Dharmsinh Desai University, Nadiad Faculty of Technology Department of Computer Engineering (2014-15) Last updated - 22/08/2014

Subject Name: DSA (Data Structures and Algorithms)

Semester: B.Tech-III

Hardware/Software required: LINUX OS. GCC Compiler.

Lab 1:

Core: 1) Perform insert_front, delete_front, insert_end, delete_end operations on a linked list.

2) Implement print() function to print linked list. Also implement rprint() function to print linked list in reverse order using recursion. (Also known as traverse)

Plus: 1) Insert node at nth position & Delete nth node from the linked list.

2) Represent polynomial equations as a linked list. Add two polynomial equation and store result in 3^{rd} one. (ex $(3x^2+2x+4) + (5x^2+7x+10) = 8x^2+9x+14$

Lab 2:

Core: 1) Implement Stack and Queue using Array.

Plus: 1) Implement Stack and Queue using linked list.

2) Analyze how does the backward and forward button works in internet browsers/clients like chrome, firefox, etc. Knowing the requirement, develop an algorithm, data structure(s) and of course C program to simulate the same. i.e. Let use press B for backward, F for forward, any other character to mimic mouse click/event request. Show the current data character on the screen. It can be from backward or forward data structure or the recent pressed key.

Lab 3:

Core: 1) Implement circular linked list and doubly linked list.

Plus: 1) Delete all node which having data value "x"

- 2) Delete first node which having data value "x":
- 3) Delete last node which having data value "x"
- 4) Count number of node which having data value "x" and from that delete 2nd node.
- 5) Implement process scheduling algorithm using appropriate data structure.

"Consider that there are n processes present at a particular time and CPU allows 1 sec execution time to process, before switch to next one. Take required execution time for all the processes from the user. The CPU needs to give a fair chance of execution to each. As an output print whole execution scenario with time slot".

Lab 4:

Core:

- 1. Write a program to evaluate postfix expression.
- 2. Implement solution to classic Tower of Hanoi problem using recursion.

Plus:

- 1. Write a program to validate mathematical expression for different types of brackets' ordering.
- 2. Write a program to evaluate prefix expression.
- 3. Write a program to convert infix notation into postfix notation.

Lab 5:

Core:

1. Write a program to create a binary search tree and display sorted data (Both ascending and descending separately).

Plus:

- 1. Write a program to create expression tree. Traverse in all three orders. (in-pre-post).
- 2. Write a program to merge two given binary search trees.

Lab 6:

Core:

- 1. Write a program to create adjacency list and adjacency matrix.
- 2. Write a program to create a graph and perform DFS and BFS traversal.
- 3. Write a program to convert given adjacency matrix into adjacency list.

Plus:

- 1. Write a program to implement single source shortest path using Dijkastra's algorithm.
- 2. Write a program to identify Articulation Points (or Cut Vertices) in a given graph.
- "A vertex in an undirected connected graph is an articulation point (or cut vertex) iff removing it (and edges through it) disconnects the graph. Articulation points represent vulnerabilities in a connected network single points whose failure would split the network into 2 or more disconnected components. They are useful for designing reliable networks. For a disconnected undirected graph, an articulation point is a vertex removing which increases number of connected components."

Lab 7:

Core:

- 1. Write a program to implement min and max heap data structure.
- 2. Implement a forest consisting of different types of trees.

Plus:

- 1. Write a program to implement Huffman encoding and decoding techniques.
- 2. Write a function to check whether a given binary tree is balanced or not? Write another function to balance a given tree if it is not already balanced. Test using driver program.
- 3. Implement graph using adjacent multi list. For every vertex, print its adjacent vertices.

Lab 8:

Core:

- 1. Implement following sorting techniques:
 - Bubble sort and improved bubble sort.
 - Quick sort
 - Merge sort
 - Insertion sort

Plus:

- 1. Implement following sorting techniques:
 - Heap sort
 - Shell sort

Lab 9:

Core:

1. Implement static hashing method.

Plus:

1. Implement dictionary using three level hash function.

Level1: For character position 1 -> A,B,C,...,Z (26)

Level2: For character position 2 -> AtoE,FtoJ,KtoO,PtoT,UtoZ (avg. 5 difference)

Level3: For character position 3 -> AtoH, ItoP, QtoZ. (Avg 8 difference)

Remaining store sequentially.

Please, note that words/symbols of length 3 or less, they get positioned in the bucket at appropriate levels immediately. i.e. 'an' ,'is', 'the'.

Lab 10:

Core:

- 1. Implement following search techniques:
 - Sequential search
 - Binary Search

Plus:

- 1. Implement Red-Black tree.
- 2. Implement AVL tree.
- 3. Implement indexed based searching.