

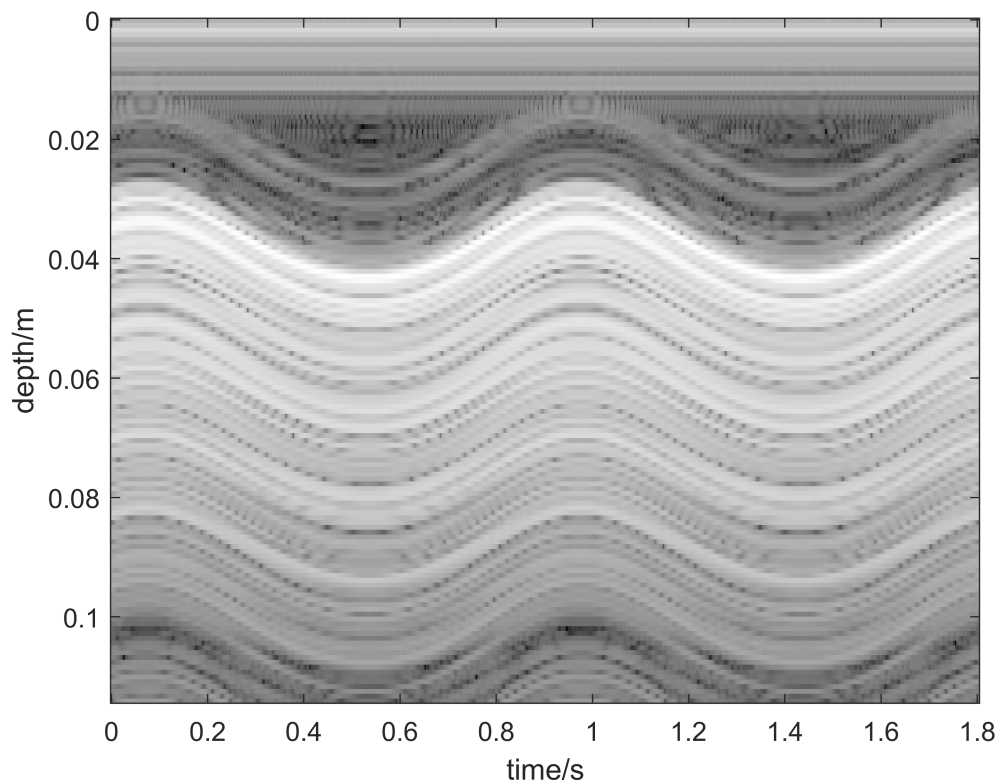
Assignment 9

Part 1

```
slowmotion = load("slowmotion.mat");
```

```
IQ = slowmotion.iq;  
s = slowmotion.s;  
sm_framerate = s.Framerate_fps;  
sm_depthIncrease_iq = s.iq.DepthIncrementIQ_m;  
sm_startDepth_iq = s.iq.StartDepthIQ_m;  
sm_num_beams_iq = s.iq.BeamsIQ;  
sm_samples_iq = s.iq.SamplesIQ;  
sm_frames_iq = s.iq.FramesIQ;  
tissue = slowmotion.tissue;  
sm_gain_iq = s.iq.feflowgain_dB;  
sm_dyn_iq = s.iq.DynRange_dB;  
sm_frsig = s.iq.frsIQ_Hz;
```

