on how one could implement a custom error handler."""
5
   import html
   import json
   import logging
   import traceback
   from telegram import Update
11
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
12
   from telegram.ext import Application, CommandHandler, ContextTypes
13
14
   # Enable logging
15
   logging.basicConfig(
16
       format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
17
18
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
19
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
20
21
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
22
23
   # This can be your own ID, or one for a developer group/channel.
24
   # You can use the /start command of this bot to see your chat id.
25
   DEVELOPER_CHAT_ID = 123456789
26
27
28
   async def error_handler(update: object, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
29
       """Log the error and send a telegram message to notify the developer."""
30
       # Log the error before we do anything else, so we can see it even if something.
31
    ⇒breaks.
       logger.error("Exception while handling an update:", exc_info=context.error)
32
33
       # traceback.format_exception returns the usual python message about an exception,...
34
    →but as a
       # list of strings rather than a single string, so we have to join them together.
35
       tb_list = traceback.format_exception(None, context.error, context.error.__
36
    →traceback__)
       tb_string = "".join(tb_list)
37
38
       # Build the message with some markup and additional information about what,
39
    →happened.
       # You might need to add some logic to deal with messages longer than the 4096.
40
    → character limit.
       update_str = update.to_dict() if isinstance(update, Update) else str(update)
41
                                                                              (continues on next page)
```

```
message = (
42
           "An exception was raised while handling an update\n"
43
           f"update = {html.escape(json.dumps(update_str, indent=2, ensure_
44
    →ascii=False))}"
           "\n\n"
45
           f"context.chat_data = {html.escape(str(context.chat_data))}\n\n"
46
           f"context.user_data = {html.escape(str(context.user_data))}\n\n"
47
           f"{html.escape(tb_string)}"
48
       )
49
50
       # Finally, send the message
51
       await context.bot.send_message(
52
           chat_id=DEVELOPER_CHAT_ID, text=message, parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML
53
       )
54
56
   async def bad_command(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
57
       """Raise an error to trigger the error handler."""
       await context.bot.wrong_method_name() # type: ignore[attr-defined]
59
60
61
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
62
       """Displays info on how to trigger an error.""
63
       await update.effective_message.reply_html(
64
           "Use /bad command to cause an error.\n"
65
           f"Your chat id is <code>{update.effective_chat.id}</code>."
67
68
69
   def main() -> None:
70
       """Run the bot."""
71
       # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
72
       application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
73
74
       # Register the commands...
75
       application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
76
       application.add_handler(CommandHandler("bad_command", bad_command))
77
78
       # ...and the error handler
79
       application.add_error_handler(error_handler)
80
81
       # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
       application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
83
84
85
   if __name__ == "__main__":
86
       main()
```

inlinebot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
2
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   Don't forget to enable inline mode with @BotFather
   First, a few handler functions are defined. Then, those functions are passed to
   the Application and registered at their respective places.
   Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.
10
11
   Usage:
12
   Basic inline bot example. Applies different text transformations.
13
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
14
   hot
16
   import logging
17
   from html import escape
18
   from uuid import uuid4
19
20
   from telegram import InlineQueryResultArticle, InputTextMessageContent, Update
21
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
22
   from telegram.ext import Application, CommandHandler, ContextTypes, InlineQueryHandler
23
24
   # Enable logging
25
   logging.basicConfig(
26
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
27
28
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
29
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
30
31
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
32
33
34
   # Define a few command handlers. These usually take the two arguments update and
35
   # context.
36
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
37
        """Send a message when the command /start is issued."""
38
        await update.message.reply_text("Hi!")
39
40
41
   async def help_command(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
42
        """Send a message when the command /help is issued."""
43
        await update.message.reply_text("Help!")
44
45
46
   async def inline_query(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
47
        """Handle the inline query. This is run when you type: @botusername <query>"""
48
       query = update.inline_query.query
49
        if not query: # empty query should not be handled
51
           return
52
53
       results = \Gamma
            InlineQueryResultArticle(
55
                                                                               (continues on next page)
```

```
id=str(uuid4()),
56
                title="Caps",
57
                input_message_content=InputTextMessageContent(query.upper()),
58
            ),
59
            InlineQueryResultArticle(
60
                id=str(uuid4()),
61
                title="Bold",
62
                input_message_content=InputTextMessageContent(
63
                    f"<b>{escape(query)}</b>", parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML
64
                ),
            ),
            InlineQueryResultArticle(
67
                id=str(uuid4()),
68
                title="Italic",
69
                input_message_content=InputTextMessageContent(
                    f"<i>{escape(query)}</i>", parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML
71
                ),
72
            ),
73
       ]
74
75
        await update.inline_query.answer(results)
76
77
   def main() -> None:
79
        """Run the bot."""
80
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
81
82
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
83
        # on different commands - answer in Telegram
84
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
85
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("help", help_command))
86
87
        # on inline queries - show corresponding inline results
88
        application.add_handler(InlineQueryHandler(inline_query))
90
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
91
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
92
94
   if
       __name_
                == "__main__":
95
       main()
```

inlinekeyboard.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

# pylint: disable=unused-argument

# This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.

Basic example for a bot that uses inline keyboards. For an in-depth explanation,
-check out

https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/wiki/InlineKeyboard-
Example.

"""

import logging

(continues on next page)
```

```
10
   from telegram import InlineKeyboardButton, InlineKeyboardMarkup, Update
11
   from telegram.ext import Application, CallbackQueryHandler, CommandHandler,
12
    →ContextTypes
13
   # Enable logging
14
   logging.basicConfig(
15
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
16
17
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
18
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
19
20
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
21
22
23
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
24
        """Sends a message with three inline buttons attached."""
25
       keyboard = [
26
27
                InlineKeyboardButton("Option 1", callback_data="1"),
28
                InlineKeyboardButton("Option 2", callback_data="2"),
29
30
            ],
            [InlineKeyboardButton("Option 3", callback_data="3")],
31
       ]
32
33
       reply_markup = InlineKeyboardMarkup(keyboard)
34
35
        await update.message.reply_text("Please choose:", reply_markup=reply_markup)
36
37
38
   async def button(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
39
        """Parses the CallbackQuery and updates the message text."""
40
        query = update.callback_query
41
42
        # CallbackQueries need to be answered, even if no notification to the user is.
43
    \rightarrowneeded
        # Some clients may have trouble otherwise. See https://core.telegram.org/bots/api
44
    →#callbackquery
       await query.answer()
45
46
        await query.edit_message_text(text=f"Selected option: {query.data}")
47
49
   async def help_command(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
50
        """Displays info on how to use the bot."""
51
        await update.message.reply_text("Use /start to test this bot.")
52
53
54
   def main() -> None:
55
        """Run the bot."""
56
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
57
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
58
59
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
60
        application.add_handler(CallbackQueryHandler(button))
61
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("help", help_command))
                                                                               (continues on next page)
```

```
# Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)

if __name__ == "__main__":
main()
```

inlinekeyboard2.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
2
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   """Simple inline keyboard bot with multiple CallbackQueryHandlers.
   This Bot uses the Application class to handle the bot.
   First, a few callback functions are defined as callback query handler. Then, those.
    → functions are
   passed to the Application and registered at their respective places.
   Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.
10
   Usage:
11
   Example of a bot that uses inline keyboard that has multiple CallbackQueryHandlers.
12
    →arranged in a
   ConversationHandler.
13
   Send /start to initiate the conversation.
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line to stop the bot.
15
16
   import logging
17
18
   from telegram import InlineKeyboardButton, InlineKeyboardMarkup, Update
19
   from telegram.ext import (
20
       Application,
21
       CallbackQueryHandler,
22
       CommandHandler,
23
       ContextTypes,
24
       ConversationHandler,
25
   )
26
27
   # Enable logging
28
   logging.basicConfig(
29
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
30
31
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
32
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
33
34
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
35
36
   # Stages
37
   START_ROUTES, END_ROUTES = range(2)
38
   # Callback data
39
   ONE, TWO, THREE, FOUR = range(4)
40
41
42
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
43
```

```
"""Send message on `/start`."""
44
       # Get user that sent /start and log his name
45
       user = update.message.from_user
46
       logger.info("User %s started the conversation.", user.first_name)
       # Build InlineKeyboard where each button has a displayed text
48
       # and a string as callback_data
49
       # The keyboard is a list of button rows, where each row is in turn
50
       # a list (hence `[[...]]`).
51
       keyboard = [
52
            53
                InlineKeyboardButton("1", callback_data=str(ONE)),
                InlineKeyboardButton("2", callback_data=str(TWO)),
55
            ]
56
57
       reply_markup = InlineKeyboardMarkup(keyboard)
       # Send message with text and appended InlineKeyboard
59
       await update.message.reply_text("Start handler, Choose a route", reply_
60
    →markup=reply_markup)
       # Tell ConversationHandler that we're in state `FIRST` now
61
       return START_ROUTES
62
63
64
   async def start_over(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
       """Prompt same text & keyboard as `start` does but not as new message"""
66
       # Get CallbackOuerv from Update
67
       query = update.callback_query
       # CallbackQueries need to be answered, even if no notification to the user is ...
69

<u> needed</u>

       # Some clients may have trouble otherwise. See https://core.telegram.org/bots/api
70
    →#callbackquery
       await query.answer()
71
       keyboard = [
72
            Ε
73
                InlineKeyboardButton("1", callback_data=str(ONE)),
74
                InlineKeyboardButton("2", callback_data=str(TWO)),
75
            1
76
77
       reply_markup = InlineKeyboardMarkup(keyboard)
78
       # Instead of sending a new message, edit the message that
79
       # originated the CallbackQuery. This gives the feeling of an
80
       # interactive menu.
81
       await query.edit_message_text(text="Start handler, Choose a route", reply_
82
    →markup=reply_markup)
       return START_ROUTES
83
84
85
   async def one(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
86
       """Show new choice of buttons"""
87
       query = update.callback_query
       await query.answer()
89
       keyboard = [
90
            Ε
91
                InlineKeyboardButton("3", callback_data=str(THREE)),
92
                InlineKeyboardButton("4", callback_data=str(FOUR)),
93
            ]
94
       ]
```

(continues on next page)

```
reply_markup = InlineKeyboardMarkup(keyboard)
96
        await query.edit_message_text(
97
            text="First CallbackQueryHandler, Choose a route", reply_markup=reply_markup
        return START_ROUTES
100
101
102
    async def two(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
103
        """Show new choice of buttons"""
104
        query = update.callback_query
        await query.answer()
106
        keyboard = [
107
            108
                 InlineKeyboardButton("1", callback_data=str(ONE)),
109
                 InlineKeyboardButton("3", callback_data=str(THREE)),
110
            ]
111
        1
112
        reply_markup = InlineKeyboardMarkup(keyboard)
113
        await query.edit_message_text(
114
            text="Second CallbackQueryHandler, Choose a route", reply_markup=reply_markup
115
116
        return START_ROUTES
117
118
119
    async def three(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
120
        """Show new choice of buttons. This is the end point of the conversation."""
121
122
        query = update.callback_query
        await query.answer()
123
        keyboard = [
124
            125
                 InlineKeyboardButton("Yes, let's do it again!", callback_data=str(ONE)),
126
                 InlineKeyboardButton("Nah, I've had enough ...", callback_data=str(TWO)),
127
            ]
128
        reply_markup = InlineKeyboardMarkup(keyboard)
130
        await query.edit_message_text(
131
            text="Third CallbackQueryHandler. Do want to start over?", reply_markup=reply_
132
    →markup
        )
133
        # Transfer to conversation state `SECOND`
134
        return END ROUTES
135
137
    async def four(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
138
        """Show new choice of buttons"""
139
        query = update.callback_query
140
        await query.answer()
141
        keyboard = [
142
                 InlineKeyboardButton("2", callback_data=str(TWO)),
144
                 InlineKeyboardButton("3", callback_data=str(THREE)),
145
            ]
146
147
        reply_markup = InlineKeyboardMarkup(keyboard)
148
        await query.edit_message_text(
149
            text="Fourth CallbackQueryHandler, Choose a route", reply_markup=reply_markup
150
```

```
151
        return START_ROUTES
152
153
    async def end(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
155
        """Returns `ConversationHandler.END`, which tells the
156
        ConversationHandler that the conversation is over.
157
158
        query = update.callback_query
159
        await query.answer()
160
        await query.edit_message_text(text="See you next time!")
        return ConversationHandler.END
162
163
164
    def main() -> None:
165
        """Run the bot."""
166
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
167
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
169
        # Setup conversation handler with the states FIRST and SECOND
170
        # Use the pattern parameter to pass CallbackQueries with specific
171
        # data pattern to the corresponding handlers.
172
        # ^ means "start of line/string"
173
        # $ means "end of line/string"
174
        # So ^ABC$ will only allow 'ABC'
175
        conv_handler = ConversationHandler(
            entry_points=[CommandHandler("start", start)],
177
            states={
178
                 START_ROUTES: [
179
                     CallbackQueryHandler(one, pattern="^" + str(ONE) + "$"),
                     CallbackQueryHandler(two, pattern="^" + str(TWO) + "$"),
181
                     CallbackQueryHandler(three, pattern="^" + str(THREE) + "$"),
182
                     CallbackQueryHandler(four, pattern="^" + str(FOUR) + "$"),
183
                 END_ROUTES: [
185
                     CallbackQueryHandler(start_over, pattern="^" + str(ONE) + "$"),
186
                     CallbackQueryHandler(end, pattern="^" + str(TWO) + "$"),
187
                 ],
188
            },
189
            fallbacks=[CommandHandler("start", start)],
190
        )
191
        # Add ConversationHandler to application that will be used for handling updates
193
        application.add_handler(conv_handler)
194
195
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
197
198
    if __name__ == "__main__":
200
        main()
201
```

nestedconversationbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
2
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   First, a few callback functions are defined. Then, those functions are passed to
   the Application and registered at their respective places.
   Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.
   Usage:
10
   Example of a bot-user conversation using nested ConversationHandlers.
11
   Send /start to initiate the conversation.
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
13
   bot.
14
15
16
   import logging
17
   from typing import Any, Dict, Tuple
18
19
   from telegram import InlineKeyboardButton, InlineKeyboardMarkup, Update
20
   from telegram.ext import (
21
        Application,
22
        CallbackQueryHandler,
23
       CommandHandler,
24
       ContextTypes,
25
       ConversationHandler,
26
       MessageHandler,
27
        filters,
28
   )
29
30
   # Enable logging
31
   logging basicConfig(
32
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
33
34
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
35
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
36
37
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
38
39
   # State definitions for top level conversation
40
   SELECTING_ACTION, ADDING_MEMBER, ADDING_SELF, DESCRIBING_SELF = map(chr, range(4))
41
   # State definitions for second level conversation
   SELECTING_LEVEL, SELECTING_GENDER = map(chr, range(4, 6))
43
   # State definitions for descriptions conversation
44
   SELECTING_FEATURE, TYPING = map(chr, range(6, 8))
45
   # Meta states
   STOPPING, SHOWING = map(chr, range(8, 10))
47
   # Shortcut for ConversationHandler.END
48
   END = ConversationHandler.END
49
   # Different constants for this example
51
   (
52
       PARENTS,
53
       CHILDREN,
        SELF,
55
```

```
GENDER,
56
        MALE,
57
        FEMALE,
58
        AGE,
59
        NAME,
60
        START OVER.
61
        FEATURES,
62
        CURRENT_FEATURE,
63
        CURRENT_LEVEL,
64
    ) = map(chr, range(10, 22))
65
66
67
    # Helper
68
    def _name_switcher(level: str) -> Tuple[str, str]:
69
        if level == PARENTS:
            return "Father", "Mother"
71
        return "Brother", "Sister"
72
73
74
    # Top level conversation callbacks
75
    async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
76
        """Select an action: Adding parent/child or show data."""
77
78
            "You may choose to add a family member, yourself, show the gathered data, or
79
    ⊶end the "
             "conversation. To abort, simply type /stop."
80
81
82
        buttons = [
83
            [
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Add family member", callback_data=str(ADDING_
85
    →MEMBER)),
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Add yourself", callback_data=str(ADDING_SELF)),
86
            ],
87
            Ε
88
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Show data", callback_data=str(SHOWING)),
89
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Done", callback_data=str(END)),
90
            ],
91
92
        keyboard = InlineKeyboardMarkup(buttons)
93
94
        # If we're starting over we don't need to send a new message
        if context.user_data.get(START_OVER):
96
            await update.callback_query.answer()
97
            await update.callback_query.edit_message_text(text=text, reply_
98
    →markup=keyboard)
        else:
99
            await update.message.reply_text(
100
                 "Hi, I'm Family Bot and I'm here to help you gather information about.
    ⇔your family."
102
            await update.message.reply_text(text=text, reply_markup=keyboard)
103
104
        context.user_data[START_OVER] = False
105
        return SELECTING_ACTION
106
                                                                                 (continues on next page)
```

```
108
    async def adding_self(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
109
        """Add information about yourself."""
110
        context.user_data[CURRENT_LEVEL] = SELF
111
        text = "Okay, please tell me about yourself."
112
        button = InlineKeyboardButton(text="Add info", callback_data=str(MALE))
113
        keyboard = InlineKeyboardMarkup.from_button(button)
114
115
        await update.callback_query.answer()
116
        await update.callback_query.edit_message_text(text=text, reply_markup=keyboard)
117
118
        return DESCRIBING_SELF
119
120
121
    async def show_data(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
122
        """Pretty print gathered data."""
123
124
        def pretty_print(data: Dict[str, Any], level: str) -> str:
125
            people = data.get(level)
126
            if not people:
127
                 return "\nNo information yet."
128
129
            return_str = ""
            if level == SELF:
131
                 for person in data[level]:
132
                     return_str += f"\nName: {person.get(NAME, '-')}, Age: {person.get(AGE,
133
       '-')}"
            else:
134
                male, female = _name_switcher(level)
135
                 for person in data[level]:
137
                     gender = female if person[GENDER] == FEMALE else male
138
                     return_str += (
139
                         f"\n{gender}: Name: {person.get(NAME, '-')}, Age: {person.get(AGE,
    → '-')}"
141
142
            return return_str
143
        user_data = context.user_data
144
        text = f"Yourself:{pretty_print(user_data, SELF)}"
145
        text += f"\n\nParents:{pretty_print(user_data, PARENTS)}"
146
        text += f"\n\nChildren:{pretty_print(user_data, CHILDREN)}"
148
        buttons = [[InlineKeyboardButton(text="Back", callback_data=str(END))]]
149
        keyboard = InlineKeyboardMarkup(buttons)
150
151
        await update.callback_query.answer()
152
        await update.callback_query.edit_message_text(text=text, reply_markup=keyboard)
153
        user_data[START_OVER] = True
155
        return SHOWING
156
157
158
    async def stop(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
159
        """End Conversation by command."""
160
        await update.message.reply_text("Okay, bye.")
161
```

