

Mockito and the Hamcrest Matchers

Mocks, Stubs, and Matchers

Contact Info

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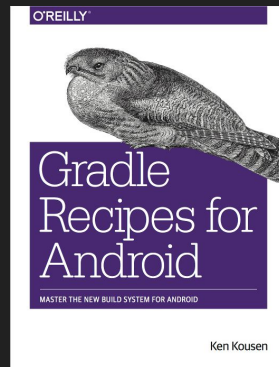
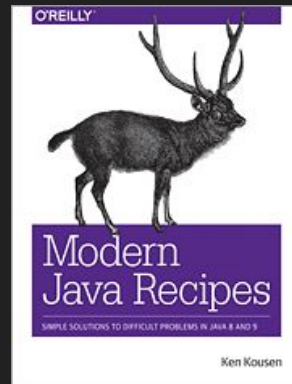
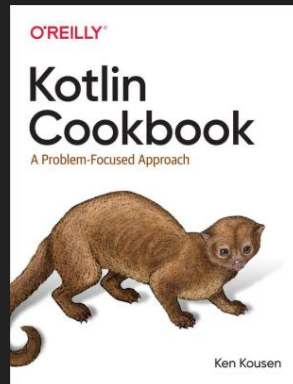
<http://www.kousenit.com>

<http://kousenit.org> (blog)

[@kenkousen](https://twitter.com/kenkousen) (twitter)

Tales from the jar side,

<https://kenkousen.substack.com> (newsletter)



New Book

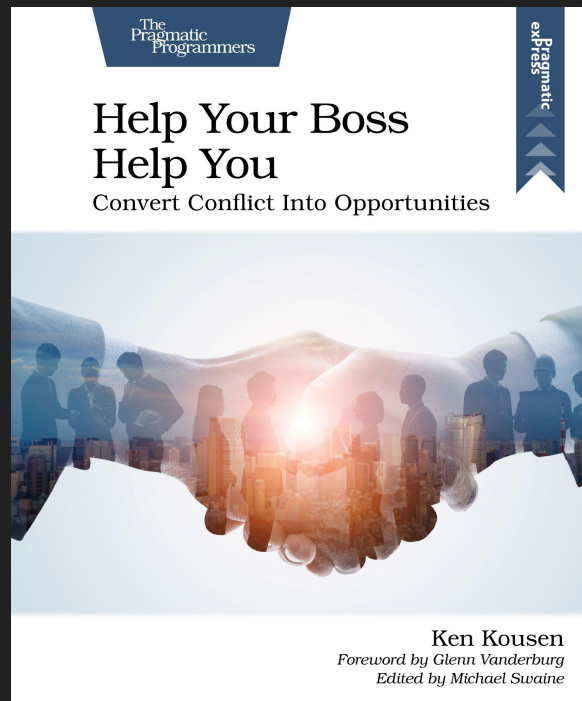
Help Your Boss Help You

How to manage your manager to get
what you want in your job and your career

At [Amazon](#):

#1 New Release in Business Ethics

#1 New Release in Business Communications



Videos

O'Reilly video courses: See [Safari Books Online](#) for details

[Groovy Programming Fundamentals](#),

[Practical Groovy Programming](#), [Mastering Groovy Programming](#)

[Learning Android](#), [Practical Android](#)

[Gradle Fundamentals](#), [Gradle for Android](#)

[Spring Framework Essentials](#)

[Reactive Spring](#)

[Advanced Java Development](#)

[Understanding Java 8 Generics](#)

[Managing Your Manager](#)

Grails 3 (several, starting with [this](#))

GitHub Repository

Mockito and the Hamcrest Matchers:

<https://github.com/kousen/mockito-hamcrest>

Topics

Hamcrest Matchers

A convenient set of methods to make JUnit tests more readable

Mockito

A library for creating mocks and stubs

Hamcrest matchers

Hamcrest is a framework for software tests

Syntactic sugar for JUnit tests

Behavior is the same

Readability is better

Hamcrest

Wikipedia article

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamcrest>

First generation: simple assert statements

Second generation: family of assert statements,
like assertEquals, assertTrue, assertNotNull

Third generation: assertThat with matchers

```
assertThat(x, is(not(equalTo(y))))
```


Documentation

- Home page: <http://hamcrest.org>
- Java implementation: <http://hamcrest.org/JavaHamcrest/>
- JavaDocs: <http://hamcrest.org/JavaHamcrest/javadoc/>
- Tutorial: <https://code.google.com/archive/p/hamcrest/wikis/Tutorial.wiki>
- Mailing list:
<https://groups.google.com/forum/?fromgroups#!forum/hamcrest-java>
- Source code: <https://github.com/hamcrest/JavaHamcrest>

