CAPSTONE PROJECT

IMPROVED SOURCE OF DRINKING WATER

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CSE-DS



OUTLINE

- Problem Statement (Should not include solution)
- Proposed System/Solution
- System Development Approach (Technology Used)
- Algorithm & Deployment
- Result (Output Image)
- Conclusion
- Future Scope
- References



PROBLEM STATEMENT NO. 38

Access to safe and improved sources of drinking water remains a critical issue in India, especially in rural and underdeveloped regions. Despite ongoing efforts under the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), inequalities persist in water accessibility across states and socio-economic groups. This project aims to analyze data from the 78th Round of the Multiple Indicator Survey (MIS) to assess the percentage of the population with access to improved drinking water sources. It will also explore related indicators such as use of clean cooking fuel and migration trends. By identifying patterns and disparities, the study will generate actionable insights to support evidence-based policymaking. The ultimate goal is to help ensure equitable access to clean water and contribute to India's progress on SDG targets.



PROPOSED SOLUTION

Design an Al-powered analytics platform to comprehensively analyse drinking water accessibility patterns across India using the 78th Round Multiple Indicator

Survey (MIS) data, enabling data-driven policy recommendations for equitable water distribution.

Data Collection & Integration:

- Utilize the 78th Round MIS dataset from AI Kosh containing comprehensive drinking water access indicators.
- Integrate **supplementary datasets** including clean cooking fuel usage and migration

patterns. Data Preprocessing & Feature Engineering:

- Clean and standardize multi-source datasets to handle inconsistencies and missing values. Create composite indicators combining water access, sanitation, and
 - socio-economic factors.
- Geographic clustering to identify regional patterns and disparities. Temporal analysis features to track progress over time.

Machine Learning & Analytics:

- Implement **predictive models** (Random Forest, Gradient Boosting) to forecast water accessibility trends
- Classification algorithms to categorize regions based on water access levels (High, Medium, Low). Clustering techniques (K-means, DBSCAN) to identify similar socio-economic groups
- Correlation analysis between water access and related indicators (cooking fuel,

migration) IBM Cloud Deployment Architecture:

- IBM Watson Studio for model development and training. IBM Cloud Object Storage for secure dataset management and artifacts
- IBM Cloud Functions for serverless real-time analytics. IBM Cognos Analytics for interactive dashboard



SYSTEM APPROACH

System Requirements

- IBM Cloud Lite Account→ Services used: Watson Studio, Cloud Object Storage (COS), Cloud Functions
- Notebook Runtime: Python 3.10+ (in IBM Watson Studio)
- Internet Access for cloud integration and dataset handling

Libraries Used

- Pandas → Tabular data processing
- NumPy → Efficient numeric computations
- Matplotlib / Seaborn → Visual trend analysis
- **ibm-watsonx-ai** → AI integration with foundation models
- **ibm_boto3** → Access IBM Cloud Object Storage programmatically



ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

Algorithm Selection:

- GroupBy Aggregation for computing population proportions. Chi-Square Analysis to test associations (e.g., water source vs. migration)
- **K-Means Clustering** (Optional) to group regions by access

similarity Data Input:

Fields from the MIS dataset, including:

- Primary source of drinking water and Type of cooking fuel
- Migration details (household movement patterns). Demographics: State, region, income class

Training Process (for clustering):

Data is **preprocessed** (missing values handled, labels encoded)

- Normalize values using Min-Max scaling
- Apply **K-Means** with optimal number of clusters chosen via **Elbow Method** and Evaluate cluster quality using **Silhouette**

Score Prediction Process:

