

Hardware Setup for Imaging Lab 2 and 3

Light Sensor Breadboard Circuit

Build the ambient light sensor circuit on a breadboard and hook it up to the Launchpad, as you did in Imaging Lab 1. This requires the following parts:

- 1x Breadboard
 - 4x Male-to-Male Jumper Wires (Exposed metal connections on both ends)
 - 1x Ambient Light Sensor a.k.a. Phototransistor (Cory 140 only)
 - 1x AAXA Technologies Projector with Light Sensor (Cory 125 only)
 - 1x $0.1\mu\text{F}$ Capacitor (104)
 - 1x $100k\Omega$ Resistor (Brown-Black-Yellow-Gold)
 - 1x TI Launchpad MSP430F5529LP
 - 1x Micro-USB to USB-A Cable (Long, supplied for this lab)

The schematic that you will build is shown below. Labels in purple indicate connections to the Launchpad. First, we will plug the necessary circuit elements into the breadboard. Follow the instructions below exactly.

Schematic	Breadboard View
<p>On Breadboard</p>	

Setting up the Breadboard:

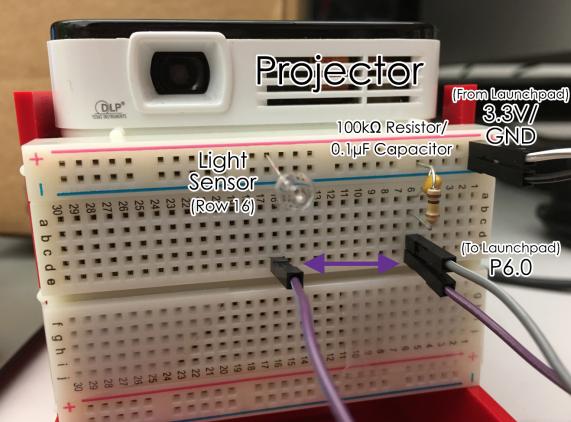
- For Cory 140 ONLY: Plug the **long leg of the ambient light sensor** into **Row 16, Column A of the breadboard**, as illustrated in the breadboard diagram above. The short leg should be plugged into the nearest hole in the **red (+) column** of the breadboard.

- For Cory 125 **ONLY**: Plug in the negative jumper wire (labeled with a **minus**) from the light sensor that is taped onto the projector to **Row 16, Column A of the breadboard**, as illustrated in the breadboard diagram above. The positive jumper wire (labeled with a **plus**) from the light sensor should be plugged into a hole in the **red (+) column** of the breadboard. *You will be using the light sensor that is taped onto the projector as opposed to your own.*
- For everyone: Plug one leg of the **$100\text{k}\Omega$ resistor** into a hole in **Row 6** of the breadboard. Plug its other leg into a nearby hole in the **blue (-) column**.
- For everyone: In a similar fashion, plug the **$0.1\mu\text{F}$ capacitor** into a hole in **Row 6** of the breadboard. The other leg should also be plugged into the **blue (-) column**. *Warning: Make sure that none of the legs are touching each other to prevent shorting!*
- For everyone: Use a **male-to-male jumper wire** to connect (short) **Row 16, Column E** to **Row 6, Column E**.

Stand Setup

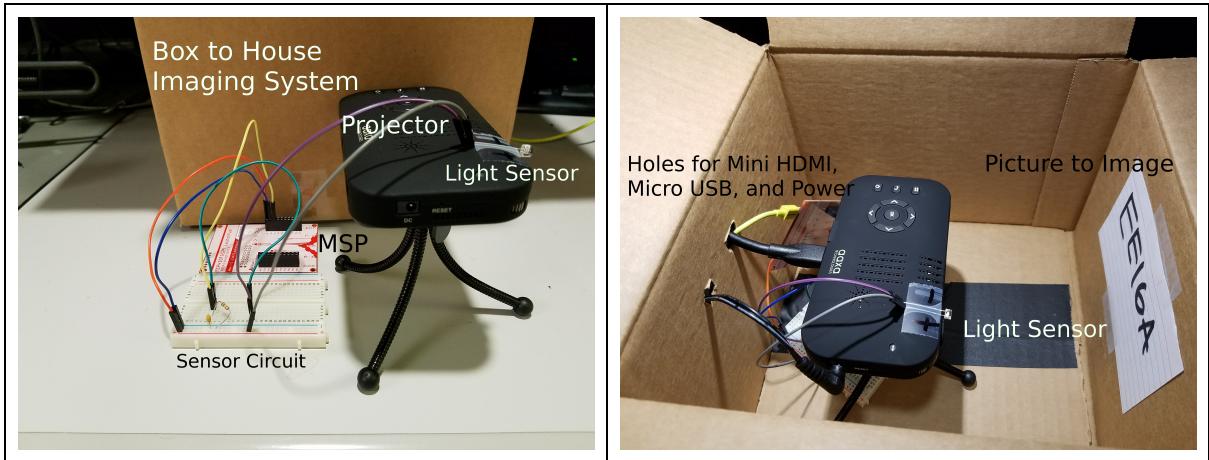
*Unlike last week, we care about where the light sensor and other components are placed on the breadboard. **The light sensor should be facing the center of the image being captured (roughly the center of the projected display), and should not be tilted away.** No components, wires, etc. should get in its way. Therefore, everything else is carefully placed to the side. This is evidenced from the photos below:*

