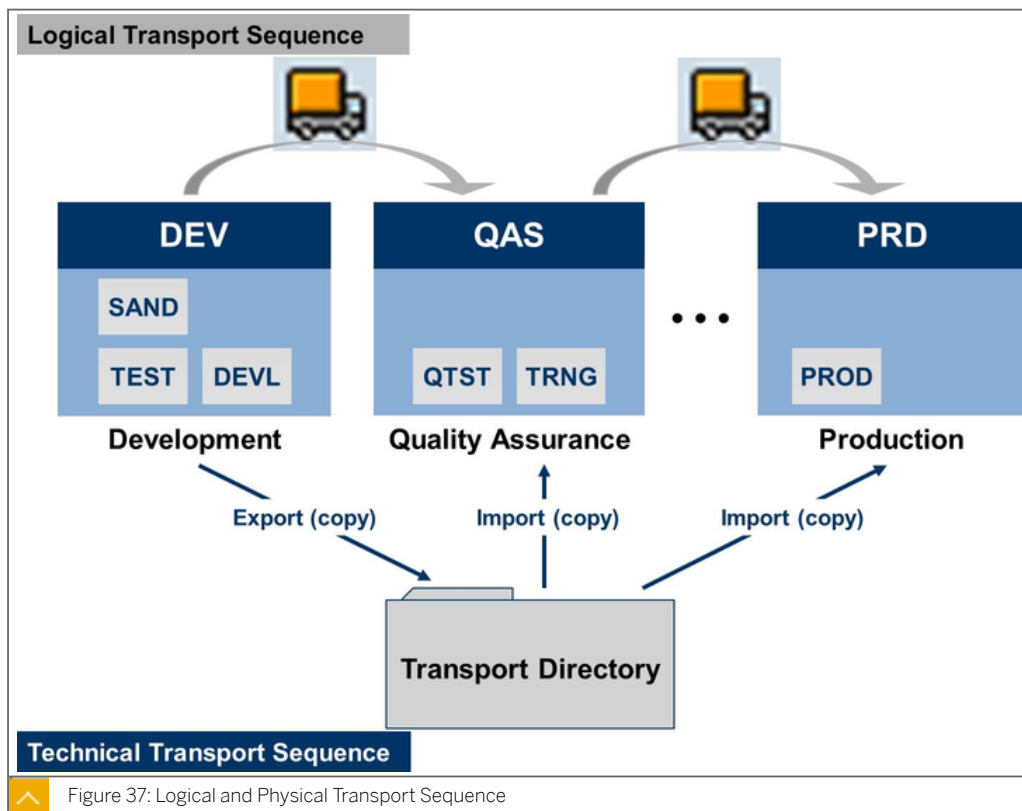- *cofiles*: command or transport request information files, which include information on the transport type, object classes, required import steps, and post-processing exit codes.

- *log*: transport logs, trace files, and statistics.

- *tmp*: temporary data and log files.

- *sapnames*: information about transport requests per SAP user.

- *actlog*: information about SAP user per transport request and transport task.

- *EPS*: download directory for SAP Support Packages (Electronic Parcel Service).

> Note:
> To enable transports in a heterogeneous operating system environment, you must set up different transport directories. However, to enable transports in a heterogeneous operating system environment using a single transport directory, refer to SAP Note 83327 – *Setting Up Transport System in Heterogeneous System Group*.

Transporting enables you to synchronize customizing and development in multiple SAP systems, through the transfer of changes from the development system to downstream SAP systems. Transports along the transport routes must occur in only one direction.

Figure 37: Logical and Physical Transport Sequence

As mentioned above, transporting requires a transport directory to enable SAP systems in the SAP system landscape to store and access various data files, command files, and log files.