Safety Escort Service Database Management System

Milestone – Application in Python

Group 22

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Percentage of Effort Contributed by Veda: 50

Percentage of Effort Contributed by Satyajit: 50

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In [1]: !pip install mysql-connector-python
         Requirement already satisfied: mysql-connector-python in c:\users\veda1\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (8.0.32)
         Requirement already satisfied: protobuf<=3.20.3,>=3.11.0 in c:\users\veda1\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from mysql-connector-python) (3.20.3)
In [2]: %pip install pandas
         Requirement already satisfied: pandas in c:\users\veda1\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (1.5.3)
         Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.21.0 in c:\users\veda1\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (1.24.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in c:\users\veda1\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2.8.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\veda1\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2022.7)
         Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\veda1\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.1->pandas) (1.16.0)
         Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
 In [3]: # Importing libraries
         import mysql.connector
         from mysql.connector import Error
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pandas as pd
 In [4]: # Establish connection
          try:
              connection = mysql.connector.connect(host='localhost',
                                                     database='sesdb',
                                                     user='root',
                                                     password='root')
              if connection.is_connected():
                  db_Info = connection.get_server_info()
                  print("Connected to MySQL Server version ", db_Info)
                  cursor = connection.cursor()
                  cursor.execute("select database();")
                  record = cursor.fetchone()
                  print("You're connected to database: ", record)
          except Error as e:
              print("Error while connecting to MySQL", e)
         Connected to MySQL Server version 8.0.32
         You're connected to database: ('sesdb',)
              # Fetch Students details
In [5]:
              Query= "select * from student"
              cursor=connection.cursor()
              cursor.execute(Query)
              records=cursor.fetchall()
              for row in records:
                  print(row)
         (1, 'Farrand Pell', 'fpello@sogou.com', 'HOODG8Sv', 481239621, '9 Iowa Parkway', 905, 'Green Ridge', 24741)
         (2, 'Jeri Penchen', 'jpenchen1@boston.com', 'rUs00cR6j2', 747577518, '407 Express Place', 899, 'Sloan', 20729)
         (3, 'Elna Balmadier', 'ebalmadier2@homestead.com', 'cviAd3sX', 799184305, '77 Straubel Point', 3136, 'Buell', 26661) (4, 'Estell Barlee', 'ebarlee3@google.nl', 'ZkatYfcCEQU', 557408756, '1087 Carey Place', 5210, 'Macpherson', 13950)
         (5, 'Drusi Davidofski', 'ddavidofski4@amazon.co.uk', 'ZzTpTyn', 759309149, '4 Messerschmidt Alley', 67545, 'John Wall', 29610) (6, 'Trula Antcliff', 'tantcliff5@ycombinator.com', 'FVihBvSKSM', 646381130, '515 Northport Alley', 609, 'Pawling', 12102)
         (7, 'Angeline Gooday', 'agooday6@businesswire.com', 'B5Y6p5', 386266901, '21972 Shelley Drive', 69, 'Leroy', 16361)
         (8, 'Charyl Brunotti', 'cbrunotti7@vk.com', 'nOYywJKd0', 2083996489, '52968 Stoughton Road', 70168, 'Crowley', 27037)
         (9, 'Tawsha Cuss', 'tcuss8@mlb.com', 'eajMJe', 706453634, '0 Ilene Drive', 186, 'Kenwood', 14237)
         (10, 'Carmita Backshaw', 'cbackshaw9@photobucket.com', 'FAH0EAt', 224173129, '516 Macpherson Trail', 91, 'Paget', 27007)
In [6]: #Get the names and contact information of all drivers who are currently busy
         sql_select_Query= "SELECT Dname, Dphone, Demail FROM Driver WHERE Dstatus = 'busy'"
         cursor=connection.cursor()
         cursor.execute(sql_select_Query)
         records=cursor.fetchall()
          for row in records:
              print(row)
         ('Hort Pollock', 786661168, 'hpollock1@hugedomains.com')
         ('Alexandros Makeswell', 644919098, 'amakeswell3@apple.com')
         ('Bard Drinkeld', 649084910, 'bdrinkeld4@tamu.edu')
         ('Omero Langhorne', 948827689, 'olanghorne5@go.com')
 In [7]: # fetch notifications table
          sql_select_Query1= "select * from notifications;
         cursor=connection.cursor()
         cursor.execute(sql_select_Query1)
         records=cursor.fetchall()
         for row in records:
              print(row)
         (1, 'Booked')
         (2, 'Ride on the way')
         (3, 'Arrived')
         (4, 'Cancelled')
In [8]: # Ride Type
         sql_select_Query= "SELECT R_type, COUNT(*) as num FROM ride GROUP BY R_type"
         cursor=connection.cursor()
