

Python Project for DevOps

(basic_to_advanced)



Project 1 :

Title : S3 Bucket List Viewer Using Boto3

Description:

The S3 Bucket List Viewer Using Boto3 project is designed to simplify the process of accessing and managing Amazon S3 buckets programmatically. By leveraging Python and the AWS Boto3 SDK, the project provides an automated and efficient way to retrieve a comprehensive list of all S3 buckets in an AWS account, along with their metadata, such as creation dates and region details.

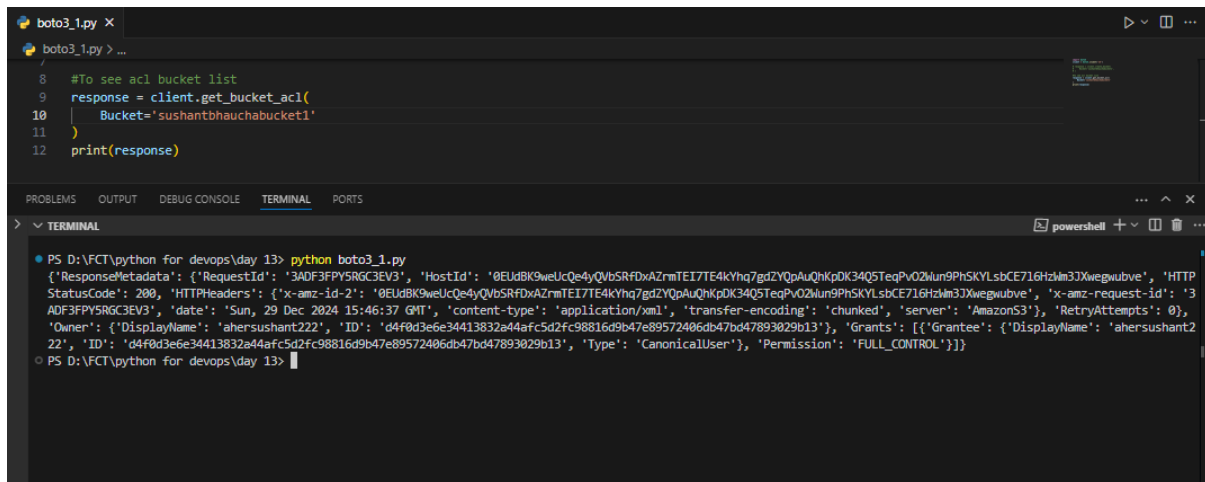
```
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 13> aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [*****]MBUJ]: 
AWS Secret Access Key [*****]DH61]: 
Default region name [ap-south-1]: us-east-1
Default output format [json]: json
```

```
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 13> pip install boto3
Collecting boto3
  Downloading boto3-1.35.90-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (6.7 kB)
Collecting botocore<1.36.0,>=1.35.90 (from boto3)
  Downloading botocore-1.35.90-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.7 kB)
Collecting jmespath<2.0.0,>=0.7.1 (from boto3)
  Using cached jmespath-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (7.6 kB)
Collecting s3transfer<0.11.0,>=0.10.0 (from boto3)
  Downloading s3transfer-0.10.4-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.7 kB)
Collecting python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1 (from botocore<1.36.0,>=1.35.90->boto3)
  Using cached python_dateutil-2.9.0.post0-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (8.4 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=2.2.0,<3,>=1.25.4 in c:\users\91775\appdata\local\programs\python\python313\lib\site-packages (from botocore<1.36.0,>=1.35.90->boto3) (2.3.0)
Collecting six>=1.5 (from python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1->botocore<1.36.0,>=1.35.90->boto3)
  Downloading six-1.17.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.7 kB)
Downloading boto3-1.35.90-py3-none-any.whl (139 kB)
Downloading botocore-1.35.90-py3-none-any.whl (13.3 MB)
13.3/13.3 MB 6.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Using cached jmespath-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (20 kB)
Downloading s3transfer-0.10.4-py3-none-any.whl (83 kB)
Using cached python_dateutil-2.9.0.post0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (229 kB)
Downloading six-1.17.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Installing collected packages: six, jmespath, python-dateutil, botocore, s3transfer, boto3
Successfully installed boto3-1.35.90 botocore-1.35.90 jmespath-1.0.1 python-dateutil-2.9.0.post0 s3transfer-0.10.4 six-1.17.0
```

```
boto3_1.py X
D:\FCT\python for devops\day 13\boto3_1.py
1 import boto3
2 client = boto3.client('s3')
3
4 response = client.create_bucket(
5     Bucket='sushant_bucket1'
6 )
```

```
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 13> python boto3_1.py
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 13>
```

General purpose buckets (2) Info All AWS Regions				Copy ARN	Empty	Delete	Create bucket
<input type="text" value="Find buckets by name"/>				1			
Name	AWS Region	IAM Access Analyzer	Creation date				
elasticbeanstalk-us-east-1-061039776935	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	View analyzer for us-east-1	December 21, 2024, 17:44:53 (UTC+05:30)				
sushantbhauchabucket1	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	View analyzer for us-east-1	December 29, 2024, 17:34:42 (UTC+05:30)				