Set Up

Gradle dependency for JUnit 4:

```
dependencies {  
    testImplementation 'junit:junit:4.13.1'  
    testImplementation 'org.hamcrest:hamcrest:2.2'  
}
```

JUnit 5 instead:

```
testImplementation 'org.junit.jupiter:junit-jupiter:5.8.1'
```

Set Up

Maven

```
<dependency>  
  <groupId>org.hamcrest</groupId>  
  <artifactId>hamcrest</artifactId>  
  <version>2.2</version>  
  <scope>test</scope>  
</dependency>
```

Set Up

Prior implementations divided into multiple jars:

Only **hamcrest-core** is required

hamcrest-library adds additional matchers

hamcrest-integration provides integration with
JUnit, TestNG, jMock, and EasyMock

hamcrest-all contains all the above

See

<https://code.google.com/archive/p/hamcrest/wikis/HamcrestDistributables.wiki>

assertThat

Start with `MatcherAssert.assertThat(...)`

```
static void assertThat(String reason, boolean assertion)
```

```
static <T> void assertThat(String reason,  
    T actual, Matcher<? super T> matcher)
```

```
static <T> void assertThat(T actual, Matcher<? super T> matcher)
```

Simple Matchers

Lots of **static** methods in Matchers class

`equalTo(obj)` → invoke `equals(Object)` method

`is(T val)` → shorthand for `is(equalTo(val))`

"is" → "syntactic sugar" designed to make test more readable

Simple Matchers

`allOf` → true if all matchers match

`anyOf` → true if any matchers match

`not` → flips boolean

`isA`, `instanceOf` → type test

`nullValue`, `notNullValue`

`sameInstance`

Simple Matchers

`greaterThan`, `greaterThanOrEqualTo`

`lessThan`, `lessThanOrEqualTo`

`closeTo` → used for floating point and BigDecimals

`is`, `equalTo`

`equalToIgnoreCase`, `equalToCompressingWhiteSpace`

white space trimmed, then internal collapsed to single space

`containsString`, `endsWith`, `startsWith`

Bean Matchers

`hasProperty("property")`

`samePropertyValuesAs(obj)`

Custom Matchers

Create your own matcher by extending **TypeSafeMatcher**

Already implements null checks, checks the type, and casts
delegates to matchesSafely

See tutorial for details

Mockito

Mocks, Stubs, and Spies

Consider an order processor

```
public Confirmation processOrder() {  
    // calculate total cost  
    // look up customer info  
    // process any discounts  
    // add required taxes and fees  
    // add in shipping costs  
    // process credit card  
}
```

Order processor

Most of that is local, but what about the credit card processor?

```
public Confirmation processOrder() {  
    // ...  
    cardService.chargeCard(String number);  
}
```

Don't want to call the real credit card service while testing

Mocks vs Stubs

What we need for the credit card processor is a

Mock object

... or is that a **stub**?

Mocks vs Stubs

A stub

stands in for the real object

provides **specific responses** to method calls

```
mockCardService.chargeCard("12345") → true
```

This is called **setting expectations**

Mocks vs Stubs

A mock

stands in for the real object

verifies that methods were called:

the right **number of times**

in the **right order**

You **verify** a mock

Mocks vs Stubs

```
@Test
public void testProcessOrder() {

    // verify:
    // customer lookup called first
    // total price calculator called next
    // shipping service called after that
    // credit card service called last

    // each called exactly once
}
```

Mocks vs Stubs

The **created object** (mock or stub) is the **same**

The difference is **how they are used**:

stubs provide known outputs for method calls

mocks verify the protocol

the interaction between our test class and the mock

Spies

A **spy** is a **partial mock**

method calls **pass through** to underlying real object

can **replace** some calls with specific outputs

Mockito makes a copy of the real instance

Mockito discourages their use, but allows it when necessary

Mockito

A mocking (and stubbing) tool

Enables true unit tests in Java

Programmatic stubbing via

- `Mockito.when(mock.action()).thenReturn(true)`
- `BDDMockito.given(mock.action()).willReturn(true)`

Documentation

- Home page: <http://mockito.org/>
- JavaDocs:
<http://javadoc.io/page/org.mockito/mockito-core/latest/org/mockito/Mockito.html>
- Release Notes:
<https://github.com/mockito/mockito/blob/release/2.x/doc/release-notes/official.md>
- FAQ: <https://github.com/mockito/mockito/wiki/FAQ>
- Mailing list: <http://groups.google.com/group/mockito>