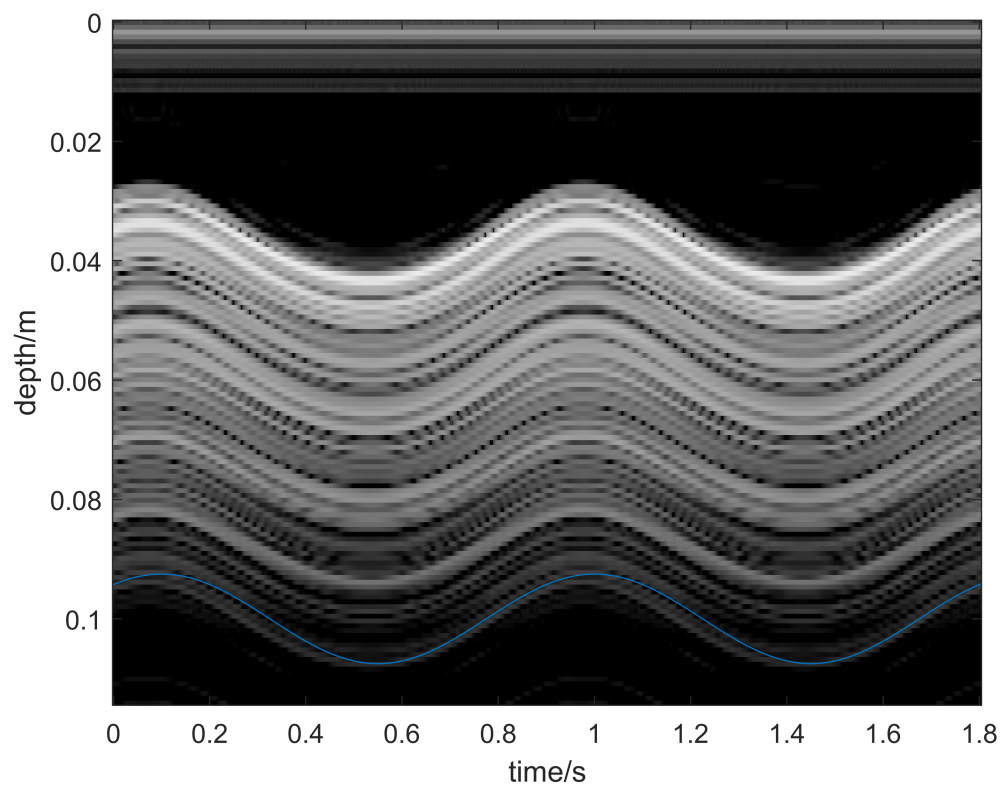
```
middle_beam = squeeze(IQ(:,4,:));  
%since y axis is the samples and x axis is the frames  
y_axis = sm_startDepth_iq:sm_depthIncrease_iq:(sm_samples_iq-1)*sm_depthIncrease_iq + sm_startDepth_iq;  
x_axis = 0:1/sm_framerate:(sm_frames_iq-1)*1/sm_framerate;  
%im = imagelog(abs(middle_beam),sm_gain_iq,sm_dyn_iq);  
%imagesc(im, 'XData',x_axis,'YData',y_axis);  
figure(1)  
imagesc(x_axis, y_axis, 20*log10( abs( middle_beam) ) )  
%caxis([-sm_dyn_iq 0]-sm_gain_iq)  
%imagesc(20*log10(abs(middle_beam)), 'XData',x_axis,'YData',y_axis);  
  
%axis('image');  
ylabel('depth/m');  
xlabel('time/s');  
axis on;  
colormap(gray(255));
```



```
R = 0.0075; %in meter,estimated from the image
T = 0.9; %in seconds,estimated from the image
t0 = 1; %in seconds, estimated from the image
t = x_axis;
L = 0.1
```

```
L = 0.1000
```