The image shows a Visual Studio Code editor window with a file named 'boto3_1.py'. The script contains a single function call to 'client.get_bucket_acl()' with the bucket name 'sushantbhauchabucket1'. Below the editor, the 'TERMINAL' tab is active, showing the command 'python boto3_1.py' being executed in a PowerShell prompt. The output is a JSON object representing the bucket's ACL, including metadata like 'RequestId', 'HostId', and 'HTTPStatusCode', as well as a list of grants for the bucket's owner and a canonical user.

```
boto3_1.py x
boto3_1.py > ...
8 #To see acl bucket list
9 response = client.get_bucket_acl(
10 |   Bucket='sushantbhauchabucket1'
11 | )
12 print(response)

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
> TERMINAL
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 13> python boto3_1.py
{"ResponseMetadata": {"RequestId": "3ADF3FPY5RG3EV3", "HostId": "0ELd8K9weUcQe4yQVbSRFDxAZrmTEI7TE4kYhq7gdZYQpAuQhKpDK34Q5TeqPvO2Wun9PhSKYLSbCE716HdM33Xwegwubve", "HTTPStatusCode": 200, "HTTPHeaders": {"x-amz-id-2": "0ELd8K9weUcQe4yQVbSRFDxAZrmTEI7TE4kYhq7gdZYQpAuQhKpDK34Q5TeqPvO2Wun9PhSKYLSbCE716HdM33Xwegwubve", "x-amz-request-id": "3ADF3FPY5RG3EV3", "date": "Sun, 29 Dec 2024 15:46:37 GMT", "content-type": "application/xml", "transfer-encoding": "chunked", "server": "AmazonS3", "RetryAttempts": 0}, "Owner": {"DisplayName": "ahersushant222", "ID": "d4F0d3e6e34413832a44afc5d2fc98816d9b47e89572406db47bd47893029b13", "Type": "CanonicalUser", "Permission": "FULL_CONTROL"}}, "Grants": [{"Grantee": {"DisplayName": "ahersushant222", "ID": "d4F0d3e6e34413832a44afc5d2fc98816d9b47e89572406db47bd47893029b13", "Type": "CanonicalUser", "Permission": "FULL_CONTROL"}}]}
```

Conclusion :

The S3 Bucket List Viewer Using Boto3 project showcases the power and flexibility of AWS Boto3 and Python in managing cloud resources. By automating the retrieval and management of Amazon S3 bucket data, this solution enhances operational efficiency, provides valuable insights into resource usage, and simplifies the auditing process.

With features such as detailed metadata retrieval, user-friendly outputs, and secure access control, the project empowers users to streamline their AWS workflows and maintain better visibility over their storage infrastructure. It serves as a foundational tool that can be expanded to include advanced functionalities like bucket policy checks, storage analysis, and integration with monitoring tools, further reinforcing its value in managing cloud environments effectively.

This project is a step toward automating AWS resource management, reducing manual effort, and ensuring cost-effective and organized cloud operations.

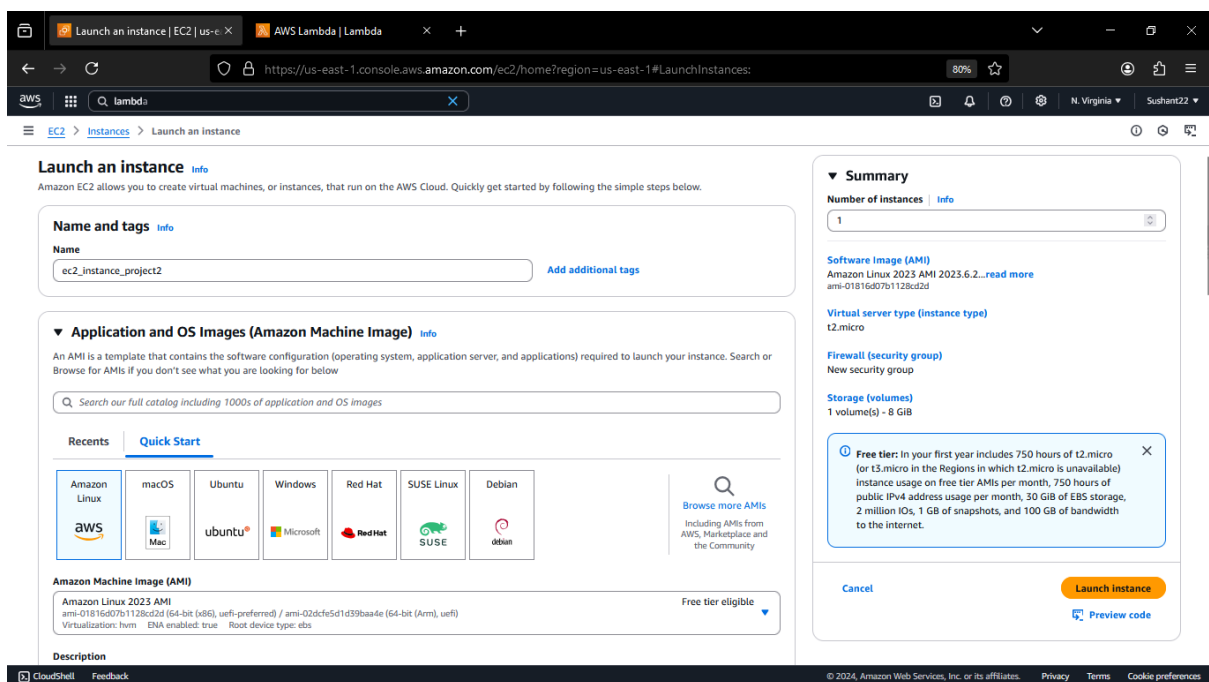
Project 2 :

Title : Cost Optimization Using Boto3, Python, and AWS Lambda

Description:

The Cost Optimization Using Boto3 project focuses on leveraging the capabilities of AWS Boto3 (Python SDK) and AWS Lambda to automate and streamline cost management within an AWS environment. The project aims to monitor, analyze, and optimize cloud resource usage, ensuring cost-effectiveness without compromising performance.

