

# Flirt Message Prediction Assignment (NLP)

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# 1. Creating Flirt Message Prediction Model

## a. Identifying The Problem Statement:

**Stage 1:** Domain Selection- NLP, **Stage 2:** Learning Selection – Supervised, **Stage 3:** Supervised Type – Classification. This problem statement comes under **Supervised Learning - Classification(NLP)**

### Approach:

Created a customized csv file with Message & Label as columns & labelled the messages manually whether it falls under flirt message or non-flirt message. Created a dataset with 105 flirt messages & 105 non flirt messages.

**Customized csv file name: Flrt & n.flrt msg.csv**

## b) Research Methodology:

Created combinations of models using classification algorithms like Logistic, KNN, SVM ,DT , Multinomial NB, RF & Passive Aggressive Classifier with Counter Vector & IT-IDF & selected the best model out of all.

## c) Final Model:

Best Model was selected based on F1 score & CM.

Decision Tree - TfidfVectorizer				
Accuracy: 0.7205882352941176				
Confusion Matrix:				
[[10 14]				
[ 5 39]]				
Classification Report:				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Flirt Message	0.67	0.42	0.51	24
Non Flirt Message	0.74	0.89	0.80	44
accuracy			0.72	68
macro avg	0.70	0.65	0.66	68
weighted avg	0.71	0.72	0.70	68

Passive Aggressive Classifier - TfidfVectorizer				
Accuracy: 0.6176470588235294				
Confusion Matrix:				
[[19 5]				
[21 23]]				
Classification Report:				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Flirt Message	0.47	0.79	0.59	24
Non Flirt Message	0.82	0.52	0.64	44
accuracy			0.62	68
macro avg	0.65	0.66	0.62	68
weighted avg	0.70	0.62	0.62	68

Both models seems to perform well. But am choose Decision Tree - CountVectorizer as the best model.

**Saved best model file name: Finalized\_Model\_Random\_Forest.sav**

For more details on code employment refer IPYNB.

**lpython notebook name : Phase 1-Best Model(CV+TV+Models).ipynb**

## 2. Checking Flirt Message Prediction Model:

Created Flirt Message Prediction Model was checked with WhatsApp chat's each row.

**Tested WhatsApp txt file name: VV WhatsApp.txt**

**Proof:**

In [11]: 1 df

Out[11]:

	Date	Time	Name	Message	Flirt_Prediction
1	11/08/2023	11:36 am	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	Hi mam	Non Flirt Message
2	11/08/2023	11:39 am	Hope Artificial Intelligence	It is online course	Non Flirt Message
3	11/08/2023	11:46 am	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	Wil there be any scenario to visit your instit...	Non Flirt Message
4	11/08/2023	11:50 am	Hope Artificial Intelligence	May I know your name please	Non Flirt Message
5	11/08/2023	11:51 am	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	Vasumathi	Non Flirt Message
...	...	...	...	...	...
283	20/11/2023	7:23 pm	Hope Artificial Intelligence	*Your form response has been received.	Non Flirt Message
284	22/11/2023	9:55 pm	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	video lecture for word cloud is missing .	Flirt Message
285	24/11/2023	10:19 am	Hope Artificial Intelligence	Will check that Mam	Non Flirt Message
286	25/11/2023	1:48 pm	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	<Media omitted>	Non Flirt Message
287	25/11/2023	1:53 pm	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	<Media omitted>	Non Flirt Message

287 rows x 5 columns

## WhatsApp Data Analysis:

### 3) Finding Talkative & Less Talkative:

#### Proof:

##### To find Talkative & Less Talkative Person:

```
In [13]: 1 excluded_name=['Vasu']
2 filtered_df= df[~df['Name'].isin(excluded_name)]
3
4 talkative_person=filtered_df['Name'].value_counts().idxmax()
5 less_talkative_person= filtered_df['Name'].value_counts().idxmin()
6
7 message_counts = filtered_df['Name'].value_counts().reset_index()
8 message_counts.columns=['Name', 'Message Count']
9
10
11 print(f'Talkative Person: {talkative_person}')
12 print(f'Less Talkative Person: {less_talkative_person}')
13
14 message_counts
15
```

Talkative Person: Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி  
Less Talkative Person: Hope Artificial Intelligence

Out[13]:

	Name	Message Count
0	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	144
1	Hope Artificial Intelligence	139

##### Graph Visualization:

```
In [14]: 1 import plotly.express as px
2 fig = px.bar(message_counts, x='Name', y='Message Count',
3             text='Message Count',
4             title='Number of Messages Sent by Each Person',
5             labels={'Message Count': 'Number of Messages', 'Name': 'Name'},
6             template='plotly_white', height=600)
7
8 # Rotating x-axis labels for better readability
9 fig.update_layout(xaxis_tickangle=-45)
10
11 # Showing the figure
12 fig.show()
```



