INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY TIRUPATI C\$302L SOFTWARE ENGINEERING MID EXAM (Oct 10 2022)

B.TECH SEMESTERY

TIME:120 Min MARKS: 100

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Please read the entire question paper before you start! Be <u>agile</u>, <u>crisp</u> and <u>sharp</u> in your answers and write assumptions if any! Your answers should be based on discussions in the lectures rather than <u>textbook-driven</u>! Best Write your answer in the space provided unless you need extra sheets. Partial credit may be given based on Quality of the content, not Quantity.

Section A. <u>Circle</u> True or False and write a one sentence rationale [justification]. I mark each, marks will be given <u>only if justification is correct.</u> (5X = 5 marks)

1. TCP- Design should happen only after testing

A project is tested if its implemented. To implement

we must design it first

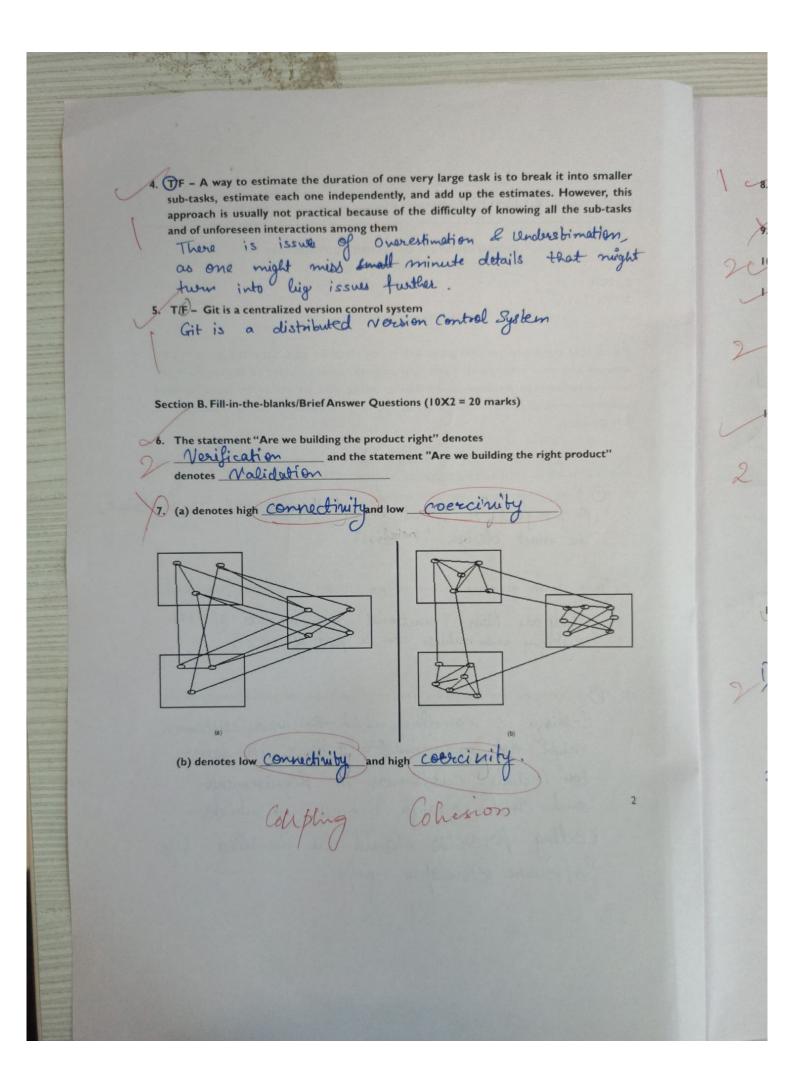
Specification!

