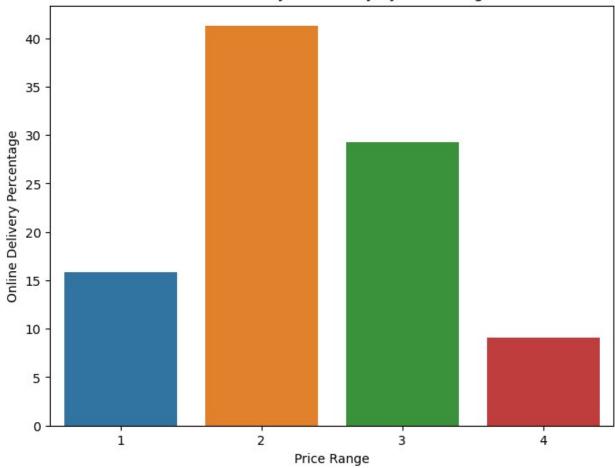
Task: Table Booking and Online Delivery

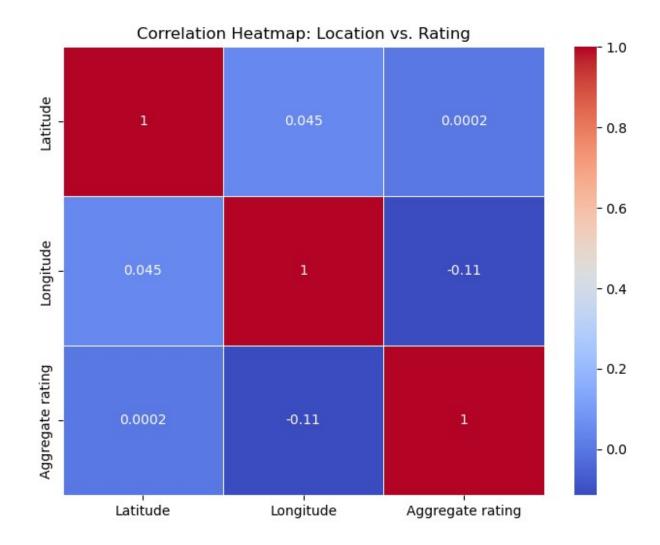
```
#import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import scipy.stats as stats
import ipywidgets as widgets
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import requests
import statsmodels.api as sm
#Load the dataset
df = pd.read csv(r"C:\Users\hp\Desktop\EDA\Dataset.csv")
#Convert 'Has Table booking' and 'Has Online delivery' to numeric
df['Has Table booking'] = df['Has Table booking'].map({'Yes': 1, 'No':
0})
df['Has Online delivery'] = df['Has Online delivery'].map({'Yes': 1,
'No': 0})
#Calculate the percentage of restaurants offering table booking
table booking percentage = (df['Has Table booking'].sum() / len(df)) *
100
#Calculate the percentage of restaurants offering online delivery
online delivery percentage = (df['Has Online delivery'].sum() /
len(df)) * 100
print(f"Percentage of restaurants with Table Booking:
{table booking percentage}%")
print(f"Percentage of restaurants with Online Delivery:
{online delivery percentage}%")
Percentage of restaurants with Table Booking: 12.135820582687067%
Percentage of restaurants with Online Delivery: 25.686438901697755%
#Calculate the average rating for restaurants with and without table
booking
avg_rating_with_table_booking = df[df['Has Table booking'] == 'Yes']
['Aggregate rating'].mean()
avg_rating_without_table_booking = df[df['Has Table booking'] == 'No']
['Aggregate rating'].mean()
print(f"Average rating with Table Booking:
{avg rating with table booking}")
```

```
print(f"Average rating without Table Booking:
{avg rating without table booking}")
Average rating with Table Booking: nan
Average rating without Table Booking: nan
#Group restaurants by price range and calculate the percentage with
online delivery
price_ranges = df['Price range'].unique()
delivery by price range = []
for price range in price ranges:
    subset = df[df['Price range'] == price range]
    delivery_percentage = (subset['Has Online delivery'].sum() /
len(subset)) * 100
    delivery_by_price_range.append({'Price Range': price_range,
'Online Delivery Percentage': delivery percentage})
# Create a Dataframe for Visualization
delivery df = pd.DataFrame(delivery by price range)
#Visualize online delivery availability by price range
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.barplot(data=delivery df, x='Price Range', y='Online Delivery
Percentage')
plt.xlabel('Price Range')
plt.ylabel('Online Delivery Percentage')
plt.title('Online Delivery Availability by Price Range')
plt.show()
```

Online Delivery Availability by Price Range



```
# Calculate the correlation between Latitude, Longitude, and Aggregate
rating
correlation = df[['Latitude', 'Longitude', 'Aggregate rating']].corr()
print("Correlation between Lacation and Rating:")
print(correlation)
Correlation between Lacation and Rating:
                  Latitude Longitude Aggregate rating
Latitude
                  1.000000
                             0.045415
                                               0.000197
Longitude
                  0.045415
                             1.000000
                                              -0.114733
Aggregate rating 0.000197 -0.114733
                                               1.000000
# Visualize the correlation
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(correlation, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', linewidths=0.5)
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap: Location vs. Rating')
plt.show()
```



Task: Price Range Analysis

```
1
             2
                        2.941054
             3
2
                        3.682633
3
             4
                        3.817918
#Find the price range with the highest average rating
highest ratings price range =
average_ratings_by_price.loc[average_ratings_by_price['Aggregate
rating'].idxmax()]['Price range']
#Create a bar plot to visualize average ratings by price range
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.barplot(data=average ratings by price, x='Price range',
y='Aggregate rating', palette='viridis')
plt.xlabel('Price Range')
plt.ylabel('Average Rating')
plt.title('Average Ratings by Price Range')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.show()
print(f"The color representing the highest average rating is
associated with the price range: {highest ratings price range}")
```



The color representing the highest average rating is associated with the price range: 4.0

Task: Feature Engineering

```
Heat - Edsa Shangri-La
                                               22
3
                                                4
                     0oma
4
              Sambo Kojin
                                               11
                                             Address Address Length
  Third Floor, Century City Mall, Kalayaan Avenu...
                                                                   71
  Little Tokyo, 2277 Chino Roces Avenue, Legaspi...
                                                                   67
1
2 Edsa Shangri-La, 1 Garden Way, Ortigas, Mandal...
                                                                   56
  Third Floor, Mega Fashion Hall, SM Megamall, O...
                                                                   70
4 Third Floor, Mega Atrium, SM Megamall, Ortigas...
                                                                   64
# Encode 'Has Table Booking' as 1 for 'Yes' and 0 for 'No'
df['Has Table Booking'] = df['Has Table booking'].map({'Yes':1,
'No':0})
# Encode 'Has Online Delivery' as 1 for 'Yes' and 0 for 'No'
df['Has Online Delivery'] = df['Has Online delivery'].map({'Yes':1,
'No':0})
print(df[['Has Table Booking', 'Has Online Delivery']].head())
  Has Table Booking Has Online Delivery
0
                 NaN
                                      NaN
1
                                      NaN
                 NaN
2
                 NaN
                                      NaN
3
                 NaN
                                      NaN
4
                 NaN
                                      NaN
```