Mockito

Limitations (some by design):

- Cannot mock static methods (until 3.4.0)
- Cannot mock constructors
- Cannot mock equals(), hashCode()
- Cannot mock private methods

Capabilities:

- Can mock both classes and interfaces

Mockito Versions

Mockito 2 → significant changes from 1

Mockito 3 → requires Java 8+

Mockito 4 → removes deprecated classes and methods

Everything from 2.* on up works with 4

Mockito

Gradle dependency:

```
repositories {  
    jcenter()  
}  
  
dependencies {  
    testImplementation 'org.mockito:mockito-core:4.0.0'  
}
```


Using Mockito

Create mocks with:

static `mock()` method

`@Mock` annotation

Mockito

Programmatic verification via

- Mockito.**verify**(mock).action()
- BDDMockito.**then**(mock).**should**().action()

Annotations available for mocking

- **@Mock**
- **@Spy**
- **@Captor**
- **@InjectMocks**

Mockito

Provides its own JUnit 4 runner:

```
@RunWith(MockitoJUnitRunner.class)
```

For JUnit 5, add dependency:

```
testImplementation "org.mockito:mockito-junit-jupiter:4.0.0"
```

Then use Mockito extension:

```
@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)
```

Using Annotations

Add `@Mock` (or `@Spy`) to attributes

Three ways to use Mockito with JUnit 4:

Call `MockitoAnnotations.openMocks(this)`

Use JUnit 4 Rule:

`@Rule`

```
public MockitoRule mockitoRule = MockitoJUnit.rule();
```

Use Mockito JUnit 4 Runner

Configuring Mocks

Mocked objects return default values if not specified

- null for object references
- zero for numbers
- false for booleans
- empty collections for collections
- etc.

Configuring Mocks

Setting expectations

After `mock(MyClass.class)`,

`when(...).thenReturn(...)`

Can **chain** `thenReturn(...)` calls

Returns in order, then the final one repeatedly

`when(...).thenReturn(...).thenReturn(...)`

Configuring Mocks

Configure mock based on specific argument

```
when(42).thenReturn(true)
```

Can use ArgumentMatchers

```
anyInt(), anyBoolean(), anyString(), ...
```

```
any(), any(Class<T>)
```

Verifying Invocations

`verify(mock).method()` checks that `method()` is called on mock

`verify(mock, times(1)).method()`

- `times(int)`
- `never()`
- `atLeastOnce()`
- `atLeast(int)`
- `atMost(int)`

Configuring Mocks

Can not mock methods that return void the same way

Can not mock methods that throw exceptions the same way

Use the "doReturn" methods instead

```
doReturn(...).when(...).action()
```

```
doThrow(new RuntimeException()).when(...).action()
```

Ordering

Can verify methods invoked in the proper order

Use **InOrder** class, which takes one or more mocks as arguments

Spies

Wraps a real object

Every call is delegated to the object unless specified otherwise

Use the `spy()` method or `@Spy`

Verifying Behavior

Mockito keeps track of all method calls and parameters on real object

Use `verify()` on mock

Distinguishes between true mocks and true stubs

Stubs just return specified values

Mocks verify the protocol

Methods are called the right number of times, in proper order

Verifying Behavior

Use **ArgumentMatchers** to check argument types

static methods like `eq()`, `anyInt()`, `any()`

Check multiplicity

`never()`, `atLeastOnce()`, `atLeast(num)`

`times(...)`, `atMost(...)`

ArgumentCaptor

ArgumentCaptor allows access to arguments of method calls

```
verify(mockedList).addAll(captor.capture())
```

Then `captor.getValue()` returns actual value

BDD

Behavior Driven Development

Use **BDDMockito** class

```
given(mock.method()).willReturn(value)
```

```
then(mock).should(times(1)).method()
```

Mocking final types

Incubating capability to mock:

- final types
- enums
- final methods

Use Mockito extension mechanism

`/mockito-extensions/org.mockito.plugins.MockMaker`

containing "mock-maker-inline"

Mocking final types

Alternatively, use "mockito-inline" artifact in build

Still restrictions; see docs for details

Summary

Hamcrest

- Simplified assertions
- Useful for `closeTo`, `containsInAnyOrder`, custom matchers

Mockito

- Stubs provide known values
- Mocks verify interactions