

**Chapter: 1 to 9 & 1 to 5**

**Q.1 (A) Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences : (3)**

- 1) 6th January is celebrated as ..... day in Maharashtra.
  - a. Periodical Day
  - b. Newspaper Day
  - c. Printing Day
  - d. Journalist Day
- 2) 'History' is originally a ..... term.
  - (a) French
  - (b) Greek
  - (c) German
  - (d) Latin
- 3) The Chinese monk ..... travelled in India in 630 C. E.
  - a. Hiuen Tsang
  - b. Yuan Shwang
  - c. Fa-Hien
  - d. Ho Chi Minh

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and rewrite it : (3)**

- 1)
 

i.	Epics - Ramayana
ii.	Bakhar - Historical documents
iii.	Subaltern - Bottommost ranks
iv.	Marxist - Civilization and countries of the East
- 2)
 

i.	Indian Museum - Kolkata
ii.	National Film Archives of India - Mumbai
iii.	National Archives of India - Delhi
iv.	Kaas plateau - Satara (Western Ghats)
- 3)
 

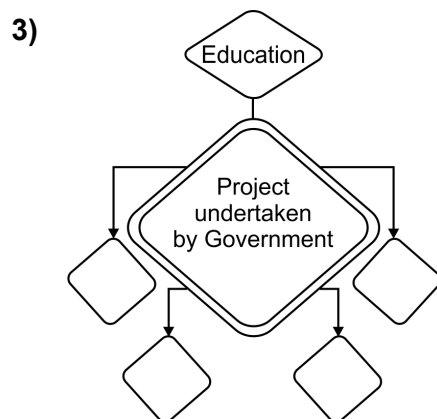
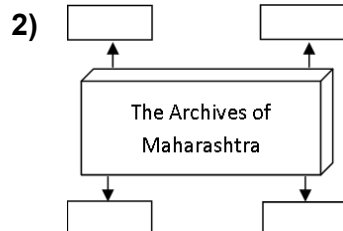
i.	Valley of flowers - Uttarakhand
ii.	Ranjankhalage - Maharashtra
iii.	Jantar Mantar - Jaipur
iv.	Taj Mahal - Gujarat

**Q.2 (A) Complete the following concept chart/map (any two) : (4)**

- 1)
 

Author	Books
.....	Discourse on the method
Georg Hegel	.....

.....	The Secret of World History
Karl Marx	.....
.....	Archaeology of knowledge



**(B) Write short notes on (Any two) :**

- 1) Maratha style of painting
- 2) The Saraswati Mahal Granthalay.
- 3) Criminalisation of politics

**(4)**

**Q.3 Explain the following statements with reasons (Any two) :**

**(4)**

- 1) Commentaries of Bal J. Pandit were entertaining due to his historical details.
- 2) Bharuds composed by Saint Eknath are popular in Maharashtra.
- 3) It is possible for India to watch international events on television
- 4) In historical research, it may not be possible to use the method of experiments and observation.

**Q.4 Read the following extract and answer the questions below :**

**(4)**

Radio : 'Indian Broadcasting Company' (IBC), a private radio company was the first one to broadcast daily programmes. Later the same company was taken over by the British Government and named as, 'Indian State Broadcasting Service (ISBS). On 8th June 1936 it was renamed, as 'All India Radio (AIR)'.

After Independence, AIR became an integral part of the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting (India). Initially, it broadcasted Governmental programmes and schemes. It was named as 'Akashvani' on the suggestion of the

famous poet Pandit Narendra Sharma. Akashvani broadcasts various entertainment, awareness creating and literary programmes. It also broadcasts special programmes for farmers, workers, the youth and women. The 'Vividh Bharati' programmes are broadcasted in 24 regional languages as well as 146 dialects of Indian languages. Lately, various new channels like 'Radio Mirchi' are providing radio services.

- i. Akashvani (AIR) is an integral part of which ministry?
- ii. What was the new name of IBC?
- iii. In how many regional languages and local dialects are 'Vividh Bharati' programmes broadcasted?
- iv. How AIR was named 'Akashvani' ?

**Q.5 Answer the following question in detail (Any two) : (6)**

- 1) What is the contribution of Svatantryaveer Savarkar to nationalistic historiography?
- 2) How is history helpful in the planning of Akashvani programmes?
- 3) Write about the importance of sports in educational field.
- 4) Explain the journey of musical Marathi theatre.

#### **POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**Q.6 Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences : (2)**

- 1) ..... system exists in India.  
a. Single-party      b. Two-party      c. Multi-party      d. No-party
- 2) When people come together and participate in electoral process, to acquire political power, such organisations are called .....  
a. Government      b. Society  
c. Political parties      d. Social organisations

**Q.7 State whether the following statement are true or false. Give reasons for your answers (Any two) (4)**

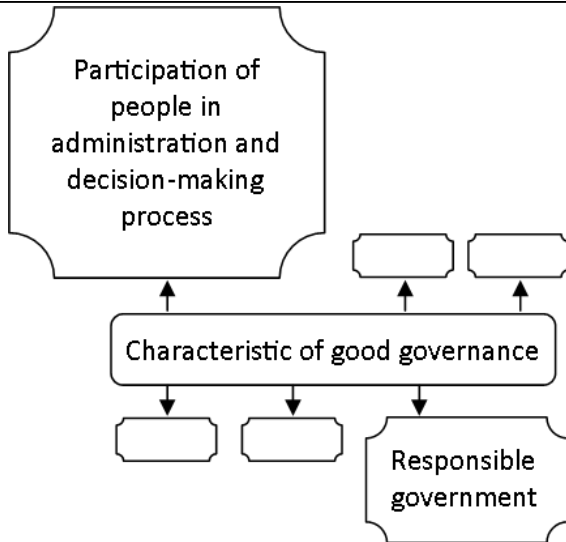
- 1) People may lose confidence in the democratic process due to corruption during elections.
- 2) Under special circumstances the Election Commission holds re-elections in a particular constituency for a second time.
- 3) Political parties are social organisations.

**Q.8 A) Write the following concept (any one) : (2)**

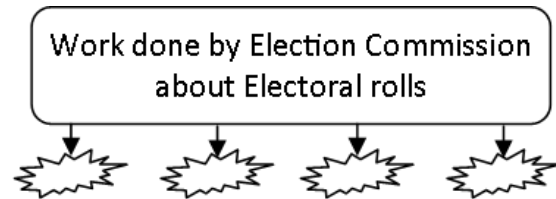
- 1) Right based approach.
- 2) Shiv Sena

**B) Do as directed (any one) : (2)**

1)



2)



**Q.9 Answer in brief. (Any one) :**

**(2)**

- 1) What changes have taken place in the nature of regional parties in India ?
- 2) What is meant by representation ?