```
162
        return END
163
    async def end(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
166
        """End conversation from InlineKeyboardButton."""
167
        await update.callback_query.answer()
169
        text = "See you around!"
170
        await update.callback_query.edit_message_text(text=text)
171
        return END
173
174
175
    # Second level conversation callbacks
    async def select_level(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
177
        """Choose to add a parent or a child."""
178
        text = "You may add a parent or a child. Also you can show the gathered data or
    ⊶go back."
        buttons = [
180
            Γ
181
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Add parent", callback_data=str(PARENTS)),
182
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Add child", callback_data=str(CHILDREN)),
            ],
184
            Γ
185
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Show data", callback_data=str(SHOWING)),
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Back", callback_data=str(END)),
187
            ],
188
189
        keyboard = InlineKeyboardMarkup(buttons)
191
        await update.callback_query.answer()
192
        await update.callback_query.edit_message_text(text=text, reply_markup=keyboard)
193
        return SELECTING_LEVEL
195
196
197
    async def select_gender(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
198
        """Choose to add mother or father."""
199
        level = update.callback_query.data
200
        context.user_data[CURRENT_LEVEL] = level
201
        text = "Please choose, whom to add."
203
204
        male, female = _name_switcher(level)
205
        buttons = [
207
            Γ
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text=f"Add {male}", callback_data=str(MALE)),
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text=f"Add {female}", callback_data=str(FEMALE)),
210
            ],
211
            Γ
212
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Show data", callback_data=str(SHOWING)),
213
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Back", callback_data=str(END)),
214
            ],
215
        ]
216
```

(continues on next page)

```
keyboard = InlineKeyboardMarkup(buttons)
217
218
        await update.callback_query.answer()
219
        await update.callback_query.edit_message_text(text=text, reply_markup=keyboard)
221
        return SELECTING GENDER
222
223
224
    async def end_second_level(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
225
        """Return to top level conversation."""
226
        context.user_data[START_OVER] = True
        await start(update, context)
228
229
        return END
230
232
    # Third level callbacks
233
    async def select_feature(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
234
        """Select a feature to update for the person."""
235
        buttons = [
236
            Ε
237
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Name", callback_data=str(NAME)),
238
                InlineKeyboardButton(text="Age", callback_data=str(AGE)),
                 InlineKeyboardButton(text="Done", callback_data=str(END)),
240
            ]
241
242
        keyboard = InlineKeyboardMarkup(buttons)
244
        # If we collect features for a new person, clear the cache and save the gender
245
        if not context.user_data.get(START_OVER):
            context.user_data[FEATURES] = {GENDER: update.callback_query.data}
247
            text = "Please select a feature to update."
248
249
            await update.callback_query.answer()
            await update.callback_query.edit_message_text(text=text, reply_
251
    →markup=keyboard)
        # But after we do that, we need to send a new message
252
        else:
253
            text = "Got it! Please select a feature to update."
254
            await update.message.reply_text(text=text, reply_markup=keyboard)
255
256
        context.user_data[START_OVER] = False
        return SELECTING_FEATURE
258
259
260
    async def ask_for_input(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
261
        """Prompt user to input data for selected feature."""
262
        context.user_data[CURRENT_FEATURE] = update.callback_query.data
        text = "Okay, tell me."
        await update.callback_query.answer()
266
        await update.callback_query.edit_message_text(text=text)
267
        return TYPING
269
270
271
```

```
async def save_input(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
272
        """Save input for feature and return to feature selection."""
273
        user_data = context.user_data
274
        user_data[FEATURES][user_data[CURRENT_FEATURE]] = update.message.text
276
        user_data[START_OVER] = True
277
278
        return await select_feature(update, context)
279
280
281
    async def end_describing(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
        """End gathering of features and return to parent conversation."""
283
        user_data = context.user_data
284
        level = user_data[CURRENT_LEVEL]
285
        if not user_data.get(level):
            user_data[level] = []
287
        user_data[level].append(user_data[FEATURES])
288
        # Print upper level menu
        if level == SELF:
291
            user_data[START_OVER] = True
292
            await start(update, context)
293
        else:
            await select_level(update, context)
295
296
        return END
299
    async def stop_nested(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> str:
300
        """Completely end conversation from within nested conversation."""
        await update.message.reply_text("Okay, bye.")
302
303
        return STOPPING
304
306
    def main() -> None:
307
        """Run the bot."""
308
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
310
311
        # Set up third level ConversationHandler (collecting features)
312
        description_conv = ConversationHandler(
313
            entry_points=[
314
                 CallbackQueryHandler(
315
                     select_feature, pattern="^" + str(MALE) + "$|^" + str(FEMALE) + "$"
316
                 )
317
            ],
318
            states={
319
                 SELECTING_FEATURE: [
320
                     CallbackQueryHandler(ask_for_input, pattern="^(?!" + str(END) + ").*$
321
322
                TYPING: [MessageHandler(filters.TEXT & ~filters.COMMAND, save_input)],
323
            },
324
            fallbacks=[
325
                 CallbackQueryHandler(end_describing, pattern="^" + str(END) + "$"),
326
                                                                                 (continues on next page)
```

```
CommandHandler("stop", stop_nested),
327
            ],
328
            map_to_parent={
329
                 # Return to second level menu
330
                END: SELECTING_LEVEL,
331
                 # End conversation altogether
332
                STOPPING: STOPPING,
333
            },
334
        )
335
336
        # Set up second level ConversationHandler (adding a person)
        add_member_conv = ConversationHandler(
338
            entry_points=[CallbackQueryHandler(select_level, pattern="^" + str(ADDING_
339
    →MEMBER) + "$")],
            states={
                 SELECTING_LEVEL: [
341
                     CallbackQueryHandler(select_gender, pattern=f"^{PARENTS}$|^{CHILDREN}$
342
    ")
343
                 SELECTING_GENDER: [description_conv],
344
            },
345
            fallbacks=[
346
                 CallbackQueryHandler(show_data, pattern="^" + str(SHOWING) + "$"),
                 CallbackQueryHandler(end_second_level, pattern="^" + str(END) + "$"),
348
                 CommandHandler("stop", stop_nested),
349
            ],
            map_to_parent={
351
                 # After showing data return to top level menu
352
                SHOWING: SHOWING,
353
                 # Return to top level menu
                END: SELECTING_ACTION,
355
                 # End conversation altogether
356
                 STOPPING: END,
357
            },
        )
359
360
        # Set up top level ConversationHandler (selecting action)
361
        # Because the states of the third level conversation map to the ones of the
    →second level
        # conversation, we need to make sure the top level conversation can also handle.
363

→ them

        selection_handlers = [
            add_member_conv,
365
            CallbackQueryHandler(show_data, pattern="^" + str(SHOWING) + "$"),
366
            CallbackQueryHandler(adding_self, pattern="^" + str(ADDING_SELF) + "$"),
367
            CallbackQueryHandler(end, pattern="^" + str(END) + "$"),
369
        conv_handler = ConversationHandler(
370
            entry_points=[CommandHandler("start", start)],
371
            states={
372
                 SHOWING: [CallbackQueryHandler(start, pattern="^" + str(END) + "$")],
373
                 SELECTING_ACTION: selection_handlers,
374
                 SELECTING_LEVEL: selection_handlers,
375
                 DESCRIBING_SELF: [description_conv],
376
                 STOPPING: [CommandHandler("start", start)],
377
            },
378
```

```
fallbacks=[CommandHandler("stop", stop)],
379
        )
380
381
        application.add_handler(conv_handler)
382
383
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
384
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
385
386
387
    if __name__ == "__main__":
388
        main()
```

State Diagram

passportbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
5
   Simple Bot to print/download all incoming passport data
   See https://telegram.org/blog/passport for info about what telegram passport is.
   See https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/wiki/Telegram-Passport
10
    for how to use Telegram Passport properly with python-telegram-bot.
11
12
   Note:
13
   To use Telegram Passport, you must install PTB via
14
    `pip install "python-telegram-bot[passport]"`
15
16
   import logging
17
   from pathlib import Path
18
19
   from telegram import Update
20
   from telegram.ext import Application, ContextTypes, MessageHandler, filters
21
22
   # Enable logging
23
24
   logging.basicConfig(
25
       format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
26
27
28
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
29
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
31
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
32
33
34
   async def msg(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
35
       """Downloads and prints the received passport data."""
36
       # Retrieve passport data
37
       passport_data = update.message.passport_data
```

(continues on next page)

```
# If our nonce doesn't match what we think, this Update did not originate from us
39
       # Ideally you would randomize the nonce on the server
40
       if passport_data.decrypted_credentials.nonce != "thisisatest":
41
            return
43
       # Print the decrypted credential data
44
       # For all elements
45
       # Print their decrypted data
46
       # Files will be downloaded to current directory
47
       for data in passport_data.decrypted_data: # This is where the data gets decrypted
48
            if data.type == "phone_number":
49
                print("Phone: ", data.phone_number)
50
            elif data.type == "email":
51
                print("Email: ", data.email)
52
            if data.type in (
53
                "personal_details",
54
                "passport",
55
                "driver_license",
                "identity_card",
57
                "internal_passport",
58
                "address",
59
            ):
60
                print(data.type, data.data)
61
            if data.type in (
62
                "utility_bill",
63
                "bank_statement"
                "rental_agreement",
65
                "passport_registration",
66
                "temporary_registration",
67
            ):
                print(data.type, len(data.files), "files")
69
                for file in data.files:
70
                    actual_file = await file.get_file()
71
                    print(actual_file)
72
                    await actual_file.download_to_drive()
73
            if (
74
                data.type in ("passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_
75
    →passport")
                and data.front_side
76
            ):
77
                front_file = await data.front_side.get_file()
78
                print(data.type, front_file)
                await front_file.download_to_drive()
80
            if data.type in ("driver_license" and "identity_card") and data.reverse_side:
81
                reverse_file = await data.reverse_side.get_file()
82
                print(data.type, reverse_file)
83
                await reverse_file.download_to_drive()
84
            if (
85
                data.type in ("passport", "driver_license", "identity_card", "internal_
    →passport")
                and data.selfie
87
            ):
88
                selfie_file = await data.selfie.get_file()
                print(data.type, selfie_file)
                await selfie_file.download_to_drive()
91
            if data.translation and data.type in (
```

```
"passport",
93
                 "driver_license",
94
                 "identity_card",
95
                 "internal_passport",
96
                 "utility_bill",
97
                 "bank_statement"
98
                 "rental_agreement",
                 "passport_registration",
100
                 "temporary_registration",
101
            ):
102
                 print(data.type, len(data.translation), "translation")
                 for file in data.translation:
104
                     actual_file = await file.get_file()
105
                     print(actual_file)
106
                     await actual_file.download_to_drive()
108
109
    def main() -> None:
110
        """Start the bot."""
111
        # Create the Application and pass it your token and private key
112
        private_key = Path("private.key")
113
        application = (
114
            Application.builder().token("TOKEN").private_key(private_key.read_bytes()).
115
    →build()
        )
116
        # On messages that include passport data call msg
118
        application.add_handler(MessageHandler(filters.PASSPORT_DATA, msg))
119
120
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
121
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
122
123
124
    if __name__ == "__main__":
125
        main()
126
```

HTML Page

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <html lang="en">
   <head>
       <title>Telegram passport test!</title>
       <meta charset="utf-8">
       <meta content="IE=edge" http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible">
6
       <meta content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1" name="viewport">
   </head>
   <body>
   <h1>Telegram passport test</h1>
10
11
   <div id="telegram_passport_auth"></div>
12
   </body>
13
14
   <!--- Needs file from https://github.com/TelegramMessenger/TGPassportJsSDK downloaded_
15
                                                                               (continues on next page)
```

```
<script src="telegram-passport.js"></script>
16
   <script>
17
       "use strict";
18
19
       Telegram.Passport.createAuthButton('telegram_passport_auth', {
20
            bot_id: 1234567890, // YOUR BOT ID
21
            scope: {
22
                data: [{
23
                    type: 'id_document',
24
                    selfie: true
25
                }, 'address_document', 'phone_number', 'email'], v: 1
26
            }, // WHAT DATA YOU WANT TO RECEIVE
27
            public_key: '----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY----\n', // YOUR PUBLIC KEY
28
            nonce: 'thisisatest', // YOUR BOT WILL RECEIVE THIS DATA WITH THE REQUEST
29
            callback_url: 'https://example.org' // TELEGRAM WILL SEND YOUR USER BACK TO.
    → THIS URL
       });
31
   </script>
33
   </html>
34
```

paymentbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   """Basic example for a bot that can receive payment from user."""
5
   import logging
   from telegram import LabeledPrice, ShippingOption, Update
   from telegram.ext import (
10
       Application,
11
        CommandHandler,
12
       ContextTypes,
13
       MessageHandler,
14
       PreCheckoutQueryHandler,
15
        ShippingQueryHandler,
16
        filters.
17
   )
18
19
   # Enable logging
20
   logging.basicConfig(
21
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
22
23
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
24
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
25
26
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
27
28
   PAYMENT_PROVIDER_TOKEN = "PAYMENT_PROVIDER_TOKEN"
29
30
31
   async def start_callback(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
32
```

Chapter 10. License

```
"""Displays info on how to use the bot."""
33
34
            "Use /shipping to get an invoice for shipping-payment, or /noshipping for an "
35
            "invoice without shipping."
36
37
38
       await update.message.reply_text(msg)
39
40
41
   async def start_with_shipping_callback(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_
42
    →TYPE) -> None:
        """Sends an invoice with shipping-payment."""
43
       chat_id = update.message.chat_id
44
       title = "Payment Example"
45
       description = "Payment Example using python-telegram-bot"
       # select a payload just for you to recognize its the donation from your bot
47
       payload = "Custom-Payload"
48
       # In order to get a provider_token see https://core.telegram.org/bots/payments
49
    ⊶#getting-a-token
       currency = "USD"
50
       # price in dollars
51
       price = 1
52
       # price * 100 so as to include 2 decimal points
53
       # check https://core.telegram.org/bots/payments#supported-currencies for more_
54
    -details
       prices = [LabeledPrice("Test", price * 100)]
55
56
       # optionally pass need_name=True, need_phone_number=True,
57
       # need_email=True, need_shipping_address=True, is_flexible=True
58
       await context.bot.send_invoice(
59
           chat_id,
60
            title,
61
            description,
62
            payload,
63
            PAYMENT_PROVIDER_TOKEN,
64
            currency.
65
            prices,
66
            need_name=True,
            need_phone_number=True,
68
            need_email=True.
69
           need_shipping_address=True,
70
            is_flexible=True,
71
72
73
74
   async def start_without_shipping_callback(
75
       update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE
76
   ) -> None:
77
       """Sends an invoice without shipping-payment."""
78
       chat_id = update.message.chat_id
79
       title = "Payment Example"
80
       description = "Payment Example using python-telegram-bot"
81
       # select a payload just for you to recognize its the donation from your bot
82
       payload = "Custom-Payload"
83
       # In order to get a provider_token see https://core.telegram.org/bots/payments
84
    →#getting-a-token
```

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```
currency = "USD"
85
        # price in dollars
86
        price = 1
87
        # price * 100 so as to include 2 decimal points
88
        prices = [LabeledPrice("Test", price * 100)]
89
90
        # optionally pass need_name=True, need_phone_number=True,
91
        # need_email=True, need_shipping_address=True, is_flexible=True
92
        await context.bot.send_invoice(
93
            chat_id, title, description, payload, PAYMENT_PROVIDER_TOKEN, currency, prices
96
97
   async def shipping_callback(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
98
    →None:
        """Answers the ShippingQuery with ShippingOptions"""
        query = update.shipping_query
100
        # check the payload, is this from your bot?
        if query.invoice_payload != "Custom-Payload":
102
            # answer False pre_checkout_query
103
            await query.answer(ok=False, error_message="Something went wrong...")
104
            return
105
106
        # First option has a single LabeledPrice
107
        options = [ShippingOption("1", "Shipping Option A", [LabeledPrice("A", 100)])]
108
        # second option has an array of LabeledPrice objects
        price_list = [LabeledPrice("B1", 150), LabeledPrice("B2", 200)]
110
        options.append(ShippingOption("2", "Shipping Option B", price_list))
111
        await query.answer(ok=True, shipping_options=options)
112
113
114
    # after (optional) shipping, it's the pre-checkout
115
   async def precheckout_callback(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
116
    →None:
        """Answers the PreQecheckoutQuery"""
117
        query = update.pre_checkout_query
118
        # check the payload, is this from your bot?
119
        if query.invoice_payload != "Custom-Payload":
120
            # answer False pre_checkout_query
121
            await query.answer(ok=False, error_message="Something went wrong...")
122
        else:
123
            await query.answer(ok=True)
125
126
    # finally, after contacting the payment provider...
127
   async def successful_payment_callback(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_
128
    →TYPE) -> None:
        """Confirms the successful payment."""
129
        # do something after successfully receiving payment?
        await update.message.reply_text("Thank you for your payment!")
131
132
133
   def main() -> None:
134
        """Run the bot."""
135
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
136
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
137
```

```
138
        # simple start function
139
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start_callback))
140
        # Add command handler to start the payment invoice
142
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("shipping", start_with_shipping_callback))
143
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("noshipping", start_without_shipping_
144
    145
        # Optional handler if your product requires shipping
146
        application.add_handler(ShippingQueryHandler(shipping_callback))
148
        # Pre-checkout handler to final check
149
        application.add_handler(PreCheckoutQueryHandler(precheckout_callback))
150
151
        # Success! Notify your user!
152
        application.add_handler(
153
            MessageHandler(filters.SUCCESSFUL_PAYMENT, successful_payment_callback)
154
155
156
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
157
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
158
160
   if name == " main ":
161
        main()
162
```

persistentconversationbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   First, a few callback functions are defined. Then, those functions are passed to
   the Application and registered at their respective places.
   Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.
   Usage:
10
   Example of a bot-user conversation using ConversationHandler.
11
   Send /start to initiate the conversation.
12
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
13
   bot.
14
15
16
   import logging
17
   from typing import Dict
18
19
   from telegram import ReplyKeyboardMarkup, ReplyKeyboardRemove, Update
20
   from telegram.ext import (
21
       Application,
22
       CommandHandler,
23
       ContextTypes,
24
       ConversationHandler,
25
       MessageHandler,
26
```