## 4) Finding Most Active Day & Most Active Time:

**Proof:**

### Finding Most Active Day and Most Active Time:

```
In [15]: 1 # Assuming df is your DataFrame
2 df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], errors='coerce')
3
4 # Add a new column 'Day' to the DataFrame
5 df['Day'] = df['Date'].dt.day_name()
6
7 # Handling Time column with 'hh:mm am/pm' format
8 def extract_hour_am_pm(time_str):
9     try:
10         parsed_time = pd.to_datetime(time_str, format='%I:%M %p')
11         return parsed_time.strftime('%I:%M %p')
12     except (ValueError, AttributeError):
13         return None
14
15 df['Hour'] = df['Time'].apply(extract_hour_am_pm)
16
17 # Filtering out rows with invalid 'Hour' values
18 df_valid_hours = df.dropna(subset=['Hour'])
19
20 # Finding most active day
21 most_active_day = df_valid_hours['Date'].dt.day_name().value_counts().idxmax()
22
23 # Finding most active time
24 most_active_time = df_valid_hours['Hour'].value_counts().idxmax()
25
26 print(f'Most Active Day: {most_active_day}')
27 print(f'Most Active Time: {most_active_time}')
28
```

Most Active Day: Monday  
Most Active Time: 06:33 AM

```
In [16]: 1 df.head()
```

```
Out[16]:
```

	Date	Time	Name	Message	Flirt_Prediction	Day	Hour
1	2023-11-08	11:36 am	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	Hi marn	Non Flirt Message	Wednesday	11:36 AM
2	2023-11-08	11:39 am	Hope Artificial Intelligence	It is online course	Non Flirt Message	Wednesday	11:39 AM
3	2023-11-08	11:46 am	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	Will there be any scenario to visit your instit...	Non Flirt Message	Wednesday	11:46 AM
4	2023-11-08	11:50 am	Hope Artificial Intelligence	May I know your name please	Non Flirt Message	Wednesday	11:50 AM
5	2023-11-08	11:51 am	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	Vasumathi	Non Flirt Message	Wednesday	11:51 AM

### Graph Visualization:

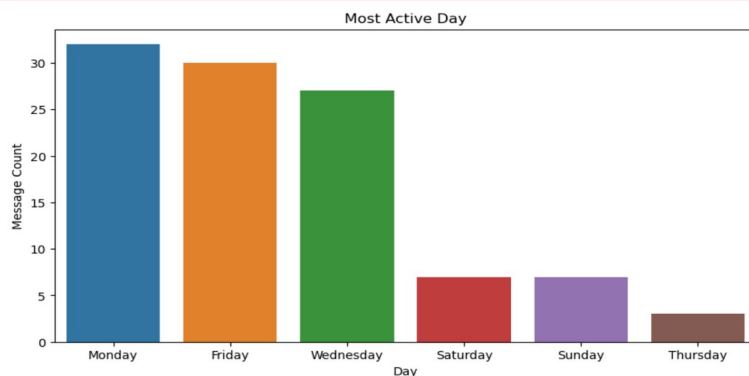
```
In [17]: 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import seaborn as sns
3
4 # Plotting the most active day
5 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
6 sns.countplot(x=df['Day'], order=df['Day'].value_counts().index)
7 plt.title('Most Active Day')
8 plt.xlabel('Day')
9 plt.ylabel('Message Count')
10 plt.show()
11
12 # Plotting the most active time
13 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
14 sns.countplot(x=df['Hour'], order=df['Hour'].value_counts().index)
15 plt.title('Most Active Time')
16 plt.xlabel('Hour')
17 plt.ylabel('Message Count')
18 plt.show()
19
```

/Users/viswanathanmuthu/anaconda3/envs/AIVE\_Course/lib/python3.11/site-packages/seaborn/\_oldcore.py:1498: FutureWarning:

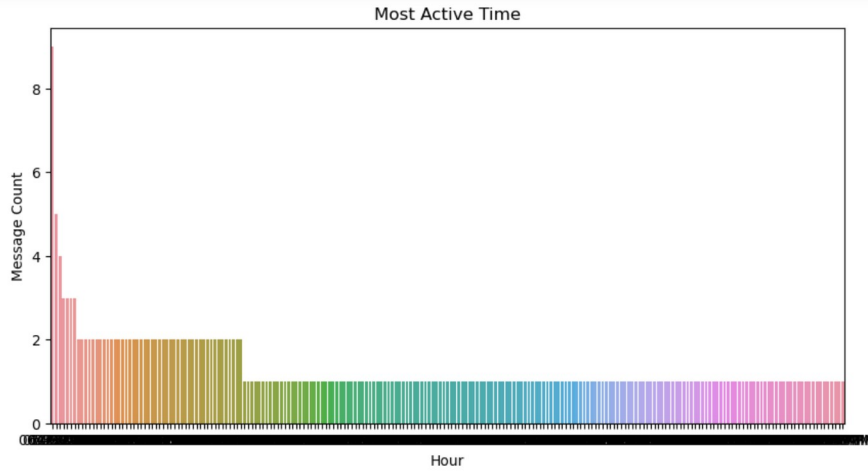
is\_categorical\_dtype is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Use isinstance(dtype, CategoricalDtype) instead

