Image Restoration

1. Let's start with a shift-invariant model, meaning that every point in the original image spreads out the same way in forming the blurred image. We model this with convolution: G(u,v) = H(u,v) * F(u,v) + N(u,v), where * is 2-D convolution, H(u,v) is the point-spread

function (PSF), F(u, v) is the original image, and N(u, v) is noise.

- (a) Model an out-of-blur PSF using fspecial function.
- (b) Synthesize a blurred image by implementing circular convolution.
- (c) Apply inverse filtering to obtain the original image. RestoredImage = IFFT $\{FFT(BlurredImage) \div FFT(PSF)\}$
- 2. (a) Let's add some noise: If we define peak SNR (PSNR) as $PSNR = 10 \log_{10} \frac{[gmax gmin]^2}{\sigma_u^2} \text{ then the noise scaling will be } \sigma_u = 10^{-PSNR/20} \times |gmax gmin|$ Now, add noise to the blurred image obtained in step:1(b) to get a 40db PSNR.
 - (b) Attempt inverse filtering on this noisy image and infer the result.
- 3. (a) Now, attempt pseudo-inverse filtering, $H_I = \frac{H^*}{|H|^2 + \delta^2}$ then $H_I \approx \frac{1}{H}$ if $|\delta| << |H|$ and $H_I \approx 0$ if $|\delta| >> |H|$
 - (b) Implement Wiener filter,

$$\hat{F}(u,v) = \left[\frac{H^*(u,v)}{|H(u,v)|^2 + S_{\eta}(u,v)/S_f(u,v)} \right] G(u,v)$$

where

$$S_f(u,v) = |F(u,v)|^2$$

and

$$S_{\eta}(u,v) = |N(u,v)|^2$$

- 4. (a) Blur an image using different types of filters like averaging filter, Gaussian low pass filter, Prewitt filter and Sobel filter. Show them simultaneously.
 - (b) Add 'salt & pepper' noise to all the blurred images obtained above. Restore them all and display.