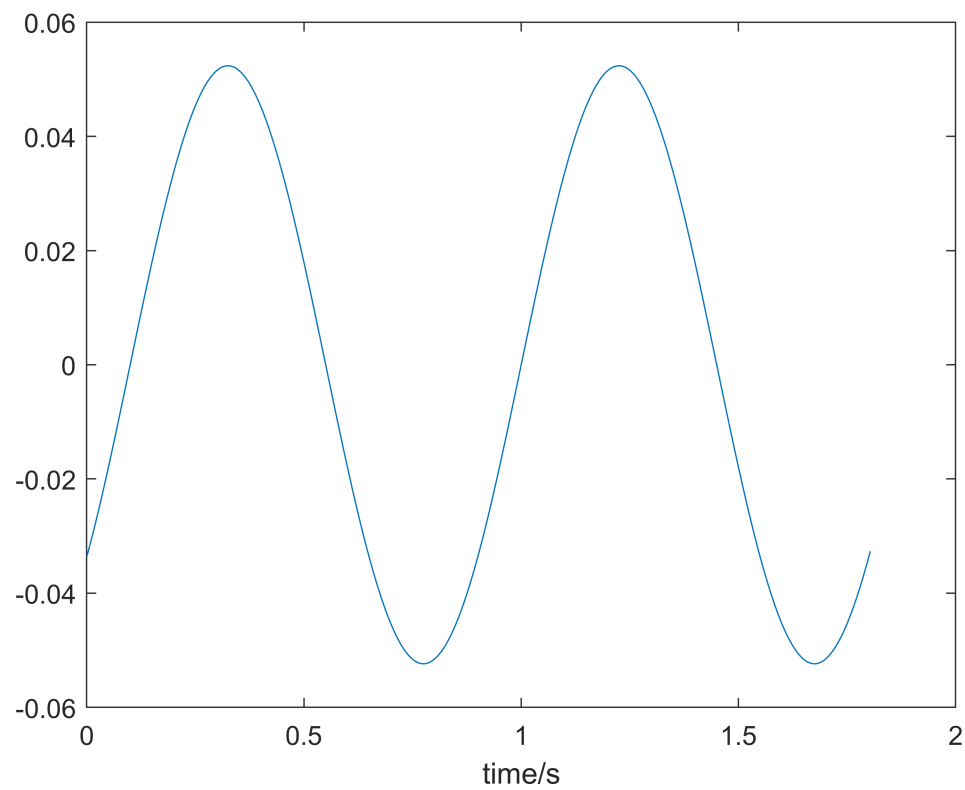
```
r = -R*cos(2*pi*(t-t0)/T) + L;
figure(2)
imagesc(x_axis, y_axis, 20*log10( abs( middle_beam) ) )
hold on;
dyn = 40;
gain = -90;
caxis([-dyn 0]-gain)
%imagesc(20*log10(abs(middle_beam)), 'XData', x_axis, 'YData', y_axis);
plot(t,r)
%axis('image');
ylabel('depth/m');
xlabel('time/s');
axis on;
colormap(gray(255));
```



Part 2

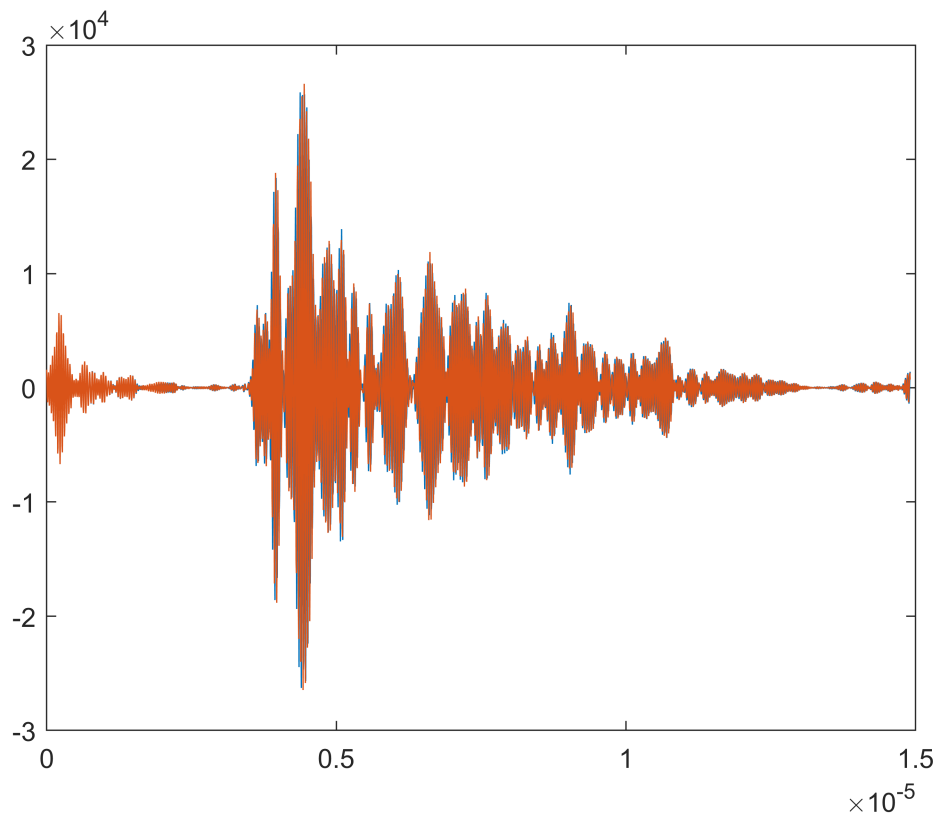
```
r_der = 2*pi*R/T *sin(2*pi*(t-t0)/T);
```

```
figure(3);  
plot(t,r_der);  
xlabel('time/s');
```



```
x = IQ(:,4,42);  
y = IQ(:,4,43);
```

```
x_RF = iq2rf(x,s.iq.fDemodIQ_Hz,sm_frsg);  
y_RF = iq2rf(y,s.iq.fDemodIQ_Hz,sm_frsg);  
t_axis = 0:1/200e6:(2982-1)*1/200e6;  
clf("reset");  
figure(4);  
plot(t_axis,x_RF);  
hold on;  
plot(t_axis,y_RF);
```



```
v_sm = (r_der(42)+r_der(43))/2
```

```
v_sm = 0.0069
```

