

Assignment 1

Vedanshu Goyal
B19CSE096

Compile : `g++ -std=c++17`

a)

I have implemented the Baum-Welch algorithm to solve this problem. The Baum-Welch algorithm, also known as the Forward-Backward algorithm, is a dynamic programming algorithm used in the estimation of parameters for hidden Markov models (HMMs).

Firstly I InitializeModel or `_a` and `_b` matrix where
 `_a[i][j]` -> Probability for state `i` to state `j`
 `_b[i][j]` -> Probability of observation `j` in state `i`
I Initialize this Matrix with random probabilities and conditions given in the questions.

Then I implement Alpha and Beta Matrix, with forward and backward Algorithms.

Then I use the Baum-Welch algorithm, to update the probabilities;

b)

For Part b), We can directly use the Alpha Matrix and then accumulate the result of the last column.

c)

For Part c), I use the dynamic programming algorithm with backtracking to generate the answer, like VITERBI ALGORITHM

$$v_t(j) = \max_{i=1}^N v_{t-1}(i) a_{ij} b_j(o_t)$$

function VITERBI(*observations* of len T , *state-graph* of len N) **returns** *best-path*, *path-prob*

create a path probability matrix *viterbi*[N, T]

for each state s **from** 1 **to** N **do** ; initialization step

viterbi[$s, 1$] $\leftarrow \pi_s * b_s(o_1)$

backpointer[$s, 1$] $\leftarrow 0$

for each time step t **from** 2 **to** T **do** ; recursion step

for each state s **from** 1 **to** N **do**

viterbi[s, t] $\leftarrow \max_{s'=1}^N \text{viterbi}[s', t-1] * a_{s', s} * b_s(o_t)$

backpointer[s, t] $\leftarrow \operatorname{argmax}_{s'=1}^N \text{viterbi}[s', t-1] * a_{s', s} * b_s(o_t)$

bestpathprob $\leftarrow \max_{s=1}^N \text{viterbi}[s, T]$; termination step

bestpathpointer $\leftarrow \operatorname{argmax}_{s=1}^N \text{viterbi}[s, T]$; termination step

bestpath \leftarrow the path starting at state *bestpathpointer*, that follows *backpointer*[] to states back in time

return *bestpath*, *bestpathprob*