



Site report for twitter.com

Netcraft Extension

- Home
- Download Now!
- Report a Phish
- Site Report
- Top Reporters
- Incentives for reporters
- Phishiest TLDs
- Phishiest Countries
- Phishiest Hosters
- Phishiest Certificate Authorities
- Phishing Map
- Takedown Map
- Most Popular Websites
- Branded Extensions
- Tell a Friend

Phishing & Fraud

- Phishing Site Feed
- Hosting Phishing Alerts
- SSL CA Phishing Alerts
- Protection for TLDs against Phishing and Malware
- Deceptive Domain Score
- Bank Fraud Detection
- Phishing Site Countermeasures

Extension Support

- FAQ
- Glossary
- Contact Us
- Report a Bug

Tutorials

- Installing the Extension
- Using the Extension
- Getting the Most
- Reporting a Phish

About Netcraft

- Netcraft Home
- About Netcraft
- Website Terms of Use
- Phishing Site Feed
- Security Services
- Contact Us



Lookup another URL:

Share:

Background

Site title	Twitter. It's what's happening	Date first seen	June 1999
Site rank	17	Primary language	English
Description	From breaking news to the latest in entertainment, sports and politics, get the full story with all the live commentary.		
Keywords	Not Present		
Netcraft Risk Rating	0/10 <div></div>		
<a href="#">[FAQ]</a>			

Network

Site	<a href="https://twitter.com">https://twitter.com</a>	Netblock Owner	<a href="#">Twitter Inc.</a>
Domain	<a href="#">twitter.com</a>	Nameserver	ns1.p26.dynect.net
IP address	104.244.42.65 <a href="#">(VirusTotal)</a>	DNS admin	zone-admin@dyndns.com
IPv6 address	Not Present	Reverse DNS	unknown
Domain registrar	corporatedomains.com	Nameserver organisation	whois.markmonitor.com
Organisation	Twitter, Inc., 1355 Market Street, San Francisco, 94103, US	Hosting company	unknown
Top Level Domain	Commercial entities (.com)	DNS Security Extensions	unknown
Hosting country	US		

SSL/TLS

SSLv3/POODLE

This site does not support the SSL version 3 protocol.

[More information about SSL version 3 and the POODLE vulnerability.](#)

Heartbleed

The site offered the Heartbeat TLS extension prior to the Heartbleed disclosure, but is using a new certificate and no longer offers Heartbeat.

This test does not exploit the Heartbleed vulnerability but uses information from conventional HTTPS requests. [More information about Heartbleed detection.](#)

Assurance	Organisation validation		
Organisation	Twitter, Inc.	Common name	twitter.com
State	California	Country	US
Organisational	lon3	Subject	twitter.com, www.twitter.com

unit		Alternative Name	
Validity period	From Apr 26 2019 to Apr 24 2020 (11 months, 4 weeks)	Matches hostname	Yes
Server	tsa_f	Public key algorithm	rsaEncryption
Protocol version	TLSv1.2	Public key length	2048
Certificate check	ok	Signature algorithm	sha256WithRSAEncryption
Serial number	0x0d6859d27f7ef968e5c9d7b330db0dd1	Cipher	ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
Version number	0x02	Perfect Forward Secrecy	Yes
Next Protocol Negotiation	h2,spdy/3.1,http/1.1	Supported TLS Extensions	<a href="#">RFC5746</a> renegotiation info, <a href="#">RFC4492</a> EC point formats, <a href="#">RFC5077</a> session ticket, Next Protocol Negotiation
Issuing organisation	DigiCert Inc	Issuer common name	DigiCert SHA2 High Assurance Server CA
Issuer unit	www.digicert.com	Issuer location	Not Present
Issuer country	US	Issuer state	Not Present
Certificate Revocation Lists	<a href="http://crl3.digicert.com/sha2-ha-server-g6.crl">http://crl3.digicert.com/sha2-ha-server-g6.crl</a> <a href="http://crl4.digicert.com/sha2-ha-server-g6.crl">http://crl4.digicert.com/sha2-ha-server-g6.crl</a>	Certificate Hash	hhlWgab4+5mux203329Opb+HYpU
Public Key Hash	a4ba579781f2f5d8649d5593099714631bcfe895339231c998734909a777753b		
OCSF servers	<a href="http://ocsp.digicert.com">http://ocsp.digicert.com</a> - 99.70% uptime in the past 24 hours 		
OCSF stapling response	No response received		
Certificate transparency	Signed Certificate Timestamps (SCTs)		
	Source	Log	Timestamp      Signature Verification
	Certificate	Google Rocketeer 7ku9t3XOYLrhQmkfq+GeZqMPf1+wctiDAMR7iXqo/cs=	2019-04-26 17:54:04      Success
	Certificate	DigiCert 2 h3W/5118+IxDMV+9827/Vo1HVjb/SrVgwbTq/16ggw8=	2019-04-26 17:54:04      Success