Cory 140

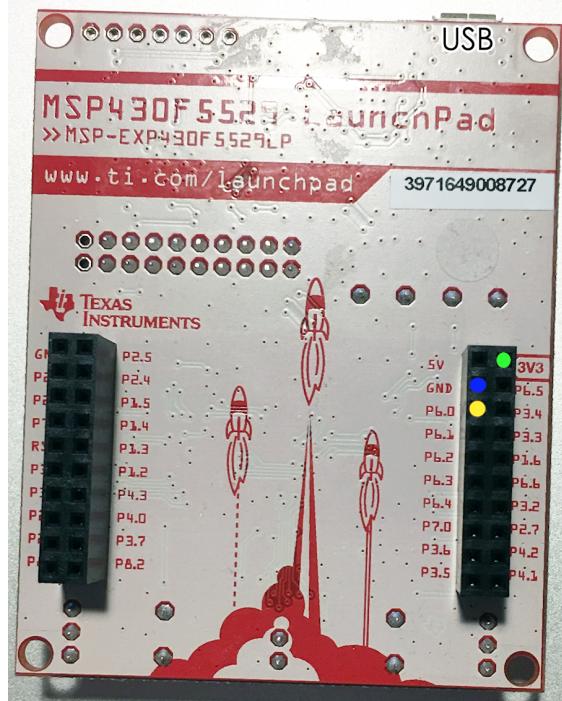
Front	Side
	

Cory 125

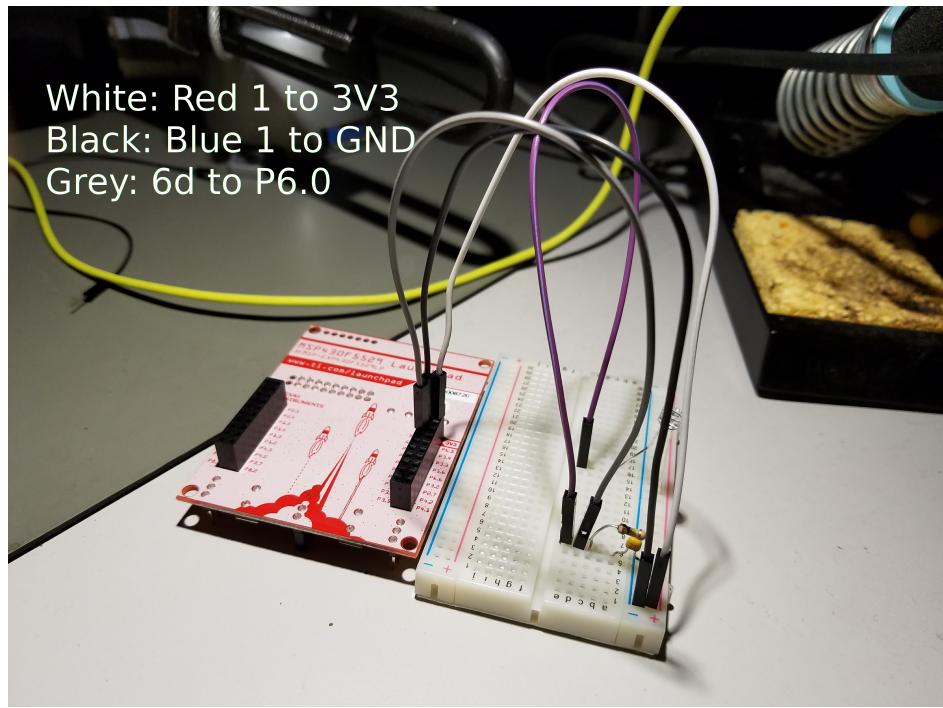
Side	Top
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- Cory 140 **ONLY**: Take the plastic stand (with projector) out of the cardboard box at your station. The breadboard should be sitting on top of the stand's raised base (immediately in front of/below the projector). You should **tape the breadboard's side to the stand, as shown in the (Side) photo**. Tape is on the TA desk; do not take the whole dispenser.