The velocities for frame 42 is 14.6 mm/s and for 43 it is 15.5 mm/s. The radial displacement is 43.1 μm .

The timeshift between pulses is approx 71.3 ns

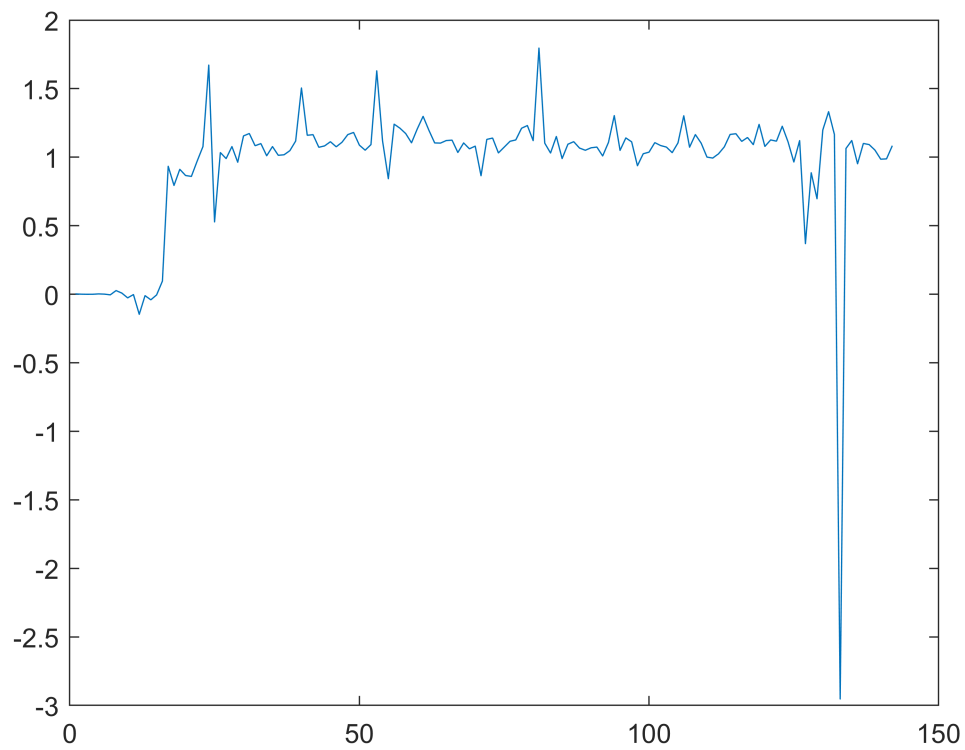
$$\Delta\theta = 2\pi \cdot 71.3 \cdot 10^{-9} \cdot 2.5 \cdot 10^6 = 1.12 \text{ rad}$$

EDIT:

