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### **Lesson objectives**

- By the end of this lesson, you should be able to:
  - Configure a list view panel so that its rows can be modified
  - Configure a list view panel so that rows can be added to and removed from it

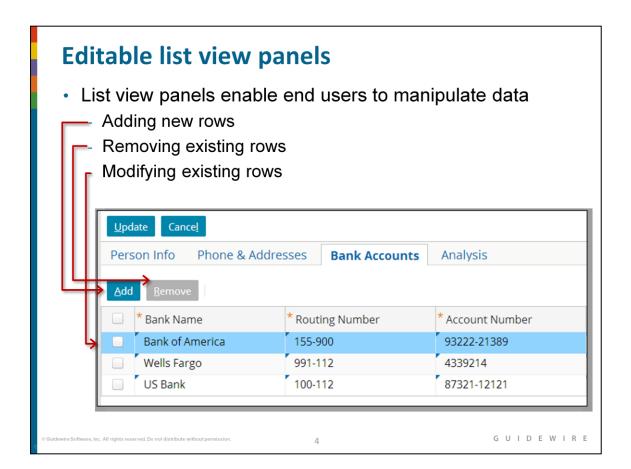
This lesson uses the notes section for additional explanation and information. To view the notes in PowerPoint, choose View→Normal or View→Notes Page. If you choose to print the notes for the lesson, be sure to select "Print hidden slides."

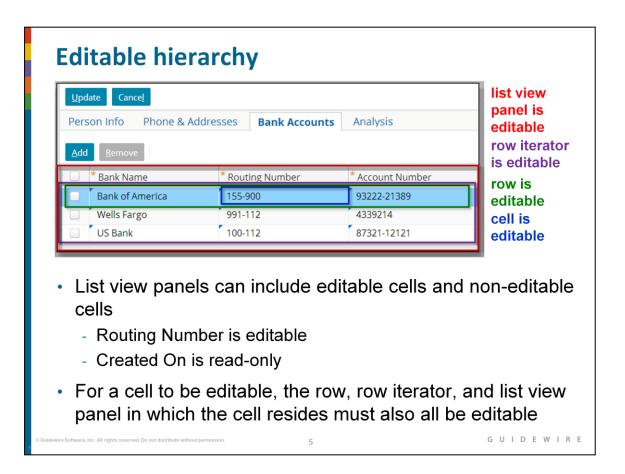
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### **Lesson outline**

- Editable list view panels
- Iterator buttons

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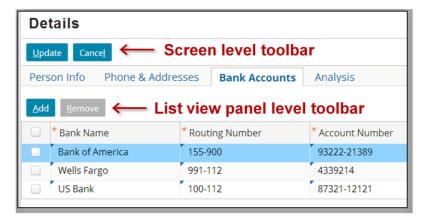


The following summarizes the default value of the editable property for each element:

- A list view panel's editable property is blank. The property is not required. (A list view panel with no specified editable property is editable.)
- A row iterator's editable property is blank, but this property is required. To have editable cells, it must be set to true, or to a condition that evaluates to true.
- A row's editable property is blank. The property is not required. (A row with no specified editable property is editable.)
- A cell's editable property is false. To have the cell be editable, you must set the property to true, or to a condition that evaluates to true.

In practice, the two elements you must explicitly set to editable to get editable cells are the row iterator and the cells that are to be made editable.

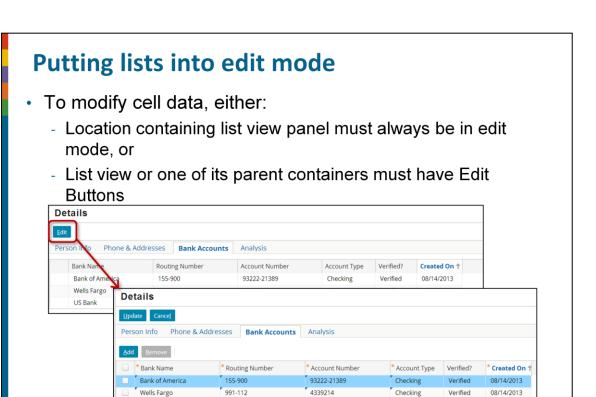
### Multiple options for location of toolbars



- Multiple places where you can place a toolbar
  - Associate the toolbar with the container it acts on
- Edit Buttons go in toolbar at screen level
- Iterator Buttons go with list view panel toolbar

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Because the PCF architecture is hierarchical in nature, there is often more than one place that a toolbar could go. For example, the screenshot above shows toolbars at both the screen level and list level. Typically, the best place for a toolbar is the highest place in the hierarchy of containers that you want it to affect. For example, if you need the same toolbar on every card of a card view, then you will provide users with a more intuitive interface if you place a single toolbar at or above the card view level as opposed to putting individual toolbars on every card.