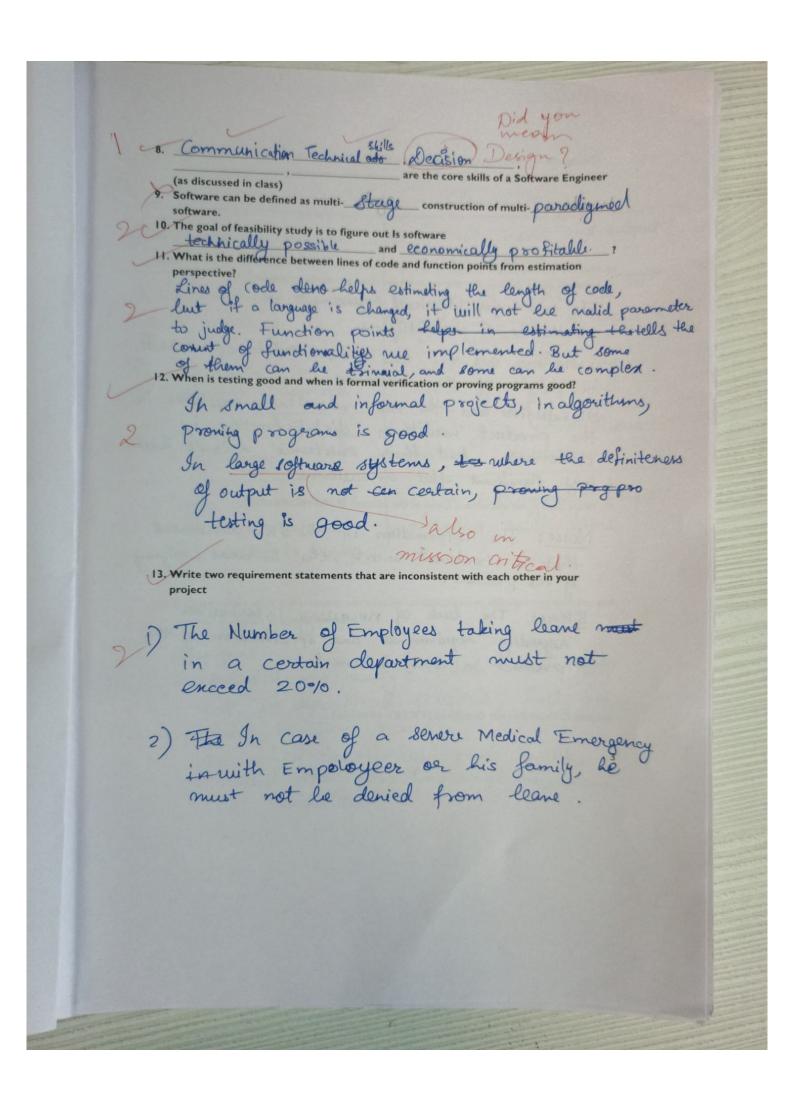
They are Non-Functional Requirements of the

They are Non-Functional Requirements of the System such which are a part of SRS.

3. TF- Including the users/customers in the process of coding will yield a better product

Coding is something which the riser/continuer might not understand or *Hence, its letter to include customers in Requisements and and Design Process, orwhich 1 coding process should be landled by Software Developer only.





14. Identify the two major categories of requirements and briefly explain the key difference between them. (remember the examples in class of mobiles, aeroplanes?)

1) Functional Requirements of requirements are:

These are the rquirements that are expected by the user to be performed by the software... ex -> play videos, do some tasks... they typically are standard input and output based tasks that the system is expected to perform

2) Non Functional:

These are characteristics that the system must conform to, ie Security, Mentainability, reliablity, cross-platform dependence etc.

3) Buistess: Phese are buisness specific requirements or goals fulfilled by the software continuers but their exist coners.

any significant effect on customers.

15. What does noise and silence mean in the context of SRS specification?

Noise: The information in the SRS document that is irrelevent w.r.t the Software Designing of the product.

Silence: The lack of necessary information regarding requirements and specification of the product in SRS document.

Section C. Short Answer Questions (4 X 10 = 40 marks)

