

lavatories, dishwashers, washing machines and hot water hose bibbs in accordance with Section 702.8.1 or Section 702.8.2. For purposes of this section, references to pipe shall include tubing. For purposes of this section, the source of hot or tempered water shall be considered to be a water heater, boiler, circulation loop piping or electrically heat-traced piping.

702.8.1 Maximum allowable pipe length method. The maximum allowable pipe length from the source of hot or tempered water to the termination of the fixture supply pipe shall be in accordance with the maximum pipe length columns in Table 702.8.2. Where the length contains more than one size of pipe, the largest size shall be used for determining the maximum allowable length of the pipe in Table 702.8.2.

702.8.2 Maximum allowable pipe volume method. The water volume in the piping shall be calculated in accordance with Section 702.8.2.1. The maximum volume of hot or tempered water in the piping to public lavatory faucets, metering or nonmetering, shall be 2 ounces (0.06 L). For fixtures other than public lavatory faucets, the maximum volume shall be 64 ounces (1.89 L) for hot or tempered water from a water heater or boiler; and 24 ounces (0.7 L) for hot or tempered water from a circulation loop pipe or an electrically heat-traced pipe.

702.8.2.1 Water volume determination. The volume shall be the sum of the internal volumes of pipe, fittings, valves, meters and manifolds between the source of hot water and the termination of the fixture supply pipe. The volume shall be determined from the liquid ounces per foot column of Table 702.8.2. The volume contained within fixture shutoff valves, flexible water supply connectors to a fixture fitting, or within a fixture fitting shall not be included in the water volume determination. Where hot or tempered water is supplied by a circulation loop pipe or an electrically heat-traced pipe,

the volume shall include the portion of the fitting on the source pipe that supplies water to the fixture.

702.9 [Reserved]

702.10 Water-powered pumps. Water-powered pumps shall not be used as the primary means of removing ground water from sumps. Where used as an emergency backup pump for the primary pump, the primary pump shall be an electrically powered pump and the water-powered pump shall be equipped with an auditory alarm that indicates when the water-powered pump is operating. The alarm shall have a minimum sound pressure level rating of 85 dB measured at a distance of 10 feet (3048 mm). Where water-powered pumps are used, they shall have a water-efficiency factor of pumping not less than 2 gallons (7.6 L) of water to a height of 8 feet (2438 mm) for every 1 gallon (3.8 L) of water used to operate the pump, measured at a water pressure of 60 psi (413.7 kPa). Pumps shall be clearly marked as to the gallons (liters) of water pumped per gallon (liters) of potable water consumed.

702.11 [Reserved]

702.12 Dipper wells. The water supply to a dipper well shall have a shutoff valve and flow control valve. Water flow into a dipper well shall not exceed 1 gpm (3.78 Lpm) at a supply pressure of 60 psi (413.7 kPa).

702.13 Automated vehicle wash facilities. Not less than 50 percent of the water used for the rinsing phase of the wash cycle at automated vehicle wash facilities shall be collected to be reused for the washing phase. Towel and chamois washing machines shall have high-level water cutoffs.

702.13.1 Nonpotable water use. Except for water recirculated within the facility, potable and nonpotable water use for automobile washing shall not exceed 40 gallons (151 L) per vehicle for in-bay automatic washing, and 35 gallons (132.5 L) per vehicle for conveyor and express type car washing.

Exception: Bus and large commercial vehicle washing facilities.

**TABLE 702.8.2
MAXIMUM LENGTH OF PIPE OR TUBE**

NOMINAL PIPE OR TUBE SIZE (inch)	LIQUID OUNCES PER FOOT OF LENGTH	MAXIMUM PIPE OR TUBE LENGTH		
		System without a circulation loop or heat-traced line (feet)	System with a circulation loop or heat-traced line (feet)	Lavatory faucets – public (metering and nonmetering) (feet)
$\frac{1}{4}$ ^a	0.33	50	16	6
$\frac{5}{16}$ ^a	0.5	50	16	4
$\frac{3}{8}$ ^a	0.75	50	16	3
$\frac{1}{2}$	1.5	43	16	2
$\frac{5}{8}$	2	32	12	1
$\frac{3}{4}$	3	21	8	0.5
$\frac{7}{8}$	4	16	6	0.5
1	5	13	5	0.5
$1\frac{1}{4}$	8	8	3	0.5
$1\frac{1}{2}$	11	6	2	0.5
2 or larger	18	4	1	0.5

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 gallon per minute = 3.785 L/m, 1 ounce = 29.6 ml.

a. The flow rate for $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch size pipe or tube is limited to 0.5 gallons per minute; for $\frac{5}{16}$ -inch size, it is limited to 1 gpm; for $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch size, it is limited to 1.5 gpm.