

TCS - Tutorial III

(1) write regular expressions.

(a) $L = \{uvu \mid u, v = \{a, b\}^* \text{ and } |u| = 2\}$

ie $u = \{aa, ab, ba, bb\}$

Ans:- $aa(a+b)^*aa + ab(a+b)^*ab + ba(a+b)^*ba + bb(a+b)^*bb$

(b) even no. of zero's $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

$\rightarrow 1^* \cdot (1^*01^*01^*)^*$

(c) Not containing two consecutive b's.

$\rightarrow (b+\epsilon) \cdot (a+ab)^* \cdot \epsilon + (a+ba)^*(b+\epsilon)$

(d) Not containing two consecutive 0's and string ends with 1.

$\rightarrow (1+01)^*$

(e) do not contain two consecutive a's nor b's.

$\rightarrow (b+\epsilon)(ab)^*(a+\epsilon) + (a+\epsilon)(ba)^*(b+\epsilon)$

(f) string starts with abb and ends with bbb.

$\rightarrow abbb + abbbb + abb(a+b)^*bbb$

(g) Not containing three consecutive b's.

$\rightarrow (\epsilon + b + bb)(a + ab + abb)^*(\epsilon + a + aa)$

(h) Not containing three consecutive a's or b's.

$\rightarrow (\epsilon + b + bb)(ab + aab + abb + aabb)^*(\epsilon + a + aa)$

(i) strings of length $\neq 2$ $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

$\rightarrow \epsilon + 0 + 1 + (0+1)(0+1)(0+1)^+$

(i) that have atmost three a's.

$$\rightarrow (b+c)^* + (b+c)^* a (b+c)^* + (b+c)^* a (b+c)^* a (b+c)^* + (b+c)^* a (b+c)^* a (b+c)^* a (b+c)^*$$

(k) each symbol at least once $\{a, b, c\}$

$$\rightarrow (a+b+c)^* a (a+b+c)^* b (a+b+c)^* c (a+b+c)^* + (a+b+c)^* a (a+b+c)^* c (a+b+c)^* b (a+b+c)^* + (a+b+c)^* b (a+b+c)^* a (a+b+c)^* c (a+b+c)^* + (a+b+c)^* b (a+b+c)^* c (a+b+c)^* a (a+b+c)^* + (a+b+c)^* c (a+b+c)^* a (a+b+c)^* b (a+b+c)^* + (a+b+c)^* c (a+b+c)^* b (a+b+c)^* a (a+b+c)^*$$

(l) at most one occurrence of two consecutive zeros.

$$\rightarrow (1+01)^* (\epsilon+0) + (1+01)^* 0 (1+01)^*$$

(m) Intersection of $(a+b)^* a$ and $b \cdot (a+b)^*$

$$\rightarrow b \cdot (a+b)^* a$$

(n) $L = \{a^n \mid n \text{ is divisible by } 2 \text{ or } 3 \text{ or } 5\}$

$$(aa)^* + (aaa)^* + (aaaaa)^*$$

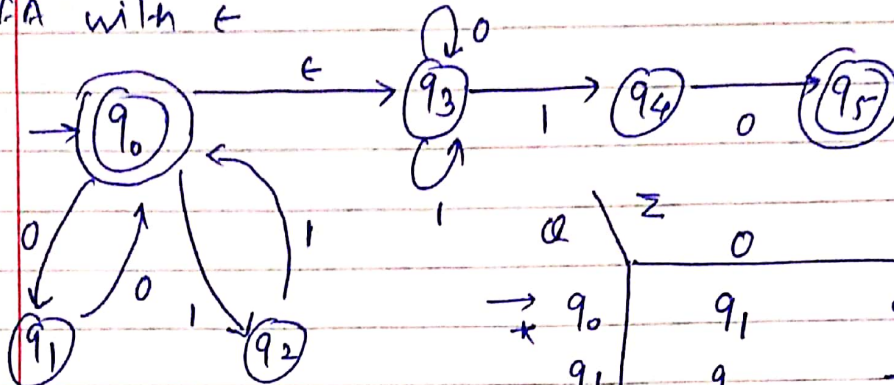
(o) $L = \{a^n b^m \mid m \geq 3, n \geq 4\}$