16. Write five key differences between software engineer and programmer – remember the example of an engineer and mason?

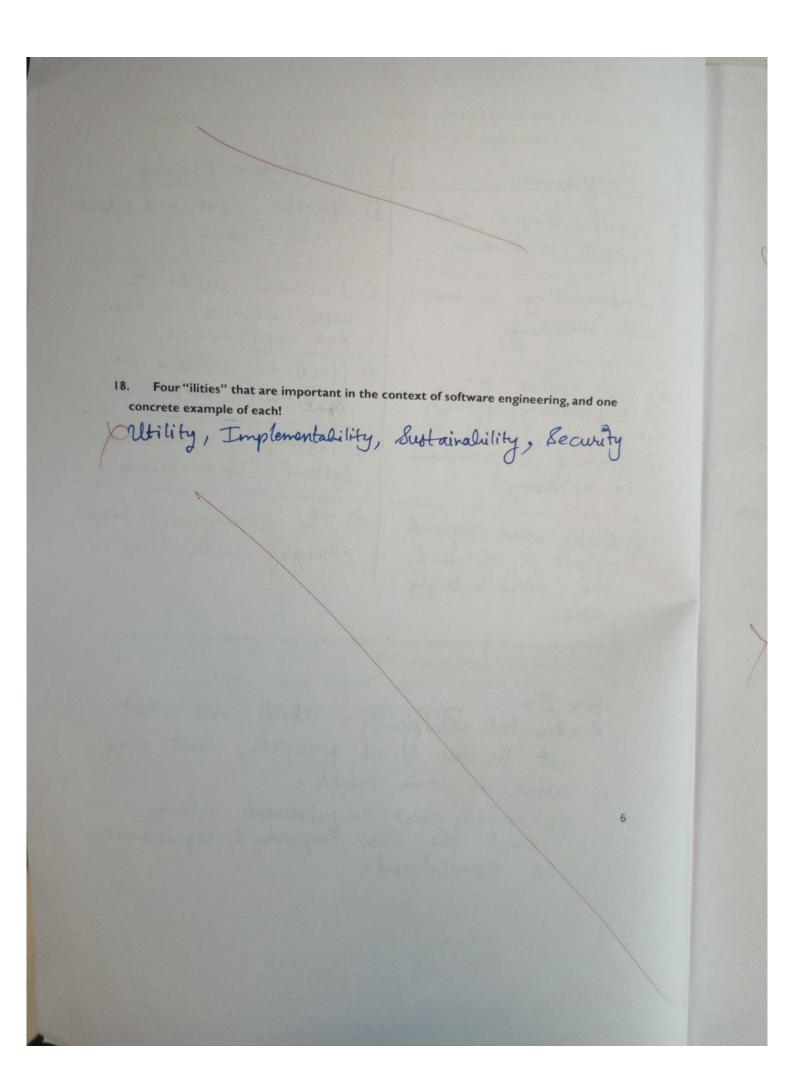
Programmer	Software Engineer
) Specific Trout and Output is known	1) Specific input and output is not known
2) Interacting is mainly with maching	2) Interacts with the regularistements to know the requirements
3) Can follow an exploratory approch	3) Needs to follow as systematic approach
4) Proving a program is necessary	system is necessary
s) Once other required output is obtained, the more is largely done.	5) The requirement keeps changing with time

Briefly explain what are essential and accidental difficulties in software engineering and give one concrete example for each.

Accidental difficulties:
These are the ones which are associated with developing software using various tools, and are typically, associated with debugging and making various software tools to work for building the reqired framework acc to SRS.
These are the majority time taking difficulties that account for maximum percentage during software projects.

Essential Difficulties:

These are difficulties not necessarily associated with software, but are problems of the domain itself, like security for banking, Speed for Video confrencing Apps, etc these are relatively fewer in amount and are more fundamental to the domain of the software application



19. What are the four kinds of maintenance? and Write one example for each in the context of your project!

- 20. What are Garvin's five perspectives of software quality?
 Govern's fine perspectives:
 - 1) Easy to Use: The Software which is easy to use understand is of good quality
 - 2) Good to Look: The software with good aesthetics is of good quality
 - 3) Does the mork: The software with more functionalities is called of good quality
 - a customer which cannot be explained by him.

21. Explain different kinds of work break down structure? and what are the different

Strategies?

Work Bereakdown can be

i) function based

ii) Object based

iii) Requirement Based

to be implemented by one group,

iii) Object Based - A particular module/screen

to be developed by one group.

iii) Requirement Based - a particular section

in SRS to be handled by one group

22. What are the three different ways of assessing software quality? Briefly write one sentence on each, and what are the factors you consider when deciding the right way of assessment?

