

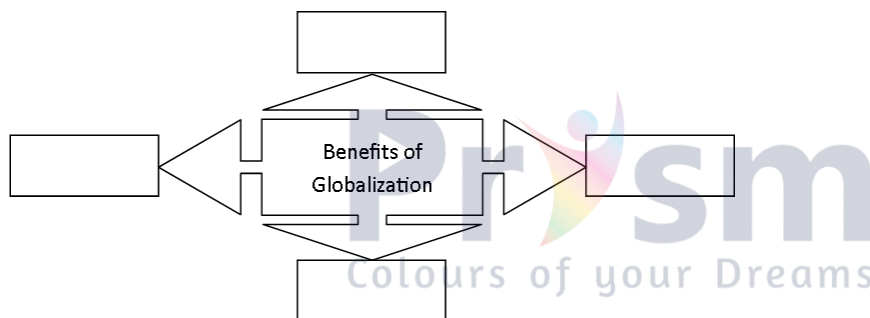
**Chapter: 2**

**Q.1 Choose the correct option from the given complete the sentence : (3)**

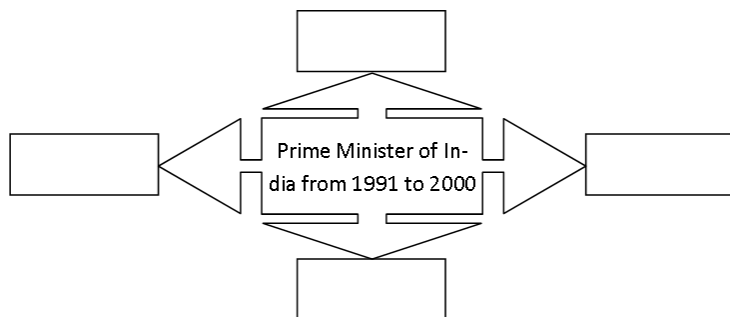
- 1) In 1975 Sikkim became a full - fledged ..... in the Indian Federation.  
a. Country      b. State      c. District      d. Town
- 2) India has experienced an important revolution in the field of .....  
a. Art      b. Telecommunication Technology  
c. Prose      d. Literature
- 3) In 1978, a commission was constituted under the chairmanship of ..... to study the issue of backward classes.  
a. R. R. Narayan      b. B. P. Mandal      c. MP Shukla      d. LK Advani

**Q.2 (A) Complete the following concept chart/map (any two) : (4)**

1)



2)



- 3) With the help of the information in the chapter complete the list of the challenges before India and the strengths of India.

The Challenges in front of India	Strengths
For example, India - Pakistan War	Unity in diversity
.....	.....
.....	Nuclear preparedness
Separatism	.....

**(B) Write short notes on (any two) : (4)**

- 1) Globalisation
- 2) Why was the National Planning Commission established ?

3) White Revolution

**Q.3 Explain the following statements with reasons (any one) :** (2)

- 1) The army had to be sent into the Golden Temple in Amritsar.
- 2) National emergency was declared in 1975.

**Q.4 Read the following extract and answer the question below (any four) :** (4)

**Q.4** (4)

**Globalisation :**

Globalisation brought about many changes in different fields like economy, politics, science and technology and society and culture. India has emerged as an important country on the global scene in different spheres. India is an important member of international organisations like G-20 and 'BRICS'. India has experienced an important revolution in the field of telecommunication technology.

Mobile phones, internet and the communication facilities based on satellite have spread all across the country. In the political field, India has democracy can function successfully. All this has resulted in a total transformation in the lifestyle of Indians and especially the youth. These changes are visible from their dietary habits, clothing, language and beliefs.

i.	Full form of 'BRICS'.	1
ii.	How has Globalisation, affected India politically?	1
iii.	Mention any four fields that Globalisation has brought a changes in.	2

**Q.5 Answer the following question in detail (any one) :** (3)

- 1) How was 1991 a year of important changes in the history of the world and of India ?
- 2) What are the strengths and challenges in front of India.