$$\rightarrow (a)^4 aaaa bbb (b)^*$$

construct minimized DFA for

$$R = (0+1)^* 10 + ((00)^* (11)^*)^*$$

NFA with ϵ



$$\epsilon\text{-closure}(q_0) = \{q_0, q_3\}$$

$$\epsilon\text{-closure}(q_1) = \{q_1\}$$

$$\epsilon\text{-closure}(q_2) = \{q_2\}$$

$$\epsilon\text{-closure}(q_3) = \{q_3\}$$

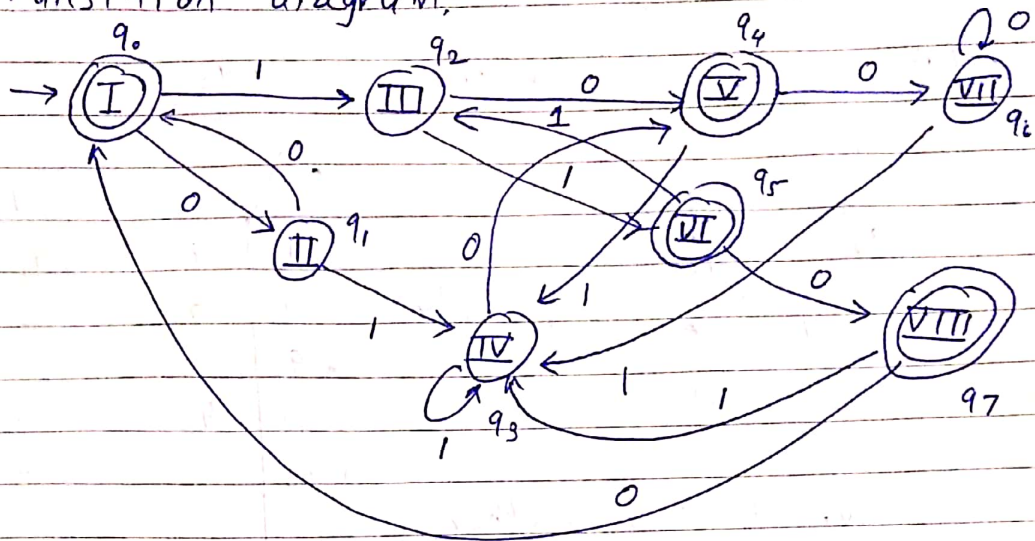
$$\epsilon\text{-closure}(q_4) = \{q_4\}$$

$$\epsilon\text{-closure}(q_5) = \{q_5\}$$

$Q \backslash Z$	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_1	q_2
q_1	q_0	—
q_2	—	q_0
q_3	q_3	$\{q_3, q_4\}$
q_4	q_5	—
$* q_5$	—	—

$Q \backslash Z$	0	$\epsilon\text{-closure}(0)$	1	$\epsilon\text{-closure}(1)$
$\rightarrow [q_0, q_3]$ I	$\{q_1, q_3\}$	$[q_0, q_3]$ II	$\{q_2, q_3, q_4\}$	$[q_2, q_3, q_4]$ III
$[q_1, q_3]$ II	$\{q_0, q_3\}$	$[q_0, q_3]$ I	$\{q_3, q_4\}$	$[q_3, q_4]$ IV
$[q_2, q_3, q_4]$ III	$\{q_3, q_5\}$	$[q_3, q_5]$ V	$\{q_0, q_3, q_4\}$	$[q_0, q_3, q_4]$ VI
$[q_3, q_4]$ IV	$\{q_3, q_5\}$	$[q_3, q_5]$ V	$\{q_3, q_4\}$	$[q_3, q_4]$ IV
$* [q_3, q_5]$ V	$\{q_3\}$	$[q_3]$ VII	$\{q_3, q_4\}$	$[q_3, q_4]$ IV
$* [q_0, q_3, q_4]$ VI	$\{q_1, q_3, q_5\}$	$[q_1, q_3, q_5]$ VIII	$\{q_2, q_3, q_4\}$	$[q_2, q_3, q_4]$ III
$[q_3]$ VII	$\{q_3\}$	$[q_3]$ VII	$\{q_3, q_4\}$	$[q_3, q_4]$ IV
$* [q_1, q_3, q_5]$ VIII	$\{q_0, q_3\}$	$[q_0, q_3]$ I	$\{q_3, q_4\}$	$[q_3, q_4]$ IV

Transition diagram.