Verification VS Validation->

1) Testing

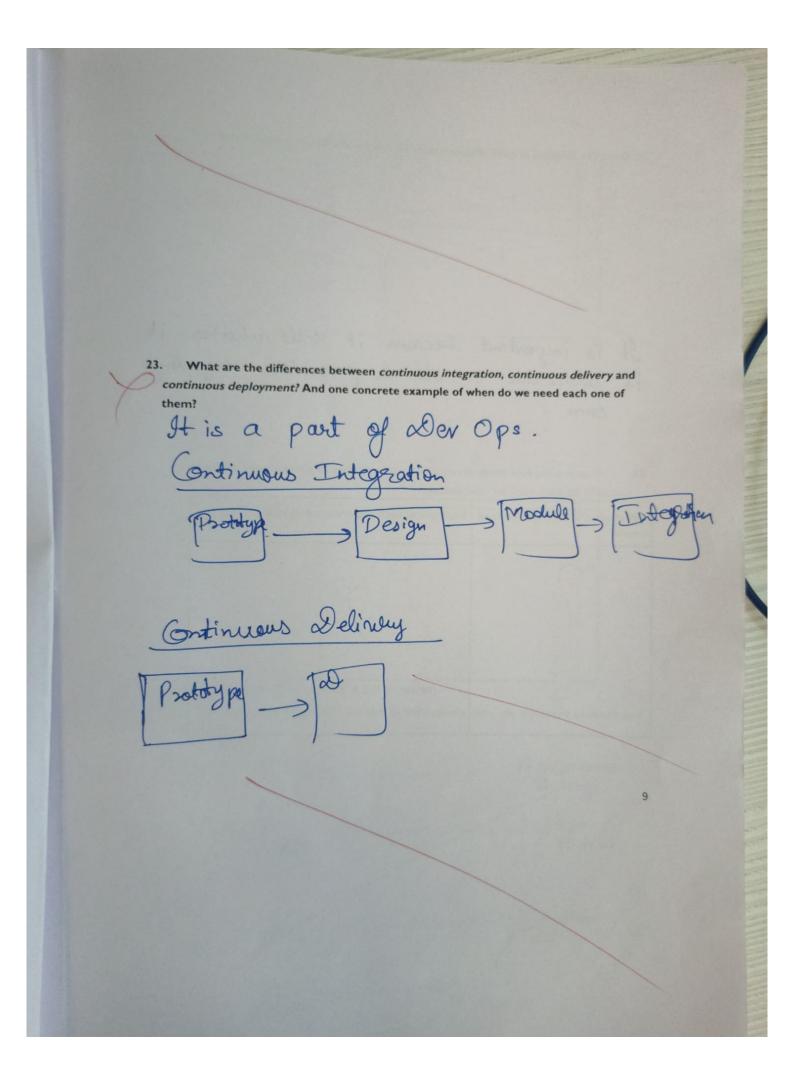
Software's quality is dependent on it passing certain predefined testcases

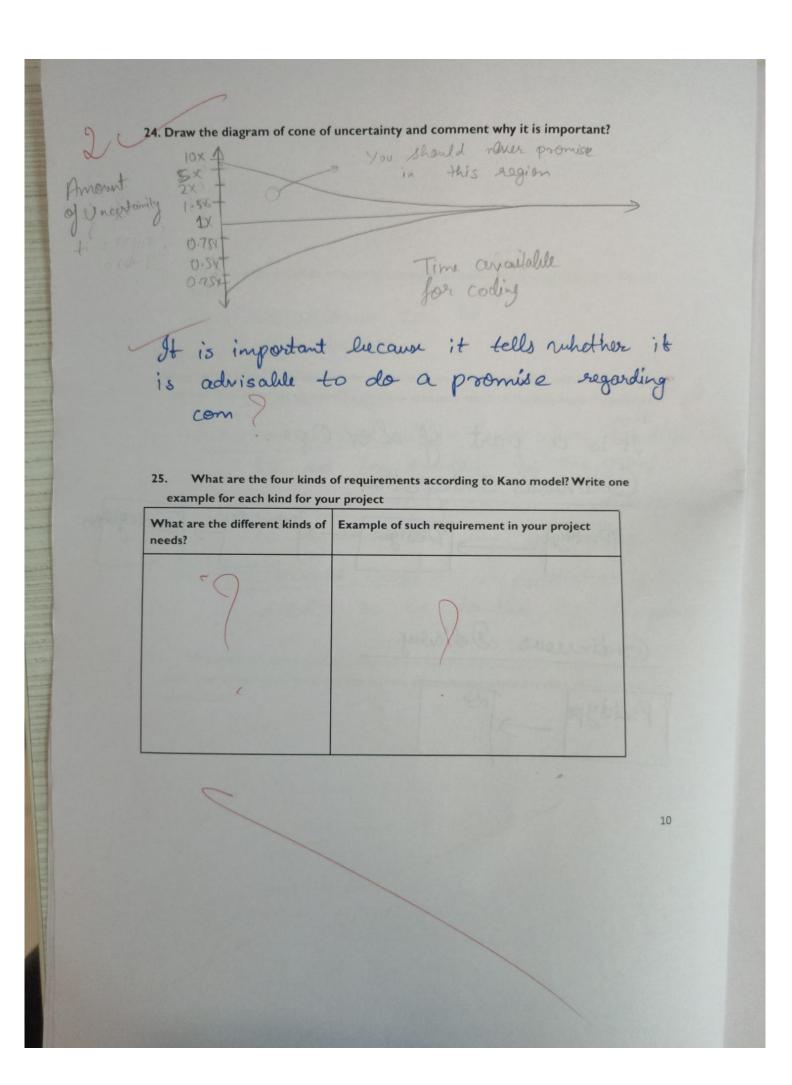
2) Formal methods (Proofs for correctness)

