

```

1  #include <iostream>
2  #include "SpellChecker.h"
3
4  using namespace std;
5
6  int main(int argc, char **argv) {
7
8      //check for correct number of arguments
9      if (argc != 4) {
10         cout << "Error: wrong number of parameters" << endl;
11         return -1;
12     }
13
14     //holds our dictionary and misspelled files
15     ifstream input_file;
16     //holds our printed balanced tree
17     ofstream output_file;
18     //holds our search tree and spellchecking methods
19     SpellChecker spell_checker = SpellChecker();
20
21     //open the dictionary file
22     input_file.open(argv[1]);
23     //validate the file before continuing
24     if (!spell_checker.validate_file(input_file, argv[1])) { return -1; }
25
26     //create our search tree and fill it with the dictionary file
27     input_file >> spell_checker.get_tree();
28     input_file.close();
29
30     //open the misspelled file
31     input_file.open(argv[2]);
32     //validate the file before continuing
33     if (!spell_checker.validate_file(input_file, argv[2])) { return -1; }
34
35     //spellcheck the file
36     spell_checker.spell_check(input_file);
37     input_file.close();
38
39     //create output file in the desired location, no need to validate file
    type
40     output_file.open(argv[3]);
41     if (!output_file.fail()) {
42         //print our balanced tree to the output file
43         output_file << spell_checker.get_tree();
44         output_file.close();
45     }
46     return 0;
47 }
48

```

```

1 //
2 // Created by nick on 11/5/2023.
3 //
4
5 #ifndef ASSIGNMENT_3_SEARCHTREE_H
6 #define ASSIGNMENT_3_SEARCHTREE_H
7
8 #include <iostream>
9
10 //avl balancing methods and printing method found here:
11 //https://www.programiz.com/dsa/avl-tree
12
13 //individual search tree node
14 struct Node {
15     std::string m_data{"/0"};
16     Node *m_left{nullptr};
17     Node *m_right{nullptr};
18     int m_height{1};
19 };
20
21 class SearchTree {
22 private:
23
24     //start of our search tree
25     Node *m_root{nullptr};
26
27     //recursive insert method that auto balances
28     Node *insert(std::string word, Node *&node);
29
30     //checks for imbalances and adjusts the tree accordingly
31     Node *balance(Node *&node, std::string &word);
32
33     //used to search through the list for a given word
34     bool search(Node *&node, std::string word);
35
36     // returns the height differences between each node
37     int balance_factor(Node *node);
38
39     //returns the nodes current height
40     int height(Node *node);
41
42     // updates the currents node height relative to its children
43     void update_height(Node *node);
44
45     //both of our rotation methods, called when tree isn't balanced
46     Node *right_rotate(Node *node);
47
48     Node *left_rotate(Node *node);
49
50     //prints our tree to an output file
51     std::ostream &print_tree(std::ostream &output, Node *root, std::string
indent, bool last);
52
53     //calls on the print tree method
54     friend std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &output, SearchTree &tree);
55
56     //used for importing our dictionary file
57     friend void operator>>(std::istream &input, SearchTree &tree);
58

```

```
59
60 public:
61     //both used in search tree object as an abstracted methods
62     void insert(std::string word);
63
64     bool search(std::string &word);
65 };
66
67
68 #endif //ASSIGNMENT_3_SEARCHTREE_H
69
```

```

1 //
2 // Created by nick on 11/5/2023.
3 //
4 #include "SearchTree.h"
5
6 using namespace std;
7
8 void SearchTree::insert(string word) {
9     m_root = insert(word, m_root);
10 }
11
12 Node *SearchTree::insert(string word, Node *&node) {
13
14     //if the current node reference is null, create a new node
15     if (node == nullptr) {
16         //end of our recursive function
17         node = new Node();
18         node->m_data = word;
19         return node;
20     } else if (word > node->m_data) {
21         //insert to the right of the current node
22         node->m_right = insert(word, node->m_right);
23     } else if (word < node->m_data) {
24         //insert to the left of the current node
25         node->m_left = insert(word, node->m_left);
26     } else {
27         //duplicate word, disregard
28         cout << "Word" << node->m_data << "already exists" << endl;
29         return node;
30     }
31
32     update_height(node);
33
34     //balance the tree
35     return balance(node, word);
36
37
38 }
39
40
41 Node *SearchTree::balance(Node *&node, string &word) {
42
43     //grab the balance factor
44     int bf = balance_factor(node);
45     //check for imbalances in the tree
46     if (bf > 1) {
47         //left imbalance
48         if (word < node->m_left->m_data) {
49             return right_rotate(node);
50         } else {
51             //left right imbalance
52             node->m_left = left_rotate(node->m_left);
53             return right_rotate(node);
54         }
55     }
56     if (bf < -1) {
57         //right imbalance
58         if (word < node->m_right->m_data) {
59             node->m_right = right_rotate(node->m_right);