         cursor.execute(sql_select_Query)
         data=cursor.fetchall()
         # create lists to store the x and y values
         x_{values} = [row[0]  for row  in data]
         y_values = [row[1] for row in data]
         # plot the bar graph
         plt.bar(x_values, y_values)
         \# set the x and y labels
         plt.xlabel('Ride Type')
         plt.ylabel('Number of Rides')
         # show the plot
         plt.show()
             6
             5
         Number of Rides
             2
             1
             0
                                                             Immediate
                          Pre-Booking
                                            Ride Type
In [9]: #count of rides for each vehicle, along with its type
         query = """
              SELECT vh.V_model, COUNT(*) AS ride_count
              FROM ride_history rh
              JOIN vehicle vh ON rh.V_ID = vh.V_ID
              GROUP BY vh.V_model;
         df = pd.read_sql(query, connection)
         # Create a pie chart
         plt.pie(df['ride_count'], labels=df['V_model'], autopct='%1.1f%%')
         plt.title('Most Used Vehicle Types')
         plt.show()
         C:\Users\veda1\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6940\3566762683.py:9: UserWarning: pandas only supports SQLAlchemy connectable (engine/connection) or d
         atabase string URI or sqlite3 DBAPI2 connection. Other DBAPI2 objects are not tested. Please consider using SQLAlchemy.
          df = pd.read_sql(query, connection)
                      Most Used Vehicle Types
                                             Toyota
                                      36.4%
          GMC
                     18.2%
                         18.2%
                                        27.3%
            Chevrolet
                                                  Hyundai
In [10]: ## plot the number of rides in each month between 2017 and 2023
         # construct SQL query to select ride count by month
         query = """
              SELECT
                  YEAR(RH_stime) AS year,
                  MONTH(RH_stime) AS month,
                  COUNT(*) AS ride_count
              FROM ride_history
              WHERE RH_stime >= '2017-01-01' AND RH_etime <= '2023-12-31'
              GROUP BY YEAR(RH_stime), MONTH(RH_stime)
         # execute query and fetch results
         cursor=connection.cursor()
         cursor.execute(query)
         results=cursor.fetchall()
         # convert results to Pandas DataFrame
         df = pd.DataFrame(results, columns=['year', 'month', 'ride_count'])
         df = df.sort_values(by='year', ascending=True)
         # create a new datetime column from year and month columns
         df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df[['month', 'year']].assign(day=1))
         # set the date column as the DataFrame index
         df.set_index(['month', 'year'], inplace=True)
         # create a bar plot of ride count by month
         ax = df.plot(kind='line', y='ride_count', figsize=(10, 6), marker='o')
         # set plot title and axis labels
         ax.set_title('Number of Rides by Month, 2017-2023')
         ax.set_xlabel('Month')
         ax.set_ylabel('Number of Rides')
         # display the plot
         plt.show()
                                              Number of Rides by Month, 2017-2023

    ride_count

             6
             5
          Number of Rides
             3
             2
             1
                (1, 2020)
                                               (12, 2021)
                                                                               (3, 2023)
                                                                                                               (1, 2023)
                                                                 Month
In [11]: #plot the number of rides each driver had
         # execute the SQL query
         query = """
         SELECT d.Dname, COUNT(*) AS num_rides
         FROM ride_history r
         JOIN driver d ON r.D_ID = d.D_ID
         GROUP BY d.Dname
         cursor = connection.cursor()
         cursor.execute(query)
         # extract the results
         results = cursor.fetchall()
         # extract the driver names and number of rides into separate lists
         driver_names = [result[0] for result in results]
         num_rides = [result[1] for result in results]
         # create the bar plot
         plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
         plt.bar(driver_names, num_rides)
         plt.xlabel('Driver')
         plt.ylabel('Number of rides')
         plt.title('Number of rides per driver')
         plt.show()
                                                                 Number of rides per driver
             4.0
             3.5
             3.0
          Number of rides
             2.0
             1.5
             1.0
             0.5
```

0.0

Hort Pollock

Shalne Sherlocklexandros MakeswellBard Drinkeld Omero Langhorne Reyna Isaak

Driver

Armand Puller