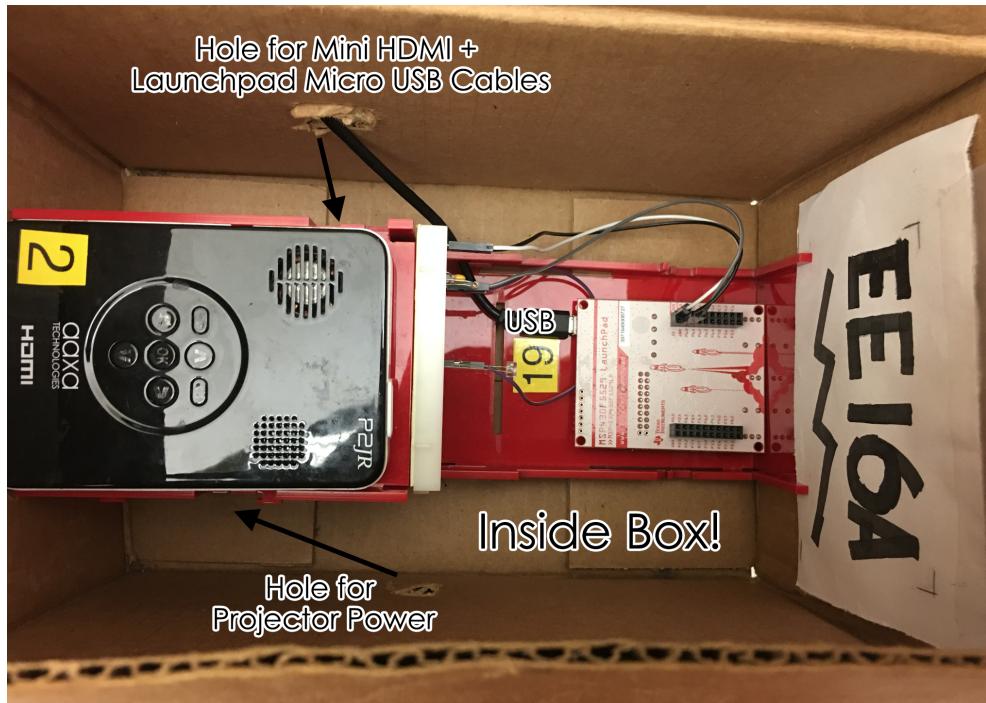
- After attaching the breadboard to the stand, place the **Launchpad at the stand's base** and use a **male-to-male jumper wire** to connect **Row 6 (= sensor circuit output)** to **P6.0 on the back of the Launchpad (yellow)**. The Launchpad can read analog voltage values from our circuit, convert them into digital values, and then send them over to our computer.
- The Launchpad supplies 3.3V to our circuit. Use a **male-to-male jumper wire** to connect the right-most hole (~Row 1) in the **red (+) column** (3.3V supply) to **3V3 on the back of the Launchpad (green)**.
- Use a **male-to-male jumper wire** to connect the right-most hole in the **blue (-) column** (0V) to **GND on the back of the Launchpad (blue)**.



Again, make sure none of your wires get in the way of the projector or light sensor. If they do, consider taping them down.

