

Chapter: 7

Q1 Choose the right option and rewrite the sentence (3)

- i) The rate of urbanization in Brazil has reduced after the _____ decade.
(a) 1960 (b) 1970 (c) 1990 (d) 2000
- ii) The concentration of settlements is related to following major factors -
a. Proximity to the sea b. Plain region
c. Availability of water d. Climate
- iii) Concentrated settlements are found in Narmada Valley -
a. Forested land b. Cultivable land
c. Undulating topography d. Industries

Q2 State whether the given statement is Right or Wrong and correct wrong one (3)

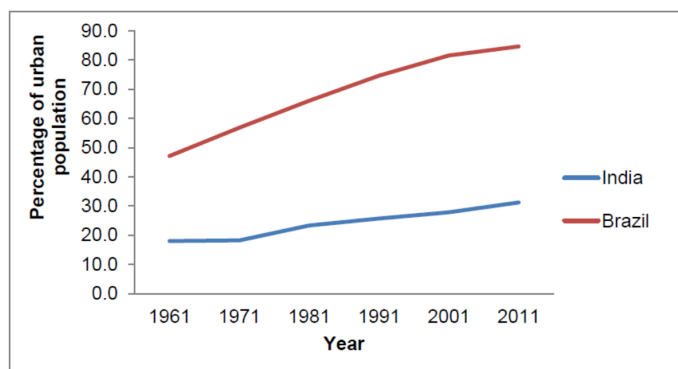
- i) Today, about 89% of Brazil population lives in an urban area.
- ii) The level of urbanisation in Brazil in 2011 was 31.16% which is quite low in comparison to developed countries.
- iii) The earlier settlements in Brazil were formed by the settlers from America mainly in the costal areas.

Q3 Give geographical reason (Any 2) (6)

- i) Inland areas of the Northeast Brazil are sparsely populated.
- ii) Settlements are sparse in north-eastern Brazil.
- iii) In Brazil majority of population is found in the eastern coastal areas.

Q4 Answer in detail / brief (Any 2) (8)

- i) Compare the line graph of urbanization in India and Brazil. Write five lines on the changes that have occurred in urbanization in both the countries with time



- ii) Write a paragraph on the settlements pattern, urban and rural settlements and urbanization in India and Brazil.

- iii) Study the two types of settlement patterns in India in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 in the textbook. Answer the following questions.



Fig. (1)



Fig. (2)

- (1) Identify the type of settlements.
- (2) Which one is a nucleated settlement? Why?
- (3) Which one is a dispersed settlement? What could be the reason behind it?
- (4) Can you guess in which regions are these settlements located in India?