Given a sequence of numbers. It is necessary to sort these numbers in ascending order of the last digit, and if the last digits are equal, in ascending order (more precisely, in non-decreasing order) of the numbers themselves.

The first line of the input contains an integer N ($1 \le N \le 100$). Then N lines contain the numbers themselves, one per line. The numbers are natural and do not exceed 32000.

Sample input:

3

1280

382

930

Sample output:

 $930\ 1280\ 382$