**Все времена глагола в английском языке**

**Активный залог**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Present** | **Past** | **Future** |
| **Simple** | 1 ф. глагола  (he, she, it – глагол + -s) | 2 ф. глагола (правильный глагол + ed или неправильный глагол) | Will + глагол |
| Yesterday, last (week, month), (a week, three years) ago | Every (day, weekend), always, often, sometimes, twice a week | Tomorrow, next (week, month, year), this (week, month, year), someday, in the future |
| **Continuous** | Am/is/are + глагол + -ing | Was/were + глагол -ing | Will be + глагол + -ing |
| Now, at the moment, currently | Last night, at 7 p. m. yesterday, all day yesterday | Tomorrow morning, all day tomorrow, next week |
| **Perfect** | Have/has (he, she, it) + 3 ф. глагола | Had + 3 ф. глагола | Will have + 3 ф. глагола |
| Already, yet, still, just, this morning | Before, after, when | By (Monday, next week), by 7 a. m. tomorrow |
| **Perfect continuous** | Have/has (he, she, it) been + глагол + -ing | Had been + глагол + -ing | Will have been + глагол + -ing |
| For (2 hours, 4 years), since (1999, last month\*) \*могут быть и в Perfect simple | For (several hours yesterday), before, after, when | By (Monday, next week), for (2 hours, 4 years) |

**Пассивный залог**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Present** | **Past** | **Future** |
| **Simple** | Am/is/are + V3 | Was/were + V3 | Will be + V3 |
| **Continuous** | Am/is/are + being + V3 | Was/were + being + V3 | Will be + being + V3 |
| **Perfect** | Have/has (he, she, it) + been + V3 | Had + been + V3 | Will have + been + V3 |

**Словарь**

1. Let me – позвольте мне
2. Introduce – представиться, ввести
3. Born – рождение (was born) – родился
4. Currently – в настоящий момент
5. East – восток
6. Know – знать
7. Modest – скромный
8. Kind – добрый
9. Easy-going – легкий характер
10. Quite handsome – довольно красивый
11. Cheerful – веселый
12. Also – также
13. Consider – считать
14. Reliable – надежный
15. Sinсere – искренний
16. Takes – принимает, забирает, потребоваться
17. Important – важный
18. Have – иметь
19. Relatives – родственники
20. Each – каждый
21. Other – другой
22. To each other – друг к другу
23. Дз – проработать текст, составить план
24. Dressmaker – портной
25. Married – женат
26. Freshman – первокурсник
27. Busy – занят
28. Reason – причина
29. Become – стать, становиться
30. Graduate – выпуск из вуза
31. I would like – мне хотелось бы
32. Own – свои
33. More – больше
34. Far – далеко
35. Among – среди
36. Known – известен
37. Field – поле, сфера деятельности
38. Bright – яркий
39. Spacious – просторный
40. Equipped – оборудованный
41. Board – доска
42. Excellent – отлично
43. Contains – содержит
44. Variety – разнообразие
45. Dictionary – словарь
46. Several – несколько
47. Attend – посещать
48. take part – принимать участие
49. held annually – проводиться ежегодно
50. which – который
51. competition - соревнование
52. Experience – опыт
53. Admission – вход
54. Summarize – подводить итоги
55. Pleasure - удовольствие

План рассказа:

1. About myself
2. My family
3. Our university

I study in university, in faculty electrical-engineering. I am fresher, modest, autstanding and easy-going. I am busy with study

Now study in university takes an important part in my life.

1. What is your name
2. How are you
3. When do you live?
4. How old are you
5. What is your course
6. What does students in free time
7. What do you do in free time?
8. What are our laboratories
9. Do you like to study?
10. What is your faculty?