/Users/viswanathanmuthu/anaconda3/envs/AIVE\_Course/lib/python3.11/site-packages/seaborn/\_oldcore.py:1498: FutureWarning:

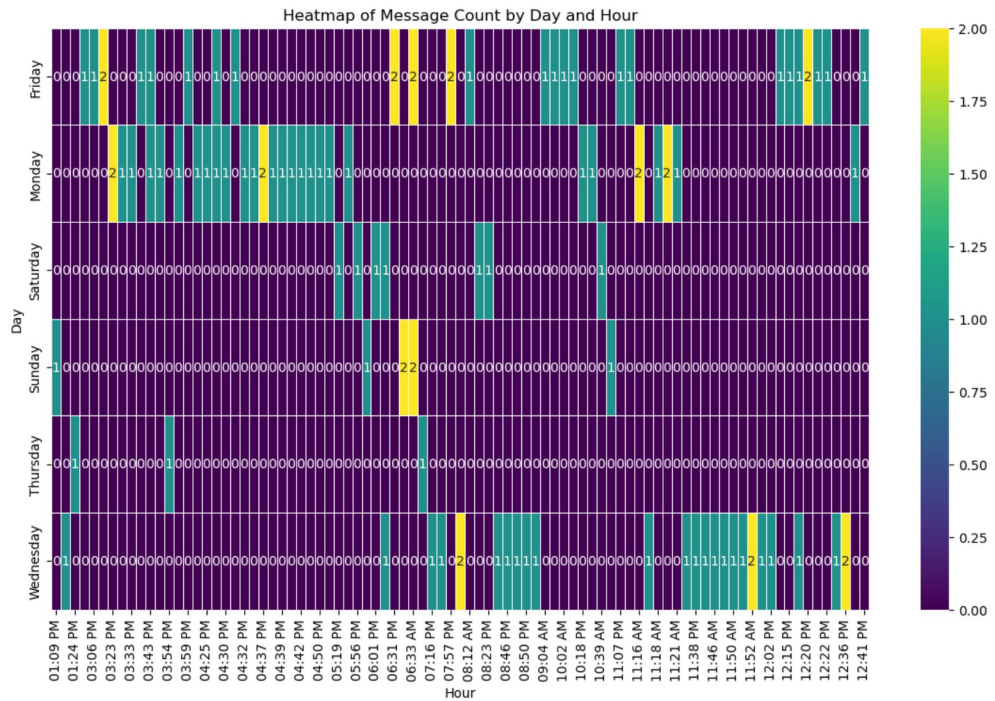
is\_categorical\_dtype is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Use isinstance(dtype, CategoricalDtype) instead



## Most Active Time:



```
In [18]: 1 import seaborn as sns
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4 # Create a pivot table to get counts for each combination of Day and Hour
5 heatmap_data = df.pivot_table(index='Day', columns='Hour', aggfunc='size', fill_value=0)
6
7 # Create a heatmap
8 plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
9 sns.heatmap(heatmap_data, cmap='viridis', annot=True, fmt='d', linewidths=.5)
10 plt.title('Heatmap of Message Count by Day and Hour')
11
12 plt.show()
```