Then the velocity is 0.0069 m/s

Part 3

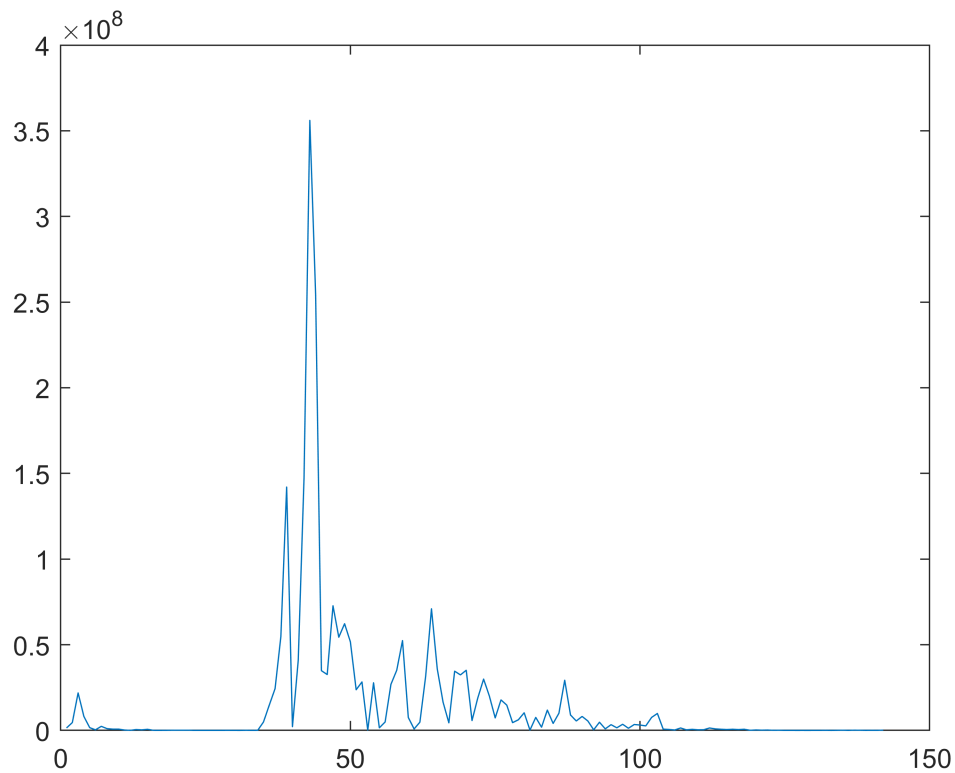
```
phase_shift = angle(conj(x).*y); %unsure whats ment by all axials samples
figure(5);
plot(phase_shift)
```



```
amplitude = abs(conj(x).*y)
```

```
amplitude = 142x1
108 ×
    0.0142
    0.0456
    0.2188
    0.0813
    0.0161
    0.0033
    0.0238
    0.0102
    0.0073
    0.0074
    ⋮
```

```
figure(12);
plot(amplitude)
```



```
estimate_sm = angle(mean(conj(x(30:50)).*y(30:50))));
```

From the code over the phaseshift is 1.9 rad.

EDIT: estimate is 1.102 rad.

With two scatters displaced by $\frac{\lambda}{4}$ will have a phaseshift of $\frac{\pi}{2}$, and the relation then becomes $v = \frac{\Delta\Theta FR_c}{4\pi f_0}$

```
R1est = conj(IQ(:,4,end-1)).*IQ(:,4,2:end);
```

```
f0 = 2.5e6;
v = R1est*sm_framerate/(4*pi*f0);
figure(13);
plot(v);
```

Error using plot
Data cannot have more than 2 dimensions.