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Checking

Verified

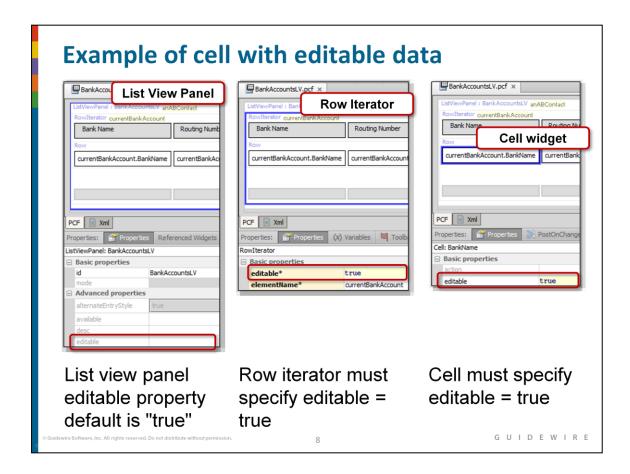
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It is possible to set a location so that it is always in edit mode. To configure this, set the location's startInEditMode property to true and alwaysInEditMode property to true. A location that is always in edit mode has only Update and Cancel buttons—there is no Edit button. Whenever either of the buttons is clicked, the changes are committed or canceled, and the location immediately reverts to edit mode.

100-112

US Bank



The screenshots above show the configuration within a list view panel needed to make the data in the Bank Name cells editable. Note the following about the BankAccountsLV list view panel:

- The list view panel itself is editable. Editable is either blank or set to true.
- · The row iterator is editable.
- · The cell widget itself is editable.

This presumes that all container widgets that contain BankAccountsLV are also editable.

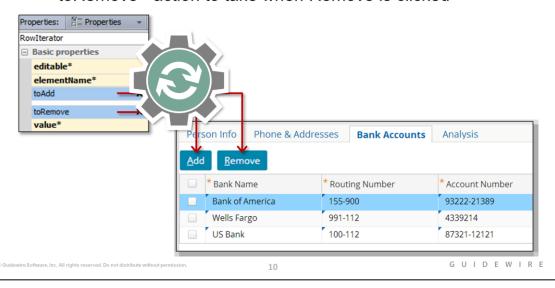
### **Lesson outline**

- Editable list view panels
- Iterator buttons

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### **Iterator buttons and row iterators**

- Properties of row iterator govern functionality of iterator buttons (Add|Remove)
  - toAdd action to take when Add is clicked
  - toRemove action to take when Remove is clicked