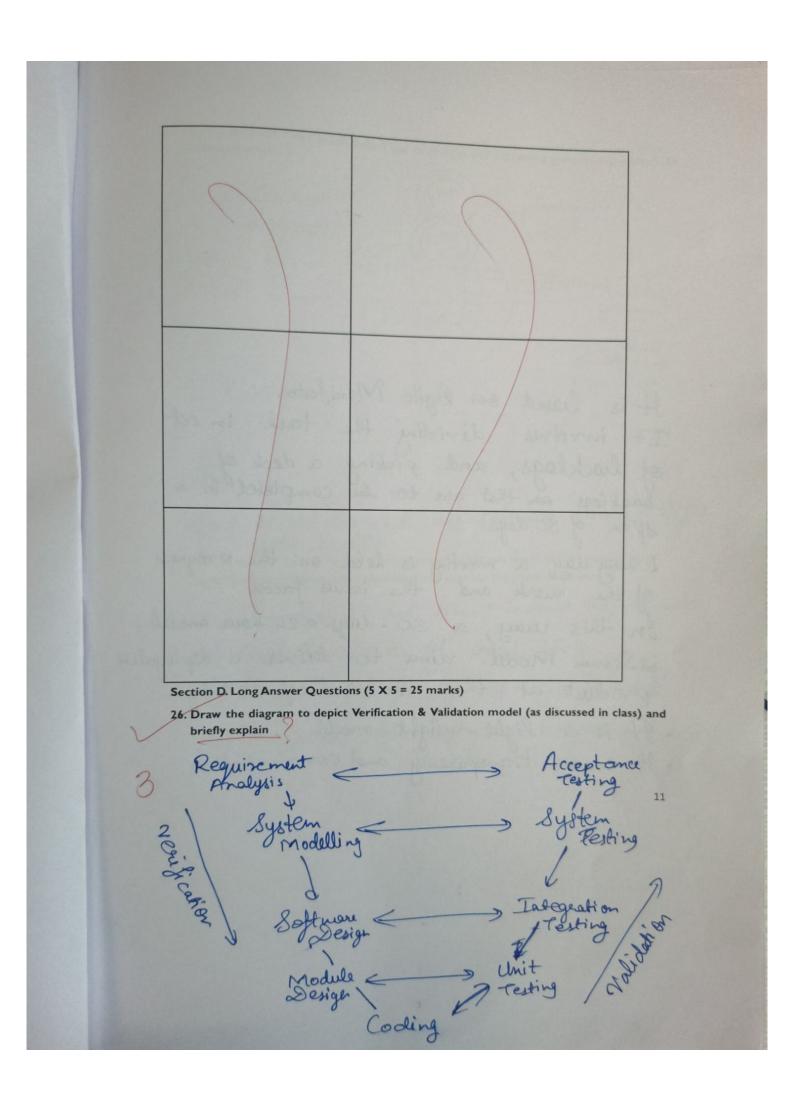
Formally proving that each component of software is correct is a excellent method of imparting reliablity + security for your software.

3) Conformance to standards

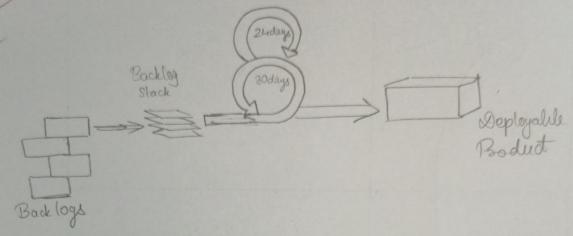
There are many standards like CMMI standards, which measure the quality of software... and companies which make them







27 Explain Scrum using a diagram and explain its key components



It is haved on Agile Manifesto.