(continues on next page)

```
PicklePersistence,
27
        filters,
28
   )
29
30
   # Enable logging
31
   logging basicConfig(
32
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
33
34
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
35
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
36
37
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
38
39
   CHOOSING, TYPING_REPLY, TYPING_CHOICE = range(3)
40
41
   reply_keyboard = [
42
        ["Age", "Favourite colour"],
43
        ["Number of siblings", "Something else..."],
44
        ["Done"],
45
46
   markup = ReplyKeyboardMarkup(reply_keyboard, one_time_keyboard=True)
47
48
49
   def facts_to_str(user_data: Dict[str, str]) -> str:
50
        """Helper function for formatting the gathered user info."""
51
        facts = [f"{key} - {value}" for key, value in user_data.items()]
52
       return "\n".join(facts).join(["\n", "\n"])
53
54
55
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
        """Start the conversation, display any stored data and ask user for input."""
57
       reply_text = "Hi! My name is Doctor Botter."
58
       if context.user_data:
59
            reply_text += (
                f" You already told me your {', '.join(context.user_data.keys())}. Why don
61
    →'t you "
                "tell me something more about yourself? Or change anything I already know.
62
63
       else:
64
            reply_text += (
65
                " I will hold a more complex conversation with you. Why don't you tell me
                "something about yourself?"
67
            )
68
       await update.message.reply_text(reply_text, reply_markup=markup)
70
       return CHOOSING
71
72
73
   async def regular_choice(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
74
        """Ask the user for info about the selected predefined choice."""
75
       text = update.message.text.lower()
76
        context.user_data["choice"] = text
77
       if context.user_data.get(text):
78
            reply_text = (
```

```
f"Your {text}? I already know the following about that: {context.user_
80

data[text]}"
            )
81
        else:
82
            reply_text = f"Your {text}? Yes, I would love to hear about that!"
83
        await update.message.reply_text(reply_text)
84
        return TYPING_REPLY
86
87
88
    async def custom_choice(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
89
        """Ask the user for a description of a custom category."""
90
        await update.message.reply_text(
91
            'Alright, please send me the category first, for example "Most impressive"
92
    ⇔skill"'
        )
93
94
        return TYPING_CHOICE
96
97
    async def received_information(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
98
    →int:
        """Store info provided by user and ask for the next category."""
        text = update.message.text
100
        category = context.user_data["choice"]
101
        context.user_data[category] = text.lower()
        del context.user_data["choice"]
103
104
        await update.message.reply_text(
105
            "Neat! Just so you know, this is what you already told me:"
            f"{facts_to_str(context.user_data)}"
107
            "You can tell me more, or change your opinion on something.",
108
            reply_markup=markup,
109
111
        return CHOOSING
112
113
114
    async def show_data(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
115
        """Display the gathered info."""
116
        await update.message.reply_text(
117
            f"This is what you already told me: {facts_to_str(context.user_data)}"
119
120
121
    async def done(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> int:
122
        """Display the gathered info and end the conversation."""
123
        if "choice" in context.user data:
124
            del context.user_data["choice"]
125
126
        await update.message.reply_text(
127
            f"I learned these facts about you: {facts_to_str(context.user_data)}Until_
128
    →next time!",
            reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardRemove(),
129
130
        return ConversationHandler.END
131
                                                                                (continues on next page)
```

```
132
133
    def main() -> None:
134
        """Run the bot."""
135
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
136
        persistence = PicklePersistence(filepath="conversationbot")
137
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").persistence(persistence).
138
    →build()
139
        # Add conversation handler with the states CHOOSING, TYPING_CHOICE and TYPING_
140
    \rightarrow REPLY
        conv_handler = ConversationHandler(
141
            entry_points=[CommandHandler("start", start)],
142
            states={
143
                 CHOOSING: [
                     MessageHandler(
145
                          filters.Regex("^(Age|Favourite colour|Number of siblings)$"),_
146
    →regular_choice
147
                     MessageHandler(filters.Regex("^Something else...$"), custom_choice),
148
                 ],
149
                 TYPING_CHOICE: [
150
                     MessageHandler(
151
                          filters.TEXT & ~(filters.COMMAND | filters.Regex("^Done$")),
152
    ⊸regular_choice
153
154
                 TYPING_REPLY: [
155
                     MessageHandler(
156
                          filters.TEXT & ~(filters.COMMAND | filters.Regex("^Done$")),
                          received_information,
158
                     )
159
                 ],
160
            },
            fallbacks=[MessageHandler(filters.Regex("^Done$"), done)],
162
            name="my_conversation",
163
            persistent=True,
164
        )
166
        application.add_handler(conv_handler)
167
        show_data_handler = CommandHandler("show_data", show_data)
        application.add_handler(show_data_handler)
170
171
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
172
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
173
174
175
    if __name__ == "__main__":
176
        main()
```

pollbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   # pylint: disable=unused-argument
2
   # This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   Basic example for a bot that works with polls. Only 3 people are allowed to interact.
    →with each
   poll/quiz the bot generates. The preview command generates a closed poll/quiz,
    →exactly like the
   one the user sends the bot
   import logging
10
11
   from telegram import (
12
       KeyboardButton,
13
       KeyboardButtonPollType,
14
       Poll,
15
       ReplyKeyboardMarkup,
16
       ReplyKeyboardRemove,
17
       Update,
18
   )
19
   from telegram.constants import ParseMode
20
   from telegram.ext import (
21
        Application,
22
        CommandHandler.
23
        ContextTypes,
24
       MessageHandler,
25
       PollAnswerHandler,
26
       PollHandler,
27
        filters,
28
29
30
   # Enable logging
31
   logging.basicConfig(
32
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
33
34
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
35
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
36
37
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
38
39
40
   TOTAL\_VOTER\_COUNT = 3
41
42.
43
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
44
        """Inform user about what this bot can do"""
45
        await update.message.reply_text(
46
            "Please select /poll to get a Poll, /quiz to get a Quiz or /preview"
47
            " to generate a preview for your poll"
48
        )
49
50
51
   async def poll(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
        """Sends a predefined poll"""
                                                                                (continues on next page)
```

```
questions = ["Good", "Really good", "Fantastic", "Great"]
54
        message = await context.bot.send_poll(
55
            update.effective_chat.id,
56
            "How are you?",
57
            questions,
58
            is_anonymous=False,
59
            allows_multiple_answers=True,
61
        # Save some info about the poll the bot_data for later use in receive_poll_answer
62
        payload = {
            message.poll.id: {
                "questions": questions,
65
                "message_id": message.message_id,
66
                "chat_id": update.effective_chat.id,
67
                "answers": 0,
            }
69
        }
70
        context.bot_data.update(payload)
71
72
73
   async def receive_poll_answer(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
74
    None:
        """Summarize a users poll vote"""
75
        answer = update.poll_answer
76
        answered_poll = context.bot_data[answer.poll_id]
77
        try:
78
            questions = answered_poll["questions"]
79
        # this means this poll answer update is from an old poll, we can't do our
80
    →answering then
        except KeyError:
            return
82
        selected_options = answer.option_ids
83
        answer_string = ""
84
        for question_id in selected_options:
            if question_id != selected_options[-1]:
86
                answer_string += questions[question_id] + " and "
87
            else:
88
                answer_string += questions[question_id]
        await context.bot.send_message(
90
            answered_poll["chat_id"],
91
            f"{update.effective_user.mention_html()} feels {answer_string}!",
92
            parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML,
94
        answered_poll["answers"] += 1
95
        # Close poll after three participants voted
        if answered_poll["answers"] == TOTAL_VOTER_COUNT:
97
            await context.bot.stop_poll(answered_poll["chat_id"], answered_poll["message_
    →id"])
100
   async def quiz(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
101
        """Send a predefined poll"""
102
        questions = ["1", "2", "4", "20"]
103
        message = await update.effective_message.reply_poll(
104
            "How many eggs do you need for a cake?", questions, type=Poll.QUIZ, correct_
105
    →option_id=2
```

```
106
        # Save some info about the poll the bot_data for later use in receive_quiz_answer
107
        payload = {
            message.poll.id: {"chat_id": update.effective_chat.id, "message_id": message.
    →message_id}
        }
110
        context.bot_data.update(payload)
111
112
113
   async def receive_quiz_answer(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) ->_
114
    -None:
        """Close quiz after three participants took it"""
115
        # the bot can receive closed poll updates we don't care about
116
        if update.poll.is_closed:
117
            return
        if update.poll.total_voter_count == TOTAL_VOTER_COUNT:
119
120
                 quiz_data = context.bot_data[update.poll.id]
121
            # this means this poll answer update is from an old poll, we can't stop it.
122
    →then
            except KevError:
123
                return
124
            await context.bot.stop_poll(quiz_data["chat_id"], quiz_data["message_id"])
126
127
   async def preview(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
128
        """Ask user to create a poll and display a preview of it"""
129
        # using this without a type lets the user chooses what he wants (quiz or poll)
130
        button = [[KeyboardButton("Press me!", request_poll=KeyboardButtonPollType())]]
131
        message = "Press the button to let the bot generate a preview for your poll"
132
        # using one_time_keyboard to hide the keyboard
133
        await update.effective_message.reply_text(
134
            message, reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardMarkup(button, one_time_keyboard=True)
135
        )
137
138
   async def receive_poll(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
139
        """On receiving polls, reply to it by a closed poll copying the received poll"""
140
        actual_poll = update.effective_message.poll
141
        # Only need to set the question and options, since all other parameters don't.
142
    →matter for
        # a closed poll
        await update.effective_message.reply_poll(
144
            question=actual_poll.question,
145
            options=[o.text for o in actual_poll.options],
146
            # with is_closed true, the poll/quiz is immediately closed
            is_closed=True,
148
            reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardRemove(),
149
        )
150
151
152
   async def help_handler(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
153
        """Display a help message"""
154
        await update.message.reply_text("Use /quiz, /poll or /preview to test this bot.")
155
156
157
                                                                                (continues on next page)
```

```
def main() -> None:
158
        """Run bot."""
159
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
160
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
161
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
162
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("poll", poll))
163
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("quiz", quiz))
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("preview", preview))
165
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("help", help_handler))
166
        application.add_handler(MessageHandler(filters.POLL, receive_poll))
167
        application.add_handler(PollAnswerHandler(receive_poll_answer))
        application.add_handler(PollHandler(receive_quiz_answer))
169
170
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
171
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
172
173
174
   if __name__ == "__main__":
175
        main()
176
```

rawapibot.py

This example uses only the pure, "bare-metal" API wrapper.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
   """Simple Bot to reply to Telegram messages.
2
   This is built on the API wrapper, see echobot.py to see the same example built
   on the telegram.ext bot framework.
   This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.
   import asyncio
   import contextlib
   import logging
10
   from typing import NoReturn
11
12
   from telegram import Bot, Update
13
   from telegram.error import Forbidden, NetworkError
14
15
   logging.basicConfig(
16
       format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
17
18
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
19
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
21
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
22
23
24
   async def main() -> NoReturn:
25
       """Run the bot."""
26
       # Here we use the `async with` syntax to properly initialize and shutdown.
27
    ⊶resources.
       async with Bot("TOKEN") as bot:
28
            # get the first pending update_id, this is so we can skip over it in case
29
            # we get a "Forbidden" exception.
```

```
try:
31
                update_id = (await bot.get_updates())[0].update_id
32
            except IndexError:
33
                update_id = None
34
35
            logger.info("listening for new messages...")
36
            while True:
37
                trv:
38
                    update_id = await echo(bot, update_id)
39
                except NetworkError:
40
                    await asyncio.sleep(1)
41
                except Forbidden:
42
                     # The user has removed or blocked the bot.
43
                    update_id += 1
44
45
46
   async def echo(bot: Bot, update_id: int) -> int:
47
        """Echo the message the user sent."""
48
        # Request updates after the last update_id
49
        updates = await bot.get_updates(offset=update_id, timeout=10, allowed_
50
    →updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
        for update in updates:
51
            next_update_id = update.update_id + 1
52
53
            # your bot can receive updates without messages
54
            # and not all messages contain text
55
            if update.message and update.message.text:
56
                # Reply to the message
57
                logger.info("Found message %s!", update.message.text)
58
                await update.message.reply_text(update.message.text)
59
            return next_update_id
60
       return update_id
61
62
   if __name__ == "__main__":
64
       with contextlib.suppress(KeyboardInterrupt): # Ignore exception when Ctrl-C is.
65
    \rightarrowpressed
            asyncio.run(main())
```

timerbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# pylint: disable=unused-argument
# This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.

"""

Simple Bot to send timed Telegram messages.

This Bot uses the Application class to handle the bot and the JobQueue to send timed messages.

First, a few handler functions are defined. Then, those functions are passed to the Application and registered at their respective places.

Then, the bot is started and runs until we press Ctrl-C on the command line.
```

(continues on next page)

```
15
   Basic Alarm Bot example, sends a message after a set time.
16
   Press Ctrl-C on the command line or send a signal to the process to stop the
17
   bot.
18
19
   Note:
20
   To use the JobQueue, you must install PTB via
21
   `pip install "python-telegram-bot[job-queue]"`
22
23
24
   import logging
25
26
   from telegram import Update
27
   from telegram.ext import Application, CommandHandler, ContextTypes
28
   # Enable logging
30
   logging.basicConfig(
31
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
32
33
34
35
   # Define a few command handlers. These usually take the two arguments update and
36
   # context.
37
   # Best practice would be to replace context with an underscore,
38
   # since context is an unused local variable.
39
   # This being an example and not having context present confusing beginners,
   # we decided to have it present as context.
41
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
42
        """Sends explanation on how to use the bot.""
43
        await update.message.reply_text("Hi! Use /set <seconds> to set a timer")
44
45
46
   async def alarm(context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
47
        """Send the alarm message."""
        job = context.job
49
       await context.bot.send_message(job.chat_id, text=f"Beep! {job.data} seconds are_
50

→over!")
51
52
   def remove_job_if_exists(name: str, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> bool:
53
        """Remove job with given name. Returns whether job was removed."""
54
        current_jobs = context.job_queue.get_jobs_by_name(name)
55
        if not current_jobs:
56
            return False
57
       for job in current_jobs:
58
            job.schedule_removal()
       return True
60
61
   async def set_timer(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
63
        """Add a job to the queue."""
64
        chat_id = update.effective_message.chat_id
65
        try:
            # args[0] should contain the time for the timer in seconds
67
            due = float(context.args[0])
68
            if due < 0:</pre>
```

```
await update.effective_message.reply_text("Sorry we can not go back to_
70

future!")
                return
71
72
            job_removed = remove_job_if_exists(str(chat_id), context)
73
            context.job_queue.run_once(alarm, due, chat_id=chat_id, name=str(chat_id),__
74
    →data=due)
75
            text = "Timer successfully set!"
76
            if job_removed:
77
                text += " Old one was removed."
            await update.effective_message.reply_text(text)
79
80
        except (IndexError, ValueError):
81
            await update.effective_message.reply_text("Usage: /set <seconds>")
82
83
84
   async def unset(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
85
        """Remove the job if the user changed their mind."""
86
        chat_id = update.message.chat_id
87
        job_removed = remove_job_if_exists(str(chat_id), context)
88
        text = "Timer successfully cancelled!" if job_removed else "You have no active_
89
    →timer."
        await update.message.reply_text(text)
90
91
92
   def main() -> None:
93
        """Run bot."""
94
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
95
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
97
        # on different commands - answer in Telegram
98
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler(["start", "help"], start))
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("set", set_timer))
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("unset", unset))
101
102
        # Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
103
        application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)
104
105
106
   if __name__ == "__main__":
107
        main()
```

webappbot.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

# pylint: disable=unused-argument

# This program is dedicated to the public domain under the CCO license.

Simple example of a Telegram WebApp which displays a color picker.

The static website for this website is hosted by the PTB team for your convenience.

Currently only showcases starting the WebApp via a KeyboardButton, as all other.

methods would

require a bot token.

(continues on next page)
```

```
10
   import json
11
   import logging
12
13
   from telegram import KeyboardButton, ReplyKeyboardMarkup, ReplyKeyboardRemove, Update,
14
    → WebAppInfo
   from telegram.ext import Application, CommandHandler, ContextTypes, MessageHandler, 
    →filters
16
   # Enable logging
17
   logging.basicConfig(
18
        format="%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s", level=logging.INFO
19
20
   # set higher logging level for httpx to avoid all GET and POST requests being logged
21
   logging.getLogger("httpx").setLevel(logging.WARNING)
22
23
   logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
24
25
26
   # Define a `/start` command handler.
27
   async def start(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
28
        """Send a message with a button that opens a the web app."""
29
        await update.message.reply_text(
30
            "Please press the button below to choose a color via the WebApp.",
31
            reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardMarkup.from_button(
32
                KeyboardButton(
33
                    text="Open the color picker!",
34
                    web_app=WebAppInfo(url="https://python-telegram-bot.org/static/
35
    →webappbot"),
                )
            ),
37
38
39
   # Handle incoming WebAppData
41
   async def web_app_data(update: Update, context: ContextTypes.DEFAULT_TYPE) -> None:
42.
        """Print the received data and remove the button."""
43
        # Here we use `json.loads`, since the WebApp sends the data JSON serialized string
44
        # (see webappbot.html)
45
        data = json.loads(update.effective_message.web_app_data.data)
46
        await update.message.reply_html(
47
            text=(
                f"You selected the color with the HEX value <code>{data['hex']}</code>...
49
    →The "
                f"corresponding RGB value is <code>{tuple(data['rgb'].values())}</code>."
50
            ),
51
            reply_markup=ReplyKeyboardRemove(),
52
       )
53
55
   def main() -> None:
56
        """Start the bot."""
57
        # Create the Application and pass it your bot's token.
58
        application = Application.builder().token("TOKEN").build()
59
60
        application.add_handler(CommandHandler("start", start))
```

```
application.add_handler(MessageHandler(filters.StatusUpdate.WEB_APP_DATA, web_app_
data))

# Run the bot until the user presses Ctrl-C
application.run_polling(allowed_updates=Update.ALL_TYPES)

if __name__ == "__main__":
main()
```

HTML Page

```
<!--
       Simple static Telegram WebApp. Does not verify the WebAppInitData, as a bot token.
   →would be needed for that.
   <!DOCTYPE html>
   <html lang="en">
   <head>
       <meta charset="UTF-8">
       <title>python-telegram-bot Example WebApp</title>
       <script src="https://telegram.org/js/telegram-web-app.js"></script>
       <script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/@jaames/iro@5"></script>
10
   </head>
11
   <script type="text/javascript">
12
       const colorPicker = new iro.ColorPicker('#picker', {
13
           borderColor: "#ffffff".
14
           borderWidth: 1,
15
           width: Math.round(document.documentElement.clientWidth / 2),
16
       });
17
       colorPicker.on('color:change', function (color) {
18
           document.body.style.background = color.hexString;
19
       });
20
21
       Telegram.WebApp.ready();
22
       Telegram.WebApp.MainButton.setText('Choose Color').show().onClick(function () {
23
           const data = JSON.stringify({hex: colorPicker.color.hexString, rgb:_
24
   Telegram.WebApp.sendData(data);
25
           Telegram.WebApp.close();
26
       });
27
   </script>
28
   <body style="background-color: #fffffff">
29
   <div style="position: absolute; margin-top: 5vh; margin-left: 5vw; height: 90vh;
30
   →width: 90vw; border-radius: 5vh; background-color: var(--tg-theme-bg-color); box-
   ⇒shadow: 0 0 2vw
    #000000;">
31
       <div id="picker"
32
            style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; height:
33
   →100%; width: 100%"></div>
   </div>
34
   </body>
35
   <script type="text/javascript">
36
       Telegram.WebApp.expand();
37
```

(continues on next page)

38 </script> 39 </html>

10.5 Stability Policy

Important: This stability policy is in place since version 20.3. While earlier versions of python-telegram-bot also had stable interfaces, they had no explicit stability policy and hence did not follow the rules outlined below in all detail. Please also refer to the *changelog*.