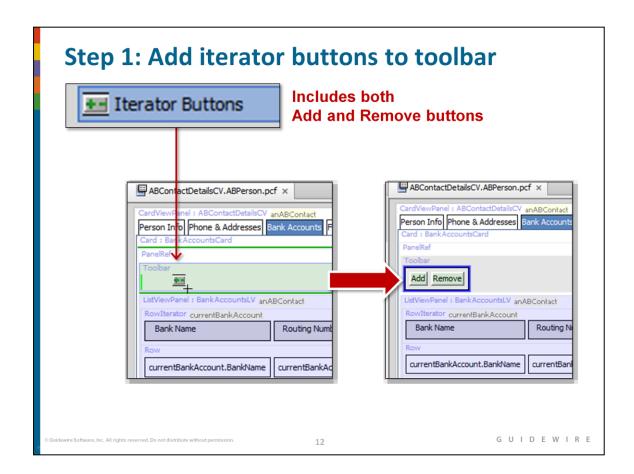


# **Steps to adding iterator buttons**

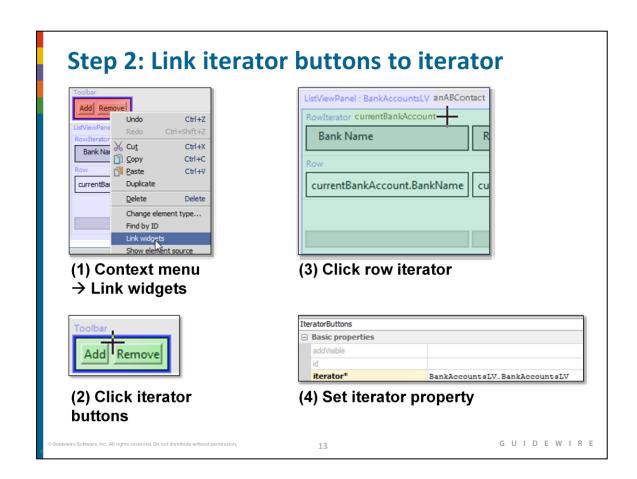
- 1. Add iterator buttons to toolbar
- 2. Link iterator buttons to iterator
- 3. Specify toAdd property
- 4. Specify toRemove property
- 5. Configure checkbox behavior
- 6. Deploy PCFs

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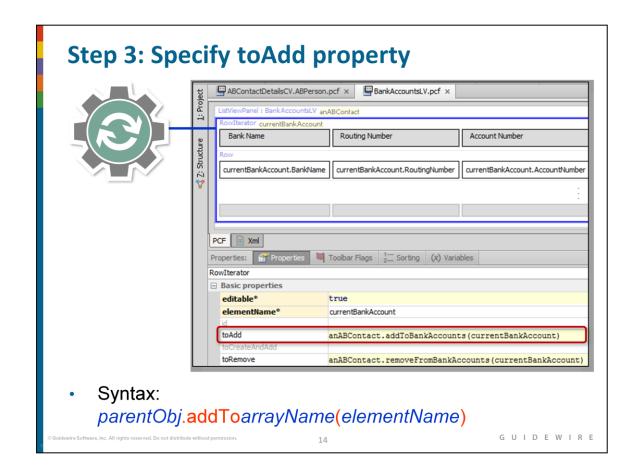
The Iterator Buttons widget contains both buttons needed to add and remove rows. The buttons also already have the appropriate visibility logic. They are visible only when the location is in edit mode.



Add the iterator buttons to the Toolbar first. The mouse cursor changes to a crosshair, and iterator buttons on the PCF turn green to indicate that they are available for linking. If you save the PCF without linking the buttons or give focus to another application before doing so, Studio changes the buttons to red to indicate that they have not been linked.

After you click the iterator buttons, Studio renders any row iterators as green to indicate that they are available for linking. You must click the row iterator itself; even though any contained row (as well as any widget contained by any row) also appears green, they cannot be clicked.

After linking the widgets, configure the iterator property of the iterator buttons to reference the exposed iterator. Click the SmartHelp button to display a list of exposed iterators, and select the appropriate one. Although Studio identifies iterator buttons that have not been linked to a row iterator as an error, the PCF still functions at runtime. Iterator buttons that have not been configured to explicitly reference a particular iterator will implicitly reference and affect whichever row iterator appears after them physically in the page configuration.

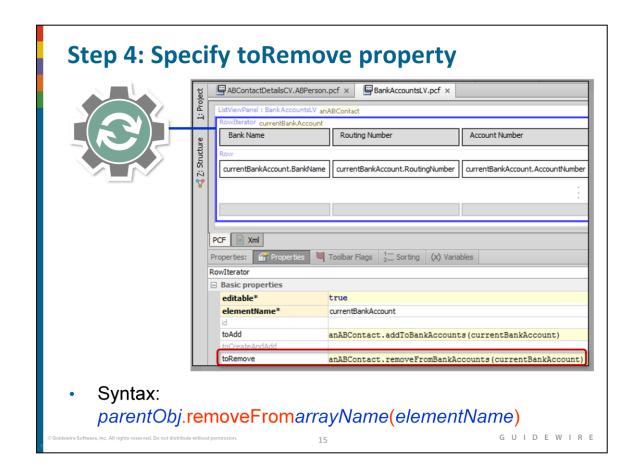


For every array on an entity, there are inherently two methods added to that entity:

- An addTo<arrayName>() method, which adds a specified object to the named array.
- A removeFrom<arrayName>() method, which removes the specified object from the named array. The addTo... method is used to enable the functionality of the Add button.