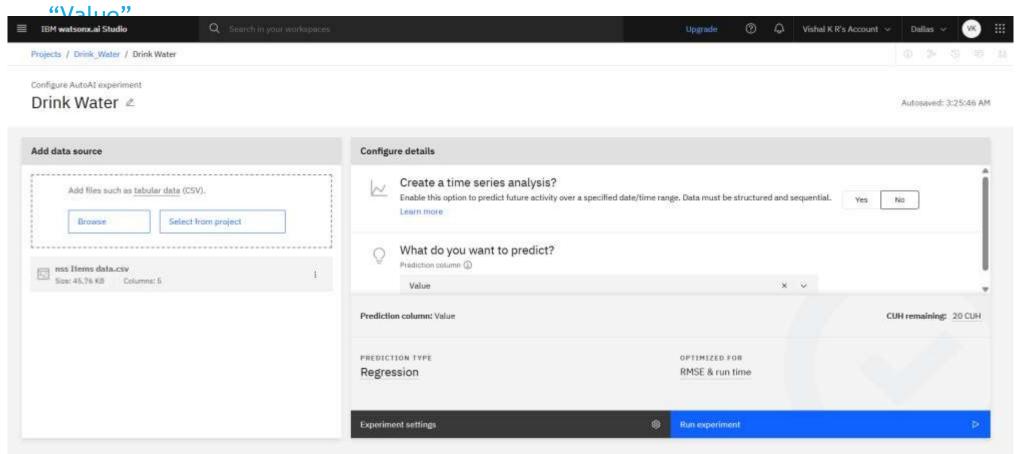
- Insights are generated from visual trends, statistical tests, and cluster mappings
- Results are converted into graphs, maps, and policy-friendly summaries
- IBM Watson Studio and Watsonx APIs may assist in summarizing key

findings **Deployment**:

- All notebooks and analytics were hosted on IBM Watson Studio (Lite Tier)
- Final results are made accessible through a Flask web interface or triggered via IBM Cloud Functions
- Stored and backed up in IRM Cloud Object Storage (COS) for reliable access

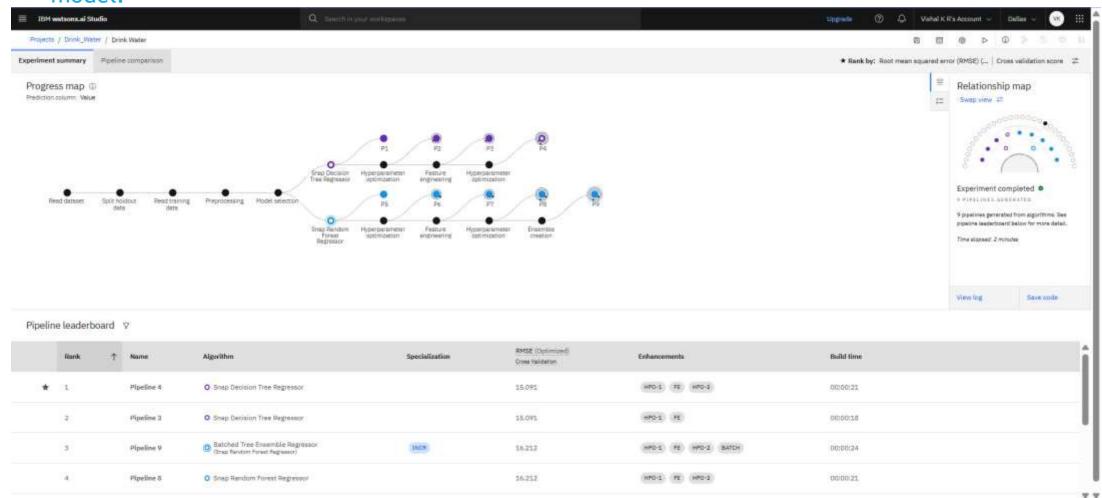


- Creating AutoAl agent.
- Uploading the dataset "nss Items data.csv".
- Using Prediction Model "Regression" to predict