```

```

60         return left_rotate(node);
61     } else {
62         return left_rotate(node);
63     }
64 }
65
66 return node;
67 }
68
69 Node *SearchTree::left_rotate(Node *node) {
70     //grab the first right child, to be moved to where the selected node is
    now
71     Node *y = node->m_right;
72     //grab its left child
73     Node *t2 = y->m_left;
74     //move the original node underneath the y node
75     y->m_left = node;
76     //reattach the t2 underneath our moved node which is under the root to
    the left
77     node->m_right = t2;
78     //update the heights of the effected nodes
79     update_height(node);
80     update_height(y);
81     //return the subtrees new root
82     return y;
83 }
84
85
86 Node *SearchTree::right_rotate(Node *node) {
87     //grab the left child of the node we want to rotate
88     Node *x = node->m_left;
89     //grab its child which will be reattached to our rotated node
90     Node *t2 = x->m_right;
91     //move the selected node underneath x
92     x->m_right = node;
93     //reattach t2 to be under our rotated node
94     node->m_left = t2;
95     //update the heights of the effected nodes
96     update_height(node);
97     update_height(x);
98     //return the subtrees new root
99     return x;
100 }
101
102
103 bool SearchTree::search(std::string &word) {
104     //use the inner search method to attempt to find the selected word
105     return search(m_root, word);
106 }
107
108 bool SearchTree::search(Node *&node, string word) {
109
110     if (node == nullptr) {
111         //end of tree with no word found, end of recursion
112         return false;
113     }
114
115     if (word == node->m_data) {
116         //word found in tree, end of recursion

```

```

117     return true;
118 } else if (word < node->m_data) {
119     //if word is higher in the alphabet than the current node, check the
    nodes left child
120     return search(node->m_left, word);
121 } else {
122     //if word is lower in the alphabet than the current node, check the
    nodes left child
123     return search(node->m_right, word);
124 }
125 }
126
127
128 int SearchTree::balance_factor(Node *node) {
129     //if node exists, return the difference between its left and right
    children's heights
130     if (node == nullptr) return 0;
131     return height(node->m_left) - height(node->m_right);
132 }
133
134
135 void SearchTree::update_height(Node *node) {
136     //set the new nodes m_height to 1 more than the highest child node
137     if (node != nullptr) node->m_height = 1 + max(height(node->m_left),
    height(node->m_right));
138 }
139
140 int SearchTree::height(Node *node) {
141     //if node is null return 0, else return its height
142     return node == nullptr ? 0 : node->m_height;
143 }
144
145 ostream &SearchTree::print_tree(ostream &output, Node *root, string indent,
    bool last) {
146     //recursive function to the end of the search tree, once it hits nullptr
    , recursion ends
147     if (root != nullptr) {
148         output << indent;
149         if (last) {
150             output << "R----";
151             indent += "  ";
152         } else {
153             output << "L----";
154             indent += "|  ";
155         }
156         output << root->m_data << root->m_height << endl;
157         print_tree(output, root->m_left, indent, false);
158         print_tree(output, root->m_right, indent, true);
159     }
160
161     return output;
162 }
163
164
165 void operator>>(std::istream &input, SearchTree &tree) {
166     string word;
167     //while the file is not empty, add each word to the dictionary tree
168     while (!input.eof()) {
169         getline(input, word);

