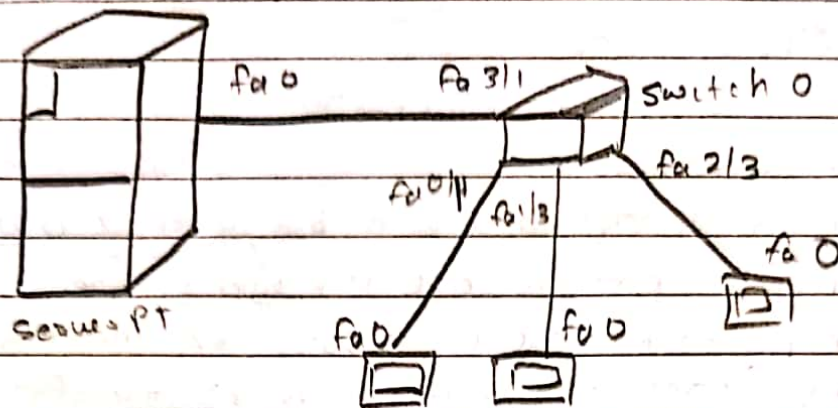


Experiment 5

Obj :- Design a DHCP within LAN.

Topology :-

10.0.0.1 - IP



Procedure :-

Step 1: Place 3 PC's, 1 server and one ~~router~~ switch and connect all and devices to the switch using copper straight wire

Step 2: Go to switch → desktop → IP config

IP address - 10.0.0.1

Default Gateway - 10.0.0.0

Step 3: In server go to config → SERVICES →

DHCP turn services to ON

poolname = - Switch 1

Default Gateway - 10.0.0.0

Start IP: 10.0.0.3

max no of users: - 100

Add

Step 4:- To each PC desktop - IP config ony
chang IP config from static to DHCP
the IP address will be assigned automatically

Step 5:- Ping from PC 0 to PC 3

Observations:-

① All connections successful

② ping 10.0.0.4

Pinging 10.0.0.4 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.4 : bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128

Reply from 10.0.0.4 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 10.0.0.4 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 10.0.0.4 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

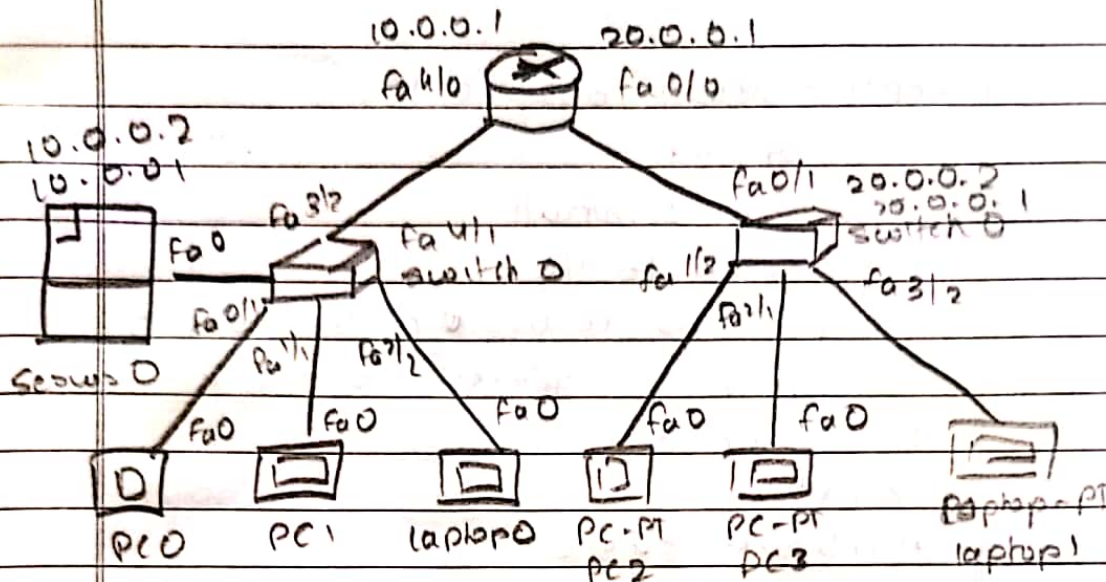
ping status for 10.0.0.4

Packets:- sent=4, received=4, lost=0

Experiment - 6

Obj: Design DHCP outside LAN

Topology



Procedure :-

Step 1: Place 6 PC's, 2 switches, 1 server, 1 router and connect them as shown

Step 2 :- server → desktop → IP config
IP address - 10.0.0.2
Default Gateway - 10.0.0.1

Step 3: - Config → services → DHCP, Turn
services to ON

Poolname :- Switch 1

Default gateway :- 10.0.0.1

Start IP : 10.0.0.3

max used : 100

Add

Poolname: Switch 2

Default Gateway: 20.0.0.1

IPStart IP: 20.0.0.3

max uses: 100

click Add

Step 4:- Go to router CLI

> enable

config terminal

interface fa 4/0

ip address 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0

ip helper -> address 10.0.0.2

No shut

exit

interface fa 0/0

ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

ip helper - address 10.0.0.2

No shut

All router switch connection go up

Step 5: Go to all 6 PC's and change IP config from static to DHCP.

Step 6: Ping PC0 to PC5

Observation: ① all connections successful

② All PC's are assigned

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