Step 1) Luanch ec2 instance



Step 2) create snapshot of that ec2 volume

Snapshots (1) Info

Owned by me

[Recycle Bin](#) [Actions](#) [Create snapshot](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Snapshot ID	Volume size	Description	Storage tier	Snapshot status	Started	Progress
<input type="checkbox"/>	-	snap-08765899bf505a30c	8 GiB	test_snapshot_project2	Standard	Completed	2024/12/30 11:26 GMT+5:...	100%

Step 3) Create lambda Function

Lambda > Functions > cost_optimaztion_ebs_snapshot_project2

cost_optimaztion_ebs_snapshot_project2

ThrottleCopy ARNActions

Function overviewInfo

DiagramTemplate

cost_optimaztion_ebs_s
napshot_project2

Layers(0)

+ Add trigger+ Add destination

Description-

Last modified3 seconds ago.

Function ARNarn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:061039776935:function:cost_opt
imaztion_ebs_snapshot_project2

Function URLInfo-

Export to Infrastructure ComposerDownload

Increase Timeout of lambda function

Lambda > Functions > cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2 > Edit basic settings

Description - optional

MemoryInfoYour function is allocated CPU proportional to the memory configured.
128 MB
Set memory to between 128 MB and 10240 MB

Ephemeral storageInfoYou can configure up to 10 GB of ephemeral storage (/tmp) for your function. View pricing
512 MB
Set ephemeral storage (/tmp) to between 512 MB and 10240 MB.

SnapStartInfoReduce startup time by having Lambda cache a snapshot of your function after the function has initialized. To evaluate whether your function code is resilient to snapshot operations, review the SnapStart compatibility considerations. For Python and .NET runtimes, view pricing
None

Timeout0 min 10 sec

Execution roleChoose a role that defines the permissions of your function. To create a custom role, go to the IAM console
☒ Use an existing role
☐ Create a new role from AWS policy templates

Existing roleChoose an existing role that you've created to be used with this Lambda function. The role must have permission to upload logs to Amazon CloudWatch Logs.
service-role/cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fp
View the cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fp role on the IAM console.

InfoTutorials

Learn how to implement common use cases in AWS Lambda.

Create a simple web app
In this tutorial you will learn how to:

- Build a simple web app, consisting of a Lambda function with a function URL that outputs a webpage
- Invoke your function through its function URL

[Learn more](#)
[Start tutorial](#)

Go to lambda function role

IAM > Roles > cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fp

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Search IAM

Dashboard

Access management

- User groups
- Users
- Roles**
- Policies
- Identity providers
- Account settings
- Root access management

Access reports

- Access Analyzer
- External access
- Unused access
- Analyzer settings
- Credential report
- Organization activity
- Service control policies
- Resource control policies

cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fpInfo

DeleteEdit

Summary

Creation dateDecember 30, 2024, 11:28 (UTC+05:30)

ARNarn:aws:iam:061039776935:role/service-role/cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fp

Last activity-

Maximum session duration1 hour

Permissions

Trust relationshipsTagsLast AccessedRevoke sessions

Permissions policies (1)Info

You can attach up to 10 managed policies.

Search

Filter by TypeAll types

<input type="checkbox"/>	Policy name	Type	Attached entities
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWSLambdaBasicExecutionRole-de3f9f8d-a95d-409...	Customer managed	1

Permissions boundary (not set)

Generate policy based on CloudTrail events

You can generate a new policy based on the access activity for this role, then customize, create, and attach it to this role. AWS uses your CloudTrail events to identify the services and actions used and generate a

CloudShellFeedback© 2024, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. PrivacyTermsCookie preferences

Add policy deletenapshot and describenapshot

IAM > Roles > cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fp > Create policy

Specify actions from the service to be allowed.

Q snapshot

Effect

Allow

Deny

List

☐ DescribeFastSnapshotRestores

☐ DescribeSnapshotAttribute

☐ ListSnapshotsInRecycleBin

☐ DescribeImportSnapshotTasks

☒ DescribeSnapshots

☐ DescribeLockedSnapshots

☐ DescribeSnapshotTierStatus

Read

☐ GetSnapshotBlockPublicAccessState

Write

☐ CopySnapshot

☒ DeleteSnapshot

☐ EnableFastSnapshotRestores

☐ LockSnapshot

☐ RestoreSnapshotTier

☐ CreateSnapshot

☐ DisableFastSnapshotRestores

☐ EnableSnapshotBlockPublicAccess

☐ ModifySnapshotTier

☐ UnlockSnapshot

☐ CreateSnapshots

☐ DisableSnapshotBlockPublicAccess

☐ ImportSnapshot

☐ RestoreSnapshotFromRecycleBin

Permissions management

☐ ModifySnapshotAttribute

☐ ResetSnapshotAttribute

▼ Resources

Specify resource ARNs for these actions.

All

Specific

snapshot

Specified snapshot resource ARN for the CopyImage and 24 more actions.

Any

CloudShell

Feedback

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IAM > Roles > cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fp > Create policy

Step 1
Specify permissions

Step 2
Review and create

Review and create

Review the permissions, specify details, and tags.

Policy details

Policy name

Enter a meaningful name to identify this policy.

cost_optimization_ebs_project2

Maximum 128 characters. Use alphanumeric and '+-@._' characters.