Caution: Large parts of the *telegram* package are the Python representations of the Telegram Bot API, whose stability policy PTB can not influence. This policy hence includes some special cases for those parts.

10.5.1 What does this policy cover?

This policy includes any API or behavior that is covered in this documentation. This covers both the *telegram* package and the *telegram.ext* package.

10.5.2 What doesn't this policy cover?

Introduction of new features or changes of flavors of comparable behavior (e.g. the default for the HTTP protocol version being used) are not covered by this policy.

The internal structure of classes in PTB, i.e. things like the result of dir(obj)) or the contents of obj.__dict__, is not covered by this policy.

Objects are in general not guaranteed to be pickleable (unless stated otherwise) and pickled objects from one version of PTB may not be loadable in future versions. We may provide a way to convert pickled objects from one version to another, but this is not guaranteed.

Functionality that is part of PTBs API but is explicitly documented as not being intended to be used directly by users (e.g. <code>telegram.request.BaseRequest.do_request())</code> may change. This also applies to functions or attributes marked as final in the sense of PEP 591.

PTB has dependencies to third-party packages. The versions that PTB uses of these third-party packages may change if that does not affect PTBs public API.

PTB does not give guarantees about which Python versions are supported. In general, we will try to support all Python versions that have not yet reached their end of life, but we reserve ourselves the option to drop support for Python versions earlier if that benefits the advancement of the library.

PTB provides static type hints for all public attributes, parameters, return values and generic classes. These type hints are not covered by this policy and may change at any time under the condition that these changes have no impact on the runtime behavior of PTB.

Bot API Functionality

Comparison of equality of instances of the classes in the *telegram* package is subject to change and the PTB team will update the behavior to best reflect updates in the Bot API. Changes in this regard will be documented in the affected classes. Note that equality comparison with objects that where serialized by an older version of PTB may hence give unexpected results.

When the order of arguments of the Bot API methods changes or they become optional/mandatory due to changes in the Bot API, PTB will always try to reflect these changes. While we try to make such changes backward compatible, this is not always possible or only with significant effort. In such cases we will find a trade-off between backward compatibility and fully complying with the Bot API, which may result in breaking changes. We highly recommend using keyword arguments, which can help make such changes non-breaking on your end.

When the Bot API changes attributes of classes, the method <code>telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()</code> will change as necessary to reflect these changes. In particular, attributes deprecated by Telegram will be removed from the returned dictionary. Deprecated attributes that are still passed by Telegram will be available in the <code>api_kwargs</code> dictionary as long as PTB can support that with feasible effort. Since attributes of the classes in the <code>telegram</code> package are not writable, we may change them to properties where appropriate.

Development Versions

Pre-releases marked as alpha, beta or release candidate are not covered by this policy. Before a feature is in a stable release, i.e. the feature was merged into the master branch but not released yet (or only in a pre-release), it is not covered by this policy either and may change.

Security

We make exceptions from our stability policy for security. We will violate this policy as necessary in order to resolve a security issue or harden PTB against a possible attack.

10.5.3 Versioning

PTB uses a versioning scheme that roughly follows https://semver.org/, although it may not be quite as strict.

Given a version of PTB X.Y.Z,

- X indicates the major version number. This is incremented when backward incompatible changes are introduced.
- Y indicates the minor version number. This is incremented when new functionality or backward compatible changes are introduced by PTB. *This is also incremented when PTB adds support for a new Bot API version, which may include backward incompatible changes in some cases as outlined below.*
- Z is the patch version. This is incremented if backward compatible bug fixes or smaller changes are introduced. If this number is 0, it can be omitted, i.e. we just write X.Y instead of X.Y.0.

Deprecation

From time to time we will want to change the behavior of an API or remove it entirely, or we do so to comply with changes in the Telegram Bot API. In those cases, we follow a deprecation schedule as detailed below.

Functionality is marked as deprecated by a corresponding note in the release notes and the documentation. Where possible, a *PTBDeprecationWarning* is issued when deprecated functionality is used, but this is not mandatory.

From time to time, we may decide to deprecate an API that is particularly widely used. In these cases, we may decide to provide an extended deprecation period, at our discretion.

With version 20.0.0, PTB introduced major structural breaking changes without the above deprecation period. Should a similarly big change ever be deemed necessary again by the development team and should a deprecation

period prove too much additional effort, this violation of the stability policy will be announced well ahead of the release in our channel, as was done for v20.

Non-Bot API Functionality

Starting with version 20.3, deprecated functionality will stay available for the current and the next major version. For example:

- In PTB v20.1.1 the feature exists
- In PTB v20.1.2 or v20.2.0 the feature is marked as deprecated
- In PTB v21.*.* the feature is marked as deprecated
- In PTB v22.0 the feature is removed or changed

Bot API Functionality

As PTB has no control over deprecations introduced by Telegram and the schedule of these deprecations rarely coincides with PTBs deprecation schedule, we have a special policy for Bot API functionality.

Starting with 20.3, deprecated Bot API functionality will stay available for the current and the next major version of PTB *or* until the next version of the Bot API. More precisely, two cases are possible, for which we show examples below.

Case 1

- In PTB v20.1 the feature exists
- Bot API version 6.6 is released and deprecates the feature
- PTB v20.2 adds support for Bot API 6.6 and the feature is marked as deprecated
- In PTB v21.0 the feature is removed or changed

Case 2

- In PTB v20.1 the feature exists
- Bot API version 6.6 is released and deprecates the feature
- PTB v20.2 adds support for Bot API version 6.6 and the feature is marked as deprecated
- In PTB v20.2.* and v20.3.* the feature is marked as deprecated
- Bot API version 6.7 is released
- PTB v20.4 adds support for Bot API version 6.7 and the feature is removed or changed

10.6 Changelog

10.6.1 Version 20.6

Released 2023-11-27

This is the technical changelog for version 20.6. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

New Features

- Add JobQueue.scheduler_configuration and Corresponding Warnings (#3913 closes #3837)
- Add Parameter socket_options to HTTPXRequest (#3935 closes #2965)
- Add ApplicationBuilder.(get_updates_)socket_options(#3943)
- Improve write_timeout Handling for Media Methods (#3952)
- Add filters.Mention (#3941 closes #3799)
- Rename proxy_url to proxy and Allow httpx.{Proxy, URL} as Input (#3939 closes #3844)

Bug Fixes & Changes

- Adjust read_timeout Behavior for Bot.get_updates (#3963 closes #3893)
- Improve BaseHandler.__repr__ for Callbacks without __qualname__ (#3934)
- Fix Persistency Issue with Ended Non-Blocking Conversations (#3962)
- Improve Type Hinting for Arguments with Default Values in Bot (#3942)

Documentation Improvements

- Add Documentation for __aenter__ and __aexit__ Methods (#3907 closes #3886)
- Improve Insertion of Kwargs into Bot Methods (#3965)

Internal Changes

• Adjust Tests to New Error Messages (#3970)

Dependency Updates

- Bump pytest-xdist from 3.3.1 to 3.4.0 (#3975)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3967)
- Update httpx requirement from ~=0.25.1 to ~=0.25.2 (#3983)
- Bump pytest-xdist from 3.4.0 to 3.5.0 (#3982)
- Update httpx requirement from ~=0.25.0 to ~=0.25.1 (#3961)
- Bump srvaroa/labeler from 1.6.1 to 1.7.0 (#3958)
- Update cachetools requirement from ~=5.3.1 to ~=5.3.2 (#3954)
- Bump pytest from 7.4.2 to 7.4.3 (#3953)

10.6.2 Version 20.6

Released 2023-10-03

This is the technical changelog for version 20.6. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

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Major Changes

- Drop Backward Compatibility Layer Introduced in #3853 (API 6.8) (#3873)
- Full Support for Bot API 6.9 (#3898)

New Features

- Add Rich Equality Comparison to WriteAccessAllowed (#3911 closes #3909)
- Add __repr__ Methods Added in #3826 closes #3770 to Sphinx Documentation (#3901 closes #3889)
- Add String Representation for Selected Classes (#3826 closes #3770)

Minor Changes

- Add Support Python 3.12 (#3915)
- Documentation Improvements (#3910)

Internal Changes

- Verify Type Hints for Bot Method & Telegram Class Parameters (#3868)
- Move Bot API Tests to Separate Workflow File (#3912)
- Fix Failing file_size Tests (#3906)
- Set Threshold for DeepSource's PY-R1000 to High (#3888)
- One-Time Code Formatting Improvement via --preview Flag of black (#3882)
- Move Dunder Methods to the Top of Class Bodies (#3883)
- Remove Superfluous Defaults.__ne__ (#3884)

Dependency Updates

- pre-commit autoupdate (#3876)
- Update pre-commit Dependencies (#3916)
- Bump actions/checkout from 3 to 4 (#3914)
- Update httpx requirement from ~=0.24.1 to ~=0.25.0 (#3891)
- Bump furo from 2023.8.19 to 2023.9.10 (#3890)
- Bump sphinx from 7.2.5 to 7.2.6 (#3892)
- Update tornado requirement from ~=6.2 to ~=6.3.3 (#3675)
- Bump pytest from 7.4.0 to 7.4.2 (#3881)

10.6.3 Version 20.5

Released 2023-09-03

This is the technical changelog for version 20.5. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

- API 6.8 (#3853)
- Remove Functionality Deprecated Since Bot API 6.5, 6.6 or 6.7 (#3858)

New Features

- Extend Allowed Values for HTTP Version (#3823 closes #3821)
- Add has_args Parameter to CommandHandler (#3854 by @thatguylah closes #3798)
- Add Application.stop_running() and Improve Marking Updates as Read on Updater.stop() (#3804)

Minor Changes

- Type Hinting Fixes for WebhookInfo (#3871)
- Test and Document Exception.__cause__ on NetworkError (#3792 closes #3778)
- Add Support for Python 3.12 RC (#3847)

Documentation Improvements

- Remove Version Check from Examples (#3846)
- Documentation Improvements (#3803, #3797, #3816 by @trim21, #3829 by @aelkheir)
- Provide Versions of customwebhookbot.py with Different Frameworks (#3820 closes #3717)

Dependency Updates

- pre-commit autoupdate (#3824)
- Bump srvaroa/labeler from 1.6.0 to 1.6.1 (#3870)
- Bump sphinx from 7.0.1 to 7.1.1 (#3818)
- Bump sphinx from 7.2.3 to 7.2.5 (#3869)
- Bump furo from 2023.5.20 to 2023.7.26 (#3817)
- Update apscheduler requirement from ~=3.10.3 to ~=3.10.4 (#3862)
- Bump sphinx from 7.2.2 to 7.2.3 (#3861)
- Bump pytest-asyncio from 0.21.0 to 0.21.1 (#3801)
- Bump sphinx-paramlinks from 0.5.4 to 0.6.0 (#3840)
- Update apscheduler requirement from ~=3.10.1 to ~=3.10.3 (#3851)
- Bump furo from 2023.7.26 to 2023.8.19 (#3850)
- Bump sphinx from 7.1.2 to 7.2.2 (#3852)
- Bump sphinx from 7.1.1 to 7.1.2 (#3827)

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10.6.4 Version 20.4

Released 2023-07-09

This is the technical changelog for version 20.4. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

• Drop Support for Python 3.7 (#3728, #3742 by @Trifase, #3749 by @thefunkycat, #3740 closes #3732, #3754 closes #3731, #3753, #3764, #3762, #3759 closes #3733)

New Features

- Make Integration of APScheduler into JobQueue More Explicit (#3695)
- Introduce BaseUpdateProcessor for Customized Concurrent Handling of Updates (#3654 closes #3509)

Minor Changes

- Fix Inconsistent Type Hints for timeout Parameter of Bot.get_updates (#3709 by @revolter)
- Use Explicit Optionals (#3692 by @MiguelX413)

Bug Fixes

• Fix Wrong Warning Text in KeyboardButton.__eq__ (#3768)

Documentation Improvements

- Explicitly set allowed_updates in Examples (#3741 by @Trifase closes #3726)
- Bump furo and sphinx (#3719)
- Documentation Improvements (#3698, #3708 by @revolter, #3767)
- Add Quotes for Installation Instructions With Optional Dependencies (#3780)
- Exclude Type Hints from Stability Policy (#3712)
- Set httpx Logging Level to Warning in Examples (#3746 closes #3743)

Internal Changes

- Drop a Legacy pre-commit.ci Configuration (#3697)
- Add Python 3.12 Beta to the Test Matrix (#3751)
- Use Temporary Files for Testing File Downloads (#3777)
- Auto-Update Changed Version in Other Files After Dependabot PRs (#3716)
- Add More ruff Rules (#3763)
- Rename _handler.py to _basehandler.py (#3761)
- Automatically Label pre-commit-ci PRs (#3713)
- Rework pytest Integration into GitHub Actions (#3776)
- Fix Two Bugs in GitHub Actions Workflows (#3739)

Dependency Updates

- Update cachetools requirement from ~=5.3.0 to ~=5.3.1 (#3738)
- Update aiolimiter requirement from ~=1.0.0 to ~=1.1.0 (#3707)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3791)
- Bump sphinxcontrib-mermaid from 0.8.1 to 0.9.2 (#3737)
- Bump pytest-xdist from 3.2.1 to 3.3.0 (#3705)
- Bump srvaroa/labeler from 1.5.0 to 1.6.0 (#3786)
- Bump dependabot/fetch-metadata from 1.5.1 to 1.6.0 (#3787)
- Bump dessant/lock-threads from 4.0.0 to 4.0.1 (#3785)
- Bump pytest from 7.3.2 to 7.4.0 (#3774)
- Update httpx requirement from ~=0.24.0 to ~=0.24.1 (#3715)
- Bump pytest-xdist from 3.3.0 to 3.3.1 (#3714)
- Bump pytest from 7.3.1 to 7.3.2 (#3758)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3747)

10.6.5 Version 20.3

Released 2023-05-07

This is the technical changelog for version 20.3. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

- Full support for API 6.7 (#3673)
- Add a Stability Policy (#3622)

New Features

- Add Application.mark_data_for_update_persistence (#3607)
- Make Message.link Point to Thread View Where Possible (#3640)
- Localize Received datetime Objects According to Defaults.tzinfo (#3632)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI

- Empower ruff (#3594)
- Drop Usage of sys.maxunicode (#3630)
- Add String Representation for RequestParameter (#3634)
- Stabilize CI by Rerunning Failed Tests (#3631)
- Give Loggers Better Names (#3623)
- Add Logging for Invalid JSON Data in BasePersistence.parse_json_payload (#3668)
- Improve Warning Categories & Stacklevels (#3674)
- Stabilize test_delete_sticker_set (#3685)

- Shield Update Fetcher Task in Application.start (#3657)
- Recover 100% Type Completeness (#3676)
- Documentation Improvements (#3628, #3636, #3694)

Dependencies

- Bump actions/stale from 7 to 8 (#3644)
- Bump furo from 2023.3.23 to 2023.3.27 (#3643)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3646, #3688)
- Remove Deprecated codecov Package from CI (#3664)
- Bump sphinx-copybutton from 0.5.1 to 0.5.2 (#3662)
- Update httpx requirement from ~=0.23.3 to ~=0.24.0 (#3660)
- Bump pytest from 7.2.2 to 7.3.1 (#3661)

10.6.6 Version 20.2

Released 2023-03-25

This is the technical changelog for version 20.2. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

- Full Support for API 6.6 (#3584)
- Revert to HTTP/1.1 as Default and make HTTP/2 an Optional Dependency (#3576)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI

- Documentation Improvements (#3565, #3600)
- Handle Symbolic Links in was_called_by (#3552)
- Tidy Up Tests Directory (#3553)
- Enhance Application.create_task (#3543)
- Make Type Completeness Workflow Usable for PRs from Forks (#3551)
- Refactor and Overhaul the Test Suite (#3426)

