## 2007-2008 学年《数学分析 B》第二学期期末考试 参考答案及评分标准(A卷)

## 2008年6月18日

一、填空(每小题4分,共28分)

- 1.  $f'_{x}(0,0) = 2$ ,  $f'_{y}(0,0) = -3$ ;
- 2. 极小值点为(2,1),极大值点为(0,0);
- 3. -10;
- 4.  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(1-e^{-2});$
- 5. 绝对收敛;
- 6. 1,  $\pi^2$ -1, 2, 3 (各1分)
- 7.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[ \frac{(-1)^n}{4} \frac{1}{12 \times 3^n} \right] x^n, \quad -1 < x < 1$

(3分, 其中展开式没有合并扣1分, 1分)

$$\begin{cases} 2u\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - 2z\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - 1 = 0\\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = y^2 \end{cases}$$
 ..... 4 \$\frac{\partial}{x}\$

$$\begin{cases} 2u\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} - 2z\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} + 4y = 0\\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 2xy + \ln y \end{cases}$$
 ...... 8 \$\frac{\partial}{2}\$

将 
$$x = 2, y = 1, u = 1, z = 1$$
代入得  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2, \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 4$  ············ 10 分

四、设所求点为 $(x_0, y_0, z_0)$ , 曲面在此点的法向量为

$$\Rightarrow \sigma(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n-1}{2^{2n}} x^{2n-2}$$

$$=\frac{x}{4-x^2} \qquad \cdots \cdots 7 \, \hat{\pi}$$

$$S(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n-1}{2^{2n}} x^{2n-1} = x\sigma(x) = \frac{4+x^2}{(4-x^2)^2}$$
 .....10 \$\frac{\pi}{2}\$

$$\overrightarrow{S} \cdot I_z = \iiint_{\Omega} \mu(x^2 + y^2) dV \qquad 2 \, \overrightarrow{D}$$

$$= \mu \iiint_{D} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy \int_{x^2 + y^2}^{2x} dz \qquad 5 \, \overrightarrow{D}$$

$$= \mu \iiint_{D} (x^2 + y^2) (2x - x^2 - y^2) dx dy$$

$$= \mu \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\theta \int_{0}^{2\cos\theta} \rho^2 (2\rho\cos\theta - \rho^2) \rho d\rho \qquad 7 \, \overrightarrow{D}$$

$$= \frac{2^6}{15} \mu \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^6\theta d\theta \qquad 9 \, \overrightarrow{D}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \mu \pi \qquad 10 \, \overrightarrow{D}$$

七、补充平面 $S_1: z=0, x^2+y^2 \le 4$ ,取下侧,则由 Gauss 公式

$$\iint_{S+S_1^-} 2xdydz + (z+2)^2 dxdy = -\iint_{\Omega} [2+2(z+2)]dxdydz \qquad 2 \hat{\pi}$$

$$= -\int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} d\varphi \int_0^2 (6+2r\cos\varphi)r^2 \sin\varphi dr \qquad 4 \hat{\pi}$$

$$= -24\pi \qquad 6 \hat{\pi}$$

$$\iint_{S_1^-} 2xdydz + (z+2)^2 dxdy$$

$$= \iint_{S_1^-} 4dxdy = -\iint_{D_{sy}} 4dxdy = -16\pi \qquad 8 \hat{\pi}$$

$$I = \iint_{S+S_1^-} -\iint_{S_1^-} 2xdydz + (z+2)^2 dxdy$$

$$= -24\pi + 16\pi = -8\pi \qquad 10 \hat{\pi}$$

八、记 $X = x^2y^3 + 2x^5 + ky$ , Y = xf(xy) + 2y,由题意,有

故  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_{n+1}$  收敛, 因此  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n$  收敛。

……… 6分