Permissions defined in this policy

Permissions defined in this policy document specify which actions are allowed or denied. To define permissions for an IAM identity (user, user group, or role), attach a policy to it

Q Search

Allow (1 of 438 services)

Service

Access level

Resource

Request condition

EC2

Limited: List, Write

All resources

None

Show remaining 437 services

Cancel

Previous

Create policy

Permissions

Trust relationships

Tags

Last Accessed

Revoke sessions

Permissions policies (1/2)

You can attach up to 10 managed policies.

Q Search

Filter by Type

All types

< 1 >

☐

AWSLambdaBasicExecutionRole-de3f9f8d-a95d-409...

Customer managed

1

☒

cost_optimization_ebs_project2

Customer inline

0

► Permissions boundary (not set)

▼ Generate policy based on CloudTrail events

You can generate a new policy based on the access activity for this role, then customize, create, and attach it to this role. AWS uses your CloudTrail events to identify the services and actions used and generate a policy. [Learn more](#)

Generate policy

No requests to generate a policy in the past 7 days.

Add policy describelinstances

REVIEW AND CREATE

Policy editor

VisualJSONActions

▼ EC2

Allow2 Actions

Specify what actions can be performed on specific resources in EC2.

▼ Actions allowed

Specify actions from the service to be allowed.

Effect

Allow

Deny

List

☐ DescribeInstanceAttribute

☐ DescribeInstanceEventNotificationAttributes

☒ DescribeInstances

☐ DescribeInstanceTypeOfferings

☐ DescribeInstanceConnectEndpoints

☐ DescribeInstanceEventWindows

☐ DescribeInstanceStatus

☐ DescribeInstanceTypes

☐ DescribeInstanceCreditSpecifications

☐ DescribeInstanceImageMetadata

☐ DescribeInstanceTopology

► Resources

Specified resource ARNs for these actions.

All resources

► Request conditions - optional

Actions on resources are allowed or denied only when these conditions are met.

+ Add more permissions

IAM > Policies > cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fp > Add permissions

AWS Console Home

Attach policy to cost_optimization_ebs_snapshot_project2-role-nh90n3fp

► Current permissions policies (2)

Other permissions policies (1/1023)

ec2

Filter by Type

Customer managed

1 match

Policy name

Type

Description

☒ ec2_instances

Customer managed

-

CancelAdd permissions

← → ↺

https://us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/home?region=us-east-1#Instancescv=3;\$case=tags:true;client:false;\$regex=

67%

N. Virginia

Seshant22

Dashboard

EC2 Global View

Events

▼ Instances

Instances

Instance Types

Launch Templates

Spot Requests

Savings Plans

Reserved Instances

Dedicated Hosts

Capacity Reservations

▼ Images

AMIs

AMI Catalog

Instances (1/3) info

Last updated less than a minute ago

Connect

Instance state

Actions

Launch instances

Name

Instance ID

Instance state

Instance type

Status check

Alarm status

Availability Zone

Public IP

mastermode

i-0eb12e02bbbfaab06

Stopped

t2.small

-

View alarms +

us-east-1c

-

ec2_instance_project2

i-01277ba809573b95f

Running

t2.micro

2/2 checks passed

View alarms +

us-east-1b

ec2

workmode

i-0af54084ea81f0038

Stopped

t2.micro

-

View alarms +

us-east-1b

-

Stop instance

Start instance

Reboot instance

Hibernate instance

Terminate (delete) instance

IPV4 ...

Elastic IP

Check dashboard

Resources

EC2 Global View

You are using the following Amazon EC2 resources in the US East (N. Virginia) Region:

Instances (running)

0

Auto Scaling Groups

0

Capacity Reservations

0

Dedicated Hosts

0

Elastic IPs

0

Instances

3

Key pairs

1

Load balancers

0

Placement groups

0

Security groups

6

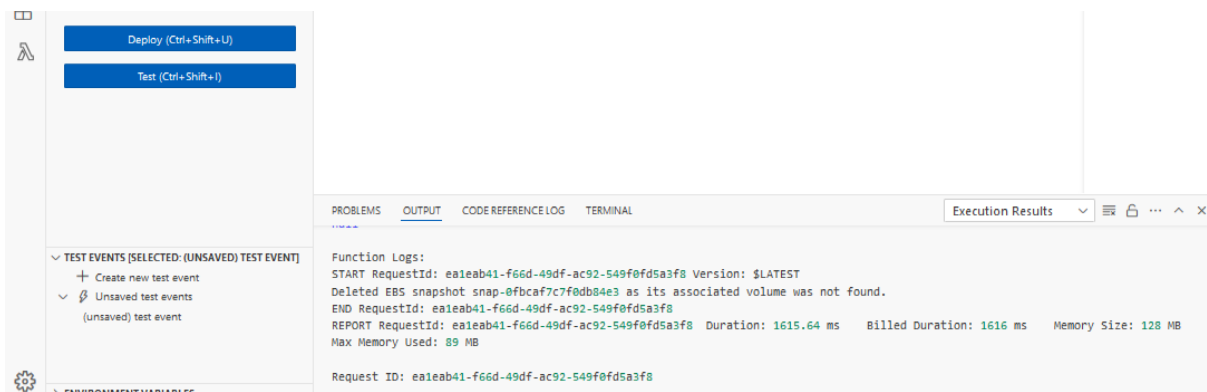
Snapshots

1

Volumes

2

Test the code



Resources

EC2 Global View

You are using the following Amazon EC2 resources in the US East (N. Virginia) Region:

Instances (running)	0	Auto Scaling Groups	0	Capacity Reservations	0
Dedicated Hosts	0	Elastic IPs	0	Instances	3
Key pairs	1	Load balancers	0	Placement groups	0
Security groups	7	Snapshots	0	Volumes	2

Successfully deletes unused snapshots.

