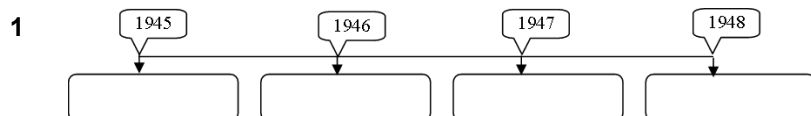


Chapter: 8 to 14 & 4 to 6

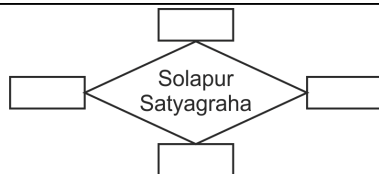
Q.1 Choose the right option and rewrite the sentences. 10

- 1 put forth the proposal of Samyukta Maharashtra with Mumbai in the Mumbai Municipal Corporation.
a. G.T. Madkholkar b. Acharya Atre
c. D.V. Potdar d. Shankarrao Dev
- 2 Khan Abdul Gafar Khan established the organisation named
a. Brhama Samaj b. Khuda – I – Khidmatgar
- 3 Swatantryaveer Savarkar started a secret organisation of revolutionaries named
a. Mitramela b. Majhi Janmathep
c. Anushilan Samiti d. India House
- 4 All the princely states merged with India except the states of Junagad and Kashmir.
a. Aundh b. Jhansi c. Vadodara d. Hyderabad
- 5 Gandhiji was assassinated on
a) 30 December 1947 b) 30 January 1948
c) 30 March 1948 d) 2 October 1948
- 6 In Punjab, organised an uprising against the Government.
a. Pandit Shyamji Krishna Varma b. Madam Cama
c. Sachindranath Sanyal d. Ramsinh Kuka
- 7 was the head of the Interim government.
a. Vallabhbhai Gandhi b. Mahatma Gandhi
c. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru d. Barrister Jinnah
- 8 The nationwide movement of 1942 is also called
a. Azad Data b. August Kranti c. Lal Sena d. Toofan Sena
- 9 accepted the responsibility as first Chief Minister of Maharashtra.
a. Yashwantrao Chavan b. Pruthiviraj Chavan
c. Shankarrao Chavan d. Vilasrao Deshmukh
- 10 In 1949, France held a plebiscite in
a) Mahe b) Karaikal
c) Puducheri d) Chandranagar

Q.2 Complete the given concept map



2



Q.3 Explain the following concept / Short Notes. (Any Three)

6

- 1 Individual Satyagraha.
- 2 Provisions of the Indian Independence Act
- 3 Praja Mandals
- 4 Kakori conspiracy

Q.4 Answer in one sentence

4

- 1 Name the leaders present at the First Round Table Conference.
- 2 When did the working committee of the Congress passed a resolution at Wardha ?
- 3 Why did the Muslim League rejected the Cripps Mission?
- 4 Name the leaders who made a valuable contribution in the struggle for the liberation of hyderabad.

Q.5 Explain the statement stating reasons. (Any Three)

6

- 1 Narayan Meghaji Lokhande is described as Father of Indian workers movement.
- 2 In November 1939, provincial ministers of Indian National Congress gave their resignations.
- 3 The Indian National Army had to lay down their arms.
- 4 The government declared Martial Law at Solapur.

Q.6 Answer in brief (Any Two)

6

- 1 Explain the work of Madam Cama.
- 2 State the aims and objectives of the 'Hindustan Socialist Republican Association.
- 3 What resolution was passed on 14th July 1942 at Wardha?

Q.7 Read the passage and answer the questions based on it.

4

- 1

The struggle of the Dalits began under the leadership of Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar. He aimed at establishing a society based on principles of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity. He was convinced that the injustice to the Dalits and inequality would not end unless the caste system was completely, uprooted. According to him, social equality was the right of the Dalits. He intended to carry out a movement based on self-respect. From this point of view, he established the 'Bahishkrut Hitkarini Sabha' in July 1924. 'Be Educated, Be Organised and Be Agitated', was the inspirational message given by him to his followers.

- i. What inspirational message did Babasaheb give to his followers?
- ii. What did Dr. Ambedkar aim at?
- iii. What did Dr. Ambedkar firmly believe in?