

Package ‘STITCH’

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Type Package

Title STITCH - Sequencing To Imputation Through Constructing Haplotypes

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Description STITCH performs imputation of individuals sequenced to low coverage in a read aware fashion without a reference panel.

Installation To install, first install dependencies, then run the `install.packages` command, pointing to the downloaded tarball (STITCH.tar.gz)

Getting started A minimum run requires the following options to be set: the chromosome being run (`chr`); a path to a file with a set of bi-allelic SNP sites (`posfile`); a choice of `K`, the number of internally modelled haplotypes (`K`); a path to an output directory (`outputdir`); a path to a temporary directory, ideally on fast disks or a RAM disk (`tempdir`); a list of bam files (`bamlist`); and the number of generations since founding (`nGen`), which can be approximated from a choice of `K` for wild populations from $4 * Ne / K$. Additional useful options relate to what region to impute (`regionStart`, `regionEnd`, `buffer`), whether to use validation data to benchmark imputation (`genfile`), the number of cores to use (`nCores`), whether imputation is run on a server or cluster (`environment`), the number of EM iterations (`niterations`), whether to run in diploid or pseudoHaploid mode (`method`), and if run in pseudoHaploid mode, what iteration to switch from pseudoHaploid to diploid (`switchModelIteration`).

Depends parallel, Rsamtools

Imports Rcpp

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

License GPL | file LICENSE

SystemRequirements C++11

NeedsCompilation yes

Suggests testthat

R topics documented:

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| make_STITCH_cli | <i>Make STITCH command line interface</i> |
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Usage

```
make_STITCH_cli(function_file, cli_output_file)
```

Arguments

function_file to main STITCH function file
stitch_cli_file where output goes

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| STITCH | <i>Sequencing To Imputation Through Constructing Haplotypes</i> |
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Usage

```
STITCH(chr, nGen, posfile, K, outputdir, tempdir = NA, bamlist = "",  
      cramlist = "", reference = "", genfile = "", method = "diploid",  
      outputInputInVCFFormat = FALSE, downsampleToCov = 50,  
      downsampleFraction = 1, readAware = TRUE, chrStart = NA, chrEnd = NA,  
      regionStart = NA, regionEnd = NA, buffer = NA,  
      maxDifferenceBetweenReads = 1000, alphaMatThreshold = 1e-04,  
      emissionThreshold = 1e-04, iSizeUpperLimit = as.integer(600),  
      bqFilter = as.integer(17), niterations = 40,  
      shuffleHaplotypeIterations = c(4, 8, 12, 16), splitReadIterations = 25,  
      nCores = 1, expRate = 0.5, maxRate = 100, minRate = 0.1,  
      Jmax = 1000, regenerateInput = TRUE, originalRegionName = NA,  
      keepInterimFiles = FALSE, keepTempDir = FALSE, environment = "server",  
      pseudoHaploidModel = 9, outputHaplotypeProbabilities = FALSE,  
      switchModelIteration = NA, generateInputOnly = FALSE,  
      restartIterations = NA, refillIterations = c(6, 10, 14, 18),  
      downsampleSamples = 1, downsampleSamplesKeepList = NA,  
      subsetSNPsfile = NA, useSoftClippedBases = FALSE,  
      outputBlockSize = 1000, inputBundleBlockSize = NA,  
      reference_haplotype_file = "", reference_legend_file = "",  
      reference_sample_file = "", reference_populations = NA,  
      reference_phred = 20, reference_iterations = 10, vcf_output_name = NULL,  
      initial_min_hapProb = 0.4, initial_max_hapProb = 0.6,  
      regenerateInputWithDefaultValues = FALSE,  
      plotHapSumDuringIterations = FALSE, save_sampleReadsInfo = FALSE)
```