## 5. Finding Media Count Sent by Each Person:

**Proof:**

### Finding Media Count Sent by Each Person:

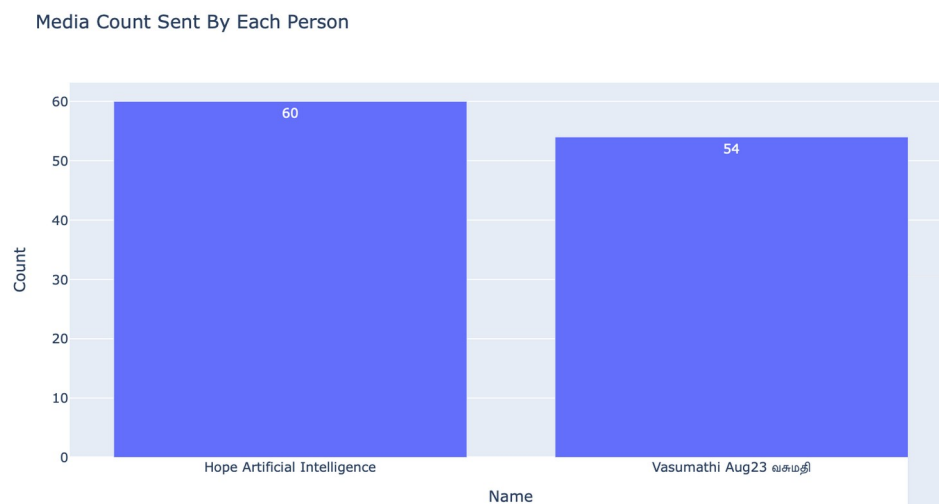
```
In [19]: 1 excluded_name=['Vasu']
2 filtered_df= df[~df['Name'].isin(excluded_name)]
3
4 media_counts=filtered_df[filtered_df['Message']=='<Media omitted>']['Name'].value_counts()
5
6 # Creating a DataFrame from the media counts
7 media_counts_df = pd.DataFrame({'Name': media_counts.index, 'Media Count': media_counts.values})
8 media_counts_df
```

Out[19]:

	Name	Media Count
0	Hope Artificial Intelligence	60
1	Vasumathi Aug23 வசுமதி	54

### Graph Visualization:

```
In [20]: 1 fig=px.bar(media_counts_df,x='Name',y='Media Count', text= 'Media Count',
2 title = 'Media Count Sent By Each Person', labels={'Media Count':'Count'})
3 fig.show()
```



## 6) Finding Missed Call- All Count:

**Proof:**

### Finding Missed Call Count:

```
In [21]: 1 missedcall_count=df['Message'].str.contains('missed call',case=False).sum()
2 print(f'Missed Call Count: {missedcall_count}')

Missed Call Count: 0
```



## Word Cloud Visualization

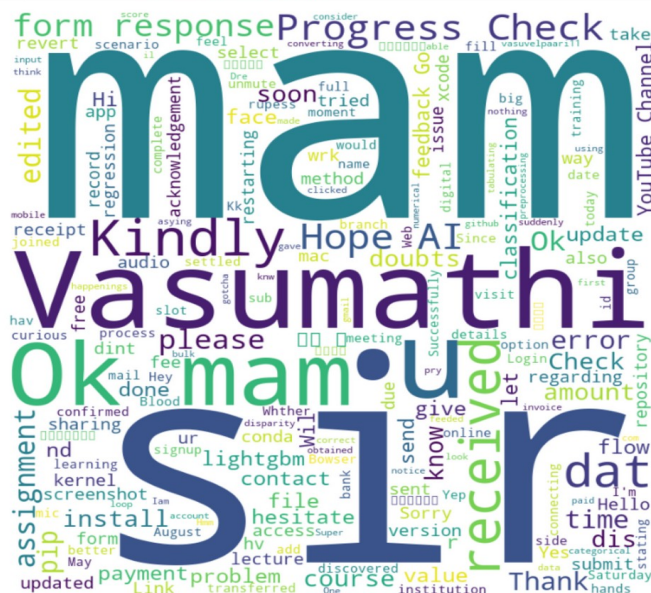
### Word Cloud Visualization:

```
In [22]: 1 dataset=df
2 from wordcloud import WordCloud
3 from nltk.corpus import stopwords
4 import nltk
5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
6 nltk.download('stopwords')

[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk_data] /Users/vishwanathammuthu/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!

Out[22]: True

In [23]: 1 comment_words = []
2 stoplist = stopwords.words('english')
3 stoplist.extend(['omitted', 'voice', 'missed', 'call', 'video', 'deleted', 'media', 'message'])
4 wordclouds="This function saves image"
5 dataset.index=range(dataset.shape[0])
6 for i in range(1,len(dataset)):
7     comment_words.append(dataset['Message'][i])
8     vv=" ".join(comment_words)
9     wordcloud = WordCloud(width = 800, height = 800,
10                          background_color ='white',
11                          stopwords = stoplist,
12                          min_font_size = 10).generate(vv)
13
14 plt.figure(figsize = (9, 7), facecolor = None)
15 plt.imshow(wordcloud)
16 plt.axis("off")
17 plt.tight_layout(pad = 0)
18 plt.savefig('wordcloud.PNG')
19 plt.show()
20 print("Successfully created")
21 wordclouds="This function saves image"
```



Successfully created

For more details on code employment from 2 to 6 & wordcloud visualization refer IPYNB.

*lpython notebook name : Phase 2- Flirt Prediction Model Deployment & Analysis.ipynb*

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