

Chapter: 1 to 5

Q.1 (A) Write the correct alternative :

(5)

- 1) To glow a bulb, the electrical current.
 - a. should be open
 - b. should be semi closed
 - c. should be closed
 - d. None of the above
- 2) A car is moving with a velocity of 50km/hr for 5 hours, is an example of
 - a. zero acceleration
 - b. positive acceleration
 - c. negative acceleration
 - d. retardation
- 3) Ammonia in aqueous solution, gives ions as basic radical.
 - a. NH_4^+
 - b. 2OH^-
 - c. NH_3^+
 - d. H_2O^{2-}
- 4) Give an example for transformation of electrical energy into chemical energy.
 - a. Secondary Cell
 - b. Electric lamp
 - c. Primary Cell
 - d. Engine
- 5) Name a polyatomic element -
 - a. Helium
 - b. Neon
 - c. Ozone
 - d. Argon

Answer the following :

(5)

1) Find the odd one out

NaCl, CaCl_2 , KBr, LiCl.

2) Complete the correlation :

Nitrogen : N :: : Ne

3) State True or False

The bond formed in NaCl is an ionic bond where Na forms anion and Cl forms cation.

4) Match the Columns :

Column "A"	Column "B"
i. Newton's first law of motion	a. Motion of rocket
ii. Newton's second law of motion	b. Only the carom coin at the bottom of a pile moves on been hit by the striker

iii. Newton's third law of motion

c. In a high jump athletic event, the athletes are made to fall on a sand bed

5) Name the following

Bivalent acidic radicals.

Q.2 Give scientific reasons (any two)

(4)

- 1) It is easier to stop a tennis ball as compared to a cricket ball, when both are travelling with the same velocity.
- 2) A small amount of electrolyte is added during electrolysis of water.
- 3) While driving a nail into wood, the hammer is taken backward.

(B) Answer the following (any three) :

(6)

- 1) If in carrying a electric charge of 8 coulombs between two points in a circuit, 12 joule of work is done, find the P.D between the two points.

2) Give the reactions for following

Ammonia dissolved in water is directly added to nitric acid solution.

- 3) Explain the term 'radicals'.

4) Write a short note

Valency

5) Distinguish between:

Voltmeter and Ammeter

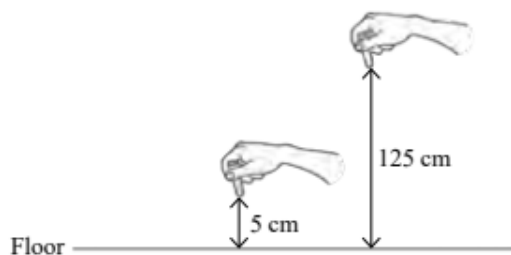


Q.3 Answer the following questions. (Any five)

(15)

- 1) What happens to speed, velocity and acceleration when an object moves in a circle with uniform speed?
- 2) a. How many molecules of water are there in 36 g of water?
b. How many molecules of H_2SO_4 are there in 49 g of the sample?
- 3) What is unified mass. Write another name of unified mass, Its symbol and value in kilogram.
- 4) Magnesium and sodium atoms have same outer most orbit but magnesium atom is smaller than sodium atom. Explain
- 5) What is speed? State its units and types.

- 6) The following figures show two chinks being dropped from two different heights.



Answer the following questions.

- Is there a difference in the results of the two activities?
 - If so, why?
 - What is the expression for potential energy?
- 7) Explain why copper is used on a large scale for making electric wires?
- 8) Complete the following table

Sl No	Acid	Number of H^+ ions obtained from one molecule
1	HCl	
2	HNO_3	
3	H_2SO_4	
4	H_2CO_3	
5	H_3BO_3	
6	H_3PO_4	

Q.4 Answer the following questions. (Any one)

(5)

- M is a bivalent metal. Write down the steps to find the chemical formulae of its compound formed with the radical Sulphate and Phosphate.
- Take 5 examples from your surroundings and give explanation based on Newtons laws of motion.