```

```
170         tree.insert(word);
171     }
172 }
173
174
175 std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &output, SearchTree &tree) {
176     //start the recursive print. returns the file output stream returned from
    the print method
177     return tree.print_tree(output, tree.m_root, "", true);
178 }
179
```

```

1 //
2 // Created by nick on 11/16/2023.
3 //
4
5 #ifndef ASSIGNMENT_3_SPELLCHECKER_H
6 #define ASSIGNMENT_3_SPELLCHECKER_H
7
8 #include "SearchTree.h"
9 #include <regex>
10 #include <sstream>
11 #include <fstream>
12
13 class SpellChecker {
14
15 private:
16     //file name pattern
17     const std::regex FILE_NAME_REGEX = std::regex(R"(
18     ^(?!.*[\\/:])?[^\\/:*?"<>|]+\.(txt$)");
19     //bst that holds the dictionary
20     SearchTree dictionary_tree;
21
22     //removes all special characters from a word before it gets checked for
    spelling errors
23     void clean_word(std::string &word);
24
25     //confirms that the current string is a word and not blank space
26     bool is_word(char &first_letter);
27
28 public:
29     //getter for our dictionary tree
30     SearchTree &get_tree();
31
32     //confirms a valid txt file is being passed
33     bool validate_file_name(std::string &file_name);
34
35     //validates the file and calls on validate file name method
36     bool validate_file(std::ifstream &file, std::string file_name);
37
38     //main spell checking method ran on our misspelled input file
39     void spell_check(std::istream &input_file);
40 };
41
42 #endif //ASSIGNMENT_3_SPELLCHECKER_H
43

```



```

1 //
2 // Created by nick on 11/16/2023.
3 //
4
5 #include "SpellChecker.h"
6
7 using namespace std;
8
9
10 SearchTree &SpellChecker::get_tree() {
11     return dictionary_tree;
12 }
13
14 void SpellChecker::spell_check(istream &input_file) {
15     //search through the file and check every word
16     string text_line, word;
17     int misspelled_count = 0;
18
19     //print header message to console
20     cout << "\nMisspelled words: " << endl;
21
22     while (!input_file.eof()) {
23         //grab the current line
24         getline(input_file, text_line);
25
26         //use string stream to grab one word at a time from the current line
27         istringstream iss(text_line);
28
29         //grab one word from the line at a time
30         while (iss >> word) {
31             //get rid of special characters around the word
32             clean_word(word);
33
34             //if the word cannot be found, and it's not a number, print it to
the console
35             //and increment the misspelled count
36             if (!dictionary_tree.search(word) && is_word(word[0])) {
37                 cout << word << endl;
38                 misspelled_count++;
39             }
40         }
41         //tell the user how many words are incorrect
42         cout << "\nTotal number of misspelled words: " << misspelled_count << endl;
43     }
44 }
45
46
47 //removes special characters from a word
48 void SpellChecker::clean_word(string &word) {
49     string cleaned;
50     //iterate through each character in the word
51     for (char character: word) {
52         //if the char is a valid letter add it to the temp string
53         if (isalpha(character)) {
54             //lower case every letter
55             character = tolower(character);
56             cleaned += character;
57         }
58     }

```

```
59     //if the string isn't null "return" our cleaned word
60     if (cleaned != "\0") {
61         word = cleaned;
62     }
63 }
64
65 bool SpellChecker::is_word(char &first_letter) {
66     //if the first letter of any given string isn't a letter it's either a
digit or special character
67     return isalpha(first_letter);
68 }
69
70 bool SpellChecker::validate_file_name(string &file_name) {
71     //validate file name against the regex pattern
72     return regex_match(file_name, FILE_NAME_REGEX);
73 }
74
75
76 bool SpellChecker::validate_file(std::ifstream &file, std::string file_name
) {
77     //if the name is invalid or the file fails to open, prompt the user and
return false
78     if (!validate_file_name(file_name) || file.fail()) {
79         cout << "Error opening: " << file_name << " ! .txt files only." <<
endl;
80         return false;
81     }
82     return true;
83 }
84
```