Dependencies

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- Bump pytest-asyncio from 0.20.3 to 0.21.0 (#3624)
- Bump furo from 2022.12.7 to 2023.3.23 (#3625)
- Bump pytest-xdist from 3.2.0 to 3.2.1 (#3606)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3577)
- Update apscheduler requirement from ~=3.10.0 to ~=3.10.1 (#3572)
- Bump pytest from 7.2.1 to 7.2.2 (#3573)
- Bump pytest-xdist from 3.1.0 to 3.2.0 (#3550)
- Bump sphinxcontrib-mermaid from 0.7.1 to 0.8 (#3549)

10.6.7 Version 20.1

Released 2023-02-09

This is the technical changelog for version 20.1. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

• Full Support for Bot API 6.5 (#3530)

New Features

- Add Application(Builder).post_stop(#3466)
- Add Chat.effective_name Convenience Property (#3485)
- Allow to Adjust HTTP Version and Use HTTP/2 by Default (#3506)

Documentation Improvements

- Enhance chatmemberbot Example (#3500)
- Automatically Generate Cross-Reference Links (#3501, #3529, #3523)
- Add Some Graphic Elements to Docs (#3535)
- Various Smaller Improvements (#3464, #3483, #3484, #3497, #3512, #3515, #3498)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI

- Update Copyright to 2023 (#3459)
- Stabilize Tests on Closing and Hiding the General Forum Topic (#3460)
- Fix Dependency Warning Typo (#3474)
- Cache Dependencies on GitHub Actions (#3469)
- Store Documentation Builts as GitHub Actions Artifacts (#3468)
- Add ruff to pre-commit Hooks (#3488)
- Improve Warning for days Parameter of JobQueue.run_daily (#3503)
- Improve Error Message for NetworkError (#3505)
- Lock Inactive Threads Only Once Each Day (#3510)
- Bump pytest from 7.2.0 to 7.2.1 (#3513)
- Check for 3D Arrays in check_keyboard_type (#3514)
- Explicit Type Annotations (#3508)
- Increase Verbosity of Type Completeness CI Job (#3531)
- Fix CI on Python 3.11 + Windows (#3547)

Dependencies

- Bump actions/stale from 6 to 7 (#3461)
- Bump dessant/lock-threads from 3.0.0 to 4.0.0 (#3462)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3470)
- Update httpx requirement from ~=0.23.1 to ~=0.23.3 (#3489)
- Update cachetools requirement from ~=5.2.0 to ~=5.2.1 (#3502)
- Improve Config for ruff and Bump to v0.0.222 (#3507)
- Update cachetools requirement from ~=5.2.1 to ~=5.3.0 (#3520)
- Bump isort to 5.12.0 (#3525)
- Update apscheduler requirement from ~=3.9.1 to ~=3.10.0 (#3532)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3537)
- Update cryptography requirement to >=39.0.1 to address Vulnerability (#3539)

10.6.8 Version 20.0

Released 2023-01-01

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

• Full Support For Bot API 6.4 (#3449)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI

- Documentation Improvements (#3428, #3423, #3429, #3441, #3404, #3443)
- Allow Sequence Input for Bot Methods (#3412)
- Update Link-Check CI and Replace a Dead Link (#3456)
- Freeze Classes Without Arguments (#3453)
- Add New Constants (#3444)
- Override Bot.__deepcopy__ to Raise TypeError (#3446)
- Add Log Decorator to Bot.get_webhook_info (#3442)
- Add Documentation On Verifying Releases (#3436)
- Drop Undocumented Job.__1t__ (#3432)

Dependencies

- Downgrade sphinx to 5.3.0 to Fix Search (#3457)
- Bump sphinx from 5.3.0 to 6.0.0 (#3450)

10.6.9 Version 20.0b0

Released 2022-12-15

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0b0. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

• Make TelegramObject Immutable (#3249)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI

- Reduce Code Duplication in Testing Defaults (#3419)
- Add Notes and Warnings About Optional Dependencies (#3393)
- Simplify Internals of Bot Methods (#3396)
- Reduce Code Duplication in Several Bot Methods (#3385)
- Documentation Improvements (#3386, #3395, #3398, #3403)

Dependencies

- Bump pytest-xdist from 3.0.2 to 3.1.0 (#3415)
- Bump pytest-asyncio from 0.20.2 to 0.20.3 (#3417)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3409)

10.6.10 Version 20.0a6

Released 2022-11-24

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0a6. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Bug Fixes

- Only Persist Arbitrary callback_data if ExtBot.callback_data_cache is Present (#3384)
- Improve Backwards Compatibility of TelegramObjects Pickle Behavior (#3382)
- Fix Naming and Keyword Arguments of File.download_* Methods (#3380)
- Fix Return Value Annotation of Chat.create_forum_topic (#3381)

10.6.11 Version 20.0a5

Released 2022-11-22

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0a5. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

- API 6.3 (#3346, #3343, #3342, #3360)
- Explicit local_mode Setting (#3154)
- Make Almost All 3rd Party Dependencies Optional (#3267)
- Split File.download Into File.download_to_drive And File.download_to_memory (#3223)

New Features

- Add Properties for API Settings of Bot (#3247)
- Add chat_id and username Parameters to ChatJoinRequestHandler (#3261)
- Introduce TelegramObject.api_kwargs (#3233)
- Add Two Constants Related to Local Bot API Servers (#3296)
- Add recursive Parameter to TelegramObject.to_dict() (#3276)
- Overhaul String Representation of TelegramObject (#3234)
- Add Methods Chat.mention_{html, markdown, markdown_v2} (#3308)
- Add constants.MessageLimit.DEEP_LINK_LENGTH(#3315)
- Add Shortcut Parameters caption, parse_mode and caption_entities to Bot.send_media_group (#3295)
- Add Several New Enums To Constants (#3351)

Bug Fixes

- Fix CallbackQueryHandler Not Handling Non-String Data Correctly With Regex Patterns (#3252)
- Fix Defaults Handling in Bot.answer_web_app_query (#3362)

Documentation Improvements

- Update PR Template (#3361)
- Document Dunder Methods of TelegramObject (#3319)
- Add Several References to Wiki pages (#3306)
- Overhaul Search bar (#3218)
- Unify Documentation of Arguments and Attributes of Telegram Classes (#3217, #3292, #3303, #3312, #3314)
- Several Smaller Improvements (#3214, #3271, #3289, #3326, #3370, #3376, #3366)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI

- Improve Warning About Unknown ConversationHandler States (#3242)
- Switch from Stale Bot to GitHub Actions (#3243)
- Bump Python 3.11 to RC2 in Test Matrix (#3246)
- Make Job. job a Property and Make Jobs Hashable (#3250)
- Skip JobQueue Tests on Windows Again (#3280)
- Read-Only CallbackDataCache (#3266)
- Type Hinting Fix for Message.effective_attachment (#3294)
- Run Unit Tests in Parallel (#3283)
- Update Test Matrix to Use Stable Python 3.11 (#3313)
- Don't Edit Objects In-Place When Inserting ext.Defaults (#3311)
- Add a Test for MessageAttachmentType (#3335)
- Add Three New Test Bots (#3347)
- Improve Unit Tests Regarding ChatMemberUpdated.difference (#3352)
- Flaky Unit Tests: Use pytest Marker (#3354)
- Fix DeepSource Issues (#3357)
- Handle Lists and Tuples and Datetimes Directly in TelegramObject.to_dict (#3353)
- Update Meta Config (#3365)
- Merge ChatDescriptionLimit Enum Into ChatLimit (#3377)

Dependencies

- Bump pytest from 7.1.2 to 7.1.3 (#3228)
- pre-commit Updates (#3221)
- Bump sphinx from 5.1.1 to 5.2.3 (#3269)
- Bump furo from 2022.6.21 to 2022.9.29 (#3268)
- Bump actions/stale from 5 to 6 (#3277)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3282)
- Bump sphinx from 5.2.3 to 5.3.0 (#3300)
- Bump pytest-asyncio from 0.19.0 to 0.20.1 (#3299)
- Bump pytest from 7.1.3 to 7.2.0 (#3318)
- Bump pytest-xdist from 2.5.0 to 3.0.2 (#3317)
- pre-commit autoupdate (#3325)
- Bump pytest-asyncio from 0.20.1 to 0.20.2 (#3359)
- Update httpx requirement from ~=0.23.0 to ~=0.23.1 (#3373)

10.6.12 Version 20.0a4

Released 2022-08-27

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0a4. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Hot Fixes

• Fix a Bug in setup.py Regarding Optional Dependencies (#3209)

10.6.13 Version 20.0a3

Released 2022-08-27

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0a3. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

• Full Support for API 6.2 (#3195)

New Features

- New Rate Limiting Mechanism (#3148)
- Make chat/user_data Available in Error Handler for Errors in Jobs (#3152)
- Add Application.post_shutdown (#3126)

Bug Fixes

- Fix helpers.mention_markdown for Markdown V1 and Improve Related Unit Tests (#3155)
- Add api_kwargs Parameter to Bot.log_out and Improve Related Unit Tests (#3147)
- Make Bot.delete_my_commands a Coroutine Function (#3136)
- Fix ConversationHandler.check_update not respecting per_user (#3128)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI

- Add Python 3.11 to Test Suite & Adapt Enum Behaviour (#3168)
- Drop Manual Token Validation (#3167)
- Simplify Unit Tests for Bot.send_chat_action (#3151)
- Drop pre-commit Dependencies from requirements-dev.txt (#3120)
- Change Default Values for concurrent_updates and connection_pool_size (#3127)
- Documentation Improvements (#3139, #3153, #3135)
- Type Hinting Fixes (#3202)

Dependencies

- Bump sphinx from 5.0.2 to 5.1.1 (#3177)
- Update pre-commit Dependencies (#3085)
- Bump pytest-asyncio from 0.18.3 to 0.19.0 (#3158)
- Update tornado requirement from ~=6.1 to ~=6.2 (#3149)
- Bump black from 22.3.0 to 22.6.0 (#3132)
- Bump actions/setup-python from 3 to 4 (#3131)

10.6.14 Version 20.0a2

Released 2022-06-27

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0a2. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes

• Full Support for API 6.1 (#3112)

New Features

- Add Additional Shortcut Methods to Chat (#3115)
- Mermaid-based Example State Diagrams (#3090)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI

- Documentation Improvements (#3103, #3121, #3098)
- Stabilize CI (#3119)
- Bump pyupgrade from 2.32.1 to 2.34.0 (#3096)
- Bump furo from 2022.6.4 to 2022.6.4.1 (#3095)
- Bump mypy from 0.960 to 0.961 (#3093)

10.6.15 Version 20.0a1

Released 2022-06-09

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0a1. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes:

- Drop Support for ujson and instead BaseRequest.parse_json_payload (#3037, #3072)
- Drop InputFile.is_image (#3053)
- Drop Explicit Type conversions in __init__ s (#3056)
- Handle List-Valued Attributes More Consistently (#3057)
- Split {Command, Prefix}Handler And Make Attributes Immutable (#3045)
- Align Behavior Of JobQueue.run_daily With cron (#3046)
- Make PTB Specific Keyword-Only Arguments for PTB Specific in Bot methods (#3035)
- Adjust Equality Comparisons to Fit Bot API 6.0 (#3033)
- Add Tuple Based Version Info (#3030)
- Improve Type Annotations for CallbackContext and Move Default Type Alias to ContextTypes. DEFAULT_TYPE (#3017, #3023)
- Rename Job.context to Job.data (#3028)
- Rename Handler to BaseHandler (#3019)

New Features:

- Add Application.post_init (#3078)
- Add Arguments chat/user_id to CallbackContext And Example On Custom Webhook Setups (#3059)
- Add Convenience Property Message.id (#3077)
- Add Example for WebApp (#3052)
- Rename telegram.bot_api_version to telegram.__bot_api_version__ (#3030)

Bug Fixes:

- Fix Non-Blocking Entry Point in ConversationHandler (#3068)
- Escape Backslashes in escape_markdown (#3055)

Dependencies:

- Update httpx requirement from ~=0.22.0 to ~=0.23.0 (#3069)
- Update cachetools requirement from ~=5.0.0 to ~=5.2.0 (#3058, #3080)

Minor Changes, Documentation Improvements and CI:

- Move Examples To Documentation (#3089)
- Documentation Improvements and Update Dependencies (#3010, #3007, #3012, #3067, #3081, #3082)
- Improve Some Unit Tests (#3026)
- Update Code Quality dependencies (#3070, #3032,:pr:2998, #2999)
- Don't Set Signal Handlers On Windows By Default (#3065)
- Split {Command, Prefix}Handler And Make Attributes Immutable (#3045)
- Apply isort and Update pre-commit.ci Configuration (#3049)

- Adjust pre-commit Settings for isort (#3043)
- Add Version Check to Examples (#3036)
- Use Collection Instead of List and Tuple (#3025)
- Remove Client-Side Parameter Validation (#3024)
- Don't Pass Default Values of Optional Parameters to Telegram (#2978)
- Stabilize Application.run_* on Python 3.7 (#3009)
- Ignore Code Style Commits in git blame (#3003)
- Adjust Tests to Changed API Behavior (#3002)

10.6.16 Version 20.0a0

Released 2022-05-06

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0a0. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes:

- Refactor Initialization of Persistence Classes (#2604)
- Drop Non-CallbackContext API (#2617)
- Remove __dict__ from __slots__ and drop Python 3.6 (#2619, #2636)
- Move and Rename TelegramDecryptionError to telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError (#2621)
- Make BasePersistence Methods Abstract (#2624)
- Remove day_is_strict argument of JobQueue.run_monthly (#2634 by iota-008)
- Move Defaults to telegram.ext (#2648)
- Remove Deprecated Functionality (#2644, #2740, #2745)
- Overhaul of Filters (#2759, #2922)
- Switch to asyncio and Refactor PTBs Architecture (#2731)
- Improve Job.__getattr__ (#2832)
- Remove telegram.ReplyMarkup (#2870)
- Persistence of Bots: Refactor Automatic Replacement and Integration with TelegramObject (#2893)

New Features:

- Introduce Builder Pattern (#2646)
- Add Filters.update.edited (#2705 by PhilippFr)
- Introduce Enums for telegram.constants (#2708)
- Accept File Paths for private_key (#2724)
- Associate Jobs with chat/user_id (#2731)
- Convenience Functionality for ChatInviteLinks (#2782)
- Add Dispatcher.add_handlers (#2823)
- Improve Error Messages in CommandHandler.__init__ (#2837)

- Defaults.protect_content (#2840)
- Add Dispatcher.migrate_chat_data (#2848 by DonalDuck004)
- Add Method drop_chat/user_data to Dispatcher and Persistence (#2852)
- Add methods ChatPermissions.{all, no}_permissions (#2948)
- Full Support for API 6.0 (#2956)
- Add Python 3.10 to Test Suite (#2968)

Bug Fixes & Minor Changes:

- Improve Type Hinting for CallbackContext (#2587 by revolter)
- Fix Signatures and Improve test_official (#2643)
- Refine Dispatcher.dispatch_error (#2660)
- Make InlineQuery.answer Raise ValueError (#2675)
- Improve Signature Inspection for Bot Methods (#2686)
- Introduce TelegramObject.set/get_bot (#2712 by zpavloudis)
- Improve Subscription of TelegramObject (#2719 by SimonDamberg)
- Use Enums for Dynamic Types & Rename Two Attributes in ChatMember (#2817)
- Return Plain Dicts from BasePersistence.get_*_data (#2873)
- Fix a Bug in ChatMemberUpdated.difference (#2947)
- Update Dependency Policy (#2958)

Internal Restructurings & Improvements:

- Add User Friendly Type Check For Init Of {Inline, Reply}KeyboardMarkup (#2657)
- Warnings Overhaul (#2662)
- Clear Up Import Policy (#2671)
- Mark Internal Modules As Private (#2687 by kencx)
- Handle Filepaths via the pathlib Module (#2688 by eldbud)
- Refactor MRO of InputMedia* and Some File-Like Classes (#2717 by eldbud)
- Update Exceptions for Immutable Attributes (#2749)
- Refactor Warnings in ConversationHandler (#2755, #2784)
- Use __all__ Consistently (#2805)

CI, Code Quality & Test Suite Improvements:

- Add Custom pytest Marker to Ease Development (#2628)
- Pass Failing Jobs to Error Handlers (#2692)
- Update Notification Workflows (#2695)
- Use Error Messages for pylint Instead of Codes (#2700 by Piraty)
- Make Tests Agnostic of the CWD (#2727 by eldbud)
- Update Code Quality Dependencies (#2748)

- Improve Code Quality (#2783)
- Update pre-commit Settings & Improve a Test (#2796)
- Improve Code Quality & Test Suite (#2843)
- Fix failing animation tests (#2865)
- Update and Expand Tests & pre-commit Settings and Improve Code Quality (#2925)
- Extend Code Formatting With Black (#2972)
- Update Workflow Permissions (#2984)
- Adapt Tests to Changed Bot.get_file Behavior (#2995)

Documentation Improvements:

- Doc Fixes (#2597)
- Add Code Comment Guidelines to Contribution Guide (#2612)
- Add Cross-References to External Libraries & Other Documentation Improvements (#2693, #2691 by joesinghh, #2739 by eldbud)
- Use Furo Theme, Make Parameters Referenceable, Add Documentation Building to CI, Improve Links to Source Code & Other Improvements (#2856, #2798, #2854, #2841)
- Documentation Fixes & Improvements (#2822)
- Replace git.io Links (#2872 by murugu-21)
- Overhaul Readmes, Update RTD Startpage & Other Improvements (#2969)

10.6.17 Version 13.11

Released 2022-02-02

This is the technical changelog for version 13.11. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes:

• Full Support for Bot API 5.7 (#2881)

10.6.18 Version 13.10

Released 2022-01-03

This is the technical changelog for version 13.10. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes:

• Full Support for API 5.6 (#2835)

Minor Changes & Doc fixes:

- Update Copyright to 2022 (#2836)
- Update Documentation of BotCommand (#2820)

10.6.19 Version 13.9

Released 2021-12-11

This is the technical changelog for version 13.9. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes:

• Full Support for Api 5.5 (#2809)

Minor Changes

• Adjust Automated Locking of Inactive Issues (#2775)

10.6.20 Version 13.8.1

Released 2021-11-08

This is the technical changelog for version 13.8.1. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Doc fixes:

• Add ChatJoinRequest (Handler) to Docs (#2771)

10.6.21 Version 13.8

Released 2021-11-08

This is the technical changelog for version 13.8. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes:

• Full support for API 5.4 (#2767)

Minor changes, CI improvements, Doc fixes and Type hinting:

- Create Issue Template Forms (#2689)
- Fix camelCase Functions in ExtBot (#2659)
- Fix Empty Captions not Being Passed by Bot.copy_message (#2651)
- Fix Setting Thumbs When Uploading A Single File (#2583)
- Fix Bug in BasePersistence.insert/replace_bot for Objects with __dict__ not in __slots__ (#2603)

10.6.22 Version 13.7

Released 2021-07-01

This is the technical changelog for version 13.7. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel @pythontelegrambotchannel.