The syntax for the toAdd property is *parentObj*.addTo*ArrayName*(*elementName*), where:

- parentObj is the parent object to which the array belong. In the example above, the BankAccounts array belongs to the anABContact object.
- ArrayName is the name of the array.
- *elementName* is the row iterator's element name. For an Add button, this creates a new object of the appropriate type and associates it with the array.



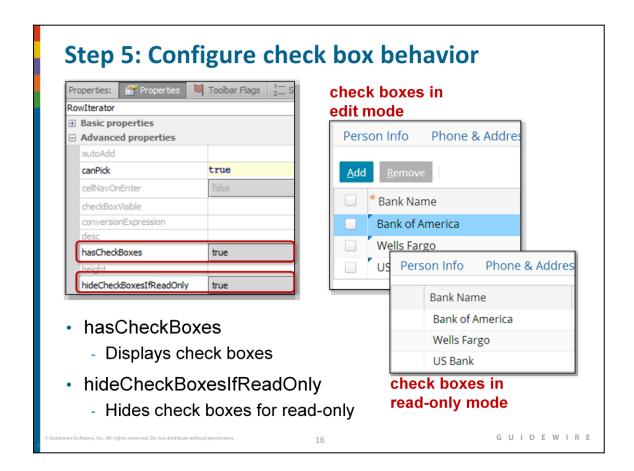
For every array on an entity, there are inherently two methods added to that entity:

- An addTo<arrayName>() method, which adds a specified object to the named array.
- A removeFrom<arrayName>() method, which removes the specified object from the named array.

The removeFrom... method is used to enable the functionality of the Remove button.

The syntax for the toRemove property is *parentObj*.removeFrom*ArrayName*(*elementName*), where:

- parentObj is the parent object to which the array belongs. In the example above, the BankAccounts array belongs to the anABContact object.
- ArrayName is the name of the array.
- *elementName* is the row iterator's element name. For a Remove button, this removes the selected row or rows from the array.



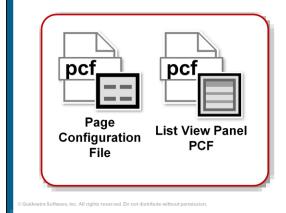
Check boxes enable the Remove button by identifying which rows to remove.

- hasCheckBoxes displays check boxes.
- hideCheckBoxesIfReadOnly hides check boxes in read-only mode.

### **Step 6: Deploy PCFs**

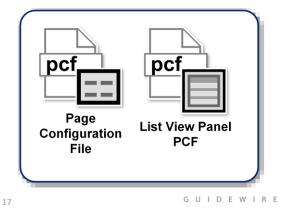
### **Restart Server**

 PCFs read at server startup



#### Reload PCFs

- ALT+SHIFT+L
  - Internal debug tools enabled
- Internal Tools
  - Reload → Reload PCF Files



It is also possible to reload PCF files using the Guidewire API and/or internal server tools. The Reload PCF command can be found on the Reload page in Internal Tools. To access Internal Tools, you must log in as an administrator user, e.g., su/gw. Then, use ALT+SHIFT+T. In the tab bar, select Internal Tools  $\rightarrow$  Reload. On the Reload page, click the Reload PCF Files button. The Reload PCF Files button calls the static method gw.api.tools.InternalToolsUtil.reloadPCFs().

# **Lesson objectives review**

You should now be able to:

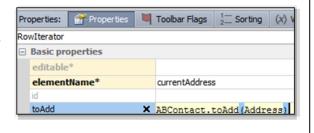
- Configure a list view panel so that its rows can be modified
- Configure a list view panel so that rows can be added to and removed from it

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### **Review questions**

- 1. For a cell to be editable, the cell's Editable property must be set to true. What three other elements must also be editable to make the cell editable in the user interface?
- 2. When you drag an IteratorButtons widget onto a toolbar, how many buttons are added?
- 3. Assume that an object called anABContact has an Addresses array and an Addresses list view panel whose row iterator is configured as shown.



Identify the errors in how the property is configured.

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#### **Answers**

- 1) The list view panel itself, the list view panel's row iterator, and the row.
- 2) Two: an Add and a Remove button.
- 3) There are four errors: (a) The object is anABContact, not ABContact. (b) The method name starts with "addTo...", not "toAdd...". (c) The name of the array is missing from the end of the method name. (The method should be addToAddresses.) (d) The argument must reference the row iterator's element name, which is currentAddress.

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