q_1	XI								
q_2	XI	XI							
q_3	XI	XI	XI						
(q_4)	XI	XI	XI	XI					
(q_5)	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI				
q_6	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI			
(q_7)	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI	XI		
	(q_0)	q_1	q_2	q_3	(q_4)	(q_5)	q_6		

DFA is already minimized.

$$(q_0, q_7) = (q_1, q_6) (q_2, q_3) \text{ --- } \textcircled{1}$$

$$(q_1, q_2) = (q_0, q_4) (q_3, q_5) \text{ --- } \times$$

$$(q_1, q_3) = (q_0, q_4) (q_3, q_3) \text{ --- } \times$$

$$(q_1, q_4) = (q_0, q_6) (q_3, q_3) \text{ --- } \times$$

$$(q_1, q_5) = (q_0, q_7) (q_3, q_2) \text{ --- } \textcircled{2}$$

$$(q_1, q_6) = (q_0, q_6) (q_3, q_3) \text{ --- } \times$$

$$(q_2, q_3) = (q_4, q_4) (q_5, q_3) \text{ --- } \textcircled{3} \times$$

$$\times (q_2, q_4) = (q_4, q_6) (q_5, q_3)$$

$$(q_2, q_6) = (q_4, q_6) (q_5, q_3)$$

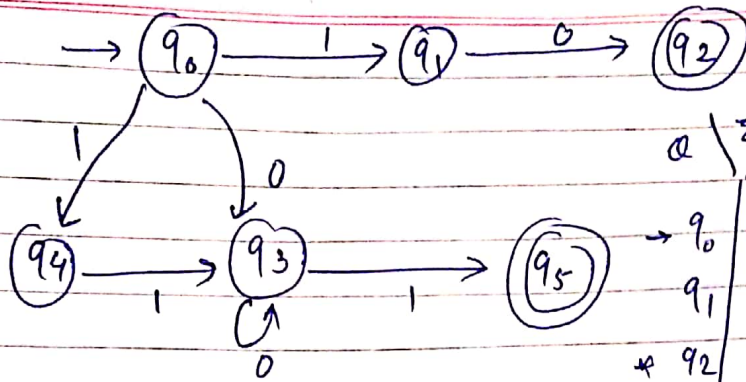
$$(q_3, q_6) = (q_4, q_6) (q_3, q_3) \text{ --- } \times$$

$$(q_4, q_7) = (q_6, q_6) (q_3, q_3)$$

$$(q_5, q_7) = (q_7, q_0) (q_2, q_3) \text{ --- } \times$$

(3) $R = 10 + (0 + 11) 0^* 1$

NFA



$q \backslash \Sigma$	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_3	$\{q_1, q_4\}$
q_1	q_2	—
* q_2	—	—
q_3	q_3	q_5
q_4	—	q_3
* q_5	—	—

subset conv. method.

DFA $M' = (Q', \Sigma, \delta', q_0', F')$

$q_0' = [q_0]_I$

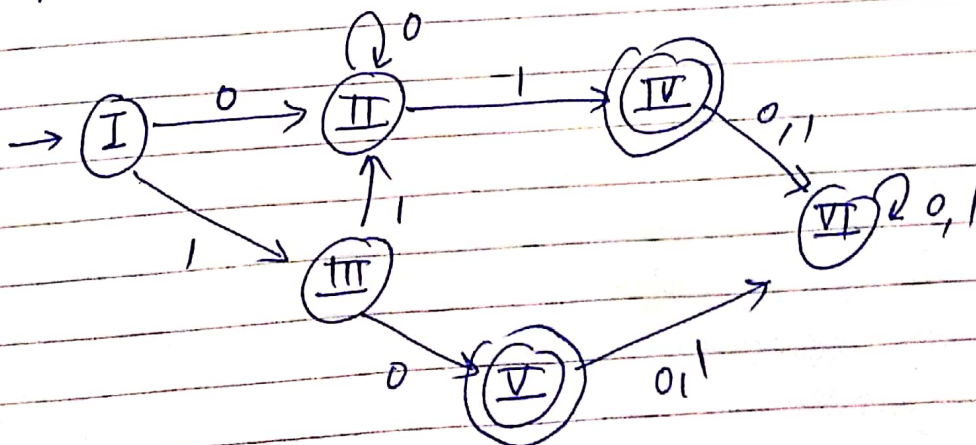
$q \backslash \Sigma$	0	1
$\rightarrow [q_0]_I$	$[q_3]_{II}$	$[q_1, q_4]_{III}$
$[q_3]_{II}$	$[q_3]_{II}$	$[q_5]_{IV}$
$[q_1, q_4]_{III}$	$[q_2]_{V}$	$[q_3]_{II}$
* $[q_5]_{IV}$	$[]_{VI}$	$[]_{VI}$
* $[q_2]_{V}$	$[]_{VI}$	$[]_{VI}$
$[]_{VI}$	$[]_{VI}$	$[]_{VI}$