**Словарь**

1. Processing – обработка
2. secondary school – средняя школа
3. always – всегда
4. so – так, так что
5. so on – так далее
6. chose – выбрал (choose – выбирать)
7. thains – поезда, trains specialist – готовить специалистов; to train - подготовка
8. the fields of hardware and software – в области аппаратного (технического) и программного обеспечения
9. protection – защита
10. highly requested – высоко востребованы
11. enterprises – предприятия
12. design bureaus – конструкторское (дизайнерское) бюро
13. research – научное-исследование
14. some – некоторые
15. post-graduate course – аспирантура
16. carry out researches – проводят исследования
17. depatments – отдел, управление, кафедра
18. there are – есть, существуют
19. There are a number of training – существует целый ряд (множество) методов обучения
20. Networks – сети
21. Measuring – измерение
22. Foreign – иностранный
23. Digital – цифровой (электронный)
24. computer-aided – компьютеризированный
25. designing – проектирование, конструирование, дизайн

Two years ago, I finished Kungur agricultural college. And after college I went to study at the Military Academy of the Strategic Missile Forces.

There I decided that I wanted to become a developer. I was always interested in computer science so I chose the electrical engineering faculty with a degree in software engineering.

The graduates of the software engineering speciality are highly requested. They work at different industrial enterprises, banks, firms, design bureaus and research institutes.

The departments are well-equipped and with up-to date hardware and software. Now I am freshman and I study general subjects: mathematics, computer science, history, foreign language, philosophy and others. We attend lectures, do laboratory works and tests, prepare course papers.

Senior students study professional subjects: databases, object-oriented programming, data science and many others. I like my speciality.

Выучить текст!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!! до вторника!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

На основе 2 текстов составить кроссворд не менее 10 слов. Ответы на отдельных кроссвордах

**Perm Krai Geographical Location**

**Словарь**

West – запад, western - западный

Slopes – склоны

North - Север northern – северный

Boundary – граница

more than – более

to occupie – занимать

area – территория

to stretch – растягиваться

to consider – считать

the northernmost – cамый северный

the southernmost – самый южный

identified – зарегестрированный

various – различный

Task 1.

1. D
2. C
3. A
4. E
5. F
6. B

**First Settlements, Peoples and their culture**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Fact** | **Known/unknoun** |
| For the first time, the word “Perm” is found in an outstanding monument Ancient Russia at the beginning of the XII century “The Tale of Bygone Year” | unknoun |
| In the 17th century, despite their adherence to Orthodox traditions, the inhabitants of Perm province developed a unique culture of three-dimensional wooden sculptures of Christ and saints, known as the Perm gods | unknoun |
| In Perm Krai there are 125 ethnic groups | unknoun |
| Soon another Perm appeared in Russia sources: Great Perm, or Kama Perm | unknoun |
| Perm animal Style is the art of small metal objects typical for the people who inhabited the Perm land. | unknoun |
| The first identified population of the Western Urals was various Finno-Ugric peoples | unknoun |

1. Between May 1723 and January 1724
2. Closed down due to the lack of ore supply
3. In 1804 the works and its lands were handed over to the benefit of Perm City
4. Vasiliy N. Tatishchev arrived to the Urals to choose the place to build a copper foundry and stronghold
5. S
6. The first design plan for the city was made by the local surveyor Andrey Gruber in 1782-1784

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Task 3.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Branches of Industry | Companies/Products | Date/people |
| Mining industry |  |  |
| Metallurgy | Motovilikha plan, guns, copper-smelting plan | 1736, 1788 |
| Machine building | Hardware factory | 1870 |
| Ship-repairing | Gullet’s Ship-repairing plans | 1858 |
| Other plans | Perm Cannon-Making plan, phosphorus plant | 1863, 1870 |
| Shipbuilding | Shipping company/Streamship and stream locomotive | 1855/1871,1872 |
| Railways | TransSiberian Railways | Early XX century |
| Trade and commerce | Shopping arcade of Gostiny Dvor | 1802 |

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Task 4.

* 1)The presence of mining and metallurgical enterprises, such as the copper-smelting plants, played a crucial role in the economic growth and development of Perm. The industrial sector provided employment opportunities, stimulated trade, and contributed to the overall prosperity of the town.  
    