SSL Certificate Chain

Hosting History

Netblock owner	IP address	OS	Web server	Last seen
<a href="#">Refresh</a>				
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.65	Linux	tsa_f	11-Jul-2019
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.1	Linux	tsa_f	3-Jul-2019
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.129	Linux	tsa_f	25-Jun-2019
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.193	Linux	tsa_f	18-Jun-2019

Netblock owner	IP address	OS	Web server	Last seen
<a href="#">Refresh</a>				
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.1	Linux	tsa_f	29-May-2019
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.65	Linux	tsa_f	9-May-2019
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.193	Linux	tsa_f	29-Apr-2019
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.1	Linux	tsa_f	7-Apr-2019
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.65	Linux	tsa_f	28-Mar-2019
<a href="#">Twitter Inc. 1355 Market Street Suite 900 San Francisco CA US 94103</a>	104.244.42.1	Linux	tsa_f	8-Mar-2019

### Sender Policy Framework

A host's Sender Policy Framework (SPF) describes who can send mail on its behalf. This is done by publishing an SPF record containing a series of [rules](#). Each rule consists of a qualifier followed by a specification of which domains to apply this qualifier to. For more information please see [openspf.org](#).

Qualifier	Mechanism	Argument
+ (Pass)	ip4	199.16.156.0/22
+ (Pass)	ip4	199.59.148.0/22
+ (Pass)	ip4	8.25.194.0/23
+ (Pass)	ip4	8.25.196.0/23
+ (Pass)	ip4	<a href="#">204.92.114.203</a>
+ (Pass)	ip4	204.92.114.204/31
+ (Pass)	ip4	<a href="#">54.156.255.69</a>
+ (Pass)	include	<a href="#">_spf.google.com</a>
+ (Pass)	include	<a href="#">_thirdparty.twitter.com</a>
- (Fail)	all	

Modifiers extend the functionality of SPF records. The most common one is the redirect which indicates another host contains the SPF record being searched for.

Modifier	Argument
----------	----------

### DMARC

DMARC (Domain-based Message Authentication, Reporting and Conformance) is a mechanism for domain owners to indicate how mail purporting to originate from their domain should be authenticated. It builds on SPF and DKIM, providing a method to set policy and to give reporting of failures. For more information please see [dmarc.org](#).

Raw DMARC record:  
v=DMARC1; p=reject; rua=mailto:d@rua.agari.com; ruf=mailto:d@ruf.agari.com; fo=1

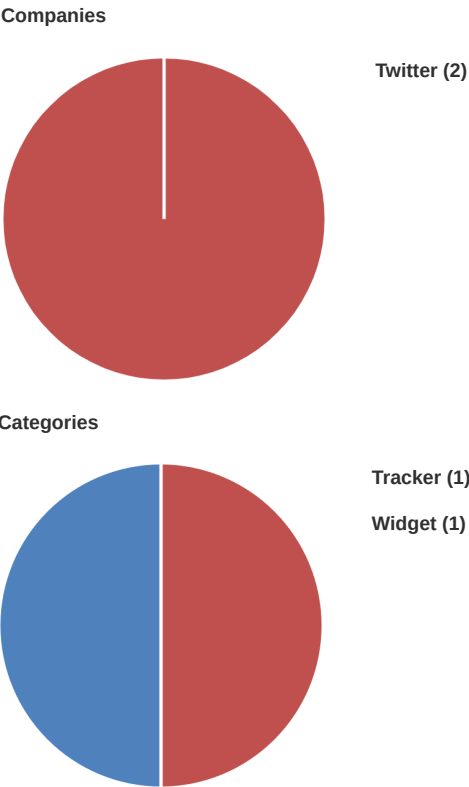
Tag	Field	Value
p=reject	Requested handling policy	Reject: emails that fail the DMARC mechanism check should be rejected. Rejection SHOULD occur during the SMTP transaction.

Tag	Field	Value
rua=mailto:d@rua.agari.com	Reporting URI(s) for aggregate data	d@rua.agari.com
	Reporting URI(s) for failure data	d@ruf.agari.com
ruf=mailto:d@ruf.agari.com	Reporting URI(s) for failure data	d@ruf.agari.com
fo=1	Failure reporting options	Generate a DMARC failure report if any underlying authentication mechanism failed to produce an aligned "pass" result.

Web Trackers

Web Trackers are third-party resources loaded onto a webpage. Trackable resources include social sharing widgets, javascript files, and images. These trackers can be used to monitor individual user behaviour across the web. Data derived from these trackers are primarily used for advertising or analytics purposes.

2 known trackers were identified.



Company	Primary Category	Tracker	Popular Sites with this Tracker
Twitter	Tracker	Tdotco	<a href="http://www.reg.ru">www.reg.ru</a> , <a href="http://idp.sans.org">idp.sans.org</a> , <a href="http://drudgereport.com">drudgereport.com</a>
	Widget	Twitter	<a href="http://www.twitter.com">www.twitter.com</a> , <a href="http://www.drudgereport.com">www.drudgereport.com</a> , <a href="http://www.express.co.uk">www.express.co.uk</a>


Site Technology

Fetchd on 10th June 2019

Server-Side


Includes all the main technologies that Netcraft detects as running on the server such as PHP.