Verify

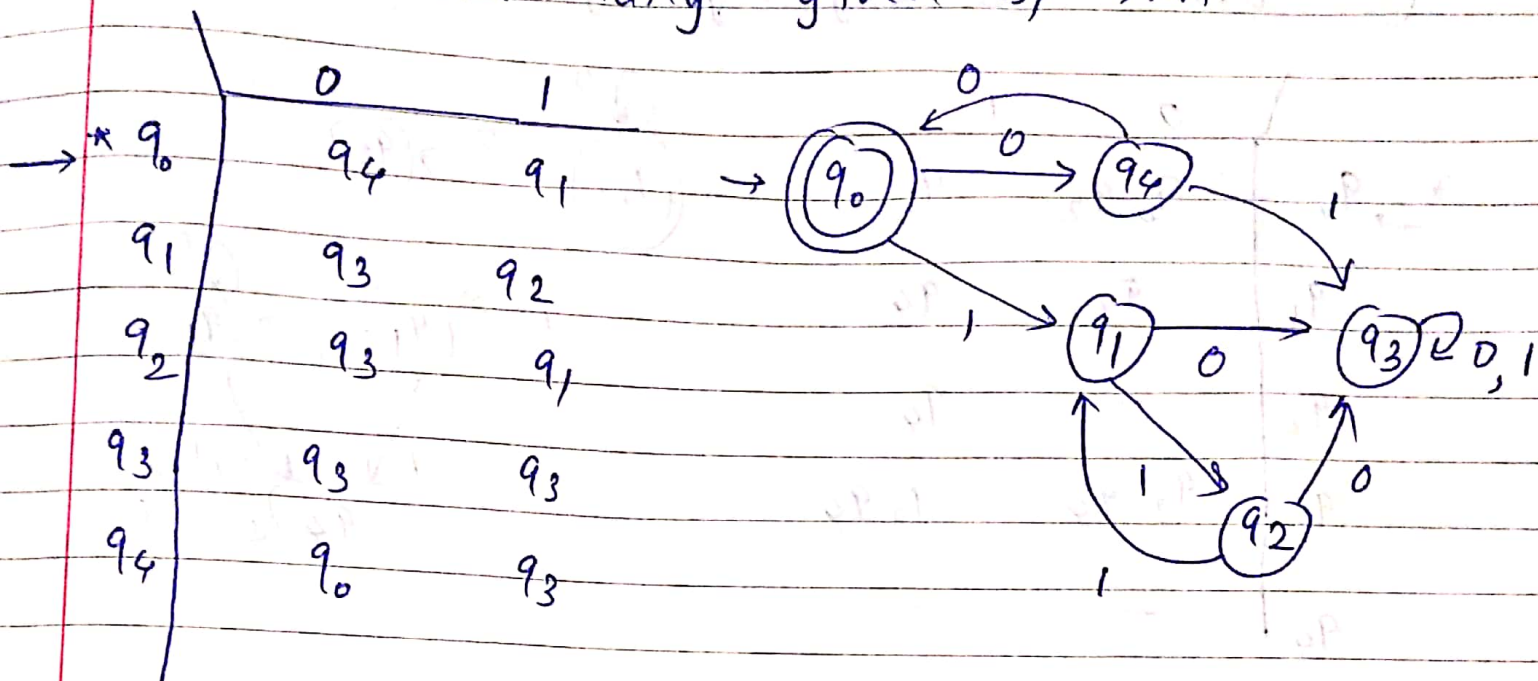
10

00001

110001



Describe lang given by DFA.