Major Changes:

• Full support for Bot API 5.3 (#2572)

Bug Fixes:

- Fix Bug in BasePersistence.insert/replace_bot for Objects with __dict__ in their slots (#2561)
- Remove Incorrect Warning About Defaults and ExtBot (#2553)

Minor changes, CI improvements, Doc fixes and Type hinting:

- Type Hinting Fixes (#2552)
- Doc Fixes (#2551)
- Improve Deprecation Warning for __slots__ (#2574)
- Stabilize CI (#2575)
- Fix Coverage Configuration (#2571)
- Better Exception-Handling for BasePersistence.replace/insert_bot (#2564)
- Remove Deprecated pass_args from Deeplinking Example (#2550)

10.6.23 Version 13.6

Released 2021-06-06

New Features:

- Arbitrary callback_data (#1844)
- Add ContextTypes & BasePersistence.refresh_user/chat/bot_data (#2262)
- Add Filters.attachment (#2528)
- Add pattern Argument to ChosenInlineResultHandler (#2517)

Major Changes:

• Add slots (#2345)

Minor changes, CI improvements, Doc fixes and Type hinting:

- Doc Fixes (#2495, #2510)
- Add max_connections Parameter to Updater.start_webhook (#2547)
- Fix for Promise.done_callback (#2544)
- Improve Code Quality (#2536, #2454)
- Increase Test Coverage of CallbackQueryHandler (#2520)
- Stabilize CI (#2522, #2537, #2541)
- Fix send_phone_number_to_provider argument for Bot.send_invoice (#2527)
- Handle Classes as Input for BasePersistence.replace/insert_bot (#2523)
- Bump Tornado Version and Remove Workaround from #2067 (#2494)

10.6.24 Version 13.5

Released 2021-04-30

Major Changes:

• Full support of Bot API 5.2 (#2489).

Note: The start_parameter argument of Bot.send_invoice and the corresponding shortcuts is now optional, so the order of parameters had to be changed. Make sure to update your method calls accordingly.

• Update ChatActions, Deprecating ChatAction.RECORD_AUDIO and ChatAction.UPLOAD_AUDIO (#2460)

New Features:

- Convenience Utilities & Example for Handling ChatMemberUpdated (#2490)
- Filters.forwarded_from (#2446)

Minor changes, CI improvements, Doc fixes and Type hinting:

- Improve Timeouts in ConversationHandler (#2417)
- Stabilize CI (#2480)
- Doc Fixes (#2437)
- Improve Type Hints of Data Filters (#2456)
- Add Two UserWarnings (#2464)
- Improve Code Quality (#2450)
- Update Fallback Test-Bots (#2451)
- Improve Examples (#2441, #2448)

10.6.25 Version 13.4.1

Released 2021-03-14

Hot fix release:

• Fixed a bug in setup.py (#2431)

10.6.26 Version 13.4

Released 2021-03-14

Major Changes:

• Full support of Bot API 5.1 (#2424)

Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes and type hinting:

- Improve Updater.set_webhook (#2419)
- Doc Fixes (#2404)
- Type Hinting Fixes (#2425)
- Update pre-commit Settings (#2415)
- Fix Logging for Vendored urllib3 (#2427)
- Stabilize Tests (#2409)

10.6.27 Version 13.3

Released 2021-02-19

Major Changes:

- Make cryptography Dependency Optional & Refactor Some Tests (#2386, #2370)
- Deprecate MessageQueue (#2393)

Bug Fixes:

- Refactor Defaults Integration (#2363)
- Add Missing telegram. SecureValue to init and Docs (#2398)

Minor changes:

• Doc Fixes (#2359)

10.6.28 Version 13.2

Released 2021-02-02

Major Changes:

- Introduce python-telegram-bot-raw (#2324)
- Explicit Signatures for Shortcuts (#2240)

New Features:

- Add Missing Shortcuts to Message (#2330)
- Rich Comparison for Bot (#2320)
- Add run_async Parameter to ConversationHandler (#2292)
- Add New Shortcuts to Chat (#2291)
- Add New Constant MAX_ANSWER_CALLBACK_QUERY_TEXT_LENGTH (#2282)
- Allow Passing Custom Filename For All Media (#2249)
- Handle Bytes as File Input (#2233)

Bug Fixes:

- Fix Escaping in Nested Entities in Message Properties (#2312)
- Adjust Calling of Dispatcher.update_persistence (#2285)
- Add quote kwarg to Message.reply_copy (#2232)
- ConversationHandler: Docs & edited_channel_post behavior (#2339)

Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes and type hinting:

- Doc Fixes (#2253, #2225)
- Reduce Usage of typing. Any (#2321)
- Extend Deeplinking Example (#2335)
- Add pyupgrade to pre-commit Hooks (#2301)
- Add PR Template (#2299)
- Drop Nightly Tests & Update Badges (#2323)
- Update Copyright (#2289, #2287)
- Change Order of Class DocStrings (#2256)
- Add macOS to Test Matrix (#2266)
- Start Using Versioning Directives in Docs (#2252)
- Improve Annotations & Docs of Handlers (#2243)

10.6.29 Version 13.1

Released 2020-11-29

Major Changes:

• Full support of Bot API 5.0 (#2181, #2186, #2190, #2189, #2183, #2184, #2188, #2185, #2192, #2196, #2193, #2223, #2199, #2187, #2147, #2205)

New Features:

- Add Defaults.run_async (#2210)
- Improve and Expand CallbackQuery Shortcuts (#2172)
- Add XOR Filters and make Filters.name a Property (#2179)
- Add Filters.document.file_extension(#2169)
- Add Filters.caption_regex (#2163)
- Add Filters.chat_type (#2128)
- Handle Non-Binary File Input (#2202)

Bug Fixes:

- Improve Handling of Custom Objects in BasePersistence.insert/replace_bot (#2151)
- Fix bugs in replace/insert_bot (#2218)

Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes and type hinting:

- Improve Type hinting (#2204, #2118, #2167, #2136)
- Doc Fixes & Extensions (#2201, #2161)
- Use F-Strings Where Possible (#2222)
- Rename kwargs to _kwargs where possible (#2182)
- Comply with PEP561 (#2168)
- Improve Code Quality (#2131)
- Switch Code Formatting to Black (#2122, #2159, #2158)
- Update Wheel Settings (#2142)
- Update timerbot.py to v13.0 (#2149)
- Overhaul Constants (#2137)
- Add Python 3.9 to Test Matrix (#2132)
- Switch Codecov to GitHub Action (#2127)
- Specify Required pytz Version (#2121)

10.6.30 Version 13.0

Released 2020-10-07

For a detailed guide on how to migrate from v12 to v13, see this wiki page.

Major Changes:

- Deprecate old-style callbacks, i.e. set use_context=True by default (#2050)
- Refactor Handling of Message VS Update Filters (#2032)
- Deprecate Message.default_quote (#1965)
- Refactor persistence of Bot instances (#1994)

- Refactor JobQueue (#1981)
- Refactor handling of kwargs in Bot methods (#1924)
- Refactor Dispatcher.run_async, deprecating the @run_async decorator (#2051)

New Features:

- Type Hinting (#1920)
- Automatic Pagination for answer_inline_query (#2072)
- Defaults.tzinfo(#2042)
- Extend rich comparison of objects (#1724)
- Add Filters.via_bot (#2009)
- Add missing shortcuts (#2043)
- Allow DispatcherHandlerStop in ConversationHandler (#2059)
- Make Errors picklable (#2106)

Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes or bug fixes:

- Fix Webhook not working on Windows with Python 3.8+ (#2067)
- Fix setting thumbs with send_media_group (#2093)
- Make MessageHandler filter for Filters.update first (#2085)
- Fix PicklePersistence.flush() with only bot_data (#2017)
- Add test for clean argument of Updater.start_polling/webhook (#2002)
- Doc fixes, refinements and additions (#2005, #2008, #2089, #2094, #2090)
- CI fixes (#2018, #2061)
- Refine pollbot.py example (#2047)
- Refine Filters in examples (#2027)
- Rename echobot examples (#2025)
- Use Lock-Bot to lock old threads (#2048, #2052, #2049, #2053)

10.6.31 Version 12.8

Released 2020-06-22

Major Changes:

- Remove Python 2 support (#1715)
- Bot API 4.9 support (#1980)
- IDs/Usernames of Filters.user and Filters.chat can now be updated (#1757)

Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes or bug fixes:

- Update contribution guide and stale bot (#1937)
- Remove NullHandlers (#1913)
- Improve and expand examples (#1943, #1995, #1983, #1997)
- Doc fixes (#1940, #1962)
- Add User.send_poll() shortcut (#1968)
- Ignore private attributes en TelegramObject.to_dict() (#1989)
- Stabilize CI (#2000)

10.6.32 Version 12.7

Released 2020-05-02

Major Changes:

- Bot API 4.8 support. **Note:** The Dice object now has a second positional argument emoji. This is relevant, if you instantiate Dice objects manually. (#1917)
- Added tzinfo argument to helpers.from_timestamp. It now returns an timezone aware object. This is relevant for Message.{date,forward_date,edit_date},Poll.close_date and ChatMember.until_date(#1621)

New Features:

- New method run_monthly for the JobQueue (#1705)
- Job.next_t now gives the datetime of the jobs next execution (#1685)

Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes or bug fixes:

- Stabalize CI (#1919, #1931)
- Use ABCs @abstractmethodinstead of raising NotImplementedError for Handler, BasePersistence and BaseFilter (#1905)
- Doc fixes (#1914, #1902, #1910)

10.6.33 Version 12.6.1

Released 2020-04-11

Bug fixes:

• Fix serialization of reply_markup in media messages (#1889)

10.6.34 Version 12.6

Released 2020-04-10

Major Changes:

• Bot API 4.7 support. **Note:** In Bot.create_new_sticker_set and Bot.add_sticker_to_set, the order of the parameters had be changed, as the png_sticker parameter is now optional. (#1858)

Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Add tests for swtich_inline_query(_current_chat) with empty string (#1635)
- Doc fixes (#1854, #1874, #1884)
- Update issue templates (#1880)
- Favor concrete types over "Iterable" (#1882)
- Pass last valid CallbackContext to TIMEOUT handlers of ConversationHandler (#1826)
- Tweak handling of persistence and update persistence after job calls (#1827)
- Use checkout@v2 for GitHub actions (#1887)

10.6.35 Version 12.5.1

Released 2020-03-30

Minor changes, doc fixes or bug fixes:

- Add missing docs for *PollHandler* and *PollAnswerHandler* (#1853)
- Fix wording in *Filters* docs (#1855)
- Reorder tests to make them more stable (#1835)
- Make ConversationHandler attributes immutable (#1756)
- Make PrefixHandler attributes command and prefix editable (#1636)
- Fix UTC as default tzinfo for Job (#1696)

10.6.36 Version 12.5

Released 2020-03-29

New Features:

• *Bot.link* gives the *t.me* link of the bot (#1770)

Major Changes:

• Bot API 4.5 and 4.6 support. (#1508, #1723)

Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Remove legacy CI files (#1783, #1791)
- Update pre-commit config file (#1787)
- Remove builtin names (#1792)
- CI improvements (#1808, #1848)
- Support Python 3.8 (#1614, #1824)
- Use stale bot for auto closing stale issues (#1820, #1829, #1840)
- Doc fixes (#1778, #1818)
- Fix typo in *edit_message_media* (#1779)
- In examples, answer CallbackQueries and use <code>edit_message_text</code> shortcut (#1721)
- Revert accidental change in vendored urllib3 (#1775)

10.6.37 Version 12.4.2

Released 2020-02-10

Bug Fixes

- Pass correct parse_mode to InlineResults if bot.defaults is None (#1763)
- Make sure PP can read files that dont have bot_data (#1760)

10.6.38 Version 12.4.1

Released 2020-02-08

This is a quick release for #1744 which was accidently left out of v12.4.0 though mentioned in the release notes.

10.6.39 Version 12.4.0

Released 2020-02-08

New features:

- Set default values for arguments appearing repeatedly. We also have a wiki page for the new defaults. (#1490)
- Store data in CallbackContext.bot_data to access it in every callback. Also persists. (#1325)
- Filters.poll allows only messages containing a poll (#1673)

Major changes:

- Filters.text now accepts messages that start with a slash, because CommandHandler checks for MessageEntity.BOT_COMMAND since v12. This might lead to your MessageHandlers receiving more updates than before (#1680).
- Filters.command new checks for MessageEntity.BOT_COMMAND instead of just a leading slash. Also by Filters.command(False) you can now filters for messages containing a command *anywhere* in the text (#1744).

Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Add disptacher argument to Updater to allow passing a customized Dispatcher (#1484)
- Add missing names for Filters (#1632)
- Documentation fixes (#1624, #1647, #1669, #1703, #1718, #1734, #1740, #1642, #1739, #1746)
- CI improvements (#1716, #1731, #1738, #1748, #1749, #1750, #1752)
- Fix spelling issue for encode_conversations_to_json (#1661)
- Remove double assignement of Dispatcher.job_queue (#1698)
- Expose dispatcher as property for CallbackContext (#1684)
- Fix None check in JobQueue._put() (#1707)
- Log datetimes correctly in JobQueue (#1714)
- Fix false Message.link creation for private groups (#1741)
- Add option --with-upstream-urllib3 to setup.py to allow using non-vendored version (#1725)
- Fix persistence for nested ConversationHandlers (#1679)
- Improve handling of non-decodable server responses (#1623)
- Fix download for files without file_path (#1591)
- test_webhook_invalid_posts is now considered flaky and retried on failure (#1758)

10.6.40 Version 12.3.0

Released 2020-01-11

New features:

- Filters.caption allows only messages with caption (#1631).
- Filter for exact messages/captions with new capability of *Filters.text* and *Filters.caption*. Especially useful in combination with ReplyKeyboardMarkup. (#1631).

Major changes:

• Fix inconsistent handling of naive datetimes (#1506).

Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Documentation fixes (#1558, #1569, #1579, #1572, #1566, #1577, #1656).
- Add mutex protection on *ConversationHandler* (#1533).
- Add MAX_PHOTOSIZE_UPLOAD constant (#1560).
- Add args and kwargs to Message.forward() (#1574).
- Transfer to GitHub Actions CI (#1555, #1556, #1605, #1606, #1607, #1612, #1615, #1645).
- Fix deprecation warning with Py3.8 by vendored urllib3 (#1618).
- Simplify assignements for optional arguments (#1600)
- Allow private groups for Message.link (#1619).
- Fix wrong signature call for *ConversationHandler.TIMEOUT* handlers (#1653).

10.6.41 Version 12.2.0

Released 2019-10-14

New features:

• Nested ConversationHandlers (#1512).

Minor changes, CI improvments or bug fixes:

- Fix CI failures due to non-backward compat attrs depndency (#1540).
- travis.yaml: TEST_OFFICIAL removed from allowed_failures.
- Fix typos in examples (#1537).
- Fix Bot.to_dict to use proper first_name (#1525).
- Refactor test_commandhandler.py (#1408).
- Add Python 3.8 (RC version) to Travis testing matrix (#1543).
- test_bot.py: Add to_dict test (#1544).
- Flake config moved into setup.cfg (#1546).

10.6.42 Version 12.1.1

Released 2019-09-18

Hot fix release

Fixed regression in the vendored urllib3 (#1517).

10.6.43 Version 12.1.0

Released 2019-09-13

Major changes:

- Bot API 4.4 support (#1464, #1510)
- Add *get_file* method to *Animation & ChatPhoto*. Add, *get_small_file & get_big_file* methods to *ChatPhoto* (#1489)
- Tools for deep linking (#1049)

Minor changes and/or bug fixes:

- Documentation fixes (#1500, #1499)
- Improved examples (#1502)

10.6.44 Version 12.0.0

Released 2019-08-29

Well... This felt like decades. But here we are with a new release.

Expect minor releases soon (mainly complete Bot API 4.4 support)

Major and/or breaking changes:

- · Context based callbacks
- Persistence
- PrefixHandler added (Handler overhaul)
- Deprecation of RegexHandler and edited_messages, channel_post, etc. arguments (Filter overhaul)
- Various ConversationHandler changes and fixes
- Bot API 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 support
- Python 3.4 is no longer supported
- Error Handler now handles all types of exceptions (#1485)
- Return UTC from from_timestamp() (#1485)

See the wiki page at https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/wiki/Transition-guide-to-Version-12.0 for a detailed guide on how to migrate from version 11 to version 12.

Context based callbacks (#1100)

- Use of pass_ in handlers is deprecated.
- Instead use use_context=True on Updater or Dispatcher and change callback from (bot, update, others...) to (update, context).
- This also applies to error handlers Dispatcher.add_error_handler and JobQueue jobs (change (bot, job) to (context) here).
- For users with custom handlers subclassing Handler, this is mostly backwards compatible, but to use the new context based callbacks you need to implement the new collect_additional_context method.
- Passing bot to JobQueue.__init__ is deprecated. Use JobQueue.set_dispatcher with a dispatcher instead.
- Dispatcher makes sure to use a single *CallbackContext* for a entire update. This means that if an update is handled by multiple handlers (by using the group argument), you can add custom arguments to the *Callback-Context* in a lower group handler and use it in higher group handler. NOTE: Never use with @run_async, see docs for more info. (#1283)
- If you have custom handlers they will need to be updated to support the changes in this release.
- Update all examples to use context based callbacks.

Persistence (#1017)

- Added PicklePersistence and DictPersistence for adding persistence to your bots.
- BasePersistence can be subclassed for all your persistence needs.
- Add a new example that shows a persistent ConversationHandler bot

Handler overhaul (#1114)

- CommandHandler now only triggers on actual commands as defined by telegram servers (everything that the clients mark as a tabable link).
- PrefixHandler can be used if you need to trigger on prefixes (like all messages starting with a "/" (old CommandHandler behaviour) or even custom prefixes like "#" or "!").

