Lab Task 4

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Q1)

Compare C,C++,Python, Octave, Java, VB,COBOL,FORTRAN, and 3 more latest Languages (from your

choice)

Lang uage	Origina I Purpos e	Impe rative	Obj ect- orie nted	Funct ional	Proce dural	Gen eric	Refle ctive	Eve nt- Dri ve n	Other Paradi gms	Standa rdized?
С	Applica tion, system, genera l purpos e, low-lev el operations	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	No		Yes 1989, ANSI C89
C++	Applica tion, system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No		Yes 1998, ISO/IEC 2003, ISO/IEC

Pyth	Applica tion, genera I, web, scripti ng, AI, scientif ic computing	Yes	Aspec t-orie nted	De facto standar d via Python Enhanc ement Propos als (PEPs)						
Java	Applica tion, busine ss, client-s ide, genera l, mobile develo pment, serverside, web	Yes	Concu	De facto standar d via Java Langua ge Specific ation						
VB	Applica tion, RAD, educati on, busine ss, genera I, office autom ation	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Comp onent- orient ed	No

COB OL	Applica tion, busine ss	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No		Yes 1968 ANSI X3.23, 1974, 1985; ISO/IEC
FORT RAN	Applica tion, numeri cal compu ting	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Array- based, vector ized, concu rrent	Yes 1966, ANSI 66, ANSI 77, MIL-ST D-1753
Perl	Applica tion, scripti ng, text proces sing, Web	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		No
Swift	Applica tion, genera I	Yes	Concu rrent, declar ative, protoc ol-orie nted	No						
Java Scrip t	Client- side, server- side,w eb	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Protot ype-b ased	Yes 1997-2 021, ECMA- 262

```
Q2)
a)
C
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Hallow World ---BINGI ADHITYA RAJESH");
}
C++
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
  cout << "Hallow World ---BINGI ADHITYA RAJESH";</pre>
  return 0;
}
Python
print("Hallow World ---BINGI ADHITYA RAJESH")
Octave
disp('Hallow world --- BINGI ADHITYA RAJESH')
Java
```

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Hallow World ---BINGI ADHITYA RAJESH");
  }
}
VB
Public Module Program
     Public Sub Main(args() As string)
           Console.WriteLine("Hallow World ---BINGI ADHITYA RAJESH")
     End Sub
End Module
b)
C
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int number1, number2, sum;
  printf("Enter two integers: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &number1, &number2);
  // calculating sum
```

```
sum = number1 + number2;
  printf("%d + %d = %d", number1, number2, sum);
  return 0;
}
C++
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
 int num1, num2, add;
 cout<<"Enter Two Numbers: ";
 cin>>num1>>num2;
 add = num1+num2;
 cout<<"\nResult = "<<add;</pre>
 cout<<endl;
 return 0;
}
Python
# Store input numbers
```

num1 = input('Enter first number: ')

```
num2 = input('Enter second number: ')
# Add two numbers
sum = float(num1) + float(num2)
# Display the sum
print('The sum of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, sum))
Octave
Java
public class SumOfNumbers1
public static void main(String args[])
{
int n1 = 225, n2 = 115, sum;
sum = n1 + n2;
System.out.println("The sum of numbers is: "+sum);
}
}
```

VB

Module HelloWorld

```
Sub Main()
     Dim firstNum, seconNum, sum As Integer
Console.WriteLine("enter first number:")
firstNum=Console.ReadLine()
Console.WriteLine(" enter second number:")
seconNum =Console.ReadLine()
sum = firstNum + seconNum
Console.WriteLine("the sum is:" & sum)
Console.ReadLine()
     End Sub
End Module
c)
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int base, exp;
  long double result = 1.0;
  printf("Enter a base number: \n");
  scanf("%d", &base);
  printf("Enter an exponent: \n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &exp);
  while (exp != 0) {
    result *= base;
    --exp;
  }
  printf("Answer = %.0Lf", result);
  return 0;
}
C++
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
  int exponent;
  float base, result = 1;
  cout << "Enter base and exponent respectively: \n";</pre>
  cin >> base >> exponent;
  cout << base << "^" << exponent << " = ";
```

```
while (exponent != 0) {
    result *= base;
    --exponent;
  }
  cout << result;</pre>
  return 0;
}
Python
base = int(input("Enter base: \n"))
exponent = int(input("Enter exponent: \n"))
result = 1
while exponent != 0:
  result *= base
  exponent-=1
print("Answer = ", result)
```

Java

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter base: \n");
    int base = input.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter exponent: \n");
    int exponent = input.nextInt();
    long result = 1;
  for (; exponent != 0; --exponent) {
   result *= base;
  }
  System.out.println("Answer = " + result);
 }
}
```

```
d)
```

C

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int n1=11,n2=11,n3,i,number;
printf("Enter the number of elements: \n");
scanf("%d",&number);
printf("\n%d %d",n1,n2);//printing 0 and 1
for(i=2;i<number;++i)//loop starts from 2 because 0 and 1 are already
printed
{
 n3=n1+n2;
 printf(" %d",n3);
 n1=n2;
n2=n3;
}
return 0;
}
```

C++

#include <iostream> 3

```
using namespace std;
int main() {
int n1=11,n2=11,n3,i,number;
cout<<"Enter the number of elements: \n";
cin>>number;
cout<<n1<<" "<<n2<<" "; //printing 0 and 1
for(i=2;i<number;++i) //loop starts from 2 because 0 and 1 are already
printed
{
 n3=n1+n2;
 cout<<n3<<" ";
 n1=n2;
n2=n3;
 return 0;
 }
```

Python

```
# first two terms
n1, n2 = 11, 11
count = 0
nterms = int(input("Enter Number of elements: "))
print("Fibonacci sequence:")
```

```
while count < nterms:
    print(n1)
    nth = n1 + n2
   # update values
    n1 = n2
    n2 = nth
   count += 1
Java
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Fibonacci
  public static void main(String[] args)
  {
    int n, a = 0, b = 11, c = 11;
    Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter value of n: \n");
    n = s.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Fibonacci Series:\n");
    for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
```

{

a = b;

b = c;

```
c = a + b;
      System.out.print(a+" ");
    }
  }
}
VB
Imports System.Collections.Generic
Module Module1
  Sub Main()
    Dim n1 As Integer
    Dim n2 As Integer
    Dim n3 As Integer
    n1 = 11
    n2 = 11
    n3 = 1
    Console.WriteLine("{0}", n1)
    While n3 < 3
      Console.WriteLine(n2)
      n2 = n2 + n1
      n1 = n2 - n1
      n3 = n3 + 1
    End While
```

```
Console.ReadLine()
End Sub
End Module
```

```
e)
C
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int guest, amnt;
  float tip,total;
  printf("Enter number of guests: \n");
  scanf("%d",&guest);
  amnt = guest*110;
  if (guest>=11)
   tip = amnt*0.11;
  else
   tip = amnt*0.05;
  total = amnt + tip;
  printf("Total amount = %.2f",total);
  return 0;
}
```