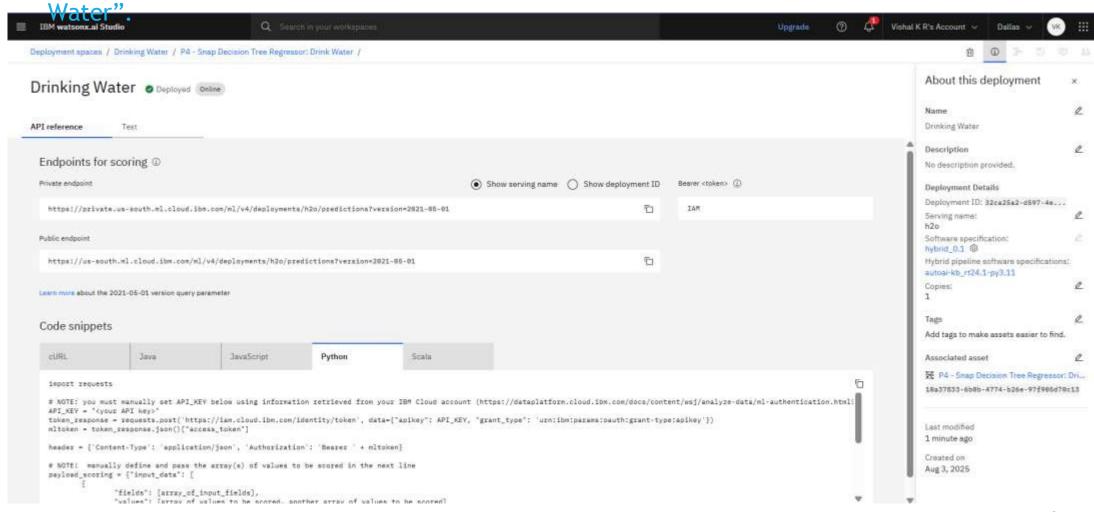


• Training the model and Selecting the best Pipeline "Pipeline 4" as output model.





Deploying the model as "Drinking





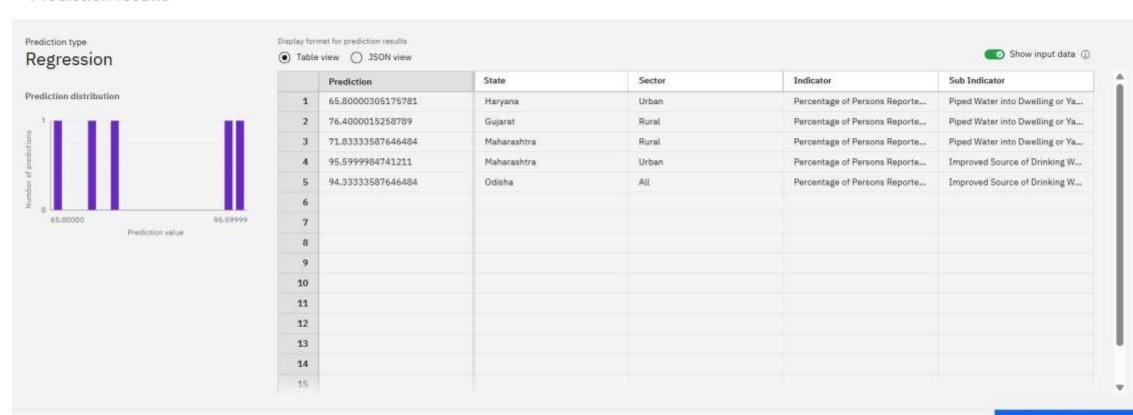
 Loading few Testing Data for prediction.
 Deployment spaces / Drinking Water / P4 - Snap Decision Tree Regressor: Drink Water /

n 0 > 0 = H Drinking Water Opployed Online API reference Test Enter input data 250N Enter data manually or use a CSV file to populate the spreadsheet, Max file size is 50 MB. Download CSV template ★ Browse local files A Search in space A Clear all X State (other) Sector (other) Indicator (other) Sub Indicator (other) Haryana Urban Percentage of Persons Reported to Have Access to Piped Wal-Piped Water into Dwelling or Yard/plot Rural Percentage of Persons Reported to Have Access to Piped Wal Piped Water into Dwelling or Yard/plot Gujarat Maharashtra Rural. Percentage of Persons Reported to Have Access to Piped War. Piped Water into Dwelling or Yard/plot Maharashtra Urban Percentage of Persons Reported to Have Access to Piped Wal Improved Source of Drinking Water Odisha. All Percentage of Persons Reported to Have Access to Piped War. Improved Source of Drinking Water 5 rows, 4 columns



 Results of Prediction value with Prediction Distribution.