Launchpad (MSP430) Setup

Cory 140



Cory 125



- First, move **everything into the cardboard box. For 125 Cory:** If you are having trouble keeping the projector upright, really spread open the tripod legs. Feel free to put the breadboard and MSP anywhere in the box (on top of the projector, in front of the projector) as long as it does not get in the way of the projected image.
- Feed a **long Micro-USB cable** (already connected to your computer on the USB-A end) **through the hole in the box closest to the Launchpad's Micro-USB port. Plug it into the Launchpad's Micro-USB port.** You can find the cable in the box for **140 Cory**, and already attached to the computer in 125 Cory.
- **Open the AnalogReadSerial program in Energia (File > Open).** This is a different Launchpad code from last week, and can be found in the Imaging Lab 2 folder you downloaded. **Upload the code by clicking on the Upload button (white circle with a right-pointing arrow, as shown below):**





- To verify that the program is working, type a 6 into the serial monitor (accessed in Energia via Tools > Serial Monitor). You will need to set the Baud Rate to 115200. You should see a reading from the ambient light sensor appear. Take note of the highest and lowest values you can read.

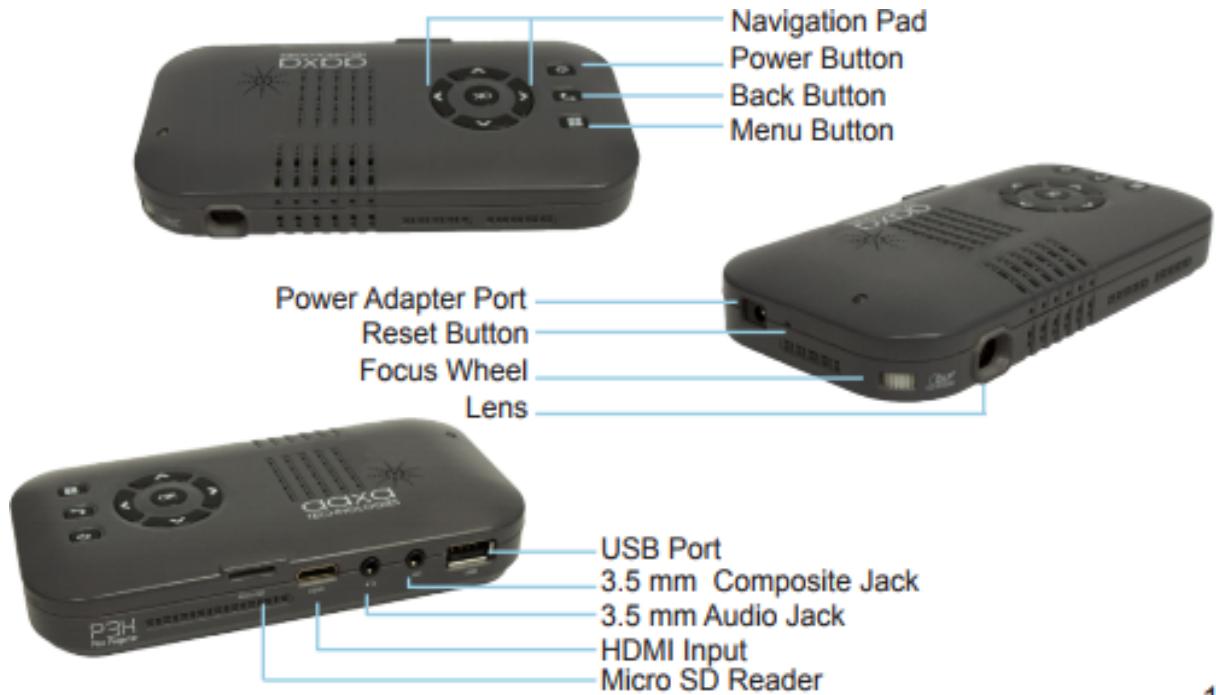
*Note: If you're having any trouble connecting to your Launchpad, double check that the right board is selected via Tools > Board > MSP-EXP430F5529LP. Also double check that the right serial port is selected via Tools > Port > COM#. In order to upload code to the device, we have to select the serial port that the Launchpad is connected to. Use the *Windows Device Manager to figure out which COM port is connected to UART1.*