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
<b>XML</b>	<i>No description</i>	<a href="http://www.cisco.com">www.cisco.com</a> , <a href="http://cdn.bannerflow.com">cdn.bannerflow.com</a> , <a href="http://bitcointalk.org">bitcointalk.org</a>
<b>SSL</b> 	A cryptographic protocol providing communication security over the Internet	<a href="http://kayakoreport.hostasaurus.com">kayakoreport.hostasaurus.com</a>


## Client-Side

Includes all the main technologies that run on the browser (such as JavaScript and Adobe Flash).

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
<b>Asynchronous Javascript</b>	<i>No description</i>	<a href="http://www.binance.com">www.binance.com</a> , <a href="http://www.zerohedge.com">www.zerohedge.com</a> , <a href="http://www.kraken.com">www.kraken.com</a>
<b>JavaScript</b> 	Widely-supported programming language commonly used to power client-side dynamic content on websites	<a href="http://www.google.com">www.google.com</a> , <a href="http://outlook.live.com">outlook.live.com</a> , <a href="http://vdms-ssl.cedexis-test.com">vdms-ssl.cedexis-test.com</a>


## Authentication Systems

Authentication systems enable a software to verify the identity of a user.

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
<b>Google reCAPTCHA</b> 	<i>No description</i>	<a href="http://localbitcoins.net">localbitcoins.net</a> , <a href="http://kinox.to">kinox.to</a>

## Search

A web search engine is a software that is designed to search for information on the World Wide Web or on a specific site.

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
<b>Custom Search Engine</b> 	Google Custom Search Engine	<a href="http://www.boursorama.com">www.boursorama.com</a> , <a href="http://www.yandex.ru">www.yandex.ru</a> , <a href="http://www.researchgate.net">www.researchgate.net</a>


## Character Encoding

A character encoding system consists of a code that pairs each character from a given repertoire with something else such as a bit pattern, sequence of natural numbers, octets, or electrical pulses in order to facilitate the transmission of data (generally numbers or text) through telecommunication networks or for data storage.

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
<b>UTF8</b> 	UCS Transformation Format 8 bit	<a href="http://gmail.com">gmail.com</a>






## HTTP Compression

HTTP compression is a capability that can be built into web servers and web clients to make better use of available bandwidth, and provide greater transmission speeds between both.

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
<b>Gzip Content Encoding</b> 	Gzip HTTP Compression protocol	<a href="http://www.amazon.fr">www.amazon.fr</a> , <a href="http://www.tsetmc.com">www.tsetmc.com</a> , <a href="http://www.instructables.com">www.instructables.com</a>


## Web Browser Targeting

Web browser targeting enables software applications to make use of specific functions of the browser as well as optimizing the application for specific browser versions.

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
X-Content-Type-Options 	Browser MIME type sniffing is disabled	<a href="http://www.facebook.com">www.facebook.com</a> , <a href="http://www.bitmex.com">www.bitmex.com</a> , <a href="http://www.googleadservices.com">www.googleadservices.com</a>
X-Frame-Options Deny 	Prevents the web page being embedded in a frame	<a href="http://www.coinbase.com">www.coinbase.com</a> , <a href="http://www.virustotal.com">www.virustotal.com</a> , <a href="http://www.tumblr.com">www.tumblr.com</a>
X-XSS-Protection Reporting 	Cross-site scripting attempts are reported	<a href="http://www.twitter.com">www.twitter.com</a> , <a href="http://www.netflix.com">www.netflix.com</a> , <a href="mailto:hi-tech@mail.ru">hi-tech@mail.ru</a>
Strict Transport Security 	Web security policy mechanism whereby a web server declares that complying user agents are to interact with it using only secure HTTP connections	<a href="http://docs.microsoft.com">docs.microsoft.com</a> , <a href="mailto:outlook.office365.com">outlook.office365.com</a> , <a href="http://secure-assets.rubiconproject.com">secure-assets.rubiconproject.com</a>
X-XSS-Protection Block 	Block pages on which cross-site scripting is detected	<a href="http://login.salesforce.com">login.salesforce.com</a> , <a href="http://lastpass.com">lastpass.com</a> , <a href="http://accounts.google.com">accounts.google.com</a>


Doctype

A Document Type Declaration, or DOCTYPE, is an instruction that associates a particular SGML or XML document (for example, a webpage) with a Document Type Definition (DTD).

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
HTML5 	Latest revision of the HTML standard, the main markup language on the web	<a href="http://dtm.advertising.com">dtm.advertising.com</a>

CSS Usage

Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) is a style sheet language used for describing the presentation semantics (the look and formatting) of a document written in a markup language (such as XHTML).

Technology	Description	Popular sites using this technology
External 	Styles defined within an external CSS file	<a href="http://www.amazon.co.uk">www.amazon.co.uk</a> , <a href="http://www.msn.com">www.msn.com</a> , <a href="http://www.linkedin.com">www.linkedin.com</a>