Filter overhaul (#1221)

- RegexHandler is deprecated and should be replaced with a MessageHandler with a regex filter.
- Use update filters to filter update types instead of arguments (message_updates, channel_post_updates and edited_updates) on the handlers.
- Completely remove allow_edited argument it has been deprecated for a while.
- data_filters now exist which allows filters that return data into the callback function. This is how the regex filter is implemented.
- All this means that it no longer possible to use a list of filters in a handler. Use bitwise operators instead!

ConversationHandler

- Remove run_async_timeout and timed_out_behavior arguments (#1344)
- Replace with WAITING constant and behavior from states (#1344)
- Only emit one warning for multiple CallbackQueryHandlers in a ConversationHandler (#1319)
- Use warnings.warn for ConversationHandler warnings (#1343)
- Fix unresolvable promises (#1270)

Bug fixes & improvements

- Handlers should be faster due to deduped logic.
- Avoid compiling compiled regex in regex filter. (#1314)
- Add missing left_chat_member to Message.MESSAGE_TYPES (#1336)
- Make custom timeouts actually work properly (#1330)
- Add convenience classmethods (from_button, from_row and from_column) to InlineKeyboardMarkup
- Small typo fix in setup.py (#1306)
- Add Conflict error (HTTP error code 409) (#1154)
- Change MAX_CAPTION_LENGTH to 1024 (#1262)
- Remove some unnecessary clauses (#1247, #1239)
- Allow filenames without dots in them when sending files (#1228)
- Fix uploading files with unicode filenames (#1214)
- Replace http.server with Tornado (#1191)
- Allow SOCKSConnection to parse username and password from URL (#1211)
- Fix for arguments in passport/data.py (#1213)
- Improve message entity parsing by adding text_mention (#1206)
- Documentation fixes (#1348, #1397, #1436)
- Merged filters short-circuit (#1350)
- Fix webhook listen with tornado (#1383)
- Call task_done() on update queue after update processing finished (#1428)
- Fix send_location() latitude may be 0 (#1437)
- Make MessageEntity objects comparable (#1465)
- Add prefix to thread names (#1358)

Buf fixes since v12.0.0b1

- Fix setting bot on ShippingQuery (#1355)
- Fix _trigger_timeout() missing 1 required positional argument: 'job' (#1367)
- Add missing message.text check in PrefixHandler check_update (#1375)
- Make updates persist even on DispatcherHandlerStop (#1463)
- Dispatcher force updating persistence object's chat data attribute(#1462)

Internal improvements

- Finally fix our CI builds mostly (too many commits and PRs to list)
- Use multiple bots for CI to improve testing times significantly.
- Allow pypy to fail in CI.
- Remove the last CamelCase CheckUpdate methods from the handlers we missed earlier.
- test_official is now executed in a different job

10.6.45 Version 11.1.0

Released 2018-09-01

Fixes and updates for Telegram Passport: (#1198)

- Fix passport decryption failing at random times
- Added support for middle names.
- Added support for translations for documents
- Add errors for translations for documents
- Added support for requesting names in the language of the user's country of residence
- Replaced the payload parameter with the new parameter nonce
- Add hash to EncryptedPassportElement

10.6.46 Version 11.0.0

Released 2018-08-29

Fully support Bot API version 4.0! (also some bugfixes :))

Telegram Passport (#1174):

•Add full support for telegram passport.

- New types: PassportData, PassportFile, EncryptedPassportElement, EncryptedCredentials, PassportElementError, PassportElementErrorDataField, PassportElementErrorFrontSide, PassportElementErrorReverseSide, PassportElementErrorSelfie, PassportElementErrorFile and PassportElementErrorFiles.
- New bot method: set_passport_data_errors
- New filter: Filters.passport_data
- Field passport_data field on Message
- PassportData can be easily decrypted.
- PassportFiles are automatically decrypted if originating from decrypted PassportData.
- See new passportbot.py example for details on how to use, or go to our telegram passport wiki page for more info
- NOTE: Passport decryption requires new dependency cryptography.

Inputfile rework (#1184):

- Change how Inputfile is handled internally
- This allows support for specifying the thumbnails of photos and videos using the thumb= argument in the different send_ methods.
- Also allows Bot.send media group to actually finally send more than one media.

- · Add thumb to Audio, Video and Videonote
- Add Bot.edit_message_media together with InputMediaAnimation, InputMediaAudio, and inputMediaDocument.

Other Bot API 4.0 changes:

- Add forusquare_type to Venue, InlineQueryResultVenue, InputVenueMessageContent, and Bot.send_venue. (#1170)
- Add vCard support by adding vcard field to Contact, InlineQueryResultContact, InputContactMessageContent, and Bot.send_contact. (#1166)

•Support new message entities: CASHTAG and PHONE_NUMBER. (#1179)

- Cashtag seems to be things like \$USD and \$GBP, but it seems telegram doesn't currently send them to bots.
- Phone number also seems to have limited support for now
- Add Bot.send_animation, add width, height, and duration to Animation, and add Filters.animation. (#1172)

Non Bot API 4.0 changes:

- Minor integer comparison fix (#1147)
- Fix Filters.regex failing on non-text message (#1158)
- Fix ProcessLookupError if process finishes before we kill it (#1126)
- Add t.me links for User, Chat and Message if available and update User.mention_* (#1092)
- Fix mention_markdown/html on py2 (#1112)

10.6.47 Version 10.1.0

Released 2018-05-02

Fixes changing previous behaviour:

- Add urllib3 fix for socks5h support (#1085)
- Fix send_sticker() timeout=20 (#1088)

Fixes:

- Add a caption_entity filter for filtering caption entities (#1068)
- Inputfile encode filenames (#1086)
- InputFile: Fix proper naming of file when reading from subprocess.PIPE (#1079)
- Remove pytest-catchlog from requirements (#1099)
- Documentation fixes (#1061, #1078, #1081, #1096)

10.6.48 Version 10.0.2

Released 2018-04-17

Important fix:

• Handle utf8 decoding errors (#1076)

New features:

- Added Filter.regex (#1028)
- Filters for Category and file types (#1046)
- Added video note filter (#1067)

Fixes:

- Fix in telegram.Message (#1042)
- Make chat_id a positional argument inside shortcut methods of Chat and User classes (#1050)
- Make Bot.full_name return a unicode object. (#1063)
- CommandHandler faster check (#1074)
- Correct documentation of Dispatcher.add_handler (#1071)
- Various small fixes to documentation.

10.6.49 Version 10.0.1

Released 2018-03-05

Fixes:

- Fix conversationhandler timeout (PR #1032)
- Add missing docs utils (PR #912)

10.6.50 Version 10.0.0

Released 2018-03-02

Non backward compatabile changes and changed defaults

- JobQueue: Remove deprecated prevent_autostart & put() (PR #1012)
- Bot, Updater: Remove deprecated network_delay (PR #1012)
- Remove deprecated Message.new_chat_member (PR #1012)
- Retry bootstrap phase indefinitely (by default) on network errors (PR #1018)

New Features

- Support v3.6 API (PR #1006)
- User.full_name convinience property (PR #949)
- Add send_phone_number_to_provider and send_email_to_provider arguments to send_invoice (PR #986)
- Bot: Add shortcut methods reply_{markdown,html} (PR #827)
- Bot: Add shortcut method reply_media_group (PR #994)
- Added utils.helpers.effective_message_type (PR #826)
- Bot.get file now allows passing a file in addition to file id (PR #963)
- Add .get_file() to Audio, Document, PhotoSize, Sticker, Video, VideoNote and Voice (PR #963)
- Add .send *() methods to User and Chat (PR #963)
- Get jobs by name (PR #1011)
- Add Message caption html/markdown methods (PR #1013)
- File.download_as_bytearray new method to get a d/led file as bytearray (PR #1019)
- File.download(): Now returns a meaningful return value (PR #1019)
- Added conversation timeout in ConversationHandler (PR #895)

Changes

• Store bot in PreCheckoutQuery (PR #953)

- Updater: Issue INFO log upon received signal (PR #951)
- JobQueue: Thread safety fixes (PR #977)
- WebhookHandler: Fix exception thrown during error handling (PR #985)
- Explicitly check update.effective_chat in ConversationHandler.check_update (PR #959)
- Updater: Better handling of timeouts during get_updates (PR #1007)
- Remove unnecessary to_dict() (PR #834)
- CommandHandler ignore strings in entities and "/" followed by whitespace (PR #1020)
- Documentation & style fixes (PR #942, PR #956, PR #962, PR #980, PR #983)

10.6.51 Version 9.0.0

Released 2017-12-08

Breaking changes (possibly)

• Drop support for python 3.3 (PR #930)

New Features

• Support Bot API 3.5 (PR #920)

Changes

- Fix race condition in dispatcher start/stop (#887)
- Log error trace if there is no error handler registered (#694)
- Update examples with consistent string formatting (#870)
- Various changes and improvements to the docs.

10.6.52 Version 8.1.1

Released 2017-10-15

• Fix Commandhandler crashing on single character messages (PR #873).

10.6.53 Version 8.1.0

Released 2017-10-14

New features - Support Bot API 3.4 (PR #865).

Changes - MessageHandler & RegexHandler now consider channel_updates. - Fix command not recognized if it is directly followed by a newline (PR #869). - Removed Bot._message_wrapper (PR #822). - Unitests are now also running on AppVeyor (Windows VM). - Various unitest improvements. - Documentation fixes.

10.6.54 Version 8.0.0

Released 2017-09-01

New features

- Fully support Bot Api 3.3 (PR #806).
- DispatcherHandlerStop (see docs).
- Regression fix for text_html & text_markdown (PR #777).
- Added effective_attachment to message (PR #766).

Non backward compatible changes

- Removed Botan support from the library (PR #776).
- Fully support Bot Api 3.3 (PR #806).
- Remove de_json() (PR #789).

Changes

- Sane defaults for tcp socket options on linux (PR #754).
- Add RESTRICTED as constant to ChatMember (PR #761).
- Add rich comparison to CallbackQuery (PR #764).
- Fix get_game_high_scores (PR #771).
- Warn on small con_pool_size during custom initalization of Updater (PR #793).
- Catch exceptions in error handlerfor errors that happen during polling (PR #810).
- For testing we switched to pytest (PR #788).
- Lots of small improvements to our tests and documentation.

10.6.55 Version 7.0.1

Released 2017-07-28

- Fix TypeError exception in RegexHandler (PR #751).
- Small documentation fix (PR #749).

10.6.56 Version 7.0.0

Released 2017-07-25

- Fully support Bot API 3.2.
- New filters for handling messages from specific chat/user id (PR #677).
- Add the possibility to add objects as arguments to send_* methods (PR #742).
- Fixed download of URLs with UTF-8 chars in path (PR #688).
- Fixed URL parsing for Message text properties (PR #689).
- Fixed args dispatching in MessageQueue's decorator (PR #705).
- Fixed regression preventing IPv6 only hosts from connnecting to Telegram servers (Issue #720).
- ConvesationHandler check if a user exist before using it (PR #699).
- Removed deprecated telegram. Emoji.
- Removed deprecated Botan import from utils (Botan is still available through contrib).

- Removed deprecated ReplyKeyboardHide.
- Removed deprecated edit_message argument of bot.set_game_score.
- Internal restructure of files.
- Improved documentation.
- · Improved unitests.

10.6.57 Pre-version 7.0

2017-06-18

Released 6.1.0

- Fully support Bot API 3.0
- Add more fine-grained filters for status updates
- Bug fixes and other improvements

2017-05-29

Released 6.0.3

• Faulty PyPI release

2017-05-29

Released 6.0.2

• Avoid confusion with user's urllib3 by renaming vendored urllib3 to ptb_urllib3

2017-05-19

Released 6.0.1

- Add support for User.language_code
- Fix Message.text_html and Message.text_markdown for messages with emoji

2017-05-19

Released 6.0.0

- Add support for Bot API 2.3.1
- Add support for deleteMessage API method
- New, simpler API for JobQueue #484
- Download files into file-like objects #459
- Use vendor urllib3 to address issues with timeouts The default timeout for messages is now 5 seconds. For sending media, the default timeout is now 20 seconds.
- String attributes that are not set are now None by default, instead of empty strings
- Add text_markdown and text_html properties to Message #507
- Add support for Socks5 proxy #518
- Add support for filters in CommandHandler #536
- Add the ability to invert (not) filters #552
- Add Filters.group and Filters.private
- Compatibility with GAE via urllib3.contrib package #583
- Add equality rich comparision operators to telegram objects #604
- · Several bugfixes and other improvements

• Remove some deprecated code

2017-04-17

Released 5.3.1

• Hotfix release due to bug introduced by urllib3 version 1.21

2016-12-11

Released 5.3

- Implement API changes of November 21st (Bot API 2.3)
- JobQueue now supports datetime.timedelta in addition to seconds
- · JobQueue now supports running jobs only on certain days
- New Filters.reply filter
- Bugfix for Message.edit_reply_markup
- · Other bugfixes

2016-10-25

Released 5.2

- Implement API changes of October 3rd (games update)
- Add Message.edit_* methods
- Filters for the MessageHandler can now be combined using bitwise operators (& and |)
- Add a way to save user- and chat-related data temporarily
- Other bugfixes and improvements

2016-09-24

Released 5.1

- Drop Python 2.6 support
- Deprecate telegram. Emoji
- Use ujson if available
- Add instance methods to Message, Chat, User, InlineQuery and CallbackQuery
- $\bullet \ \ RegEx \ filtering \ for \ Callback Query Handler \ and \ In line Query Handler \\$
- New MessageHandler filters: forwarded and entity
- Add Message.get_entity to correctly handle UTF-16 codepoints and MessageEntity offsets
- Fix bug in ConversationHandler when first handler ends the conversation
- Allow multiple Dispatcher instances
- Add ChatMigrated Exception
- Properly split and handle arguments in CommandHandler

2016-07-15

Released 5.0

- Rework JobOueue
- Introduce ConversationHandler
- Introduce telegram.constants #342

2016-07-12

Released 4.3.4

• Fix proxy support with urllib3 when proxy requires auth

2016-07-08

Released 4.3.3

• Fix proxy support with urllib3

2016-07-04

Released 4.3.2

• Fix: Use timeout parameter in all API methods

2016-06-29

Released 4.3.1

• Update wrong requirement: urllib3>=1.10

2016-06-28

Released 4.3

- Use urllib3.PoolManager for connection re-use
- Rewrite run_async decorator to re-use threads
- New requirements: urllib3 and certifi

2016-06-10

Released 4.2.1

- Fix CallbackQuery.to_dict() bug (thanks to @jlmadurga)
- Fix editMessageText exception when receiving a CallbackQuery

2016-05-28

Released 4.2

- Implement Bot API 2.1
- Move botan module to telegram.contrib
- New exception type: BadRequest

2016-05-22

Released 4.1.2

• Fix MessageEntity decoding with Bot API 2.1 changes

2016-05-16

Released 4.1.1

• Fix deprecation warning in Dispatcher

2016-05-15

Released 4.1

- Implement API changes from May 6, 2016
- Fix bug when start_polling with clean=True
- Methods now have snake_case equivalent, for example telegram.Bot.send_message is the same as telegram.Bot.sendMessage

2016-05-01

Released 4.0.3

• Add missing attribute location to InlineQuery

2016-04-29

Released 4.0.2

- Bugfixes
- KeyboardReplyMarkup now accepts str again

2016-04-27

Released 4.0.1

- Implement Bot API 2.0
- Almost complete recode of Dispatcher
- Please read the Transition Guide to 4.0

•Changes from 4.0rc1

- The syntax of filters for MessageHandler (upper/lower cases)
- Handler groups are now identified by int only, and ordered
- Note: v4.0 has been skipped due to a PyPI accident

2016-04-22

Released 4.0rc1

- Implement Bot API 2.0
- Almost complete recode of Dispatcher
- Please read the Transistion Guide to 4.0

2016-03-22

Released 3.4

- Move Updater, Dispatcher and JobQueue to new telegram.ext submodule (thanks to @rahiel)
- Add disable_notification parameter (thanks to @aidarbiktimirov)
- Fix bug where commands sent by Telegram Web would not be recognized (thanks to @shelomentsevd)
- Add option to skip old updates on bot startup
- Send files from BufferedReader

2016-02-28

Released 3.3

- Inline bots
- Send any file by URL
- Specialized exceptions: Unauthorized, InvalidToken, NetworkError and TimedOut
- Integration for botan.io (thanks to @ollmer)
- HTML Parsemode (thanks to @jlmadurga)
- Bugfixes and under-the-hood improvements

Very special thanks to Noam Meltzer (@tsnoam) for all of his work!