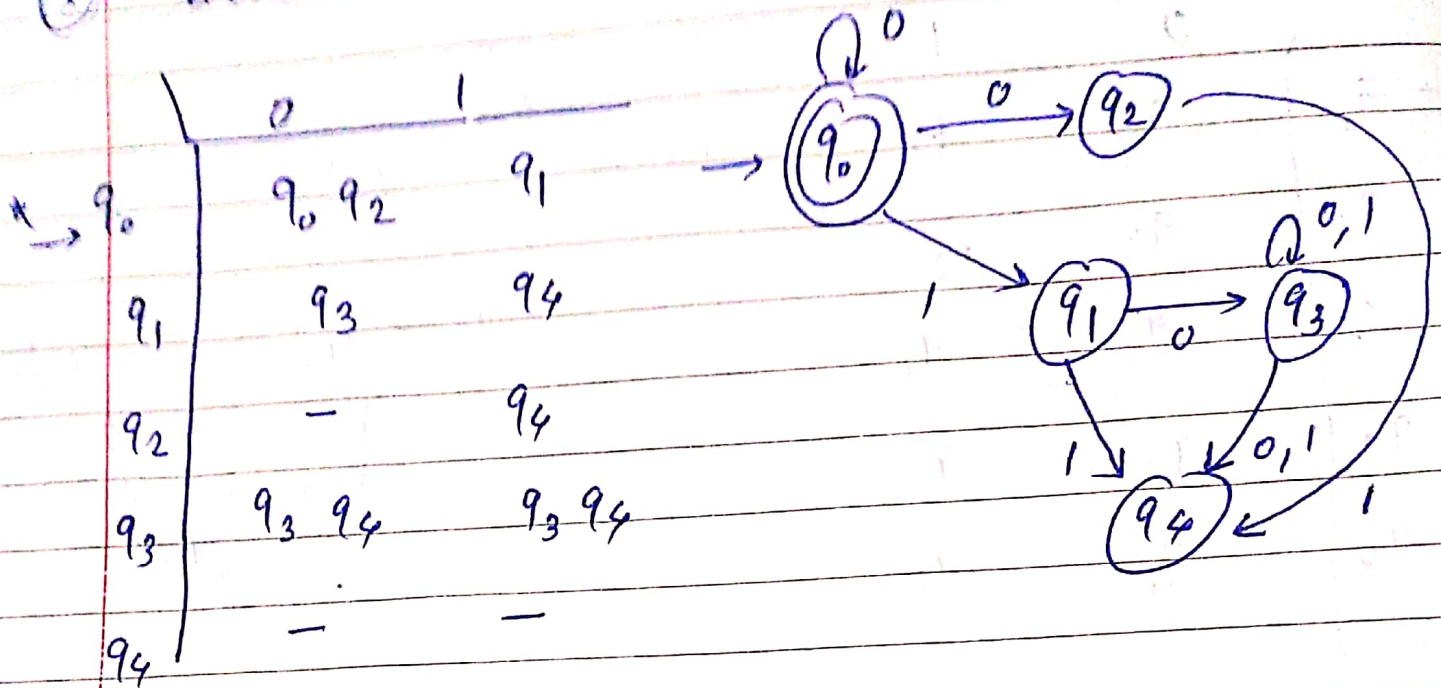
$$\begin{aligned}
 q_0 &= \epsilon + q_4 0 \quad \text{--- (1)} & q_3 &= q_2 0 + q_4 1 + q_3 0 + q_3 1 \\
 q_1 &= q_0 1 + q_2 1 \quad \text{--- (2)} & q_4 &= q_0 0 \quad \text{--- (4)} + q_1 0 \quad \text{--- (5)} \\
 q_2 &= q_1 1 \quad \text{--- (3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Put eqⁿ 4 into eqⁿ 1

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 q_0 & = & \epsilon & + & q_0 & 0 & 0 \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
 R & = & \epsilon & + & R & P & P
 \end{array}$$

$$q_0 = \epsilon (00)^* = (00)^*$$

⑤ describe language given by FA



$$q_0 = \epsilon + q_0 0$$

$$q_1 = q_0 1$$

$$q_2 = q_0 0$$

$$q_3 = q_1 0 + q_3 0 + q_3 1$$

$$q_4 = q_1 1 + q_3 0 + q_3 1 + q_2 1$$

$$q_0 = \epsilon + q_0 0$$

$$\begin{matrix} \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \searrow \\ R & Q & R & P \end{matrix}$$

$$q_0 = \epsilon (0)^* = 0^*$$