Conclusion :

The "Cost Optimization Using Boto3, Python, and AWS Lambda" project exemplifies how automation and programmatic management can revolutionize cloud cost control. By leveraging Boto3 and Lambda, this solution empowers organizations to monitor spending, identify underutilized resources, and automate optimization strategies seamlessly within their AWS environments.

Through features like automated cost monitoring, resource rightsizing, and intelligent scheduling, the project not only reduces operational expenses but also enhances efficiency and accountability. The integration with AWS services such as Cost Explorer, CloudWatch, and SNS ensures real-time insights and timely alerts, enabling proactive decision-making.

This project underscores the importance of combining Python and AWS tools to create scalable, efficient, and cost-effective cloud management solutions. It serves as a robust framework for any organization looking to maximize the value of their AWS investments while maintaining optimal performance and resource utilization.

Project 3 :

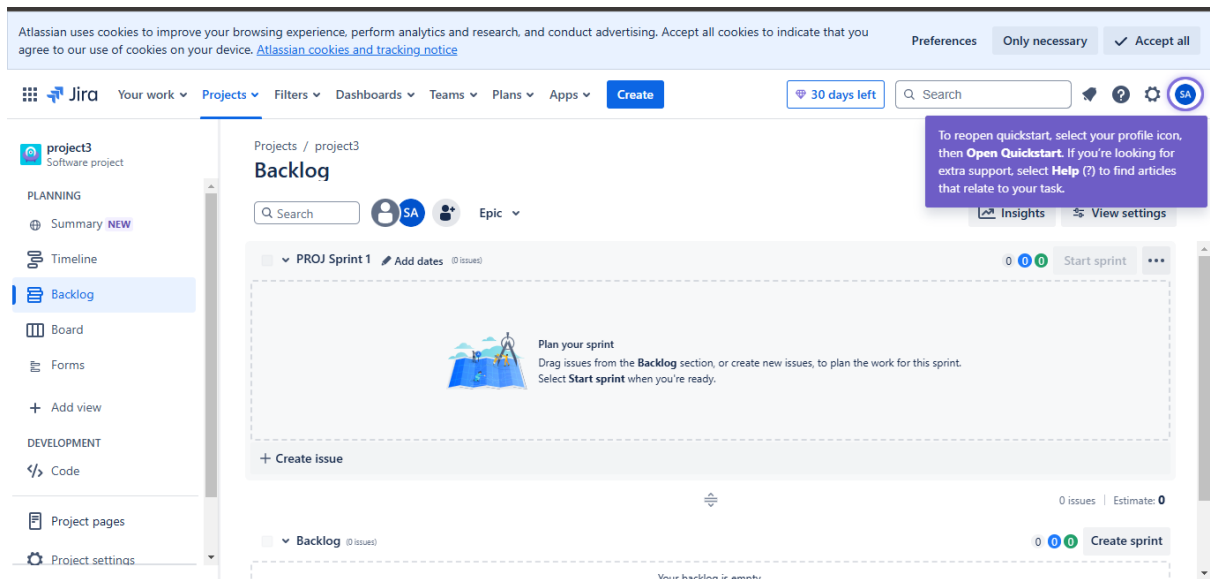
Title: Automate jira creation on a Github event using Python

Description:

The Automate Jira Ticket Creation from GitHub project focuses on integrating GitHub with Jira to streamline task management and improve collaboration between development and project management teams. By leveraging GitHub events and Jira APIs, the project automates the creation of Jira tickets based on specific triggers in GitHub, such as issue creation, pull requests, or commits.

```
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 15> pip install flask
Collecting flask
  Downloading flask-3.1.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (2.7 kB)
Collecting Werkzeug>=3.1 (from flask)
  Downloading werkzeug-3.1.3-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (3.7 kB)
Collecting Jinja2>=3.1.2 (from flask)
  Downloading jinja2-3.1.5-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (2.6 kB)
Collecting itsdangerous>=2.2 (from flask)
  Downloading itsdangerous-2.2.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.9 kB)
Collecting click>=8.1.3 (from flask)
  Downloading click-8.1.8-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (2.3 kB)
Collecting blinker>=1.9 (from flask)
  Downloading blinker-1.9.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.6 kB)
Collecting colorama (from click>=8.1.3->flask)
  Downloading colorama-0.4.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (17 kB)
Collecting MarkupSafe>=2.0 (from Jinja2>=3.1.2->flask)
  Downloading MarkupSafe-3.0.2-cp313-cp313-win_amd64.whl.metadata (4.1 kB)
Downloading flask-3.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (102 kB)
Downloading blinker-1.9.0-py3-none-any.whl (8.5 kB)
Downloading click-8.1.8-py3-none-any.whl (98 kB)
Downloading itsdangerous-2.2.0-py3-none-any.whl (16 kB)
Downloading jinja2-3.1.5-py3-none-any.whl (134 kB)
Downloading werkzeug-3.1.3-py3-none-any.whl (224 kB)
Downloading MarkupSafe-3.0.2-cp313-cp313-win_amd64.whl (15 kB)
Downloading colorama-0.4.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl (25 kB)
Installing collected packages: MarkupSafe, itsdangerous, colorama, blinker, Werkzeug, Jinja2, click, flask
Successfully installed Jinja2-3.1.5 MarkupSafe-3.0.2 Werkzeug-3.1.3 blinker-1.9.0 click-8.1.8 colorama-0.4.6 flask-3.1.0 itsdangerous-2.2.0
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 15> 
```

Create Jira Account.