Projector Setup

Cory 140



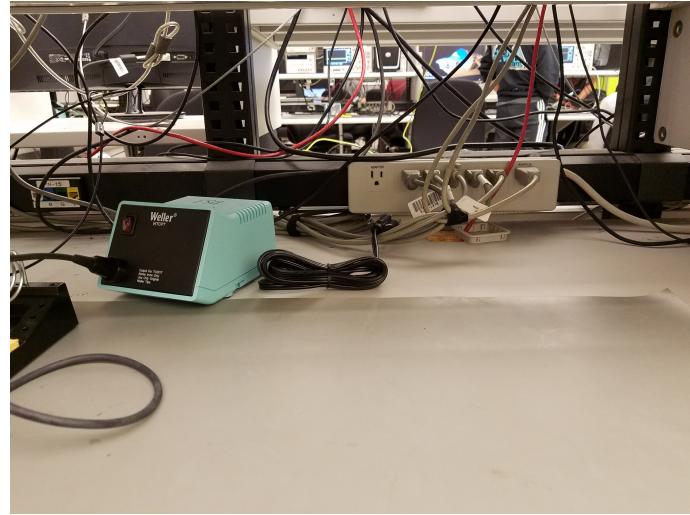
Cory 125



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Setup the projector with the following steps:

- **Feed the Mini-HDMI cable and projector power cable through the box holes closest to corresponding projector ports (refer back to Launchpad Setup as reference) and connect them to the projector.** The Mini-HDMI cable should already be plugged into the computer. You can likely find it on the computer or behind the monitor. The power adapter should be plugged into one of the outlets at the back of your workstation, behind your keyboard. In Cory 125, all the outlets may be used. Unplug the Soldering Iron (turquoise, shown below).

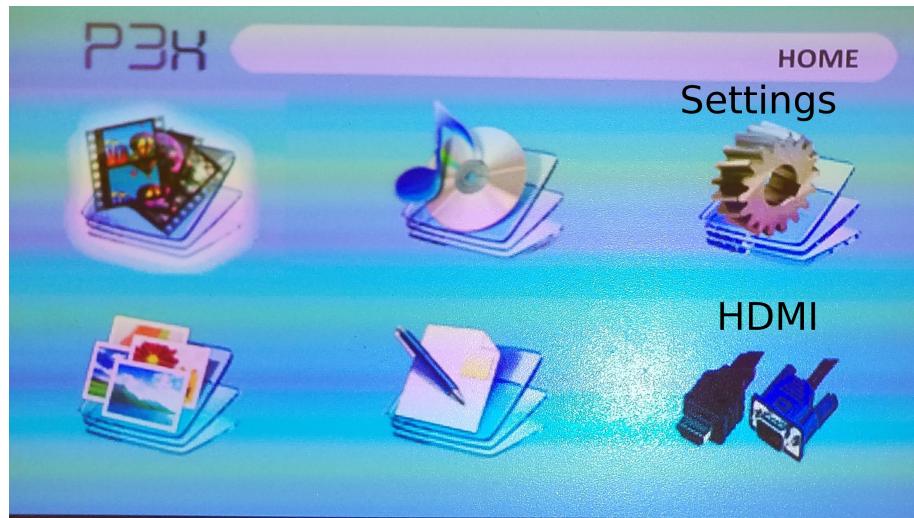


- Turn on the projector by holding down the **Power button** (see the previous figure).
- Find the **Focus Adjustment** wheel on the side of the projector to adjust the focus of the projection onto the box. Get it as close as possible; *Cory 125* projectors will not have perfect focus.

Cory 140:



Cory 125:



- Using the left/right arrows on the **Directional Pads**, select **HDMI** on the projector's **main menu**. After a few seconds, you should see the Windows 10 desktop.
- If you see the Windows 10 taskbar at the bottom of the projected screen, take the following precautions:
 1. Hit the **Windows key** and type **Settings**.
 2. Click on the **Personalization** icon.
 3. Click on **Taskbar** on the left side.
 4. Under the **Multiple Displays** section, turn **Show taskbar on all displays off**.
- Use the **Back button** on the projector to return to displaying the **main menu**.
- Use the left/right arrows to select the **Settings** option (gears icon).



- Change the **Picture Mode** from Standard to **User**.

- **IMPORTANT:** Use the down arrow to move the cursor down to **Contrast**. Then use the right arrow to adjust the contrast to **100**.
- **IMPORTANT:** Move the cursor down to **Brightness** and use the left arrow to adjust the brightness to **0**.
- To **Confirm the Selection**, hit **OK** and exit the menu with the **Back button**.
- Again, select **HDMI** on the projector's **main menu** and make sure that you see the Windows 10 desktop on your projector.

Your Hardware should now be properly setup!