Part 4

```
fastmotion = load("fastmotion.mat");
```

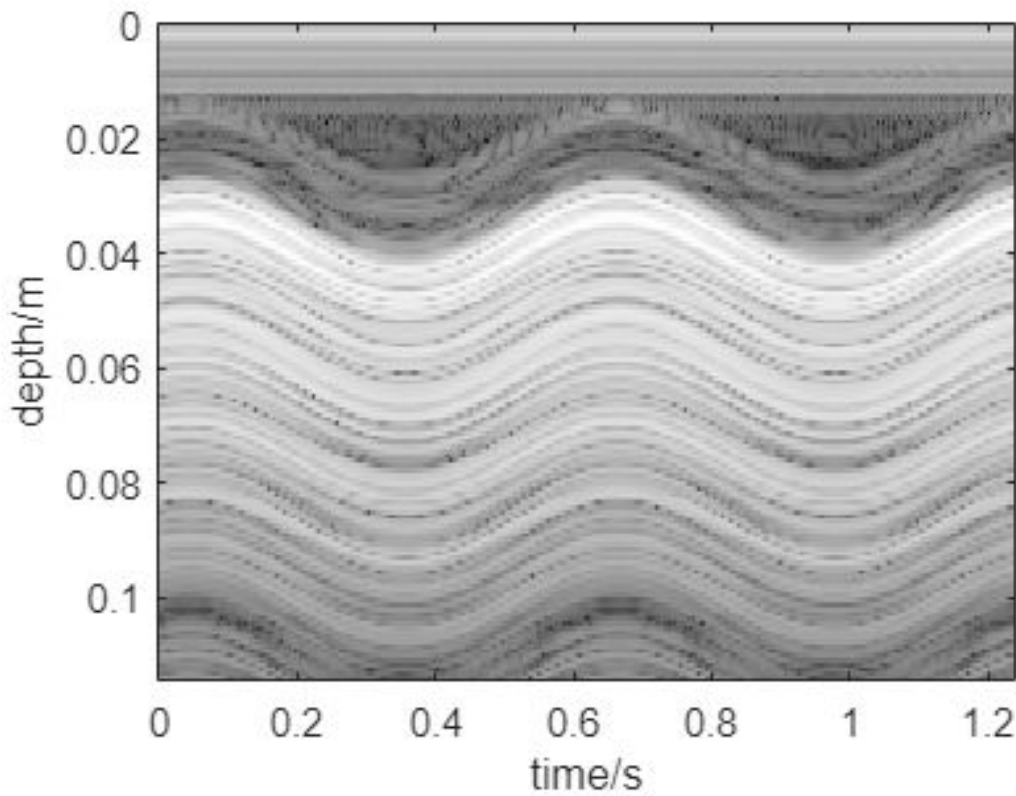
```

IQ_fm = fastmotion.iq;
f = fastmotion.s;
fm_framerate = f.Framerate_fps;
fm_depthIncrease_iq = f.iq.DepthIncrementIQ_m;
fm_startDepth_iq = f.iq.StartDepthIQ_m;
fm_num_beams_iq = f.iq.BeamsIQ;
fm_samples_iq = f.iq.SamplesIQ;
fm_frames_iq = f.iq.FramesIQ;
fm_tissue = fastmotion.tissue;
fm_gain_iq = f.iq.feflowgain_dB;
fm_dyn_iq = f.iq.DynRange_dB;
fm_frsig = f.iq.frsIQ_Hz;

middle_beam_fm = squeeze(IQ_fm(:,4,:));
%since y axis is the samples and x axis is the frames
y_axis_fm = fm_startDepth_iq:fm_depthIncrease_iq:(fm_samples_iq-1)*fm_depthIncrease_iq + fm_st
x_axis_fm = 0:1/fm_framerate:(fm_frames_iq-1)*1/fm_framerate;
%im = imagelog(abs(middle_beam),sm_gain_iq,sm_dyn_iq);
%imagesc(im, 'XData',x_axis,'YData',y_axis);
figure(6)
imagesc(x_axis, y_axis, 20*log10( abs( middle_beam_fm) ) )
%caxis([-sm_dyn_iq 0]-sm_gain_iq)
%imagesc(20*log10(abs(middle_beam)), 'XData',x_axis,'YData',y_axis);

%axis('image');
ylabel('depth/m');
xlabel('time/s');
axis on;
colormap(gray(255));

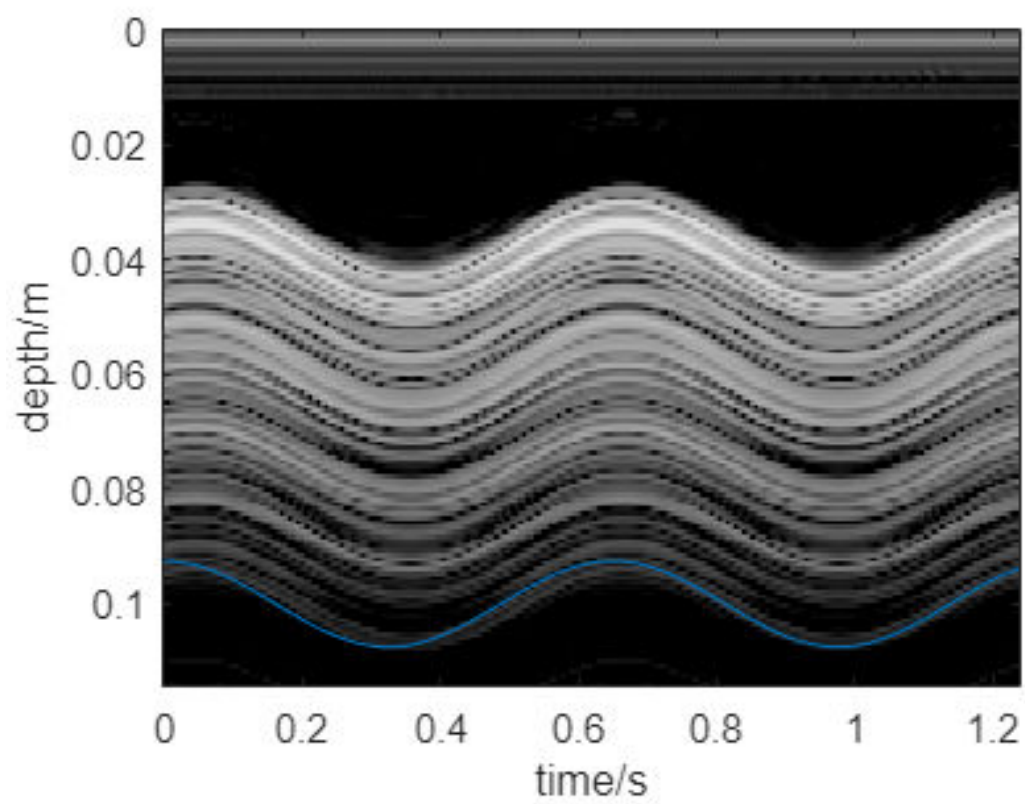
```

```
R = 0.0075; %in meter,estimated from the image
T = 0.65; %in seconds,estimated from the image
t0 = 0.65; %in seconds, estimated from the image
t = x_axis_fm;
L = 0.1
```