Add project

[← Back to project types](#)

Add project details

Explore what's possible when you collaborate with your team. Edit project details anytime in project settings.

Required fields are marked with an asterisk *

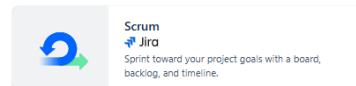
Name*
Automate_jira_creation_project3

Access*
Open

Key*
PJ

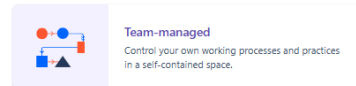
Template

Change template



Type

Change type



Cancel Next

Run Code.

```

1 import requests
2 from requests.auth import HTTPBasicAuth
3 import json
4
5 url = "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/project"
6 API_TOKEN = "ATATT3xF6G8Zc24aC70puypw1Mn_7U4THEWBSQ2Ssm-VltumtAPF2bhYq-80Pa4X9M1-5-e2QyJ58R0BR138pxo7C2cb4c1sJaTf4N9JPchSrCiwZ-D10Ckvz"
7 auth = HTTPBasicAuth("ahersushant222@gmail.com", API_TOKEN)
8
9 headers = {
10     "Accept": "application/json"
11 }
12
13 response = requests.request(
14     "GET",
15     url,
16     headers=headers,
17     auth=auth
18 )
19
20 print(json.dumps(json.loads(response.text), sort_keys=True, indent=4, separators=(",", ":")))
21
22

```

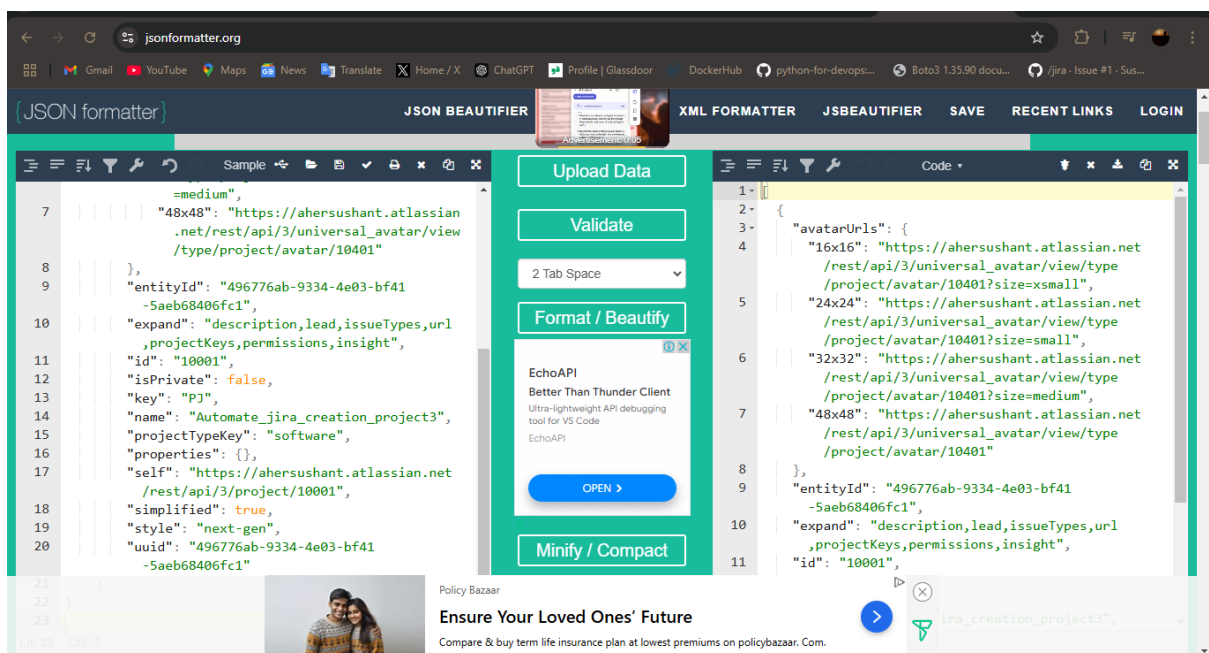
```

Status Code: 484
Response Text: {"errorMessagees":["No project could be found with key 'PROJECT_KEY'."],"errors":{}}
PS D:\VCT\python for devops\day 14> python list_projects.py
{
  "avatarUrls": {
    "16x16": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/universal_avatar/view/type/project/avatar/10401?size=small",
    "24x24": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/universal_avatar/view/type/project/avatar/10401?size=small",
    "32x32": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/universal_avatar/view/type/project/avatar/10401?size=medium",
    "48x48": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/universal_avatar/view/type/project/avatar/10401"
  },
  "entityId": "496776ab-9334-4e83-bf41-5aeb6846fc1",
  "expand": "description,lead,issueTypes,url,projectKeys,permissions,insight",
  "id": "10001",
  "isPrivate": false,
  "key": "PJ"
}

```

```
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 14> python list_projects.py
[
  {
    "avatarUrls": {
      "16x16": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/universal_avatar/view/type/project/avatar/10401?size=xsmall",
      "24x24": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/universal_avatar/view/type/project/avatar/10401?size=small",
      "32x32": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/universal_avatar/view/type/project/avatar/10401?size=medium",
      "48x48": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/universal_avatar/view/type/project/avatar/10401"
    },
    "entityId": "496776ab-9334-4e03-bf41-5aeb68406fc1",
    "expand": "description,lead,issueTypes,url,projectKeys,permissions,insight",
    "id": "10001",
    "isPrivate": false,
    "key": "PJ",
    "name": "Automate_jira_creation_project3",
    "projectTypeKey": "software",
    "properties": {},
    "self": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/project/10001",
    "simplified": true,
    "style": "next-gen",
    "uuid": "496776ab-9334-4e03-bf41-5aeb68406fc1"
  }
]
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 14>
```

Copy output and paste it in json formatter.