Arguments

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| chr | What chromosome to run. Should match BAM headers |
| nGen | Number of generations since founding or mixing. Note that the algorithm is relatively robust to this. Use $nGen = 4 * Ne / K$ if unsure |
| posfile | Where to find file with positions to run. File is tab separated with no header, one row per SNP, with col 1 = chromosome, col 2 = physical position (sorted from smallest to largest), col 3 = reference base, col 4 = alternate base. Bases are capitalized. Example first row: 1<tab>1000<tab>A<tab>G<tab> |
| K | How many founder / mosaic haplotypes to use |
| outputdir | What output directory to use |
| tempdir | What directory to use as temporary directory. If set to NA, use default R tempdir. If possible, use ramdisk, like /dev/shm/ |
| bamlist | Path to file with bam file locations. File is one row per entry, path to bam files. Bam index files should exist in same directory as for each bam, suffixed either .bam.bai or .bai |
| cramlist | Path to file with cram file locations. File is one row per entry, path to cram files. cram files are converted to bam files on the fly for parsing into STITCH |
| reference | Path to reference fasta used for making cram files. Only required if cramlist is defined |
| genfile | Path to gen file with high coverage results. Empty for no genfile. File has a header row with a name for each sample, matching what is found in the bam file. Each subject is then a tab separated column, with 0 = hom ref, 1 = het, 2 = hom alt and NA indicating missing genotype, with rows corresponding to rows of the posfile. Note therefore this file has one more row than posfile which has no header |
| method | How to run imputation - either diploid or pseudoHaploid, the former being the original method quadratic in K, the later being linear in K |
| outputInputInVCFFormat | Whether to output the input in vcf format |
| downsampleToCov | What coverage to downsample individual sites to. This ensures no floating point errors at sites with really high coverage |
| downsampleFraction | Downsample BAMs by choosing a fraction of reads to retain. Must be value $0 < \text{downsampleFraction} < 1$ |
| readAware | Whether to run the algorithm in read aware mode. If false, then reads are split into new reads, one per SNP per read |
| chrStart | When loading from BAM, some start position, before SNPs occur. Default NA will infer this from either regionStart, regionEnd and buffer, or posfile |
| chrEnd | When loading from BAM, some end position, after SNPs occur. Default NA will infer this from either regionStart, regionEnd and buffer, or posfile |
| regionStart | When running imputation, where to start from. The 1-based position x is kept if $\text{regionStart} \leq x \leq \text{regionEnd}$ |
| regionEnd | When running imputation, where to stop |
| buffer | Buffer of region to perform imputation over. So imputation is run from $\text{regionStart} - \text{buffer}$ to $\text{regionEnd} + \text{buffer}$, and reported for regionStart to regionEnd, including the bases of regionStart and regionEnd |

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| maxDifferenceBetweenReads | How much of a difference to allow the reads to make in the forward backward probability calculation. For example, if $P(\text{read} \mid \text{state } 1) = 1$ and $P(\text{read} \mid \text{state } 2) = 1e-6$, re-scale so that their ratio is this value. This helps prevent any individual read as having too much of an influence on state changes, helping prevent against influence by false positive SNPs |
| alphaMatThreshold | Minimum (maximum is 1 minus this) state switching into probabilities |
| emissionThreshold | Emission probability bounds. $\text{emissionThreshold} < P(\text{alt read} \mid \text{state } k) < (1 - \text{emissionThreshold})$ |
| iSizeUpperLimit | Do not use reads with an insert size of more than this value |
| bqFilter | Minimum BQ for a SNP in a read. Also, the algorithm uses $bq \leq mq$, so if mapping quality is less than this, the read isn't used |
| niterations | Number of EM iterations. |
| shuffleHaplotypeIterations | Iterations on which to perform heuristic attempt to shuffle founder haplotypes for better fit. To disable set to NA. |
| splitReadIterations | Iterations to try and split reads which may span recombination breakpoints for a better fit |
| nCores | How many cores to use |
| expRate | Expected recombination rate in cM/Mb |
| maxRate | Maximum recomb rate cM/Mb |
| minRate | Minimum recomb rate cM/Mb |
| Jmax | Maximum number of SNPs on a read |
| regenerateInput | Whether to regenerate input files |
| originalRegionName | If regenerateInput is FALSE (i.e. using existing data), this is the name of the original region name (chr.regionStart.regionEnd). This is necessary to load past variables |
| keepInterimFiles | Whether to keep interim parameter estimates |
| keepTempDir | Whether to keep files in temporary directory |
| environment | Whether to use server or cluster multicore options |
| pseudoHaploidModel | How to model read probabilities in pseudo diploid model (shouldn't be changed) |
| switchModelIteration | Whether to switch from pseudoHaploid to diploid and at what iteration (NA for no switching) |
| generateInputOnly | Whether to just generate input data then quit |
| restartIterations | In pseudoHaploid method, which iterations to look for collapsed haplotype probabilities to resolve |
| refillIterations | When to try and refill some of the less frequently used haplotypes |

