## **MACHINE LEARNING**

- 1. d) Collinearity.
- 2.b) Random Forest.
- 3. c) Decision Tree are prone to overfit.
- 4. c) Training data.
- 5. c) Anamoly detection.
- 6. c) Case based.
- 7. d) Both a and b (Statistical and computational learning theory).
- 8. c) Both a and b (Curse of dimensionality and Calculate the distance of test case for all training cases).
- 9. c) 3.
- 10. a) PCA.
- 11. c) Neither feature nor number of groups are known.
- 12. b) SVG.
- 13. b) Underfitting.
- 14. a) Reinforcement learning.
- 15. b) Mean squared error.
- 16. c) Nonlinear, Binary.
- 17. a) Supervised learning.
- 18. c) Both a and b (Euclidian and Manhattan distance).
- 19. a) Removing column which have too many missing values.
- 20. c) Input attribute.
- 21. a) SVM allows very low error in classification.
- 22. b) Only 2 (Depth of tree).

- 23. a)  $-(6/10 \log(6/10) + 4/10 \log(4/10))$ .
- 24. a) Weights are regularized with the l1 norm.
- 25. b) Logistic regression and Gaussian discriminant analysis.
- 26. d) Either 2 or 3.
- 27. b) Increase by 5 pound.
- 28. d) Minimize the squared distance from the points.
- 29. c) As the value of one attribute decreases the value of the second attribute increases.
- 30. b) Convolutional Neural Network.