	LA. CONCEICAO RODRIGUES COLLEGE OF
	Theoretical Computer Science: Tutorial I
3	Design DEA for the following larguage over alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b, \}$ a) String that contains I consecutive b's
	a) String # + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
	Jany mai larlais & ponseculus b's
	201:
	DFA is Deterministic Finite Antomata where machine (M) is defined as 5 trysle where M = (Q, E, S, Q, F)
	machine (M) is defined as 5 tuple where
	$M = (Q, \Sigma, S, g_o, F)$
ν,	700 0001
	Timbe set of slates
	S State traiting
	Q → Finite set of states ∑ → Singut alphabet δ → State transition function qo → Sintial state
	F → set of Final State
	$q_0 = q_0$
	$S = \{a, b\}$ $Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\}$
	in) The string should contain 3 conservative bis
1.1	so there are 34 states i.e go g, g, g,
	a a
	h h h
	$\begin{array}{c} (q_0) \\ (q_1) \\ (q_2) \\ (q_3) \\ (q_3) \\ (q_3) \\ (q_3) \\ (q_4) \\ (q_5) \\ (q_7) \\ (q_7) \\ (q_8) \\$
	a
18.0	

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
\phi & \Xi & a & b \\
\hline
q_0 & q_0 & q_1 \\
q_1 & q_0 & q_2 \\
q_1 & q_0 & q_3 \\
q_3 & q_3 & q_3
\end{array}$$

$$Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\}$$

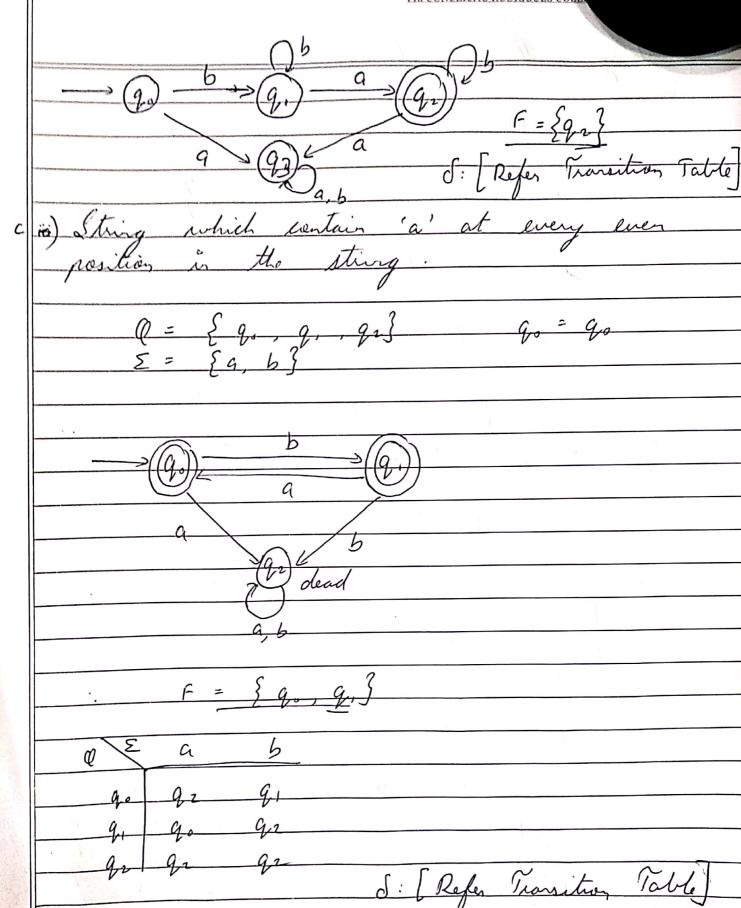
$$\Sigma = \{\xi, a, b\}$$

b) String in which occurrence of every 'a' is preceded by the occurrence of b.

Transition Table.

Transition Table.

9. 93 9. 93 9. 9. 92 9. 92 9. 92 9. 92 9. 92 9. 93 92 93 93 93



Let
$$M = \{Q, \Sigma, S, Q_0, F\}$$

 $Q = \{Q_0, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3\}$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

QE	a	b
90	91	20
9,	g2	2,
92	Q 3	92
931	93	G

$$\delta(q_0, a) = q_0$$

 $\delta(q_1, a) = q_2$
 $\delta(q_1, a) = q_3$
 $\delta(q_3, a) = q_3$

$$\delta(q_0, b) = q_0
\delta(q_1, b) = q_1
\delta(q_2, b) = q_2
\delta(q_3, b) = q_3$$

92 90

e) Ever numbers of i's odd numbers of Let M = (Q, E, S, go, F) There are four states in this problem > Even a's and Even b's - Odd 'a's and Even b's odd a's and Odd b's 93 -> Ever a's and Odd b's ·· Q = { qo, q, q, q, 3} 9,1 9,0___ $\delta(q_0, a) = q_1$ $\delta(q_0,b) = q_3$ 93 91

 $\delta(q_1, a) = q_0 \qquad \delta(q_1, b) = q_2$

d(q3,b) = q0

 $\delta(q_1,a)=q_3 \qquad \delta(q_1,b)=q_1$

o(q3, a) = 92

f) String that ends with either "110" on "101" $M = \{Q, \Sigma, S, Q_0, F\}$ Let $Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4, q_5\}$

S => [As per the transition Diagram]

String does not contain any occurrence three consecutive b's Sol: Let M= (Q, E, S, go, F) Q = { q, q, , q2, q3} $\delta(q_0, a) = q_0$ $\delta(q_0, b) = q_0$ $S(q_1, a) = q_0$ $S(q_1, b) = q_1$ $S(q_2, a) = q_0$ $S(q_3, b) = q_3$ $S(q_3, a) = q_3$ $S(q_3, b) = q_3$

h) String starts with 3 consecutive Sol: Let M= (Q, E, S, qo, A) $Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\}, q_1$ $\Sigma = \{q_0, b\}$ q. = 90 F = { q3} Table Transition

S: [Refer Transition For Table]

i) String starts with either '011' or '110' over \$= \$0.13
over 5 = 50,13
- dua 2 - (), ()
(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Sol: Let M= (Q, E, S, q, F)
Q = {q0, q1, q2, q3, q4, q5, q6, q7
Q = 20° 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$
$q = q_{i0}$
(0,1)
(q_3) (q_3) (q_3)
0 7 91
0 3 (9 %)
(q0) (dead)
(92) (45) 0
Transition Table
Transition 1
φ <u>0</u> 1
a a a a a a a a a a
4° 4' 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
<u> </u>
a 92 45
92
93 V gy C I D 1 the Transition
gr yn O: [Kefer tuldo]
and go yr
9.6 9.6
46 97
47 47 V'