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| <code>downsampleSamples</code> | What fraction of samples to retain. Useful for checking effect of N on imputation. Not meant for general use |
| <code>downsampleSamplesKeepList</code> | When downsampling samples, specify a numeric list of samples to keep |
| <code>subsetSNPsfile</code> | If input data has already been made for a region, then subset down to a new set of SNPs, as given by this file. Not meant for general use |
| <code>useSoftClippedBases</code> | Whether to use (TRUE) or not use (FALSE) bases in soft clipped portions of reads |
| <code>outputBlockSize</code> | How many samples to write out to disk at the same time when making temporary VCFs that are later pasted together at the end to make the final VCF. Smaller means lower RAM footprint, larger means faster write. |
| <code>inputBundleBlockSize</code> | If NA, disable bundling of input files. If not NA, bundle together input files in sets of \leq <code>inputBundleBlockSize</code> together |
| <code>reference_haplotype_file</code> | Path to reference haplotype file in IMPUTE format (file with no header and no rownames, one row per SNP, one column per reference haplotype, space separated, values must be 0 or 1) |
| <code>reference_legend_file</code> | Path to reference haplotype legend file in IMPUTE format (file with one row per SNP, and a header including position for the physical position in 1 based coordinates, a0 for the reference allele, and a1 for the alternate allele) |
| <code>reference_sample_file</code> | Path to reference sample file (file with header, one must be POP, corresponding to populations that can be specified using <code>reference_populations</code>) |
| <code>reference_populations</code> | Vector with character populations to include from <code>reference_sample_file</code> e.g. CHB, CHS |
| <code>reference_phred</code> | Phred scaled likelihood or an error of reference haplotype. Higher means more confidence in reference haplotype genotypes, lower means less confidence |
| <code>reference_iterations</code> | When using reference haplotypes, how many iterations to use to train the starting data |
| <code>vcf_output_name</code> | Override the default VCF output name with this given file name. Please note that this does not change the names of inputs or outputs (e.g. RData, plots), so if <code>outputdir</code> is unchanged and if multiple STITCH runs are processing on the same region then they may over-write each others inputs and outputs |
| <code>initial_min_hapProb</code> | Initial lower bound for probability read comes from haplotype. Double bounded between 0 and 1 |
| <code>initial_max_hapProb</code> | Initial upper bound for probability read comes from haplotype. Double bounded between 0 and 1 |
| <code>regenerateInputWithDefaultValues</code> | If <code>regenerateInput</code> is FALSE and the original input data was made using <code>regionStart</code> , <code>regionEnd</code> and <code>buffer</code> as default values, set this equal to TRUE |

plotHapSumDuringIterations

Boolean TRUE/FALSE about whether to make a plot that shows the relative number of individuals using each ancestral haplotype in each iteration

save_sampleReadsInfo

Experimental. Boolean TRUE/FALSE about whether to save additional information about the reads that were extracted

Value

Results in properly formatted version

Author(s)

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