Create create_jira.py

```
list_projects.py create_jira.py
create_jira.py
1 import requests
2 from requests.auth import HTTPBasicAuth
3 import json
4
5 url = "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/issue"
6 API_TOKEN = "ATA1T3XfFGf0ZC2AeC7QquyKpwTm:7U4tHEw8SQ2S0m-VitumtAPF2bhYq-BOPa4X9W1-5-eZQyJS8ROBR1j0px07CZcb4cisJaTf4N9IPcHSrCiWZ-D10ckvzKJy"
7 auth = HTTPBasicAuth("ahersushant222@gmail.com", API_TOKEN)
8
9
10 headers = {
11     "Accept": "application/json",
12     "Content-Type": "application/json"
13 }
14
15 payload = json.dumps({
16     "fields": {
17         "description": {
18             "content": [
19                 {
20                     "content": [
21                         {
22                             "text": "My first jira ticket",
23                             "type": "text"
24                         }
25                     ],
26                     "type": "paragraph"
27                 }
28             ],
29             "type": "doc",
30             "version": 1
31         },
32         "issuetype": {
33             "name": "Story"
34         },
35         "project": {
36             "key": "PJ"
37         },
38         "summary": "First jira ticket",
39         "update": {}
40     }
41 })
42
```

Test.

```
}
}
}
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 14> python create-jira.py
{
  {
    "id": "10003",
    "key": "PJ-4",
    "id": "10003",
    "key": "PJ-4",
    "key": "PJ-4",
    "self": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/issue/10003"
    "self": "https://ahersushant.atlassian.net/rest/api/3/issue/10003"
  }
}
PS D:\FCT\python for devops\day 14> []
```

Installing pip to ec2_instance

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-8-178 ~]$ pip --version
pip 21.3.1 from /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages/pip (python 3.9)
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-8-178 ~]$ pip install flask
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Collecting flask
  Downloading flask-3.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (102 kB)
    | 102 kB 6.8 MB/s
Collecting Jinja2>=3.1.2
  Downloading Jinja2-3.1.5-py3-none-any.whl (134 kB)
    | 134 kB 9.2 MB/s
Collecting click>=8.1.3
  Downloading click-8.1.8-py3-none-any.whl (98 kB)
    | 98 kB 7.6 MB/s
Collecting importlib-metadata>=3.6
  Downloading importlib_metadata-8.5.0-py3-none-any.whl (26 kB)
Collecting Werkzeug>=3.1
  Downloading Werkzeug-3.1.3-py3-none-any.whl (224 kB)
    | 224 kB 35.4 MB/s
Collecting blinker>=1.9
  Downloading blinker-1.9.0-py3-none-any.whl (8.5 kB)
Collecting itsdangerous>=2.2
  Downloading itsdangerous-2.2.0-py3-none-any.whl (16 kB)
Collecting zipp>=3.20
  Downloading zipp-3.21.0-py3-none-any.whl (9.6 kB)
Collecting MarkupSafe>=2.0
  Downloading MarkupSafe-3.0.2-cp39-cp39-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (20 kB)
Installing collected packages: zipp, MarkupSafe, Werkzeug, Jinja2, itsdangerous, importlib-metadata, click, blinker, flask
Successfully installed Jinja2-3.1.5 MarkupSafe-3.0.2 Werkzeug-3.1.3 blinker-1.9.0 click-8.1.8 flask-3.1.0 importlib-metadata-8.5.0 itsdangerous-2.2.0 zipp-3.21.0
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-8-178 ~]$
```

Create hello_world.py for testing.

```
GNU nano 5.8 hello_world.py Modified
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route("/")
def hello():
    return "Hello, World!"

