

1. JAVA BASICS

1)

Class:

A class describes the contents of the objects that belong to it: it describes an aggregate of data or variables within the class (instance variables), and defines the operations (methods).

The general form of a class:

```
class classname
{
    type instance-variable1;
    type instance-variable2;
    // ...
    type instance-variableN;
    type methodname1(parameter-list)
    {
        // body of method
    }
    type methodname2(parameter-list)
    {
        // body of method
    }
    ...
    type methodnameN(parameter-list)
    {
        // body of method
    }
}
```

Object:

An object is an instance of a class; objects have the behaviours of their class. The object is the actual component of programs, while the class specifies how instances are created and how they behave.

Method:

A method is an action or function which an object is able to perform.

The general form of a method:

```
type name(parameter-list)
{
    // body of method
}
```

2)

Java program to print your name -

```
public class Exercise2
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println("Hello!My name is Veda Sahiti.K");
    }
}
```

Output-

Hello!My name is Veda Sahiti.K

3)

Program for a Single line comment, multi-line and documentation comments -
public class Exercise3

```
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println("Comments");
        //This is single line comment
        /*
        This
        is
        multi line
        comment
        */
        /**
        This
        is
        documentation
        comment
        */
    }
}
```

4)

Program to define variables for different data types(int, Boolean, char, float, double) and print on the console -

// dynamic initialization.

class Exercise4

```
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int a = 89;
        boolean b = true;
        char c = 'A';
        float d = 4.7333434f;
        double e = 4.355453532;
        System.out.println("Integer: " + a);
        if (b == true)
            System.out.println("Yes! Boolean");
        System.out.println("Char: " + c);
        System.out.println("float: " + d);
        System.out.println("double: " + e);
    }
}
```

Output-

Integer: 89

Yes! Boolean
Char: A
float: 4.7333436
double: 4.355453532

5)

```
class Excercise5
{
    public static void main (String args[])
    {
        int x; // known to all code within main
        x = 10;
        if(x == 10)
        {
            // start new scope
            int y = 20; // known only to this block
            // x and y both known here.
            System.out.println("x and y: " + x + " " + y);
            x = y * 2;}
            // y = 100; // Error! y not known here
            // x is still known here.
            System.out.println("x is " + x);
        }
    }
}
```

Output-

x and y: 10 20
x is 40

6)

```
public class Excercise6
{
    static void myMethod()
    {
        System.out.println("My name is Veda Sahiti.K");
    }
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        myMethod();
    }
}
```

Output-

My name is Veda Sahiti.K