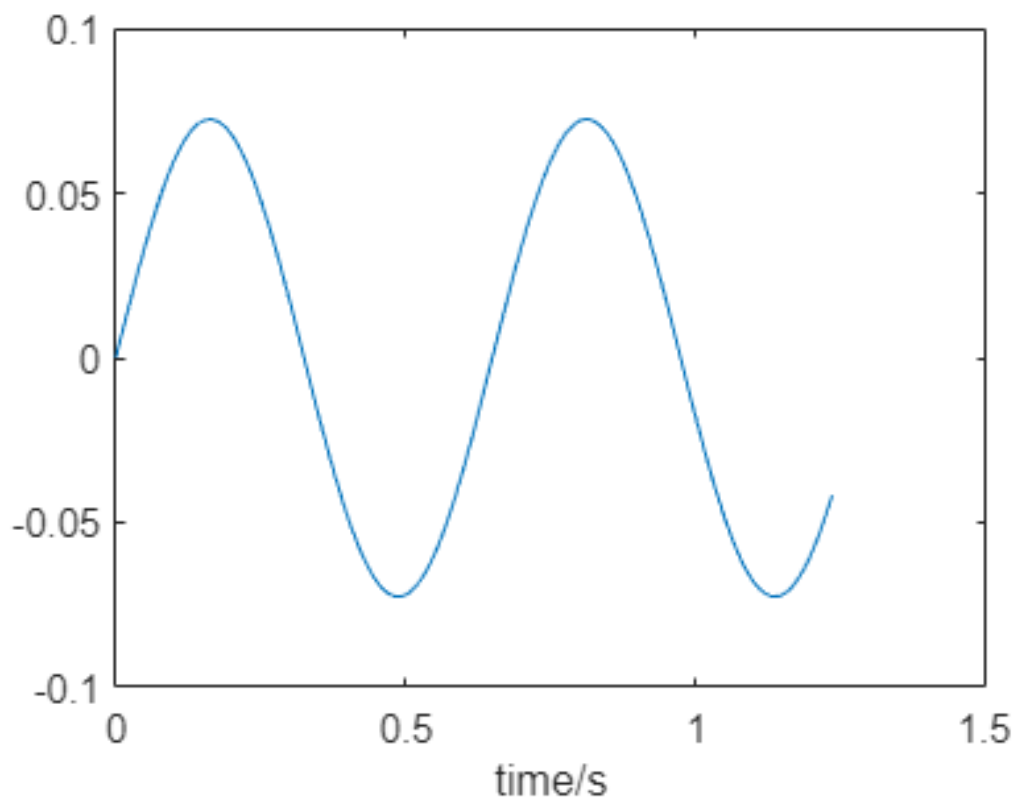
```
L = 0.1000
```

```
r = -R*cos(2*pi*(t-t0)/T) + L;
figure(7)
imagesc(x_axis, y_axis, 20*log10( abs( middle_beam_fm) ) )
hold on;
dyn = 40;
gain = -90;
caxis([-dyn 0]-gain)
%imagesc(20*log10(abs(middle_beam)), 'XData', x_axis, 'YData', y_axis);
plot(t,r)
%axis('image');
ylabel('depth/m');
xlabel('time/s');
axis on;
colormap(gray(255));
```