  2)the advantageous economic and geographical position of Perm was the decisive factor in its further development.  
    
  3)Perm's favorable location within the Volga River basin and its accessibility to various natural resources played a significant role in its development as a large commercial center  
    
  4) The Motovilikha plant was founded in 1736 by the order of Empress Anna. It was established as a smelter to produce steel for nearby factories that required steel blocks for the manufacture of rifles and guns.  
    
  5) Merchants played a crucial role in building and equipping factories and plants, thus supporting the growth of industries in the city  
    
  6) In Perm, these efforts led to the consolidation of metal smelters and weapons workshops into a single facility. The Motovilikha plant, based in Perm, became a significant industrial complex, launching the first steamship in the Urals and the first steam locomotive.  
    
  7) Nikolay Slavyanov, while working at the Perm plant, introduced shielded metal arc welding, which revolutionized welding techniques.

Task 5.

The Pyskor copper smelter was built in 1724 on the site of the old Pyskorsky plant (one of the first Ural plants), founded in the first half of the XVII century at the river Yayva near. The Kungur mine and moved in 1635 to the Kamgorka River, subsequently closed due to depletion of ore reserves. Newly built the Pyskorsky plant smelted copper from ore supplied from 10 nearby mines. The copper was sent for further processing to the Motovilikha Copper processing plant. An office was established at the Pyskor plant, which was headed by gitenforvalter, the staff of the office consisted of: surveyor, 2 clerks (clerk and sub-clerk) to manage mining and smelting affairs and to record the arrival and expenditure of the treasury and 3 copyists. 4 carpenters, an apprentice and a wheelwright were engaged in repairing factory equipment. The smelting business consisted of a surveyor and two copyists. Supervision of forest lands, reception of firewood and coal was carried out a shikhtmeister at the smoking business, as well as a tselovalnik who was engaged in receiving coal and forest supplies, two coal foremen, a messenger and a copyist. In 1814 , in order to save state funds for the management of the plant and salt mines , the management of the Pyskorsky plant was merged with

The expedition of the Dedyukhinsky salt fields. In 1829, production at the plant was stopped due to the depletion of mines, the name Pyskorsky plant remained behind the village of the plant.

Questions:

1. Perm in General
2. Industry of Perm
3. Educational Centre
4. Perm is a cultural Centre
5. Perm Cuisine
6. My favorite place in Perm/ My opinion about Perm
7. Perm is the most eastern city in Europe situated almost on the border between Europe and Asia. It is the administrative centre of the Perm region. About half of the industrial potential of the Perm region is concentrated in the city. Perm is located on the Kama River, the fifth largest river in Europe. Perm residents – Permyak – call their region Pricamye in recognition of the river’s role in their region’s development.
8. The largest share in the production of industrial products is occupied by: PJSC “Proton-PM", PJSC “Perm Motor Plant, PJSCPNPPK”, JSC “Energetika", CJSC “Iskra".
9. The best educational institutions in Perm are: PSNRU - Perm State National Research University, PNRPU – Perm National Research Polytechnic University, PSHPU - Perm State Humanitarian Pedagogical University, PSMU - Perm State Medical University, PSPA - Perm State Pharmaceutical Academy.
10. The city of Perm, nestled in the heart of the Ural Mountains, is a vibrant cultural hub known for its rich history and a thriving diverse art scene. As the cultural centre of the region, Perm has played a vital role in shaping the cultural landscape of Russia.
11. What are the peculiarities of Perm cuisine? First of all, this is a wide use of nature’s gifts, such as berries, mushrooms, and herbs. A variety of game dishes were traditionally cooked for festive dinners
12. My favorite place in Perm is the embankment of the Kama River. Perm embankment is one of the most beautiful places for walking in Perm. The history of the embankment begins at the end of the XIX century, when a walking path was made on a small area along the Kama River, further than the Perm I station. However, the creation of an organized place for walking on the banks of the Kama River began only in the 60s of the XX century, when, together with the construction of a communal bridge, a section of the coastal line of the Kama River was improved.