## **Trader Behavior Insights Report**

Role: Junior Data Scientist – Trader Behavior Insights

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## 1. Objective

The objective of this analysis is to explore how trader behavior—profitability, risk, trading volume, and activity—aligns or diverges from market sentiment represented by the Bitcoin Fear & Greed Index.

By combining Historical Trader Data from Hyperliquid with the Bitcoin Market Sentiment dataset, this study aims to uncover behavioral patterns, sentiment-driven performance shifts, and potential insights that could inform more effective trading strategies.

#### 2. Datasets Overview

## 2.1 Hyperliquid Trader Data

• Rows: 211,224

• **Columns**: 16

• Key Columns:

o **Account:** Unique trader identifier

o Execution Price, Size USD, Side (BUY/SELL)

o Closed PnL: Profit or loss from each trade

o Timestamp IST, Fee, Start Position

• **Purpose:** Capture trader-level actions, profitability, and behavior patterns.

# 2.2 Bitcoin Fear & Greed Index

• Rows: 2,644

• Columns: timestamp, value, classification, date

• **Purpose:** Represent daily market sentiment, classifying the market mood as Fear or Greed.

o Classification: Extreme Fear, Fear, Neutral, Greed, Extreme Greed

o Higher values indicate stronger Greed sentiment.

# 3. Data Processing and Integration

## 1. Datetime Conversion:

Converted timestamps in both datasets into a unified date format (YYYY-MM-DD).

# 2. Feature Engineering:

Created daily aggregates from trader data:

- o daily\_pnl total profit/loss per day
- o daily\_volume\_usd total trading volume
- o **num\_trades** number of trades per day
- o daily\_fees total transaction fees
- o **avg\_execution\_price** mean execution price

## 3. Merging:

Merged both datasets on the date column to align daily trader performance with market sentiment.

## 4. Encoding Sentiment:

Added a binary column sentiment label representing sentiment type:

- o 1 = Greed
- o **0** = Fear

Final merged dataset shape: 470 rows × 10 columns

# 4. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

## 4.1 Sentiment Distribution

The dataset shows a higher occurrence of *Greed* and *Extreme Greed* days compared to *Fear* periods, suggesting that the market was predominantly optimistic during the analyzed period.

# 4.2 Average Daily Profitability vs Sentiment

- **Observation:** Average daily\_pnl decreases notably during *Extreme Greed* phases.
- **Insight:** Overconfidence and over-leveraging may reduce performance during euphoric market phases.
- **Interpretation:** Greedy sentiment encourages excessive risk-taking, which often leads to lower profits.

# 4.3 Trading Volume vs Sentiment

- Observation: Trading volume increases significantly during Greed and Extreme Greed days.
- Insight: Traders become more active and risk-seeking when overall sentiment is positive.
- Interpretation: Market optimism drives participation but not necessarily better outcomes.

## 4.4 Correlation Analysis

## Positive correlations:

o daily volume usd and num trades (0.91)

sentiment\_label and trading volume (0.52)

## • Negative correlation:

sentiment\_label and daily\_pnl (-0.21)

As *Greed* increases, trading activity intensifies, but average profitability tends to decline.

# 4.5 Sentiment vs Profitability Over Time

- **Observation:** Peaks in the Fear–Greed Index often precede drops in trader profit.
- Insight: High greed levels may indicate overvaluation or crowd-driven speculative behavior.

## 5. Relationship Between Trader Behavior and Market Sentiment

During *Greed* phases, traders exhibit higher trading volume, more frequent transactions, and greater leverage use, reflecting increased market confidence and risk appetite.

However, profitability tends to decline during *Extreme Greed*, suggesting impulsive and emotion-driven trading.

In contrast, Fear phases correspond with reduced activity but more stable returns.

This inverse relationship indicates that sentiment primarily affects trading intensity rather than profitability consistency.

## 6. Key Insights Summary

Category	Insight
Behavioral	Trader activity rises sharply during Greed periods.
Performance	Profitability declines during Extreme Greed phases.
Risk	High sentiment correlates with higher trading volume and exposure.
Market Psychology	Emotional trading dominates in Greed; rational behavior stabilizes results in Fear.

### 7. Recommendations

# 1. Contrarian Strategy:

Reduce exposure or take defensive positions when sentiment reaches Extreme Greed.

## 2. Sentiment-Weighted Models:

Incorporate the Fear–Greed Index as a factor for timing trade entries and exits.

# 3. Trader Education:

Promote data-driven decision-making to counteract sentiment-driven bias.

#### 4. Future Enhancements:

Include leverage and account-level risk metrics for deeper behavioral analysis.

 Examine lag effects to determine how current sentiment influences next-day performance.

#### 8. Future Work

To extend this analysis further and enhance the depth of insights, future exploration can include:

- Building a predictive model to estimate next-day profitability using sentiment and trading metrics.
- Analyzing lag correlations to understand how today's market sentiment influences next-day performance.
- Segmenting traders into behavioral clusters (e.g., high-risk, consistent, conservative) using unsupervised learning techniques.

These steps would provide a stronger foundation for developing data-driven trading intelligence and strategy optimization.

#### 9. Conclusion

This analysis demonstrated the strong relationship between trader behavior and market sentiment. Traders tend to operate more aggressively and at higher volumes during Greed periods, yet such behavior does not consistently lead to higher profits.

In essence, *Fear* moderates activity but stabilizes results, while *Greed* amplifies risk-taking and volatility. These findings highlight that sentiment significantly shapes trader behavior, often influencing market performance more through psychology than through strategy.

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