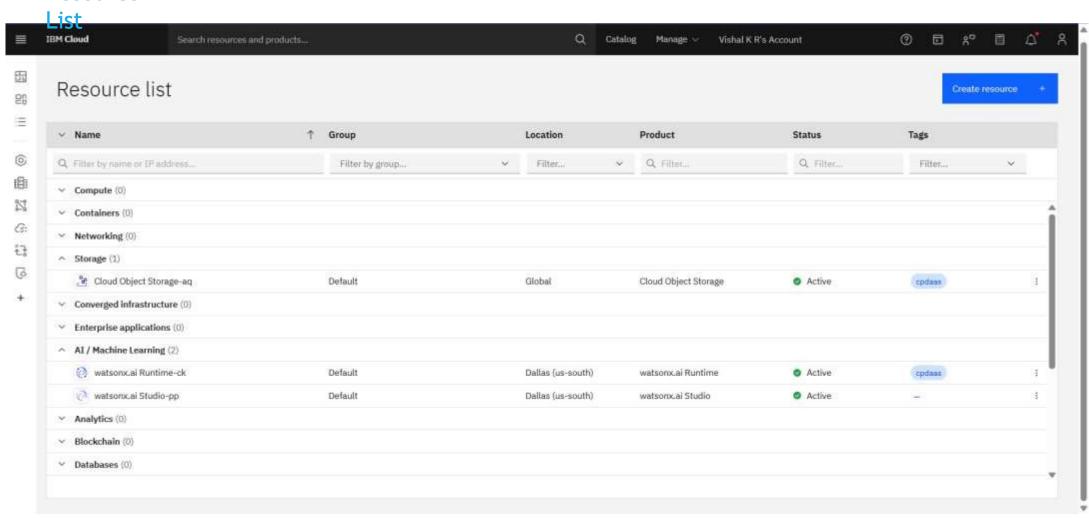
Prediction results



Download JSON file



Resource





CONCLUSION

Key Findings & Effectiveness:

- The project effectively identified inequalities in access to improved drinking water using government-backed MIS data.
- Analysis revealed:
 - State-wise disparities in improved water access
 - Strong links between clean fuel access and migration patterns
 - Vulnerable groups (e.g., rural, low-income) with significantly lower access rates

Challenges Faced:

- Missing and inconsistent entries in the MIS dataset required intensive cleaning
- Difficulty in categorical encoding across multiple social indicators
- Limited availability of **ground-truth labels** for

validation Implementation Success:

- IBM Cloud services like **Watson Studio** and **Cloud Object Storage** enabled seamless processing and storage
- Visualizations and insights were generated efficiently using Python and open-source tools

Impact:

- The project provides a **data-driven lens** for policymakers to target areas with **low water security**
- Supports India's progress toward Sustainable Development Goal 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation)



FUTURE SCOPE

- Incorporate Additional Data Sources
 Integrate real-time environmental data, socioeconomic indicators, and census insights to enrich the analysis and offer more context-aware recommendations.
- Optimize Data Processing Pipeline
 Enhance performance through automated preprocessing, data validation scripts, and use of Spark or Pandas on IBM Cloud Pak for Data to scale efficiently.
- Expand Regional Coverage
 Scale the system to analyze multiple states or union territories, enabling cross-state comparison and centralized water access planning across India.
- Advanced Algorithm Enhancement Introduce advanced ML models (e.g., ensemble classifiers or transformer-based analytics) for predicting vulnerable regions and policy outcome simulations.
- Integration with Emerging Technologies
 Utilize Edge Computing (e.g., IBM Edge Application Manager) for on-site deployment in rural areas and explore
 - Watsonx.ai multimodal models for richer insights using text + image data.

REFERENCES

Al Kosh Dataset

Improved Source of Drinking Water - Multiple Indicator Survey (78th Round)
https://aikosh.indiaai.gov.in/web/datasets/details/improved_source_of_drinking_water_multiple_in_dicat_or_survey_78th_round.html

IBM Cloud Services

IBM Watson Studio, Cloud Object Storage, and IBM Cloud Functions https://cloud.ibm.com

Watsonx.ai Documentation

Official SDK and API reference used for foundation model integration https://ibm.github.io/watsonx-ai

Sustainable Development Goals (SDG 6 – Clean Water and Sanitation)
UN Department of Economic and Social Affairs
https://sdgs.un.org/goals/goal6

Python Libraries

Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn, NumPy, Scikit-learn — used for data analysis and modeling https://pypi.org

■ IBM Developer Blog & Tutorials (for reference on cloud deployment and visual dashboards) https://developer.ibm.com



REFERENCES

Github project link: https://github.com/Vedantk27/IBM-Project-1.git



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THANK YOU