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0')
```

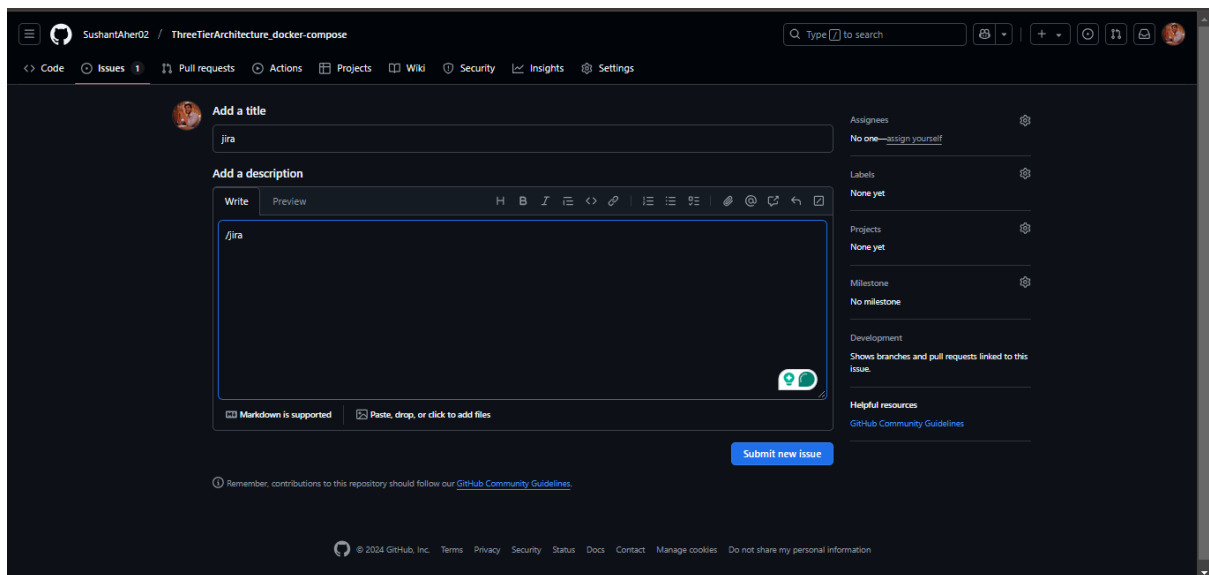
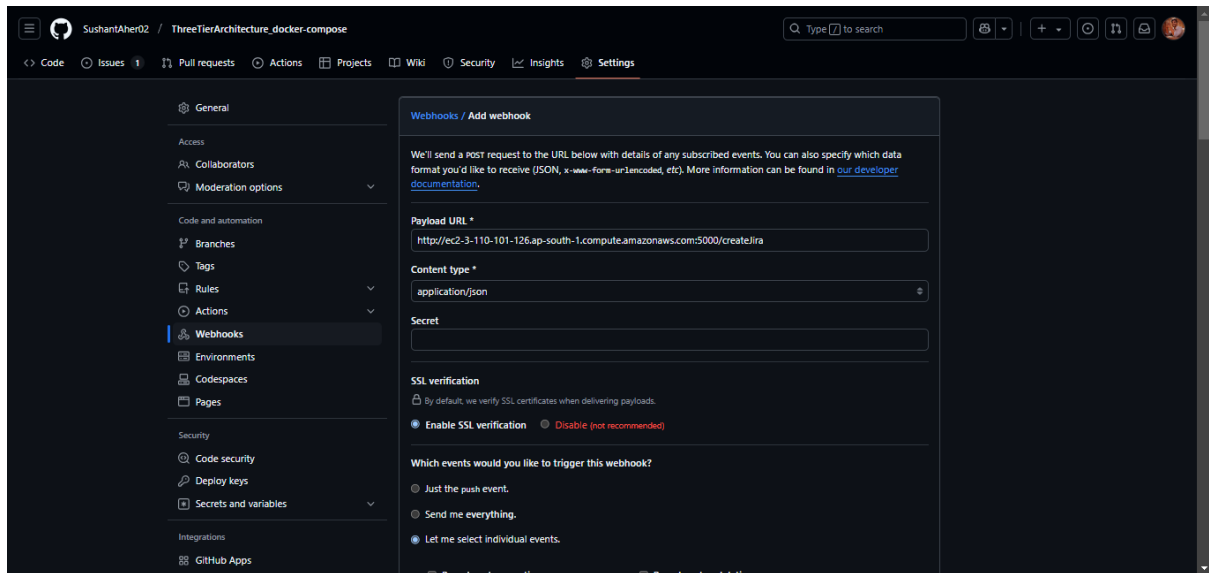
Run python File.

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-8-178 ~]$ python3 hello_world.py
* Serving Flask app 'hello_world'
* Debug mode: off
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Running on all addresses (0.0.0.0)
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
* Running on http://172.31.8.178:5000
Press CTRL+C to quit
```

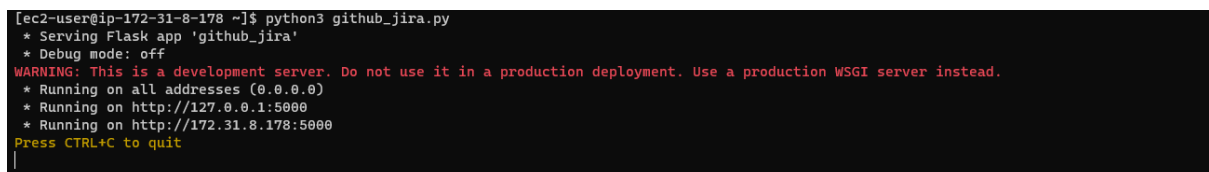
Test python file.



Some Github Settings.



Run newly created github_jira.py file.



Automatically created issuetype in Jira.



Conclusion :

The Automate Jira Ticket Creation from GitHub project highlights the power of automation in bridging development and project management workflows. By integrating GitHub and Jira, this solution streamlines the process of creating Jira tickets based on GitHub events, such as issue creation, pull requests, or code commits.

This automation eliminates manual effort, reduces errors, and ensures that all tasks and development activities are tracked seamlessly in Jira. With features like customizable ticket templates, event-driven triggers, and secure API interactions, the project enhances collaboration between development and management teams.

By leveraging tools like GitHub Actions or Python scripts with Jira APIs, this project demonstrates how to optimize workflows, save time, and maintain a centralized system for task management. It sets the stage for a more connected and efficient development lifecycle, enabling teams to focus on delivering value rather than administrative overhead.