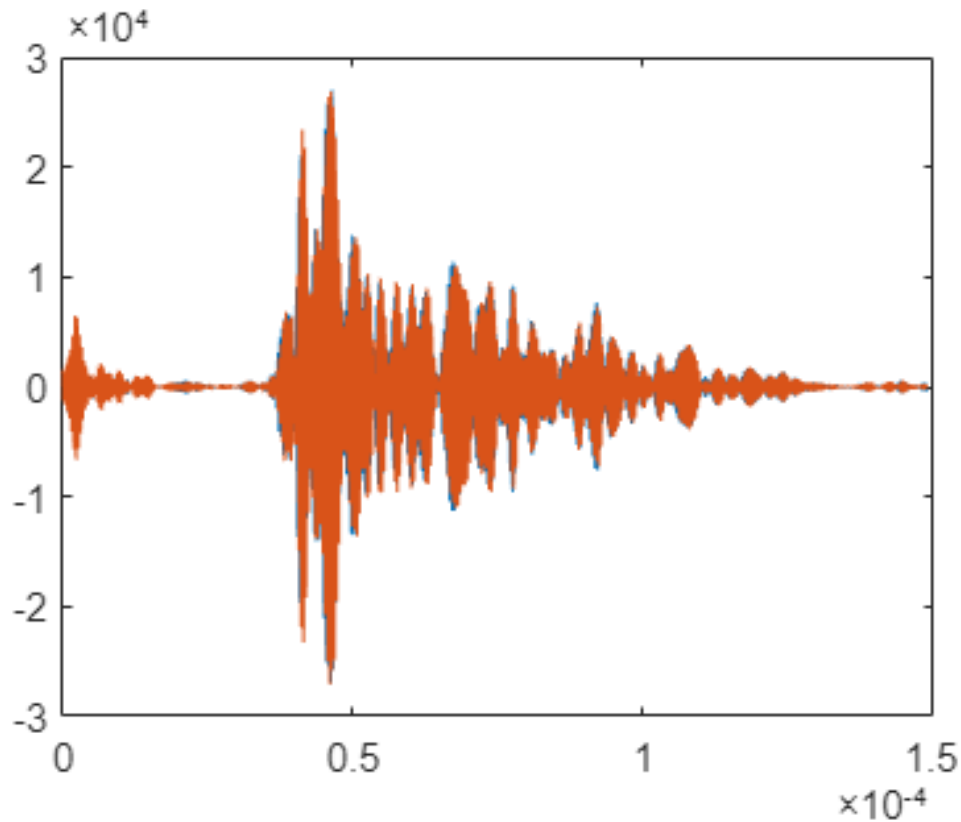
```
r_der = 2*pi*R/T *sin(2*pi*(t-t0)/T);
```

```
figure(8);  
plot(t,r_der);  
xlabel('time/s');
```



```
x_fm = IQ_fm(:,4,42);
y_fm = IQ_fm(:,4,43);
```

```
x_RF_fm = iq2rf(x_fm,f.iq.fDemodIQ_Hz,fm_frsig);
y_RF_fm = iq2rf(y_fm,f.iq.fDemodIQ_Hz,fm_frsig);
t_axis = 0:1/20e6:(2982-1)*1/20e6;
clf("reset");
figure(9);
plot(t_axis,x_RF_fm);
hold on;
plot(t_axis,y_RF_fm);
```



regn ut hastighetene

```
phase_shift_fm = angle(mean(conj(x_fm).*y_fm)); %unsure whats ment by all axials samples
%figure(5);
%plot(phase_shift)
```

From the code over the phaseshift is 2.8 rad

With two scatters displaced by $\frac{\lambda}{4}$ will have a phaseshift of $\frac{\pi}{2}$, and the relation then becomes $v = \frac{\Delta \Theta F R_c}{4\pi f_0}$

```
f0 = 2.5e6;
v = phase_shift_fm*fm_framerate/(4*pi*f0)
```

```
v = 3.1222e-05
```

There are something I havent answered yet, as I was unsure on how to do it correctly, will do it when I get an answer. Sent a late email with question :)