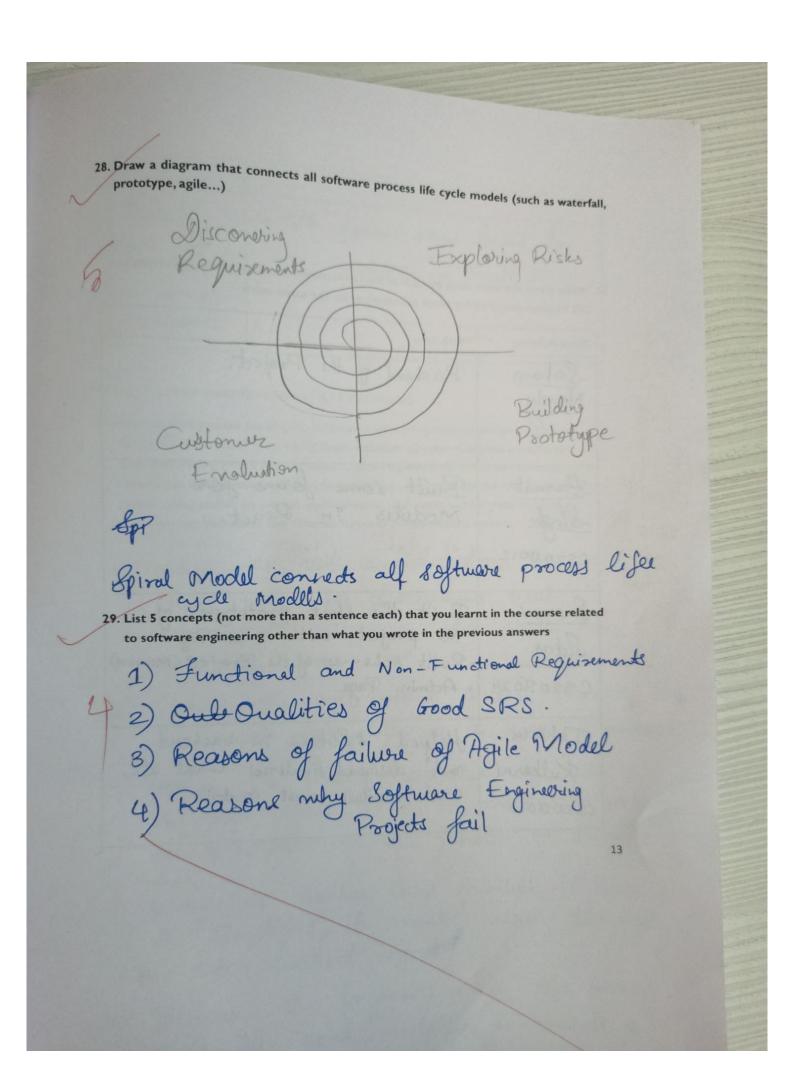
It involves dividing the task in set of leachlogs, and picking a deck of backlogs as that are to be completed in a span of 30 days.

Every day, a meeting is held on the progress of the mork and the issues faced.

In this way, a 30-days-224 hour model is Scrum Model aims to deliver a deployable product at the the end of 30th day.

- . It is a light-weight model
- . It ensures transparency and communication

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30. Write down the work done by each of the team members of the project, and marks will be given only if all the team members write the same work

0
Not
Should
mention
name

Team Member	Work done
Scham	Backend of the Project.
Harmit Singh CS20B012	Built some forms for Modules in React.
Promav Sutar CS20B029	Built the start prototype of the project with Main Page Built 8chemas of the Project (Morgose) · Admin Page
Ishaan Kulkarni (S20B018	Helped & Soham in backend and designed finalized what all each module must contain.

Sauralh Built forms some forms for for modules in Realt 55 CS20B033 Section E. Long Answer Questions (1 X 10 = 10 marks) 31. Assume that you are leading the software engineering team to design e-passport system of the Govt. of India which issues different categories of visas for different countries having varied requirements. List 10 requirements in the form of user stories covering at least 3 stakeholders in the envisioned system. Standard requirements such as login, chat and so on will not be considered, and marks will be given to those requirements that cover the different facets of the envisioned system. 1) When the wer inputs enters the state, then the cities drop down must Contain the cities in that state for I ease of usage. 2) when the age entered is less than 18, it must diplay display a merring message. 3) When the photo uploaded by wer is more than 5 Mb, it must ask to user to a upload another finate of suitable 4) When the Addher Card Number is not of 12 digits, it must maren the user to enter correct input. 5) Before the payments page, the user should be asked rubother he ments a cover for the passport along with the pass port month 75. 300/-.

a) 6) the OTP nevification is necessary in after entering mobile number. 7) Details of the reserts must be somed if he fails to complete the registration procedure. 8) The user should be as asked whether he mants to continue the previous sand form or he mishes to start with a fresh form. a) The total form must be divided in 5 sections so that filling the form doesn't seem overwhelming 10) Before Pressing the Submit button, a pop-up must show a page that has all the fill fields the user filled along with his a up loads, for verification