2016-01-09

Released 3.3b1

• Implement inline bots (beta)

2016-01-05

Released 3.2.0

- Introducing JobQueue (original author: @franciscod)
- Streamlining all exceptions to TelegramError (Special thanks to @tsnoam)
- Proper locking of Updater and Dispatcher start and stop methods
- · Small bugfixes

2015-12-29

Released 3.1.2

- Fix custom path for file downloads
- Don't stop the dispatcher thread on uncaught errors in handlers

2015-12-21

Released 3.1.1

- Fix a bug where asynchronous handlers could not have additional arguments
- Add groups and groupdict as additional arguments for regex-based handlers

2015-12-16

Released 3.1.0

- The chat-field in Message is now of type Chat. (API update Oct 8 2015)
- Message now contains the optional fields supergroup_chat_created, migrate_to_chat_id, migrate_from_chat_id and channel_chat_created. (API update Nov 2015)

2015-12-08

Released 3.0.0

• Introducing the Updater and Dispatcher classes

2015-11-11

Released 2.9.2

· Error handling on request timeouts has been improved

2015-11-10

Released 2.9.1

 $\bullet \ \ Add\ parameter\ \textbf{network_delay}\ to\ Bot.get Up dates\ for\ slow\ connections$

2015-11-10

Released 2.9

- Emoji class now uses bytes_to_native_str from future 3rd party lib
- Make user_from optional to work with channels
- Raise exception if Telegram times out on long-polling

Special thanks to @jh0ker for all hard work

2015-10-08

Released 2.8.7

• Type as optional for GroupChat class

2015-10-08

Released 2.8.6

• Adds type to User and GroupChat classes (pre-release Telegram feature)

2015-09-24

Released 2.8.5

- Handles HTTP Bad Gateway (503) errors on request
- Fixes regression on Audio and Document for unicode fields

2015-09-20

Released 2.8.4

• getFile and File.download is now fully supported

2015-09-10

Released 2.8.3

- Moved Bot._requestURL to its own class (telegram.utils.request)
- Much better, such wow, Telegram Objects tests
- Add consistency for str properties on Telegram Objects
- Better design to test if chat_id is invalid
- Add ability to set custom filename on Bot.sendDocument(..,filename='')
- Fix Sticker as InputFile
- Send JSON requests over urlencoded post data
- Markdown support for Bot.sendMessage(..., parse_mode=ParseMode.MARKDOWN)
- Refactor of TelegramError class (no more handling IOError or URLError)

2015-09-05

Released 2.8.2

- Fix regression on Telegram ReplyMarkup
- Add certificate to is_inputfile method

2015-09-05

Released 2.8.1

• Fix regression on Telegram objects with thumb properties

2015-09-04

Released 2.8

- TelegramError when chat_id is empty for send* methods
- setWebhook now supports sending self-signed certificate
- Huge redesign of existing Telegram classes
- Added support for PyPy
- · Added docstring for existing classes

2015-08-19

Released 2.7.1

• Fixed JSON serialization for message

2015-08-17

Released 2.7

- Added support for Voice object and sendVoice method
- Due backward compatibility performer or/and title will be required for sendAudio

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• Fixed JSON serialization when forwarded message

2015-08-15

Released 2.6.1

• Fixed parsing image header issue on < Python 2.7.3

2015-08-14

Released 2.6.0

- Depreciation of require_authentication and clearCredentials methods
- Giving AUTHORS the proper credits for their contribution for this project
- Message.date and Message.forward_date are now datetime objects

2015-08-12

Released 2.5.3

• telegram. Bot now supports to be unpickled

2015-08-11

Released 2.5.2

- New changes from Telegram Bot API have been applied
- telegram. Bot now supports to be pickled
- Return empty str instead None when message.text is empty

2015-08-10

Released 2.5.1

• Moved from GPLv2 to LGPLv3

2015-08-09

Released 2.5

• Fixes logging calls in API

2015-08-08

Released 2.4

- Fixes Emoji class for Python 3
- PEP8 improvements

2015-08-08

Released 2.3

- Fixes ForceReply class
- Remove logging.basicConfig from library

2015-07-25

Released 2.2

• Allows debug=True when initializing telegram.Bot

2015-07-20

Released 2.1

• Fix to_dict for Document and Video

2015-07-19

Released 2.0

- · Fixes bugs
- Improves __str__ over to_json()
- Creates abstract class TelegramObject

2015-07-15

Released 1.9

- Python 3 officially supported
- PEP8 improvements

2015-07-12

Released 1.8

• Fixes crash when replying an unicode text message (special thanks to JRoot3D)

2015-07-11

Released 1.7

• Fixes crash when username is not defined on chat (special thanks to JRoot3D)

2015-07-10

Released 1.6

• Improvements for GAE support

2015-07-10

Released 1.5

• Fixes randomly unicode issues when using InputFile

2015-07-10

Released 1.4

- requests lib is no longer required
- Google App Engine (GAE) is supported

2015-07-10

Released 1.3

• Added support to setWebhook (special thanks to macrojames)

2015-07-09

Released 1.2

- CustomKeyboard classes now available
- Emojis available
- PEP8 improvements

2015-07-08

Released 1.1

• PyPi package now available

2015-07-08

Released 1.0

• Initial checkin of python-telegram-bot

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10.7 Contributor Covenant Code of Conduct

10.7.1 Our Pledge

In the interest of fostering an open and welcoming environment, we as contributors and maintainers pledge to making participation in our project and our community a harassment-free experience for everyone, regardless of age, body size, disability, ethnicity, gender identity and expression, level of experience, nationality, personal appearance, race, religion, or sexual identity and orientation.

10.7.2 Our Standards

Examples of behavior that contributes to creating a positive environment include:

- Using welcoming and inclusive language
- Being respectful of differing viewpoints and experiences
- Gracefully accepting constructive criticism
- Focusing on what is best for the community
- · Showing empathy towards other community members

Examples of unacceptable behavior by participants include:

- The use of sexualized language or imagery and unwelcome sexual attention or advances
- Publication of any content supporting, justifying or otherwise affiliating with terror and/or hate towards others
- Trolling, insulting/derogatory comments, and personal or political attacks
- · Public or private harassment
- Publishing others' private information, such as a physical or electronic address, without explicit permission
- Other conduct which could reasonably be considered inappropriate in a professional setting

10.7.3 Our Responsibilities

Project maintainers are responsible for clarifying the standards of acceptable behavior and are expected to take appropriate and fair corrective action in response to any instances of unacceptable behavior.

Project maintainers have the right and responsibility to remove, edit, or reject comments, commits, code, wiki edits, issues, and other contributions that are not aligned to this Code of Conduct, or to ban temporarily or permanently any contributor for other behaviors that they deem inappropriate, threatening, offensive, or harmful.

10.7.4 Scope

This Code of Conduct applies both within project spaces and in public spaces when an individual is representing the project or its community. Examples of representing a project or community include using an official project e-mail address, posting via an official social media account, or acting as an appointed representative at an online or offline event. Representation of a project may be further defined and clarified by project maintainers.

10.7.5 Enforcement

Instances of abusive, harassing, or otherwise unacceptable behavior may be reported by contacting the project team at devs@python-telegram-bot.org. The project team will review and investigate all complaints, and will respond in a way that it deems appropriate to the circumstances. The project team is obligated to maintain confidentiality with regard to the reporter of an incident. Further details of specific enforcement policies may be posted separately.

Project maintainers who do not follow or enforce the Code of Conduct in good faith may face temporary or permanent repercussions as determined by other members of the project's leadership.

10.7.6 Attribution

This Code of Conduct is adapted from the Contributor Covenant, version 1.4, available at https://www.contributor-covenant.org/version/1/4.

10.8 How To Contribute

Every open source project lives from the generous help by contributors that sacrifice their time and python-telegram-bot is no different. To make participation as pleasant as possible, this project adheres to the Code of Conduct by the Python Software Foundation.

10.8.1 Setting things up

- 1. Fork the python-telegram-bot repository to your GitHub account.
- 2. Clone your forked repository of python-telegram-bot to your computer:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/<your username>/python-telegram-bot
$ cd python-telegram-bot
```

3. Add a track to the original repository:

```
\ git remote add upstream https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot
```

4. Install dependencies:

```
$ pip install -r requirements-all.txt
```

5. Install pre-commit hooks:

```
$ pre-commit install
```

10.8.2 Finding something to do

If you already know what you'd like to work on, you can skip this section.

If you have an idea for something to do, first check if it's already been filed on the issue tracker. If so, add a comment to the issue saying you'd like to work on it, and we'll help you get started! Otherwise, please file a new issue and assign yourself to it.

Another great way to start contributing is by writing tests. Tests are really important because they help prevent developers from accidentally breaking existing code, allowing them to build cool things faster. If you're interested in helping out, let the development team know by posting to the Telegram group, and we'll help you get started.

That being said, we want to mention that we are very hesitant about adding new requirements to our projects. If you intend to do this, please state this in an issue and get a verification from one of the maintainers.

10.8.3 Instructions for making a code change

The central development branch is master, which should be clean and ready for release at any time. In general, all changes should be done as feature branches based off of master.

If you want to do solely documentation changes, base them and PR to the branch doc-fixes. This branch also has its own RTD build.

Here's how to make a one-off code change.

- 1. **Choose a descriptive branch name.** It should be lowercase, hyphen-separated, and a noun describing the change (so, fuzzy-rules, but not implement-fuzzy-rules). Also, it shouldn't start with hotfix or release.
- 2. Create a new branch with this name, starting from master. In other words, run:

```
$ git fetch upstream
$ git checkout master
$ git merge upstream/master
$ git checkout -b your-branch-name
```

- 3. **Make a commit to your feature branch**. Each commit should be self-contained and have a descriptive commit message that helps other developers understand why the changes were made. We also have a checklist for PRs *below*.
 - You can refer to relevant issues in the commit message by writing, e.g., "#105".
 - Your code should adhere to the PEP 8 Style Guide, with the exception that we have a maximum line length of 99.
 - Provide static typing with signature annotations. The documentation of MyPy will be a good start, the cheat sheet is here. We also have some custom type aliases in telegram._utils.types.
 - Document your code. This step is pretty important to us, so it has its own section.
 - For consistency, please conform to Google Python Style Guide and Google Python Style Docstrings.
 - The following exceptions to the above (Google's) style guides applies:
 - Documenting types of global variables and complex types of class members can be done using the Sphinx docstring convention.
 - In addition, PTB uses some formatting/styling and linting tools in the pre-commit setup. Some of those tools also have command line tools that can help to run these tools outside of the pre-commit step. If you'd like to leverage that, please have a look at the pre-commit config file for an overview of which tools (and which versions of them) are used. For example, we use Black for code formatting. Plugins for Black exist for some popular editors. You can use those instead of manually formatting everything.
 - Please ensure that the code you write is well-tested and that all automated tests still pass. We have dedicated an testing page to help you with that.
 - Don't break backward compatibility.
 - Add yourself to the AUTHORS.rst file in an alphabetical fashion.
 - If you want run style & type checks before committing run

```
$ pre-commit run -a
```

• To actually make the commit (this will trigger tests style & type checks automatically):

```
$ git add your-file-changed.py
```

• Finally, push it to your GitHub fork, run:

```
$ git push origin your-branch-name
```

4. When your feature is ready to merge, create a pull request.

- Go to your fork on GitHub, select your branch from the dropdown menu, and click "New pull request".
- Add a descriptive comment explaining the purpose of the branch (e.g. "Add the new API feature to create inline bot queries."). This will tell the reviewer what the purpose of the branch is.
- Click "Create pull request". An admin will assign a reviewer to your commit.

5. Address review comments until all reviewers give LGTM ('looks good to me').

- When your reviewer has reviewed the code, you'll get a notification. You'll need to respond in two ways:
 - Make a new commit addressing the comments you agree with, and push it to the same branch. Ideally, the commit message would explain what the commit does (e.g. "Fix lint error"), but if there are lots of disparate review comments, it's fine to refer to the original commit message and add something like "(address review comments)".
 - In order to keep the commit history intact, please avoid squashing or amending history and then force-pushing to the PR. Reviewers often want to look at individual commits.
 - In addition, please reply to each comment. Each reply should be either "Done" or a response explaining why the corresponding suggestion wasn't implemented. All comments must be resolved before LGTM can be given.
- Resolve any merge conflicts that arise. To resolve conflicts between 'your-branch-name' (in your fork) and 'master' (in the python-telegram-bot repository), run:

```
$ git checkout your-branch-name
$ git fetch upstream
$ git merge upstream/master
$ ...[fix the conflicts]...
$ ...[make sure the tests pass before committing]...
$ git commit -a
$ git push origin your-branch-name
```

- At the end, the reviewer will merge the pull request.
- 6. **Tidy up!** Delete the feature branch from both your local clone and the GitHub repository:

```
$ git branch -D your-branch-name
$ git push origin --delete your-branch-name
```

7. Celebrate. Congratulations, you have contributed to python-telegram-bot!

Check-list for PRs

This checklist is a non-exhaustive reminder of things that should be done before a PR is merged, both for you as contributor and for the maintainers. Feel free to copy (parts of) the checklist to the PR description to remind you or the maintainers of open points or if you have questions on anything.

- Added .. versionadded:: NEXT.VERSION, .. versionchanged:: NEXT.VERSION or .. deprecated:: NEXT.VERSION to the docstrings for user facing changes (for methods/class descriptions, arguments and attributes)
- Created new or adapted existing unit tests
- Documented code changes according to the CSI standard
- Added myself alphabetically to AUTHORS.rst (optional)
- Added new classes & modules to the docs and all suitable __all__ s
- Checked the Stability Policy in case of deprecations or changes to documented behavior

If the PR contains API changes (otherwise, you can ignore this passage)

- Checked the Bot API specific sections of the Stability Policy
- Created a PR to remove functionality deprecated in the previous Bot API release (see here)
- New classes:
 - Added self._id_attrs and corresponding documentation
 - __init__ accepts api_kwargs as kw-only
- Added new shortcuts:
 - In Chat & User for all methods that accept chat/user_id
 - In Message for all methods that accept chat_id and message_id
 - For new Message shortcuts: Added quote argument if methods accepts reply_to_message_id
 - In CallbackQuery for all methods that accept either chat_id and message_id or inline_message_id
- If relevant:
 - Added new constants at telegram.constants and shortcuts to them as class variables
 - Link new and existing constants in docstrings instead of hard-coded numbers and strings
 - Add new message types to telegram. Message.effective_attachment
 - Added new handlers for new update types
 - * Add the handlers to the warning loop in the *ConversationHandler*
 - Added new filters for new message (sub)types
 - Added or updated documentation for the changed class(es) and/or method(s)
 - Added the new method(s) to _extbot.py
 - Added or updated bot_methods.rst
 - Updated the Bot API version number in all places: README.rst and README_RAW.rst (including the badge), as well as telegram.constants.BOT_API_VERSION_INFO
 - Added logic for arbitrary callback data in telegram.ext.ExtBot for new methods that either accept
 a reply_markup in some form or have a return type that is/contains Message

10.8.4 Documenting

The documentation of this project is separated in two sections: User facing and dev facing.

User facing docs are hosted at RTD. They are the main way the users of our library are supposed to get information about the objects. They don't care about the internals, they just want to know what they have to pass to make it work, what it actually does. You can/should provide examples for non obvious cases (like the Filter module), and notes/warnings.

Dev facing, on the other side, is for the devs/maintainers of this project. These doc strings don't have a separate documentation site they generate, instead, they document the actual code.

User facing documentation

We use sphinx to generate static HTML docs. To build them, first make sure you're running Python 3.9 or above and have the required dependencies:

```
$ pip install -r docs/requirements-docs.txt
```

then run the following from the PTB root directory:

```
$ make -C docs html
```

or, if you don't have make available (e.g. on Windows):

```
$ sphinx-build docs/source docs/build/html
```

Once the process terminates, you can view the built documentation by opening docs/build/html/index.html with a browser.

• Add .. versionadded:: NEXT.VERSION, .. versionchanged:: NEXT.VERSION or .. deprecated:: NEXT.VERSION to the associated documentation of your changes, depending on what kind of change you made. This only applies if the change you made is visible to an end user. The directives should be added to class/method descriptions if their general behaviour changed and to the description of all arguments & attributes that changed.

Dev facing documentation

We adhere to the CSI standard. This documentation is not fully implemented in the project, yet, but new code changes should comply with the *CSI* standard. The idea behind this is to make it very easy for you/a random maintainer or even a totally foreign person to drop anywhere into the code and more or less immediately understand what a particular line does. This will make it easier for new to make relevant changes if said lines don't do what they are supposed to.

10.8.5 Style commandments

Assert comparison order

Assert statements should compare in **actual == expected** order. For example (assuming test_call is the thing being tested):

```
# GOOD
assert test_call() == 5
# BAD
assert 5 == test_call()
```

Properly calling callables

Methods, functions and classes can specify optional parameters (with default values) using Python's keyword arg syntax. When providing a value to such a callable we prefer that the call also uses keyword arg syntax. For example:

```
# GOOD
f(0, optional=True)

# BAD
f(0, True)
```

This gives us the flexibility to re-order arguments and more importantly to add new required arguments. It's also more explicit and easier to read.

10.9 Testing in PTB

PTB uses pytest for testing. To run the tests, you need to have pytest installed along with a few other dependencies. You can find the list of dependencies in the requirements-dev.txt file in the root of the repository.

10.9.1 Running tests

To run the entire test suite, you can use the following command:

```
$ pytest
```

This will run all the tests, including the ones which make a request to the Telegram servers, which may take a long time (total > 13 mins). To run only the tests that don't require a connection, you can run the following command:

```
$ pytest -m no_req
```

Or alternatively, you can run the following command to run only the tests that require a connection:

```
$ pytest -m req
```

To further speed up the tests, you can run them in parallel using the -n flag (requires pytest-xdist). But beware that this will use multiple CPU cores on your machine. The --dist flag is used to specify how the tests will be distributed across the cores. The loadgroup option is used to distribute the tests such that tests marked with @pytest.mark.xdist_group("name") are run on the same core — important if you want avoid race conditions in some tests:

```
$ pytest -n auto --dist=loadgroup
```

This will result in a significant speedup, but may cause some tests to fail. If you want to run the failed tests in isolation, you can use the --lf flag:

```
$ pytest --lf
```

10.9.2 Writing tests

PTB has a separate test file for every file in the telegram.* namespace. Further, the tests for the telegram module are split into two classes, based on whether the test methods in them make a request or not. When writing tests, make sure to split them into these two classes, and make sure to name the test class as: TestXXXWithoutRequest for tests that don't make a request, and TestXXXWithRequest for tests that do.

Writing tests is a creative process; allowing you to design your test however you'd like, but there are a few conventions that you should follow:

- Each new test class needs a test_slot_behaviour, test_to_dict, test_de_json and test_equality (in most cases).
- Make use of pytest's fixtures and parametrize wherever possible. Having knowledge of pytest's tooling can help you as well. You can look at the existing tests for examples and inspiration.
- New fixtures should go into conftest.py. New auxiliary functions and classes, used either directly in the tests or in the fixtures, should go into the tests/auxil directory.

If you have made some API changes, you may want to run test_official to validate that the changes are complete and correct. To run it, export an environment variable first:

\$ export TEST_OFFICIAL=true

and then run pytest tests/test_official.py. Note: You need py 3.10+ to run this test.

We also have another marker, <code>@pytest.mark.dev</code>, which you can add to tests that you want to run selectively. Use as follows:

\$ pytest -m dev

10.9.3 Bots used in tests

If you run the tests locally, the test setup will use one of the two public bots available. Which bot of the two gets chosen for the test session is random. Whereas when the tests on the Github Actions CI are run, the test setup allocates a different, but same bot is for every combination of Python version and OS. The operating systems and Python versions the CI runs the tests on can be viewed in the corresponding workflow.

That's it! If you have any questions, feel free to ask them in the PTB dev group.

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